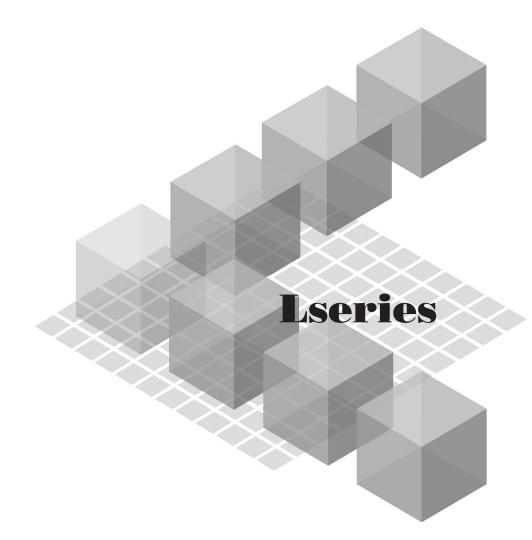


MELSEC-L Temperature Control Module User's Manual



MODEL

-L60TCTT4 -L60TCTT4BW -L60TCRT4 -L60TCRT4BW

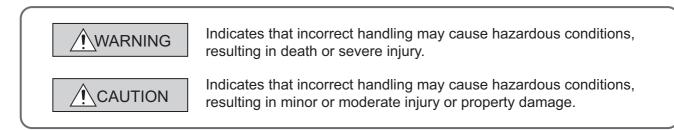
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

(Read these precautions before using this product.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

The precautions given in this manual are concerned with this product only. For the safety precautions of the programmable controller system, refer to the user's manual for the CPU module used.

In this manual, the safety precautions are classified into two levels: "ACAUTION" and "AWARNING".



Under some circumstances, failure to observe the precautions given under "ACAUTION" may lead to serious consequences.

Observe the precautions of both levels because they are important for personal and system safety.

Make sure that the end users read this manual and then keep the manual in a safe place for future reference.

[Design Precautions]

 Do not write any data to the "system area" and "write-protect area" (R) of the buffer memory in the intelligent function module. Also, do not use any "use prohibited" signals as an output signal from the programmable controller CPU to the intelligent function module. Doing so may cause malfunction of the programmable controller system.

[Design Precautions]

 Do not install the control lines or communication cables together with the main circuit lines or power cables. Keep a distance of 100mm or more between them. Failure to do so may result in malfunction due to noise.

[Installation Precautions]

• Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing a module. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or cause the module to fail or malfunction.

[Installation Precautions]

- Use the programmable controller in an environment that meets the general specifications in the Safety Guidelines provided with the CPU module or head module. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, fire, malfunction, or damage to or deterioration of the product.
- To interconnect modules, engage the respective connectors and securely lock the module joint levers. Incorrect interconnection may cause malfunction, failure, or drop of the module.
- Tighten the screw within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the screw, short circuit or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- Do not directly touch any conductive parts and electronic components of the module. Doing so can cause malfunction or failure of the module.

[Wiring Precautions]

• After installation and wiring, attach the included terminal cover to the module before turning it on for operation. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

[Wiring Precautions]

- Ground the FG terminal to the protective ground conductor dedicated to the programmable controller. Failure to do so may result in electric shock or malfunction.
- Tighten the terminal block screw within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause short circuit, fire, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
- Prevent foreign matter such as dust or wire chips from entering the module. Such foreign matter can cause a fire, failure, or malfunction.
- A protective film is attached to the top of the module to prevent foreign matter, such as wire chips, from entering the module during wiring. Do not remove the film during wiring. Remove it for heat dissipation before system operation.
- Mitsubishi programmable controllers must be installed in control panels. Connect the main power supply to the power supply module in the control panel through a relay terminal block. Wiring and replacement of a power supply module must be performed by qualified maintenance personnel with knowledge of protection against electric shock. For wiring methods, refer to the MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection).

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

- Do not touch any terminal while power is on. Doing so will cause electric shock or malfunction.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before cleaning the module or retightening the terminal block screw. Failure to do so may result in electric shock.

[Startup and Maintenance Precautions]

- Do not disassemble or modify the module. Doing so may cause failure, malfunction, injury, or a fire.
- Shut off the external power supply (all phases) used in the system before mounting or removing a module. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.
- Tighten the terminal block screw within the specified torque range. Undertightening can cause drop of the component or wire, short circuit, or malfunction. Overtightening can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in drop, short circuit, or malfunction.
- After the first use of the product (module, display unit, and terminal block), the number of connections/disconnections is limited to 50 times (in accordance with IEC 61131-2). Exceeding the limit may cause malfunction.
- Before handling the module, touch a conducting object such as a grounded metal to discharge the static electricity from the human body. Failure to do so may cause the module to fail or malfunction.

[Disposal Precautions]

When disposing of this product, treat it as industrial waste.

CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THE PRODUCT

- (1) Mitsubishi programmable controller ("the PRODUCT") shall be used in conditions;
 i) where any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT, if any, shall not lead to any major or serious accident; and
 ii) where the backup and fail-safe function are systematically or automatically provided outside of the PRODUCT for the case of any problem, fault or failure occurring in the PRODUCT.
- (2) The PRODUCT has been designed and manufactured for the purpose of being used in general industries.

MITSUBISHI SHALL HAVE NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY AND ALL RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, TORT, PRODUCT LIABILITY) FOR ANY INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO PROPERTY CAUSED BY the PRODUCT THAT ARE OPERATED OR USED IN APPLICATION NOT INTENDED OR EXCLUDED BY INSTRUCTIONS, PRECAUTIONS, OR WARNING CONTAINED IN MITSUBISHI'S USER, INSTRUCTION AND/OR SAFETY MANUALS, TECHNICAL BULLETINS AND GUIDELINES FOR the PRODUCT. ("Prohibited Application")

Prohibited Applications include, but not limited to, the use of the PRODUCT in;

- Nuclear Power Plants and any other power plants operated by Power companies, and/or any
 other cases in which the public could be affected if any problem or fault occurs in the PRODUCT.
- Railway companies or Public service purposes, and/or any other cases in which establishment of a special quality assurance system is required by the Purchaser or End User.
- Aircraft or Aerospace, Medical applications, Train equipment, transport equipment such as Elevator and Escalator, Incineration and Fuel devices, Vehicles, Manned transportation, Equipment for Recreation and Amusement, and Safety devices, handling of Nuclear or Hazardous Materials or Chemicals, Mining and Drilling, and/or other applications where there is a significant risk of injury to the public or property.

Notwithstanding the above, restrictions Mitsubishi may in its sole discretion, authorize use of the PRODUCT in one or more of the Prohibited Applications, provided that the usage of the PRODUCT is limited only for the specific applications agreed to by Mitsubishi and provided further that no special quality assurance or fail-safe, redundant or other safety features which exceed the general specifications of the PRODUCTs are required. For details, please contact the Mitsubishi representative in your region.

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the Mitsubishi MELSEC-L series programmable controllers.

This manual describes the operating procedures, system configuration, parameter settings, functions, programming, and troubleshooting of the L series temperature control module L60TCTT4/L60TCTT4BW/L60TCRT4/L60TCRT4/L60TCRT4BW (hereafter abbreviated as L60TC4).

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals carefully and develop familiarity with the functions and performance of the MELSEC-L series programmable controller to handle the product correctly. When applying the program examples introduced in this manual to the actual system, ensure the applicability and confirm that it will not cause system control problems.

■Relevant modules: L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW, L60TCRT4, L60TCRT4BW



Operating procedures are explained using GX Works2. When using GX Developer, refer to Page 419, Appendix 5.

COMPLIANCE WITH EMC AND LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVES

(1) Method of ensuring compliance

To ensure that Mitsubishi programmable controllers maintain EMC and Low Voltage Directives when incorporated into other machinery or equipment, certain measures may be necessary. Please refer to the manual included with the CPU module or head module. The CE mark on the side of the programmable controller indicates compliance with EMC and Low Voltage Directives.

(2) Additional measures

To ensure that this product maintains EMC and Low Voltage Directives, please refer to the manual included with the CPU module or head module.

(1) CPU module user's manual

| Manual name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual> | | Description | |
|--|---|--|--|
| MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection) | <sh-080890eng, 13jz36=""></sh-080890eng,> | Specifications of the CPU modules, power supply modules, display unit, SD memory cards, and batteries, information on how to establish a system, maintenance and inspection, and troubleshooting | |
| MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) | <sh-080889eng, 13jz35=""></sh-080889eng,> | Functions and devices of the CPU module, and programming | |

(2) Head module user's manual

| Manual name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual> | Description | |
|--|---|--|
| MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual <sh-080919eng, 13jz48=""></sh-080919eng,> | Specifications, procedures before operation, system configuration, installation, wiring, settings, and troubleshooting of the head module | |

(3) Operating manual

| Manual name <manual (model="" code)="" number=""></manual> | Description | |
|--|--|--|
| GX Works2 Version 1 Operating Manual (Common) <sh-080779eng, 13ju63=""></sh-080779eng,> | System configuration, parameter settings, and online operations (common to Simple project and Structured project) of GX Works2 | |
| GX Developer Version 8 Operating Manual <sh-080373e, 13ju41=""></sh-080373e,> | Operating methods of GX Developer, such as programming, printing, monitoring, and debugging | |

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In this manual, pages are organized and the symbols are used as shown below.

The following illustration is for explanation purpose only, and should not be referred to as an actual documentation.

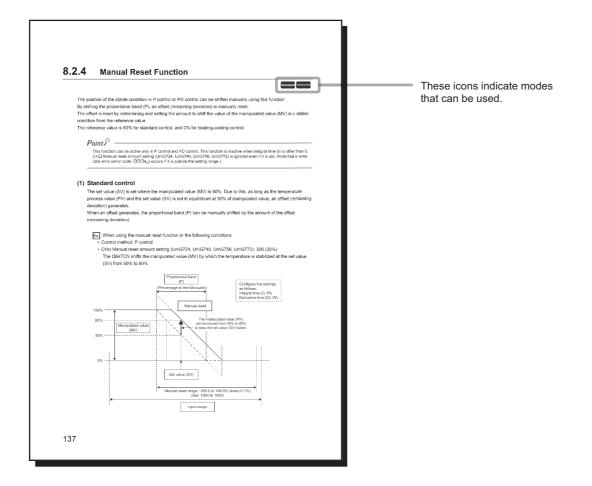
| "" is used for screen names and items. 1. shows operating procedures. | (1) Setting par (a) Operating 1. Open ti T. | ng method ameters | TER 7 VARIOUS SETTINGS | | ¹ The chapter of the current page is shown. |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Shows mouse operations.*1 | | $\label{eq:response} \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | 7 | h | |
| the project window. | Type Model Name Ports Bark XY John Yoffwy Denaké tenteg | Description Description Description Select the year of the connected module. Select the model name of the connected module. Set the moder of points analyzed to each did. Select has the set of the select has the did did did did did did did did did di | Reference Page 74, Section 7.1.2 Page 74, Section 7.1.3 Page 74, Section 7.1.4 Page 74, Section 7.1.5 Page 75, Section 7.1.7 | _ | The section of the current page is shown. |
| Ex. shows setting or operating examples. shows reference manuals. | Ear details, references | Y ⁺ enables modification on the start I/O numbers assigned to connected b00° is specified in "Start XY* to the slot where a 16-point module is con ut module is changed to X1000 to X100F. r to the following. L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundam | encted, the assignment | | |
| िंज shows reference pages. | Remark ••• | The connected module in "Type". Setting a different type results in "SPUUIT LA ter function module, be I/O points must also be the same in addition to the I/O a 00, Section 4.2.2) gent module is connected, I/O assignment can be onlitted by selecting connected <i>all</i> in the Project window. | essignment setting. | | Point Pshows notes that requires attention. |
| | | | 73 | | |

*1 The mouse operation example is provided below.

| | 🏙 MELSOFT Series GX Works2 (Unset Project) - [[PRG] MAIN] | |
|---|--|----|
| | <u>: Project Edit Eind/Replace Compile View Online Debug Diagno</u> |): |
| Menu bar | (i D 🖻 🖪 📕 i 🔏 🗈 🗅 🗠 🗠 🖼 🖏 🖙 🖛 🖉 👧 🗮 🚜 | П |
| Ex. ♥ [Online] ⊏> [Write to PLC] Select [Online] on the menu bar, | ਜ਼ੑੑ <u>ॎ</u> ਖ਼ੑਖ਼ੑਖ਼ਖ਼ੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑੑ | s |
| and then select [Write to PLC]. | Navigation 7 × 🙀 [PRG] MAIN × | |
| A window selected in the view selection area is displayed. Ex. Image: Constraint of the project window is provided in the view selection area to open the Project window. In the Project window, expand [Parameter] and select [PLC Parameter]. View selection area View selection area | Project Program Progr | - |
| | Unlabeled | |

Pages describing buffer memory areas and functions are organized as shown below.

The following illustration is for explanation purpose only, and should not be referred to as an actual documentation.



| lcon | Meaning |
|---|---|
| Common to all modes | This icon means that the buffer memory area or function can be used in both temperature control mode and temperature input mode. |
| Temperature control mode Standard | This icon means that the buffer memory area or function for temperature control can be used in the standard control. The buffer memory area and function can be used in the following control modes and channels: CH1 to CH4 in the standard control CH3 and CH4 in the mix control (normal mode) CH3 and CH4 in the mix control (expanded mode) |
| Heating-cooling | This icon means that the buffer memory or function for temperature control can be used in the heating-cooling control. The buffer memory area and function can be used in the following control modes and channels: CH1 and CH2 in the heating-cooling control (normal mode) CH1 to CH4 in the heating-cooling control (expanded mode) CH1 in the mix control (normal mode) CH1 and CH2 in the mix control (expanded mode) |
| Temperature input mode | This icon means that the buffer memory area or function can be used in the temperature input mode. |

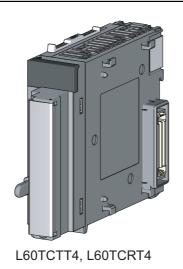
Unless otherwise specified, this manual uses the following terms.

| Term | Description |
|--------------------------|--|
| L60TCTT4 | The abbreviation for the L60TCTT4 temperature control module |
| L60TCTT4BW | The abbreviation for the L60TCTT4BW temperature control module with the disconnection detection function |
| L60TCRT4 | The abbreviation for the L60TCRT4 temperature control module |
| L60TCRT4BW | The abbreviation for the L60TCRT4BW temperature control module with the disconnection detection function |
| L60TC4 | A generic term for the L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW, L60TCRT4, and L60TCRT4BW |
| PID constants | A generic term for the proportional band (P), integral time (I), and derivative time (D) |
| Temperature sensor | A generic term for thermocouples and platinum resistance thermometers |
| Control method | A generic term for two-position control, P control, PI control, PD control, and PID control |
| Temperature input mode | The mode to use the L60TC4 as a temperature input module |
| Temperature control mode | The mode to use the L60TC4 as a temperature control module |
| Control mode | A generic term for the standard control, heating-cooling control (normal mode), heating-cooling control (expanded mode), mix control (normal mode), and mix control (expanded mode) when the L60TC4 is used in the temperature control mode |
| Fixed value action | The operating status of when the set value (SV) is fixed |
| Full scale | A full input range. For example, when the selected input range is -200.0°C to 400.0°C, the full scale is 600.0. |
| Ramp action | The operating status of when the set value (SV) is constantly changed |
| Number of loops | The number of feedback control systems (closed-loop control systems) that can be configured using one module. Under the standard control, one loop consists of one input and one output. Under the heating-cooling control, one loop consists of one input and two outputs. |
| CPU module | Another term for the MELSEC-L series CPU module |
| Head module | The abbreviation for the LJ72GF15-T2 CC-Link IE Field Network head module |
| Display unit | A liquid crystal display to be attached to the CPU module |
| External input | The abbreviation for input from connectors for external devices |
| External output | The abbreviation for output to connectors for external devices |
| Programming tool | A generic term for GX Works2 and GX Developer |
| GX Works2 | The product name of the software package for the MELSEC programmable |
| GX Developer | controllers |
| Buffer memory | The memory of an intelligent function module used to store data (such as setting values and monitored values) for communication with a CPU module |
| | |

PACKING LIST

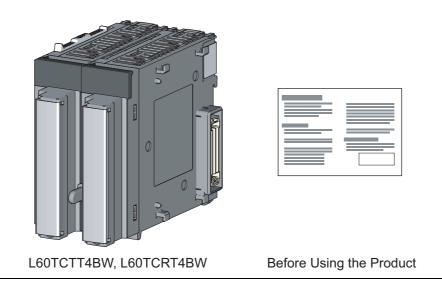
The following items are included in the package of this product. Before use, check that all the items are included.

L60TCTT4, L60TCRT4



Before Using the Product

L60TCTT4BW, L60TCRT4BW



CHAPTER 1 WHAT CAN BE DONE WITH A TEMPERATURE CONTROL MODULE

1.1 Use

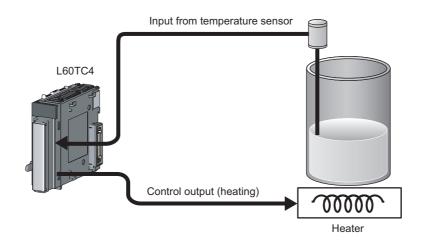
The L60TC4 performs PID operation to reach the target temperature based on input from an external temperature sensor. The module controls temperature by outputting the operation result to a heater or others in transistor output.

Point P

The L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW are L60TCTT4 and L60TCRT4-based modules which possess an additional function to detect heater disconnection using input from external current sensors.

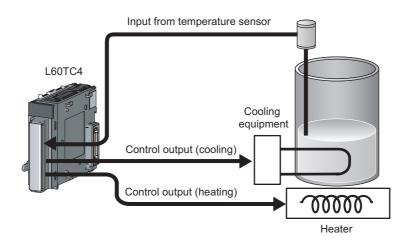
Ex. Standard control (heating)

The input from a temperature sensor is processed with PID operation, and the heater temperature is controlled.

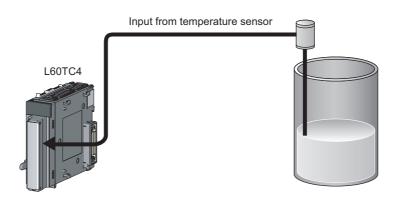


Ex. Heating-cooling control (heating and cooling)

Heating and cooling are processed when the target temperature is lower than the ambient temperature or when the temperature of the target subject is easy to change.



Ex. Temperature input (temperature input only) The L60TC4 can be used as a temperature input module also.



1.2 Features

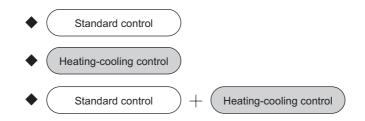
This section describes the L60TC4 features. For functions not described here, refer to the list of functions. (Page 39, Section 3.3)

(1) Optimum temperature adjustment control (PID control)

- The L60TC4 performs temperature adjustment control automatically when the user simply sets PID constants necessary for PID operation: proportional band (P), integral time (I), derivative time (D), and temperature set value (SV). No special instruction is necessary to perform PID control.
- Using the auto tuning function or self-tuning function enables the PID constants to be set automatically by the L60TC4 . Complicated PID operational expressions to determine PID constants are not necessary.

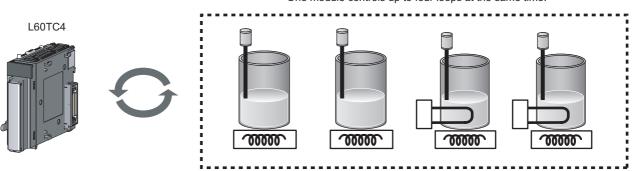
(2) Combination of control mode

A control mode can be selected from the standard control (heating or cooling), heating-cooling control (heating and cooling), or mix control (combination of the standard control and heating-cooling control).



(3) Four loops on one module

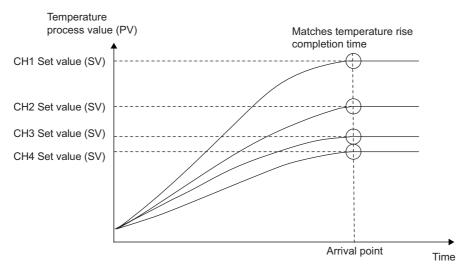
The maximum of four loops of temperature adjustment control can be performed simultaneously. In addition, loop control can be performed using analog modules in the system; input from an A/D converter module or output to a D/A converter module can be processed.



One module controls up to four loops at the same time.

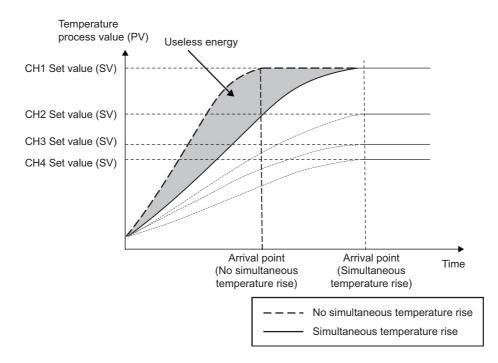
(4) Simultaneous temperature rise of multiple loops

Temperatures of multiple loops can be adjusted to simultaneously reach the set value of each; temperatures are controlled evenly without any partial heat exaggeration.



This function saves energy and cost.

Ex. Comparison of temperature rises on CH1 when using and not using the simultaneous temperature rise function



(5) Suppression of peak current

Current flows into a heater can be suppressed by controlling output so that each channel's output does not turn on at the same time as other channels.

This function saves energy and cost.

(6) RFB limiter function

The RFB (Reset feed back) limiter suppresses overshoot which is liable to occur at a startup or when a temperature process value (PV) is increased.

(7) Correction of temperature process value (PV)

The difference between the temperature process value (PV) and actual temperature can be corrected easily using the following functions.

- 1-point sensor compensation (standard) function: Corrects the difference by setting the rate of correction value to the full scale of the input range.
- 2-point sensor compensation function: Corrects the difference based on the inclination of the line on the two points set in advance.
- Primary delay digital filter setting: Smoothens extreme noise, and absorbs drastic change.

(8) Non-volatile memory for backing up set values

The set values in the buffer memory, such as the setting related to PID control, can be stored into a non-volatile memory for data backup. The values do not need to be reset after turning the power on from off or releasing the CPU module from its reset status.

Using the test function of the programming tool to write data directly to the buffer memory, the minimum sequence program required is "LD**" + "OUT Yn1".

(9) Detection of disconnection

Heater disconnection can be detected easily by the loop disconnection detection function. The L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW can detect the disconnection of a heater accurately.

(10)Selectable sampling cycle

The module can be applied to wide range of systems since the sampling cycle can be selected from 250ms/4 channels or 500ms/4 channels.

(11)Use as a temperature input module

The L60TC4 can be used not only as a temperature control module, but also as a temperature input module. The mode can be switched easily by a setting.

In addition, The temperature input can be processed through the primary delay digital filter, or output as an alert. ([Page 116, Section 8.1)

(12)Easy setting by GX Works2

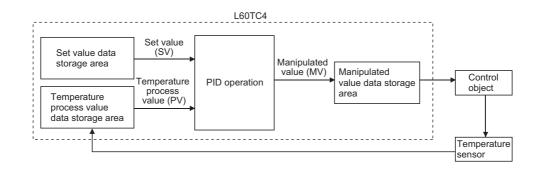
Sequence program can be reduced by configuring the default setting or auto refresh setting on the screen. Also, the setting status or operating status of the module can be checked easily.

1.3 The PID Control System

This section explains the PID control of the L60TC4.

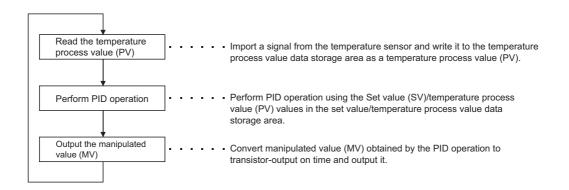
(1) PID control system

The following figure shows a system of when performing the PID control.



(2) PID control procedure

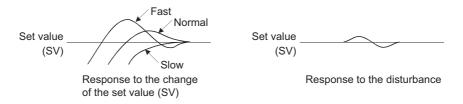
The PID control is performed in the following procedure.



(3) PID control (simple two-degree-of-freedom)

The L60TC4 operates in "simple two-degree-of-freedom". In this form of PID control, parameters are simplified compared to the two-degree-of-freedom PID control.

In the simple two-degree-of-freedom, the module controls the target subject using not only PID constants but also the control response parameter. The parameter can be set to "fast", "normal", or "slow". This setting enables the form of "response to the change of the set value (SV)" to change maintaining "response to the disturbance" in a good condition. ([] Page 153, Section 8.2.8)



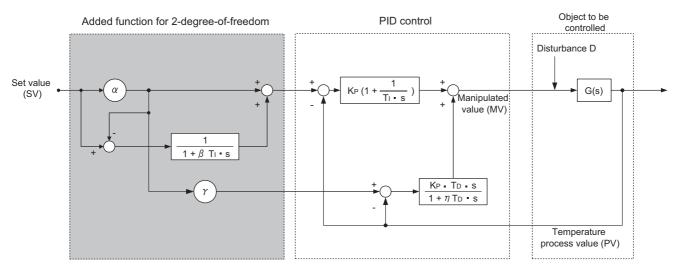
The following explains the difference between the one-degree-of-freedom PID control, two-degree-of-freedom PID control, and simple two-degree-of-freedom PID control.

(a) One-degree-of-freedom PID control and two-degree-of-freedom PID control

- General PID control is called one-degree-of freedom PID control. In the one-degree-of freedom PID control, when PID constants to improve "response to the change of the set value (SV)" are set, "response to the disturbance" degrades. Conversely, when PID constants to improve "response to the disturbance" are set, "response to the change of the set value (SV)" degrades.
- In the two-degree-of-freedom PID control, a manipulated value (MV) is determined considering the set value (SV) or variations. In this form of PID control, "response to the change of the set value (SV)" and "response to the disturbance" can be compatible with each other.

(b) Two-degree-of-freedom PID control and simple two-degree-of-freedom PID control

The following figure is a block diagram of the two-degree-of-freedom PID control.



By setting $\alpha,\,\beta,$ and γ above properly, optimum control can be achieved.

Note that required parameter settings increase and PID constants can hardly be auto-set by the auto tuning function for complete two-degree-of-freedom PID control. Therefore, the L60TC4 operates in the simple two-degree-of-freedom PID control for which parameters are simplified.

1.4 About the PID Operation

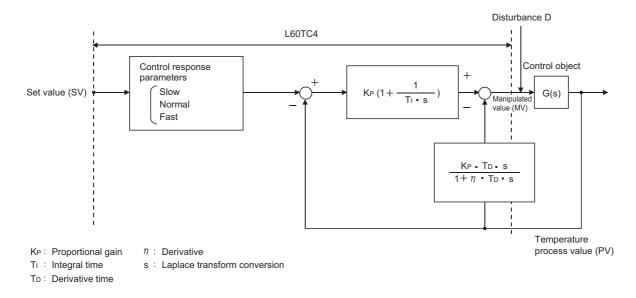
The L60TC4 can perform PID control in process-value incomplete derivation.

1.4.1 Operation method and formula

The PID control in process-value incomplete derivation is an operation method which puts a primary delay filter on input from a derivative action and eliminate high-frequency noise component in order to perform a PID operation on the deviation (E).

(1) Algorithm of PID control in process-value incomplete derivation

The algorithm of PID control in process-value incomplete derivation is shown below.



(2) Formula

The formula used for the L60TC4 is shown below.

$$MV_{n} = MV_{n-1} + \frac{T_{D}}{\tau + \eta \cdot T_{D}} \left\{ (PV_{n-1} - PV_{n}) - \frac{\tau}{T_{D}} \cdot MV_{n-1} \right\}$$

- τ : Sampling period
- MV : Incomplete derivative output
- PV : Temperature process value (PV)
- TD : Derivative time
- η : Derivative

Remark

The PID control in process-value derivation is an operation method which uses the process value (PV) for the derivation section in order to perform a PID operation. Not using deviation for the derivation section, drastic output change due to a derivative action is reduced when deviation varies along with the setting value change.

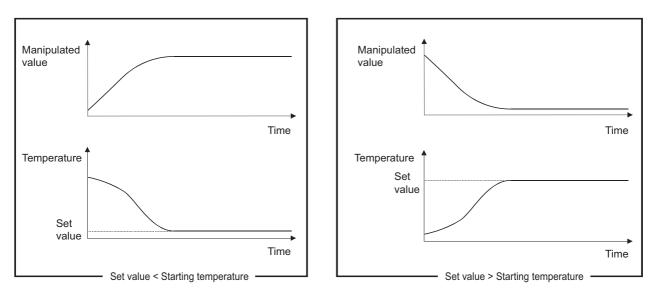
1.4.2 The L60TC4 actions

The L60TC4 performs PID operations in forward actions and reverse actions.

(1) Forward action

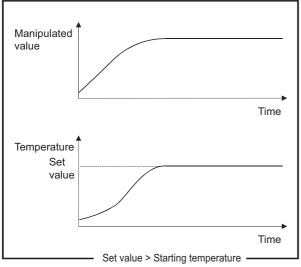
In a forward action, the manipulated value (MV) is increased when the temperature process value (PV) increases from the set value (SV).

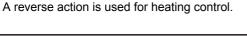
A forward action is used for cooling control.

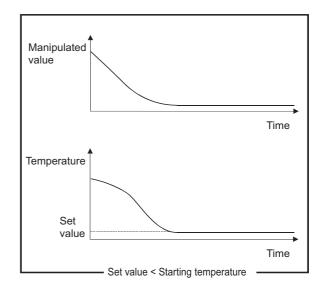


(2) Reverse action

In a reverse action, the manipulated value is increased when the temperature process value (PV) decreases from the set value (SV).







1.4.3 Proportional action (P-action)

A proportional action is an action to obtain the manipulated value (MV) proportional to the deviation (difference between the set value (SV) and the process value (PV)).

(1) Proportional gain

In a proportional action, the relationship between changes in the deviation (E) and the manipulated value can be expressed in the following formula:

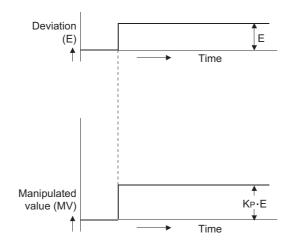
MV = KP•E

where Kp is a proportional constant and is called proportional gain. The manipulated value (MV) varies in the range from -5.0% to 105.0%.

The following table describes the difference of actions depending on the value of Kp, proportional gain.

| Condition | Proportional action |
|---------------------|--|
| Kp is a small value | The control action slows down. |
| Kp is a large value | The control action speeds up, though the temperature process value (PV) tends to fluctuate around the set value. |

A proportional action is as shown below for step responses where the deviation (E) is a fixed value.



(2) Offset

The certain amount of difference generates between the temperature process value (PV) and the set value (SV) is called an offset (remaining deviation).

In an proportional action, an offset (remaining deviation) generates.



1.4.4 Integral action (I-action)

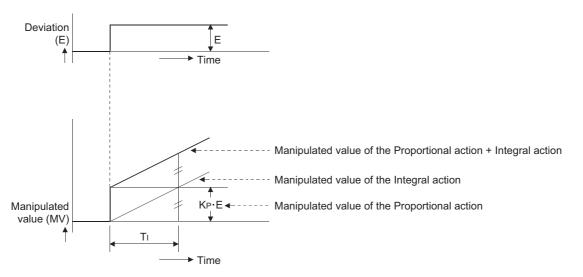
An integral action is an action which continuously changes the manipulated value (MV) to eliminate the deviation (E) when there is any.

The offset caused by a proportional action can be eliminated.

In an integral action, the time from a deviation occurrence until when the manipulated value (MV) of the integral action becomes equals to that of the proportional action is called integral time, and is indicated as Ti. The following table describes the difference of actions depending on the value of Ti, integral time.

| Condition | Integral action | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Ti is a small value | The integral effect gets large, and time to eliminate the offset gets short. Though, the temperature process value (PV) tends to fluctuate around the set value. | |
| Ti is a large value | The integral effect gets small, and time to eliminate the offset gets long. | |

The following figure shows an integral action of step responses where the deviation (E) is a fixed value.



An integral action is used as a PI action in combination with a proportional action, or PID action in combination with a proportional and derivative actions.

An integral action cannot be used by itself.

1.4.5 Derivative action (D-action)

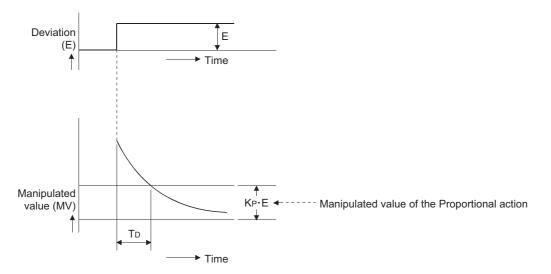
A derivative action adds the manipulated value (MV) proportional to the rate of change to eliminate the deviation (E) when it occurs.

A derivative action can prevent the control target from changing significantly due to disturbance.

In an integral action, the time from a deviation occurrence until when the manipulated value (MV) of the derivative action becomes equals to that of the proportional action is called derivative time, and is indicated as TD. The following table describes the difference of actions depending on the value of TD, derivative time.

| Condition | Derivative action | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| T _D is a small value | The derivative effect gets small. | |
| To is a large value | The derivative effect gets large. Though, the temperature process value (PV) tends to fluctuate around the set value in short cycles. | |

The following figure shows a derivative action of step responses where the deviation (E) is a fixed value.



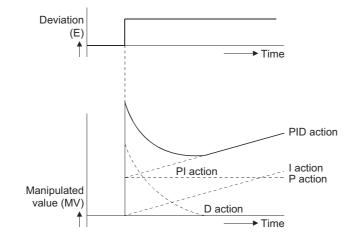
A derivative action is used as a PD action in combination with a proportional action, or PID action in combination with a proportional and integral actions.

A derivative action cannot be used by itself.

1.4.6 PID action

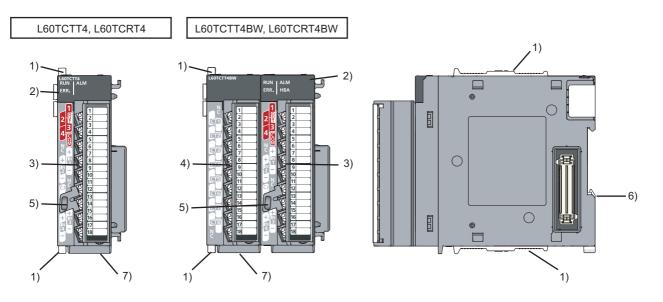
A PID action performs control using the manipulated value (MV) calculated by merging the proportional action, integral action, and derivative action.

The following figure shows a PID action of step responses where the deviation (E) is a fixed value.



CHAPTER 2 PART NAMES

The following table shows part names of the L60TC4.



| Number | Name | | Description |
|--------|---|---------|---|
| 1) | Module joint levers | | Levers for connecting modules |
| | RUN LED | | Indicates the operating status of the L60TC4. |
| | | ON | Operating normally |
| | | | The power is not supplied. |
| | | OFF | The watchdog timer error has occurred. |
| | | 011 | CPU stop error has occurred when all channels are set to "CLEAR" on Switch Setting. |
| | | | A value out of the setting range was set on Switch Setting 2 to 5. |
| | ERR. LED | | Indicates the error status of the L60TC4. |
| | | ON | Hardware fault (Including no connection of a cold junction temperature compensation resistor) |
| | | Flicker | Error occurring (|
| | OFF | | Operating normally |
| 2) | 2) ALM LED | | Indicates the alert status of the L60TC4. |
| | | ON | Alert is occurring. |
| | | | Temperature process value (PV) came out of temperature measurement range. |
| | | Flicker | Loop disconnection was detected. |
| | | | Temperature sensor is not connected. |
| | OFF | | Alert is not occurring. |
| | HBA LED (the L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW only) ON OFF | | |
| | | | Indicates the heater disconnection detection status of the L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW. |
| | | | |
| | | | Heater disconnection was detected. |
| | | | Heater disconnection is not detected. |

| Number | Name | Description |
|---------------------------|--|---|
| 3) Terminal block for I/O | Used for temperature sensor input and transistor output. | |
| 3) | | (Page 85, Section 6.2) |
| 4) | Terminal block for CT | Used for current sensor (CT) input. |
| 5) | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor (the L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW only) | Used when cold junction temperature compensation is executed for the L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW. |
| 6) | DIN rail hook | A hook used to mount the module to a DIN rail. |
| 7) | Serial number plate | Displays the serial number printed on the rating plate. For the L60TCTT4BW, L60TCRT4BW, the serial number is displayed on the terminal block for CT. |

CHAPTER 3 SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes general specifications, performance specifications, the function list, the I/O signal list, and the buffer memory list.

3.1 General Specifications

For the general specifications of the L60TC4, refer to the following manual.

III "Safety Guidelines", the manual supplied with a CPU module or head module

3.2 Performance Specifications

| The following table lists the performance | specifications of the L60TC4. |
|---|-------------------------------|
|---|-------------------------------|

| Itom | | Specifications | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---------------|---------------|------------|--|
| Item | | | L60TCTT4 | L60TCRT4 | L60TCTT4BW | L60TCRT4BW | |
| Control output | | | Transistor output | | | | |
| Number of temperature input points | | | 4 channe | els/module | | | |
| Type of usable temperature sensors, the temperature measurement range, the resolution, and the effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω | | ਿੱਤੋਂ Page 36, Section 3.2.2 | | | | | |
| Indication | Ambient temperature: 25±5°C | Full scale × (±0.3%) | | | | | |
| | accuracy | Ambient temperature: 0 to 55°C | Full scale × (±0.7%) | | | | |
| Accuracy*1 | Cold junction temperature compensation | Temperature process value (PV): -100°C or more | Within ±1.0°C | | Within ±1.0°C | | |
| | accuracy: (ambient | Temperature process value (PV): -150 to -100°C | Within ±2.0°C | | Within ±2.0°C | | |
| | temperature: 0 to 55°C) | Temperature process value (PV): -200 to -150°C | Within ±3.0°C | | Within ±3.0°C | | |
| Sampling cy | vcle | | 250ms/4 channels | | | | |
| Control outp | nut cycle | | 500ms/4 channels 0.5 to 100.0s | | | | |
| Input impeda | | | | | | | |
| Input filter | anoc | | 0 to 100s (0: Input filter OFF) | | | | |
| • | ection value setti | ng | -50.00 to 50.00% | | | | |
| Operation at | t sensor input dis | sconnection | Upscale processing | | | | |
| | e control method | | PID ON/OFF pulse or two-position control | | | | |
| | | PID constants setting | Can be set by auto tuning. | | | | |
| | 4 | Proportional band (P) | 0.0 to 1000.0% (0: Two-position control) | | | | |
| PID constan | its range | Integral time (I) | 0 to 3600s (set 0 for P control and PD control.) | | | | |
| | | Derivative time (D) | 0 to 3600s (set 0 for P control and PI control.) | | | | |
| Set value (S | SV) setting range | | Within the temperature range set in the thermocouple/platinum resistance thermometer to be used | | | | |
| Dead band s | setting range | | 0.1 to 10.0% | | | | |
| | | Output signal | | ON/OF | F pulse | | |
| | | Rated load voltage | | 10 to | 30VDC | | |
| | | Max. load current | | 0.1A/point, (|).4A/common | | |
| Transistor of | utput | Max. inrush current | 0.4A 10ms | | | | |
| | | Leakage current at OFF | 0.1mA or less | | | | |
| | | Max. voltage drop at ON | 1.0VDC (TYP) at 0.1A 2.5VDC (MAX) at 0.1A | | | | |
| | | Response time | OFF→ON: 2ms or less, ON→OFF: 2ms or less | | | ess | |
| Number of a | Number of accesses to non-volatile memory | | Max. 10 ¹² times | | | | |
| Insulation method | | Between input terminal and programmable controller power supply: Transformer insulation | | | | | |
| | | Between input channels: Transformer insulation | | | | | |

| Item | | Specifications | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|----------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| ne | L60TCTT4 | L60TCRT4 | L60TCTT4BW | L60TCRT4BW | | | |
| | | | Between input terminal and programmable controller power supply: 500VAC for | | | | |
| Dielectric withstand voltage | | | 1 minute | | | | |
| | | Between input channels: 500VAC for 1 minute | | | | | |
| | | Between input ter | minal and programm | able controller powe | er supply: 500VDC | | |
| Insulation resistance | | | 20MΩ or more | | | | |
| | | Betv | veen input channels | : 500VDC 20M Ω or r | nore | | |
| Heater disconnection | Current sensor | _ | | [Page 82, Section 5.2 (4) | | | |
| detection specifications | Input accuracy | | | Full scale × (±1.0%) | | | |
| | Number of alert delay | | | 3 to 255 | | | |
| Number of occupied I/O points | | 16 points (I/O assignment: 16 intelligent points) | | | | | |
| Number of occupied module | | 1 2 | | 2 | | | |
| Connected terminal | | 18-point terminal block Two 18-point terminal block | | erminal blocks | | | |
| Applicable wire size | | 0.3mm ² to 0.75mm ² | | | | | |
| Applicable solderless terminal | | R1.25-3 (Solderless terminal with sleeve is unavailable.) | | | ailable.) | | |
| Internal current consumption | | 0.30A | 0.31A | 0.33A | 0.35A | | |
| Weight | | 0.18kg 0.33kg | | 3kg | | | |
| Outline dimensions | | 28.5(W)mm × 90(H)mm × 117(D)mm 57.0(W)mm × 9 | | 57.0(W)mm × 90(I | H)mm × 117(D)mm | | |

*1

Calculate the accuracy in the following method (only when it is not affected by noise). Accuracy ($^{\circ}$ C) = full scale × indication accuracy + cold junction temperature compensation accuracy

Ex. Accuracy at the input range of 38 (-200.0 to 400.0°C), the operating ambient temperature of 35°C, and the temperature process value (PV) of 300°C

(Full scale) × (indication accuracy) + cold junction temperature compensation accuracy = $(400.0^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200.0^{\circ}\text{C})) \times (\pm 0.007) + (\pm 1.0^{\circ}\text{C})$ = $\pm 5.2^{\circ}\text{C}$

For the noise immunity, dielectric withstand voltage, insulation resistance and others of the programmable controller system which uses the L60TC4, refer to the following manual.

MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)

MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

3.2.1 Number of parameters to be set

The total number of the parameters of the initial setting and of the auto refresh setting of the L60TC4 must be within the number of parameters which can be set in the CPU module including the number of other intelligent function module parameters.

For the maximum number of parameters which can be set in a CPU module (maximum number of set parameter), refer to the following manual.

MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)

MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

(1) Number of parameters of the L60TC4

The following table lists the number of parameters that can be set for one L60TC4.

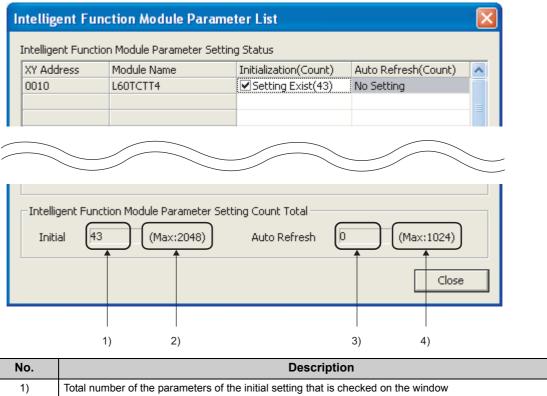
| Target module | Initial setting | Auto refresh setting |
|---------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| L60TCTT4 | | 102 (Mox) |
| L60TCRT4 | 43 | 103 (Max.) |
| L60TCTT4BW | 43 | 115 (Max.) |
| L60TCRT4BW | | TTS (Max.) |

(2) Checking method

The current number and maximum number of the parameters set in the intelligent function module can be checked by the following operation.

C Project window \Rightarrow [Intelligent Function Module] \Rightarrow Right-click

Intelligent Function Module Parameter List...]



| 1) | |
|----|---|
| 2) | Maximum number of parameters of the initial setting |

| No. | Description |
|-----|--|
| 3) | Total number of the parameters of the auto refresh setting that is checked on the window |
| 4) | Maximum number of parameters of the auto refresh setting |

3.2.2 Type of usable temperature sensors, temperature measurement range, resolution, and effect from wiring resistance of 1 ohm

This section describes the types of temperature sensors that can be used with the L60TC4, the temperature measurement range, the resolution, and the effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω . Set the used temperature sensor in the following buffer memory area.

• CH Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) (Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

(1) L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW

The following table lists the types of thermocouples that can be used with the L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW, the temperature measurement range, the resolution, and the effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω .

| | | °C | | ۴ | | |
|----------------------|---|------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Thermocouple type | Temperature measurement range | Resolution | Effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω (°C/ Ω)*1 | Temperature measurement range | Resolution | Effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω (°F $I\Omega$) ^{*1} |
| R | 0 to 1700 | 1 | 0.030 | 0 to 3000 | 1 | 0.054 |
| | 0 to 500 0 to 800 0 to 1300 | 1 | | 0 to 1000 0 to 2400 | 1 | |
| К | -200.0 to 1300.0 -200.0 to 400.0 0.0 to 400.0 0.0 to 500.0 0.0 to 800.0 | 0.1 | 0.005 | 0.0 to 1000.0 | 0.1 | 0.008 |
| | 0 to 500 0 to 800 0 to 1200 | 1 | | 0 to 1000 0 to 1600 0 to 2100 | 1 | |
| J | -200.0 to 1000.0 0.0 to 400.0 0.0 to 500.0 0.0 to 800.0 | 0.1 | 0.003 | 0.0 to 1000.0 | 0.1 | 0.006 |
| т | -200 to 400 -200 to 200 0 to 200 0 to 400 | 1 | 0.004 | 0 to 700 -300 to 400 | 1 | 0.008 |
| | -200.0 to 400.0 0.0 to 400.0 | 0.1 | | 0.0 to 700.0 | 0.1 | |
| S | 0 to 1700 | 1 | 0.030 | 0 to 3000 | 1 | 0.054 |
| В | 0 to 1800 ^{*2} | 1 | 0.038 | 0 to 3000 ^{*2} | 1 | 0.068 |
| F | 0 to 400 0 to 1000 | 1 | 0.002 | 0 to 1800 | 1 | 0.005 |
| E | -200.0 to 1000.0 0.0 to 700.0 | 0.1 | 0.003 | | _ | _ |
| Ν | 0 to 1300 | 1 | 0.006 | 0 to 2300 | 1 | 0.011 |
| | 0.0 to 1000.0 | 0.1 | 0.000 | | — | |
| U | 0 to 400 -200 to 200 | 1 | 0.004 | 0 to 700 -300 to 400 | 1 | 0.009 |
| | 0.0 to 600.0 | 0.1 | | _ | — | |

| | | °C | | °F | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--|-------------------------------------|------------|---|
| Thermocouple type | Temperature measurement range | Resolution | Effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω (°C/Ω)*1 | Temperature measurement range | Resolution | Effect from wiring resistance of 1Ω (°F / Ω) ^{*1} |
| | 0 to 400 0 to 900 | 1 | 0.002 | 0 to 800 0 to 1600 | 1 | 0.006 |
| L | 0.0 to 400.0 0.0 to 900.0 | 0.1 | 0.003 | | _ | _ |
| PLII | 0 to 1200 | 1 | 0.005 | 0 to 2300 | 1 | 0.010 |
| W5Re/W26Re | 0 to 2300 | 1 | 0.017 | 0 to 3000 | 1 | 0.021 |

*1 Means temperature error per Ω of wiring resistance of the thermocouple. The temperature error can be corrected by the sensor compensation function. (\square Page 223, Section 8.3.2)

*2 While temperature can be measured within less than 400°C/800°F, the accuracy cannot be guaranteed.

(2) L60TCRT4, L60TCRT4BW

The following table lists the types of platinum resistance thermometer that can be used with the L60TCRT4 and L60TCRT4BW and temperature measurement range.

| Platinum resistance | °(| C | °F | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|------------|--|
| thermometer type | Temperature measurement range | Resolution | Temperature measurement range | Resolution | |
| | -200.0 to 850.0 | | -300 to 1100 | 1 | |
| Pt100 | -200.0 to 600.0 -200.0 to 200.0 | 0.1 | -300.0 to 300.0 | 0.1 | |
| | -200.0 to 640.0 | | -300 to 900 | 1 | |
| JPt100 | -200.0 to 500.0 -200.0 to 200.0 | 0.1 | -300.0 to 300.0 | 0.1 | |

3.2.3 Sampling cycle and control output cycle

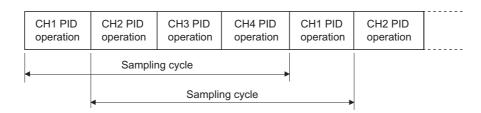
This section describes the sampling cycle and control output cycle of the L60TC4.

(1) Sampling cycle

The L60TC4 performs PID operations in the order of CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4, CH1, CH2

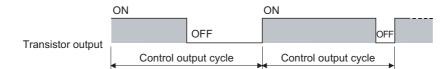
The time from when PID operation is started on the current channel (CHn) until PID operation is restarted on the current channel (CHn) is called a sampling cycle. Select 250ms or 500ms as a sampling cycle. ([] Page 108, Section 7.2 (1))

The number of used channels and the settings of unused channels do not affect the sampling cycle.



(2) Control output cycle

The control output cycle is the ON/OFF cycle of transistor output.



The manipulated value (MV) represents the ON time of the control output cycle in percentage. (Page 339, Appendix 2 (5))

Set the control output cycle in the following buffer memory area in the range of 1 to 100s.

• CH Control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143) (Page 364, Appendix 2 (23)) In the heating-cooling control, the following buffer memory areas are used for the manipulated value (MV) and control output cycle.

| Data type | Buffer memory area | | Buffer mem | Reference | | |
|----------------|---|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| Data type | name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelelelice |
| Manipulated | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) | Un\G13 | Un\G14 | Un\G15 | Un\G16 | Page 339, Appendix 2 (5) |
| value (MV) | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | Un\G704 | Un\G705 | Un\G706 | Un\G707 | Page 339, Appendix 2 (3) |
| Control output | Heating control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| cycle | Cooling control output cycle setting | Un\G722 | Un\G738 | Un\G754 | Un\G770 | rage 304, Appendix 2 (23) |

3.3 Function List

This section lists the L60TC4 functions.

(1) When the L60TC4 is used as a temperature input module

| Item | Description | Reference |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Conversion enable/disable function | Whether to enable or disable the temperature conversion can be set for each channel. | Page 117, Section 8.1.1 |
| Temperature conversion method | The measured temperature by each sampling cycle is stored in the buffer memory. The temperature process values (PV) can be smoothed and sudden changes can be controlled by using the primary delay filter. | Page 117, Section 8.1.2 |
| Alert output function | An alert is output if the temperature process value (PV) meets the condition set in advance. The alert has process alarm and rate alarm. | Page 120, Section 8.1.3 |

(2) When the L60TC4 is used as a temperature control module

O: Enable, ×: Disable

| | | Enable o | r disable | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| ltem | Description | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Reference |
| Control mode selection function | The control mode can be selected from the following modes. Standard control Heating-cooling control (normal mode) Heating-cooling control (expanded mode) Mix control (normal mode) Mix control (expanded mode) | 0 | 0 | Page 126, Section 8.2.1 |
| Output setting at CPU stop error function | Whether to clear or hold the transistor output status when a CPU stop error occurs or when a CPU module is turned from RUN to STOP can be selected. | 0 | 0 | Page 128, Section 8.2.2 |
| Control method | The following control methods can be used with the settings of proportional band (P), integral time (I), and derivative time (D). • Two-position control • P control • PI control • PD control • PID control | 0 | 0 | Page 129, Section 8.2.3 |
| Manual reset function | The stable status position in the P control or PD control can be moved manually. | 0 | 0 | Page 137, Section 8.2.4 |
| Manual control | The manipulated value (MV) can be set manually by users without automatic calculation by the PID control. | 0 | 0 | Page 139, Section 8.2.5 |
| Control output cycle unit selection function | The unit for control output cycle can be selected from 1s or 0.1s and switched between them. Setting the control output cycle to 0.1s allows a more detailed control to be performed. | 0 | 0 | Page 140, Section 8.2.6 |
| Auto tuning function | The L60TC4 sets the optimal PID constants automatically. | 0 | 0 | Page 141, Section 8.2.7 |
| Simple two-degree-of- freedom | In addition to the PID control, the response speed can be selected from three levels. The simple two-degree-of-freedom PID control can be realized. | 0 | 0 | Page 153, Section 8.2.8 |

3.3 Function List

| | | Enable o | | |
|---|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ltem | Description | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Reference |
| Derivative action selection function | Dynamic performance can be improved by selecting the suitable derivative action for the fixed value action and the ramp action. | 0 | 0 | Page 154, Section 8.2.9 |
| Setting change rate limiter setting function | Change rate setting of the set value (SV) per set time unit when this value is changed. The batch setting or individual setting can be selected for the temperature rise and drop. | 0 | 0 | Page 155, Section 8.2.10 |
| Alert function | The modules goes to the alert status when the temperature process value (PV) or deviation (E) meets the condition set in advance. | 0 | 0 | Page 157, Section 8.2.11 |
| RFB limiter function | When the deviation (E) continues for a long time, the PID operation result (manipulated value (MV)) by the integral action can be prevented from exceeding the effective range of the manipulated value (MV). | 0 | 0 | Page 171, Section 8.2.12 |
| Input/output (with another analog module) function | Data can be input and output using another analog module (A/D conversion module or D/A converter module) on the system. | | 0 | Page 172, Section 8.2.13 |
| ON delay output function | Setting with considering delay time (response/scan time delay) of actual transistor output is possible. | 0 | 0 | Page 174, Section 8.2.14 |
| Self-tuning function | The L60TC4 monitors the control status constantly. If the control system oscillates due to a status soon after the control starts, a change of the set value (SV), and property fluctuation of a controlled object, PID constants are changed automatically. | 0 | × | Page 175, Section 8.2.15 |
| Peak current suppression function | Changing automatically the upper limit output limiter value of each channel and dividing the timing of transistor output can suppress the peak current. | 0 | × | Page 185, Section 8.2.16 |
| Simultaneous temperature rise function | This function allows several loops to reach the set value (SV) at the same time. | 0 | × | Page 190, Section 8.2.17 |
| Forward action/reverse action selection function | Whether to perform PID operations in the forward action or reverse action can be selected. | 0 | × | Page 203, Section 8.2.18 |
| Loop disconnection detection function | Errors in the control system (control loop) can be detected. | 0 | × | Page 204, Section 8.2.19 |
| Proportional band setting function | The proportional band (P) can be individually set for heating or cooling. | × | 0 | Page 206, Section 8.2.20 |
| Cooling method setting function | When the auto tuning is executed, an auto tuning formula is automatically selected according to the selected cooling method and the operation starts. | × | 0 | Page 207, Section 8.2.21 |
| Overlap/dead band function | By changing the temperature where the cooling transistor output is started, whether control stability is prioritized or energy saving is prioritized can be selected. | × | 0 | Page 209, Section 8.2.22 |
| Temperature conversion function (using unused channels) | In heating-cooling control (normal mode) and mix control (normal mode), only temperature measurement is allowed by using unused temperature input terminals. | × | 0 | Page 212, Section 8.2.23 |
| Heater disconnection detection function | The current which flows in the heater main circuit can be measured and disconnections can be detected. | 0 | 0 | Page 215, Section 8.2.24 |
| Output off-time current error detection function | An error of when the transistor output is off can be detected. | 0 | 0 | Page 220, Section 8.2.25 |

(3) Common functions

| ltem | Description | Reference |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Temperature process value (PV) scaling function | The temperature process value (PV) can be converted to the set width and this value can be imported into the buffer memory. | Page 221, Section 8.3.1 |
| Sensor compensation function | If a difference between a temperature process value (PV) and an actual temperature occurs due to the measurement status, the error can be corrected. Select a correction method from the following two types. 1-point sensor compensation (standard) function: The percentage of the full scale of the set input range can be corrected as an error corrected value. 2-point sensor compensation function: An error is corrected by setting any two points (corrected offset value and corrected gain value). | Page 223, Section 8.3.2 |
| Auto-setting at the input range change | When the input range is changed, the related buffer memory data is changed automatically so that errors outside the setting range does not occur. | Page 234, Section 8.3.3 |
| Buffer memory data backup function | The buffer memory data can be stored and backed up in the non-volatile memory. | Page 235, Section 8.3.4 |
| Error history function | Up to 16 errors and alarms that occur on the L60TC4 are stored in the buffer memory as history. | Page 237, Section 8.3.5 |
| Module error history collection function | Error contents can be notified to the CPU module when errors and alarms occur on the L60TC4. Error information is held in the memory inside of the CPU module as module error history. | Page 239, Section 8.3.6 |
| Error clear function | When an error occurs, the error can be cleared on the system monitor. | Page 240, Section 8.3.7 |

3.4 I/O Signal List

This section describes the assignment and applications of the L60TC4 input signals.

(1) Input signal list

| | Input | signal (signal direction: Cl | PU module \leftarrow L60TC4) | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Device No. | Temperature input mode | Standard control | Heating-cooling control | Mix control | |
| Xn0 | Module READY flag | Module READY flag | Module READY flag | Module READY flag | |
| Xn1 | Setting/operation mode status | Setting/operation mode status | Setting/operation mode status | Setting/operation mode status | |
| Xn2 | Error occurrence flag | Error occurrence flag | Error occurrence flag | Error occurrence flag | |
| Xn3 | Hardware error flag | Hardware error flag | Hardware error flag | Hardware error flag | |
| Xn4 | N/A | CH1 Auto tuning status | CH1 Auto tuning status | CH1 Auto tuning status | |
| Xn5 | N/A | CH2 Auto tuning status | CH2 Auto tuning status | CH2 Auto tuning status ^{*2} | |
| Xn6 | N/A | CH3 Auto tuning status | CH3 Auto tuning status ^{*1} | CH3 Auto tuning status | |
| Xn7 | N/A | CH4 Auto tuning status | CH4 Auto tuning status ^{*1} | CH4 Auto tuning status | |
| Xn8 | Back-up of the set value completion flag | |
| Xn9 | Default value write completion flag | Default value write completion flag | Default value write completion flag | Default value write completion flag | |
| XnA | Back-up of the set value fail flag | |
| XnB | Setting change completion flag | |
| XnC | CH1 Alert occurrence flag | |
| XnD | CH2 Alert occurrence flag | |
| XnE | CH3 Alert occurrence flag | |
| XnF | CH4 Alert occurrence flag | |

*1 Available only under the heating-cooling control (expanded mode). For details on the expanded mode, refer to

*2 Available only under the mix control (expanded mode). For details on the expanded mode, refer to F Page 127, Section 8.2.1 (3).

(2) Output signal list

| | Output | signal (signal direction: C | PU module \rightarrow L601C4) | |
|---------------|--|--|---|--|
| Device No. | Temperature input mode | Standard control | Heating-cooling control | Mix control |
| Yn0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yn1 | Setting/operation mode status | Setting/operation mode instruction | Setting/operation mode instruction | Setting/operation mode instruction |
| Yn2 | Error reset instruction | Error reset instruction | Error reset instruction | Error reset instruction |
| Yn3 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yn4 | N/A | CH1 Auto tuning instruction | CH1 Auto tuning instruction | CH1 Auto tuning instruction |
| Yn5 | N/A | CH2 Auto tuning instruction | CH2 Auto tuning instruction | CH2 Auto tuning instruction |
| Yn6 | N/A | CH3 Auto tuning instruction | CH3 Auto tuning instruction ^{*1} | CH3 Auto tuning instruction |
| Yn7 | N/A | CH4 Auto tuning instruction | CH4 Auto tuning instruction*1 | CH4 Auto tuning instruction |
| Yn8 | Set value backup instruction | Set value backup instruction | Set value backup instruction | Set value backup instructior |
| Yn9 | Default setting registration instruction | Default setting registration instruction | Default setting registration instruction | Default setting registration instruction |
| YnA | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| YnB | Setting change instruction | Setting change instruction | Setting change instruction | Setting change instruction |
| YnC | N/A | CH1 PID control forced stop instruction | CH1 PID control forced stop instruction | CH1 PID control forced stop |
| YnD | N/A | CH2 PID control forced stop instruction | CH2 PID control forced stop instruction | CH2 PID control forced stop instruction ^{*2} |
| YnE | N/A | CH3 PID control forced stop instruction | CH3 PID control forced stop instruction ^{*1} | CH3 PID control forced stop |
| YnF | N/A | CH4 PID control forced stop instruction | CH4 PID control forced stop instruction ^{*1} | CH4 PID control forced stop |

*1 Available only under the heating-cooling control (expanded mode). For details on the expanded mode, refer to

*2 Available only under the mix control (expanded mode). For details on the expanded mode, refer to F Page 127, Section 8.2.1 (3).

Point P

The functions of the L60TC4 cannot be guaranteed if any of the unavailable areas is turned on/off in a program.

This section lists the L60TC4 buffer memory areas.

For details on the buffer memory, refer to FPage 334, Appendix 2.

Point P

Do not write data in the system area or the write-protect area in a program in the buffer memory. Doing so may cause malfunction.

(1) Buffer memory address by mode

This section describes the buffer memory assignments by mode.

For details on the modes, refer to Page 116, Section 8.1, Page 126, Section 8.2.1.

Point P

Depending on the control mode, some channels cannot be used for control under the temperature control mode.

The channels which cannot be used for control are the following.

- For heating-cooling control (normal mode): CH3, CH4
- For mix control (normal mode): CH2

The channels which cannot be used for control can be used only for temperature input. For details, refer to

Page 212, Section 8.2.23.

(a) In the temperature input mode

O: Enable, ×: Disable

| Address | Target | Setting contents | | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | | |
|--|---------|---|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|--|------------------------------|--|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | Default value ^{*1} | *2 | setting*3 | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference | |
| 0(0 _H) | All CHs | Error code | 0 | R | × | × | Page 334, Appendix 2 (1) | |
| 1(1 _H) | CH1 | Decimal point position | | | | | | |
| 2(2 _H) | CH2 | Decimal point position | 0(TT) 1(RT) | R | × | × | Page 334, Appendix 2 | |
| 3(3 _H) | CH3 | Decimal point position | *5 | ĸ | Â | Â | (2) | |
| 4(4 _H) | CH4 | Decimal point position | | | | | | |
| 5(5 _H) | CH1 | Alert definition | | | | | | |
| 6(6 _H) | CH2 | Alert definition | 0 | R | × | × | Page 336, Appendix 2 | |
| 7(7 _H) | CH3 | Alert definition | 0 | n. | Ŷ | Â | (3) | |
| 8(8 _H) | CH4 | Alert definition | | | | | | |
| 9(9 _H) | CH1 | Temperature process value (PV) | | | | | | |
| 10(A _H) | CH2 | Temperature process value (PV) | 0 | R | × | × | Page 338, Appendix 2 | |
| 11(B _H) | СНЗ | Temperature process value (PV) | 0 | N N | Â | Â | (4) | |
| 12(C _H) | CH4 | Temperature process value (PV) | | | | | | |
| 13(D _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System area | — | _ | — | — | — | |
| 28(1C _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 29(1D _H) | All CHs | Cold junction temperature process value ^{*6} | 0 | R | × | × | Page 342, Appendix 2 (9) | |
| 30(1E _H) | All CHs | System area | | _ | _ | | — | |
| 31(1F _H) | All CHs | System area | _ | _ | — | — | — | |
| 32(20 _H) | CH1 | Input range ^{*7} | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) | |
| 33(21 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System area | — | _ | — | _ | _ | |
| 44(2C _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 45(2D _H) | CH1 | Sensor correction value setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) | |
| 46(2E _H) | — | System area | _ | _ | — | | — | |
| 47(2F _H) | - | System area | — | - | — | - | — | |
| 48(30 _H) | CH1 | Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) | |
| 49(31 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System area | — | _ | _ | — | — | |
| 63(3F _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 64(40 _H) | CH2 | Input range ^{*7} | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) | |
| 65(41 _H) to 76(4C _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | |

| Address | Target | Setting contents | Default | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | |
|--|---------|---|----------------------|------------|-----------|--|------------------------------|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | value*1 | *2 | setting*3 | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference |
| 77(4D _H) | CH2 | Sensor correction value setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 78(4E _H) | CH2 | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | — |
| 79(4F _H) | CH2 | System area | _ | _ | _ | — | — |
| 80(50 _H) | CH2 | Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| 81(51 _H) | | | | | | | |
| to 95(5F _H) | — | System area | — | _ | _ | — | — |
| 96(60 _H) | СНЗ | Input range*7 | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| 97(61 _H) to 108(6C _H) | | System area | _ | _ | | | _ |
| 109(6D _H) | CH3 | Sensor correction value setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 110(6E _H) | CH3 | System area | _ | — | — | — | — |
| 111(6F _H) | СНЗ | System area | _ | — | — | _ | — |
| 112(70 _H) | СНЗ | Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| 113(71 _H) to 127(7F _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 128(80 _H) | CH4 | Input range ^{*7} | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| 129(81 _H) to 140(8C _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 141(8D _H) | CH4 | Sensor correction value setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 142(8E _H) | CH4 | System area | _ | — | — | — | — |
| 143(8F _H) | CH4 | System area | | | _ | | |
| 144(90 _H) | CH4 | Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| 145(91 _H) to 181(B5 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | | | _ |
| 182(B6 _H) | All | Cold junction temperature compensation selection ^{*6} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 384, Appendix 2 (49) |
| 183(B7 _H) | All | Control switching monitor | 0 | R | × | × | Page 385, Appendix 2 (50) |
| 184(B8 _H) to 195(C3 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | | _ | _ |
| 196(C4 _H) | CH1 | Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 387, Appendix 2 (53) |

| Address | Target | Setting contents | Default | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | |
|--|---------|---|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | value ^{*1} | *2 | setting ^{*3} | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference |
| 197(C5 _H) | CH1 | Process alarm lower lower limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 198(C6 _H) | CH1 | Process alarm lower upper limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 388, Appendix 2 |
| 199(C7 _H) | CH1 | Process alarm upper lower limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | (54) |
| 200(C8 _H) | CH1 | Process alarm upper upper limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 201(C9 _H) | CH1 | Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting* ⁷ | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (55) |
| 202(CA _H) | CH1 | Rate alarm alert detection cycle ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (56) |
| 203(CB _H) | CH1 | Rate alarm upper limit value*7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 390, Appendix 2 |
| 204(CC _H) | CH1 | Rate alarm lower limit value*7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (57) |
| 205(CD _H) to 211(D3 _H) | _ | System area | | _ | | _ | _ |
| 212(D4 _H) | CH2 | Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 387, Appendix 2 (53) |
| 213(D5 _H) | CH2 | Process alarm lower lower limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 214(D6 _H) | CH2 | Process alarm lower upper limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 388, Appendix 2 |
| 215(D7 _H) | CH2 | Process alarm upper lower limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | (54) |
| 216(D8 _H) | CH2 | Process alarm upper upper limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 217(D9 _H) | CH2 | Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (55) |
| 218(DA _H) | CH2 | Rate alarm alert detection cycle ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (56) |
| 219(DB _H) | CH2 | Rate alarm upper limit value*7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 390, Appendix 2 |
| 220(DC _H) | CH2 | Rate alarm lower limit value*7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (57) |
| 221(DD _H) to 227(E3 _H) | _ | System area | | _ | _ | | _ |
| 228(E4 _H) | СНЗ | Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting* ⁷ | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 387, Appendix 2 (53) |

| Address | Target | Setting contents | Default | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | |
|---|---------|---|----------------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | value ^{*1} | *2 | setting ^{*3} | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference |
| (nexadecinial)) | | | 0(TT) | | | availability | |
| 229(E5 _H) | СНЗ | Process alarm lower lower limit value ^{*7} | -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 230(E6 _H) | СНЗ | Process alarm lower upper limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 388, Appendix 2 |
| 231(E7 _H) | СНЗ | Process alarm upper lower limit value*7 | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | (54) |
| 232(E8 _H) | СНЗ | Process alarm upper upper limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 233(E9 _H) | CH3 | Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (55) |
| 234(EA _H) | СНЗ | Rate alarm alert detection cycle*7 | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (56) |
| 235(EB _H) | СНЗ | Rate alarm upper limit value*7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 390, Appendix 2 |
| 236(EC _H) | CH3 | Rate alarm lower limit value*7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (57) |
| 237(ED _H) to 243(F3 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| 244(F4 _H) | CH4 | Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 387, Appendix 2 (53) |
| 245(F5 _H) | CH4 | Process alarm lower lower limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 246(F6 _H) | CH4 | Process alarm lower upper limit value ^{*7} | 0(TT) -2000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 388, Appendix 2 |
| 247(F7 _H) | CH4 | Process alarm upper lower limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | (54) |
| 248(F8 _H) | CH4 | Process alarm upper upper limit value ^{*7} | 1300(TT) 6000(RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 249(F9 _H) | CH4 | Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (55) |
| 250(FA _H) | CH4 | Rate alarm alert detection cycle ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (56) |
| 251(FB _H) | CH4 | Rate alarm upper limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 390, Appendix 2 |
| 252(FC _H) | CH4 | Rate alarm lower limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (57) |
| 253(FD _H) to 543(21F _H) | | System area | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| 544(220 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value)*7 | 0 | R/W O O | | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 545(221 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation offset value(compensation value)*7 | 0 R/W O O | | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) | |
| 546(222 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |

| Address | Target | Setting contents | Default | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | |
|--|---------|---|---------------------|------------|-----------|--|------------------------------|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | value ^{*1} | *2 | setting*3 | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference |
| 547(223 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 548(224 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request*7 | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 549(225 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 550(226 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 551(227 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 552(228 _H) to 575(23F _H) | _ | System area | | _ | _ | | _ |
| 576(240 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation (measured value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 577(241 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value)*7 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 578(242 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| 579(243 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation (compensation value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 580(244 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 581(245 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 582(246 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 583(247 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 584(248 _H) to 607(25F _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 608(260 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 609(261 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value)* ⁷ | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 610(262 _H) | CH3 | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| 611(263 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value)*7 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 612(264 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request*7 | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 613(265 _H) | CH3 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 614(266 _H) | CH3 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 615(267 _H) | CH3 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |

| Address | Target | Setting contents | Default | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | |
|--|---------|---|---------------------|------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | value ^{*1} | *2 | setting ^{*3} | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference |
| 616(268 _H) | | | | | | | |
| to 639(27F _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | — | — | |
| 640(280 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value)* ⁷ | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 641(281 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value)* ⁷ | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 642(282 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| 643(283 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value)*7 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 644(284 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 645(285 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation offset latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 646(286 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 647(287 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor compensation gain latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 648(288 _H) to 692(2B4 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | | | _ |
| 693(2B5 _H) | All CHs | Conversion enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 000Fн | R/W | × | 0 | Page 402, Appendix 2 (75) |
| 694(2B6 _H) to 724(2D4 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | | | _ |
| 725(2D5 _H) | CH1 | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| 726(2D6 _H) | CH1 | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, Appendix 2 |
| 727(2D7 _H) | CH1 | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (81) |
| 728(2D8 _H) | CH1 | Process value (PV) scaling value | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) |
| 729(2D9 _H) to 740(2E4 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | | _ | _ |
| 741(2E5 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting *7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| 742(2E6 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, Appendix 2 |
| 743(2E7 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (81) |
| 744(2E8 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling value | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) |

| Address | Target | Setting contents | Default | Read/Write | Automatic | Non-volatile | |
|---|---------|---|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel | Temperature input mode | value ^{*1} | *2 | setting ^{*3} | memory write availability ^{*4} | Reference |
| 745(2E9 _H) | | | | | | | |
| to 756(2F4 _H) | _ | System area | — | — | | — | |
| 757(2F5 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting *7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| 758(2F6 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, Appendix 2 |
| 759(2F7 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (81) |
| 760(2F8 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling value | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) |
| 761(2F9 _H) to 772(304 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 773(305 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting *7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| 774(306 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, Appendix 2 |
| 775(307 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (81) |
| 776(308 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling value | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) |
| 777(309 _H) to 784(310 _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| 785(311 _H) | All CHs | Sensor compensation function selection ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 413, Appendix 2 (91) |
| 786(312 _H) | All CHs | Temperature conversion completion flag | 0 | R | × | × | Page 413, Appendix 2 (92) |
| 787(313 _H) | All CHs | Function extension bit monitor | 0 | R | × | × | Page 414, Appendix 2 (93) |
| 788(314 _H) | All CHs | Sampling cycle monitor | 0 | R | × | × | Page 414, Appendix 2 (94) |
| 789(315 _H) to 1278(4FE _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | | | _ |
| 1279(4FF _H) to 4095(FFF _H) | | Buffer mem | ory areas for | error history (| <i>∃</i> Page 76, Se | ection 3.5 (2)) | |
| 4096(1000 _H) to 53247(CFFF _H) | _ | System area | | _ | _ | _ | _ |

- *1 This default value is set after the module is turned off and on or after the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled.
- *2 This column indicates whether data can be read from or written to the buffer memory area through sequence programs.
 R: Reading enabled
 W: Writing enabled
- *3 This column indicates whether the setting in the buffer memory area is automatically changed when the input range is changed. Enable/disable of automatic change can be set on Switch Setting. For details, refer to FP Page 234, Section 8.3.3.
- *4 Whether writing to the non-volatile memory by turning off and on Set value backup instruction (Yn8) is enabled in this column. For details, refer to Page 235, Section 8.3.4.
- *5 (TT) indicates the L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW. (RT) indicates the L60TCRT4 and L60TCRT4BW.
- *6 Available only when the L60TCTT4 or L60TCTT4BW is used. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.
- *7 Available only in the setting mode. To enable the setting contents, turn off, on, and off Setting change instruction (YnB) when Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is off (during setting mode). Note that a write data error (error code: □□□3H) occurs if the setting is changed during the operation mode.

(b) In the temperature control mode

| O: Enable, | X: Disable |
|------------|------------|
|------------|------------|

| | Target | S | Setting contents | S | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 0(0 _H) | All CHs | Error code | | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 334, Appendix 2 (1) |
| 1(1 _H) | CH1 | Decimal point pos | sition | | | | | | |
| 2(2 _H) | CH2 | Decimal point pos | sition | | 0(TT) | Р | × | | Page 334, Appendix 2 |
| 3(3 _H) | CH3 | Decimal point pos | sition | | 1(RT) *5 | R | ~ | × | (2) |
| 4(4 _H) | CH4 | Decimal point pos | sition | | | | | | |
| 5(5 _H) | CH1 | Alert definition | | | | | | | |
| 6(6 _H) | CH2 | Alert definition | | | | - | | | Page 336, |
| 7(7 _H) | CH3 | Alert definition | | | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (3) |
| 8(8 _H) | CH4 | Alert definition | | | | | | | (-) |
| 9(9 _H) | CH1 | Temperature proc | ess value (PV) | | | | | | |
| 10(A _H) | CH2 | Temperature proc | ess value (PV) | | | | | | Page 338, |
| 11(B _H) | CH3 | Temperature proc | cess value (PV) | | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (4) |
| 12(C _H) | CH4 | Temperature proc | ess value (PV) | | | | | | (') |
| 13(D _H) | CH1 | Manipulated value (MV) | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) | | | | | |
| 14(E _H) | CH2 | Manipulated value (MV) | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) ^{*7} | | | | | Page 339, |
| 15(F _H) | СНЗ | Manipulated value (MV) | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) ^{*6} | Manipulated value (MV) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (5) |
| 16(10 _H) | CH4 | Manipulated value (MV) | Manipulated value for heating (MVh) ^{*6} | Manipulated value (MV) | | | | | |
| 17(11 _H) | CH1 | Temperature rise judgment flag | Temperature rise judgment flag | Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | | |
| 18(12 _H) | CH2 | Temperature rise judgment flag | Temperature rise judgment flag | Temperature rise judgment flag ^{*7} | | | | | Page 340, |
| 19(13 _H) | СНЗ | Temperature rise judgment flag | Temperature rise judgment flag *6 | Temperature rise judgment flag | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (6) |
| 20(14 _H) | CH4 | Temperature rise judgment flag | Temperature rise judgment flag *6 | Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | | |

| | Target | S | etting contents | S | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 21(15 _H) | CH1 | Transistor output flag | Heating transistor output flag | Heating transistor output flag | | | | | |
| 22(16 _H) | CH2 | Transistor output flag | Heating transistor output flag | Heating transistor output flag ^{*7} | | | | | Page 341, |
| 23(17 _H) | СНЗ | Transistor output flag | Heating transistor output flag ^{*6} | Transistor output flag | 0 | R | × | x | Appendix 2 (7) |
| 24(18 _H) | CH4 | Transistor output flag | Heating transistor output flag ^{*6} | Transistor output flag | | | | | |
| 25(19 _H) | CH1 | Set value (SV) m | onitor | | | | | | |
| 26(1A _H) | CH2 | Set value (SV) monitor | Set value (SV) monitor | Set value (SV) monitor ^{*7} | | _ | | | Page 342, |
| 27(1B _H) | СНЗ | Set value (SV) monitor | Set value (SV) monitor ^{*6} | Set value (SV) monitor | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (8) |
| 28(1C _H) | CH4 | Set value (SV) monitor | Set value (SV) monitor ^{*6} | Set value (SV) monitor | | | | | |
| 29(1D _H) | All CHs | Cold junction tem | perature process | value ^{*8} | 0 | R | × | × | Page 342, Appendix 2 (9) |
| 30(1E _H) | All CHs | MAN mode shift o | completion flag | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 342, Appendix 2 (10) |
| 31(1F _H) | All CHs | Memory of PID co | onstants read/Writ | e completion flag | 0 | R | × | × | Page 343, Appendix 2 (11) |
| 32(20 _H) | CH1 | Input range ^{*9} | | | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| 33(21 _H) | CH1 | Stop mode setting |] | | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 353, Appendix 2 (13) |
| 34(22 _H) | CH1 | Set value (SV) se | tting | | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| 35(23 _H) | CH1 | Proportional band (P) setting | Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 36(24 _H) | CH1 | Integral time (I) se | etting | | 240 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) |
| 37(25 _H) | CH1 | Derivative time (D | (D) setting | | 60 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) |
| 38(26 _H) | CH1 | Alert set value 1 | t value 1 | | | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 39(27 _H) | CH1 | Alert set value 2 | | | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 358, |
| 40(28 _H) | CH1 | Alert set value 3 | | | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (18) |
| 41(29 _H) | CH1 | Alert set value 4 | | | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |

| | Target | S | etting contents | S | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | cooling Mix control | | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 42(2A _H) | CH1 | Upper limit output limiter | Heating upper limit output limiter | Heating upper limit output limiter | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 |
| 43(2B _H) | CH1 | Lower limit output limiter | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (19) |
| 44(2C _H) | CH1 | Output variation li | tput variation limiter setting | | | | × | 0 | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) |
| 45(2D _H) | CH1 | Sensor correction | ensor correction value setting | | | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 46(2E _H) | CH1 | Adjustment sensit | tivity (dead band) | setting | 5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (22) |
| 47(2F _H) | CH1 | Control output cycle setting | Heating control output cycle setting | Heating control output cycle setting | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 48(30 _H) | CH1 | Primary delay dig | ital filter setting | 1 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| 49(31 _H) | CH1 | Control response | ontrol response parameters | | | R/W | × | 0 | Page 366, Appendix 2 (25) |
| 50(32 _H) | CH1 | AUTO/MAN mode | e shift | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) |
| 51(33 _H) | CH1 | MAN output settir | ng | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 368, Appendix 2 (27) |
| 52(34 _H) | CH1 | Setting change ra limiter (temperatu | - | change rate | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 53(35 _H) | CH1 | AT bias | | | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| 54(36 _H) | CH1 | Forward/reverse action setting | System area | System area | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) |
| 55(37 _H) | CH1 | Upper limit setting | g limiter | | 1300 (TT) 6000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 372, Appendix 2 |
| 56(38 _H) | CH1 | Lower limit setting | ver limit setting limiter | | | R/W | 0 | 0 | (31) |
| 57(39 _H) | CH1 | System area | | | — | | _ | _ | - |
| 58(3A _H) | CH1 | Heater disconnec | er disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | | | R/W | × | 0 | Page 373, Appendix 2 (32) |
| 59(3B _H) | CH1 | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | System area | System area | 480 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | 6 | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 60(3C _H) | CH1 | Loop disconnection detection dead band | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| 61(3D _H) | CH1 | Unused channel s | setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) |
| 62(3E _H) | CH1 | Memory of PID co | onstants read instr | uction | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 377, Appendix 2 (36) |
| 63(3F _H) | CH1 | Automatic backup constants | setting after auto | tuning of PID | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 378, Appendix 2 (37) |
| 64(40 _H) | CH2 | Input range ^{*9} | | | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| 65(41 _H) | CH2 | Stop mode setting | Stop mode setting | Stop mode setting ^{*7} | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 353, Appendix 2 (13) |
| 66(42 _H) | CH2 | Set value (SV) setting | Set value (SV) setting | Set value (SV) setting ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| 67(43 _H) | CH2 | Proportional band (P) setting | Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | Heating proportional band (Ph) setting ^{*7} | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 68(44 _H) | CH2 | Integral time (I) setting | Integral time (I) setting | Integral time (I) setting ^{*7} | 240 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) |
| 69(45 _H) | CH2 | Derivative time (D) setting | Derivative time (D) setting | Derivative time (D) setting ^{*7} | 60 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) |
| 70(46 _H) | CH2 | Alert set value 1 | Alert set value 1 | Alert set value 1*7 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 71(47 _H) | CH2 | Alert set value 2 | Alert set value 2 | Alert set value 2 ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 358, |
| 72(48 _H) | CH2 | Alert set value 3 | Alert set value 3 | Alert set value 3 ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (18) |
| 73(49 _H) | CH2 | Alert set value 4 | Alert set value 4 | Alert set value 4 ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 74(4A _H) | CH2 | Upper limit output limiter | Heating upper limit output limiter | Heating upper limit output limiter ^{*7} | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 |
| 75(4B _H) | CH2 | Lower limit output limiter | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (19) |
| 76(4C _H) | CH2 | Output variation limiter setting | Output variation limiter setting | Output variation limiter setting ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) |
| 77(4D _H) | CH2 | Sensor correction | value setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 78(4E _H) | CH2 | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting ^{*7} | 5 | R/W | x | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (22) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | 3 | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | imal or Standard Heat current Control con sensor (CT) | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference | |
| 79(4F _H) | CH2 | Control output cycle setting | Heating control output cycle setting | Heating control output cycle setting ^{*7} | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 80(50 _H) | CH2 | Primary delay dig | ital filter setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| 81(51 _H) | CH2 | Control response parameters | Control response parameters | Control response parameters ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 366, Appendix 2 (25) |
| 82(52 _H) | CH2 | AUTO/MAN mode shift | AUTO/MAN mode shift | AUTO/MAN mode shift *7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) |
| 83(53 _H) | CH2 | MAN output setting | MAN output setting | MAN output setting *7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 368, Appendix 2 (27) |
| 84(54 _H) | CH2 | Setting change ra limiter (temperatu *10 | - | hange rate | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 85(55 _H) | CH2 | AT bias | AT bias | AT bias ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| 86(56 _H) | CH2 | Forward/reverse action setting | System area | System area | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) |
| 87(57 _H) | CH2 | Upper limit setting limiter | Upper limit setting limiter | Upper limit setting limiter ^{*7} | 1300 (TT) 6000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 372, |
| 88(58 _H) | CH2 | Lower limit setting limiter | Lower limit setting limiter | Lower limit setting limiter ^{*7} | 0 (TT) -2000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (31) |
| 89(59 _H) | CH2 | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 90(5A _H) | CH2 | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*7*11} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 373, Appendix 2 (32) |
| 91(5B _H) | CH2 | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | System area | System area | 480 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |
| 92(5C _H) | CH2 | Loop disconnection detection dead band | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| 93(5D _H) | CH2 | Unused channel setting | Unused channel setting | Unused channel setting ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) |
| 94(5E _H) | CH2 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | Memory of PID constants read instruction | Memory of PID constants read instruction ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 377, Appendix 2 (36) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | S | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 95(5F _H) | CH2 | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 378, Appendix 2 (37) |
| 96(60 _H) | CH3 | Input range ^{*9} | | | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| 97(61 _H) | СНЗ | Stop mode setting | Stop mode setting *6 | Stop mode setting | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 353, Appendix 2 (13) |
| 98(62 _H) | CH3 | Set value (SV) setting | Set value (SV) setting ^{*6} | Set value (SV) setting | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| 99(63 _H) | CH3 | Proportional band (P) setting | Heating proportional band (Ph) setting ^{*6} | Proportional band (P) setting | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 100(64 _H) | СНЗ | Integral time (I) setting | Integral time (I) setting ^{*6} | Integral time (I) setting | 240 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) |
| 101(65 _H) | СНЗ | Derivative time (D) setting | Derivative time (D) setting ^{*6} | Derivative time (D) setting | 60 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) |
| 102(66 _H) | СНЗ | Alert set value 1 | Alert set value 1 ^{*6} | Alert set value 1 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 103(67 _H) | CH3 | Alert set value 2 | Alert set value 2 ^{*6} | Alert set value 2 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 358, |
| 104(68 _H) | СНЗ | Alert set value 3 | Alert set value 3 ^{*6} | Alert set value 3 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (18) |
| 105(69 _H) | СНЗ | Alert set value 4 | Alert set value 4 ^{*6} | Alert set value 4 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 106(6A _H) | СНЗ | Upper limit output limiter | Heating upper limit output limiter ^{*6} | Upper limit output limiter | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 |
| 107(6B _H) | CH3 | Lower limit output limiter | System area | Lower limit output limiter | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (19) |
| 108(6C _H) | СНЗ | Output variation limiter setting | Output variation limiter setting ^{*6} | Output variation limiter setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) |
| 109(6D _H) | СНЗ | Sensor correction | value setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 110(6E _H) | СНЗ | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting ^{*6} | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | 5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (22) |
| 111(6F _H) | СНЗ | Control output cycle setting | Heating control output cycle setting ^{*6} | Control output cycle setting | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 112(70 _H) | CH3 | Primary delay dig | ital filter setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | \$ | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 113(71 _H) | СНЗ | Control response parameters | Control response parameters ^{*6} | Control response parameters | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 366, Appendix 2 (25) |
| 114(72 _H) | СНЗ | AUTO/MAN mode shift | AUTO/MAN mode shift ^{*6} | AUTO/MAN mode shift | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) |
| 115(73 _H) | СНЗ | MAN output setting | MAN output setting ^{*6} | MAN output setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 368, Appendix 2 (27) |
| 116(74 _H) | СНЗ | Setting change ra limiter (temperatu | - | hange rate | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 117(75 _H) | CH3 | AT bias | AT bias ^{*6} | AT bias | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| 118(76 _H) | СНЗ | Forward/reverse action setting | System area | Forward/revers e action setting | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) |
| 119(77 _H) | СНЗ | Upper limit setting limiter | Upper limit setting limiter ^{*6} | Upper limit setting limiter | 1300 (TT) 6000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 372, |
| 120(78 _H) | СНЗ | Lower limit setting limiter | Lower limit setting limiter ^{*6} | Lower limit setting limiter | 0 (TT) -2000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (31) |
| 121(79 _H) | CH3 | System area | | | | | | | |
| 122(7A _H) | CH3 | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*6*11} | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 373, Appendix 2 (32) |
| 123(7B _H) | СНЗ | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | System area | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 480 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |
| 124(7C _H) | СНЗ | Loop disconnection detection dead band | System area | Loop disconnection detection dead band | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| 125(7D _H) | СНЗ | Unused channel setting | Unused channel setting ^{*6} | Unused channel setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) |
| 126(7E _H) | СНЗ | Memory of PID constants read instruction | Memory of PID constants read instruction ^{*6} | Memory of PID constants read instruction | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 377, Appendix 2 (36) |
| 127(7F _H) | СНЗ | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants ^{*6} | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 378, Appendix 2 (37) |
| 128(80 _H) | CH4 | Input range ^{*9} | | | 2(TT) 7(RT) *5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |

| | Target | s | etting contents | S | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 129(81 _H) | CH4 | Stop mode setting | Stop mode setting ^{*6} | Stop mode setting | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 353, Appendix 2 (13) |
| 130(82 _H) | CH4 | Set value (SV) setting | Set value (SV) setting ^{*6} | Set value (SV) setting | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| 131(83 _H) | CH4 | Proportional band (P) setting | Heating proportional band (Ph) setting ^{*6} | Proportional band (P) setting | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 132(84 _H) | CH4 | Integral time (I) setting | Integral time (I) setting ^{*6} | Integral time (I) setting | 240 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) |
| 133(85 _H) | CH4 | Derivative time (D) setting | Derivative time (D) setting ^{*6} | Derivative time (D) setting | 60 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) |
| 134(86 _H) | CH4 | Alert set value 1 | Alert set value 1 ^{*6} | Alert set value 1 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 135(87 _H) | CH4 | Alert set value 2 | Alert set value 2 ^{*6} | Alert set value 2 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 358, |
| 136(88 _H) | CH4 | Alert set value 3 | Alert set value 3 ^{*6} | Alert set value 3 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (18) |
| 137(89 _H) | CH4 | Alert set value 4 | Alert set value 4 ^{*6} | Alert set value 4 | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | |
| 138(8A _H) | CH4 | Upper limit output limiter | Heating upper limit output limiter ^{*6} | Upper limit output limiter | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 |
| 139(8B _H) | CH4 | Lower limit output limiter | System area | Lower limit output limiter | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (19) |
| 140(8C _H) | CH4 | Output variation limiter setting | Output variation limiter setting ^{*6} | Output variation limiter setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) |
| 141(8D _H) | CH4 | Sensor correction | value setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| 142(8E _H) | CH4 | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting ^{*6} | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | 5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (22) |
| 143(8F _H) | CH4 | Control output cycle setting | Heating control output cycle setting ^{*6} | Control output cycle setting | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 144(90 _H) | CH4 | Primary delay dig | ital filter setting | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| 145(91 _H) | CH4 | Control response parameters | Control response parameters ^{*6} | Control response parameters | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 366, Appendix 2 (25) |
| 146(92 _H) | CH4 | AUTO/MAN mode shift | AUTO/MAN mode shift *6 | AUTO/MAN mode shift | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) |
| 147(93 _H) | CH4 | MAN output setting | MAN output setting ^{*6} | MAN output setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 368, Appendix 2 (27) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | \$ | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|--|---|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 148(94 _H) | CH4 | Setting change ra limiter (temperatu *10 | - | change rate | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 149(95 _H) | CH4 | AT bias | AT bias *6 | AT bias | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| 150(96 _H) | CH4 | Forward/reverse action setting | System area | Forward/revers e action setting | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) |
| 151(97 _H) | CH4 | Upper limit setting limiter | Upper limit setting limiter ^{*6} | Upper limit setting limiter | 1300 (TT) 6000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 372, |
| 152(98 _H) | CH4 | Lower limit setting limiter | Lower limit setting limiter ^{*6} | Lower limit setting limiter | 0 (TT) -2000 (RT) *5 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Appendix 2 (31) |
| 153(99 _H) | CH4 | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 154(9A _H) | CH4 | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*6*11} | Heater disconnection alert setting ^{*11} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 373, Appendix 2 (32) |
| 155(9B _H) | CH4 | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | System area | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 480 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |
| 156(9C _H) | CH4 | Loop disconnection detection dead band | System area | Loop disconnection detection dead band | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| 157(9D _H) | CH4 | Unused channel setting | Unused channel setting ^{*6} | Unused channel setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) |
| 158(9E _H) | CH4 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | Memory of PID constants read instruction ^{*6} | Memory of PID constants read instruction | 0 | R/W | x | × | Page 377, Appendix 2 (36) |
| 159(9F _H) | CH4 | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants ^{*6} | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 378, Appendix 2 (37) |
| 160(A0 _H) to 163(A3 _H) | | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | | |
| 164(A4 _H) | All CHs | Alert dead band s | setting | | 5 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 379, Appendix 2 (38) |
| 165(A5 _H) | All CHs | Number of alert d | elay | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 379, Appendix 2 (39) |
| 166(A6 _H) | All CHs | Heater disconnec detection delay co | - | e current error | 3 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 380, Appendix 2 (40) |

| | Target | S | | Non- | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 167(A7 _H) | All CHs | Temperature rise | completion range | setting | 1 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 380, Appendix 2 (41) |
| 168(A8 _H) | All CHs | Temperature rise | completion soak ti | ime setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 381, Appendix 2 (42) |
| 169(A9 _H) | All CHs | PID continuation | flag | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 381, Appendix 2 (43) |
| 170(AA _H) | All CHs | Heater disconnec | tion correction fun | ction selection ^{*11} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 381, Appendix 2 (44) |
| 171(AB _H) to 174(AE _H) | | System area | | | | | _ | | _ |
| 175(AF _H) | All CHs | Transistor output | monitor ON delay | time setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 382, Appendix 2 (45) |
| 176(B0 _H) | All CHs | CT monitor metho | od switching ^{*11} | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 382, Appendix 2 (46) |
| 177(B1 _H) | CH1 | Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 178(B2 _H) | CH2 | Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module ^{*7} | 0 | R | × | × | Page 383, |
| 179(B3 _H) | СНЗ | Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module ^{*6} | Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (47) |
| 180(B4 _H) | CH4 | Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module ^{*6} | Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 181(B5 _H) | All CHs | Resolution of the another analog m | manipulated value | e for output with | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 384, Appendix 2 (48) |
| 182(B6 _H) | All CHs | Cold junction tem | Cold junction temperature compensation selection*8 | | | R/W | × | 0 | Page 384, Appendix 2 (49) |
| 183(B7 _H) | All CHs | Control switching | monitor | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 385, Appendix 2 (50) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | 3 | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 184(B8 _H) | CH1 | Auto tuning mode | selection | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 185(B9 _H) | CH2 | Auto tuning mode selection | Auto tuning mode selection | Auto tuning mode selection *7 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 186(BA _H) | СНЗ | Auto tuning mode selection | Auto tuning mode selection ^{*6} | Auto tuning mode selection | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 385, Appendix 2 (51) |
| 187(BB _H) | CH4 | Auto tuning mode selection | Auto tuning mode selection ^{*6} | Auto tuning mode selection | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 188(BC _H) to 191(BF _H) | _ | System area | | | | | _ | _ | _ |
| 192(C0 _H) | CH1 | Alert 1 mode sett | ng ^{*9} | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 193(C1 _H) | CH1 | Alert 2 mode sett | ng ^{*9} | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 386, |
| 194(C2 _H) | CH1 | Alert 3 mode sett | ng ^{*9} | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 (52) |
| 195(C3 _H) | CH1 | Alert 4 mode sett | lert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | | | | × | 0 | |
| 196(C4 _H) to 207(CF _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | | _ | _ | _ |
| 208(D0 _H) | CH2 | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 209(D1 _H) | CH2 | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 386, Appendix 2 |
| 210(D2 _H) | CH2 | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (52) |
| 211(D3 _H) | CH2 | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 4 mode setting*7*9 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 212(D4 _H) to 223(DF _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 224(E0 _H) | СНЗ | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 225(E1 _H) | СНЗ | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 386, Appendix 2 |
| 226(E2 _H) | СНЗ | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | (52) |
| 227(E3 _H) | СНЗ | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 228(E4 _H) to 239(EF _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | | _ | _ | _ |

| | Target | : | Setting contents | | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 240(F0 _H) | CH4 | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 1 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 241(F1 _H) | CH4 | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 2 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 386, |
| 242(F2 _H) | CH4 | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 3 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 (52) |
| 243(F3 _H) | CH4 | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*6*9} | Alert 4 mode setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 244(F4 _H) to 255(FF _H) | | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | | _ |
| 256(100 _H) | CT1 | Heater current m | easurement value | s*11 | | | | | |
| 257(101 _H) | CT2 | Heater current m | easurement value | *11 | | | | | |
| 258(102 _H) | CT3 | Heater current m | easurement value | *11 | | | | | |
| 259(103 _H) | CT4 | Heater current m | easurement value | * ¹¹ | 0 | R | × | × | Page 390, Appendix 2 |
| 260(104 _H) | CT5 | Heater current m | neasurement value | s*11 | 0 | IX. | ĥ | ~ | (58) |
| 261(105 _H) | CT6 | Heater current m | neasurement value | s*11 | | | | | |
| 262(106 _H) | CT7 | Heater current m | easurement value | *11 | | | | | |
| 263(107 _H) | CT8 | Heater current m | easurement value | *11 | | | | | |
| 264(108 _H) | CT1 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | _ | | | | |
| 265(109 _H) | CT2 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | | | | | |
| 266(10A _H) | CT3 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | | | | | |
| 267(10B _H) | CT4 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 391, Appendix 2 |
| 268(10C _H) | CT5 | | l assignment settir | | - | | | Ũ | (59) |
| 269(10D _H) | CT6 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | - | | | | |
| 270(10E _H) | CT7 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | - | | | | |
| 271(10F _H) | CT8 | CT input channe | l assignment settir | ng ^{*11} | | | | | |
| 272(110 _H) | CT1 | CT selection ^{*9*11} | | | - | | | | |
| 273(111 _H) | CT2 | CT selection*9*11 | | | | | | | |
| 274(112 _H) | CT3 | CT selection*9*11 | | | - | | | | D |
| 275(113 _H) | CT4 | CT selection*9*11 | | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 392, Appendix 2 |
| 276(114 _H) | CT5 | CT selection*9*11 | | | | | | | (60) |
| 277(115 _H) | CT6 | CT selection*9*11 | | | - | | | | |
| 278(116 _H) | CT7 | CT selection*9*11 | | | - | | | | |
| 279(117 _H) | CT8 | CT selection ^{*9*11} | | | | | | | |
| 280(118 _H) | CT1 | | r current value*11 | | - | | | | |
| 281(119 _H) | CT2 | | r current value*11 | | - | | | | |
| 282(11A _H) | CT3 | | r current value*11 | | - | | | | Page 393, |
| 283(11B _H) | CT4 | | ference heater current value*11 | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 |
| 284(11C _H) | CT5 | | erence heater current value ^{*11} | | | | | | (61) |
| 285(11D _H) | CT6 | | r current value*11 | | - | | | | |
| 286(11E _H) | CT7 | | r current value*11 | | - | | | | |
| 287(11F _H) | CT8 | Reference heate | r current value ^{*11} | | | | | | |

| | Target | S | s | | | | Non- | | |
|--|--|--|--|-------------------------------|-----|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | control control Mix control | | | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 288(120 _H) | CT1 | CT ratio setting ^{*11} | l | | | | | | |
| 289(121 _H) | CT2 | CT ratio setting ^{*11} | l | | | | | | |
| 290(122 _H) | CT3 | CT ratio setting*11 | | | _ | | | | |
| 291(123 _H) | CT4 | CT ratio setting*11 | 1 | | 800 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 393, Appendix 2 |
| 292(124 _H) | CT5 | CT ratio setting ^{*11} | 1 | | | | | Ŭ | (62) |
| 293(125 _H) | CT6 | CT ratio setting ^{*11} | 1 | | _ | | | | |
| 294(126 _H) | CT7 | CT ratio setting ^{*11} | l | | | | | | |
| 295(127 _H) | CT8 | CT ratio setting*11 | 1 | | | | | | |
| 296(128 _H) to 543(21F _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | — | _ | _ | _ |
| 544(220 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor con value) ^{*9} | | | | | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 545(221 _H) | CH1 | | Point sensor compensation offset value compensation value) ^{*9} | | | | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 546(222 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor co value) ^{*9} | 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) ^{*9} | | | | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| 547(223 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor co (compensation va | | value | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 548(224 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | t latch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 549(225 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 550(226 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation gain I | atch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 551(227 _H) | CH1 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation gain I | atch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 552(228 _H) to 563(233 _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| 564(234 _H) | CH1 | Setting change ra | te limiter (tempera | ature drop) ^{*12} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 565(235 _H) to 572(23C _H) | | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 573(23D _H) | CH1 | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | System area | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Page 398, Appendix 2 (71) |
| 574(23E _H) | CH1 | Self-tuning setting | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 399, Appendix 2 (72) |

| | Target | S | etting content | s | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|--|---|-------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 575(23F _H) | CH1 | Self-tuning flag | System area | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Page 400, Appendix 2 (73) |
| 576(240 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor con value) ^{*9} | npensation offset | value (measured | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 577(241 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co (compensation va | | t value | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 578(242 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co value) ^{*9} | mpensation gain | value (measured | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| 579(243 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co (compensation va | | value | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 580(244 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | t latch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 581(245 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | t latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 582(246 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co | point sensor compensation gain latch request ^{*9} | | | | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 583(247 _H) | CH2 | 2-point sensor co | point sensor compensation gain latch completion | | | | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 584(248 _H) to 595(253 _H) | | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | |
| 596(254 _H) | CH2 | Setting change ra | te limiter (tempera | ature drop) ^{*12} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 597(255 _H) to 604(25C _H) | | System area | | | | | | | _ |
| 605(25D _H) | CH2 | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | System area | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Page 398, Appendix 2 (71) |
| 606(25E _H) | CH2 | Self-tuning setting | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 399, Appendix 2 (72) |
| 607(25F _H) | CH2 | Self-tuning flag | System area | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Page 400, Appendix 2 (73) |
| 608(260 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor con value) ^{*9} | npensation offset | value (measured | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 609(261 _H) | СНЗ | | point sensor compensation offset value ompensation value) ^{*9} | | | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 610(262 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor co value) ^{*9} | mpensation gain | value (measured | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | s | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 611(263 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor co (compensation va | | value | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 612(264 _H) | CH3 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | latch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 613(265 _H) | CH3 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| 614(266 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor co | mpensation gain la | atch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 615(267 _H) | СНЗ | 2-point sensor co | mpensation gain la | atch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 616(268 _H) to 627(273 _H) | _ | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 628(274 _H) | СНЗ | Setting change ra | te limiter (tempera | ature drop) ^{*12} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 629(275 _H) to 636(27C _H) | | System area | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ |
| 637(27D _H) | СНЗ | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | System area | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | 0 | R | × | x | Page 398, Appendix 2 (71) |
| 638(27E _H) | СНЗ | Self-tuning setting | System area | Self-tuning setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 399, Appendix 2 (72) |
| 639(27F _H) | СНЗ | Self-tuning flag | System area | Self-tuning flag | 0 | R | × | × | Page 400, Appendix 2 (73) |
| 640(280 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor cor value) ^{*9} | npensation offset | value (measured | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| 641(281 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor co (compensation va | | value | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| 642(282 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor convalue) ^{*9} | mpensation gain v | value (measured | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| 643(283 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor con (compensation va | | value | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| 644(284 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | latch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| 645(285 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation offset | latch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | 6 | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|---|--|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 646(286 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation gain l | atch request ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| 647(287 _H) | CH4 | 2-point sensor co | mpensation gain l | atch completion | 0 | R | × | × | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| 648(288 _H) to 659(293 _H) | | System area | | | | | _ | | _ |
| 660(294 _H) | CH4 | Setting change ra | te limiter (tempera | ature drop) ^{*12} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| 661(295 _H) to 668(29C _H) | | System area | imultaneous berature rise meter System area temperature | | | | | | |
| 669(29D _H) | CH4 | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | System area | simultaneous | 0 | R | × | × | Page 398, Appendix 2 (71) |
| 670(29E _H) | CH4 | Self-tuning setting | System area | Self-tuning setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 399, Appendix 2 (72) |
| 671(29Fн) | CH4 | Self-tuning flag | System area | Self-tuning flag | 0 | R | × | × | Page 400, Appendix 2 (73) |
| 672(2A0 _H) to 688(2B0 _H) | | System area | | | | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 689(2B1 _H) | CH1 | Temperature proc another analog m | ess value (PV) for odule | r input with | 0 | R/W | × | × | |
| 690(2B2 _H) | CH2 | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module *7 | 0 | R/W | × | × | |
| 691(2B3 _H) | СНЗ | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module ^{*6} | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module | 0 | R/W | × | × | Page 402, Appendix 2 (74) |
| 692(2B4 _H) | CH4 | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module ^{*6} | Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module | 0 | R/W | × | × | |
| 693(2B5 _H) | | System area | ı | · | | | | | |
| 694(2B6 _H) | | System area | | | | | _ | | — |

| | Target | | | | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|---------------------|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 695(2B7 _H) | CH2 | System area | System area | Temperature conversion setting *14 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 696(2B8 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Temperature conversion setting *13 | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 403, Appendix 2 (76) |
| 697(2B9 _H) | CH4 | System area | Temperature conversion setting *13 | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | |
| 698(2BA _H) to 703(2BF _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 704(2C0 _H) | CH1 | System area | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 705(2C1 _H) | CH2 | System area | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) ^{*7} | 0 | R | × | × | Page 339, |
| 706(2C2 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) ^{*6} | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (5) |
| 707(2C3 _H) | CH4 | System area | Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) ^{*6} | System area | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 708(2C4 _H) | CH1 | System area | Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 709(2C5 _H) | CH2 | System area | Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module | Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module ^{*7} | 0 | R | × | × | Page 383, |
| 710(2C6 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module ^{*6} | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (47) |
| 711(2C7 _H) | CH4 | System area | Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module ^{*6} | System area | 0 | R | × | × | |

| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | Target | Setting contents | | | | | | Non- | |
|--|--|---|---|---|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 712(2C8 _H) | CH1 | System area | Cooling transistor output flag | Cooling transistor output flag | 0 | R | × | × | Page 341, Appendix 2 (7) |
| 713(2C9 _H) | CH2 | System area | Cooling transistor output flag | Cooling transistor output flag *7 | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 714(2CA _H) | СНЗ | System area | Cooling transistor output flag *6 | System area | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 715(2CB _H) | CH4 | System area | Cooling transistor output flag *6 | System area | 0 | R | × | × | |
| 716(2CC _H) to 718(2CE _H) | _ | System area | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | | |
| 719(2CF _H) | All CHs | System area | Cooling method setting *9 | Cooling method setting *9 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 404, Appendix 2 (77) |
| 720(2D0 _H) | CH1 | System area | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 721(2D1 _H) | CH1 | System area | Cooling upper limit output limiter | Cooling upper limit output limiter | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) |
| 722(2D2 _H) | CH1 | System area | Cooling control output cycle setting | Cooling control output cycle setting | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 723(2D3 _H) | CH1 | System area | Overlap/dead band setting | Overlap/dead band setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 404, Appendix 2 (78) |
| 724(2D4 _H) | CH1 | Manual reset amount setting | | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (79) |
| 725(2D5 _H) | CH1 | Process value (P setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) | | |
| 726(2D6 _H) | CH1 | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value*9 | | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, |
| 727(2D7 _H) | CH1 | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value*9 | | | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 (81) |
| 728(2D8 _H) | CH1 | Process value (P | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) | | |
| 729(2D9 _H) | CH1 | Derivative action | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (83) | | |
| 730(2DA _H) | CH1 | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*9} | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (84) |
| 731(2DB _H) | CH1 | Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | 6 | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 732(2DC _H) | CH1 | Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (86) |
| 733(2DD _H) | CH1 | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 409, Appendix 2 (87) |
| 734(2DE _H) | CH1 | Simultaneous temperature rise status | System area | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Page 410, Appendix 2 (88) |
| 735(2DF _H) | CH1 | Setting change ra | te limiter unit time | setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 411, Appendix 2 (89) |
| 736(2E0 _H) | CH2 | System area | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting ^{*7} | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 737(2E1 _H) | CH2 | System area | Cooling upper limit output limiter | Cooling upper limit output limiter ^{*7} | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) |
| 738(2E2 _H) | CH2 | System area | Cooling control output cycle setting | Cooling control output cycle setting ^{*7} | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 739(2E3 _H) | CH2 | System area | Overlap/dead band setting | Overlap/dead band setting ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 404, Appendix 2 (78) |
| 740(2E4 _H) | CH2 | Manual reset amount setting | Manual reset amount setting | Manual reset amount setting ^{*7} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (79) |
| 741(2E5 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| 742(2E6 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, |
| 743(2E7 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 (81) |
| 744(2E8 _H) | CH2 | Process value (PV) scaling value | Process value (PV) scaling value | Process value (PV) scaling value *7 | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) |
| 745(2E9 _H) | CH2 | Derivative action selection *9 | Derivative action selection *9 | Derivative action selection *7*9 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (83) |
| 746(2EA _H) | CH2 | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*9} | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (84) |
| 747(2EB _H) | CH2 | Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | \$ | | | | Non- | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 748(2EC _H) | CH2 | Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (86) |
| 749(2ED _H) | CH2 | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 409, Appendix 2 (87) |
| 750(2EE _H) | CH2 | Simultaneous temperature rise status | System area | System area | 0 | R | × | × | Page 410, Appendix 2 (88) |
| 751(2EF _H) | CH2 | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*9} | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*9} | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*7*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 411, Appendix 2 (89) |
| 752(2F0 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting ^{*6} | System area | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 753(2F1 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Cooling upper limit output limiter ^{*6} | System area | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) |
| 754(2F2 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Cooling control output cycle setting ^{*6} | System area | 30/300 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| 755(2F3 _H) | СНЗ | System area | Overlap/dead band setting ^{*6} | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 404, Appendix 2 (78) |
| 756(2F4 _H) | СНЗ | Manual reset amount setting | Manual reset amount setting ^{*6} | Manual reset amount setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (79) |
| 757(2F5 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*6*9} | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | x | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| 758(2F6 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*6*9} | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 406, |
| 759(2F7 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*6*9} | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 (81) |
| 760(2F8 _H) | СНЗ | Process value (PV) scaling value | Process value (PV) scaling value ^{*6} | Process value (PV) scaling value | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) |
| 761(2F9 _H) | СНЗ | Derivative action selection *9 | Derivative action selection *6*9 | Derivative action selection *9 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (83) |
| 762(2FA _H) | СНЗ | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*9} | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (84) |

| | Target | S | etting contents | \$ | | | | Non- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference | |
| 763(2FB _H) | СНЗ | Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) | |
| 764(2FC _H) | СНЗ | Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (86) | |
| 765(2FD _H) | СНЗ | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 409, Appendix 2 (87) | |
| 766(2FE _H) | СНЗ | Simultaneous temperature rise status | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise status | 0 | R | × | × | Page 410, Appendix 2 (88) | |
| 767(2FF _H) | СНЗ | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*9} | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*6*9} | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 411, Appendix 2 (89) | |
| 768(300 _H) | CH4 | System area | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting ^{*6} | System area | 30 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) | |
| 769(301 _H) | CH4 | System area | Cooling upper limit output limiter ^{*6} | System area | 1000 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) | |
| 770(302 _H) | CH4 | System area | Cooling control output cycle setting ^{*6} | System area | 30/300 | R/W | x | 0 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) | |
| 771(303 _H) | CH4 | System area | Overlap/dead band setting ^{*6} | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 404, Appendix 2 (78) | |
| 772(304 _H) | CH4 | Manual reset amount setting | Manual reset amount setting ^{*6} | Manual reset amount setting | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (79) | |
| 773(305 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting *9 | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting ^{*6*9} | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting *9 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) | |
| 774(306 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*6*9} | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | x | 0 | Page 406, | |
| 775(307 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*9} | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*6*9} | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Appendix 2 (81) | |
| 776(308 _H) | CH4 | Process value (PV) scaling value | Process value (PV) scaling value ^{*6} | Process value (PV) scaling value | 0 | R | × | × | Page 406, Appendix 2 (82) | |
| 777(309 _H) | CH4 | Derivative action selection ^{*9} | Derivative action selection *6*9 | Derivative action selection *9 | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (83) | |

| | Target | S | etting contents | \$ | | | | Non- | |
|---|--|---|---|--|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | channel or current sensor (CT) | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | Default value *1 | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
| 778(30A _H) | CH4 | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*9} | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (84) |
| 779(30B _H) | CH4 | Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) |
| 780(30C _H) | CH4 | Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | 0 | R/W | 0 | 0 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (86) |
| 781(30D _H) | CH4 | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 409, Appendix 2 (87) |
| 782(30E _H) | CH4 | Simultaneous temperature rise status | System area | Simultaneous temperature rise status | 0 | R | × | × | Page 410, Appendix 2 (88) |
| 783(30F _H) | CH4 | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*9} | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*6*9} | Setting change rate limiter unit time setting ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 411, Appendix 2 (89) |
| 784(310 _H) | All CHs | Peak current suppression control group setting ^{*9} | System area | System area | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 412, Appendix 2 (90) |
| 785(311 _H) | All CHs | Sensor compensa | ation function selec | ction ^{*9} | 0 | R/W | × | 0 | Page 413, Appendix 2 (91) |
| 786(312 _H) | All CHs | Temperature conv | version completion | flag | 0 | R | × | × | Page 413, Appendix 2 (92) |
| 787(313 _H) | All CHs | Function extensio | n bit monitor | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 414, Appendix 2 (93) |
| 788(314 _H) | All CHs | Sampling cycle m | onitor | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 414, Appendix 2 (94) |
| 789(315 _H) to 1278(4FE _H) | _ | System area | | | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1279(4FF _H) to 4095(FFF _H) | | | Buffer memory | y for error history (| Pag | e 76, Sectio | on 3.5 (2)) | | |
| 4096(1000 _H) to 53247(CFFF _H) | _ | System area | | | | _ | _ | | _ |

- *1 This default value is set after the module is turned off and on or after the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled.
- *2 This column indicates whether data can be read from or written to the buffer memory area through sequence programs.
 R: Reading enabled
 W: Writing enabled
- *3 This column indicates whether the setting in the buffer memory area is automatically changed when the input range is changed. Enable/disable of automatic change can be set on Switch Setting. For details, refer to FP Page 234, Section 8.3.3.
- *4 Whether writing to the non-volatile memory by turning off and on Set value backup instruction (Yn8) is enabled in this column. For details, refer to Page 235, Section 8.3.4.
- *5 (TT) indicates the L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW. (RT) indicates the L60TCRT4 and L60TCRT4BW.
- *6 Available only when the heating-cooling control (expanded mode) is set on Switch Setting. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.
- *7 Available only when the mix control (expanded mode) is set on Switch Setting. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.
- *8 Available only when the L60TCTT4 or L60TCTT4BW is used. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.
- *9 Available only in the setting mode. To enable the setting contents, turn off, on, and on Setting change instruction (YnB) when Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is off (during setting mode). Note that a write data error (error code: □□□3_H) occurs if the setting is changed during the operation mode.
- *10 By using the setting change rate limiter, whether to set temperature rise/temperature drop in a batch or individually can be selected on Switch Setting. In the batch setting, the target of setting change rate limiter is only this area. In the individual setting, this area is the setting target for the temperature rise. For details, refer to FP Page 155, Section 8.2.10.
- *11 Available only when the L60TCTT4BW or L60TCRT4BW is used. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.
- *12 By using the setting change rate limiter, whether to set temperature rise/temperature drop in a batch or individually can be selected on Switch Setting. In the batch setting, this area is handled as a system area. In the individual setting, this area is the setting target for the temperature drop. For details, refer to FF Page 155, Section 8.2.10.
- *13 Available only when the heating-cooling control (normal mode) is set on Switch Setting. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.
- *14 Available only when the mix control (normal mode) is set on Switch Setting. With other models, this area is handled as a system area.

(2) Buffer memory address for error history

| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | Target channel | | Setting contents | | | | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | Non- volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 1279(4FF _H) | All CHs | Latest add | lress of error h | istory | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 415, Appendix 2 (95) |
| 1280(500 _H) | | | Error code | | | | | | | |
| 1281(501 _H) | | | Upper 2 Lower 2 digits of year digits of year | | | | | | | Page 415, |
| 1282(502 _H) | All CHs | History 1 | Error | Month | Day | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 |
| 1283(503 _H) | | | occurrence time | Hour | Minute | | | | | (96) |
| 1284(504 _H) | | | | Second | Day of the week | | | | | |
| 1285(505 _H) | | | • | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | | | | — | — | — | — |
| 1287(507 _H) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1288(508 _H) | | | Error code | error occurrence | time (Data | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 2 | | he same as that | | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1292(50C _H) | | | | | | | | | | (30) |
| 1293(50D _H) | | | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | | | — | _ | — | — | — |
| 1295(50F _H) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1296(510 _H) | All CHs | History 3 | Error code, e | error occurrence | e time (Data | 0 | R | × | × | Page 415, Appendix 2 |
| to 1300(514 _H) | All CHS | FIISTOLA 2 | structure is the | he same as that | t of History 1.) | 0 | К | Â | Â | (96) |
| 1301(515 _H) | | | | | | | | | | |
| to | _ | System ar | ea | | | _ | _ | | _ | _ |
| 1303(517 _H) | | -) | | | | | | | | |
| 1304(518 _H) | | | | | | | | | | Dogo 415 |
| to | All CHs | History 4 | | error occurrence | | 0 | R | × | × | Page 415, Appendix 2 |
| 1308(51C _H) | | | Siluciule is i | he same as tha | | | | | | (96) |
| 1309(51D _H) | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | | | — | — | — | — | — |
| 1311(51F _H) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1312(520 _H) | | | | | | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 5 | History 5 Error code, error occurrence time (Data structure is the same as that of History 1.) | | | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 |
| 1316(524 _H) | | | | | | | | | | (96) |
| 1317(525 _H) | | | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | System area | | | | — | - | _ | _ |
| 1319(527 _H) | | | i | | | | | | | |
| 1320(528 _H) | | | Error code | error occurrence | e time (Data | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 6 | | he same as that | | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1324(52C _H) | | | | | | | | | | (00) |

| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | Target channel | | Setting contents | | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | Non- volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|---|---|----------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| 1325(52D _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | - | — | — | — | _ |
| 1327(52F _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1328(530 _H) | | | Error code, error ecourrence time (Date | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 7 | ry 7 Error code, error occurrence time (Data structure is the same as that of History 1.) | | R | × | × | Appendix 2 |
| 1332(534 _H) | | | | | | | | (96) |
| 1333(535 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | — | — | — | — | — |
| 1335(537 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1336(538 _H) | | | Error code, error occurrence time (Data | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 8 | structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1340(53C _H) | | | | | | | | (90) |
| 1341(53D _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | - | — | — | — | _ |
| 1343(53F _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1344(540 _H) | | | Error code, error occurrence time (Data | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 9 | structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1348(544 _H) | | | | | | | | (90) |
| 1349(545 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | — | — | — | — | — |
| 1351(547 _H) | | | L | | | | | |
| 1352(548 _H) | | History | Error code, error occurrence time (Data | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | 10 | structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1356(54C _H) | | | | | | | | (00) |
| 1357(54D _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | - | — | — | — | — |
| 1359(54F _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1360(550 _H) | | History | Error code, error occurrence time (Data | _ | _ | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | 11 | structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1364(554 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1365(555 _H) | | 0.1 | | | | | | |
| to | _ | System ar | ea | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| 1367(557 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1368(558 _H) | | History | Error code, error occurrence time (Data | 6 | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | 12 | structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 (96) |
| 1372(55C _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1373(55D _H) | | Svotom | 00 | | | | | |
| to 1375(55F _H) | | System ar | ta | | _ | _ | | _ |
| 1376(560 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | All CHs | History | Error code, error occurrence time (Data | 0 | R | × | × | Page 415, Appendix 2 |
| 1380(564 _H) | 7 11 01 13 | 13 | structure is the same as that of History 1.) | | | <u> </u> | â | (96) |

| Address (decimal (hexadecimal)) | Target channel | | Setting contents | | Read/ Write *2 | Automatic setting *3 | Non- volatile memory write availability *4 | Reference |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|-------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------|
| 1381(565 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | — | — | — | — | — |
| 1383(567 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1384(568 _H) | | | | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 14 | Error code, error occurrence time (Data structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 |
| 1388(56C _H) | | | | | | | | (96) |
| 1389(56D _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | _ | — | — | — | — |
| 1391(56F _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1392(570 _H) | | l lintan i | | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 15 | Error code, error occurrence time (Data structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 |
| 1396(574 _H) | | | | | | | | (96) |
| 1397(575 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | _ | — | — | — | — |
| 1399(577 _H) | | | | | | | | |
| 1400(578 _H) | | | | | | | | Page 415, |
| to | All CHs | History 16 | Error code, error occurrence time (Data structure is the same as that of History 1.) | 0 | R | × | × | Appendix 2 |
| 1404(57C _H) | | - | | | | | | (96) |
| 1405(57D _H) | | | | | | | | |
| to | — | System ar | ea | - | — | — | — | — |
| 4095(FFF _H) | | | | | | | | |
| *1 | This def | ault value i | s set after the module is turned off and o | on or after | the CPU r | nodule is rese | t and the rese | t is cancelled. |

 *1 This default value is set after the module is turned off and on or after the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled.
 *2 This column indicates whether data can be read from or written to the buffer memory area through sequence programs. R: Reading enabled

W: Writing enabled

*3 This column indicates whether the setting in the buffer memory area is automatically changed when the input range is changed. Enable/disable of automatic change can be set on Switch Setting. For details, refer to FP Page 234, Section 8.3.3.

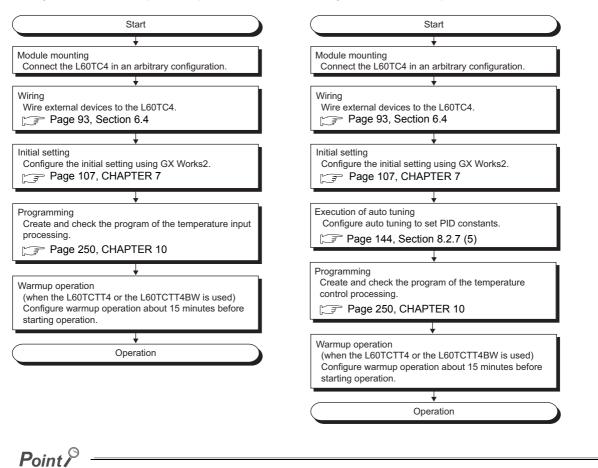
*4 Whether writing to the non-volatile memory by turning off and on Set value backup instruction (Yn8) is enabled in this column. For details, refer to Page 235, Section 8.3.4.

Using the module as a temperature control module

CHAPTER 4 PROCEDURE BEFORE OPERATION

This chapter describes the procedure before operating the L60TC4.

Using the module as a temperature input module



When using the L60TCTT4 and the L60TCTT4BW which use the thermocouples as the temperature sensors, temperature compensation must be executed properly. Perform warm-up operation about 15 minutes before starting operation.

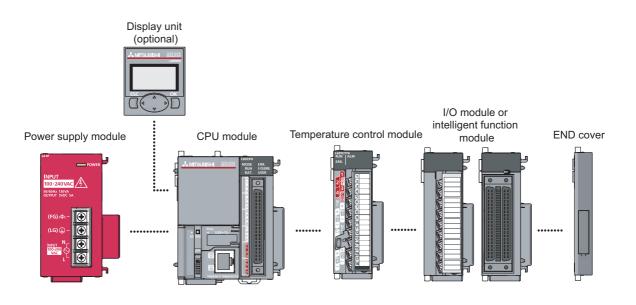
CHAPTER 5 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

This chapter describes the total configuration of the L60TC4, number of connectable modules, and applicable software version.

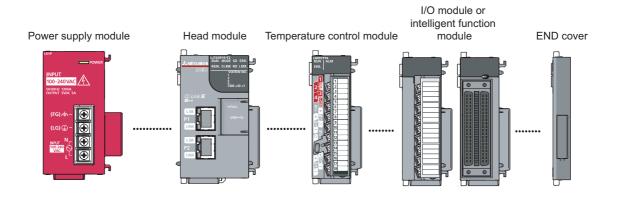
5.1 Total Configuration

This section describes examples of system configurations when using the L60TC4.

(1) Connecting to a CPU module



(2) Connecting to a head module



5.2 Applicable Systems

(1) Number of connectable modules

A CPU module and a head module recognize one L60TCTT4BW or L60TCRT4BW as two modules. Therefore, number of connectable modules reduces to half of other modules.

For the number of connectable modules, refer to the following manuals.

- MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)
- MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

(2) Applicable software version

For applicable software version, refer to the following manuals.

- MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)
- MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

(3) Temperature sensor

For usable temperature sensors, refer to the following.

• Types of usable temperature sensor (Page 36, Section 3.2.2)

(4) Current sensor for heater disconnection detection

The following table lists current sensors for heater disconnection detection available with the L60TCTT4BW or L60TCRT4BW.

| Model name | Remarks | Manufacturer |
|--|---------|-----------------|
| CTL-12-S36-8 (0.0 to 100.0A) ^{*1} | | |
| CTL-12-S36-10 (0.0 to 100.0A) | | |
| CTL-12-S56-10 (0.0 to 100.0A) | — | U.R.D.Co., LTD. |
| CTL-6-P (0.00 to 20.00A) ^{*1} | | |
| CTL-6-P-H (0.00 to 20.00A) | | |

*1 The CTL-12-S36-8 and CTL-6-P can be used although they have been discontinued.

For how to select current sensors for heater disconnection detection, refer to the following.

• Selecting a current sensor for heater disconnection detection (Page 392, Appendix 2 (60))

• Setting of the number of second-winding of connected current sensor (P Page 393, Appendix 2 (62))

5.3 Precautions for System Configuration

The L60TC4 measures temperature based on the temperature of the terminal block. Therefore, depending on the system configuration, temperature distribution of the terminal block can be uneven due to the effect of heat generated from modules, and the measured temperature may differ from actual temperature (especially when two or more L60TC4 modules are connected next to each other or the L60TC4 is mounted next to the power supply module or CPU module).

In this case, the difference between measured value and actual temperature can be reduced by the following methods.

(1) Using the sensor compensation function

The measured temperature can be corrected to the actual temperature by this function. For details on the sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 223, Section 8.3.2

CHAPTER 6 INSTALLATION AND WIRING

This chapter describes the installation and wiring of the L60TC4.

6.1 Installation Environment and Installation Position

For precautions for installation environment and installation position, refer to the following.

- MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)
- MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

6.2 Terminal Block

(1) Precautions

Tighten the terminal block screws within the following specified torque range.

Undertightening screws may cause module dropping, failures, or malfunction. Overtightening screws can damage the screw and/or module, resulting in module dropping, short-circuit, or malfunction.

| Screw location | Tightening torque range |
|--|-------------------------|
| Terminal screw (M3 screw) | 0.42 to 0.58N • m |
| Terminal block mounting screw (M3.5 screw) | 0.66 to 0.89N • m |

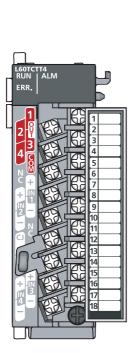
The following table shows the applicable solderless terminal installed to the terminal block. For wiring, use the wire applicable to the following wire and mount with the applicable tightening torque. Use a UL-approved solderless terminal and tools recommended by the manufacturer of the solderless terminal. The sleeve solderless terminal cannot be used.

| Solderle | ess terminal | | Wire | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Model name | Applicable tightening torque | Wire diameter | Туре | Material | Temperature rating | | | | |
| R1.25-3 | 0.42 to 0.58N • m | 22 to 18 AWG | Stranded wire | Copper wire | 75°C or more | | | | |

(2) Signal names of terminal blocks

The following shows signal names of terminal blocks.

(a) L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW (terminal block for I/O)



| Terminal | Indication | Temp | erature input | Stan | dard control |
|----------|------------|--------|--|--------|--|
| number | inuication | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name |
| 1 | OUT1 | — | Unused | L1 | CH1 Output |
| 2 | OUT2 | _ | Unused | L2 | CH2 Output |
| 3 | OUT3 | _ | Unused | L3 | CH3 Output |
| 4 | OUT4 | | Unused | L4 | CH4 Output |
| 5 | COM | — | Unused | COM- | Output common |
| 6 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 7 | IN1+ | MT1+ | Monitor 1 thermocouple + | CH1+ | CH1 Thermocouple + |
| 8 | IN2+ | MT2+ | Monitor 2 thermocouple + | CH2+ | CH2 Thermocouple + |
| 9 | IN1- | MT1- | Monitor 1 thermocouple - | CH1- | CH1 Thermocouple - |
| 10 | IN2- | MT2- | Monitor 2 thermocouple - | CH2- | CH2 Thermocouple - |
| 11 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 12 | CJ | CJ | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor | CJ | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor |
| 13 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 14 | CJ | CJ | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor | CJ | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor |
| 15 | IN3+ | MT3+ | Monitor 3 thermocouple + | CH3+ | CH3 Thermocouple + |
| 16 | IN4+ | MT4+ | Monitor 4 thermocouple + | CH4+ | CH4 Thermocouple + |
| 17 | IN3- | MT3- | Monitor 3 thermocouple - | CH3- | CH3 Thermocouple - |
| 18 | IN4- | MT4- | Monitor 4 thermocouple - | CH4- | CH4 Thermocouple - |

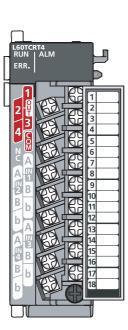
| Terminal | Indication | • | cooling control mal mode) | • | cooling control inded mode) | | ix control mal mode) | | ix control Inded mode) |
|----------|------------|--------|--|--------|--|--------|--|--------|--|
| number | | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name |
| 1 | OUT1 | L1H | CH1 Heating output |
| 2 | OUT2 | L1C | CH1 Cooling output |
| 3 | OUT3 | L2H | CH2 Heating output | L2H | CH2 Heating output | L3 | CH3 Output | L3 | CH3 Output |
| 4 | OUT4 | L2C | CH2 Cooling output | L2C | CH2 Cooling output | L4 | CH4 Output | L4 | CH4 Output |
| 5 | COM | COM- | Output common |
| 6 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 7 | IN1+ | CH1+ | CH1 Thermocouple + |
| 8 | IN2+ | CH2+ | CH2 Thermocouple + | CH2+ | CH2 Thermocouple + | MT2+ | Monitor 2 thermocouple + | CH2+ | CH2 Thermocouple + |
| 9 | IN1- | CH1- | CH1 Thermocouple - |
| 10 | IN2- | CH2- | CH2 Thermocouple - | CH2- | CH2 Thermocouple - | MT2- | Monitor 2 thermocouple - | CH2- | CH2 Thermocouple - |
| 11 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 12 | CJ | CJ | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor |
| 13 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 14 | CJ | CJ | Cold junction temperature compensation resistor |
| 15 | IN3+ | MT3+ | Monitor 3 thermocouple + | CH3+ | CH3 Thermocouple + | CH3+ | CH3 Thermocouple + | CH3+ | CH3 Thermocouple + |
| 16 | IN4+ | MT4+ | Monitor 4 thermocouple + | CH4+ | CH4 Thermocouple + | CH4+ | CH4 Thermocouple + | CH4+ | CH4 Thermocouple + |
| 17 | IN3- | MT3- | Monitor 3 thermocouple - | CH3- | CH3 Thermocouple - | CH3- | CH3 Thermocouple - | CH3- | CH3 Thermocouple - |
| 18 | IN4- | MT4- | Monitor 4 thermocouple - | CH4- | CH4 Thermocouple - | CH4- | CH4 Thermocouple - | CH4- | CH4 Thermocouple - |

Point P

Do not remove the cold junction temperature compensation resistor from the terminal block.

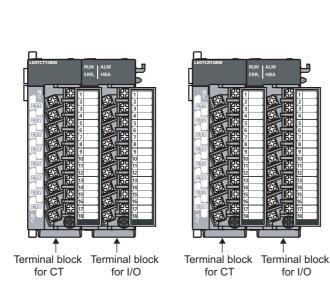
(b) L60TCRT4, L60TCRT4BW (terminal block for I/O)

| Ferminal | Indiantico | Temp | erature input | Standard control | | |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|--|------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| number | Indication | Symbol Name | | Symbol Name | | |
| 1 | OUT1 | _ | Unused | L1 | CH1 Output | |
| 2 | OUT2 | _ | Unused | L2 | CH2 Output | |
| 3 | OUT3 | — | Unused | L3 | CH3 Output | |
| 4 | OUT4 | — | Unused | L4 | CH4 Output | |
| 5 | COM | — | Unused | COM- | Output commo | |
| 6 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | |
| 7 | IN1 A | MT1 A | Monitor 1 resistance thermometer A | CH1 A | CH1 Resistance thermometer A | |
| 8 | IN2 A | MT2 A | Monitor 2 resistance thermometer A | CH2 A | CH2 Resistanc thermometer A | |
| 9 | IN1 B | MT1 B | Monitor 1 resistance thermometer B | CH1 B | CH1 Resistanc thermometer E | |
| 10 | IN2 B | MT2 B | Monitor 2 resistance thermometer B | CH2 B | CH2 Resistanc thermometer E | |
| 11 | IN1 b | MT1 b | Monitor 1 resistance thermometer b | CH1 b | CH1 Resistanc thermometer b | |
| 12 | IN2 b | MT2 b | Monitor 2 resistance thermometer b | CH2 b | CH2 Resistanc thermometer b | |
| 13 | IN3 A | MT3 A | Monitor 3 resistance thermometer A | СНЗ А | CH3 Resistanc thermometer A | |
| 14 | IN4 A | MT4 A | Monitor 4 resistance thermometer A | CH4 A | CH4 Resistanc thermometer A | |
| 15 | IN3 B | MT3 B | Monitor 3 resistance thermometer B | СНЗ В | CH3 Resistanc thermometer E | |
| 16 | IN4 B | MT4 B | Monitor 4 resistance thermometer B | CH4 B | CH4 Resistanc thermometer E | |
| 17 | IN3 b | MT3 b | Monitor 3 resistance thermometer b | СНЗ Ь | CH3 Resistanc thermometer b | |
| 18 | IN4 b | MT4 b | Monitor 4 resistance thermometer b | CH4 b | CH4 Resistanc thermometer b | |



| Terminal Indication | | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | | Heating-cooling control (expanded mode) | | Mix control (normal mode) | | Mix control (expanded mode) | |
|------------------------|--------|--|--|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| number | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name | Symbol | Name | |
| 1 | OUT1 | L1H | CH1 Heating output | L1H | CH1 Heating output | L1H | CH1 Heating output | L1H | CH1 Heating output |
| 2 | OUT2 | L1C | CH1 Cooling output | L1C | CH1 Cooling output | L1C | CH1 Cooling output | L1C | CH1 Cooling output |
| 3 | OUT3 | L2H | CH2 Heating output | L2H | CH2 Heating output | L3 | CH3 Output | L3 | CH3 Output |
| 4 | OUT4 | L2C | CH2 Cooling output | L2C | CH2 Cooling output | L4 | CH4 Output | L4 | CH4 Output |
| 5 | COM | COM- | Output common | COM- | Output common | COM- | Output common | COM- | Output common |
| 6 | NC | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused | NC | Unused |
| 7 | IN1 A | CH1 A | CH1 Resistance thermometer A | CH1 A | CH1 Resistance thermometer A | CH1 A | CH1 Resistance thermometer A | CH1 A | CH1 Resistance thermometer A |
| 8 | IN2 A | CH2 A | CH2 Resistance thermometer A | CH2 A | CH2 Resistance thermometer A | MT2 A | Monitor 2 resistance thermometer A | CH2 A | CH2 Resistance thermometer A |
| 9 | IN1 B | CH1 B | CH1 Resistance thermometer B | CH1 B | CH1 Resistance thermometer B | CH1 B | CH1 Resistance thermometer B | CH1 B | CH1 Resistance thermometer B |
| 10 | IN2 B | CH2 B | CH2 Resistance thermometer B | CH2 B | CH2 Resistance thermometer B | MT2 B | Monitor 2 resistance thermometer B | CH2 B | CH2 Resistance thermometer B |
| 11 | IN1 b | CH1 b | CH1 Resistance thermometer b | CH1 b | CH1 Resistance thermometer b | CH1 b | CH1 Resistance thermometer b | CH1 b | CH1 Resistance thermometer b |
| 12 | IN2 b | CH2 b | CH2 Resistance thermometer b | CH2 b | CH2 Resistance thermometer b | MT2 b | Monitor 2 resistance thermometer b | CH2 b | CH2 Resistance thermometer b |
| 13 | IN3 A | MT3 A | Monitor 3 resistance thermometer A | СНЗ А | CH3 Resistance thermometer A | СНЗ А | CH3 Resistance thermometer A | СНЗ А | CH3 Resistance thermometer A |
| 14 | IN4 A | MT4 A | Monitor 4 resistance thermometer A | CH4 A | CH4 Resistance thermometer A | CH4 A | CH4 Resistance thermometer A | CH4 A | CH4 Resistance thermometer A |
| 15 | IN3 B | MT3 B | Monitor 3 resistance thermometer B | СНЗ В | CH3 Resistance thermometer B | СНЗ В | CH3 Resistance thermometer B | СНЗ В | CH3 Resistance thermometer B |
| 16 | IN4 B | MT4 B | Monitor 4 resistance thermometer B | CH4 B | CH4 Resistance thermometer B | CH4 B | CH4 Resistance thermometer B | CH4 B | CH4 Resistance thermometer B |
| 17 | IN3 b | MT3 b | Monitor 3 resistance thermometer b | CH3 b | CH3 Resistance thermometer b | CH3 b | CH3 Resistance thermometer b | CH3 b | CH3 Resistance thermometer b |
| 18 | IN4 b | MT4 b | Monitor 4 resistance thermometer b | CH4 b | CH4 Resistance thermometer b | CH4 b | CH4 Resistance thermometer b | CH4 b | CH4 Resistance thermometer b |

(c) L60TCTT4BW (terminal block for CT), L60TCRT4BW (terminal block for CT)

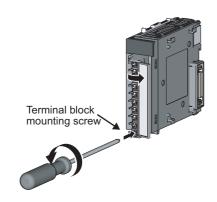


| Indication | Standar Symbol | d control | |
|------------|--|---|--|
| | Symbol | Name | |
| NC | | Name | |
| | NC | Unused | |
| CT1 | CT1 | CT input 1 | |
| CT1 | CT1 | CT input 1 | |
| CT2 | CT2 | CT input 2 | |
| CT2 | CT2 | CT input 2 | |
| CT3 | CT3 | CT input 3 | |
| CT3 | CT3 | CT input 3 | |
| CT4 | CT4 | CT input 4 | |
| CT4 | CT4 | CT input 4 | |
| CT5 | CT5 | CT input 5 | |
| CT5 | CT5 | CT input 5 | |
| CT6 | CT6 | CT input 6 | |
| CT6 | CT6 | CT input 6 | |
| CT7 | CT7 | CT input 7 | |
| CT7 | CT7 | CT input 7 | |
| CT8 | CT8 | CT input 8 | |
| CT8 | CT8 | CT input 8 | |
| NC | NC | Unused | |
| | CT1 CT2 CT2 CT3 CT3 CT4 CT4 CT4 CT5 CT5 CT6 CT6 CT6 CT7 CT7 CT7 CT8 CT8 | CT1 CT1 CT2 CT2 CT3 CT3 CT3 CT3 CT4 CT4 CT5 CT5 CT5 CT5 CT6 CT6 CT6 CT6 CT7 CT7 CT6 CT6 CT7 CT7 CT7 CT7 CT8 CT8 | |

(3) Removal and installation of the terminal block

The following shows how to remove and install the terminal block.

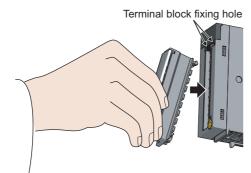
(a) Removal procedure



1. Open the terminal cover and loosen the terminal block mounting screw.

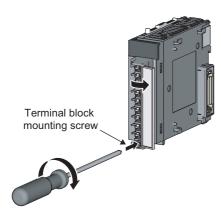
2. Using the terminal block fixing hole as a supporting point, remove the terminal block.

(b) Installation procedure



 Fully insert the projections on the top of the terminal block into the terminal block fixing holes of the module and press the terminal block until it snaps into place.

2. Open the terminal cover and tighten the terminal block mounting screw.



6.3 Wiring precautions

External wiring that is less susceptible to noise is required as a condition of enabling a highly reliable system and making full use of the capabilities of the L60TC4.

The following figure shows the wiring precautions.

- Use separate cables with the AC control circuit and the L60TC4's external input signals to avoid the influence of AC side surges and induction.
- Do not bunch the cables with the main circuit cable, high-voltage cable, or load cables from other than the programmable controller, or install them close to each other.

 Install the cables far apart from high-frequency circuit cable, such as the high-voltage cable and inverter load

Install the cables far apart from high-frequency circuit cable, such as the high-voltage cable and inverter load main circuit, as much as possible.

This increases the noises, surges, and induction.

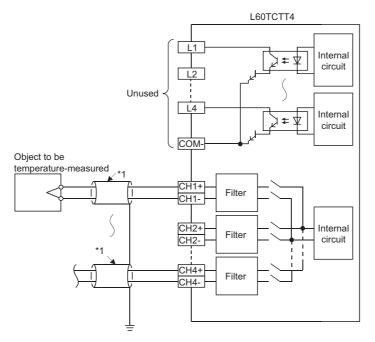
- Ground the shield line or shielded cable at one end on the programmable controller side. However, depending on the external noise condition, it should be grounded externally.
- For conformance of this product with the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive, refer to the following.
 MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)
 MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

6.4 External wiring

The following figure shows the external wiring.

6.4.1 L60TCTT4

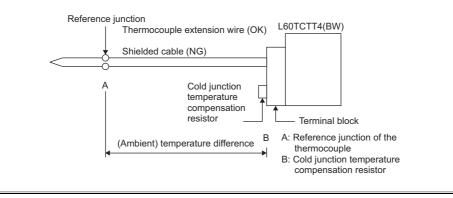
(1) In the temperature input mode



*1 Use the shielded compensation lead wire.

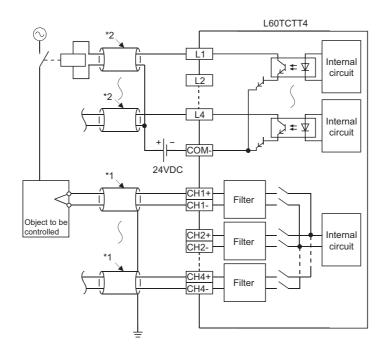
Point P

Use the compensation lead wire for the cable of thermocouple. If the compensation lead wire is not used, and when the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is away from the end tip of thermocouple, the (ambient) temperature difference may lead to a faulty temperature process value (PV).



(2) In the temperature control mode

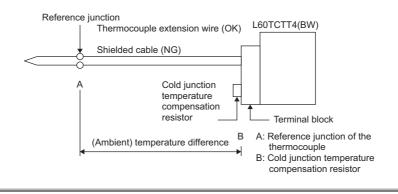
(a) In the standard control



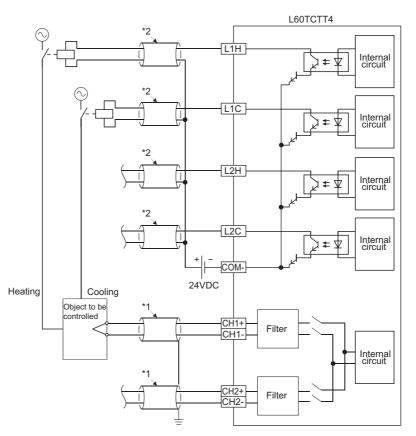
- *1 Use the shielded compensation lead wire.
- *2 Use the shielded cable.

Point P

Use the compensation lead wire for the cable of thermocouple. If the compensation lead wire is not used, and when the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is away from the end tip of thermocouple, the (ambient) temperature difference may lead to a faulty temperature process value (PV).



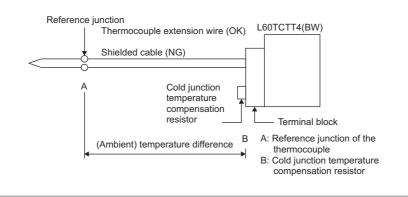
(b) In the heating-cooling control



- *1 Use the shielded compensation lead wire.
- *2 Use the shielded cable.

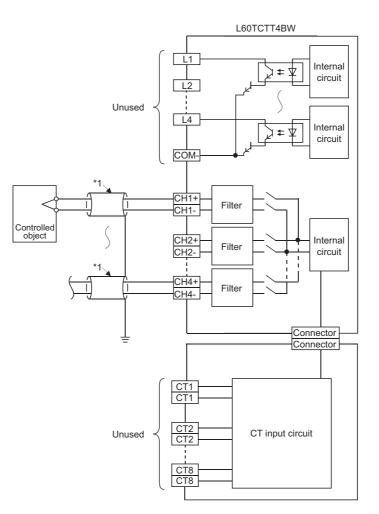
Point P

Use the compensation lead wire for the cable of thermocouple. If the compensation lead wire is not used, and when the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is away from the end tip of thermocouple, the (ambient) temperature difference may lead to a faulty temperature process value (PV).



6.4 External wiring 6.4.1 L60TCTT4

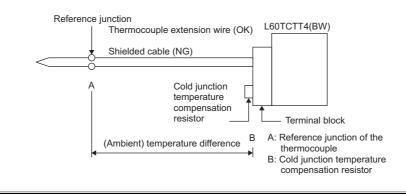
(1) In the temperature input mode



*1 Use the shielded compensation lead wire.

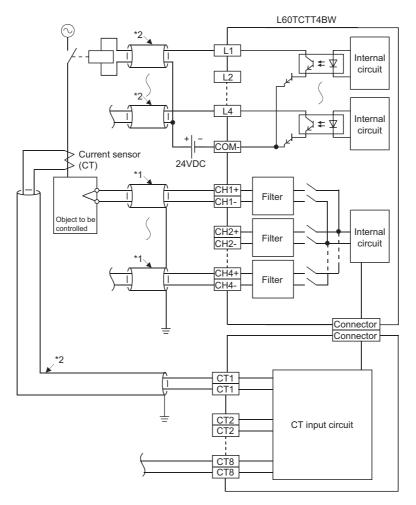
Point P

Use the compensation lead wire for the cable of thermocouple. If the compensation lead wire is not used, and when the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is away from the end tip of thermocouple, the (ambient) temperature difference may lead to a faulty temperature process value (PV).



(2) In the temperature control mode

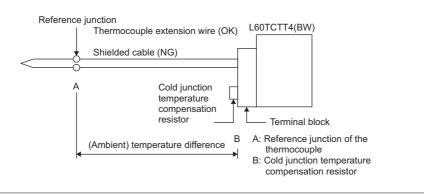
(a) In the standard control



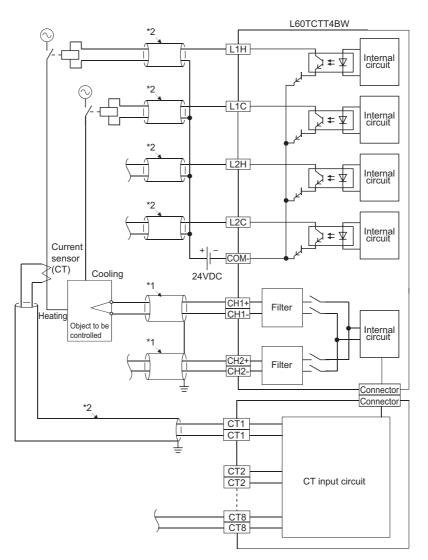
- *1 Use the shielded compensation lead wire.
- *2 Use the shielded cable.

Point P

- To use the heater disconnection detection function, the CT input channel assignment must be set. Since the CT1 is used in the loop of CH1 in the above wiring example, set CH1(1) to CT1 CT input channel assignment setting (Un\G264).
- Use the compensation lead wire for the cable of thermocouple. If the compensation lead wire is not used, and when the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is away from the end tip of thermocouple, the (ambient) temperature difference may lead to a faulty temperature process value (PV).



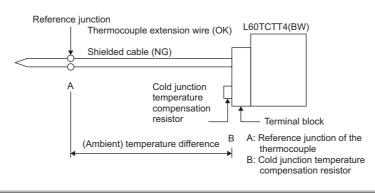
(b) In the heating-cooling control



- *1 Use the shielded compensation lead wire.
- *2 Use the shielded cable.

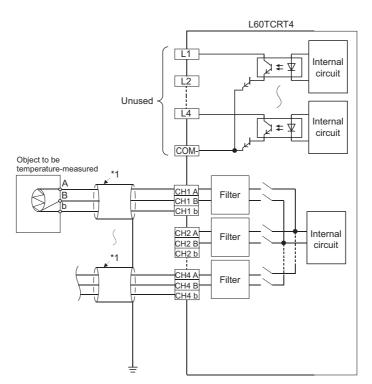
Point *P*

- To use the heater disconnection detection function, the CT input channel assignment must be set. Since the CT1 is used in the loop of CH1 in the above wiring example, set CH1(1) to CT1 CT input channel assignment setting (Un\G264).
- Use the compensation lead wire for the cable of thermocouple. If the compensation lead wire is not used, and when the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is away from the end tip of thermocouple, the (ambient) temperature difference may lead to a faulty temperature process value (PV).



6.4.3 L60TCRT4

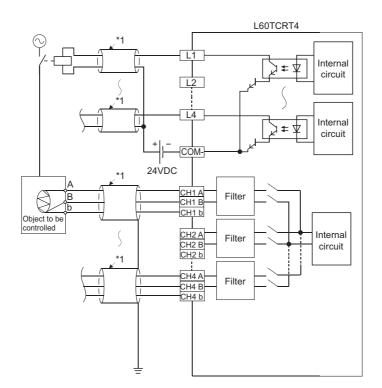
(1) In the temperature input mode



*1 Use the shielded cable.

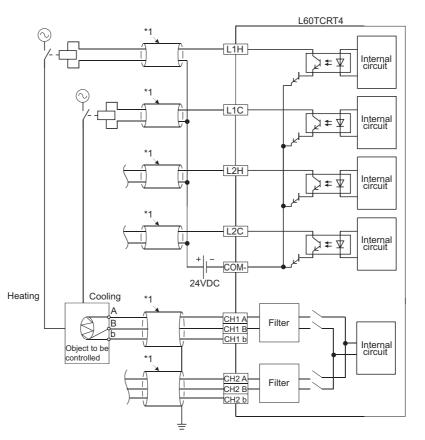
(2) In the temperature control mode

(a) In the standard control



*1 Use the shielded cable.

(b) In the heating-cooling control

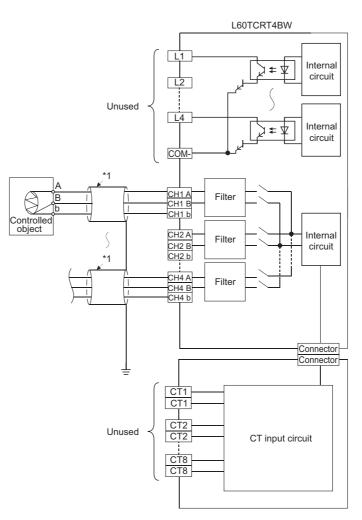


*1 Use the shielded cable.

6.4 External wiring 6.4.3 L60TCRT4

6.4.4 L60TCRT4BW

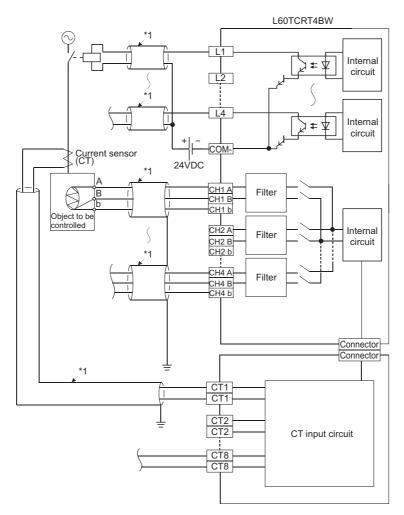
(1) In the temperature input mode



*1 Use the shielded cable.

(2) In the temperature control mode

(a) In the standard control

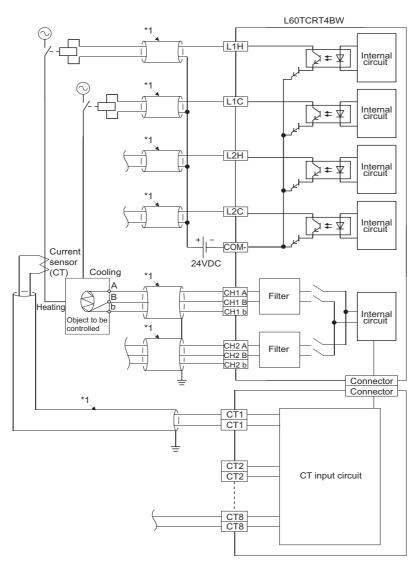


*1 Use the shielded cable.

Point P

To use the heater disconnection detection function, the CT input channel assignment must be set. Since the CT1 is used in the loop of CH1 in the above wiring example, set CH1(1) to CT1 CT input channel assignment setting (Un\G264).

(b) In the heating-cooling control



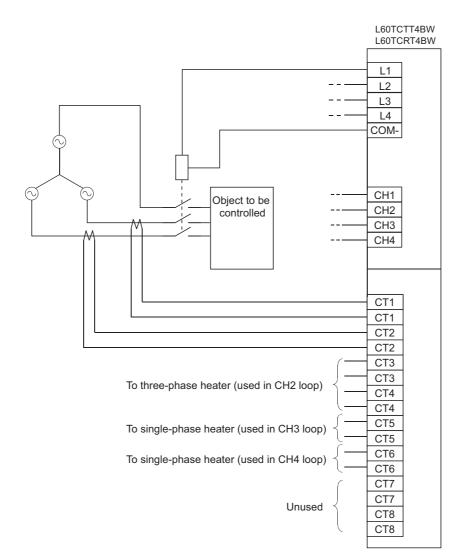
*1 Use the shielded cable.

Point P

To use the heater disconnection detection function, the CT input channel assignment must be set. Since the CT1 is used in the loop of CH1 in the above wiring example, set CH1(1) to CT1 CT input channel assignment setting (Un\G264).

6.5 Heater disconnection detection wiring and setting example for three-phase heater

The following figure shows a wiring and setting example to detect a three-phase heater disconnection by using the heater disconnection detection function.



Three-phase heater disconnection detection is executed by measuring the currents of two of the three cables. In the above wiring example, set $CT\Box CT$ input channel assignment setting (Un\G264 to Un\G271) as indicated below.

| CT input | Buffer memory address | Set value |
|----------|-----------------------|-----------|
| CT1 | Un\G264 | 1 |
| CT2 | Un\G265 | 1 |
| CT3 | Un\G266 | 2 |
| CT4 | Un\G267 | 2 |
| CT5 | Un\G268 | 3 |
| CT6 | Un\G269 | 4 |
| CT7 | Un\G270 | 0 |
| CT8 | Un\G271 | 0 |

6.6 Unused Channel Setting

When no temperature sensor is connected to a channel, the L60TC4 performs upscale processing for the channel. Therefore, when a temperature sensor is not connected to a channel where no temperature control is performed, the module determines that the temperature process value (PV) has exceeded the temperature measurement range for the input range, and the ALM LED blinks.

Once the unused channel setting is configured, no alert will occur for a channel where a temperature sensor is not connected. To prevent faulty alert detection, configure the unused channel setting.

(1) Setting method

Set a value in CHD unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157). For details on the setting, refer to the following.

Page 376, Appendix 2 (35)

The following table shows the relationship between the setting value and control status.

| Set value | Control status | | | | | |
|-----------|---|--|----------------|--|--|--|
| Set value | PID control Temperature judgment | | Alert judgment | | | |
| 0: Use | The controls are performed. (However, it depends on other setting status.) | | | | | |
| 1: Unused | The controls are not performed. | | | | | |

Remark

Even if the unused channel setting is configured, the sampling cycle does not change.

CHAPTER 7 VARIOUS SETTINGS

This chapter describes the setting procedures of the L60TC4.

Point P

After writing the contents of the new module, switch setting, parameter setting and auto refresh setting into the CPU module, reset the CPU module, switch STOP \rightarrow RUN \rightarrow STOP \rightarrow RUN, or turn off and on the power, to enable the setting contents.

7.1 Addition of Modules

Add the model name of the L60TC4 to use on the project.

(1) Addition procedure

Open the "New Module..." window.

| 🏷 Project window 🗢 | [Intelligent Function | Module] ⇔ Right-click ⇔ | > [New Module] |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|

| New Module |
|---|
| Module Selection |
| Module Type Temperature Control Module |
| Module Name L60TCTT4 |
| Mount Position Mounted Slot No. Image: Acknowledge I/O Assignment Base No. Image: Acknowledge I/O Assignment Image: Specify start XY address 0010 (H) 1 Module Occupy [16 points] |
| Title Setting |
| OK Cancel |

| | Item | Description | |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Module Selection | Module Type | Set "Temperature Control Module". | |
| | Module Name | Select the module name to connect. | |
| | Mounted Slot No. | Set the slot No. where the module is connected. | |
| Mount Position | Specify start XY address | The start I/O number (hexadecimal) of the target module is set according to the mounted slot No An arbitrary start I/O number can be also set. | |
| Title Setting | Title | Set an arbitrary title. | |

7.2 Switch Setting

Configure settings such as the output setting at CPU stop error and the control mode selection which are used in each channel.

(1) Setting method

Open the "Switch Setting" window.

Project window 🕫 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗢 Module name 🗢 [Switch Setting]

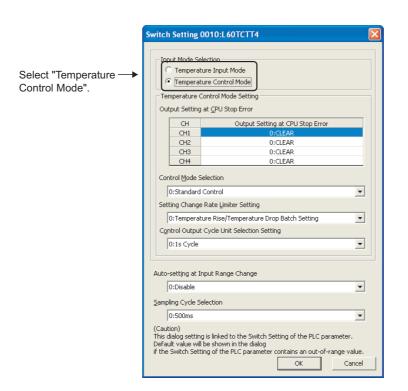
(a) When using the L60TC4 as a temperature input module

| | Switch Setting 0010:L60TCTT4 | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Select "Temperature | Toput Mode Selection | | | | |
| | CH Output Setting at CPU Stop Error CH1 0:CLEAR | | | | |
| | CH1 0:CLEAR CH2 0:CLEAR | | | | |
| | CH3 0:CLEAR | | | | |
| | CH4 0:CLEAR | | | | |
| | Control Mode Selection | | | | |
| | 0:Standard Control | | | | |
| | , Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting | | | | |
| | 0:Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | | | | |
| | Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | | | | |
| | 0:1s Cycle | | | | |
| | Auto-setting at Input Range Change | | | | |
| | 0:Disable | | | | |
| | Sampling Cycle Selection | | | | |
| | 0:500ms | | | | |
| | (Caution) This dialog setting is linked to the Switch Setting of the PLC parameter. Default value will be shown in the dialog if the Switch Setting of the PLC parameter contains an out-of-range value. OK Cancel | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Set value | Reference |
|--|--|---|----------------------------|
| Auto-setting at Input Range Change | Set this item to change data of the related buffer memory automatically when the input range is changed so that an error outside the setting range does not occur. | • 0: Disable • 1: Enable | Page 234, Section 8.3.3 |
| Sampling Cycle Selection ^{*1} | Select the sampling cycle. | 0: 500ms (default value)1: 250ms | Page 117, Section 8.1.2 |

*1 Immediately after the setting is changed, a set value discrepancy error (error code: 0□□E_H) occurs. To clear the set value discrepancy error, turn off, on, and off Set value backup instruction (Yn8).

(b) When using the L60TC4 as a temperature control module



| Description | Set value | Reference |
|---|---|--|
| Set whether to hold or clear the transistor output status when a CPU stop error occurs or when a CPU module is switched from RUN to STOP. | • 0: CLEAR (default value) | |
| Set the control mode. | 0: Standard Control 1: Heating/Cooling Control (Normal Mode) 2: Heating/Cooling Control (Expanded Mode) 3: Mix Control (Normal Mode) 4: Mix Control (Expanded Mode) | Page 126, Section 8.2.1 |
| Select "batch" setting or "individual" setting for the variation limiter set value at temperature rise and drop when setting the variation of the set value (SV). | 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch setting 1: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Individual setting | Page 155, Section 8.2.10 |
| Select 0.1s or 1s as a unit for the cycle of turning on and off the transistor output. | 0: 1s cycle (default value)1: 0.1s cycle | Page 140, Section 8.2.6 |
| Set this item to change data of the related buffer memory automatically when the input range is changed so that an error which is out of the setting does not occur. | • 0: Disable • 1: Enable | Page 234, Section 8.3.3 |
| Select the sampling cycle. | 0: 500ms (default value)1: 250ms | — |
| | Set whether to hold or clear the transistor output status when a CPU stop error occurs or when a CPU module is switched from RUN to STOP. Set the control mode. Select "batch" setting or "individual" setting for the variation limiter set value at temperature rise and drop when setting the variation of the set value (SV). Select 0.1s or 1s as a unit for the cycle of turning on and off the transistor output. Set this item to change data of the related buffer memory automatically when the input range is changed so that an error which is out of the setting does not occur. | Set whether to hold or clear the transistor output status when a CPU stop error occurs or when a CPU module is switched from RUN to STOP.• 0: CLEAR (default value) • 1: HOLDSet the control mode.• 0: Standard Control • 1: Heating/Cooling Control (Normal Mode) • 2: Heating/Cooling Control (Expanded Mode) • 3: Mix Control (Normal Mode) • 4: Mix Control (Normal Mode) • 4: Mix Control (Expanded Mode)Select "batch" setting or "individual" setting for the variation limiter set value at temperature rise and drop when setting the variation of the set value (SV).• 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch setting • 1: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Individual settingSelect 0.1s or 1s as a unit for the cycle of turning on and off the transistor output.• 0: 1s cycle (default value) • 1: 0. 1s cycleSet this item to change data of the related buffer memory automatically when the input range is changed so that an error which is out of the setting does not occur.• 0: 500ms (default value)Select the sampling cycle• 0: 500ms (default value) |

*1

Immediately after the setting is changed, a set value discrepancy error (error code: $0\Box\Box E_H$) occurs. To clear the set value discrepancy error, turn off, on, and off Set value backup instruction (Yn8).

7

7.3 Parameter Setting

Set the parameter for each channel.

By setting parameters here, the parameter setting is not required on a program.

(1) Setting method

Open the "Parameter" window.

1. Start up "Parameter" on the Project window.

🏷 Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗢 Module name 🗢 [Parameter]

| Item Basic setting Input range Set value (SV) setting Unused channel setting | CH1 Set the temperature conve 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 | CH2 rsion system. 2:ThermocoupleK Measured | CH3 | CH4 |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Input range Set value (SV) setting | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured | | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured | | |
| | | Temperature Range(0 to 1300 | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 |
| Unused channel setting 💦 📐 | 0 C | 0C | 0 C | 0 C |
| | 0:Used | | 0:Used | 0:Used |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | 0:Used | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable |
| Control basic parameter setting | 1:Unused | ature adjustment control a | utomatically by merely setti | ng the PID constants |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting. | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s |
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow |
| Stop Mode Setting | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor |
| PID continuation flag | 0:Stop | | | |
| | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows you to set the temperature measurement ranges which meet the operating temperatures of the above thermocouples. | | | |
| - Forward/reverse action setting | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1300 C |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |
| Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Sensor correction value setting | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | 0.00 % |
| - Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s |
| Upper limit output limiter/Heating upper limit output limiter | 100.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % | 100.0 % |
| | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting Integral time (1) setting Derivative time (D) setting Control output cycle Control output cycle Control output cycle Setting Dio control seponse parameter Stop Mode Setting Di Do controusion flag Control detail parameter Setting Upper limit setting limiter Lower limit setting limiter Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting 0.0 % Integral time (1) setting 240 s Derivative time (0) setting 60 s Control output cycle 30 s Control output cycle 11Monitor Stop Mode Setting 0.5low Dirotrol detail parameter 0.5low PiD contruiton flag 0.5cop Control detail parameter 0.5cop Forward(reverse action setting 0.0 % Upper limit setting limiter 0.0 % Lower limit setting limiter 0.0 % Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter (remperature drop) 0.0 % Sensor correction value setting 0.0 % Primary delay digital filter setting 0.0 % Upper limit output limiter 0.0 % Setting change rate limiter (remperature drop) 0.0 % | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting 0.0 % 0.0 % Integral time (1) setting 240 s 240 s Derivative time (D) setting 60 s 60 s Control output cycle 60 s 30 s setting/Heating control output cycle setting. 30 s 30 s Stop Mode Setting 0:5low 0:5low Control detail parameter 0:5low 0:5low PD continuation flag 0:stop The Q641CTT(8W) allows you to set the temperature me temperatures of the above thermocouples. Forward/reverse action setting 1:300 C 1:300 C Upper limit setting limiter 0.0 % 0.0 % Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter 0.0 % 0.0 % Sesser correction value setting Primary delay digial filter setting upper limit output limiter 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.00 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0 s 0.00 % 0.0 % 0 s 0 s 0.0.0 % 0.0 % 0 s 0 s | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % Integral time (1) setting 240 s 240 s 240 s Derivative time (0) setting 60 s 60 s 60 s Control output cycle 50 s 30 s 30 s Stop Mode Setting 0:5low 0:5low 0:5low Control cetail parameter 0:5low 0:5low 0:5low PD continuation flag 0:5low 0:5low 0:5low DP control detail parameter setting 0:5low 0:5low 0:5low Forward/reverse action setting 1:Monitor 1:Monitor 1:Monitor Control detail parameter setting initier 0:5c 0 C 0 C Setting change rate limiter or - Setting change rate limiter or - Setting change rate limiter 1:Reverse Action 1:Reverse Action 1300 C 0 C 0 C 0 C 0 C 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % 0.0 % |

2. Click Clear Value for Gray Cells to set items unnecessary for the mode set on Switch Setting to 0.

3. Double-click the item to change the setting, and enter the setting value.

- Items to select from a pull-down list
 Double-click the item to set to display the pull-down list. Select the item.
- Items to enter in a text box
 Double-click the item to set, and enter the value.

Remark •

If writing is performed without setting unnecessary items for the mode set on Switch Setting to 0, a write data error (error code: DDD2_H) may occur.

For details on setting values, refer to the following.

| Operation mode | Setting item | Reference |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | Input range | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| | Conversion enable/disable setting | Page 402, Appendix 2 (75) |
| | Sensor correction value setting | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| | Primary delay digital filter setting | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) |
| Temperature Input Mode | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value | Dege 406 Appendix 2 (81) |
| | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value | Page 406, Appendix 2 (81) |
| | Cold junction temperature compensation selection | Page 384, Appendix 2 (49) |
| | Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | Page 387, Appendix 2 (53) |
| | Process alarm lower lower limit value | |
| | Process alarm lower upper limit value | Dage 289 Appendix 2 (54) |
| | Process alarm upper lower limit value | Page 388, Appendix 2 (54) |
| | Process alarm upper upper limit value | |
| | Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting | Page 389, Appendix 2 (55) |
| | Rate alarm alert detection cycle | Page 389, Appendix 2 (56) |
| | Rate alarm upper limit value | Dego 200 Appendix 2 (57) |
| | Rate alarm lower limit value | Page 390, Appendix 2 (57) |

| Operation mode | Setting item | Reference | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | Input range | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) | |
| | Set value (SV) setting | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) | |
| | Unused channel setting | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) | |
| | Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) | |
| | Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | | |
| | Integral time (I) setting | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) | |
| | Derivative time (D) setting | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) | |
| | Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) | |
| | Control response parameter | Page 366, Appendix 2 (25) | |
| | Stop Mode Setting | Page 353, Appendix 2 (13) | |
| | PID continuation flag | Page 381, Appendix 2 (43) | |
| | Forward/reverse action setting | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) | |
| | Upper limit setting limiter | Page 372 Appendix 2 (21 | |
| | Lower limit setting limiter | – Page 372, Appendix 2 (31) | |
| Temperature control mode | Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) | | |
| | Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) | |
| | Sensor correction value setting | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) | |
| | | | |
| | Primary delay digital filter setting | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24 | |
| | Upper limit output limiter/Heating upper limit output limiter | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) | |
| | Lower limit output limiter | Dana 202 Annandiu 2 (20) | |
| | Output variation limiter | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) | |
| | Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | Page 363, Appendix 2 (22) | |
| | Self-tuning setting | Page 399, Appendix 2 (72) | |
| | Temperature conversion setting | Page 403, Appendix 2 (76) | |
| | Cooling method setting | Page 404, Appendix 2 (77) | |
| | Cooling upper limit output limiter | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) | |
| | Cooling control output cycle setting | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) | |
| | Overlap/dead band setting | Page 404, Appendix 2 (78) | |
| | Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) | |
| | Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value | - Page 406, Appendix 2 (81) | |
| | Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value | 5 (- -) | |
| | Derivative action selection | Page 407, Appendix 2 (83) | |

| Operation mode | Setting item | Reference |
|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|
| | Simultaneous temperature rise group setting | Page 407, Appendix 2 (84) |
| | Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | Page 409, Appendix 2 (87) |
| | Setting change rate limiter Unit time setting | Page 411, Appendix 2 (89) |
| | Peak current suppression control group setting | Page 412, Appendix 2 (90) |
| | Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | Page 378, Appendix 2 (37) |
| | Cold junction temperature compensation selection | Page 384, Appendix 2 (49) |
| | Alert 1 mode setting to Alert 4 mode setting | Page 386, Appendix 2 (52) |
| | Alert set value 1 to Alert set value 4 | Page 358, Appendix 2 (18) |
| | Alert dead band setting | Page 379, Appendix 2 (38) |
| | Number of alert delay | Page 379, Appendix 2 (39) |
| | Loop disconnection detection judgment time | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |
| | Loop disconnection detection dead band | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| amparatura | Heater disconnection alert setting | Page 373, Appendix 2 (32) |
| emperature Control Mode | Heater disconnection/output off-time current error detection delay count | Page 380, Appendix 2 (40) |
| | Heater disconnection compensation function selection | Page 381, Appendix 2 (44) |
| | AT Bias | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| | Auto tuning mode selection | Page 385, Appendix 2 (51) |
| | Temperature rise completion range setting | Page 380, Appendix 2 (41) |
| | Temperature rise completion soak time setting | Page 381, Appendix 2 (42) |
| | Transistor output monitor ON delay time setting | Page 382, Appendix 2 (45) |
| | Resolution of the manipulated value for output with another analog module | Page 384, Appendix 2 (48) |
| | CT monitor method switching | Page 382, Appendix 2 (46) |
| | CTD CT input channel assignment setting | Page 391, Appendix 2 (59) |
| | CT CT selection | Page 392, Appendix 2 (60) |
| | CT Reference heater current value | Page 393, Appendix 2 (61) |
| | CTD CT ratio setting | Page 393, Appendix 2 (62) |

4. When using CH2 to CH4, follow the step 3 described earlier.

7.4 Auto Refresh

Buffer memory data can be transferred to specified devices using this function. By using this auto refresh setting, reading or writing is not required on a program.

(1) Setting method

Open the "Auto_Refresh" window.

- **1.** Start "Auto_Refresh" on the Project window.
 - [™] Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇔ Module name ⇔ [Auto_Refresh]
- **2.** Click the item to set, and enter the auto refresh target device.

| 💕 0010:L60TCTT4[]-Auto_Refres | ;h | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------|--------|
| Display Filter Display All | • | | | | |
| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | ~ |
| Transfer to CPU | The data of the buff | er memory is transmi | tted to the specified de | vice. | |
| Error code | | | | | _ |
| Temperature process value (PV) | | | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV) | | | | | |
| Transistor output flag | | | | | |
| Alert definition | | | | | |
| Manipulated value | | | | | |
| (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) for other analog | | | | | |
| module output | | | | | |
| Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | | |
| Set value (SV) monitor | | | | | |
| AT Simultaneous temperature rise | | | | | |
| parameter calculation flag | | | | | |
| Self-tuning flag | | | | | |
| The data of the buffer memory is transm | itted to the specified dev | ice. | | | ~ |
| | | | | | _ |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | \sim |
| e f | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

7.5 Auto Tuning

For how to execute auto tuning, refer to the following.

Page 144, Section 8.2.7 (5)

7.6 Sensor Correction

For how to execute sensor correction, refer to the following.

CHAPTER 8 FUNCTIONS

This chapter explains the details of the L60TC4 functions and how to set each function.

For details on I/O signals and the buffer memory, refer to the following:

- Details of I/O signals (
 Page 323, Appendix 1)
- Details of the buffer memory (Page 334, Appendix 2)

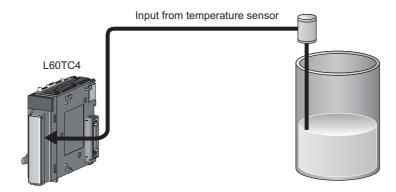
Point P

For the functions indicated with the icons **Standard** and **Heating-cooling**, or with **Common**, the following terms are used, unless otherwise specified.

- Proportional band (P): includes heating proportional band (Ph) and cooling proportional band (Pc)
- Manipulated value (MV): includes manipulated value for heating (MVh) and manipulated value for cooling (MVc)
- Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module: includes manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module and manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module
 Transistor output: includes heating transistor output and cooling transistor output
- Upper limit output limiter value: includes heating upper limit output limiter value and cooling upper limit output limiter value
- · Control output cycle: includes heating control output cycle and cooling control output cycle

8.1 **Temperature Input Mode**

The L60TC4 can be used as a temperature input module using this function.



(1) Setting method

Set the L60TC4 to the temperature input mode on Switch Setting. (Page 108, Section 7.2)

C Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Switch Setting]

| Input Mode Selection Temperature Input Mode Temperature Control Mode |
|--|
| Temperature Control Mode Setting |

(2) Precaution

When resolution is "1", the temperature process value (PV) of the L60TC4 is rounded off from the actual temperature.



Ex. When the actual temperature is 1299.5°C, the temperature process value (PV) of the L60TC4 is 1300°C. To measure temperature by every 0.1°C, set resolution to "0.1". (Page 345, Appendix 2 (12)) Note that the temperature process value (PV) is not rounded off for the process alarm and rate alarm. (FP Page 121, Section 8.1.3 (1) (d), Page 123, Section 8.1.3 (2) (d))

8.1.1 Conversion enable/disable function

Temperature conversion can be enabled or disabled for each channel using this function. By disabling unused channels, unnecessary disconnection detection or alert output can be prevented.

(1) Setting method

Set "Conversion enable/disable setting " to "0: Enable".

C Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗢 Module name 🗢 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | | |
|---------------------------------|---|-------------|--|
| Basic setting | Set the temperature co | | |
| Input range | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2 M R | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 0 C | 0 | |
| Unused channel setting | 0:Used | 0 | |
| Conversion enable/disable | 1:Disable 💌 | 1 | |
| Control basic parameter setting | 0:Enable | tε | |
| Proportional band (P) | 1:Disable | | |
| cottina/Hoptina control | 200 | 2 | |

8.1.2 Temperature conversion method

In the L60TC4, a measured value is stored into CH Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) in every sampling cycle. In addition, the use of the primary delay digital filter smoothens the temperature process value (PV), and its drastic change can be absorbed.

(1) Sampling cycle

A sampling cycle can be selected from 250ms or 500ms.

(a) How to set the sampling cycle

Select a sampling cycle on "Sampling Cycle Selection".

♥ Project window ⇒ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇒ Module name ⇒ [Switch Setting]

| Sampling Cycle Selection | |
|---|----------------|
| 0:500ms | • |
| (Cau <mark>0:500ms</mark> This 1:250ms | |
| Default value will be shown in the dialog if the Switch Setting of the PLC parameter contains an out-o | f-range value. |
| OK | Cancel |

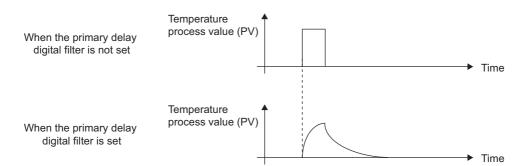
(b) How to check the sampling cycle

The selected sampling cycle can be checked in Sampling cycle monitor (Un\G788).

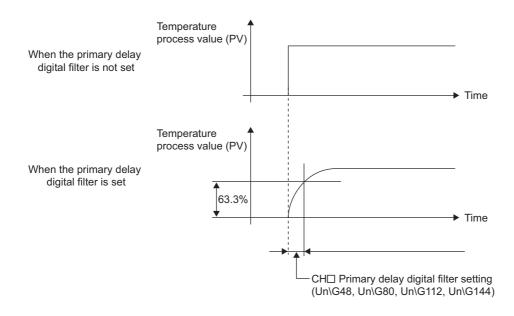
mpera Input

(2) Primary delay digital filter

The primary delay digital filter smoothens extreme noise before outputting the temperature process value (PV).



For the primary delay digital filter, set the time until the temperature process value (PV) changes by 63.3% (time constant).



(a) How to set the primary digital filter

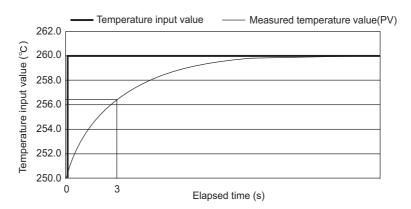
In "Primary delay digital filter setting", set the time until the temperature process value (PV) changes by 63.3% (time constant).

CH1 Item The Q64TCTT(BW) allo **Control detail parameter** setting meet the operating te Forward/reverse action setting 1:Reverse Action Upper limit setting limiter 1300 C 0 C Lower limit setting limiter Setting change rate limiter or 0.0% Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) Setting change rate limiter 0.0 % (Temperature drop) 0.00 % Sensor correction value setting Primary delay digital filter 3 s

C Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 💠 [Parameter]

Ex. When 3(3s) is set in "Primary delay digital filter setting"

The change shown below will happen if the Temperature process value (PV) changes from 250°C to 260°C under the condition where 3(3s) is set in "Primary delay digital filter setting".



The temperature reaches 256.3°C which is 63.3% of the temperature process value (PV) three seconds after the temperature input value reached 260.0°C.

8.1.3 Alert output function

An alert can be output when the temperature process value (PV) meets the condition set in advance using this function. Use this function to activate danger signals of devices or safety devices. There are two types of alert: process alarm and rate alarm.

(1) Process alarm

An alert occurs when the temperature process value (PV) reaches the process alarm upper upper limit value or more, or the process alarm lower lower limit value or less.

The alert is cleared when the process value reaches a value less than the process alarm upper lower limit value, or a value more than the process alarm lower upper limit value. An alert is not cleared even by resetting the error or switching to the setting mode.

(a) Checking the alert occurrence

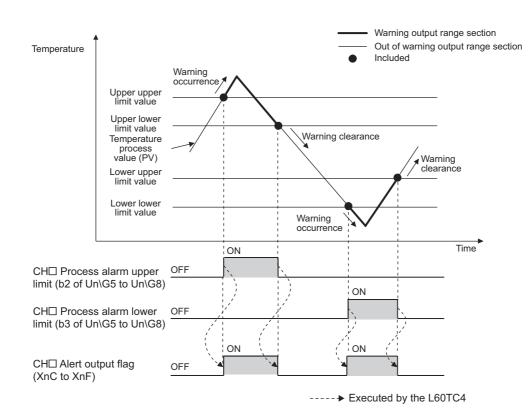
When an alert occurs, CH \square Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on, and the ALM LED turns on. In CH \square Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8), whether it is an upper limit alert or lower limit alert can be checked. ($\square Page 336$, Appendix 2 (3))

(b) Checking the alert clearance

CH□ Process alarm upper limit (b2 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) or CH□ Process alarm lower limit (b3 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) becomes 0 (OFF). Also, CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns off, and the ALM LED turns off.

Point P

In CHI Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) and on the ALM LED, the alert is not cleared when an alert other than the process alarm is occurring.



(c) How to set process alarm

Set "Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting" to "0: Enable". Then, set the lower lower limit value, lower upper limit value, upper lower limit value, and upper upper limit value of the process alarm.

C Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|--|----------|-----|
| Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | 0:Enable | • 0 |
| Process alarm lower lower limit value | 0 C | 0 |
| Process alarm lower upper limit value | 100 C | 1 |
| Process alarm upper lower limit value | 900 C | 9 |
| Process alarm upper upper limit value | 1000 C | 1 |
| · · · · · · · · | | |

(d) Precaution

When resolution is "1", the temperature process value (PV) of the L60TC4 is rounded off from the actual temperature. For the process alarm also, the temperature process value (PV) rounded off from the actual temperature determines the alert occurrence.

(2) Rate alarm

The temperature process value (PV) is monitored every rate alarm alert detection cycle. An alert occurs when the change from the previous monitoring is greater than the rate alarm upper limit value, or smaller than the rate alarm lower limit value. The rate alarm is helpful to monitor the change of the temperature process value (PV) in a limited range.

| PV Present value - PV Previous value ≥ Rate alarm upper limit value | |
|---|--|
| PV Present value - PV Previous value ≤ Rate alarm lower limit value | |

The alert is cleared when the temperature process value reaches within the range of the formulas above. An alert is not cleared even by resetting the error or switching to the setting mode.

(a) Checking the alert occurrence

While the rate alarm is occurring, CH^I Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on, and the ALM LED turns on.^{*1}

In CHI Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8), whether it is an upper limit alert or lower limit alert can be checked.

(Page 336, Appendix 2 (3))

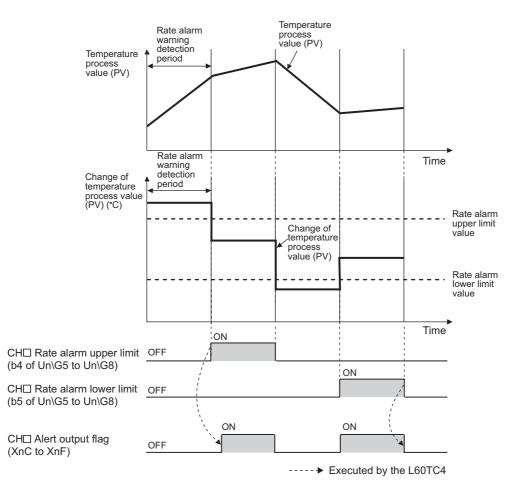
*1 The ALM LED prioritizes the detection of other errors for which the ALM LED flashes (such as the detection of loop disconnection).

(b) Checking the alert clearance

CHI Rate alarm upper limit (b4 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) or CHI Rate alarm lower limit (b5 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) becomes 0 (OFF). Also, CHI Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns off, and the ALM LED turns off.

Point *P*

In CH Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) and on the ALM LED, the alert is not cleared when an alert other than the rate alarm is occurring.



(c) How to set rate alarm

Set "Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting" to "0: Enable". Then, set the alert detection cycle, upper limit value, and lower limit value of the rate alarm.

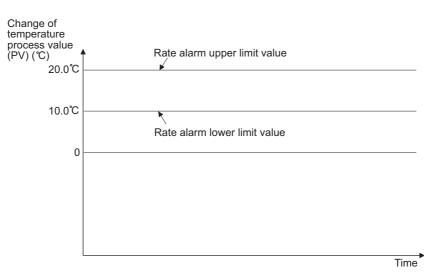
🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🕫 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | | |
|---|-------------|--|--|
| Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting | 0:Enable 🔫 | | |
| Rate alarm alert detection cycle | 1 Times | | |
| Rate alarm upper limit value | 200 C | | |
| Rate alarm lower limit value | 10 ⊂ | | |
| and the | - · · · · · | | |

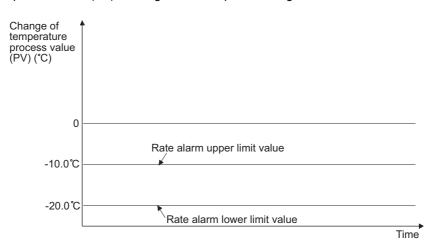
(d) Precaution

When resolution is "1", the temperature process value (PV) of the L60TC4 is rounded off from the actual temperature. For the rate alarm also, the temperature process value (PV) rounded off from the actual temperature determines the alert occurrence.

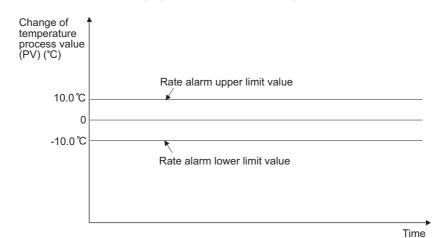
Ex. A setting example of the rate alarm upper limit value and lower limit value to monitor that the temperature process value (PV) is rising within the specified range



Ex. A setting example of the rate alarm upper limit value and lower limit value to monitor that the temperature process value (PV) is falling within the specified range



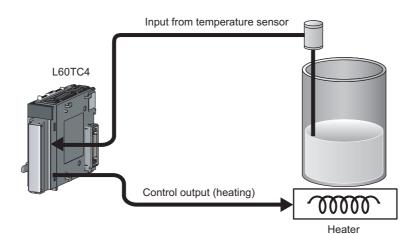
Ex. A setting example of the rate alarm upper limit value and lower limit value to monitor that the temperature process value (PV) is changing within the specified range



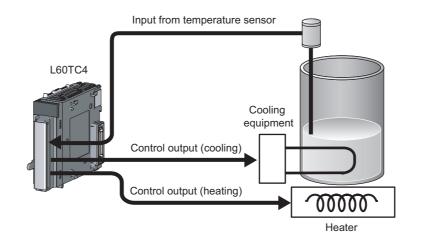
8.2 Temperature Control Mode

The L60TC4 can be used as a temperature control module using this function.

Standard control (heating)



• Heating-cooling control (heating and cooling)



(1) Setting method

Set the L60TC4 to the temperature control mode on Switch Setting. (Page 108, Section 7.2)

C Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Switch Setting]

| Input Mode Selection | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| C Temperature Input Mode | |
| Temperature Control Mode | |
| Temperature Control Mode Setting | |
| Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | |

Standard Heating-coolin

A control mode can be selected using this function.

This section explains selectable control modes of the L60TC4.

(1) Standard control and heating-cooling control

There are two types of control modes in the L60TC4: standard control and heating-cooling control.

(a) Standard control

The control method is either one of heating (reverse action) or cooling (forward action). When the control method is heating, of a heater for example, cooling is controlled by simply turning off the heating. When the control method is cooling, of cold water for example, heating is controlled by simply turning off the cooling.

(b) Heating-cooling control

The control method is both heating and cooling. To heat up the target subject, its heating mean is turned on, and its cooling mean is turned off. To cool down the target subject, its heating mean is turned off, and its cooling mean is turned on.

(2) Selectable control mode

A control mode can be selected from five modes.

Select the control mode on Switch Setting.

For details on the setting method, refer to the following.

Page 108, Section 7.2

| Control mode | Contents | Number of controllable loops |
|---|---|---|
| Standard control | Performs the standard control of four channels | Standard control 4 loops |
| Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | Performs the heating-cooling control. CH3 and CH4 cannot be used. | Heating-cooling control 2 loops |
| Heating-cooling control (expanded mode) | Performs the heating-cooling control. The number of loops is expanded using an output module and others in the system. | Heating-cooling control 4 loops |
| Mix control (normal mode) | Performs the standard control and the heating-cooling control. CH2 cannot be used. | Standard control 2 loops Heating-cooling control 1 loop |
| Mix control (expanded mode) | Performs the standard control and the heating-cooling control. The number of loops is expanded using an output module and others in the system. | Standard control 2 loops Heating-cooling control 2 loops |

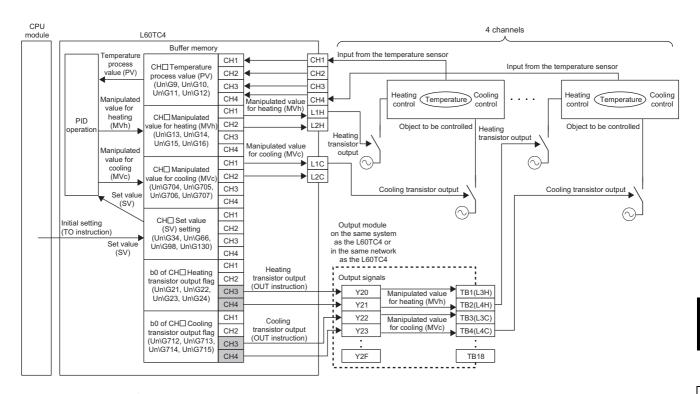
Control for each channel is as follows.

| Channel | Standard | Heating-cooling control | | Mix | control |
|---------|------------------|----------------------------|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Channel | control | Normal mode | Expanded mode | Normal mode | Expanded mode |
| CH1 | Standard control | Heating-cooling control | Heating-cooling control | Heating-cooling control | Heating-cooling control |
| CH2 | Standard control | Heating-cooling control | Heating-cooling control | *1 | Heating-cooling control ^{*2} |
| CH3 | Standard control | *1 | Heating-cooling control ^{*2} | Standard control | Standard control |
| CH4 | Standard control | *1 | Heating-cooling control ^{*2} | Standard control | Standard control |

*1 Only temperature measurement using a temperature input terminal can be performed. (FF Page 212, Section 8.2.23)
 *2 Heating-cooling control is performed using an output module in the system. (FF Page 127, Section 8.2.1 (3))

(3) Expanded mode

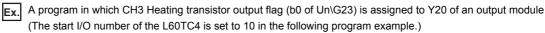
In the heating-cooling control (expanded mode) or the mix control (expanded mode), the number of loops for heating-cooling control can be expanded using an output module and others in the system. To use an expanded mode, construct a system such as the one shown below.



Point P

When the heating-cooling control (expanded mode) is selected, heating/cooling transistor output of CH3 and CH4 are activated. Also, when the mix control (expanded mode) is selected, heating/cooling transistor output of CH2 is activated. These areas are activated only when an expanded mode is selected. When a normal mode is selected, these areas are used for the system. If data is written into these areas when it is used by the system, a write data error occurs. (error $code:\Box\Box\Box\Box2_H$)

The following is an example of using an expanded mode.



| U1\G23.0 | (220 | |
|----------|--------|---|
| | -(Y20 | 1 |

8.2.2 Control output setting at CPU stop error

Standard Heating-cool

When a stop error occurs on the CPU module or when CPU's status is changed from RUN to STOP, whether to hold or clear the status of transistor output can be selected using this function.

Configure "Output Setting at CPU Stop Error" on Switch Setting.

For details on the setting method, refer to the following.

Page 108, Section 7.2

Processing for each status is describes in the following table.

| | Status | Processing | | | | Reference | | |
|------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--------------------------|--|------------------------|
| Output S | etting at CPU Stop Error | top CLEAR HOLD | | CLEAR HOLD | | Page 108, Section 7.2 | | |
| - | PID continuation flag (Un\G169) | Stop Continue Stop Continue | | Page 381, Appendix 2 (43) | | | | |
| | L60TC4 Write data error | Follow the operation of when an error occurs | | | Follow the operation of when an error occurs Page 315, So 11.6 | | | Page 315, Section 11.6 |
| Error | L60TC4 Hardware error | Depends on the symptom of the hardware | | | | _ | | |
| | CPU Stop error | Stops the operation and turns off external outputFollows the stop mode setting*1Stops the operation and performs external output | | | _ | | | |
| CPU operation | $RUN \rightarrow STOP$ | Follows the stop mode setting ^{*1} | Stops the operation and performs external output | Follows the stop mode setting ^{*1} | Stops the operation and performs external output | _ | | |
| | Resetting | The module is incapable to operate, and not performs external output | | | — | | | |

*1 CHI Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) (Page 353, Appendix 2 (13))

Important

• Fully pay attention to the setting of PID continuation flag (Un\G169) which controls external output.

• By the failure of an output element or internal circuit, an abnormal output may occur. Construct a circuit to monitor output signals that could cause a serious accident.

Standard

8.2.3 Control method

time(D).

The following control methods can be applied by setting the proportional band (P), integral time, and derivative

- Two-position control (P Page 129, Section 8.2.3 (1))
- P control (Page 131, Section 8.2.3 (2))
- PI control (Plage 132, Section 8.2.3 (3))
- PD control (Page 133, Section 8.2.3 (4))
- PID control (Plage 133, Section 8.2.3 (5))

Remark

For P control and PD control, the manual reset function is activated. (FP Page 137, Section 8.2.4)

(1) Two-position control

Two-position control is a control method that uses 0% manipulated value (MV) and 100% manipulated value (MV). Turning on and off the manipulated value (MV) repeatedly, the temperature process value comes close to the set value (SV), then is kept constant.

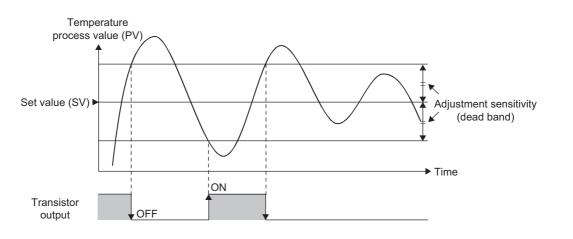
Point *P*

By the setting in CH \Box Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting (Un\G46, Un\G78, Un\G110, Un\G142) the chattering of transistor output under two-position control can be prevented. Set a dead band toward the set value (SV) in CH \Box Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting (Un\G46, Un\G78, Un\G110, Un\G142). (\Box Page 363, Appendix 2 (22))

(a) Standard control

The module operates as follows outside the range of CHI Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting (Un\G46, Un\G78, Un\G110, Un\G142).

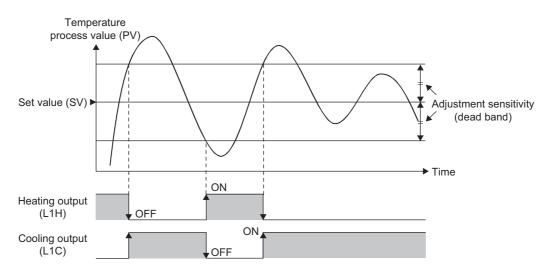
| Condition | Transistor output status |
|--|--------------------------|
| The temperature process value (PV) is below the lower limit of the adjustment sensitivity (dead band). | ON |
| The temperature process value (PV) is above the upper limit of the adjustment sensitivity (dead band). | OFF |



(b) Heating-cooling control

The module operates as follows outside the range of CH^{II} Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting (Un\G46, Un\G78, Un\G110, Un\G142).

| Condition | Heating transistor output status | Cooling transistor output status |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| The temperature process value (PV) is below the lower limit of the adjustment sensitivity (dead band). | ON | OFF |
| The temperature process value (PV) is above the upper limit of the adjustment sensitivity (dead band). | OFF | ON |



(c) Three-position control

Three-position control can also be performed by setting a dead band. For more details, refer to the following.

Page 211, Section 8.2.22 (3)

(d) Setting method

Set "Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph)" to 0.0%.

♥ Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ↔ Module name ↔ [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 😑 Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temperature adju | s | | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting | 0.0 % | s | | | |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % | 3 | | | |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 2 | | | |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | e | | | |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output | 30 s | 3 | | | |

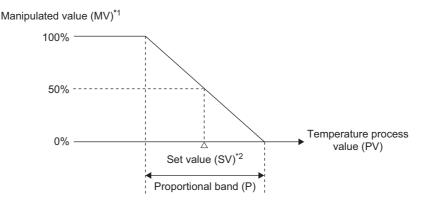
(2) P Control

P control is a control method in which the manipulated value (MV) is determined proportional to the deviation (E) between the temperature process value (PV) and set value (SV).

(a) Standard control

The manipulated value is 50% in the following conditions.

- Temperature process value (PV) = Set value (SV)
- CH Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772) is set to 0 (0.0%).
- ([Page 405, Appendix 2 (79))



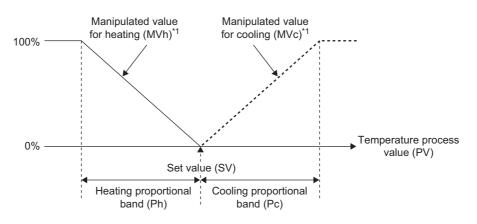
- *1 The value actually output is within the output limiter range set in CH□ Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140). () Page 362, Appendix 2 (20))
- *2 The set value (SV) is in the center of the proportional band.

(b) Heating-cooling control

The manipulated value for heating (MVh) and the manipulated value for cooling (MVc) are both 0% in the following conditions.

- Temperature process value (PV) = Set value (SV)
- CH Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772) is set to 0 (0.0%).

([Page 405, Appendix 2 (79))



*1 The value actually output is within the output limiter range set in CHD Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140). (

(c) Setting method

Set each item as follows.

- "Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph)" : any value
- "Integral time (I) setting": 0s
- "Derivative time (D) setting": 0s

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗇 Module name 🗇 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temperature adjus | | | | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % | 3 | | | | |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % | 3 | | | | |
| Integral time (I) setting | 0 s | 2 | | | | |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 0 s | 6 | | | | |

(3) PI Control

PI control is a control method in which integral elements are added to P control, and an offset (remaining deviation) is compensated. By setting the integral time (I) properly, the temperature process value (PV) and the set value (SV) can be met.

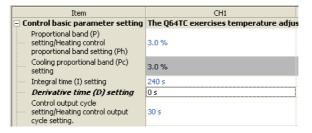
PI control is a control method in which integral elements are added to P control, thereby an offset (remaining deviation) is compensated. By setting the integral time (I) properly, the temperature process value (PV) matches with the set value (SV)

(a) Setting method

Set each item as follows.

- "Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph)" : any value
- "Integral time (I) setting": any value
- "Derivative time (D) setting": 0s

🏷 Project window 🕫 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 玲 [Parameter]



(4) PD Control

PD control is a control method in which the derivative time (D) is set in addition to PD control. The control mechanism is the same as P control.

(a) Setting method

Set each item as follows.

- "Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph)" : any value
- "Integral time (I) setting": 0s
- "Derivative time (D) setting": any value

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|--|--|
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temperature adjust |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 0 s 2 |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s 6 |
| Construction states and a | |

(5) PID Control

PID control is a control method in which derivative elements are added to PI control, thereby the temperature shifts to a stable status in a short period of time even when a drastic change has occurred. By setting the derivative time (D) properly, the control subject shifts to a stable status in a short period of time.

(a) Setting method

Set any value to "Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph)", "Integral time (I) setting", and "Derivative time (D) setting".

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗇 Module name 🗇 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temperature adjus |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s |

(6) Condition to perform PID control

The condition to be able to perform PID control^{*1} depends on the settings of the followings.

- Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) ([Page 330, Appendix 1.2 (1))
- PID continuation flag (Un\G169)) (Page 381, Appendix 2 (43))
- CHI PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) (Page 333, Appendix 1.2 (7))
- CH Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) (

The following table shows the relationship between the status of PID control^{*1} and each of the settings above.

O: Performed ×: Not performed

| Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) ^{*2} | PID continuation flag (Un\G169) | CH□ PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) | CH□ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) | Control status of PID control ^{*1} |
|--|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Setting mode at power-ON | Stop (0)/Continue (1) | OFF/ON | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | × |
| Operation mode | Stop (0)/Continue (1) | OFF | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | 0 |
| (operating) | | ON | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | × |
| | Stop (0) | OFF/ON | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | × |
| Setting mode (after operation) | Continue (1) | OFF | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | 0 |
| 、 、 、 / | | ON | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | × |

*1 Here, this is the generic term for two-position control, P control, PI control, PD control, and PID control.

*2 For the timing of each, refer to F Page 324, Appendix 1.1 (2)

Even though the conditions above are met, PID control is not performed when CHD Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Unused (1). (Page 376, Appendix 2 (35))

Point P

The manipulated value (MV) and manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module of when CH PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) is turned on from off are as follows.

| Duffer memory eres neme | В | uffer mem | ory addres | SS | Stored value | Reference | |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|---------|--------------|---------------------------|--|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Stored value | Reference | |
| CH□ Manipulated value (MV) | Un\G13 | Un\G14 | Un\G15 | Un\G16 | -50 (-5.0%) | Page 339, Appendix 2 (5) | |
| CHD Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module | Un\G177 | Un\G178 | Un\G179 | Un\G180 | 0 | Page 383, Appendix 2 (47) | |
| CH□ Manipulated value for heating (MVh) (Un\G13 to Un\G16) | Un\G13 | Un\G14 | Un\G15 | Un\G16 | -50 (-5.0%) | Page 339, Appendix 2 (5) | |
| CH□ Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module | Un\G177 | Un\G178 | Un\G179 | Un\G180 | 0 | Page 383, Appendix 2 (47) | |
| CH□ Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | Un\G704 | Un\G705 | Un\G706 | Un\G707 | -50 (-5.0%) | Page 339, Appendix 2 (5) | |
| CH□ Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module | Un\G708 | Un\G709 | Un\G710 | Un\G711 | 0 | Page 383, Appendix 2 (47) | |

When CH PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) is turned off from on, the forced stop of PID control is released. PID operation resumes with the manipulated value (MV) which was being output when the PID control was forcibly stopped.

(7) Buffer memory areas related to control method

| I he following table shows the buffer memory areas related to control method. Buffer memory address Setting range | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Buffer memory area name | СН1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Two- position control | P control | PD control | PI control | PID control | Reference | |
| CH□ Input range | Un\G32 | Un\G64 | Un\G96 | Un\G128 | 117, 130 to 1 Platinum resi | Thermocouple: 1 to 4, 11 to 28, 36 to 48, 49 to 52, 100 to 117, 130 to 132, 201 to 205 Platinum resistance thermometer: 5 to 8, 53, 54, 140 to 143, 201 to 205 | | | | | |
| CH□ Set value (SV) setting | Un\G34 | Un\G66 | Un\G98 | Un\G130 | Set a value w the set input | | nperature n | neasuremer | nt range of | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) | |
| CHD Proportional band (P) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | Fix the | - | the setting | - | | | |
| CHD Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | setting to 0. | 10000 (0.0% to 1000.0%) toward the full scale of the set input range. | | | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) | | |
| CH□ Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | Un\G720 | Un\G736 | Un\G752 | Un\G768 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | Configure the setting in the range from 1 to 10000 (0.1% to 1000.0%) toward the full scale of the set input range. | | | | 1 | |
| CH□ Integral time (I) setting | Un\G36 | Un\G68 | Un\G100 | Un\G132 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | Fix the setting to 0. | Fix the setting to 0. | 1 to 3600 (s) | 1 to 3600 (s) | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) | |
| CHD Derivative time (D) setting | Un\G37 | Un\G69 | Un\G101 | Un\G133 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | Fix the setting to 0. | 1 to 3600 (s) | Fix the setting to 0. | 1 to 3600 (s) | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) | |
| CHD Upper limit output limiter | Un\G42 | Un\G74, | Un\G106 | Un\G138 | | | | | | | |
| CHD Lower limit output limiter | Un\G43 | Un\G75 | Un\G107 | Un\G139 | | -50 10 105 | 0 (-5.0% to | 105.0%) | | Dogo 360 | |
| CHD Heating upper limit output limiter | Un\G42 | Un\G74 | Un\G106 | Un\G138 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | | | | | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) | |
| CHD Cooling upper limit output limiter | Un\G721 | Un\G737 | Un\G753 | Un\G769 | | 0 to 1050 (0.0% to 105.0%) | | | | | |
| CHD Output variation limiter setting | Un\G44 | Un\G76 | Un\G108 | Un\G140 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | 1 to 1000 (0.1%/s to 100.0%/s) | | | | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) | |
| CH□ Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting | Un\G46 | Un\G78 | Un\G110 | Un\G142 | Configure the setting in the range from 1 to 100 (0.1% to 10.0%) toward the full scale of the set input range. | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | | | | Page 363, Appendix 2 (22) | |

The following table shows the buffer memory areas related to control method.

8.2 Temperature Control Mode 8.2.3 Control method

| Buffer | Βι | uffer mem | ory addre | ss | | Set | ting rang | е | | | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|----------------|---|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| memory area name | СН1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | Two- position control | P control | | | PID control | Reference | | | |
| CHD Control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | | The control output cycle unit selection | | | | | | | |
| CHD Heating control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | setting on Switch Setting is 1s: 1 to 100 (1s to 100s) The control output cycle unit selection acting an Switch Setting in 0 1s: 5 to 100 setting in 0 1s: 5 | | | | setting (1s to 100s) nored ^{*1} • The control output cycle unit selection | | he setting (1s to 100s) Pa | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| CHD Cooling control output cycle setting | Un\G722 | Un\G738 | Un\G754 | Un\G770 | | 0 | .5s to 100.0 | 3. 5 10 | | | | | |
| CH□ Overlap/dead band setting | Un\G723 | Un\G739 | Un\G755 | Un\G771 | Ũ | L Configure the setting in the range from -100 to 100 (- 0.0% to 10.0%) toward the full scale of the set input ange. | | | | | | | |
| CH□ Manual reset amount setting | Un\G724 | Un\G740 | Un\G756 | Un\G772 | The setting is ignored ^{*1} | Configure setting in t from -1000 (-100.0 to toward the of the set range. | the range 0 to 1000 100.0%) e full scale | The settin ignored ^{*1} | g is | Page 405, Appendix 2 (79) | | | |

*1

When outside the setting range, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box \Box 4_{H}$) occurs.

Point Point

The L60TC4 automatically sets optimum PID constants if the following functions are used.

- Auto tuning function (Page 141, Section 8.2.7)
- Self-tuning function (Page 175, Section 8.2.15)

8.2.4 Manual Reset Function

Standard Heating-cooling

The position of the stable condition in P control or PD control can be shifted manually using this function.

By shifting the proportional band (P), an offset (remaining deviation) is manually reset.

The offset is reset by determining and setting the amount to shift the value of the manipulated value (MV) in a stable condition from the reference value.

The reference value is 50% for standard control, and 0% for heating-cooling control.

Point P

This function can be active only in P control and PD control. This function is inactive when integral time (I) is other than 0. CH \square Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772) is ignored even if it is set. (Note that a write data error (error code: $\square\square\square4_{\rm H}$) occurs if it is outside the setting range.)

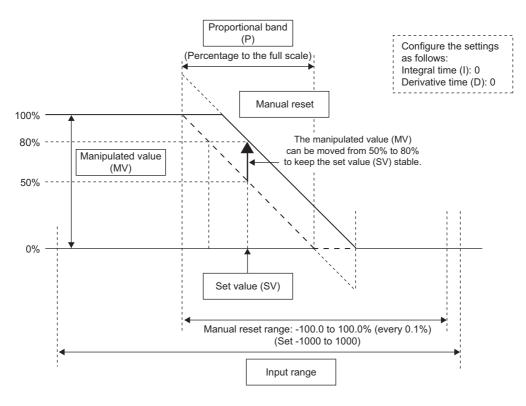
(1) Standard control

The set value (SV) is set where the manipulated value (MV) is 50%. Due to this, as long as the temperature process value (PV) and the set value (SV) is not in equilibrium at 50% of manipulated value, an offset (remaining deviation) generates.

When an offset generates, the proportional band (P) can be manually shifted by the amount of the offset (remaining deviation).

Ex. When using the manual reset function in the following conditions

- Control method: P control
- CH□ Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772): 300 (30%) The L60TC4 shifts the manipulated value (MV) by which the temperature is stabilized at the set value (SV) from 50% to 80%.



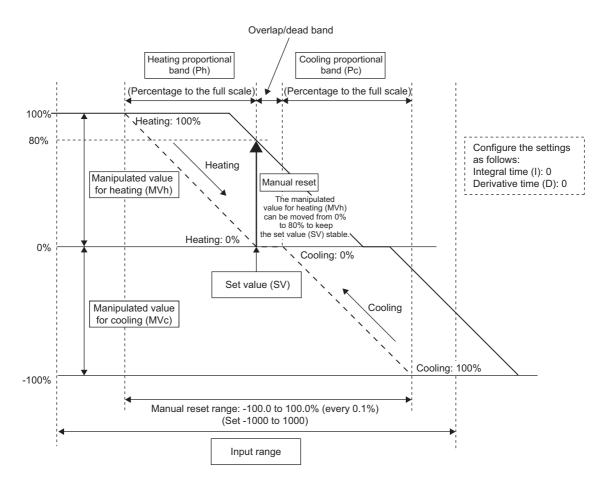
(2) Heating-cooling control

The set value (SV) is set where the manipulated value for heating (MVh)/manipulated value for cooling (MVc) is 0%. Due to this, as long as the temperature process value (PV) and the set value (SV) is not in equilibrium at 0% of manipulated value for heating (MVh)/manipulated value for cooling (MVc), an offset (remaining deviation) generates. When an offset generates, the heating proportional band (Ph)/cooling proportional band (Pc) can be manually shifted by the amount of the offset (remaining deviation).

Ex. When using the manual reset function in the following conditions

Control method: P control

CH□ Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772): 800 (80%) The L60TC4 shifts the manipulated value for heating (MVh) by which the temperature is stabilized at the set value (SV) from 0% to 80%.



(3) Setting method

Set a value in the following buffer memory area.

• CHI Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772) (Page 405, Appendix 2 (79))

8.2.5 Manual Control

Standard Heating-cooling

Manual control is a form of control for which the user sets the manipulated value (MV) manually instead of obtaining it automatically by PID control.

The manipulated value (MV) is checked every 250ms or 500ms^{*1}, and is reflected to transistor output.

*1 This depends on the setting in "Sampling Cycle Selection". (Page 109, Section 7.2 (1) (b))

(1) Setting method

Follow the following procedure for setting.

- **1.** Shift to the MAN (manual) mode. (Set MAN (1) in CH□ AUTO/MAN mode shift (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146).) ([□]] Page 367, Appendix 2 (26))
- 2. Set the manipulated value (MV) in CHI MAN output setting (Un\G51, Un\G83, Un\G115, Un\G147)^{*1}

(Page 368, Appendix 2 (27))

*1 The setting range differs for standard control and heating-cooling control. Standard control: -50 to 1050 (-5.0% to 105.0%) Heating-cooling control: -1050 to 1050 (-105.0% to 105.0%)

8.2.6 Control output cycle unit selection function

Standard Heating-cooling

The unit of the control output cycle can be selected from 1s or 0.1s using this function.

When the control output cycle is set in 0.1s, control can be more attentive.

The control output cycle is the ON/OFF cycle of transistor output for the temperature control function.

The cycle can be set in the following buffer memory areas.

| Control mode | Buffer memory area name | B | uffer mem | Reference | | |
|-------------------------|--|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| control mode | Durier memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| Standard control | CH□ Control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | |
| Heating-cooling control | CH□ Heating control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| | CH□ Cooling control output cycle setting | Un\G722 | Un\G738 | Un\G754 | Un\G770 | |

(1) Setting method

Select 1s cycle or 0.1s cycle in "Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting".

C Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 💠 [Switch Setting]

| Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | |
|---|---|
| 0:1s Cycle | • |
| 0:1s Cycle | |
| 1:0.1s Cycle | |

Point P

- The setting range and default value of the control output cycle depends on this setting. (
- A setting value discrepancy error (error code: 002EH) occurs right after changing this setting. To recover from the error status, turn Set value backup instruction (Yn8) as follows: OFF→ON→OFF. Then, register the setting after the change to the L60TC4.

Standard Heating

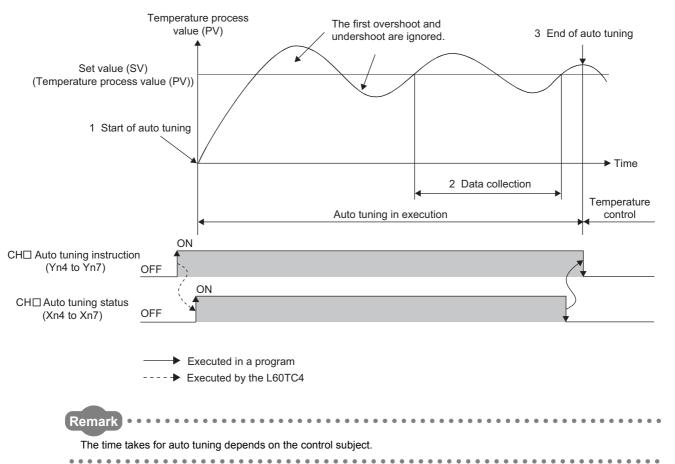
8.2.7 Auto tuning function

The auto tuning function is designed for the L60TC4 to set the optimum PID constants automatically. In auto tuning, the PID constants are calculated according to the hunting cycle and amplitude generated by repeated overshoot and undershoot of the manipulated value (MV) toward the set value (SV).

(1) Auto tuning operation

The L60TC4 operates as follows.

| Operation of the L60TC4 | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Outputs for auto-tuning | | | | | |
| 2 | Collects data from the point when the temperature process value (PV) reaches the set value (SV) after the first overshoot and undershoot | | | | | |
| 3 | After data collection, auto tuning ends when PID constants and loop disconnection detection judgment time are set. | | | | | |



(2) Buffer memory areas related to auto tuning

Auto tuning can be executed when the following data are set.

Note that other data must be preset to the values used for actual operation since actual control starts on completion of auto tuning.

When "0" is set to the proportional band (P)/heating proportional band (Ph), auto tuning is not executed.

(Page 355, Appendix 2 (15))

| Puffer memory eres name | | Buffer mem | Reference | | |
|--|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CHD Input range | Un\G32 | Un\G64 | Un\G96 | Un\G128 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| CH□ Set value (SV) setting | Un\G34 | Un\G66 | Un\G98 | Un\G130 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| CHD Upper limit output limiter | Un\G42 | Un\G74 | Un\G106 | Un\G138 | |
| CHD Lower limit output limiter | Un\G43 | Un\G75 | Un\G107 | Un\G139 | Dago 260 Appondix 2 (10) |
| CHD Heating upper limit output limiter | Un\G42 | Un\G74 | Un\G106 | Un\G138 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) |
| CHD Cooling upper limit output limiter | Un\G721 | Un\G737 | Un\G753 | Un\G769 | |
| CHD Output variation limiter setting | Un\G44 | Un\G76 | Un\G108 | Un\G140 | Page 362, Appendix 2 (20) |
| CH□ Sensor correction value setting | Un\G45 | Un\G77 | Un\G109 | Un\G141 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| CH□ Control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | |
| CH□ Heating control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| CH□ Cooling control output cycle setting | Un\G722 | Un\G738 | Un\G754 | Un\G770 | |
| CHD Primary delay digital filter setting | Un\G48 | Un\G80 | Un\G112 | Un\G144 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| CHI AUTO/MAN mode shift | Un\G50 | Un\G82 | Un\G114 | Un\G146 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) |
| CH□ AT bias | Un\G53 | Un\G85 | Un\G117 | Un\G149 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| CH□ Forward/reverse action setting | Un\G54 | Un\G86 | Un\G118 | Un\G150 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) |
| CH□ Auto tuning mode selection | Un\G184 | Un\G185 | Un\G186 | Un\G187 | Page 385, Appendix 2 (51) |

(3) Storing the calculated value after auto tuning

After auto tuning is completed, the calculated values are stored into the following buffer memory areas.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|
| | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelefelice |
| CHD Proportional band (P) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | |
| CH□ Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| CH□ Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | Un\G720 | Un\G736 | Un\G752 | Un\G768 | |
| CH□ Integral time (I) setting | Un\G36 | Un\G68 | Un\G100 | Un\G132 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) |
| CH□ Derivative time (D) setting | Un\G37 | Un\G69 | Un\G101 | Un\G133 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) |
| CHI Loop disconnection detection judgment time ^{*1} | Un\G59 | Un\G91 | Un\G123 | Un\G155 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |

*1 A value twice greater than the one in CHD Integral time (I) setting (Un\G36, Un\G68, Un\G100, Un\G132) is automatically set. However, if this setting is 0(s) when auto tuning is in process, the loop disconnection detection judgment time is not stored.

(4) Backup of the calculated value on completion of auto tuning

By setting the following buffer memory area to Enable (1) at the start of auto tuning, the calculated value

(FP Page 142, Section 8.2.7 (3)) is automatically backed up into a non-volatile memory on completion of auto tuning.

• CHI Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159)

([Page 378, Appendix 2 (37))

To read the calculated value (FF Page 142, Section 8.2.7 (3)) from the non-volatile memory, set the following buffer memory area to Requested (1).

• CH□ Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158) ([→ Page 377, Appendix 2 (36))

Point *P*

To use the PID constants stored in the buffer memory also after the power is turned off, follow the methods below.

- Keep the PID constants in the non-volatile memory, and transfer them when the power is turned on from off or when the CPU module is released from the reset status. (
- Write the value directly into the buffer memory through a program.

(5) Procedure of auto tuning

(a) GX Works2

Start from "Auto Tuning ... ".

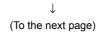
C [Tool] > [Intelligent Function Module Tool] > [Temperature Control Module] > [Auto Tuning...]

| Module | Selection (Auto | Tuning) | | × |
|--------|------------------|----------|------------|---|
| Module | e Selection | | | |
| | Start XY Address | Me | odule Type | |
| | 0010 | L60TCTT4 | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
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| | OK | | Cancel | |
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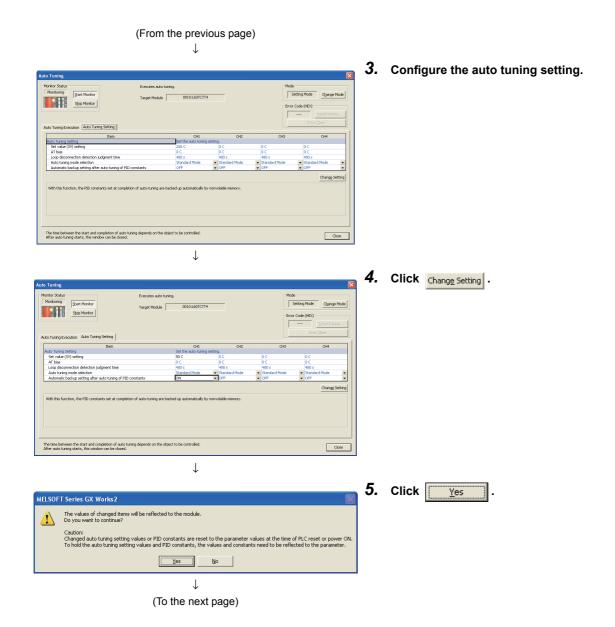
1. Select the module by which auto tuning is executed,



Monitoring Rentoring Start Monitor Stop Monitor Setting Mode Target Module 0010:1601CTT4 Char Error Code (HEX) Tuning Execution Auto Tuning Setting Ren 0 C 0 C -5.0 % 0.0 % 0 C 0 C -5.0 % 0.0 % 0 C -5.0 % 0.0 % 3.0 % 0.0 % 240 s 60 s 480 s 3.0 % 0.0 % 240 s 60 s 480 s 3.0 % 0.0 % 240 s 60 s 480 s 3.0 % 0.0 % tesult of automatic backup of PID constar The time between the start and completion of auto After auto tuning starts, this window can be closed

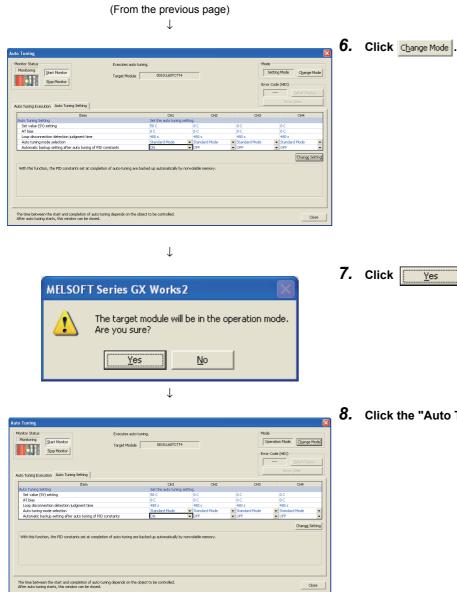


2. Click the "Auto Tuning Setting" tab.



8.2 Temperature Control Mode 8.2.7 Auto tuning function

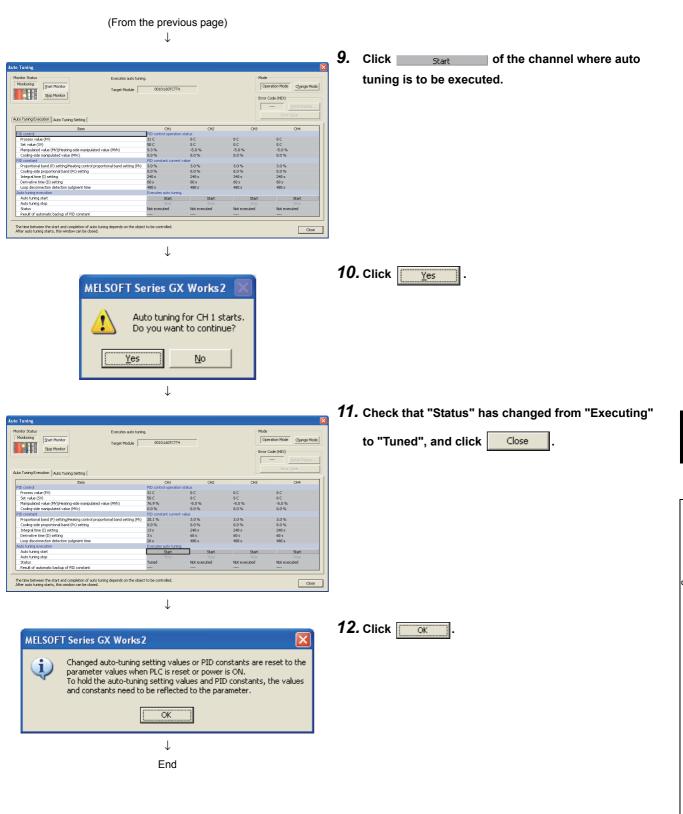
8



Close

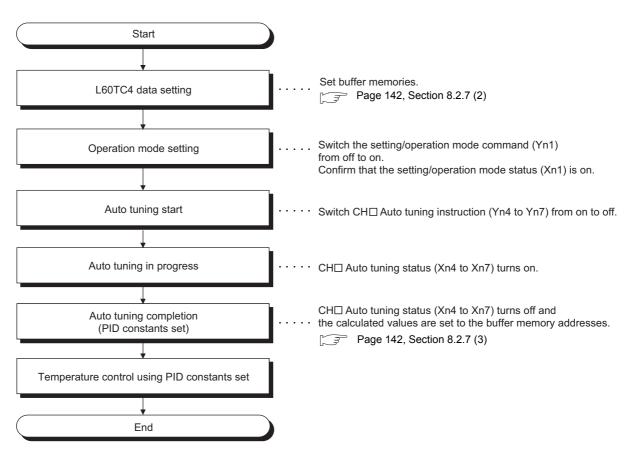
 \downarrow (To the next page) **8.** Click the "Auto Tuning Execution" tab.

].



(b) Program

The execution procedure of auto tuning is as follows.



(6) Conditions where auto tuning cannot be executed

| | Conditions to start auto tuning | Reference |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| 1 | The module is in the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF). | Page 324, Appendix 1.1 (2) |
| 2 | In standard control, CHD Proportional band (P) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131) is set to 0. (operating in two-position control) | Dago 255 Annondiy 2 (15) |
| 2 | In heating-cooling control, CHD Heating proportional band (Ph) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131) is set to 0. (operating in two-position control) | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| 3 | CHI AUTO/MAN mode shift (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146) is set to MAN (1). | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) |
| 4 | Toward the corresponding channel, CH□ Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Unused (1). | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) |
| 5 | CHI PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) is turned on. | Page 333, Appendix 1.2 (7) |
| 6 | Hardware failure has occurred. (The ERR. LED is on.) | Page 310, Section 11.3.2 |
| 7 | CHD Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) has exceeded the temperature measurement range (CHD Input range upper limit (b0 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) or CHD Input range lower limit (b1 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) is 1 (ON)). | Page 336, Appendix 2 (3) |
| 8 | CH□ Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158) is set to Requested (1). | Page 377, Appendix 2 (36) |
| 9 | CH□ Write completion flag (b4 to b7 of Un\G31) is on. | Page 343, Appendix 2 (11) |

If one of the following conditions applies, auto tuning cannot be executed.

(a) When one of the conditions 1 to 5 applies

Auto tuning starts when the condition no longer applies.

(b) When the condition 7 applies

CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) turns on for a moment. Even though the temperature process value (PV) goes back within the temperature measurement range, auto tuning does not start until CH□ Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) is turned on from off once again.

(c) When the condition 8 or 9 applies

Even though the internal processing of auto tuning is completed and PID constants are stored, CH^I Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) does not turn off, therefore the auto tuning is not completed.

(7) Conditions where auto tuning ends in fail

The conditions are described below.

(a) Shift from the operation mode to the setting mode

Shifting from the operation mode to the setting mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned off from on) ends auto tuning in fail. Note that an exception is when PID continuation flag (Un\G169) is set to Continue (1). (Page 381, Appendix 2 (43))

(b) Setting change of the buffer memory during the execution of auto tuning

If a setting in the following buffer memory areas is changed during the execution of auto tuning, the processing ends in fail.

| Duffer memory eres nome | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference | |
| CH□ Set value (SV) setting | Un\G34 | Un\G66 | Un\G98 | Un\G130 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) | |
| CHD Upper limit output limiter | Un\G42 | Un\G74 | Un\G106 | Un\G138 | | |
| CHD Lower limit output limiter | Un\G43 | Un\G75 | Un\G107 | Un\G139 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) | |
| CHD Cooling upper limit output limiter | Un\G721 | Un\G737 | Un\G753 | Un\G769 | - | |
| CH□ Sensor correction value setting | Un\G45 | Un\G77 | Un\G109 | Un\G141 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) | |
| CH□ Control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | Dage 264 Appendix 2 (22) | |
| CH□ Cooling control output cycle setting | Un\G722 | Un\G738 | Un\G754 | Un\G770 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) | |
| CHD Primary delay digital filter setting | Un\G48 | Un\G80 | Un\G112 | Un\G144 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) | |
| CHD AUTO/MAN mode shift | Un\G50 | Un\G82 | Un\G114 | Un\G146 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) | |
| CH□ AT bias | Un\G53 | Un\G85 | Un\G117 | Un\G149 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) | |
| CH□ Forward/reverse action setting | Un\G54 | Un\G86 | Un\G118 | Un\G150 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) | |
| CH□ Unused channel setting | Un\G61 | Un\G93 | Un\G125 | Un\G157 | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) | |
| Cold junction temperature compensation selection | | Un\0 | G182 | | Page 384, Appendix 2 (49) | |

(c) Out of the temperature measurement range

If CHD Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) exceeds the temperature measurement range (CHD Input range upper limit (b0 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) or CHD Input range lower limit (b1 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) becomes 1 (ON)), auto tuning ends in fail. (

(d) Time until the temperature process value (PV) reaches the set value (SV) for the first time or a half the hunting cycle of the temperature process value (PV)

If the time below exceeds two hours, auto tuning ends in fail.

- Time from the start of auto tuning until CH
 Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) reaches
 the set value (SV) for the first time
- A half the hunting cycle of CH Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12)

Point P

For the time above not to exceed two hours, bring the temperature of the subject close to the set value (SV) in advance, then execute auto tuning.

(e) Calculated values of PID constants after auto tuning

If a calculated value of PID constants after auto tuning exceeds one of the following ranges, auto tuning ends in fail.

- CH Proportional band (P) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131): 1 to 10000 (0.1% to 1000.0%)
- CHD Integral time (I) setting (Un\G36, Un\G68, Un\G100, Un\G132): 1 to 3600 (1s to 3600s)
- CHD Derivative time (D) setting (Un\G37, Un\G69, Un\G101, Un\G133): 0 to 3600 (0s to 3600s)

Point P

If auto tuning ends in fail due to the calculated value of PID constants as described above, the system configuration needs to be reconsidered (such as selecting proper heater capacity).

(f) Change of the upper limit setting limiter or lower limit setting limiter and the set value (SV)

If the set value (SV) goes out of the setting range due to the change in one of the following buffer memory areas, auto tuning ends in fail.

- CHI Upper limit setting limiter (Un\G55, Un\G87, Un\G119, Un\G151)
- CHI Lower limit setting limiter (Un\G56, Un\G88, Un\G120, Un\G152)

(g) Other conditions

In addition to the conditions described up until here, if any of the following conditions applies, auto tuning ends in fail.

- CH□ PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) has been turned on from off. ([Page 333, Appendix 1.2 (7))
- · Hardware failure has occurred.
- In standard control, CH□ Proportional band (P) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131) has been set to 0. (has been set to two-position control) ([______ Page 355, Appendix 2 (15))
- In heating-cooling control, CH□ Heating proportional band (Ph) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131) has been set to 0. (has been set to two-position control) (Page 355, Appendix 2 (15))

(8) Operation on completion of auto tuning

(a) Normal completion

The L60TC4 operates as follows.

- Turns off CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7)
- Stores the PID constants in the buffer memory (Page 142, Section 8.2.7 (3))
- Stores a value in CHI Loop disconnection detection judgment time (Un\G59, Un\G91, Un\G123, Un\G155) (If this was set to 0 (s) at the start of auto tuning, the setting remains unchanged.)

(b) Abnormal completion

The L60TC4 operates as follows.

- Turns off CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7).
- Does not store the PID constants in the buffer memory. (Page 142, Section 8.2.7 (3))

(9) Checking the completion of auto tuning

The completion of auto tuning can be checked by the status change from on to off in CH^I Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7).

8

(10)Adjustment after auto tuning

To change the control response toward the PID constants calculated by auto tuning, change the setting in the following buffer memory area.

• CHI Control response parameter (Un\G49, Un\G81, Un\G113, Un\G145) (

8.2.8 Simple Two-degree-of-freedom

Standard Heating-coolin

This is the simplified control form of the two-degree-of-freedom PID control. In this form of PID control, the L60TC4 controls the target subject using not only PID constants but also the control response parameter. The response speed toward the change of the set value (SV) can be selected from three levels.

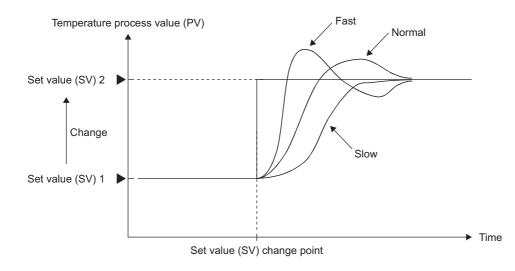
General PID control is called one-degree-of freedom PID control. In the one-degree-of freedom PID control, when PID constants to improve "response to the change of the set value (SV)" are set, "response to the disturbance" degrades. Conversely, when PID constants to improve "response to the disturbance" are set, "response to the change of the set value (SV)" degrades.

On the other hand, in the two-degree-of-freedom PID control, "response to the change of the set value (SV)" and "response to the disturbance" can be compatible with each other.

Note that required parameter settings increase and PID constants can hardly be auto-set by the auto tuning function for complete two-degree-of-freedom PID control. Therefore, the L60TC4 operates in the simple two-degree-of-freedom PID control for which parameters are simplified.

The level of "response to the change of the set value (SV)" can be selected from the following, maintaining the PID constants that improve "response to the disturbance".

- Fast
- Normal
- Slow



(1) Setting method

Set a value on "Control response parameter".

| \bigcirc | Project window ⊲> | [Intelligent Function | Module] I Module na | me <> [Parameter] |
|------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | |

| Item | CH1 | |
|----------------------------|----------|---|
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 1 |
| Stop Mode Setting | 0:Slow | |
| PID continuation flag | 1:Normal | |
| 🔄 Control detail parameter | 2:Fast | 5 |

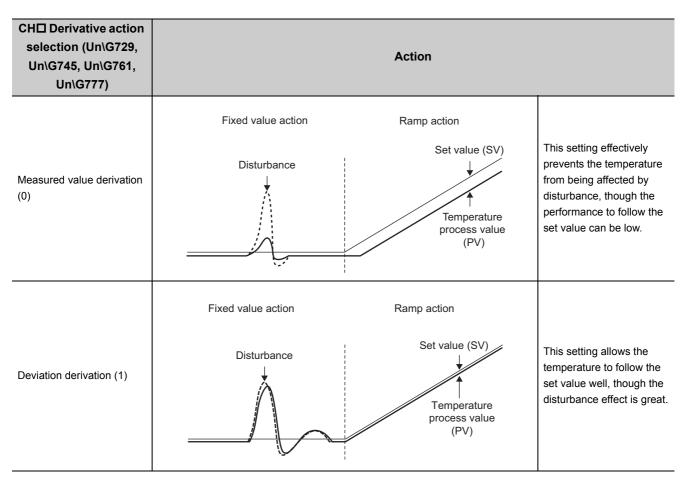
8.2.9 Derivative Action Selection Function

An derivative action appropriate for each of fixed value action and ramp action can be selected and the action characteristic can be improved using this function.

Standard Heating

(1) Action

Each type of derivative action operates as shown below.



(2) Setting method

Set a value on "Derivative action selection".

C Project window 🕫 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖘 Module name 🕫 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| Derivative action selection | 0:Measured Value | 0:M |
| Simultaneous temperature rise | 0:Measured Value Derivative | <u> </u> |
| group setting | 1:Deviation Derivative | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise AT | | Π. |

Standard Heating

8.2.10 Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting Function

When the set value (SV) is changed, the change rate in the specified time unit can be set on "Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting". The user can select whether to set this rate for temperature rise and temperature drop individually or at once.

(1) Setting method

(a) Batch/individual setting for temperature rise and temperature drop

Select the value on "Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting".

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗇 Module name 🕁 [Switch Setting]

| Se | tting Change Rate Limiter Setting | | |
|----|---|---|--|
| | 0:Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | - | |
| Cg | 0:Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting 1:Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Individual Setting | | |
| | 0:1s Cycle | • | |

(b) Change rate setting

For batch-change, set "Setting change rate limiter or Setting change limiter (Temperature rise)" only.

C Project window 🕁 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🕁 [Parameter]

| | | _ |
|---|--------|---|
| Item | CH1 | |
| Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) | 40.0 % | c |
| Setting change rate limiter | | |

For individual setting, set "Setting change rate limiter or Setting change limiter (Temperature rise)" and "Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop)".

♥ Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇔ Module name ⇔ [Parameter]

| [| Item | CH1 | Γ |
|---|---|--------|---|
| | Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) | 40.0 % | L |
| | Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) | 20.0 % | I |

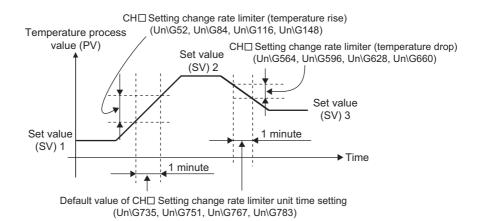
(c) Time unit setting

Set the time unit of the setting change rate limiter on "Setting change rate limiter Unit time setting".

C Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🕫 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|--|-----|
| Setting change rate limiter Unit time setting | 5 s |

Ex. Operation of when individual setting is selected on Switch Setting



8.2.11 Alert Function

Standard Heating-cooling

When the process value (PV) or deviation reaches the value set in advance, the system is set in an alert status. Use this function to activate danger signals of devices or safety devices.

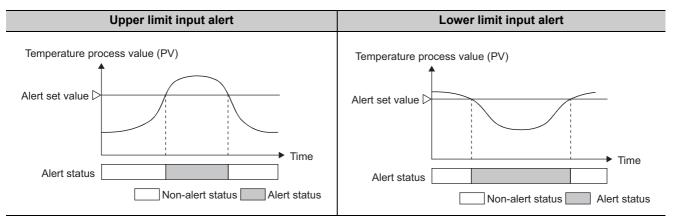
The alert function is classified into input alerts and deviation alerts depending on the setting of the alert mode.

- Input alert: upper limit input alert, lower limit input alert ([Page 157, Section 8.2.11 (1))
- Deviation alert: upper limit deviation alert, lower limit deviation alert, upper lower limit deviation alert, withinrange alert ([Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2))

(1) Input alert

With the upper limit input alert, when the process value (PV) is equal to or greater than the alert set value, the system is put in an alert status.

With the lower limit input alert, when the process value (PV) is equal to or less than the alert set value, the system is put in an alert status.



(a) Setting method

Set the alert mode. ([Page 167, Section 8.2.11 (7) (a))

- Upper limit input alert: Set the alert mode to "1: Upper Limit Input Alert".
- · Lower limit input alert: Set the alert mode to "2: Lower Limit Input Alert".

(2) Deviation alert

With the deviation alert, when the deviation (E) between the temperature process value (PV) and the set value (SV) meets a particular condition, the system is put in an alert status.

The set value (SV) to be referred is either "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting" depending on the alert mode. When a setting change rate limiter is specified, "set value (SV) monitor" follows the set value (SV) by the specified change rate. (For details on the setting change rate limiter setting, refer to $\boxed{}$ Page 369, Appendix 2 (28).)

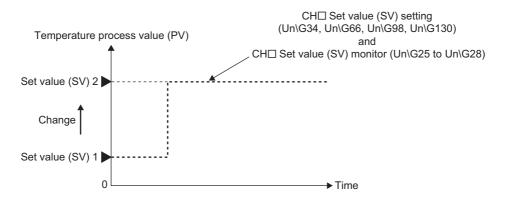
The following table describes the use of each set value (SV) of when a setting change rate limiter is specified, and can be referred to use a deviation alert.

| Reference area of the set value (SV) | Use (when the set value (SV) is changed) |
|--|---|
| CH□ Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28) | This value is used when the temperature process value (PV) needs to follow the changing set value (SV) within a consistent deviation (E). If the temperature process value (PV) does not follow the set value (SV) and strays out of the set deviation range, an alert occurs. |
| CH⊟ Set value (SV) setting (Un\G34, Un\G66, Un\G98, Un\G130) | This value is used for the alert occurrence to be determined only by the deviation (E) from the set value (SV). In this case, how well the temperature process value (PV) is following the changing set value (SV) does not matter. Even if the value in CH ^{II} Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28) is changing, an alert can occur depending on the deviation (E) from the set value (SV). |

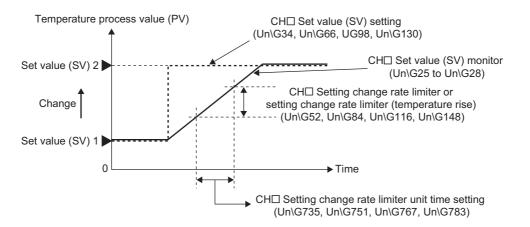
(a) Set value (SV) and the setting change rate limiter setting

The following figures show the relationships of two types of set value (SV) depending on whether the setting change rate limiter is specified or not.

• When the setting change rate limiter is not specified: The two types of set value (SV) are the same value.

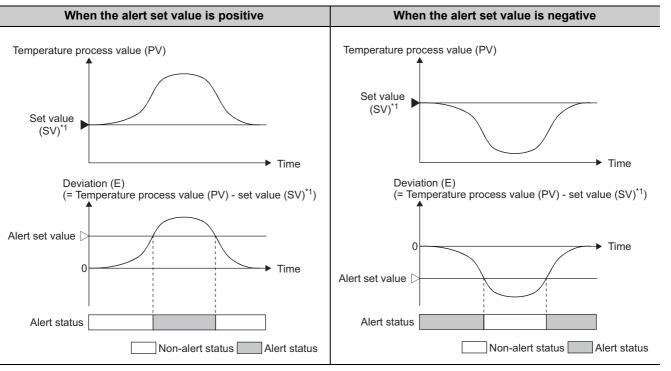


• When the setting change rate limiter is specified: The value in CH□ Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28) follows the set value (SV) of after the setting is reflected.



(b) Upper limit deviation alert

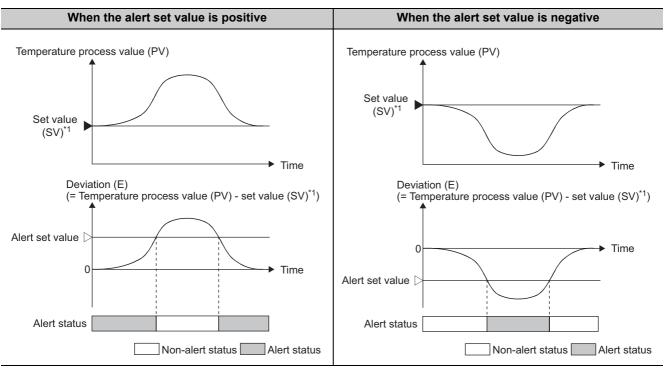
When the deviation (E) is equal to or greater than the alert set value, the system is put in an alert status.



*1 Depending on the alert mode, this value becomes "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting". (Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) (a))

(c) Lower limit deviation alert

When the deviation (E) is equal to or less than the alert set value, the system is put in an alert status.

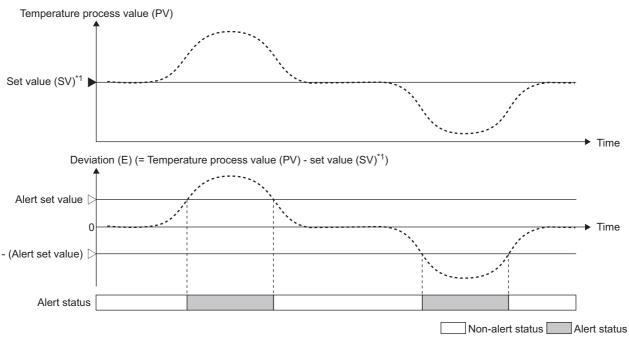


*1 Depending on the alert mode, this value becomes "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting". (Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) (a))

(d) Upper lower limit deviation alert

When one of the following conditions is satisfied, the system is put in an alert status.

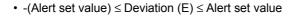
- Deviation (E) ≥ Alert set value
- Deviation (E) ≤ -(Alert set value)

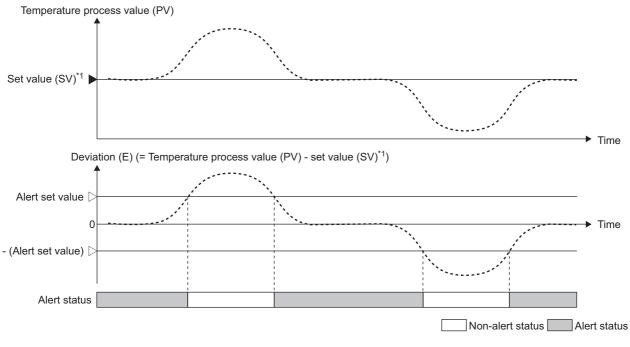


*1 Depending on the alert mode, this value becomes "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting". (Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) (a))

(e) Within-range alert

When the following condition is satisfied, the system is put in an alert status.





*1 Depending on the alert mode, this value becomes "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting". (Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) (a))

(f) Setting method (alert mode and the set value (SV) to be referred)

Select one of the two types of set value (SV) described in Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) by specifying an alert mode.

• When the alert judgment requires the value in CH□ Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28), set one of the following values.

| | Alert mode setting (Page 167, Section 8.2.11 (7) (a)) | | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| Setting value | Alert mode name | | |
| 3 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert | | |
| 4 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert | | |
| 5 | Upper/Lower Deviation Alert | | |
| 6 | Within-Range Alert | | |
| 9 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | |
| 10 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | |
| 11 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | |
| 12 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 13 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 14 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |

• When the alert judgment requires the value in CH□ Set value (SV) setting (Un\G34, Un\G66, Un\G98, Un\G130), set one of the following values.

| Alert mode setting (🖅 Page 167, Section 8.2.11 (7) (a)) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Setting value | Alert mode name | | |
| 15 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 16 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 17 | Upper lower deviation alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 18 | Within-range deviation alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 19 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 20 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 21 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 22 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 23 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 24 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |

(3) Alert with standby

Even if the temperature process value (PV) or deviation (E) is in a condition to be in an alert status when the module's status is changed from the setting mode to the operation mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1): OFF \rightarrow ON), the alert does not occur. The alert function can be disabled until the temperature process value (PV) or deviation (E) strays out of the condition to be in an alert status.



When the alert mode is set to Lower limit deviation alert with standby (10)

The alert function is inactive until the deviation (E) exceeds the alert set value (right figure below).

| Lower limit deviation alert (Page 160, Section 8.2.11 (2) (c)) | Lower limit deviation alert with standby | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Deviation (E) (= Temperature process value (PV) - set value (SV)*1) Alert set value Alert status Non-alert status Alert status | Deviation (E) (= Temperature process value (PV) - set value (SV)*1) Alert set value Wait operation region Alert status Non-alert status Alert status | | |

*1 Depending on the alert mode, this value becomes "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting". (Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) (a))

Point P

When the system goes into the non-alert status even once after an alert judgment started following the setting of the alert mode, the alert with standby will be inactive even if the mode is changed to the one with standby.

(a) Setting method

Select one of the following alert modes.

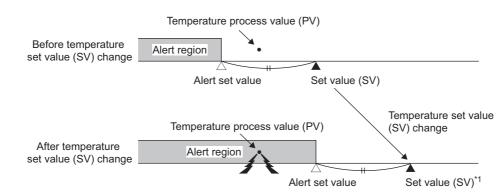
| Alert mode setting (🖅 Page 167, Section 8.2.11 (7) (a)) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Setting value | Alert mode name | | |
| 7 | Upper Limit Input Alert with Wait | | |
| 8 | Lower Limit Input Alert with Wait | | |
| 9 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | |
| 10 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | |
| 11 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | |
| 19 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 20 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 21 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |

(4) Alert with standby (second time)

A function to deactivate the alert function once again when the set value (SV) is changed is added to an alert with standby. This is called an alert with standby (second time).

When control needs the set value (SV) change, the alert supposed to occur can be avoided when the set value is changed by selecting an alert with standby (second time).

Ex. When the temperature process value (PV) is on the position as below before the set value (SV) change



*1 Depending on the alert mode, this value becomes "set value (SV) monitor" or "set value (SV) setting". (Page 158, Section 8.2.11 (2) (a))

For a deviation alert, when the set value (SV) is changed, the temperature process value (PV) goes into the alert area; therefore, the system goes into an alert status.

To prevent the case above, the alert output is put on standby.

(a) Setting method

Select one of the following alert modes.

| Alert mode setting (FFP Page 167, Section 8.2.11 (7) (a)) | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Setting value | ing value Alert mode name | | |
| 12 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 13 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 14 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 22 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 23 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |
| 24 | Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | |

.

Remark

If a setting change rate limiter is specified, an alert with standby (second time) is not active even though one of the following alert modes is selected.

| Alert mode setting (| | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Setting value | Alert mode name | | |
| 12 | Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 13 | Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | |
| 14 Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | | |

The standby (second time) is used to prevent alert occurrence when the set value (SV) is changed.

If a setting change rate limiter is specified, the value in CH[□] Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28) gradually changes following the set value (SV) when the set value (SV) is changed. Suppose that the standby (second time) function is activated under such occasion. The alert standby would be always active; therefore an alert would not be output even when the temperature process value (PV) is not following the value in CH[□] Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28). To prevent such cases, the standby (second time) function is deactivated if a setting change rate limiter is used.

8.2 Temperature Control Mode 8.2.11 Alert Function

(5) Condition for alert judgment

Whether alert occurrence is judged or not depends on the settings of the followings:

- Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) (
 Page 330, Appendix 1.2 (1))
- PID continuation flag (Un\G169) (Page 381, Appendix 2 (43))
- CH PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) (Page 333, Appendix 1.2 (7))
- CH Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) (

The following table shows the relationship between each setting above and the execution of alert judgment.

O: Judged ×: Not judged

| Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) ^{*1} | PID continuation flag (Un\G169) | CHD PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) | CH⊡ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) | Alert judgment |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------|
| Dawar ON | Chan (0)/Continue | | Stop (0) | × |
| Power ON, Setting mode | Stop (0)/Continue (1) | OFF/ON | Monitor (1) | × |
| | (') | | Alert (2) | 0 |
| | Stop (0)/Continue (1) | OFF | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | 0 |
| Operation mode | | | Stop (0) | × |
| (operating) | | ON | Monitor (1) | × |
| | | | Alert (2) | 0 |
| | Stop (0) | | Stop (0) | × |
| | | OFF/ON | Monitor (1) | × |
| | | | Alert (2) | 0 |
| Setting mode (after operation) | Continue (1) | OFF | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | 0 |
| | | | Stop (0) | × |
| | | ON | Monitor (1) | × |
| | | | Alert (2) | 0 |

*1 For details, refer to Frage 324, Appendix 1.1 (2).

Even if the conditions above are satisfied, when CHI Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Unused (1), alert judgment is not executed. ([] Page 376, Appendix 2 (35))

(6) Condition where CH Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns off

The condition where CHD Alert occurrence flag turns off differs depending on the setting of the following buffer memory area.

• CHI Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) ([] Page 353, Appendix 2 (13))

| CH□ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) | Condition where CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns off | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Stop (0) | When the cause of the alert is resolved, or when the system is shifted from the | | |
| Monitor (1) | operation mode to the setting mode (when Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned off from on). | | |
| Alert (2) | When the cause of the alert is resolved, | | |

(7) Setting alert modes and alert set values

Settings of the alert mode and alert set value are described below.

(a) Alert mode

Set the alert mode. Up to four modes can be set for each channel. Set modes in "Alert 1 mode setting" to "Alert 4 mode setting".

C Project window 🕫 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖘 Module name 🕫 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | | |
|--|---|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Alert function setting | Set the temperature process value (PV |) or warning status of deflection. | | |
| Alert 1 mode setting | 1:Upper Limit Input Alert | 0:Not Warning | | |
| Alert 2 mode setting | 0:Not Warning | 0:Not Warning | | |
| Alert 3 mode setting | 2:Lower Limit Input Alert | 0:Not Warning | | |
| Alert 4 mode setting | 0:Not Warning | 0:Not Warning | | |
| Alert set value 1 | 7:Upper Limit Input Alert with Wait | ~ | | |
| Alert set value 2 | 8:Lower Limit Input Alert with Wait | | | |
| Alert set value 3 | 9:Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | | |
| Alert set value 4 | 10:Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait | | | |
| Alert dead band setting | 11:Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait 12:Upper Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | | |
| Number of alert delay | 13:Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | | |
| Loop disconnection detection | 14:Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Re-Wait | | | |
| judgment time | 15:Upper Limit Deviation Alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | | |
| Loop disconnection detection dead | 16:Lower Limit Deviation Alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | | |
| band | 17:Upper/Lower Limit Deviation Alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | | |
| Process alarm alert output | 18:Within-Range Alert (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) | | | |
| 19.0pper Linic Deviation Merc with wait (Use Dec value (DV) Detaing value) | | | | |
| Due en en el even le ven le ven lieu?t | 20:Lower Limit Deviation Alert with Wait (Use Set Value (SV) Setting Value) 🛛 📉 | | | |

Each alert mode for alert 1 to 4 corresponds to alert set value 1 to 4.

(b) Alert set value

Set the value where CH□ Alert 1 (b8 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) to CH□ Alert 4 (b11 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on according to the set alert mode. Up to four values can be set for each channel. Set values in "Alert set value 1" to "Alert set value 4".

C Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖘 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|------------------------|-------|---|
| Alert set value 1 | 200 C | 0 |
| Alert set value 2 | 0 C | 0 |
| Alert set value 3 | 200 C | 0 |
| Alert set value 4 | 30 C | 0 |
| Mert dead band cetting | 0.5.% | |

Alert set value 1 to 4 corresponds to each alert mode for alert 1 to 4.

(8) Setting the alert dead band

When the temperature process value (PV) or deviation (E) is close to the alert set value, alert status and non-alert status may alternates repeatedly due to inconsistent input.

Such case can be prevented by setting an alert dead band.

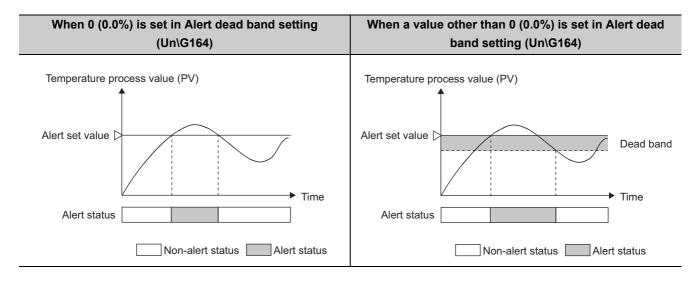
(a) Setting method

Set a value on "Alert dead band setting".

C Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗢 Module name 🗢 [Parameter]

| Item | СН1 |
|-------------------------|---------|
| Alert dead band setting | 0.5 % |
| Number of alert delay | 0 Times |

Ex. When the alert mode is set to Upper limit input alert (1) (FP Page 157, Section 8.2.11 (1)) When a value other than 0 (0.0%) is set in Alert dead band setting (Un\G164), the system is put in the alert status when upper limit input becomes equal to or greater than the alert set value. The system is put in the non-alert status when the upper limit falls below the alert dead band (figure on the right).



(9) Setting the number of alert delay

Set the number of sampling to judge alert occurrence. The system is set in the alert status when the process value (PV) that has reached the alert set value remains in the alert range until the number of sampling becomes equal to or greater than the preset number of alert delays.

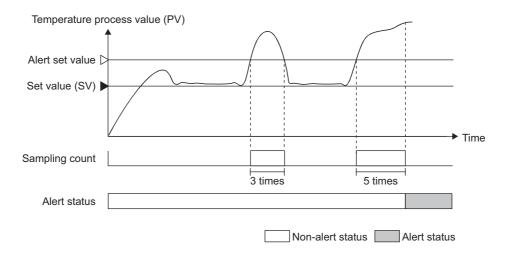
(a) Setting method

Set a value on "Number of alert delay".

🏷 Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|------------------------------|---------|--|
| Number of alert delay | 5 Times | |
| Loop disconnection detection | 100 | |

Ex. When the alert mode is set to Upper limit input alert (1) (FP Page 157, Section 8.2.11 (1)) When 5 is set as the number of alert delay, the system is not put in the alert status if the number of sampling is 4 or less.



(10)Alert mode and settings

The following table shows the alert modes and validity/availability of related settings.

(Active/Yes: O, Inactive/No: ----)

| | | | | -, , | |
|-----------|--|---|---|--|--|
| Alert | | Alert dead band setting (Page 168, Section 8.2.11 (8)) | Number of alert delay (The Page 169, Section 8.2.11 (9)) | Alert with standby (Page 163, Section 8.2.11 (3)) | Alert with standby (second time) (Page 164, Section 8.2.11 (4)) |
| Input | Upper limit input alert (Page 157, Section 8.2.11 (1)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | — |
| alert | Lower limit input alert (| 0 | 0 | 0 | _ |
| | Upper limit deviation alert (J Page 159, Section 8.2.11 (2) (b)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Upper limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Lower limit deviation alert (🗇 Page 160, Section 8.2.11 (2) (c)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Deviation | Lower limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) (| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| alert | Upper lower limit deviation alert () Page 160, Section 8.2.11 (2) (d)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Upper lower limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) (The set value (SV)) ((d)) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Within-range alert (| 0 | 0 | | _ |
| | Within-range alert (using the set value (SV)) (J Page 161, Section 8.2.11 (2) (e)) | 0 | 0 | _ | _ |

Standard Heating-cooling

8.2.12 RFB Limiter Function

The RFB (reset feed back) function operates when deviation (E) continues for a long period of time. In such occasion, this function limits the PID operation result (manipulated value (MV)) from an integral action so that it does not exceed the valid range of the manipulated value (MV). This function operates automatically on execution of PID control; therefore, a setting by the user is unnecessary.

| Remark •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
|---|
| When the PID operation result exceeds the upper limit output limiter value, the L60TC4 operates as follows: |
| The RFB function levels the manipulated value (MV) to the upper limit output limiter value by feeding back the exceeded value to the integral value. |
| When the PID operation result is below the lower limit output limiter value, the L60TC4 operates as follows: The RFB function levels the manipulated value (MV) to the lower limit output limiter value by feeding back the lacking value to the integral value. |
| |

8.2.13 Input/output (with another analog module) function

Standard Heating-cooling

Input and output can be processed using other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module or D/A converter module) in the system.

(1) Input

In general, a temperature control module uses the temperature measured through thermocouples or platinum resistance thermometers connected to the module as a temperature process value (PV). In the L60TC4, the digital input value of current or voltage converted by other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module) in the system can also be used as a temperature process value (PV).

(a) Setting method

Follow the procedure below.

 Select "Input range" from one of "201:Input with Another Analog Module Measured Temperature Range (0 to 4000)" to "205:Input with Another Analog Module Measured Temperature Range (0 to 32000)".

C Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 🖃 Basic setting | Set the temperature conversion system. | | |
| Input range | | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 201:Input with Another Analog Module Measured Temperature Range (0 to 4000) | | |
| Unused channel setting | 202:Input with Another Analog Module Measu | | |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | 203:Input with Another Analog Module Measu | red Temperature Range (0 to 16000) | |
| Control basic parameter setting | 205:Input with Another Analog Module Measu 204:Input with Another Analog Module Measu 205:Input with Another Analog Module Measu | red Temperature Range (0 to 4000) red Temperature Range (0 to 32000) | |

2. Store the value of another analog module (such as an A/D converter module) into CH□ Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module (Un\G689 to Un\G692). Store the value of another analog module (such as an A/D converter module) into CH□ Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module. (Un\G689 to Un\G692) ([]] Page 402, Appendix 2 (74))

Point P

- If the second procedure above is executed ahead of the first procedure, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box \Box_{4}$) occurs.
- When this function is used, the value in the following buffer memory area is used for the temperature process value (PV) scaling function.

• CHD Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module (Un\G689 to Un\G692) For details on the temperature process value (PV) scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 221, Section 8.3.1

(2) Output

Instead of the transistor output from the temperature control module, analog output values from other analog modules (such as a D/A converter module) can be used as the manipulated value (MV).

(a) Setting method

Follow the procedure below (for the standard control).

1. Select the value on "Resolution of the manipulated value for output with another analog module".

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🗇 [Parameter]

| Resolution of the manipulated value for output with another analog module | 0:0 to 4000 | • |
|---|--------------|---|
| | 0:0 to 4000 | _ |
| Choose any of the following four differen | 1:0 to 12000 | |
| Choose any or the following four differen | 2:0 to 16000 | |
| | 3:0 to 20000 | |

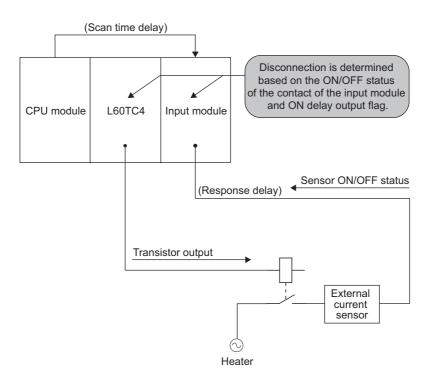
Point P

- When the manipulated value (MV) is -5.0% to 0.0%, 0 is stored in Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module. When the manipulated value (MV) is 100.0% to 105.0%, 4000/12000/16000/20000 is stored in Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module.
- The manipulated value (MV) in a percentage value is stored into Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog
 module (digital output value) in real time.

8.2.14 ON delay output function

This function allows the user to set the delay (response/scan time delay) of transistor output. By setting a delay, and monitoring the ON delay output flag and external output on the program, disconnection of external output can be judged. The following figure is an example using the ON delay flag.

Standard Heating-



(1) Setting method

Set a value on "Transistor output monitor ON delay time setting".

C Project window 🕫 [Intelligent Function Module] 🕫 Module name 🕫 [Parameter]



Standard

8.2.15 Self-tuning function

The L60TC4 constantly monitors the control state. When the control system is oscillatory, this function allows PID constants to be automatically changed under the following situations such as:

- · After the control has been just started
- When the set value (SV) is changed
- When the characteristics of a controlled object fluctuates

Unlike the auto tuning function, a normal control response waveform is monitored and PID constants are automatically calculated and set. This allows an object to be controlled with the most suitable PID constants all the time without disturbance.

(1) Differences between auto tuning and self-tuning

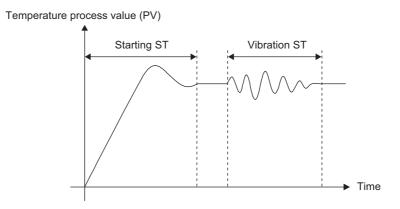
The following table lists the differences between auto tuning and self-tuning.

| Item | Auto tuning | Self-tuning |
|---|---|---|
| PID constants calculation | The manipulated value (MV) is turned on/off and PID constants are calculated based on the hunting cycle and amplitude of the temperature process value (PV) for the set value (SV). | PID constants are calculated based on an oscillation occurred under situations such as after the control has been just started, the set value (SV) has been changed, and when a control response is oscillatory. |
| Execution method | Turning off and on CH□ Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) starts auto tuning and changes PID constants upon completion. | The L60TC4 constantly monitors the control response. PID constants are calculated and changed when the control response is slow. |
| Control response | PID constants are calculated based on the control response of when the manipulated value (MV) is turned on/off; therefore, the control may become unstable. | PID constants are calculated based on the control response during temperature control; therefore, the control is stable. |
| Calculation result | The optimum PID constants are calculated by one tuning. In the standard control, CHI Loop disconnection detection judgment time (Un\G59, Un\G91, Un\G123, Un\G155) is also calculated. | The optimum PID constants may not be obtained by one tuning. CH□ Loop disconnection detection judgment time (Un\G59, Un\G91, Un\G123, Un\G155) is not calculated. |
| PID constants setting when the characteristics of a controlled object fluctuate | Users perform auto tuning again to change PID constants. | The L60TC4 automatically changes PID constants. |
| Available control mode | The standard control and heating-cooling control | The standard control only |

(2) Starting ST and vibration ST

Two types of self-tuning are available depending on the state of the control system: starting ST (self-tuning) and vibration ST.

- Starting ST: Self-tuning is performed immediately after the control is started or when the set value (SV) is changed.
- Vibration ST: Self-tuning is performed when the control system in a stable state has become oscillatory due to reasons such as disturbance.

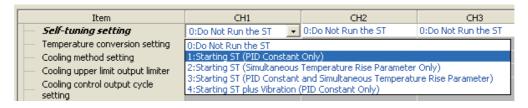


(a) How to set starting ST

Select one of the following four setting values for "Self-tuning setting".

- 1: Starting ST (PID Constant Only)
- 2: Starting ST (Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter Only)
- 3: Starting ST (PID Constant and Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter)
- 4: Starting ST plus Vibration ST (PID Constant Only)

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗇 Module name 🗇 [Parameter]



(b) How to set vibration ST

Set the following for "Self-tuning setting".

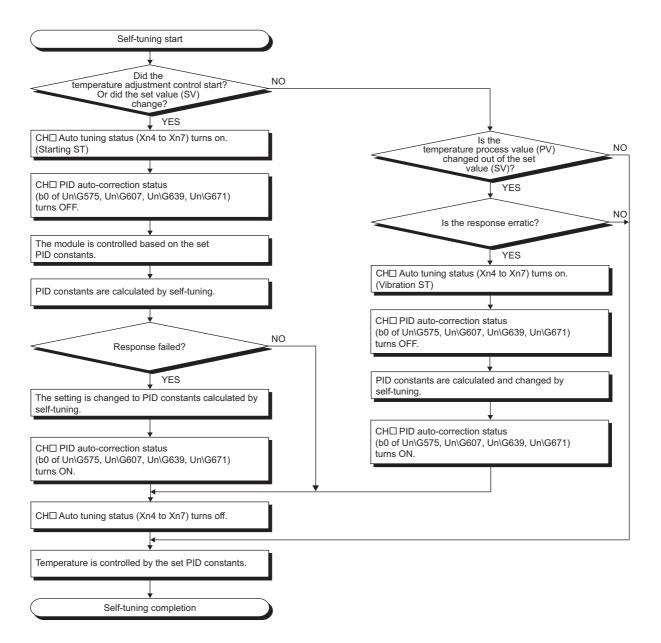
• 4: Starting ST plus Vibration ST (PID Constant Only)

C Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| | Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 |
|---------|-----------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Sei | F-tuning setting | 0:Do Not Run the ST 💿 💌 | 0:Do Not Run the ST | 0:Do Not Run the ST |
| Ten | perature conversion setting | 0:Do Not Run the ST | | |
| Coc | ling method setting | 1:Starting ST (PID Constant Only) 2:Starting ST (Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter Only) 3:Starting ST (PID Constant and Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter) 4:Starting ST plus Vibration (PID Constant Only) | | |
| Coc | | | | |
| Coc | | | | |
| setting | | | | |

(3) Procedure for the self-tuning control

The following is the flow chart for the control.



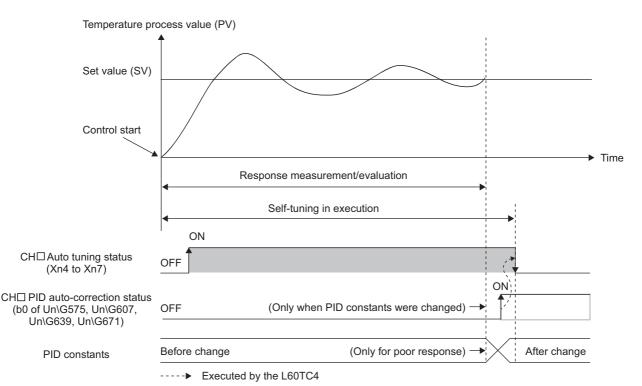
8.2 Temperature Control Mode 8.2.15 Self-tuning function

(4) Operation with starting ST

This section explains the operation of when the temperature control is started or the set value (SV) is changed (starting ST).

With starting ST, the module monitors the response waveform of the temperature process value (PV) of when the temperature control is started or when the set value (SV) is changed. Then PID constants are automatically corrected. The following table lists the operations of the module with starting ST.

| Operation with starting ST | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | CHD PID auto-correction status (b0 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) is turned 0 (OFF). In addition, CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned on. | |
| 2 | Temperature is controlled using the PID constants set. | |
| 3 | When a control response is poor, PID constants are calculated based on the response waveform and are set in the buffer memory. In addition, CHI PID auto-correction status (b0 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) is turned 1 (ON). When a control response is good, CHI PID auto-correction status (b0 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G60 | |
| 4 | CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned off. | |



(a) Conditions for self-tuning (starting ST)

Self-tuning is executed under the following conditions:

- When the setting mode is shifted to the operation mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned off and on) the first time after the power is turned off and on or after the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled
- When the setting mode is shifted to the operation mode the second time or later after the power is turned off and on or after the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled (only when the temperature process value (PV) has been stable for two minutes or longer before the mode is shifted)
- When the set value (SV) is changed (only when the set value (SV) after the change is greater than that before the change and when the temperature process value (PV) before the change has been stable for two minutes or longer

Point P

If the starting ST is started when the temperature process value (PV) is not stable, incorrect PID constants may be determined. Execute the starting ST after the temperature process value (PV) has been stable for two minutes or longer.

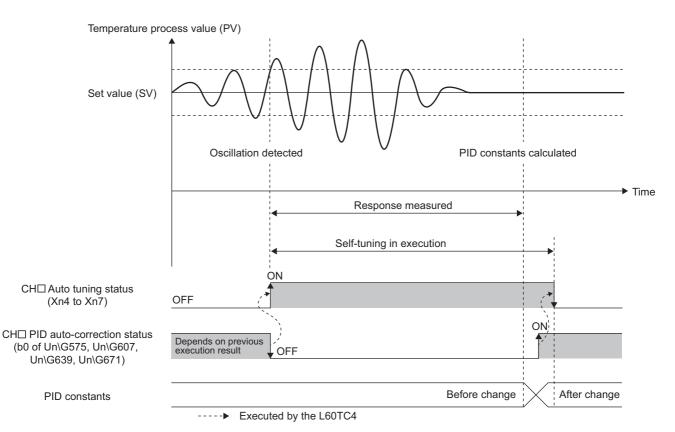
8.2 Temperature Control Mode 8.2.15 Self-tuning function

(5) Operation with vibration ST

This section explains the operation of when a control response is oscillatory (vibration ST). With vibration ST, PID constants are automatically corrected to settle a vibration when a control response becomes oscillatory due to reasons such as the change in the characteristic of a controlled object and conditions for operation.

The following table lists the operations of the module with vibration ST. (The listed operations are those under the state where temperature is being controlled with the PID constants set.)

| | Operation with vibration ST | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | CHI PID auto-correction status (b0 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) is turned 0 (OFF). In addition, CHI Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned on. | | | | | |
| 2 | PID constants are calculated based on a response waveform. | | | | | |
| 3 | PID constants are set in the buffer memory and CH□ PID auto-correction status (b0 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) is turned 1 (ON). | | | | | |
| 4 | CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned off. | | | | | |



(a) Conditions for self-tuning (vibration ST)

Self-tuning is executed when the temperature process value (PV) goes outside the range that is judged as unstable.

(b) Precautions

If self-tuning (vibration ST) is executed on the following objects, incorrect PID constants may be determined:

- · Controlled objects where a disturbance periodically occurs
- · Controlled objects with strong mutual interference

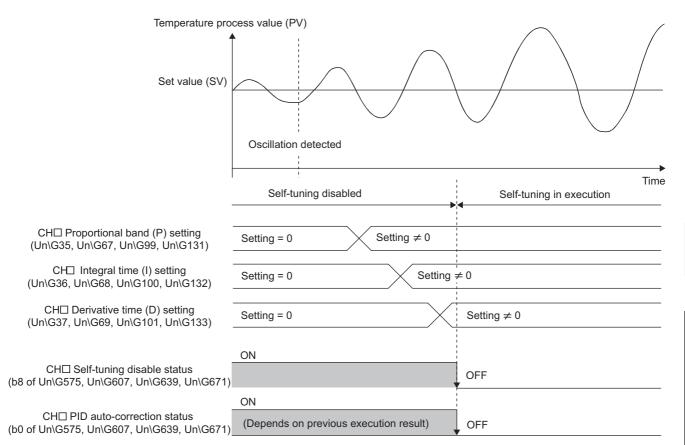
(6) Conditions where self-tuning is not executed

This section explains the conditions where self-tuning is not executed.

(a) The control method is not the PID control method

When the control method is one of the methods other than the PID control method (two-position control, P control, PD control), the following is operated.

• CHD Self-tuning disable status (b8 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) turns 1 (ON). When all PID constants of target channels turn to a value other than 0, self-tuning is enabled.



(b) Auto tuning is being executed

At the time of when auto tuning is completed, self-tuning is enabled. An error does not occur.

(c) The lower limit output limiter value is lower than the manipulated value (MV) and the manipulated value (MV) is lower than the upper limit output limiter value when the temperature control is started and the set value (SV) is changed

The starting ST does not start. However, self-tuning is enabled at the time of when a control response becomes oscillatory under the following setting.

CH□ Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) is set to Starting ST and vibration ST (4).

(d) The manipulated value (MV) is not changed from the lower limit output limiter value or upper limit output limiter value when the temperature control is started and the set value (SV) is changed

The starting ST does not start. However, self-tuning is enabled at the time of when a control response becomes oscillatory under the following setting.

- CH
 Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) is set to Starting ST plus Vibration ST (4).
- (e) The temperature process value (PV) is not within the temperature measurement range

CHI Self-tuning disable status (b8 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) turns 1 (ON).

(f) The value set in CH□ Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140) is not 0 (Page 362, Appendix 2 (20))

CHI Self-tuning disable status (b8 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) turns 1 (ON).

(g) CH□ AUTO/MAN mode shift (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146) is set to MAN (1) ([______Page 367, Appendix 2 (26))

CH□ Self-tuning disable status (b8 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) turns 1 (ON).

(h) Other conditions

In addition to those described above, self-tuning is not executed under the following conditions.

- The heating-cooling control has been selected for the control mode. (PP Page 108, Section 7.2)
- The following buffer memory areas have been set to values other than 0 (0.0%).

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------------------|
| Burler memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CHD Setting change rate limiter/Setting change rate limiter (temperature rise) | Un\G52 | Un\G84 | Un\G116 | Un\G148 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) |
| CH□ Setting change rate limiter (temperature drop) | Un\G564 | Un\G596 | Un\G628 | Un\G660 | 1 age 303, Appendix 2 (20) |

(7) Discontinuation of self-tuning

The following operation during self-tuning discontinues the self-tuning operation.

• The setting in CHD Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) has been changed to Do Not Run the ST (0).

The self-tuning operation in process is discontinued and self-tuning is not performed anymore after that. (An error does not occur.)

Whether self-tuning is being executed can be checked in CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7). (Page 326, Appendix 1.1 (5))

(8) Conditions where self-tuning does not complete due to errors

The following are the conditions where an error occurs in self-tuning.

• The setting for the buffer memory areas in the following table was changed during self-tuning.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference | |
| CHD Proportional band (P) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) | |
| CH□ Integral time (I) setting | Un\G36 | Un\G68 | Un\G100 | Un\G132 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) | |
| CH□ Derivative time (D) setting | Un\G37 | Un\G69 | Un\G101 | Un\G133 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) | |
| CHD Upper limit output limiter | Un\G42 | Un\G74 | Un\G106 | Un\G138 | Dage 260 Appendix 2 (10) | |
| CHD Lower limit output limiter | Un\G43 | Un\G75 | Un\G107 | Un\G139 | Page 360, Appendix 2 (19) | |
| CH□ Sensor correction value setting | Un\G45 | Un\G77 | Un\G109 | Un\G141 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) | |
| CH□ Control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) | |
| CHD Primary delay digital filter setting | Un\G48 | Un\G80 | Un\G112 | Un\G144 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) | |
| CHD AUTO/MAN mode shift | Un\G50 | Un\G82 | Un\G114 | Un\G146 | Page 367, Appendix 2 (26) | |
| CHD Setting change rate limiter/Setting change rate limiter (temperature rise) | Un\G52 | Un\G84 | Un\G116 | Un\G148 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) | |
| CH□ Forward/reverse operation setting | Un\G54 | Un\G86 | Un\G118 | Un\G150 | Page 371, Appendix 2 (30) | |
| CH□ Unused channel setting | Un\G61 | Un\G93 | Un\G125 | Un\G157 | Page 376, Appendix 2 (35) | |
| CH□ Setting change rate limiter (temperature drop) | Un\G564 | Un\G596 | Un\G628 | Un\G660 | Page 369, Appendix 2 (28) | |

• CH Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) is outside the temperature measurement range. (

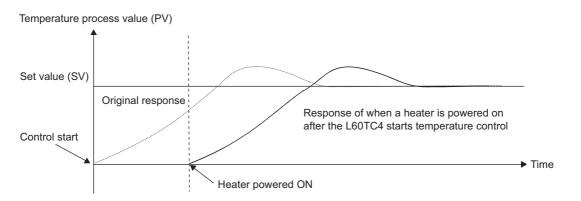
• The manipulated value (MV) does not reach the upper limit output limiter value or lower limit output limiter value before the measurement is completed and necessary measurement data is not obtained.

- After self-tuning is started with the starting ST, the temperature process value (PV) that is supposed to rise drops by 1°C (°F) or more.
- After self-tuning is started with the starting ST, the temperature process value (PV) that is supposed to drop rises by 1°C (°F) or more.

When an error occurs in self-tuning, CH Self-tuning error (b10 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) turns 1 (ON).

(9) Precautions

• Before starting the temperature control using the L60TC4, power on a controlled object such as a heater. If the temperature control is started with a heater powered off, PID constants are calculated based on a response that differs from the original characteristics using self-tuning.



- Do not use the self-tuning function for controlled objects where a great disturbance (uncontrollable disturbance) occurs periodically. Doing so may cause improper PID constants to be determined by self-tuning. If the function is used for such objects, improper PID constants are set and the response for the set value (SV) change or disturbance becomes slow.
- **Ex.** Temperature control for an injection mold, temperature control for a hot plate for a semiconductor manufacturing equipment

(10)To forcibly start up self-tuning

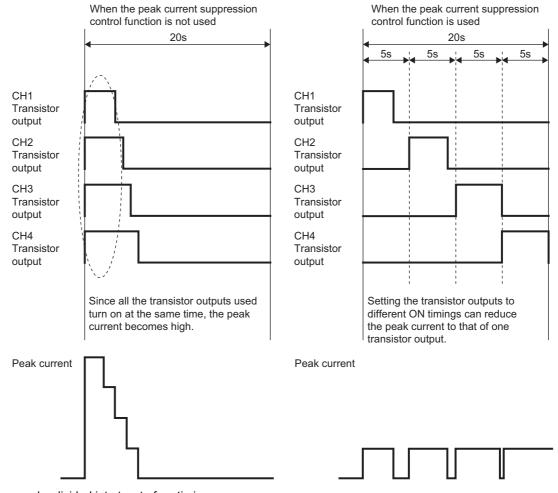
Self-tuning is started up when an error occurs with the control operation; therefore, the forced start-up is not required. To forcibly start up self-tuning, operate the following:

- Set CH□ Control response parameter (Un\G49, Un\G81, Un\G113, Un\G145) to Fast (2). (Page 366, Appendix 2 (25))
- Set CH□ Integral time (I) setting (Un\G36, Un\G68, Un\G100, Un\G132) to a small value. ([→ Page 357, Appendix 2 (16))
- Set CH□ Derivative time (D) setting (Un\G37, Un\G69, Un\G101, Un\G133) to a small value. ([→ Page 357, Appendix 2 (17))

Standard

8.2.16 Peak current suppression function

The upper limit output limiter value for each channel is changed automatically and the peak current is suppressed by dividing timing for transistor outputs using this function.



Timing can be divided into two to four timing.

(1) The number of timing divided and upper limit output limiter

Set the number of timing to be divided (setting in Peak current suppression control group setting (Un\G784) in the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): off). The setting is enabled by turning off, on, and off Setting change instruction (YnB). At the time when the setting is enabled, the following buffer memory area is automatically set according to the number of timing divided.

• CH Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) (Page 360, Appendix 2 (19)) The following table lists the setting details.

| The no. of timing divided | CH⊡ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) |
|---------------------------|---|
| 2 | 500 (50.0%) |
| 3 | 333 (33.3%) |
| 4 | 250 (25.0%) |

The following buffer memory area is set to 0.

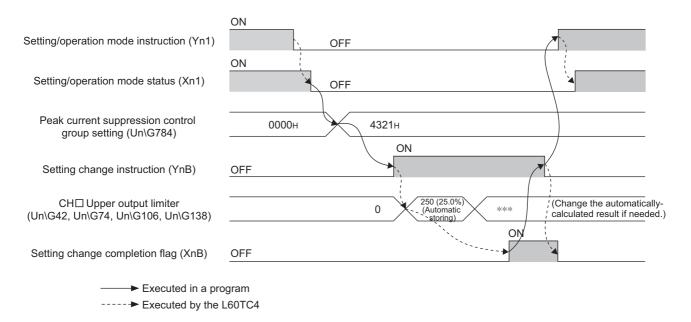
• CHI Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) (Page 360, Appendix 2 (19))

Point P

When using this function, set the control output cycles for target channels to the same value. Even if the following buffer memory area setting is different by each channel, an error does not occur.

• CH□ Control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143) ([→ Page 364, Appendix 2 (23)) The module operates according to the value (%) of CH□ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) automatically set when this function is used.

Ex. Timing chart of when timing is divided into four timing



(2) Examples of dividing timing

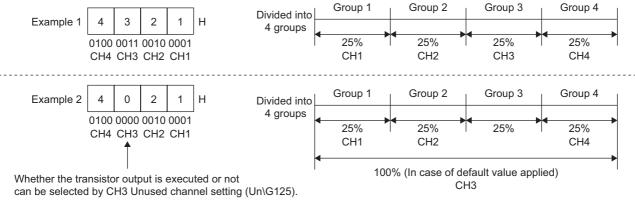
(a) Four timing

The following table shows two examples.

| Example | Channel | Group |
|-----------|---------|-------------|
| | CH1 | Group 1 |
| Example 1 | CH2 | Group 2 |
| Example 1 | CH3 | Group 3 |
| | CH4 | Group 4 |
| | CH1 | Group 1 |
| Example 2 | CH2 | Group 2 |
| Example 2 | CH3 | Not divided |
| | CH4 | Group 4 |

The following shows the relationship between groups and the values (%) of CHD Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138).

Peak current suppression control group setting (Un\G784)



Page 376, Appendix 2 (35)

In Example 2, the maximum number of groups is four; therefore, timing is divided into four timing. Because no channel is set for Group 3, no channel starts transistor output at the timing for Group 3.

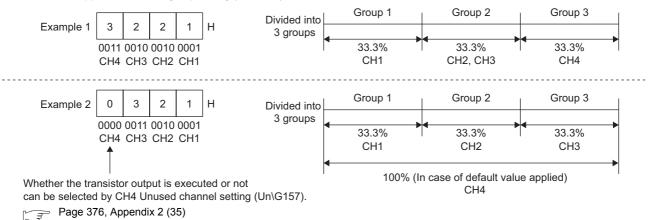
(b) Three timing

The following table shows two examples.

| Example | Channel | Group |
|-----------|---------|-------------|
| | CH1 | Group 1 |
| Example 1 | CH2 | Group 2 |
| Example 1 | CH3 | Group 2 |
| | CH4 | Group 3 |
| | CH1 | Group 1 |
| Example 2 | CH2 | Group 2 |
| Example 2 | CH3 | Group 3 |
| | CH4 | Not divided |

The following shows the relationship between groups and the values (%) of CH^{II} Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138).

Peak current suppression control group setting (Un\G784)



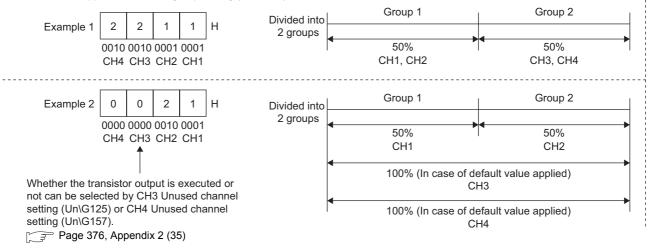
(c) Two timing

The following table shows two examples.

| Example | Channel | Group |
|-----------|---------|-------------|
| | CH1 | Group 1 |
| Example 1 | CH2 | Group 1 |
| Example 1 | CH3 | Group 2 |
| | CH4 | Group 2 |
| | CH1 | Group 1 |
| Example 2 | CH2 | Group 2 |
| Example 2 | CH3 | Not divided |
| | CH4 | Not divided |

The following shows the relationship between groups and the values (%) of CHD Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138).

Peak current suppression control group setting (Un\G784)



(3) Setting method

Set the timing under "Peak current suppression control group setting".

🏷 Project window 🕁 [Intelligent Function Module] 🕁 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

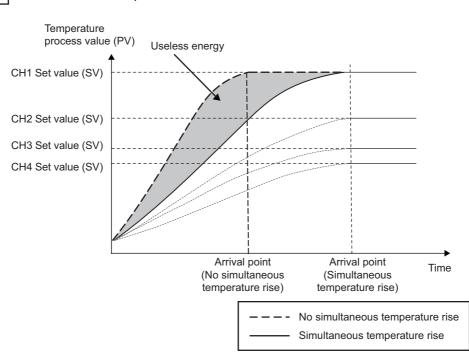
| Item | CH1 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Peak current suppression control group setting | 0:Not Divided 🗾 👻 |
| Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | 0:Not Divided 1:Group 1 |
| Cold junction temperature compensation selection | 2:Group 2 3:Group 3 |
| Alert function setting | 4:Group 4 |

8

8.2.17 Simultaneous temperature rise function

This function allows several loops to reach the set value (SV) at the same time. Simultaneous temperature rise can be performed on up to two groups separately by setting a group for the channels to rise at the same time. This function is effective for controlled objects where the temperature rise should complete at the same time. Aligning the time for temperature rise completion can perform even temperature control without partial burning or partial heat expansion. In addition, the channel reaching the set value (SV) first does not need to be kept warm at the set value (SV) until the last channel reaches, leading to energy saving.

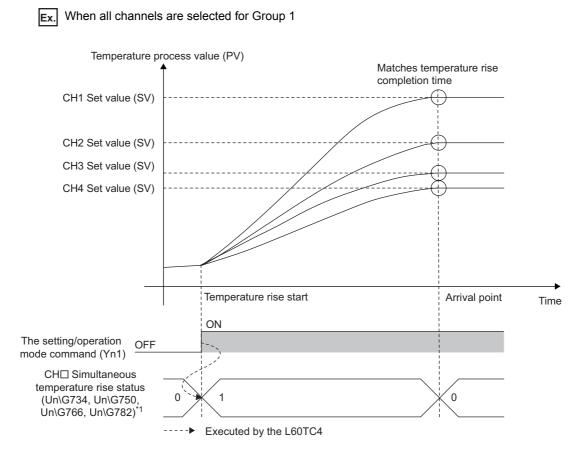
Standard



Ex. The simultaneous temperature rise function used and not used in CH1

(1) Operation of the simultaneous temperature rise function

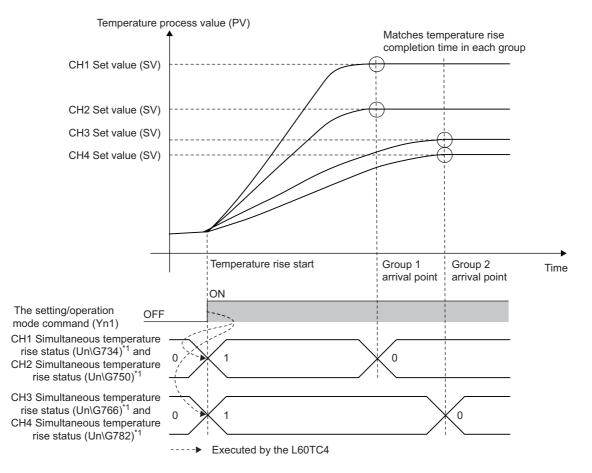
The channel with the temperature rise reaching the set value (SV) last among channels satisfying the condition for start-up in the same group is used as a standard when the simultaneous temperature rise function is started up. The temperature of other channels rises following the temperature of the standard channel. The standard channel is determined based on the simultaneous temperature rise parameter and the deviation (E).



*1 This becomes Simultaneous temperature rise in process (1) when the temperature rise starts; however, it becomes Simultaneous temperature rise not in process (0) before the temperature rise starts.

Ex. When channels are divided as following:

- CH1 and CH2: Group 1
- CH3 and CH4: Group 2



*1 They become Simultaneous temperature rise in process (1) when the temperature rise starts; however, they become Simultaneous temperature rise not in process (0) before the temperature rise starts.

Remark

- When the operation mode is changed to the setting mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned on and off) during simultaneous temperature rise, the control is stopped. In addition, CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise status (Un\G734, Un\G750, Un\G766, Un\G782) changes from Simultaneous temperature rise in process (1) to Simultaneous temperature rise not in process (0). (An error does not occur.)
- When the simultaneous temperature rise function is executed, the setting change rate limiter cannot be used.
 () Page 369, Appendix 2 (28))

(2) Conditions for the simultaneous temperature rise function

The simultaneous temperature rise function is executed when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- · When the control is started or the set value (SV) is changed
- · When the set value (SV) is larger than the temperature process value (PV)
- When the standard control is selected on Switch Setting (not executed in the heating-cooling control) (
- When the simultaneous temperature rise parameter has been determined (or has been set) and is not 0 (the default value)

When the following buffer memory area setting is less than 100%, reaching time may vary.

• CH Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) (

(3) Setting method (dividing channels into groups)

Set the groups under "Simultaneous temperature rise group setting".

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | C |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Simultaneous temperature rise group setting | 2:Group 2 🗸 | 0:Do not rise tem; simultaneously |
| Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | 0:Do not rise temperature si 1:Group 1 | multaneously A- |
| Setting change rate limiter Unit | 2:Group 2 | 0.5 |

(4) Simultaneous temperature rise parameter

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter is classified into the following two buffer memory values.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|
| Builer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelelelice |
| CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | Un\G731 | Un\G747 | Un\G763 | Un\G779 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) |
| CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | Un\G732 | Un\G748 | Un\G764 | Un\G780 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (86) |

Before executing the simultaneous temperature rise function, the simultaneous temperature rise parameter needs to be automatically calculated (or arbitrarily set).

(a) Automatic calculation

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter can be automatically calculated using the following two methods:

- Simultaneous temperature rise AT (Page 194, Section 8.2.17 (5))
- Simultaneous temperature rise parameter setting using self-tuning (FP Page 197, Section 8.2.17 (6))

Point P

If the setting in Peak current suppression control group setting (Un\G784) is changed after the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated, the intended control may not be performed. If so, calculate the simultaneous temperature rise parameter again.

For details on the peak current suppression function, refer to the following.

Page 185, Section 8.2.16

8

(5) Simultaneous temperature rise AT

PID constants and the simultaneous temperature rise parameter are calculated. The waveform upon execution is the same as that for the auto tuning function.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

(a) How to execute the simultaneous temperature rise AT function

Follow the instructions below.

1. Set "1:AT for Simultaneous Temperature Rise" under "Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection".

C Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|--|---|---|
| Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection | 0:Conventional AT | ¢ |
| | 0:Conventional AT 1:AT for Simultaneous Temperature Rise | C |

- **2.** Turn off and on CH^I Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7).
- 3. Set the module to the operation mode (turn off and on Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1).

(b) Operation with the simultaneous temperature rise AT function

After the procedure described on FPage 194, Section 8.2.17 (5) (a) is executed, the L60TC4 operates as following.

| | Operation of the L60TC4 | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned on. Then normal auto tuning is performed and the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated. | | | | | |
| 2 | The calculated value is stored in the buffer memory when the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is normally calculated. In addition, CH AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation completion (b0 of Un\G573, Un\G605, Un\G637, Un\G669) is turned 1 (ON). After auto-tuning is completed, CH Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned off and the module is shifted to the PID control. | | | | | |

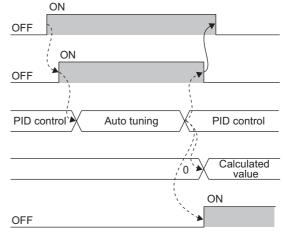
CH□ Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7)

CH□ Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7)

Control status

CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data (Un\G731, Un\G747, Un\G763, Un\G779) and CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise dead time (Un\G732, Un\G748, Un\G764, Un\G780)

CH⊟ AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation completion (b0 of Un\G573, Un\G605, Un\G637, Un\G669)



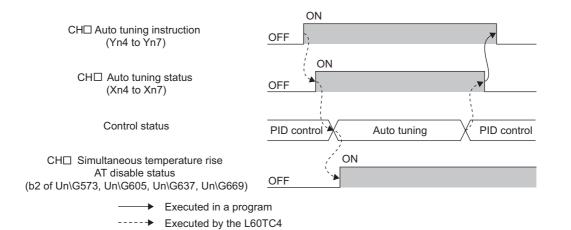
(c) Condition for the simultaneous temperature rise AT

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated when all the following conditions are satisfied after the procedure described on \square Page 194, Section 8.2.17 (5) (a) is executed:

- When the module is in the PID control (all of the proportional band (P), integral time (I), and derivative time (D) are not 0)
- When the temperature process value (PV) is within the temperature measurement range before the simultaneous temperature rise AT is executed. If the temperature process value (PV) goes outside the range after the simultaneous temperature rise AT is executed, an error occurs with the auto tuning function. For the operation of the L60TC4 in that situation, refer to Page 151, Section 8.2.7 (8) (b).
- When CH□ Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140) is set to 0. ([→ Page 362, Appendix 2 (20))

If all the conditions described above are not satisfied, the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is not calculated. Only PID constants are calculated.

The following shows how the L60TC4 operates when the simultaneous temperature rise AT has not been executed.



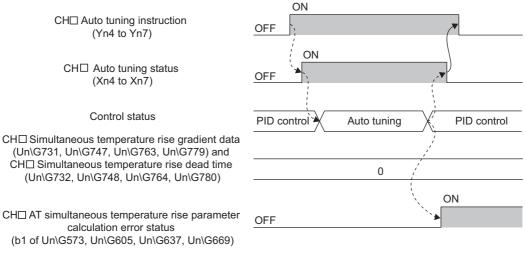
The L60TC4 turns CH Simultaneous temperature rise AT disable status (b2 of Un\G573, Un\G605, Un\G637, Un\G669) to 1 (ON). With CH Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) on, the module performs the same processing as normal auto tuning.

(d) When the simultaneous temperature rise parameter cannot be calculated

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter cannot be calculated under the following conditions:

- · When the maximum gradient is not determined
- · When the saturation time for output is short

The L60TC4 turns CH AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation error status (b1 of Un\G573, Un\G605, Un\G637, Un\G669) to 1 (ON).



Executed in a program Executed by the L60TC4

(6) The simultaneous temperature rise parameter setting using self-tuning

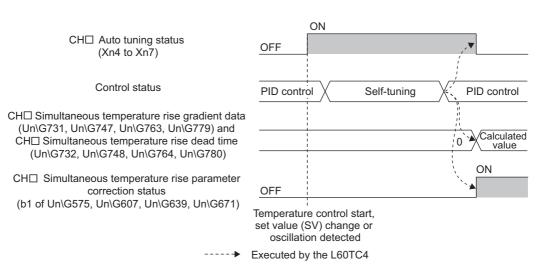
The control response at the time of temperature rise is constantly monitored during self-tuning and the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated based on the characteristics of a controlled object. For details on the self-tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 175, Section 8.2.15

(a) Operation with the simultaneous temperature rise parameter setting using selftuning

The L60TC4 operates as following.

| | Operation of the L60TC4 | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| 1 | When self-tuning is normally started up, CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned on and the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated. | | |
| 2 | The calculated value is stored in the buffer memory when the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is normally calculated. Then CHD Simultaneous temperature rise parameter correction status (b1 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) is turned 1 (ON), CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) is turned off, and the module is shifted to the PID control. | | |



(b) Condition for the simultaneous temperature rise parameter setting using self-tuning

The condition is the same as that for the starting ST. ($\boxed{27}$ Page 178, Section 8.2.15 (4) (a))

When the self-tuning cannot be started up, the L60TC4 operates as following with the PID control continued:

• CH Self-tuning disable status (b8 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) is turned 1 (ON). The following shows how the L60TC4 operates when self-tuning is not executed.

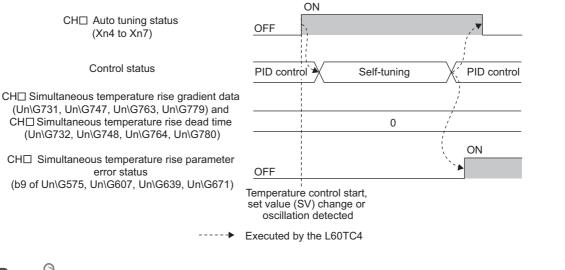
CHI Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) Control status Control status (b8 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) OFF Temperature control start, set value (SV) change or oscillation detected

(c) When the simultaneous temperature rise parameter cannot be calculated

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter cannot be calculated under the following conditions:

- · When the maximum gradient is not determined
- · When the saturation time for output is short

The L60TC4 turns CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise parameter error status (b9 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) to 1 (ON).



Point P =

To restore CHD Simultaneous temperature rise parameter error status (b9 of Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) to 0 (OFF), set the following:

• Set CH Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) to Not performing ST (0). To calculate the simultaneous temperature rise parameter, execute self-tuning again after the temperature has dropped.

(d) Stopping of calculation for the simultaneous temperature rise parameter

The optimum simultaneous temperature rise parameter may not be able to be calculated depending on the characteristics of a controlled object. In addition, the L60TC4 stops calculating the simultaneous temperature rise parameter during self-tuning under the following conditions:

- When the set value (SV) is changed
- When 6000s (1 hour and 40 minutes) or longer has passed after the self-tuning operation is started
- When the change rate of the temperature process value (PV) during self-tuning is less than 1.125 (°C/minute)
- When the setting for CH□ Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140) is changed ([Page 362, Appendix 2 (20))

(e) How to set the simultaneous temperature rise parameter using self-tuning

Select one of the following setting values under "Self-tuning setting".

- 2: Starting ST (Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter Only)
- 3: Starting ST (PID Constant and Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter)

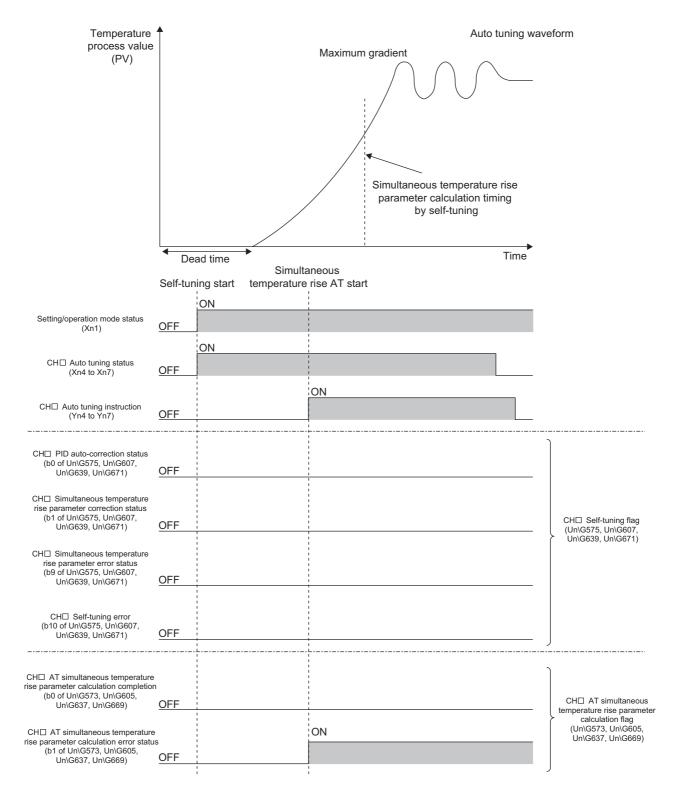
C Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖘 Module name 🗢 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|------------------|
| Self-tuning setting | 2:Starting ST 📃 💌 | 0:Do Not Run the ST | 0:Do Not Run the |
| Temperature conversion setting | 0:Do Not Run the ST | | |
| Cooling method setting | 1:Starting ST (PID Consta | | |
| Cooling upper limit output limiter | | us Temperature Rise Parameter Only | |
| Cooling control output cycle | 3:Starting ST (PID Consta 4:Starting ST plus Vibratio | nt and Simultaneous Temperature Ri: n (PID Constant Only) | e Parameter) |

(7) Operation when the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated with self-tuning and auto tuning

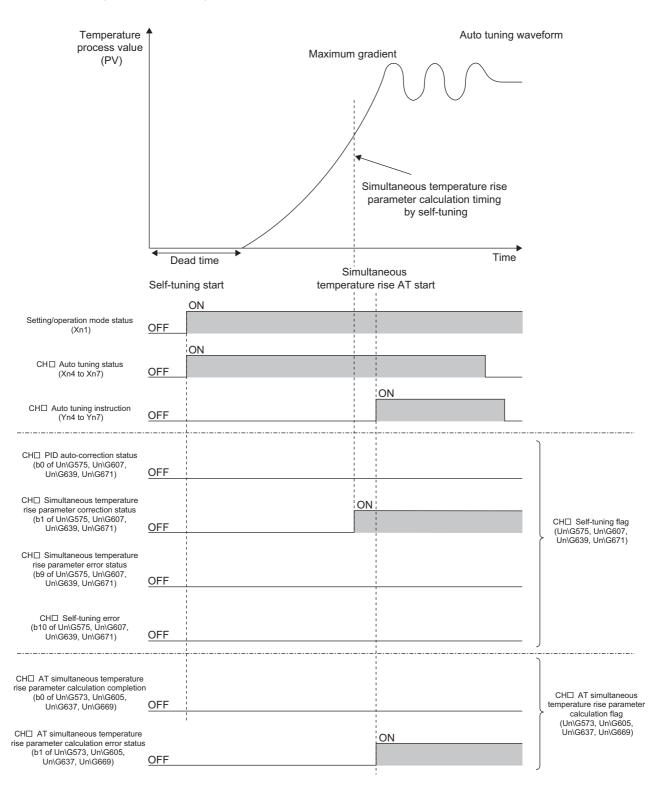
(a) When the simultaneous temperature rise AT is started before the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated with self-tuning

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter is not calculated neither with self-tuning nor auto tuning. PID constants are changed.



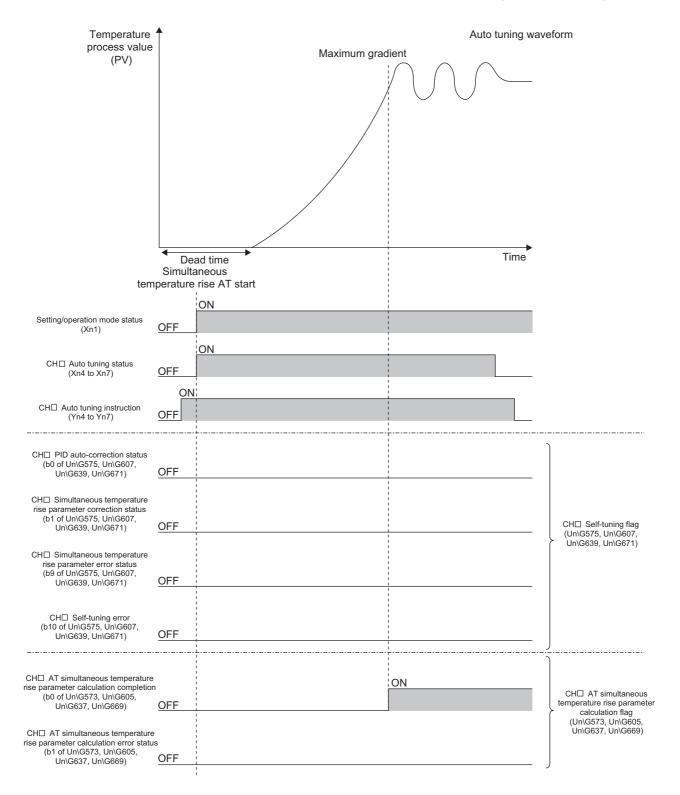
(b) When the simultaneous temperature rise AT is started after the simultaneous temperature rise parameter is calculated with self-tuning

The simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculated with self-tuning is effective. Then PID constants are changed with auto tuning.



(c) When CH□ Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) is turned off and on in the setting mode and the module is shifted to the operation mode

After the module is shifted to the operation mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned off and on), the simultaneous temperature rise parameter and PID constants are changed with auto tuning.

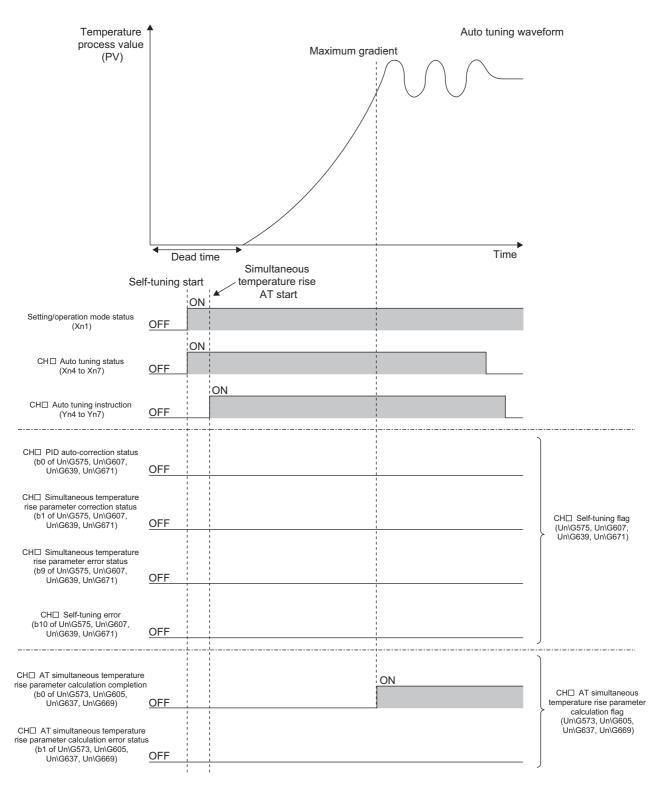


8

8.2 Temperature Control Mode 8.2.17 Simultaneous temperature rise function

(d) When auto tuning is started with the temperature process value (PV) within the stable judgment width (1°C (°F)) after the setting mode is changed to the operation mode

Until the temperature process value (PV) goes outside the stable judgment width (1°C (°F)), the data measured after the module is shifted to the operation mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned off and on) can be used. Therefore, the simultaneous temperature rise parameter can be calculated with auto tuning.



8.2.18 Forward/reverse action selection function

Standard

Whether PID operation is performed with forward action or reverse action can be selected using this function. This function can be used in all the control methods (two-position control, P control, PI control, PD control, and PID

control). ([Page 129, Section 8.2.3)

For details on the operation, refer to the following.

Page 24, Section 1.4.2

(1) Setting method

Set the function under "Forward/reverse action setting".

🏷 Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 玲 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Control detail parameter setting | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows you of the above thermocouples. | | |
| Forward/reverse action | 1:Reverse Action | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 0:Forward Action | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 1:Reverse Action | | |

8.2.19 Loop disconnection detection function

Standard

Using this function detects an error occurring within a control system (control loop) due to reasons such as a load (heater) disconnection, an externally-operable device (such as a magnetic relay) failure, and input disconnection.

(1) How an error is detected

Since the time a PID operation value becomes 100% or 0%, the amount of changes in the temperature process value (PV) is monitored every unit time and disconnection of a heater and input is detected.

(2) Examples of the errors detected

The following are the examples of the errors detected.

(a) When control output is being performed

The L60TC4 detects an error because the temperature does not rise even when control output is being performed under the following conditions:

- · When a heater is disconnected
- · When input is disconnected or short-circuited
- · When the contact point of an externally-operable device does not turn on

After control output is output 100%, an alert is output if the temperature does not rise by $2^{\circ}C$ (°F) or more within the loop disconnection detection judgment time set (forward action is changed to reverse action). (FP Page 203, Section 8.2.18)

(b) When control output is not being performed

The L60TC4 detects an error because the temperature rises even when control output is not being performed under the following conditions:

- · When input is disconnected
- · When the contact point of an externally-operable device was bonded

After control output drops to 0%, an alert is output if the temperature does not drop by $2^{\circ}C$ (°F) or more within the loop disconnection detection judgment time set (forward action is changed to reverse action). (Free Page 203, Section 8.2.18))

(3) Setting method

Two settings are available for the loop disconnection detection function.

(a) Setting for the unit time to monitor the amount of changes in the temperature process value (PV)

Set the unit time under "Loop disconnection detection judgement time".

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|---|-------|---|
| Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 480 s | e |
| Loop disconnection detection dead | 0.0 | e |

Point ዖ

When not using this function, set CHI Loop disconnection detection judgment time (Un\G59, Un\G91, Un\G123, Un\G155) to 0.

(b) Setting for the dead band

Set the dead band under "Loop disconnection detection dead band".

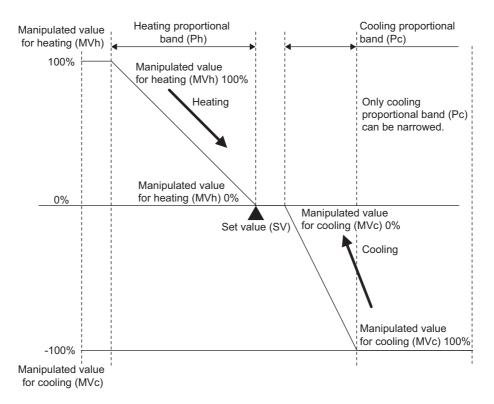
C Project window \Rightarrow [Intelligent Function Module] \Rightarrow Module name \Rightarrow [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|---|------|
| Loop disconnection detection dead band | 30 C |
| Drococc playm playt output | |

Point P

When the loop disconnection detection dead band is set, loop disconnection does not occur even if the temperature does not change by $2^{\circ}C$ (°F) or more with the set value (SV) 100% or 0% of control output.

Proportional band (P) values can be set for heating and cooling separately using this function. Different gradients can be set by using different proportional band (P) values in a heating and cooling area.



(1) Setting method

(a) For heating

Set the value under "Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph)".

🏷 Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🎝 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|---|-----------------------------|-----|
| 🖃 Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises tempera | atı |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting Cooling proportional band (Pr) | 3.0 % | з. |

(b) For cooling

Set the value under "Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting".

🏷 Project window 🖒 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🎝 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | |
|---|-------|---|
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % | 3 |
| Totogral time (T) cotting | 240 - | 5 |

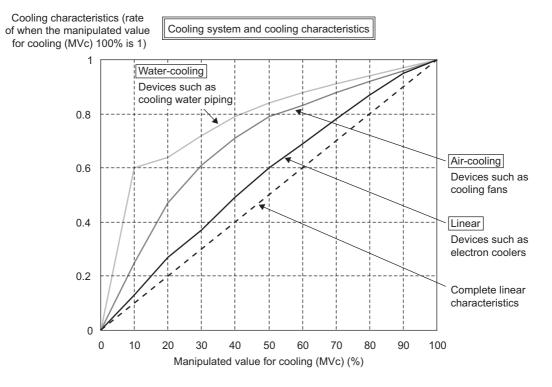
8.2.21 Cooling method setting function

Heating-coolin

An auto tuning calculation formula is automatically selected according to the selected cooling method during auto tuning and the operation is started using this function.

Select one of the following characteristics:

- Air Cooled: The cooling characteristic is nonlinear and cooling ability is low.
- Water Cooled: The cooling characteristic is nonlinear and cooling ability is high.
- · Linear: The cooling characteristic is close to the linear shape.



PID constants are calculated and executed based on this setting during auto tuning; therefore, more appropriate PID constants can be found by setting more applicable cooling characteristic of a device.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

(1) Setting method

Set the characteristic under "Cooling method setting".

```
C Project window \Rightarrow [Intelligent Function Module] \Rightarrow Module name \Rightarrow [Parameter]
```



Point P

- An auto tuning calculation formula to find PID constants is determined based on this setting; therefore, configure this setting before executing auto tuning.
- "Air Cooled" and "Water Cooled" roughly indicate the level of the cooling ability. When a device is too cooled even if it is set to Air Cooled, set the module to Water Cooled (1H). When a device is not very cooled even if it is set to Water Cooled, set the module to Air Cooled (0H).
- In general, the ability of water cooling is higher than that of air cooling and cooling may be too strong if the same PID constants as air cooling are used. Some time is required until the control becomes stable upon the initial start-up, disturbance, or setting change. Therefore, in auto tuning, PID constants for when the module is set to Water Cooled (1H) become larger than those for when the module is set to Air Cooled (0H).

eating-c

8.2.22 Overlap/dead band function

In heating-cooling control, the temperature process value (PV) significantly changes due to slight heating or cooling control output when the heat produced by a controlled object and natural cooling are being balanced. Consequently, excessive output may be performed.

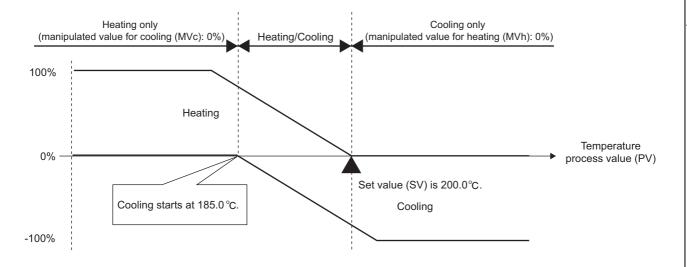
The temperature where the cooling control output starts can be shifted using this function; therefore, whether control stability is prioritized or energy saving is prioritized can be selected.

(1) Overlap

Overlap refers to the temperature area where both of heating control and cooling control are performed. In the temperature area where both heating and cooling output overlap, both of the output negate each other, thus the control gain becomes moderate. Consequently, the change amount in the temperature process value (PV) for the output becomes small, improving control stability.

- **Ex.** When buffer memory values are set as following:
- CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (temperature measurement range: -200.0°C to 400.0°C)
- CH□ Set value (SV) setting (Un\G34, Un\G66, Un\G98, Un\G130): 2000 (200.0°C)
- CH□ Overlapping/dead band setting (Un\G723, Un\G739, Un\G755, Un\G771): -25 (-2.5%) 185.0°C to 200.0°C is the overlapping area.
 - (Full scale) × (Overlap setting) = (400.0°C (-200.0°C)) × -0.025 = -15.0°C
 - The temperature where cooling operation starts = (Set value (SV)) 15.0° C = 185.0° C
 - As shown below, shifting the temperature where cooling operation starts to the lower temperature side of

the set value (SV) produces an overlapping area. (The following is an example of when the module is in P control.)



(2) Dead band

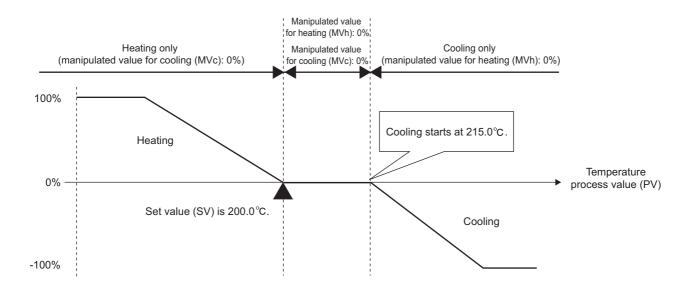
Dead band refers to the temperature area where neither heating control output nor cooling control output is performed. When the temperature process value (PV) is stable within this area, output is not performed for the slight change in the temperature, resulting in energy saving.

Ex. When buffer memory values are set as following:

- CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (temperature measurement range: -200.0°C to 400.0°C)
- CHI Set value (SV) setting (Un\G34, Un\G66, Un\G98, Un\G130): 2000 (200.0°C)
- CH□ Overlapping/dead band setting (Un\G723, Un\G739, Un\G755, Un\G771): 25 (2.5%) 200.0°C to 215.0°C is the area for dead band.

(Full scale) × (Overlap setting) = (400.0°C - (-200.0°C)) × 0.025 = 15.0°C

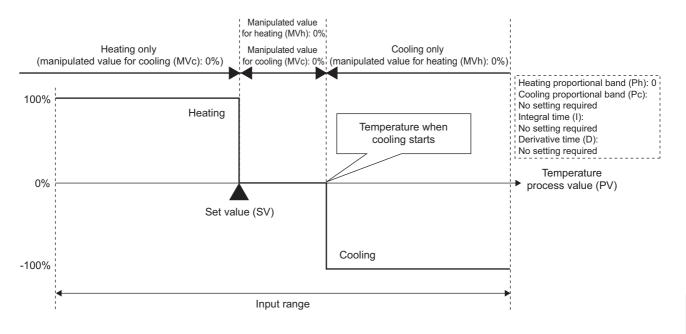
The temperature where cooling operation starts = (Set value (SV)) + $15.0^{\circ}C = 215.0^{\circ}C$ As shown below, shifting the temperature where cooling operation starts to the higher temperature side of the set value (SV) produces a dead band area. (The following is an example of when the module is in P control.)



(3) Dead band setting in two-position control (three-position control)

Set the dead band in two-position control.

Three-position control can be achieved by setting a dead band area in addition to areas for the manipulated value for heating (MVh) 100% and the manipulated value for cooling (MVc) 100%.



(4) Setting method

Set the function under "Overlap/dead band setting".

C Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗇 Module name 🗇 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|
| Overlap/dead band setting | 5.0 % |
| Process value (PV) scaling function | 0 Disable |

8.2.23 Temperature conversion function (using unused channels)

leating-cooling

In heating-cooling control (normal mode) and mix control (normal mode), only temperature measurement can be performed by using unused temperature input terminals. When this function is used, temperature control and alert judgment are not performed.

(1) Temperature input terminals that can be used

Temperature input terminals that can be used for this function differ depending on the control mode. Use the terminals indicating MT2[□] (Monitor CH2), MT3[□] (Monitor CH3), and MT4[□] (Monitor CH4) in the following table.

| | Terminal symbol | | | | |
|--------------|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|
| | L60TCTT4/L60TCTT4BW ^{*1} | | L60TCRT4/L60TCRT4BW ^{*1} | | |
| Terminal No. | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | Mix control (normal mode) | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | Mix control (normal mode) | |
| 1 | L1H | L1H | L1H | L1H | |
| 2 | L1C | L1C | L1C | L1C | |
| 3 | L2H | L3 | L2H | L3 | |
| 4 | L2C | L4 | L2C | L4 | |
| 5 | COM- | COM- | COM- | COM- | |
| 6 | Unused | Unused | Unused | Unused | |
| 7 | CH1+ | CH1+ | CH1 A | CH1 A | |
| 8 | CH2+ | MT2+ | CH2 A | MT2 A | |
| 9 | CH1- | CH1- | CH1 B | CH1 B | |
| 10 | CH2- | MT2- | CH2 B | MT2 B | |
| 11 | Unused | Unused | CH1 b | CH1 b | |
| 12 | CJ | CJ | CH2 b | MT2 b | |
| 13 | Unused | Unused | MT3A | CH3 A | |
| 14 | CJ | CJ | MT4A | CH4 A | |
| 15 | MT3+ | CH3+ | MT3B | СНЗ В | |
| 16 | MT4+ | CH4+ | MT4B | CH4 B | |
| 17 | MT3- | СН3- | MT3b | CH3 b | |
| 18 | MT4- | CH4- | MT4b | CH4 b | |

*1 For the L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW, the terminals in the table above are those on a terminal block for I/O.

(2) Current consumption of when this function is used

Current consumption differs depending on whether the temperature conversion function is used or not.

(3) Buffer memory areas that can be used with this function

The following table lists the buffer memory areas that can be used with this function (the terminals used correspond to the buffer memory areas in the table).

| Duffer meno | Buffer memory | | | Deference |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Buffer memory area name | MT2 (Monitor CH2) | MT3 (Monitor CH3) | MT4 (Monitor CH4) | Reference |
| Error code | | Un\G0 | | Page 334, Appendix 2 (1) |
| CH□ Decimal point position | Un\G2 | Un\G3 | Un\G4 | Page 334, Appendix 2 (2) |
| CH□ Alert definition | Un\G6 | Un\G7 | Un\G8 | Page 336, Appendix 2 (3) |
| CH□ Temperature process value (PV) | Un\G10 | Un\G11 | Un\G12 | Page 338, Appendix 2 (4) |
| Cold junction temperature process value | | Un\G29 | | Page 342, Appendix 2 (9) |
| CH□ Input range | Un\G64 | Un\G96 | Un\G128 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| CH□ Sensor correction value setting | Un\G77 | Un\G109 | Un\G141 | Page 363, Appendix 2 (21) |
| CH□ Primary delay digital filter setting | Un\G80 | Un\G112 | Un\G144 | Page 365, Appendix 2 (24) |
| Cold junction temperature compensation selection | | Un\G182 | | Page 384, Appendix 2 (49) |
| Control switching monitor | | Un\G183 | | Page 385, Appendix 2 (50) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) | Un\G576 | Un\G608 | Un\G640 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value) | Un\G577 | Un\G609 | Un\G641 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) | Un\G578 | Un\G610 | Un\G642 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value) | Un\G579 | Un\G611 | Un\G643 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request | Un\G580 | Un\G612 | Un\G644 | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation offset latch completion | Un\G581 | Un\G613 | Un\G645 | Page 396, Appendix 2 (68) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request | Un\G582 | Un\G614 | Un\G646 | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain latch completion | Un\G583 | Un\G615 | Un\G647 | Page 397, Appendix 2 (70) |
| Sensor compensation function selection | | Un\G785 | | Page 413, Appendix 2 (91) |
| Temperature conversion completion flag | | Un\G786 | | Page 413, Appendix 2 (92) |
| CH□ Temperature conversion setting | Un\G695 | Un\G696 | Un\G697 | Page 403, Appendix 2 (76) |

(4) Setting method

Set whether using this function under "Temperature conversion setting".

C Project window <> [Intelligent Function Module] <> Module name <> [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| Temperature conversion | | 0:Not Used |
| Cooling method setting | 0:Air Cooled | 0:Not Used |
| Cooling upper limit output limiter | 100.0 % | 1:Use |

Point P

When heating-cooling control (expanded mode) or mix control (expanded mode) is selected, the setting in CH□ Temperature conversion setting (Un\G695 to Un\G697) is ignored.

Standard Heating

8.2.24 Heater disconnection detection function

When transistor output is on, whether a heater is disconnected or not can be checked based on a reference heater current value (load current value detected by a current sensor (CT)) using this function. A reference heater current value and heater disconnection alert current value are compared. When the reference heater current value becomes lower than the heater disconnection alert current value, the heater is regarded as disconnected.

Heater disconnection is detected every 500ms. When transistor output is on for 500ms or less, heater disconnection is not detected. (CH \Box Heater disconnection detection (b12 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) remains 0 (OFF).) (\Box Page 336, Appendix 2 (3))

The following is the timing output as an alert.

• 500ms × Setting value in Heater disconnection/output off-time current error detection delay count (Un\G166) If a heater is disconnected longer than the time described above, Alarm code: 04□AH is stored in Error code (Un\G0). (_______ Page 318, Section 11.7)

(1) Modules where this function can be used

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(2) Setting method

Set the function on "Parameter". Follow the instructions below.

C Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖘 Module name 🗇 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| CT1 CT selection | 0:CTL-12-536-8(0.0 to 100.0A) | |
| CT2 CT selection | 0:CTL-12-536-8(0.0 to 100.0A) | |
| CT3 CT selection | 1:CTL-6-P(-H)(0.00 to 20.00A) | |
| CT4 CT selection | 2:Use CT Ratio Setting (0.0 to 1 | 00.0A) |
| CT5 CT selection | 0:CTL-12-536-8(0.0 to 100.0A) | |
| CT6 CT selection | 0:CTL-12-536-8(0.0 to 100.0A) | |
| CT7 CT selection | 0:CTL-12-S36-8(0.0 to 100.0A) | |
| CT8 CT selection | 0:CTL-12-S36-8(0.0 to 100.0A) | |
| CT1 Deference bester current | | |

J

| - | |
|----------------------|-----|
| CT1 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT2 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT3 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT4 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT5 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT6 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT7 CT Ratio setting | 800 |
| CT8 CT Ratio setting | 800 |

| 1. | Set the current sensor (CT) to be used under "CT \square |
|----|--|
| | CT selection". |

- When using a current sensor (CT) other than CTL-12-S36-8 and CTL-6-P(-H) manufactured by U.R.D.Co., LTD., set "CT□ CT Ratio setting".
- **3.** Set the CT input assigned to each channel under "CT□ CT input channel assignment setting".

8

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | | |
|--|---------------------------------|-----|--|--|
| CT setting | External current sensors | | | |
| CT1 CT input channel assignment setting | 1:CH1 | | | |
| CT2 CT input channel assignment | 0:Unused | | | |
| setting | 1:CH1 | | | |
| CT3 CT input channel assignment | 2:CH2 | | | |
| setting | 3:CH3 | | | |
| CT4 CT input channel assignment | 4:CH4 0:Ubused | | | |
| \downarrow | | | | |

 \downarrow

(To the next page)

(From the previous page)

| ldress | F | E | D | С | в | A | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | |
|------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------|-----|--|------------------|----|----|----------|----|------|
| | 56 0 | | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | | 0 | | τ Ο | | 2 | <u> </u> | | 42 |
| | 57 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 58 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 59 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 60 0 | | 0 | \rightarrow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | | - | 0 |
| | 51 0 | | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | - | 0 | 0 |
| | 62 0 63 0 | | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | 64 N | | | n | 0 | n | n | n | | | | | n | n | n | 1 | 1 |
| | eferen eferen eferen eferen eferen | cel cel cel cel cel | nea nea nea nea | eat ter (ter (ter (ter (| cum cum cum cum | ren ren ren ren | t va t va t va t va t va | hlue hlue hlue hlue | | | 4.2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 | A A A A | | C | | | |
| - Hantar | | ten | | | File | | | la | uf- | | 6 | 200 | % | | | CH | 11 |
| Heater di | | | | | | | | | • | | 13 | 20 | | · | | | |
| | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | It | em | | | | | | | | | | | | | | СН | 11 |
| CT monito | | | | 150 | vit | d | ŵŋ | g | | | 0 | :0 | N/ | OF | F | _ | rent |
| CT setting | | | | | | | | | | | <u>-</u> | | _ | | | | rent |
| | | | -1 | | | | | | | | 1 | | N | | | | |
| CT1 CT ippu | t cha | | | 1221 | u., | me | 21 IC | 20 | -cci | 10 | | ~ | | | | | |
| CT1 CT inou | t cha | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| CT1 CT inpu | | em | | | | | 1 | - | | | | | | | | CH | 11 |
| Heater di Heater di | It fisco cur n di | en on re | ne mi ay | t e. Co | m | o, | /0 | · | pı | ut. | | | ïm | | | CH | 11 |

- End
- *1 For details on the output off-time current error detection function, refer to FP Page 220, Section 8.2.25.

Point P

- The standard setting value for CH□ Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154) is 80%. However, the current value may significantly change depending on the characteristics of a heater or how the heater is used. Check that there is no problem in the actual system.
- A write data error (error code: DDD4_H) occurs if the current value to be used as a judgment value to detect heater disconnection (reference heater current value × CHD Heater disconnection alert setting (%)) is within 0.1A under one of the following situations:
 - CTI CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) is set to When CTL-12-S36-8 (0.0A to 100.0A) is used (0).
 - CT CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) is set to When CT ratio setting is used (0.0A to 100.0A) (2). In addition, when CTL-6-P(-H) used (0.00A to 20.00A) (1) has been set and the current value to be used as a judgment value to detect heater disconnection (reference heater current value × CH Heater disconnection alert setting (%)) is within 0.01A, Write data error (error code:DD4_H) occurs.

- 4. Monitor CT□ Heater current process value (Un\G256 to Un\G263) and check the current value of when the heater is on. (Page 390, Appendix 2 (58))
- Set the value monitored in CT□ Heater current process value (Un\G256 to Un\G263) under "CT□ Reference heater current value".

- Set the judgment value to perform the heater disconnection detection and output off-time current error detection^{*1} at the rate of the reference heater current value (%) under "Heater disconnection alert setting".
- 7. To monitor only the current value of when the heater is on, set "1: ON Current" under "CT monitor method switching". To monitor the current values of when the heater is on and off, set "0: ON/OFF Current".
- Set how many times heater disconnection is detected successively to regard the heater as disconnected under "Heater disconnection/output off-time current error detection delay count".

(3) Heater disconnection correction function

When heater voltage is dropped, heater current is reduced. The L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW detect heater disconnection by measuring heater current; therefore, an accidental alert may occur due to a voltage change caused by a reduced heater voltage.

The heater disconnection correction function offsets the amount of heater current reduced (heater disconnection correction), preventing disconnection from being detected.

(a) Calculation formula for heater disconnection correction

Calculate (CH Heater current) - (reference heater current value). The largest positive value is the correction value. When there is no positive value, the value with the smallest gap is the correction value. The heater current for each channel is corrected using a correction value. When the corrected value is larger than the heater disconnection alert setting value, heater disconnection is found.

Ex. When CHD Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154) is 80% and the differences between CHD Heater current and the reference heater current value are the following values:

- CH1: -2%
- CH2: 5%
- CH3: -1%
- CH4: -17%

The following table lists the result.

| Channel | CH⊟ Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154) | Difference between CH□ Heater current and reference heater current value | Correction value | Difference between CHI Heater current and reference heater current value after correction | Disconnection detected |
|---------|--|---|---------------------|--|---------------------------|
| CH1 | | -2% | | -7% (= -2% - 5%) | Not detected |
| CH2 | 80 (%) | 5% | 5% | 0% (= 5% - 5%) | Not detected |
| CH3 | 00 (78) | -1% | J /0 | -6% (= -1% - 5%) | Not detected |
| CH4 | | -17% | | -22% (= -17% - 5%) | Detected |

In the table above, the correction value is 5%. Heater disconnection is detected based on the differences of -7% for CH1, 0% for CH2, -6% for CH3, and -22% for CH4. When Heater disconnection alert setting is set to 80%, disconnection is detected only for CH4.

Ex. When CH Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154) is 80% and the differences between CH Heater current and the reference heater current value are the following values:

- CH1: -16%
- CH2: -17%
- CH3: -22%
- CH4: -19%

The following table lists the result.

| Channel | CH□ Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154) | Difference between CHD Heater current and reference heater current value | Correction value | Difference between CH□ Heater current and reference heater current value after correction | Disconnection detected |
|---------|--|---|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| CH1 | | -16% | | 0% (= -16% - (-16%)) | Not detected |
| CH2 | 80 (%) | -17% | -16% | -1% (= -17% - (-16%)) | Not detected |
| CH3 | ou (76) | -22% | -1070 | -6% (= -22% - (-16%)) | Not detected |
| CH4 | | -19% | | -3% (= -19% - (-16%)) | Not detected |

In the table above, the correction value is -16%. Heater disconnection is detected based on the differences of 0% for CH1, -1% for CH2, -6% for CH3, and -3% for CH4. When Heater disconnection alert setting is set to 80%, none of the channels are regarded as disconnected.

(b) Restrictions

- When only one channel is used, the heater disconnection correction function does not work. To use this function, two channels or more need to be used.
- When several channels are used with a heater on for one channel and heaters off for other channels, the heater disconnection correction function does not function. Therefore, disconnection may be detected even if there is no disconnection.
- The heater disconnection alert correction value is 20% at maximum. When Heater disconnection alert setting is set to 80% as shown in the two examples on Page 217, Section 8.2.24 (3) (a), the conditions for disconnection detection are satisfied even if correction is performed by 20% with a voltage drop by 40% or more. Consequently, disconnection is detected.

(c) Setting method

Set "Heater disconnection compensation function selection" to "1: ON".

🏷 Project window 🗇 [Intelligent Function Module] 🖒 Module name 🖒 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|--|---------------|
| Heater disconnection compensation function | 0:OFF |
| Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | 0:OFF 1:ON |

(4) To clear the disconnection detection status

Disconnection detection is disabled by restoring the disconnection status and turning CHD Heater disconnection detection (b12 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) from 1 (ON) to 0 (OFF). (Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)) Under the following setting, however, CHD Heater disconnection detection (b12 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) does not change from 1 (ON) to 0 (OFF) unless a heater turns on.

• CT monitor method switching (Un\G176) is set to ON Current (1).

The timing when a heater turns on differs depending on the setting for the following buffer memory areas.

| Buffer memory area name | | Buffer mem | Reference | | |
|--|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| Builer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelefelice |
| CHD Control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | |
| CH□ Heating control output cycle setting | Un\G47 | Un\G79 | Un\G111 | Un\G143 | Page 364, Appendix 2 (23) |
| CH□ Cooling control output cycle setting | Un\G722 | Un\G738 | Un\G754 | Un\G770 | |

8.2.25 Output off-time current error detection function

Standard Heating-cooling

Transistor output errors can be detected using this function. The current sensor (CT) for heater disconnection detection is used to check for errors of when transistor output is off.

A heater current measurement value and heater disconnection alert current value are compared. If the heater current measurement value is larger than the heater disconnection alert current value, an output off-time current error occurs. Output off-time current errors are detected every 500ms. When transistor output is off for 500ms or less, output off-time current errors are not detected. (CHD Output off-time current error (b14 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) stays 0 (OFF).)

([Page 336, Appendix 2 (3))

The following is the timing output as an alert.

 500ms × Setting value for Heater disconnection/output off-time current error detection delay count (Un\G166)

If an output off-time current error status lasts longer than the time described above, Alarm code $(05\Box A_H)$ is stored in Error code (Un\G0). ($\Box = Page 318$, Section 11.7)

(1) Modules where this function can be used

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(2) Setting method

The setting method is the same as that for the heater disconnection detection function. (FP Page 215, Section 8.2.24)

Commor

8.3 Common Functions

This section explains the common functions between the temperature input mode and temperature control mode.

8.3.1 Temperature process value (PV) scaling function

The temperature process value (PV) is scaled up or down to the value in a set range, and can be stored into the buffer memory using this function. For example, the range of -100°C to 100°C can be scaled into the value range of 0 to 4000.

(1) Monitoring the scaling value

The temperature process value (PV) after scaling processing is stored into the following buffer memory area.

• CH Process value (PV) scaling value (Un\G728, Un\G744, Un\G760, Un\G776) (

```
Appendix 2 (82))
```

The calculation method of a scaling value is as follows:

Px: CH Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9, Un\G10, Un\G11, Un\G12)

PMax: A maximum value of CH Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128)

PMin: A minimum value of CHI Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128)

SH: CH A maximum scaling value of process value (PV) (Un\G727, Un\G743, Un\G759, Un\G775)

SL: CH A minimum scaling value of process value (PV) (Un\G726, Un\G742, Un\G758, Un\G774)

(a) Calculation example

A calculation example to scale the temperature process value (PV) into percentage is shown below. Set the following buffer memory areas as below.

- CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (Temperature measurement range: -200.0°C to 400.0°C)
- CH□ Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value (Un\G726, Un\G742, Un\G758, Un\G774): 0
- CH Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value (Un\G727, Un\G743, Un\G759, Un\G775): 100

Suppose that 3600 (360.0°C) is stored in CH□ Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12). The scaling value can be calculated as follows:

```
\begin{array}{l} \text{CH} \square \text{ Process value (PV) scaling value} \\ (\text{Un}\G728, \text{Un}\G744, \text{Un}\G760, \text{Un}\G776)} &= \frac{(100 - 0) \times (3600 - (-2000))}{4000 - (-2000)} + 0 \\ &= 93.333 \cdots \\ &= 93 \text{ (All decimal places are rounded off to an integer.)} \end{array}
```

(2) Setting method

Set the function on "Parameter". Follow the instructions below.

🏷 Project window 🗢 [Intelligent Function Module] 🗢 Module name 🗢 [Parameter]

| Item | CH1 |
|--|-----------------------|
| Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting | 0:Disable |
| Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value | 0:Disable 1:Enable |
| .l. | |
| \mathbf{v} | |
| ¥ | 0.11 |
| Item | CH1 |
| Item | CH1 |
| | |
| Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value Process value (PV) scaling upper limit | 0 |

- Enable or disable the temperature process value (PV) scaling function under "Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting".
- Set a scaling upper limit value and lower limit value under "Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value" and "Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value".

Point P

- An error does not occur even though the areas above are set as follows: Lower limit value ≥ Upper limit value. The scaling is processed according to the calculation method described on Page 221, Section 8.3.1 (1).
- If a value outside the temperature measurement range is measured, the value set as a upper limit or lower limit is stored into the following buffer memory area.
 - CH□ Process value (PV) scaling value (Un\G728, Un\G744, Un\G760, Un\G776) () Page 406, Appendix 2 (82))
- Values on other analog modules in the system (such as an A/D converter module) can be scaled to a set range. For that processing, set a 200s value in CHD Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128). (Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

To input a value from other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module), store the input value into the following buffer memory area.

• CH□ Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module (Un\G689 to Un\G692) (→ Page 402, Appendix 2 (74))

To scale an input value from other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module), apply the buffer memory area above to the description in this section.

Commor

8.3.2 Sensor compensation function

When a difference occurs between the temperature process value (PV) and the actual temperature due to reasons such as a measuring condition, the difference can be corrected using this function. The following two types are available.

- 1-point sensor compensation (standard) function (Page 223, Section 8.3.2 (1))
- 2-point sensor compensation function (Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2))

(1) 1-point sensor compensation (standard)

The set input range in proportion to the full scale is corrected as a difference correction value using this function.

Ex. When buffer memory values are set as following:

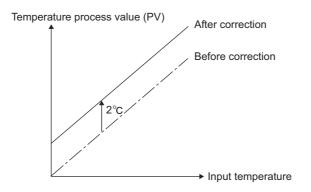
- CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 21 (temperature measurement range: -200.0°C to 200.0°C)
- CH□ Sensor correction value setting (Un\G45, Un\G77, Un\G109, Un\G141): 50 (0.500%) The difference between the temperature process value (PV) and the actual temperature is 2°C that can be corrected.

5

Temperature process value (PV) - actual temperature = Full scale × Sensor correction value setting

$$= \frac{400 \times 0.500}{100} = 2 (^{\circ}C)$$

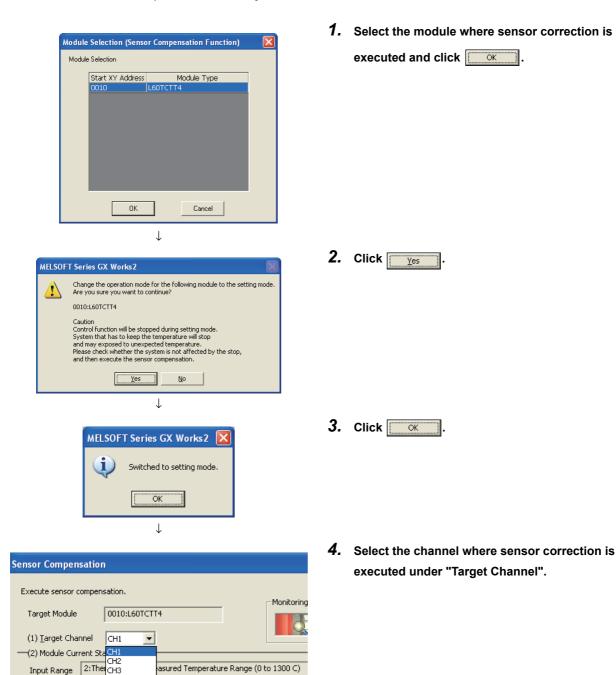
100



(a) How to execute 1-point sensor compensation (standard) (when using GX Works2)

Set the setting on the "Sensor Compensation Function" window.

○ [Tool] ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module Tool] ⇔ [Temperature Control Module] ⇔ [Sensor Compensation Function]



CH4

↓ (To the next page)

| (From the previous page) | |
|---|---|
| (3) Sensor Compensation Function Selection (1) 1 point Sensor Compensation (2) 1 point Sensor Compensation (3) 2-point Sensor Compensation (3) 2-point Sensor Compensation (3) 2-point Sensor Compensation (Standard): Execute compensation (4) 1 point Sensor Compensation (5) point Sensor Compensation (Standard) is available (5) point Sensor Compensation (Standard) (5) point Sensor Compensation (Standard) is available (5) point Sensor Compensation (Standard) (5) point Sensor Compensation | 5. Select "1-point Sensor Compensation (Standard)" under "Sensor Compensation Function Selection". |
| ↓ (4) 1-point Sensor Compensation (Standard) (4) 2 Sensor Compensation Value (-50.00% to 50.00%) Set the value to compensate by percentage to the input range 50.00 to 50.00% | 6. Set "Sensor Compensation Value" and click |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | 7. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| Yes No ↓ MELSOFT Series GX Works2 ↓ | <i>8.</i> Click <u>──</u> . |
| setting: Temperature process value (PV) is not compensated only by setting value for compensation offset and gain value. Registration status is 'Unregistered' after pressing Set the Compensation Value and Fix the Value button. Under the unregistered condition, setting value will back to the previous one after the following operation. Please press the Register button to register the compensation value. • PLC power is turned OFF. • PLC is reset. | 9. To back up the correction value in the non-volatile memory, click <u>Register</u> . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 Image: Compensation value will be registered. Are you sure you want to continue? Caution Sensor compensation value of parameter setting has a priority for 1-point compensation value (standard) If initial setting is set in the parameter setting of Intelligent function module and execute the following operation. -Turn the power OFF->CN -Reset the CPU module->Cancel the reset. Image: Compensation value of the reset. | 10. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| ↓ (To the next page) | |

8

| (From the previous page) | |
|---|---|
| \checkmark | |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | 11. Click . |
| Compensation value registration completed. | |
| OK | |
| \downarrow | |
| i | 12. Click Close . |
| | |
| | 13. Click <u>res</u> . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | Summarian (|
| Exit the sensor compensation setting. Are you sure you want to continue? | |
| <u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o | |
| ↓ | |
| | 14. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | |
| Setting mode. Do you want to shift to operation mode? | |
| Yes No | |
| | |
| ↓ End | |
| Ella | |
| Remark ••••• | |
| temporarily. To use the compensation va | ion in "Sensor Compensation", the action after the correction can be checked alue set in "Sensor Compensation" thereafter, set it on "Sensor correction value the compensation value as a parameter. he following. |
| S , F F F | - |

- Page 110, Section 7.3
- (b) How to execute 1-point sensor compensation (standard) (when using the program)

.

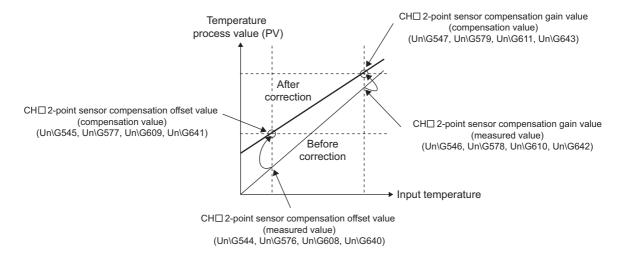
Follow the instructions below.

- Set 1-point sensor compensation (standard) (0_H) in Sensor compensation function selection (Un\G785). (Page 413, Appendix 2 (91))
- 2. Set the correction value in CH□ Sensor correction value setting (Un\G45, Un\G77, Un\G109, Un\G141). ([_______ Page 363, Appendix 2 (21))

(2) 2-point sensor compensation function

With this function, the difference between the temperature process value (PV) and the actual temperature between the two points selected in advance (a corrected offset value and a corrected gain value) is stored. Based on this gradient, the difference between a sensor and the actual temperature is corrected. 2-point sensor compensation is performed in the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): off). In

addition, set CH□ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) to Monitor (1).



(a) How to execute 2-point sensor compensation (when using GX Works2)

Set this function on the "Sensor Compensation Function" window.

℃ [Tool] <> [Intelligent Function Module & Tool] <> [Temperature Control Module] <> [Sensor Compensation Function]

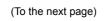
| Module Selection (Sensor Compensation Function) | 1. | Select the module where sensor correction is |
|--|----|---|
| Module Selection | | executed and click . |
| Start XY Address Module Type OOLO LEOTCTT4 OK Cancel | | |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | 2. | Click res. |
| Change the operation mode for the following module to the setting mode. Are you sure you want to continue? 0010:160TCTT4 | | |
| Caution Control function will be stopped during setting mode. System that has to keep the temperature will stop and may exposed to unexpected temperature. Please check whether the system is not affected by the stop, and then execute the sensor compensation. | | |
| | | |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 X Switched to setting mode. | 3. | Click . |
| or Compensation | 4. | Select the channel where sensor correction is |
| ute sensor compensation. rget Module 0010:L60TCTT4 | | executed under "Target Channel". |
| I Target Channel CH1 ▼ Module Current Sta CH1 Put Range 2:The CH2 CH2 CH4 CH4 | | |
| | | |

(To the next page)

correction is

| (From the previous page) | | |
|--|----|---|
| (3) Sensor Compensation Function Selection (1-point Sensor Compensation (Standard) (2-point Sensor Compensation (2-point Sensor Compensation (2-point Sensor Compensation) (2-point Sensor Compensation: Execute compe * Only 1-point sensor compensation (Standard) is availab Q64TCTT, Q64TCTTBW, Q64TCRT Q64TCRTBW | | Select "2-point Sensor Compensation" under "Sensor Compensation Function Selection". |
| (1) 1 wick Course Course Course Course Course (Course Course Cour | | Monitor "Temperature process value (PV)" and enter the corrected offset value. ^{*1} |
| (4) 2-point Sensor Compensation Compensation Offset Value 40 Offset Setting Compensation Cain Value 0 Gain Setting | | Set the Temperature process value (PV) to be input under "Compensation Offset Value". Then click Offset Setting |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 Execute the Offset Setting. Please press 'Yes' after setting the appropriate compensation offset value to the target channel. Yes No | 8. | Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 X Offset setting completed. | 9. | Click CK |
| Input Range2. The mocouple K measure in reinperature Kange (0.00 1000 K Measure Temperature Value (PV)70 C | | Monitor "Temperature process value (PV)" and enter the corrected gain value. ^{*1} |
| Compensation Gain Value 55 Gain Setting Settable temperature range: Condition 1: Compensation offset value < Compensation gain value | | Set the temperature process value (PV) to be input under "Compensation Gain Value". Then click Gain Setting. |
| (To the next page) | | |

| (From the previous page) | |
|---|--|
| \downarrow | 12. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | , onor |
| Execute the Gain Setting. | |
| Please press 'Yes' after setting the appropriate compensation gain value to the target channel. | |
| Yes No | |
| | |
| \downarrow | |
| | 13. Click . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 🔀 | |
| Gain setting completed. | |
| | |
| <u> </u> | |
| | |
| v | 1 A and a Finite links |
| Fix the Value | 14. Click Fix the Value . |
| Please press the 'Fix the value' button to apply the value to the compensation setting. Temperature process value (PV) is not compensated only by setting | |
| value for compensation offset and gain value. | |
| Ļ | |
| | 15. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | |
| Fix the compensation value. | |
| Are you sure you want to continue? | |
| <u>∑es</u> <u>N</u> o | |
| ↓ | |
| · | 16. Click . |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | |
| | |
| Fixing the compensation value completed. | |
| (OK] | |
| | |
| \downarrow | - |
| setting. Temperature process value (PV) is not compensated only by setting | 17. To back up the correction value in the r |
| value for compensation offset and gain value. | memory, click Register . |
| Registration status is 'Unregistered' after pressing Set the Compensation Value and Fix the Value button. Under the unregistered condition, setting value will back to the previous one after the | |
| Please press the Register button to register the compensation value. | |
| - PLC power is turned OFF. - PLC is reset. Register | |
| | I |
| \downarrow | |



non-volatile

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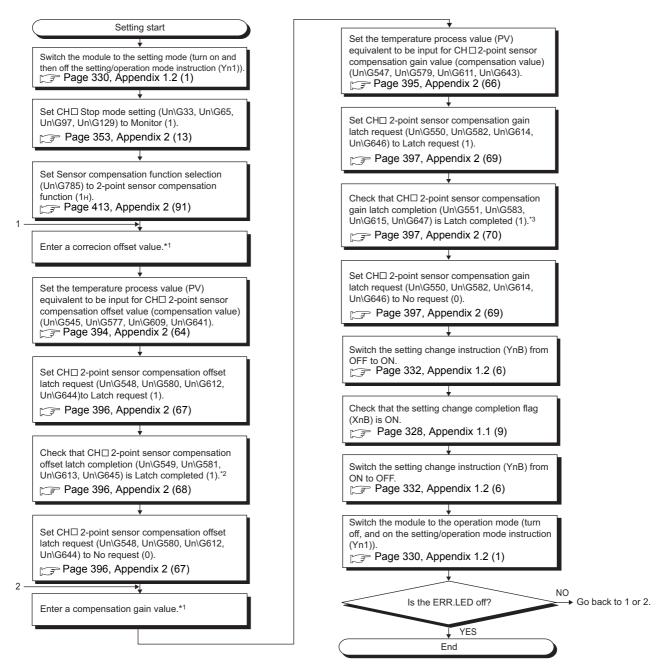
| (From the previous page) | |
|---|---|
| ↓ | 18. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| SOFT Series GX Works2 | |
| Caution Sensor compensation value of parameter setting has a priority for 1-point compensation value (standard) If initial setting is set in the parameter setting of Intelligent function module and execute the following operation. -Turn the power OFF->ON -Reset the CPU module->Cancel the reset. | |
| <u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o | |
| ↓ MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | 19. Click <u>○κ</u> . |
| Compensation value registration completed. | |
| \downarrow | •• |
| | 20. Click Close . |
| \downarrow | • • |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | 21. Click <u>Yes</u> . |
| Exit the sensor compensation setting. Are you sure you want to continue? | |
| <u>Yes</u> <u>N</u> o | |
| \downarrow | 22 - |
| MELSOFT Series GX Works2 | 22. To shift from the setting mode to the operation mode, click <u>Yes</u> . |
| Do you want to shift to operation mode? | |
| \downarrow | |
| End | |

ME

*1 Enter the value using devices such as a thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, and standard DC voltage generator, or based on a general resistance value.

(b) How to execute 2-point sensor compensation (when using the program)

Follow the instructions below.



- *1 Enter the value using devices such as a thermocouple, platinum resistance thermometer, and standard DC voltage generator, or based on a general resistance value.
- *2 When the latch is completed, the temperature process value (PV) is stored in CH□ 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) (Un\G544, Un\G576, Un\G608, Un\G640). ([] Page 394, Appendix 2 (63))
- *3 When the latch is completed, the temperature process value (PV) is stored in CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) (Un\G546, Un\G578, Un\G610, Un\G642). (P → Page 395, Appendix 2 (65))

Point P

- If a write data error (error code: DDD7_H) occurs during 2-point sensor compensation, correctly configure the setting for 2-point sensor compensation again. (The value set for 2-point sensor compensation of when an error occurred is not written in the L60TC4.)
- To use the value set for 2-point sensor compensation even after the power is turned off and on or the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled, back up the value with the following method.
 - Turn off and on Setting value backup instruction (Yn8). (

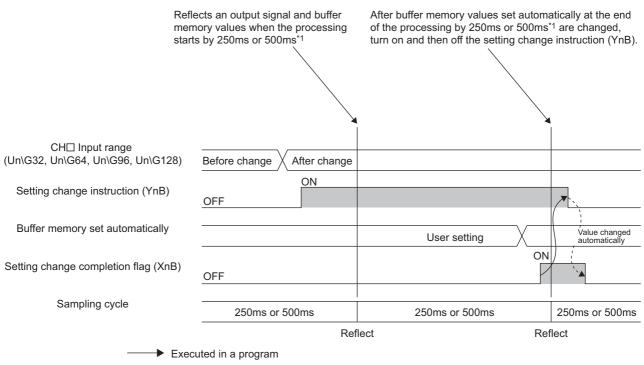
8.3.3 Auto configuration at input range change function

When an input range is changed, using this function automatically changes related buffer memory data to prevent an error outside the setting range. Set the function on the "Switch Setting" window. For details on the setting method, refer to the following.

Commoi

Page 108, Section 7.2

The following is the setting timing.



--- Executed by the L60TC4

*1 This value differs depending on the setting under "Sampling Cycle Selection". ([] Page 109, Section 7.2 (1) (b))

(1) Buffer memory automatically set

Refer to Frage 351, Appendix 2 (12) (d).

Commor

8.3.4 Buffer memory data backup function

This function allows buffer memory data to be stored in the non-volatile memory and backed up.

The backed-up data is transferred from the non-volatile memory to the buffer memory when the power is turned off and on or the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled. Therefore, temperature can be controlled without writing data when the power is turned off and on or the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled.

(1) Applicable buffer memory areas

Refer to the buffer memory assignment list.

Page 44, Section 3.5

(2) Data write to non-volatile memory

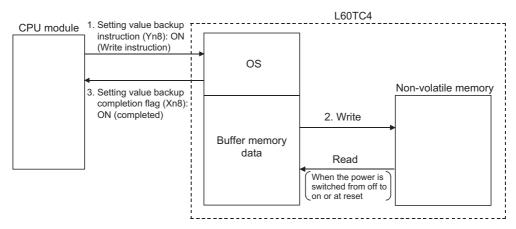
This function can be used to back up data directly written in the buffer memory using the PID constants set with the auto tuning function and the programming tool. When data is written to non-volatile memory and the power is turned off and on or the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled, the buffer memory setting value is not required to be set again.

Point P

For the function that allows PID constants to be automatically backed up after auto tuning, refer to F Page 143, Section 8.2.7 (4).

To write data to non-volatile memory, turn off and on Setting value backup instruction (Yn8).

When data write to the non-volatile memory is completed, Backup of the set value completion flag (Xn8) turns on.



If data write to non-volatile memory does not complete, Backup of the set value fail flag (XnA) turns on.

(a) Setting change

Change the settings for buffer memory areas when Backup of the set value completion flag (Xn8) is off.

(3) Data read from non-volatile memory

Follow the instructions below.

- Turn off and on the power or reset the CPU module and cancel the reset.
- Set CHI Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158) to Requested
 - (1). (Page 377, Appendix 2 (36)) Data to be read are the PID constants and loop disconnection

detection judgment time for the corresponding channel only. (SPPage 374, Appendix 2 (33))

Commor

8.3.5 Error history function

The error or alert occurred with the L60TC4 is stored in the buffer memory areas (Un\G1280 to Un\G1404) as history. Up to 16 error history data can be stored.

(1) Processing of the error history function

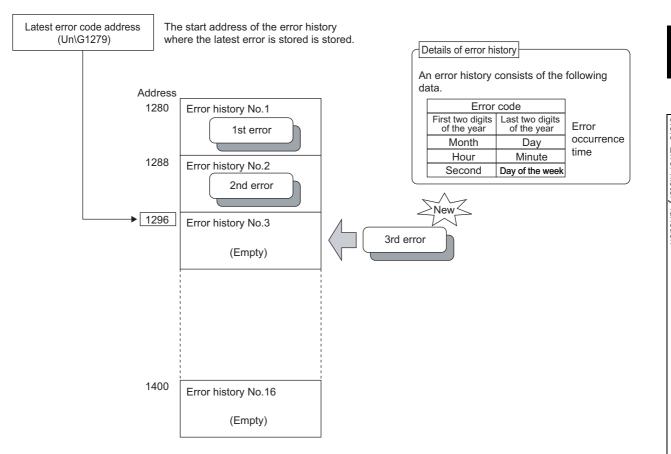
An error code and error occurrence time are stored starting from Error history No.1 (the start address is Un\G1280).

(2) How to check error history

The start address of the error history where the latest error is stored can be checked in Latest address of error history (Un\G1279).

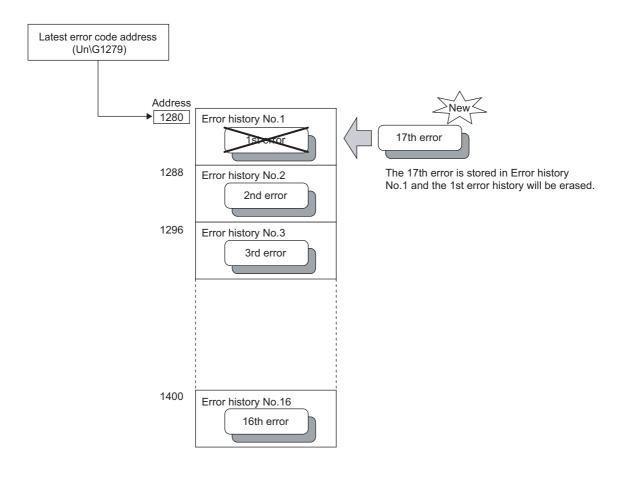
Ex. If the third error occurred:

The third error is stored in Error history No.3 and 1296 (the start address of Error history No.3) is stored in Latest address of error history (Un\G1279).



Ex. If the 17th error occurred:

The 17th error is stored in Error history No.1 and 1280 (the start address of Error history No.1) is overwritten in Latest address of error history (Un\G1279).



Point P

- The same processing is performed for an alarm.
- When the storage area for error histories is full, data is overwritten starting from Error history No.1 (Un\G1280 to Un\G1284) and error history recording is continued. (The history before data overwritten is deleted.)
- Recorded error histories are cleared to 0 by turning off and on the power supply or by resetting the CPU module and canceling the reset.

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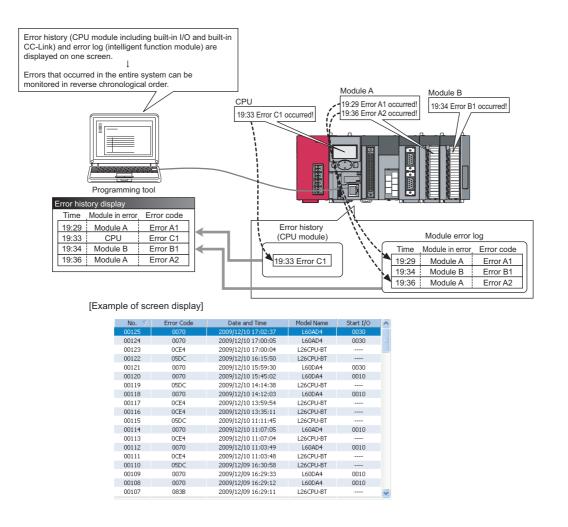
Commor

8.3.6 Module error history collection function

The errors and alarms occurred with the L60TC4 are collected into the CPU module. The CPU module keeps the error information collected from the L60TC4 as a module error history in the memory

where data is maintained even at the time of the power failure. Therefore, the information of the errors occurred with the L60TC4 can be kept even if the power is turned off and on or the CPU module is reset and the reset is cancelled.

(1) Example of the operation of the module error history collection function



Point P

For details on the module error history collection function, refer to the following.

MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)

8.3.7 Error clear function

When an error occurs, the error can be cleared on the system monitor.

Clicking the Error Gear button on the system monitor clears the error code stored in Error code (Un\G0) and turns off the ERR.LED. The operation is the same as when an error is cleared using Error reset instruction (Yn2). However, the error history is not cleared.

Common

For how to clear an error using Error reset instruction (Yn2), refer to the following.

Error reset instruction (Yn2) (
 Page 331, Appendix 1.2 (2))

[™] [Diagnostics] ⇔ [System Monitor...] ⇔ The module where an error occurred

| Module's Detailed Information | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|------|
| | Module Model Name (/O Address Mount Position Product Informa Production Num | ber | L60TCTT4 0010 Main block 0th slot 130410000000000-A | |
| | Fuse Blown Stal Status of I/O Ar (O Clear / Hold Noise Filter Sett (input Type | nal Power Supply tus ddress Verify I Setting ing | Possible Agree | |
| H/W Information | Remote Passwo | ord Setting Status | | |
| Latest Error Code Update Error History 02B5 Clear Error History Error Clear No. Diclay Error Code 1 | Contents: | The setting of the | setting limiter is invalid. | |
| Display Portial 2 0392 Image: End of the error history is sequentially displayed from an old error. The latest error is displayed at the bottom line. 2 | Solution: | Set the value wh lower limit value. | ere the upper limit value is greater than the | |
| Stop Monitor | | | C | lose |

CHAPTER 9 DISPLAY UNIT

This chapter describes the functions of the display unit that can be used with the L60TC4.

For details on how to operate the display unit, the functions, and menu structure, refer to the following manual.

MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals)

9.1 Display Unit

The display unit is an LCD display to be attached to the CPU module. By attaching it to the CPU module, the following operations can be performed without using any software package.

- Checking the system status
- · Changing system set values (only for use as a temperature input module)

When a problem occurs, the cause of the problem can be identified by the displayed error information.

For details on how to check and clear errors from the display unit, refer to the following.

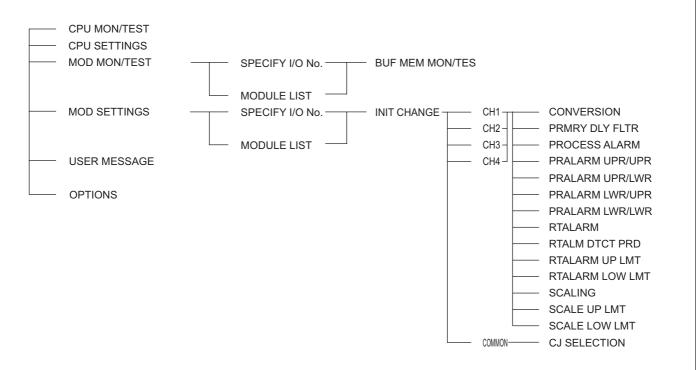
Checking and clearing errors (Page 248, Section 9.4)

Remark
To change system setting values in temperature control mode, use GX Works2. ([] Page 107, CHAPTER 7)

9.2 Menu Transition

(1) Structure list

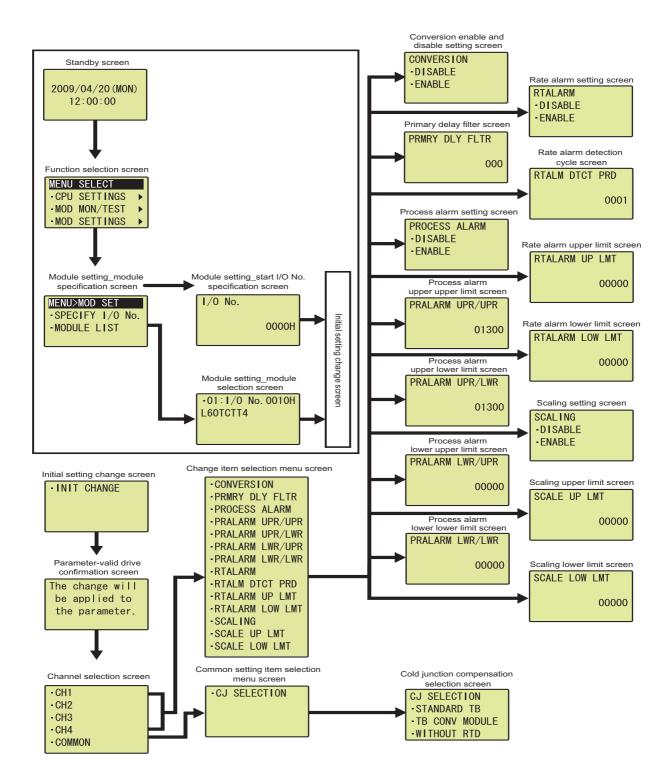
The following is the menu structure of "MOD MON/TEST" menu and "MOD SETTINGS" menu.



9

(2) Screen transition to the initial setting change screen

The following figure shows the screen transition to the initial setting change screen.



9.3 Setting Value Change Screen List

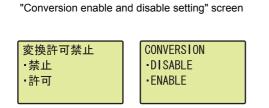
The following table shows the setting value change screen list.

(1) Displayed in English

| Name | | | Input limits | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| Setting item | Screen display | Screen format | Upper limit value | Lower limit value |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | CONVERSION | Selection | _ | |
| Primary delay digital filter setting | PRMRY DLY FLTR | Numeric | 100 | 0 |
| Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | PROCESS ALARM | Selection | | |
| Process alarm upper upper limit value | PRALARM UPR/UPR | Numeric | 32767 | -32768 |
| Process alarm upper lower limit value | PRALARM UPR/LWR | Numeric | 32767 | -32768 |
| Process alarm lower upper limit value | PRALARM LWR/UPR | Numeric | 32767 | -32768 |
| Process alarm lower lower limit value | PRALARM LWR/LWR | Numeric | 32767 | -32768 |
| Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting | RTALARM | Selection | | |
| Rate alarm alert detection period | RTALM DTCT PRD | Numeric | 6000 | 1 |
| Rate alarm upper limit value | RTALARM UP LMT | Numeric | 32767 | -32768 |
| Rate alarm lower limit value | RTALARM LOW LMT | Numeric | 32767 | -32768 |
| Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting | SCALING | Selection | _ | _ |
| Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value | SCALE UP LMT | Numeric | 32000 | -32000 |
| Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value | SCALE LOW LMT | Numeric | 32000 | -32000 |
| Cold junction temperature compensation selection | CJ SELECTION | Selection | _ | _ |

(2) Conversion enable/disable setting

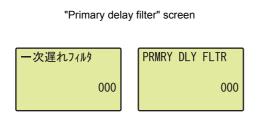
Select "DISABLE or "ENABLE" in the "Conversion enable and disable setting" screen.



 Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "DISABLE" or "ENABLE", then make a confirmation with the ok button.

(3) Primary delay digital filter setting

Set the time constant for the primary delay digital filter in the "Primary delay filter" screen.



Move the cursor using the and buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the and buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the or button.

Table of input items

| Input item | Input range | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| input tem | Input upper limit | Input lower limit |
| Primary delay filter | 100 | 0 |

(4) Process alarm setting

Select "DISABLE or "ENABLE" in the "Process alarm setting" screen.

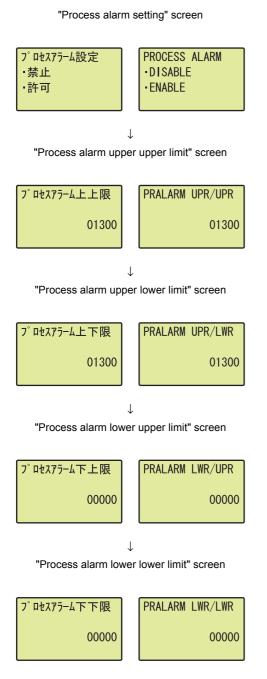


Table of input items

- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "DISABLE" or "ENABLE", then make a confirmation with the jok button. (If "ENABLE" is selected, proceed to step 2.)
- Move the cursor using the and buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the and buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the w button.
- 4. Move the cursor using the

 and
 buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the
 and
 buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the low button.
- Move the cursor using the and buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the and buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the or button.

| Input item | Input range | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--|
| input item | Input upper limit Input lower limit | | |
| Process alarm upper upper limit | | | |
| Process alarm upper lower limit | 32767 | -32768 | |
| Process alarm lower upper limit | | -32700 | |
| Process alarm lower lower limit | | | |

(5) Rate alarm setting

Select "DISABLE" or "ENABLE" in the "Rate alarm setting" screen.

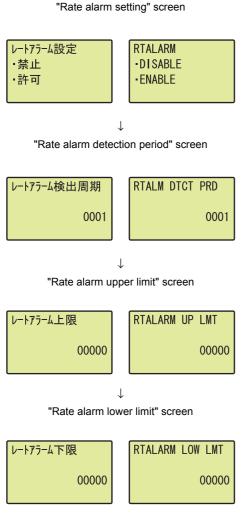


Table of input items

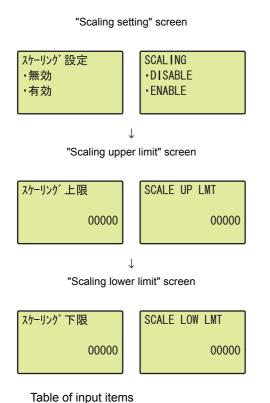
- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "DISABLE" or "ENABLE", then make a confirmation with the jok button. (If "ENABLE" is selected, proceed to step 2.)
- Move the cursor using the and buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the and buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the or button.
- 4. Move the cursor using the

 and
 buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the
 and
 buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the loc button.

| Input item | Input range | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| input tem | Input upper limit | Input lower limit | |
| Rate alarm detection period | 6000 | 1 | |
| Rate alarm upper limit | 32767 | -32768 | |
| Rate alarm lower limit | 32707 | -32706 | |

(6) Scaling setting

Select "DISABLE" or "ENABLE" in the "Scaling setting" screen.



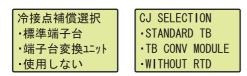
- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "DISABLE" or "ENABLE", then make a confirmation with the button. (If "ENABLE" is selected, proceed to step 2.)
- Move the cursor using the and buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the and buttons, respectively. Make a confirmation with the w button.

| Input item | Input range | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| inputitem | Input upper limit | Input lower limit | |
| Scaling upper limit | 32000 | -32000 | |
| Scaling lower limit | 32000 | -32000 | |

(7) Cold junction compensation selection

Select "STANDARD TB" or "WITHOUT RTD" in the "Cold junction compensation selection" screen.

"Cold junction compensation selection" screen



 Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "STANDARD TB" or "WITHOUT RTD", then make a confirmation with the)ok button. ("TB CONV MODULE" cannot be used.)

9.4 Checking and Clearing Errors

By operation from the display unit, the error that occurred in the L60TC4 can be checked. The error that is occurring can also be cleared.

(1) Checking the error

The error that occurred in the L60TC4 can be checked by specifying the error code (Un\G0) from "Buffer memory monitor/test".

Ex. When an error occurred in the L60TC4 with the start I/O number 1

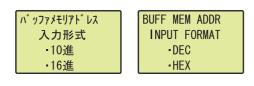
"Buffer memory monitor/test" screen

1. Press the <u>ok</u> button.

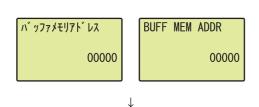


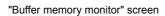
 \downarrow

"Buffer memory address input format selection" screen



 $\downarrow \\ "Buffer memory address setting" screen$





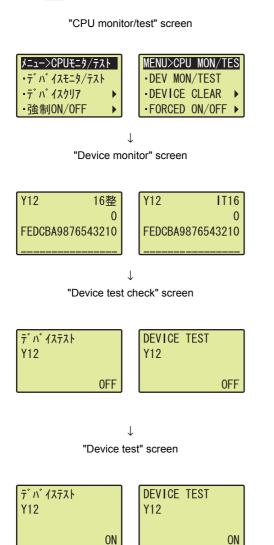
| 0010H 0 16整 | 0010H 0 IT16 |
|------------------|------------------|
| 0C72H | 0C72H |
| FEDCBA9876543210 | FEDCBA9876543210 |
| | |

- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "DEC" for the input format of the buffer memory address, then make a confirmation with the los button.
- Move the cursor using the ◀ and ▶ buttons, then increment or decrement the value at the cursor, using the ▲ and ▼ buttons, and set the value to 0. Make a confirmation with the www.wattom.
- **4.** The error that occurred can be checked in the "Buffer memory monitor" screen.

(2) Clearing the error

To clear the error, remove the error cause and turn Error clear request (Yn2) off, on, and off from "Device monitor/test".

Ex. When an error occurred in the L60TC4 with the start I/O number 1



- Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to select "DEV MON/TEST", then make a confirmation with the ow button.
- **2.** Set the device to Y and press the Jok button.

 Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to set the device to Y12, then make a confirmation with the or button.

Use the ▲ and ▼ buttons to switch ON/OFF. Press
 the own button to set the value set in the device test.

CHAPTER 10 PROGRAMMING

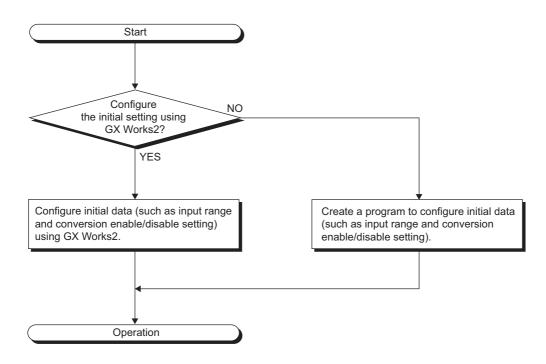
This chapter describes the programs of the L60TC4.

When applying any of the program examples introduced in this chapter to the actual system, verify that the control of the target system has no problem thoroughly.

10.1 Programming Procedure

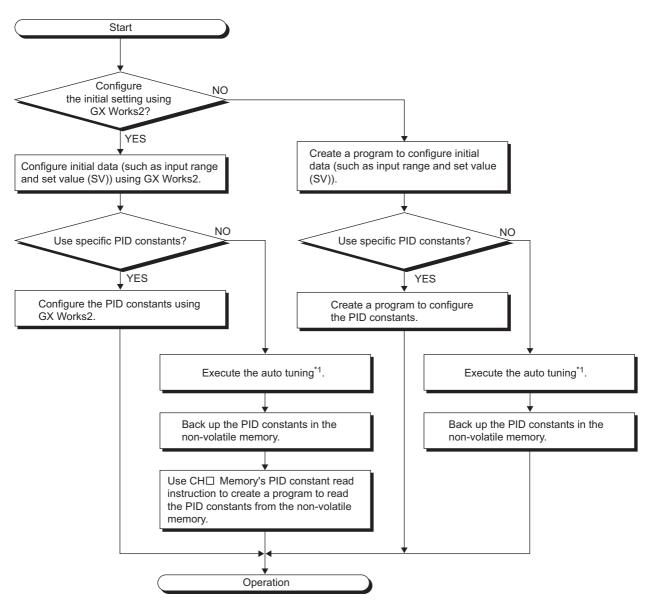
(1) Temperature input mode

Create a program that performs temperature conversion in the L60TC4 using the following procedure.



(2) Temperature control mode

Create a program that performs temperature control in the L60TC4 using the following procedure.



*1 In the standard control, the self-tuning can be selected if necessary.

10.2 When Using the Module in a Standard System Configuration

This section describes the following program examples.

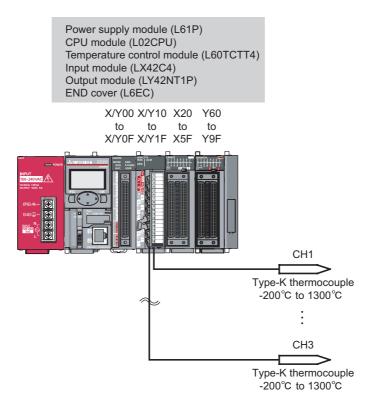
| Mode | | Overview of the program example | Reference |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Temperature input mode | | This is a program example where the L60TC4 is used as a temperature input module. | Page 252, Section 10.2.1 |
| Standard | Standard | This is a program example for operations such as the auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read. | Page 263, Section 10.2.2 |
| Temperature control mode | control | This is a program example where the peak current suppression function and the simultaneous temperature rise function are used for the control. | Page 274, Section 10.2.3 |
| control mode | Heating- cooling control | This is a program example for the heating-cooling control. | Page 288, Section 10.2.4 |

10.2.1 When using the L60TC4 as a temperature input module

This section describes the program example of when the L60TC4 is used as a temperature input module.

(1) System configuration

The following figure shows the system configuration of when the L60TC4 is used as a temperature input module.



Point P

- When using the L26CPU-BT, set the I/O assignment of the built-in CC-Link of the L26CPU-BT to X/YFE0 to X/YFFF so that the I/O assignment be the same as that of the system configuration above.
- When the L60TCTT4BW or the L60TCRT4BW is used, the I/O assignment is the same as that of the system configuration shown above.
 - Slot 0: 16 intelligent points
 - · Slot 1: 64 input points
 - Slot 2: 64 output points

(2) Programming condition

This program is designed to read the temperatures measured by the thermocouple (K type, -200.0 to 1300.0°C) connected to CH1 to CH3.

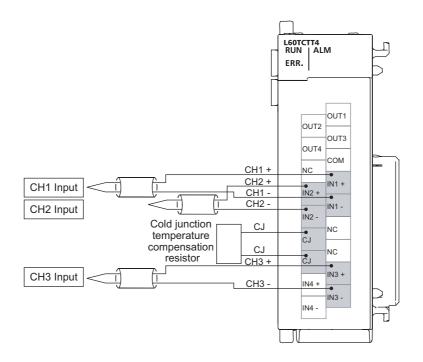
An error code can be read and reset.

The following table lists other programming conditions.

| ltem | Description | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| nem | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | |
| Sampling cycle | 250ms | | | |
| Temperature conversion method | Sampling processing | Sampling processing | Primary delay digital filter (time constant 1s) | |
| Alert output function | | Process alarm lower lower limit value: 2000 (200.0°C) Process alarm lower upper limit value: 2050 (205.0°C) Process alarm upper lower limit value: 2950 (295.0°C) Process alarm upper upper limit value: 3000 (300.0°C) | Rate alarm alert detection cycle: Four times (1s) Rate alarm upper limit value: 50 (+5.0°C) Rate alarm lower limit value: -50 (-5.0°C) | |

(3) Wiring example

The following figure shows a wiring example.



(4) Switch Setting

Configure settings such as the input mode selection and the auto-setting at the input range change as follows.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] [Switch Setting]

| _ Input Mode Selection - | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Temperature Input | it Mode |
| C Temperature Con | trol Mode |
| - Temperature Control M | lode Setting |
| Output Setting at ⊆PU : | Stop Error |
| СН | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error |
| CH1 | 0:CLEAR |
| CH2 | 0:CLEAR |
| CH3 CH4 | 0:CLEAR 0:CLEAR |
| | |
| Control Mode Selection | |
| 0:Standard Control | |
| Setting Change Rate Lir | niter Setting |
| 0:Temperature Rise | /Temperature Drop Batch Setting |
| Control Output Cycle U | nit Selection Setting |
| 0:1s Cycle | |
| | |
| Auto-setting at Input Rar | Channe |
| 0:Disable | |
| | |
| Sampling Cycle Selection | |
| | |
| 1:250ms | |

| Item | Setting value |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Input Mode Selection | Temperature Input Mode |
| Auto-setting at Input Range Change | 0: Disable |
| Sampling Cycle Selection | 1: 250ms |

(5) Contents of the initial setting

| Item | Description | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| Input range | 49: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0°C) | 49: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0°C) | 49: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0°C) | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300.0°C) | | |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | 0: Enable | 0: Enable | 0: Enable | 1: Disable | | |
| Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 s | 0 s | 1 s | 0 s | | |
| Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | 1: Disable | 0: Enable | 1: Disable | 1: Disable | | |
| Process alarm lower lower limit value | -200.0°C | 200.0°C | -200.0°C | -200°C | | |
| Process alarm lower upper limit value | -200.0°C | 205.0°C | -200.0°C | -200°C | | |

| ltem | Description | | | | | |
|--|-------------|------------|-----------|------------|--|--|
| item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| Process alarm upper lower limit value | 1300.0°C | 295°C | 1300.0°C | 1300°C | | |
| Process alarm upper upper limit value | 1300.0°C | 300°C | 1300.0°C | 1300°C | | |
| Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting | 1: Disable | 1: Disable | 0: Enable | 1: Disable | | |
| Rate alarm alert detection cycle | 1 Times | 1 Times | 4 Times | 1 Times | | |
| Rate alarm upper limit value | 0.0°C | 0.0°C | 5.0°C | 0°C | | |
| Rate alarm lower limit value | 0.0°C | 0.0°C | -5.0°C | 0°C | | |

(6) When using the parameter of an intelligent function module

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Description | 1 |
|------------|--|--|
| X10 | Module READY flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) |
| X25 | Temperature process value read instruction | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) |
| D11 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | i |
| D12 | CH2 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D13 | CH3 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D50 | Error code | |
| D51 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D52 | CH2 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D53 | CH3 Temperature process value (PV) | Devices where data is written by auto refresh |
| D55 | CH2 Alert definition | |
| D56 | CH3 Alert definition | |
| D60 | Temperature conversion completion flag | |

(b) Parameter setting

Set the contents of initial settings in the parameter.

1. Open the "Parameter" window.

[™] Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇔ [L60TCTT4] ⇔ [Switch Setting]

- 2. Click Clear Value for Gray Cells to set items unnecessary for the mode set on Switch Setting to 0.
- 3. Set the parameter.

| trol Mode: Temperature Input Mode | Clear value for Gray Cel | Is * Set the value of unnecessary items f | or concroininge to 0. | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
| Basic setting | Set the temperature conversion sys | stem. | | |
| Input range | 49:Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0 C) | 49:Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0 C) | 49:Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) |
| - Set value (SV) setting | 0.0 C | 0.0 C | 0.0 C | 0 C |
| Unused channel setting | 0:Used | 0:Used | 0:Used | 0:Used |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 1:Disable |
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temperature a | idjustment control automatically by | merely setting the PID constants (p | roportional band (P), integral time |
| proportional band setting (Ph) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting. | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s | 0 s |
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow |
| Stop Mode Setting | 0:Stop | 0:Stop | 0:Stop | 0:Stop |
| PID continuation flag | 0:Stop | | | |
| Control detail parameter setting | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows you to set thermocouples. | the temperature measurement ran | ges which meet the operating tempe | ratures of the above |
| Forward/reverse action setting | 0:Forward Action | 0:Forward Action | 0:Forward Action | 0:Forward Action |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 0.0 C | 0.0 C | 0.0 C | 0 C |
| | 0.0 C | 0.0 C | 0.0 C | 0 C |
| (Temperature rise) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Sensor correction value setting | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | 0.00 % |
| Primary delay digital filter setting | 0 s | 0 s | 1 s | 0 s |
| Upper limit output limiter/Heating | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
| Input range | Set the temperature sensor used for the L60TC4 and the measurement range. | 49: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0°C) | 49: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0°C) | 49: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (-200.0 to 1300.0°C) | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | Set whether to enable or disable temperature conversion for each channel. | 0: Enable | 0: Enable | 0: Enable | 1: Disable |
| Primary delay digital filter setting | Set the primary delay digital filter that smoothes the temperature process value (PV). | 0 s | 0 s | 1 s | 0 s |
| Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | Set whether to enable or disable the process alarm alert output for each channel. | 1: Disable | 0: Enable | 1: Disable | 1: Disable |
| Process alarm lower lower limit value | Set the process alarm lower lower limit value. | 0.0°C | 200.0°C | 0.0°C | 0°C |
| Process alarm lower upper limit value | Set the process alarm lower upper limit value. | 0.0°C | 205.0°C | 0.0°C | 0°C |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | |
|---|--|---------------|------------|-----------|---|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 1300°C 1300°C 1300°C 1: Disable 1 Times 0°C | |
| Process alarm upper lower limit value | Set the process alarm upper lower limit value. | 1300.0°C | 295.0°C | 1300.0°C | 1300°C | |
| Process alarm upper upper limit value | Set the process alarm upper upper limit value. | 1300.0°C | 300.0°C | 1300.0°C | 1300°C | |
| Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting | Set whether to enable or disable the rate alarm alert output for each channel. | 1: Disable | 1: Disable | 0: Enable | 1: Disable | |
| Rate alarm alert detection cycle | Set the cycle for checking the temperature process value (PV) for the rate alarm. | 1 Times | 1 Times | 4 Times | 1 Times | |
| Rate alarm upper limit value | Set the rate alarm upper limit value. | 0.0°C | 0.0°C | 5.0°C | 0°C | |
| Rate alarm lower limit value | Set the rate alarm lower limit value. | 0.0°C | 0.0°C | -5.0°C | 0°C | |

(c) Auto refresh setting

Set the device to be automatically refreshed.

```
<sup>™</sup> Project window <sup>⇔</sup> [Intelligent Function Module] <sup>⇔</sup> [L60TCTT4] <sup>⇔</sup> [Auto_Refresh]
```

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----|
| Transfer to CPU | | memory is transmitted to | the specified device. | |
| - Error code | D50 | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | D51 | D52 | D53 | |
| Manipulated value (MV) | | | | |
| Transistor output flag | | | | |
| Alert definition | | D55 | D56 | |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) for another analog module output | | | | |
| Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | |
| Set value (SV) monitor | | | | |
| AT Simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | | | | |
| Self-tuning flag | | | | |
| Temperature conversion completion flag | D60 | | | |
| Process value (PV) scaling value | | | | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise status | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | | | | |
| Cooling-side transistor output flag | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) for another analog module output | | | | |
| | tted to the specified device | | | |

| Item | Description | Setting value | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | |
| Error code | An error code or alarm code is stored. | D50 | | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | The detected temperature value where sensor correction was performed is stored. | D51 | D52 | D53 | _ | |
| Alert definition | Bits corresponding to alerts detected in each channel become 1. | _ | D55 | D56 | _ | |
| Temperature conversion completion flag | This flag checks whether the temperature conversion has started properly for each channel. | D60 | | | | |

(d) Writing parameter of an intelligent function module

Write the set parameter to the CPU module. Then reset the CPU module or turn off and on the power supply of the programmable controller.

[™] [Online] [⇔] [Write to PLC...]



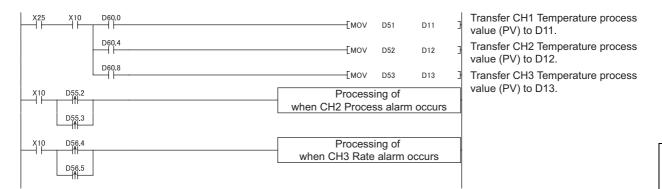
 $\mathsf{Power}\:\mathsf{OFF}\to\mathsf{ON}$

(e) Program example

· Program that changes the setting/operation mode

| X23 Y1B | (Y11 | Change to the setting mode or the operation mode. |
|---------|------|---|
| | | the operation mode. |

 Program that reads the temperature process value (PV) and takes action when a process alarm or a rate alarm occurs



Program that reads an error code

| X10 | | | | | —[моv | D50 | K4Y60 | Output an error code to Y60 to Y6F. |
|-----|-----------|-----|----|----|-------|-------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | [SET | Y12 | Error reset instruction: ON |
| Y12 | X12 [= | D50 | H0 |)— | | -[RST | Y12 | Error reset instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | | END- | 3 |

(7) Program example of when not using the parameter of an intelligent function module

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Description | |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| X10 | Module READY flag | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) |
| X13 | Hardware error flag | |
| X1B | Setting change completion flag | |
| X20 | Set value write instruction | |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | |
| X25 | Temperature process value read instruction | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode status | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) |
| D11 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D12 | CH2 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D13 | CH3 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| D50 | Error code | |
| D55 | CH2 Alert definition | |
| D56 | CH3 Alert definition | |
| D60 | Temperature conversion completion flag | |
| M0 | For writing set value 0 | |
| M1 | For writing set value 1 | |
| M2 | For writing set value 2 | |

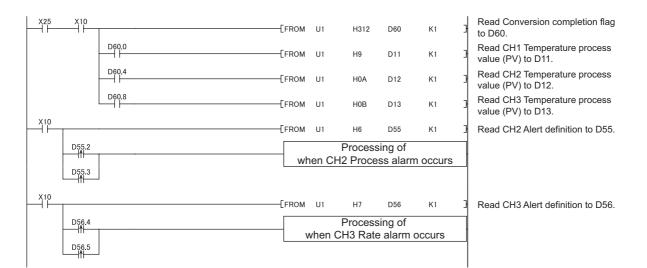
(b) Program example

Program that changes the setting/operation mode
 The program is the same as that of when the parameter of the intelligent function module is used.
 () Program 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

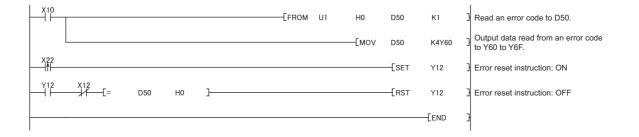
· Initial setting program

| X20 | | | | | | | | | | F = | | | |
|-----|----------|-----------|-----|-----------|------------|-----|-------|----|------|------------|-----|---|--|
| мо | | | | | | | | | | [PLS | M0 | ť | Flag 0 for setting value write: ON |
| | | | | | | | | | | [SET | M1 | 3 | Flag 1 for setting value write: ON |
| | M2 | X10 —↓ | X13 | /11 // | | | -[тор | U1 | H20 | K49 | K1 | 3 | CH1 Input range: 49 |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H40 | K49 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Input range: 49 |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H60 | K49 | K1 | 3 | CH3 Input range: 49 |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H2B5 | K8 | K1 | 3 | Conversion enable/disable setting CH1: Enabled, CH2: Enabled CH3: Enabled, CH4: Disabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0C4 | K1 | K1 | 3 | CH1 Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting: Disabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0D4 | К0 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting: Enabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0D5 | K2000 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Process alarm lower lower limit value: 200.0°C |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0D6 | K2050 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Process alarm lower upper limit value: 205.0°C |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0D7 | K2950 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Process alarm upper lower limit value: 295.0°C |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0D8 | K3000 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Process alarm upper upper limit value: 300.0°C |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0E4 | K1 | K1 | 3 | CH3 Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting: Disabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0C9 | K1 | K1 | 3 | CH1 Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting: Disabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0D9 | K1 | K1 | 3 | CH2 Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting: Disabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0E9 | К0 | K1 | 3 | CH3 Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting: Enabled |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0EA | K4 | K1 | 3 | CH3 Rate alarm alert detection cycle: 4 times |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H0EB | K5 | K1 | 3 | CH3 Rate alarm upper limit value : 5.0°C |
| | | | | | | • | -[тор | U1 | H0EC | K5 | K1 | 3 | CH3 Rate alarm lower limit value ∶ - 5.0°C |
| | | | | | | | | | | -ESET | Y1B | 3 | Setting change instruction: ON |
| M1 | M2 | X10 | X13 | ¥11 | Y1B ──┤ | X1B | | | | [RST | Y1B | 3 | Setting change instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | | | | | -ESET | M2 | 3 | Flag 2 for setting value write: ON |
| M2 | X10 → | X13 | X1B | | | | -[тор | U1 | H30 | К0 | K1 | 3 | CH1 Primary delay digital filter setting : 0°C |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H50 | К0 | K1 | F | CH2 Primary delay digital filter setting : 0°C |
| | | | | | | | -[тор | U1 | H70 | K1 | K1 | Э | CH3 Primary delay digital filter setting : 1°C |
| | | | | | | | | | | [RST | M1 | F | Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF |
| | | | | | | | | | | [RST | M2 | £ | Flag 2 for setting value write: OFF |

• Program that reads the temperature process value (PV) and takes action when a process alarm or a rate alarm occurs



· Program that reads an error code

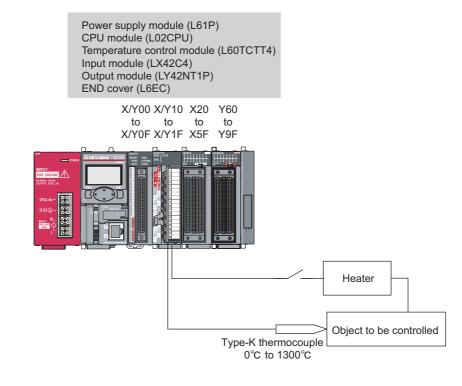


10.2.2 Standard control (such as auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read)

This section describes the program example for operations such as the auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read.

(1) System configuration

The following figure shows the system configuration for operations such as the auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read.



Point P

- When using the L26CPU-BT, set the I/O assignment of the built-in CC-Link of the L26CPU-BT to X/YFE0 to X/YFFF so that the I/O assignment be the same as that of the system configuration above.
- When the L60TCTT4BW or the L60TCRT4BW is used, the I/O assignment is the same as that of the system configuration shown above.
 - Slot 0: 16 intelligent points
 - Slot 1: 64 input points
 - Slot 2: 64 output points

(2) Programming condition

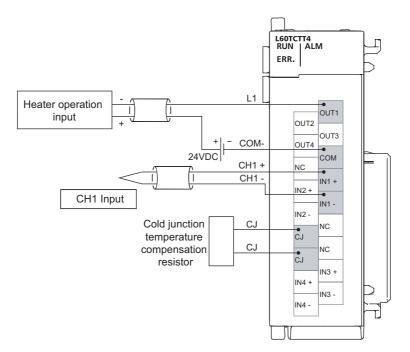
This program is designed to read the temperatures measured by the thermocouple (K type, 0°C to 1300°C) connected to CH1 for the control.

An error code can be read and reset.

The self-tuning function automatically sets the PID constants optimal to CH1.

(3) Wiring example

The following figure shows a wiring example.



(4) Switch Setting

Configure settings such as the input mode selection and the auto-setting at the input range change as follows.

C Project window > [Intelligent Function Module] > [L60TCTT4] > [Switch Setting]

| Switch Setting 0010:L60TCTT4 Input Mode Selection Temperature Input Mode Temperature Control Mode Temperature Control Mode Setting Output Setting at CPU Stop Error CH Output Setting at CPU Stop Error CH OCLEAR CH3 O:CLEAR CH4 O:CLEAR CH3 O:CLEAR CH4 O:CLEAR Control Mode Selection O:Standard Control Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting O:Ineperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting O:Isoble O:Disable Setting at Input Range Change < | × | | | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | • | | |
| | 6 | Temperal | ture Control Mode | |
| | Ter | mperature (| Control Mode Setting | |
| | Out | put Setting: | at ⊆PU Stop Error | |
| | | CH | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | |
| | | CH1 | 0:CLEAR | |
| | | CH2 | 0:CLEAR | |
| | | CH3 | | |
| | | CH4 | 0:CLEAR | |
| | Cor | itrol <u>M</u> ode S | Selection | |
| | | 0:Standard | Control | |
| | Set | ting Change | e Rate Limiter Setting | |
| | | 0:Temperal | ture Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting 📃 🗾 | |
| | Cor | ntrol Output | t Cycle Unit Selection Setting | |
| | | 0:1s Cycle | • | |
| | | | | |
| | Auto- | setting at I | nput Range Change | |
| | | | T | |
| | , Samp | ling Cycle S | election | |
| | | 0:500ms | T | |
| | This o Defau | lialog settin ult value wil | | |

| ltem | | Set value | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | |
| Input Mode Selection | | Temperature Contr | ol Mode | | - | | | |
| | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | | | |
| Temperature Control | Control Mode Selection | 0: Standard Control | | | | | | |
| Mode Setting | Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting | 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | | | | | | |
| | Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | 0: 1s Cycle | | | | | | |
| Auto-setting at Input F | Range Change | 0: Disable | | | | | | |
| Sampling Cycle Selec | tion | 0: 500ms | | | | | | |

(5) Contents of the initial setting

| ltem | | Description | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | | | |
| Input range | 2: Thermocouple K Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) | | | | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | | | | |
| Unused channel setting | 0: Used | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | | | | | |
| Control output cycle setting | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | | | | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 400°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | | | | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | | | | |
| Self-tuning setting ^{*1} | 1: Starting ST (PID Constant Only) | 0: Do Not Run the ST | 0: Do Not Run the ST | 0: Do Not Run the ST | | | | | |
| Alert 1 mode setting | 1: Upper Limit Input Alert | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | | | | | |
| Alert set value 1 | 500°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | | | | |

*1 This setting is necessary only when the self-tuning function is used.

(6) When using the parameter of an intelligent function module

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Descriptio | n |
|--|---|-------------------------------|
| X10 | Module READY flag | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | |
| X24 Memory of PID constants read instruction X30 CH1 Set value (SV) change instruction | | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) |
| X30 | CH1 Set value (SV) change instruction | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | |
| Y12 | Error code reset instruction Operation mode setting instruction Memory of PID constants read instruction CH1 Set value (SV) change instruction Setting/operation mode instruction Error reset instruction Set value backup instruction Setting change instruction Setting change instruction to Y6F | |
| Y18 | | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) |
| D50 | Error code | Devices where data is written |
| D51 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | by auto refresh |
| M20 to M23 | CH□ Read completion flag | |
| M24 to M27 | CHD Write completion flag | |

(b) Parameter setting

Set the contents of initial settings in the parameter.

1. Open the "Parameter" window.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] [Parameter]

2. Click <u>Clear Value for Gray Cells</u> to set items unnecessary for the mode set on Switch Setting to 0.

3. Set the parameter.

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 | T, |
|---|--|--|--|--|----|
| Basic setting | Set the temperature convers | ion system. | | | 1 |
| Input range | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | |
| Unused channel setting | 0:Used | | 1:Unused | 1:Unused | |
| | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 41 |
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temperative temperature of the temperature of temperat | ature adjustment control auto | omatically by merely setting t | he PID constants | L |
| Proportional band (P) | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | _ |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | L |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting. | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | |
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 1 |
| Stop Mode Setting | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1 |
| PID continuation flag | 0:Stop | | | | |
| Control detail parameter setting | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows you of the above thermocouples. | | surement ranges which meet | the operating temperatures | I |
| Forward/reverse action setting | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1 |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 400 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1 |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | L |
| Setting change rate limiter or Setting change rate limiter (Temperature rise) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | |
| Setting change rate limiter (Temperature drop) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | |
| Sensor correction value setting | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | 0.00 % | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | | |
| Input range | Set the temperature sensor used for the L60TC4 and the measurement range. | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) | | | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | Set the target temperature value of PID control. | 200°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | | | |
| Unused channel setting | Configure this setting when the channels where the temperature control is not performed and the temperature sensor is not connected are set to be unused. | 0: Used | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | | | | |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting | Set the pulse cycle (ON/OFF cycle) of the transistor output. | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | | | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | Set the upper limit of the set value (SV). | 400°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | Set the lower limit of the set value (SV). | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | | | |
| Self-tuning setting*1 | Set the operation of the self-tuning. | 1: Starting ST (PID Constant Only) | 0: Do Not Run the ST | 0: Do Not Run the ST | 0: Do Not Run the ST | | | | |
| Alert 1 mode setting | Set the alert mode. | 1: Upper Limit Input Alert | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | | | | |
| Alert set value 1 | Set the temperature where CH□ Alert 1 (b8 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on depending on the selected alert mode. | 500°C | _ | _ | _ | | | | |

*1 This setting is necessary only when the self-tuning function is used.

(c) Auto refresh setting

Set the device to be automatically refreshed.

[™] Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇔ [L60TCTT4]⇔ [Auto_Refresh]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----|--|
| Transfer to CPU | The data of the buffer me | emory is transmitted to th | ne specified device. | | |
| Error code | D50 | | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | D51 | | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV) | | | | | |
| Transistor output flag | | | | | |
| Alert definition | | | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated | | | | | |
| value (MVh) for another analog | | | | | |
| module output | | | | | |
| Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | | |
| Set value (SV) monitor | | | | | |
| AT Simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | | | | | |
| Self-tuning flag | | | | | |
| Temperature conversion | | | | | |
| completion flag | | | | | |
| Process value (PV) scaling value | | | | | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise | | | | | |
| status | | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | | | | | |
| Cooling-side transistor output flag | | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value | | | | | |
| (MVc) for another analog module output | | | | | |
| Latest address of error history | | | | | |
| Transfer to Intelligent function | | | | | |
| module | The data of the specified | device is transmitted to t | he buffer memory. | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | | | | | |
| Proportional setting (P)/Heating | | | | | |
| proportional band (Ph) setting | | | | | |
| ansfer Direction [Intelligent Function M | lodule <- PLC1 | | | | |
| uffer Memory Address [752 (2F0h)], Tr | ansfer Word Counts[1] | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Set value | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | |
| Error code | An error code or alarm code is stored. | D50 | | | | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | The detected temperature value where sensor correction was performed is stored. | D51 | _ | | — | | | |

(d) Writing parameter of an intelligent function module

Write the set parameter to the CPU module. Then reset the CPU module or turn off and on the power supply of the programmable controller.



or Power OFF \rightarrow ON

(e) Performing auto tuning

Set the "Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants" to "ON" and perform the auto tuning.

[™] [Tool] <> [Intelligent Function Module Tool] <> [Temperature Control Module]

| Monitoring Start Monitor Target Monitor Stop Monitor Target Monito | | | | eietting Mode Change Mode Code (HEX) |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---|
| Item | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 |
| PID control | PID control operatio | | | |
| Process value (PV) | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |
| Set value (SV) | 200 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0C |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| ID constant | PID constant curren | | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band set | | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % |
| Cooling-side proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 60 s 480 s | 60 s 480 s | 60 s 480 s | 60 s 480 s |
| Loop disconnection detection judgment time Auto tuning execution | 480 s Executes auto tunin | | 48U S | 480 s |
| Auto tuning execution Auto tuning start | Executes auto turnin Start | y. Start | Start | Start |
| Auto tuning start Auto tuning stop | Stop | Stop | Stop | Stop |
| | | | | |
| | Not executed | NUC EXECUTED | Not executed | NUCEXECUTED |
| Status Result of automatic backup of PID constant | Not executed | Not executed | Not executed | Not executed |

(f) Program example

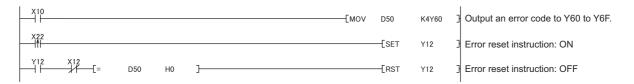
Program that changes the setting/operation mode

This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (\square Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

· Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory

| X24 | X10 | ¥1 <u>В</u> | Y18 | [тор | U1 | H3E | K1 | K1 | CH1 Memory's PID constant read instruction: With instruction |
|-----|-----|-------------|-----|-------|----|-----|-------|----|--|
| | | | | [from | U1 | H1F | K2M20 | К1 | Read bit data from b7 to b0 of the memory's PID constant read/write completion flag to M20 to M27. |
| M20 | X10 | | | [тор | U1 | H3E | K0 | K1 | CH1 Memory's PID constant read instruction: Without instruction |

• Program that reads an error code



• Program that changes the set value (SV)

| ×30 | X10 | | {тор | U1 | H22 | K250 | K1 | Cha to 2 |
|-----|-----|--|------|----|-----|------|-----|---------------|
| ×30 | X10 | | [тор | U1 | H22 | K200 | K1 |] Ret to 2 |
| | | | | | | | END | Ŧ |

| Change CH1 Set value (SV) setting to $250^\circ\!\text{C}$. |
|--|
| Return CH1 Set value (SV) setting to 200°C. |

(7) Program example of when not using the parameter of an intelligent function module

| Device | Description | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| X10 | Module READY flag | | | | | | |
| X11 | Setting/operation mode status | | | | | | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | | | | | | |
| X13 | Hardware error flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) | | | | | |
| X14 | CH1 Auto tuning status | | | | | | |
| X18 | Back-up of the set value completion flag | | | | | | |
| X1B | Setting change completion flag | | | | | | |
| X20 | Set value write instruction | | | | | | |
| X21 | Auto tuning execute instruction | | | | | | |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | | | | | | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) | | | | | |
| X24 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | | | | | | |
| X30 | CH1 Set value (SV) change instruction | | | | | | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | | | | | | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | | | | | | |
| Y14 | CH1 Auto tuning instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) | | | | | |
| Y18 | Set value backup instruction | | | | | | |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | | | | | | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) | | | | | |
| D50 | Error code | | | | | | |
| D51 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | | | | | | |
| M0 | For writing set value 0 | | | | | | |
| M1 | For writing set value 1 | | | | | | |
| M2 | For writing set value 2 | | | | | | |
| M10 | CH1 Auto tuning completion flag | | | | | | |
| M20 to M23 | CH□ Read completion flag | | | | | | |
| M24 to M27 | CH□ Write completion flag | | | | | | |

(a) Devices used by a user

(b) Program example

- Program that changes the setting/operation mode
 This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (FFP Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))
- X20 Flag 0 for setting value write: ON -[PLS М0 MO Flag 1 for setting value write: ON -[SET M1 X10 X13 -Гто CH1 Unused channel setting: Used U1 H3D К0 K1 -Гто U1 CH2 Unused channel setting: Unused H5D K1 K1 -[то U1 H7D CH3 Unused channel setting: Unused K1 K1 -[то U1 H9D K1 K1 CH4 Unused channel setting: Unused X10 Y11 Гтор CH1 Input range: 2 U1 H20 K2 K1 CH1 Alert 1 mode setting: Upper -[тор U1 HOCO K1 K1 input alert CH1 Control output cycle U1 H2F K30 -Ето K1 setting: 30s - - - -*1 CH1 Self-tuning setting: Starting -Гто U1 H23E K1 K1 ST (calculates only PID constants) . - -_ Setting change instruction: ON -Set Y1B н X1B M1 X10 X13 Y11 Y1B ERST Y1B Setting change instruction: OFF Flag 2 for setting value write: ON -Set M2 X1B M2 X10 X13 -[тор CH1 Alert set value 1: 500°C U1 H26 K500 K1 -[тор U1 H22 K200 K1 CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C -[тор U1 H37 K400 K1 CH1 Upper limit setting limiter: 400 °C CH1 Lower limit setting limiter: 0 °C -Гтор U1 H38 K0 K1 {rst Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF M1 -[rst M2 Flag 2 for setting value write: OFF
- Initial setting program

*1 Configure this setting only when the self-tuning function is used.

· Program that executes the auto tuning and backs up the PID constants in the non-volatile memory

| X21 ↑ | X10 | X13 | X11 ──┤ | | | [SET | Y14 | CH1 Auto tuning instruction: ON |
|-----------|----------|-----|------------|------|--|------|-----|---------------------------------------|
| X14 | | | | | | [RST | Y14 | CH1 Auto tuning instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | [SET | M10 | CH1 Auto tuning completion flag: ON |
| M10 | Y18 | | | | | [SET | Y18 | Setting value backup instruction: ON |
| ¥18 | ×18 → | | | | | [RST | Y18 | Setting value backup instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | [RST | M10 | CH1 Auto tuning completion flag: OFF |
| | | | | | | | | |

 Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory This program is the same as that of when the parameter of the intelligent function module is used.
 () Program is the same as that of (f))

· Program that reads an error code and the temperature process value (PV)

| | | | | | [FROM | U1 | H0 | D50 | K1 | 3 | Read an error code to D50. |
|-----------|-----------|-----|----|---|-------|----|-------|-------|-------|---|--|
| | | | | | | | —[моv | D50 | K4Y60 | 3 | Output data read from an error code to Y60 to Y6F. |
| X22 ∱ | | | | | | | | -[SET | Y12 | 3 | Error reset instruction: ON |
| ¥12 | X12 [= | D50 | H0 | Ъ | | | | -[RST | Y12 | 3 | Error reset instruction: OFF |
| X10 | X11 | | | | [FROM | U1 | H9 | D51 | K1 | 3 | Read CH1 Temperature process value (PV) to D51. |

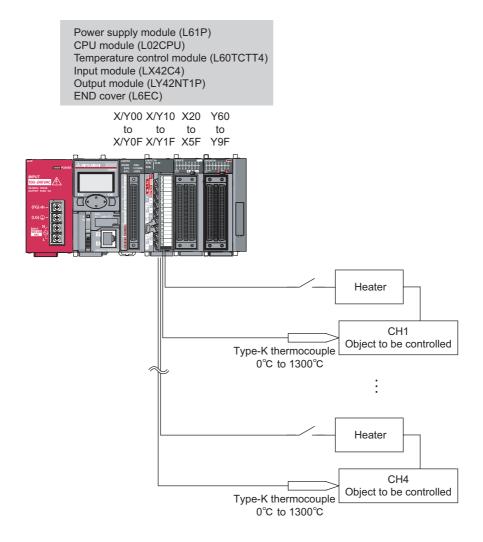
 Program that changes the set value (SV) This program is the same as that of when the parameter of the intelligent function module is used.
 () Page 270, Section 10.2.2 (6) (f))

10.2.3 Standard control (peak current suppression function, simultaneous temperature rise function)

This section describes the program example where the peak current suppression function and the simultaneous temperature rise function are used for the control.

(1) System configuration

The following figure shows the system configuration example of when the peak current suppression function and the simultaneous temperature rise function are used for the control.



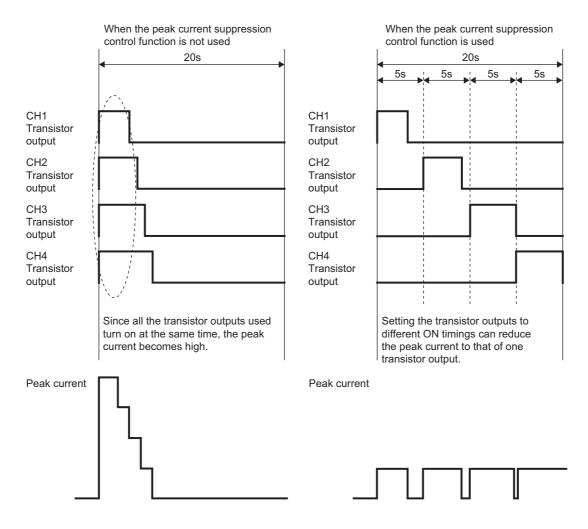
Point P

- When using the L26CPU-BT, set the I/O assignment of the built-in CC-Link of the L26CPU-BT to X/YFE0 to X/YFFF so that the I/O assignment be the same as that of the system configuration above.
- When the L60TCTT4BW or the L60TCRT4BW is used, the I/O assignment is the same as that of the system configuration shown above.
 - Slot 0: 16 intelligent points
 - Slot 1: 64 input points
 - Slot 2: 64 output points

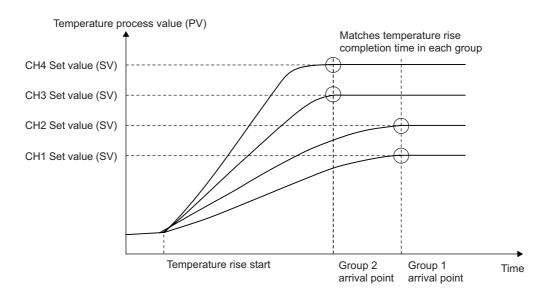
(2) Programming condition

Program example where the peak current suppression function is used

This program is designed to suppress the peak current by automatically changing the values of the upper limit output limiter of CH1 to CH4 and dividing the timing of the transistor output into four timing.

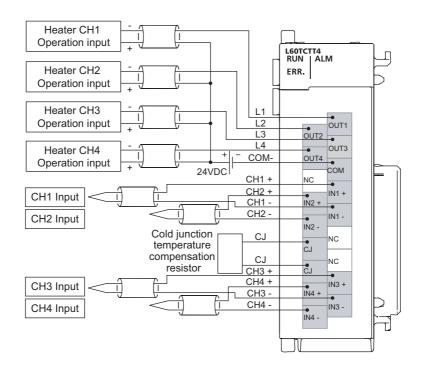


• Program example where the simultaneous temperature rise function is used This program is designed to classify the CH1 and CH2 into group 1 and CH3 and CH4 into group 2 so that the channels in each group reach the set values (SV) simultaneously.



(3) Wiring example

The following figure shows a wiring example.



(4) Switch Setting

Configure settings such as the input mode selection and the auto-setting at the input range change as follows.

C Project window > [Intelligent Function Module] > [L60TCTT4] > [Switch Setting]

| tch Setting | 0010:L60TCTT4 |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Input Mode S | election |
| C Tempera | ature Input Mode |
| Tempera | ture Control Mode |
| Temperature | Control Mode Setting |
| Output Settin | g at <u>C</u> PU Stop Error |
| CH | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error |
| CH1 | 0:CLEAR |
| CH2 | 0:CLEAR |
| CH3 | 0:CLEAR |
| CH4 | 0:CLEAR |
| | tture Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting |
| uto-setting at : 0:Disable | Input Range Change |
| ampling Cycle S | Selection |
| 0:500ms | |
| | ng is linked to the Switch Setting of the PLC parameter. Il be shown in the dialog |

| | ltem | | Set | Set value | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|
| | item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | |
| Input Mode Selection | | Temperature Contro | ol Mode | | | | | |
| Temperature Control | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | | | |
| | Control Mode Selection | 0: Standard Control | | | | | | |
| Mode Setting | Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting | 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | | | | | | |
| | Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | 0: 1s Cycle | | | | | | |
| Auto-setting at Input Range Change | | 0: Disable | | | | | | |
| Sampling Cycle Selec | tion | 0: 500ms | | | | | | |

(5) Contents of the initial setting

| ltem | | Desc | ription | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| item | CH1 CH2 CH3 | | CH3 | CH4 |
| Input range | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200°C | 250°C | 300°C | 350°C |
| Unused channel setting | 0: Used | 0: Used | 0: Used | 0: Used |
| Control output cycle setting | 20 s | 20 s | 20 s | 20 s |
| Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*1} | 1: Group 1 | 1: Group 1 | 2: Group 2 | 2: Group 2 |
| Peak current suppression control group setting*2 | 1: Group 1 | 2: Group 2 | 3: Group 3 | 4: Group 4 |
| Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection ^{*1} | 1: AT for Simultaneous Temperature Rise |

*1 Configure this setting only when the simultaneous temperature rise function is used.

*2 Configure this setting only when the peak current suppression function is used.

(6) When using the parameter of an intelligent function module

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Descriptio | n | | | |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| X10 | Module READY flag | | | | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) | | | |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | | | | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) | | | |
| X24 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | | | | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | | | | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | | | | |
| Y18 | Set value backup instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) | | | |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | | | | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) | | | |
| D50 | Error code | Devices where data is written | | | |
| D51 to D54 | CH□ Temperature process value (PV) | by auto refresh | | | |
| M20 to M23 | CH□ Read completion flag | | | | |
| M24 to M27 | CHD Write completion flag | | | | |

(b) Parameter setting

Set the contents of initial settings in the parameter.

1. Open the "Parameter" window.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] [Parameter]

2. Click Clear Value for Gray Cells to set items unnecessary for the mode set on Switch Setting to 0.

3. Set the parameter.

| Item | CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Basic setting | Set the temperature conversion system. | | | | | | | | |
| - Input range | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | | | | | |
| - Set value (SV) setting | 200 C | 250 C | 300 C | 350 C | | | | | |
| Unused channel setting | 0:Used | 0:Used | 0:Used | 0:Used | | | | | |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | | | | | |
| | The Q64TC exercises temp | erature adjustment contro | l automatically by merely s | etting the PID constants | | | | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | | | | | |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | | | | | |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | | | | | |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | | | | | |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting, | 20 s | 20 s | 20 s | 20 s | | | | | |
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | | | | | |
| Stop Mode Setting | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | | | | | |
| PID continuation flag | 0:Stop | | | | | | | | |
| Control detail parameter setting | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows you to set the temperature measurement ranges which meet the operating temperatures of the above thermocouples. | | | | | | | | |
| Forward/reverse action setting | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | | | | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | | | | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| nem | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | | |
| Input range | Set the temperature sensor used for the L60TC4 and the measurement range. | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) | | | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | Set the target temperature value of PID control. | 200°C | 250°C | 300°C | 350°C | | | | |
| Unused channel setting | Configure this setting when the channels where the temperature control is not performed and the temperature sensor is not connected are set to be unused. | 0: Used | 0: Used | 0: Used | 0: Used | | | | |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting | Set the pulse cycle (ON/OFF cycle) of the transistor output. | 20 s | 20 s | 20 s | 20 s | | | | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise group setting ^{*1} | Set the group to perform the simultaneous temperature rise function for each channel. | 1: Group 1 | 1: Group 1 | 2: Group 2 | 2: Group 2 | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | | |
| Peak current suppression control group setting ^{*2} | Set the target channels for the peak current suppression function and the gap of the control output cycles between channels. | 1: Group 1 | 2: Group 2 | 3: Group 3 | 4: Group 4 | | | | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection ^{*1} | Set the mode of the auto tuning. | 1: AT for Simultaneous Temperature Rise | | | | |

*1 Configure this setting only when the simultaneous temperature rise function is used.

*2 Configure this setting only when the peak current suppression function is used.

(c) Auto refresh setting

Set the device to be automatically refreshed.

| 🏷 Project window 🖒 | [Intelligent Function Module] | <> [L60TCTT4 |] ⊂> [Auto | Refresh] |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| | | | | |

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----|
| | | er memory is transmitted to | o the specified device. | |
| | D50 | | | |
| Contraction of the second second second second | D51 | D52 | D53 | D54 |
| Manipulated value (MV) | | | | |
| Transistor output flag | | | | |
| Alert definition | | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) for another analog module output | | | | |
| Femperature rise judgment flag | | | | |
| iet value (SV) monitor | | | | |
| AT Simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | | | | |
| Self-tuning flag | | | | |
| Temperature conversion completion flag | | | | |
| Process value (PV) scaling value | | | | |
| 5imultaneous temperature rise status | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | | | | |
| Cooling-side transistor output flag | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) for another analog module output | | | | |
| outout | ted to the specified de | | | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | | |
| Error code | An error code or alarm code is stored. | D50 | | | | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | The detected temperature value where sensor correction was performed is stored. | D51 | D52 | D53 | D54 | | | |

(d) Writing parameter of an intelligent function module

Write the set parameter to the CPU module. Then reset the CPU module or turn off and on the power supply of the programmable controller.

[™][Online] ⇔ [Write to PLC...]



or $\ \mbox{Power OFF} \rightarrow \mbox{ON}$

(e) Performing auto tuning

Set the "Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants" to "ON" and perform the auto tuning.

C [Tool] ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module Tool] ⇔ [Temperature Control Module]

▷ [Auto Tuning...] ▷ [L60TCTT4] ▷

| Monitoring Execution Auto Tuning Setting | 0010:L60TCTT4 | | 1 | Code (HEX) Error gear | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| PID control | PID control operation | status | | | | |
| Process value (PV) | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | | |
| Set value (SV) | 200 C | 250 C | 300 C | 350 C | | |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | | |
| PID constant | PID constant current value | | | | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | | |
| Cooling-side proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | | |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | | |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | | |
| Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 480 s | 480 s | 480 s | 480 s | | |
| Auto tuning execution | Executes auto tuning | þ. | | | | |
| Auto tuning start | Start | Start | Start | Start | | |
| Auto tuning stop | Stop | | | | | |
| Hato talling stop | Net everyted | Not executed Not executed Not ex | | Not executed | | |
| Status | NUCEXECUTED | | | | | |

- (f) Program example where the peak current suppression function or the simultaneous temperature rise function is used
 - · Program that changes the setting/operation mode

This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. ($\square Page 259$, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

- X24 X10 Y1B Y18 CH1 Memory's PID constant read instruction: With instruction --[тор U1 H3F K1 K1 CH2 Memory's PID constant read instruction: With instruction -Гтор U1 H5E K1 K1 CH3 Memory's PID constant read instruction: With instruction -[тор U1 H7E K1 K1 CH4 Memory's PID constant read instruction: With instruction -[тор U1 H9E K1 K1 Read bit data from b7 to b0 of Memory's PID constant read/write completion flag to M20 to M27. FROM U1 H1F K2M20 K1 M20 X10 CH1 Memory's PID constant read instruction: Without instruction -[тор U1 H3E K0 K1 M21 X10 CH2 Memory's PID constant read instruction: Without instruction -[тор U1 H5E K0 K1 M22 X10 CH3 Memory's PID constant read instruction: Without instruction -[тор U1 H7E K0 K1 M23 X10 CH4 Memory's PID constant read instruction: Without instruction --[тор U1 H9E K0 K1
- · Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory

· Program that reads an error code

This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (FPP Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

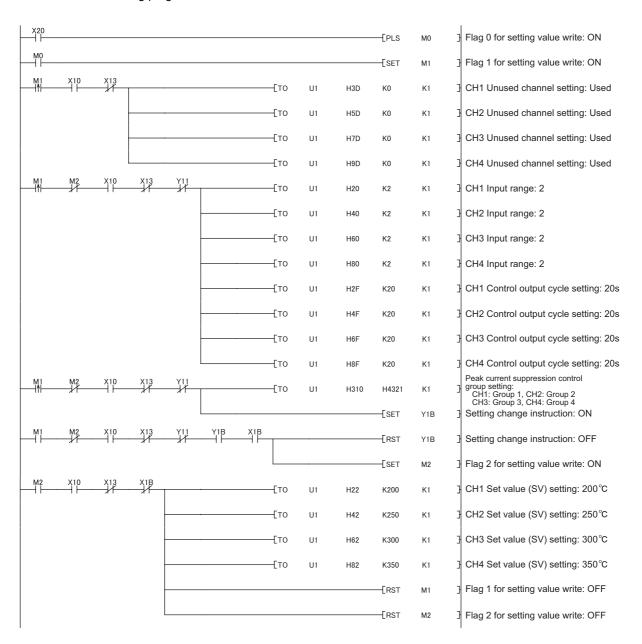
(7) Program example of when not using the parameter of an intelligent function module

| Device | Descriptio | Description | | | | | | | |
|------------|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| X10 | Module READY flag | | | | | | | | |
| X11 | Setting/operation mode status | | | | | | | | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | | | | | | | | |
| X13 | Hardware error flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) | | | | | | | |
| X14 to X17 | CHD Auto tuning status | | | | | | | | |
| X18 | Back-up of the set value completion flag | | | | | | | | |
| X1B | Setting change completion flag | | | | | | | | |
| X20 | Set value write instruction | | | | | | | | |
| X21 | Auto tuning execute instruction | | | | | | | | |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) | | | | | | | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | | | | | | | | |
| X24 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | | | | | | | | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | | | | | | | | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | | | | | | | | |
| Y14 to Y17 | CHD Auto tuning instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) | | | | | | | |
| Y18 | Set value backup instruction | | | | | | | | |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | | | | | | | | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) | | | | | | | |
| D50 | Error code | | | | | | | | |
| D51 to D54 | CHD Temperature process value (PV) | | | | | | | | |
| M0 | For writing set value 0 | | | | | | | | |
| M1 | For writing set value 1 | | | | | | | | |
| M2 | For writing set value 2 | | | | | | | | |
| M10 to M13 | CHD Auto tuning completion flag | | | | | | | | |
| M20 to M23 | CH□ Read completion flag | | | | | | | | |
| M24 to M27 | CH□ Write completion flag | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

(a) Devices used by a user

(b) Program example where the peak current suppression function is used

Program that changes the setting/operation mode
 This is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))



· Initial setting program

| X21 ↑ | ×10 → | ×13 | | | | | -[set | Y14 | 3 | CH1 Auto tuning instruction: ON |
|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|---|---------------------------------------|
| | | | | | | | -[SET | Y15 | 3 | CH2 Auto tuning instruction: ON |
| | | | | | | | -[set | Y16 | Э | CH3 Auto tuning instruction: ON |
| | | | | | | | [set | Y17 | Э | CH4 Auto tuning instruction: ON |
| X14 | | | | | | | -[rst | Y14 | 3 | CH1 Auto tuning instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | | [SET | M10 | 3 | CH1 Auto tuning completion flag: ON |
| X15 | | | | | | | -[RST | Y15 | Э | CH2 Auto tuning instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | | [set | M11 | 3 | CH2 Auto tuning completion flag: ON |
| X16 | | | | | | | -[rst | Y16 | Э | CH3 Auto tuning instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | | [set | M12 | Э | CH3 Auto tuning completion flag: ON |
| X17 | | | | | | | -[rst | Y17 | 3 | CH4 Auto tuning instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | | [set | M13 | 3 | CH4 Auto tuning completion flag: ON |
| M10 | M11 | M12 | M13 | Y18 | | | [set | Y18 | 3 | Setting value backup instruction: ON |
| Y18 | X18 | 1 | | | | | -[rst | Y18 | 3 | Setting value backup instruction: OFF |
| | | | | | | —[моv | H0 | K1M10 | 3 | CH□ Auto tuning completion flag: OFF |
| | | | | | | | | | | • |

· Program that executes the auto tuning and backs up the PID constants in the non-volatile memory

- Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory This program is the same as that of when the parameter of the intelligent function module is used.
 () Page 282, Section 10.2.3 (6) (f))
- · Program that reads an error code and the temperature process value (PV)

| X10 | | | | | [FROM | U1 | H0 | D50 | K1 | 3 | Read an error code to D50. |
|-----------|---------------|-----|----|---|-------|----|------|-------|-------|---|---|
| | | | | | | | Емоv | D50 | K4Y60 | 3 | Output data read from an error code to Y60 to Y6F. |
| X22 ↑ | | | | | | | | [SET | Y12 | 3 | Error reset instruction: ON |
| Y12 | X12 ====[= | D50 | H0 | } | | | | -[RST | Y12 | 3 | Error reset instruction: OFF |
| X10 | X11 | | | | [FROM | U1 | H9 | D51 | K4 | 3 | Read CH Temperature process value (PV) to D51 to D54. |
| | | | | | | | | | END | 3 | |

(c) Program example where the simultaneous temperature rise function is used

Program that changes the setting/operation mode
 This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (FP Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

| MP Fig 1 for setting value write: ON MI XP XP MI MR XP XP MI MR XP XP XP MI MR XP XP XP XP MI MR XP XP XP XP XP MI MR XP XP XP XP XP XP MI MR XP | X20 | | | | | | | | [PLS | M0 | Flag 0 for setting value write: ON |
|---|-----------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|-----|----------|----|-------|-------|----|--|
| MI Y0 X3 Cho UI Hab K0 K1 CH1 Unused channel setting: Used Ch0 UI H30 K0 K1 CH2 Unused channel setting: Used Ch1 UI H30 K0 K1 CH2 Unused channel setting: Used Ch1 UI H30 K0 K1 CH2 Unused channel setting: Used Ch1 UI H30 K0 K1 CH2 Unused channel setting: Used Ch1 UI H30 K1 CH2 Unused channel setting: Used Ch1 UI H30 K1 CH2 CH1 Unused channel setting: Used Ch1 UI H30 K1 CH2 CH1 Used CH2 CH2 Used | мо — I — — — | | | | | | | | - | | |
| Image: Too U1 HSD K0 K1 3 CH2 Unused channel setting: Used Image: Too U1 HBD K0 K1 3 CH3 Unused channel setting: Used Image: Too U1 HBD K0 K1 3 CH4 Unused channel setting: Used Image: Too U1 HBD K0 K1 3 CH4 Unused channel setting: Used Image: Too U1 HBD K0 K1 3 CH4 Unused channel setting: Used Image: Too U1 HBD K2 K1 3 CH4 Unused channel setting: Used Image: Too U1 HBD K2 K1 3 CH4 Unut range: 2 Image: Too U1 HBD K2 K1 3 CH4 Input range: 2 Image: Too U1 HBD K2 K1 3 CH4 Control output cycle setting: 20s Image: Too U1 HBF K20 K1 3 CH4 Control output cycle setting: 20s Image: Too U1 HBF K2 | M1 | X10 | X13 | | | -Гто | U1 | H3D | | | |
| | | | | | | - | | | | | |
| Image: State of the s | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M Xi Xi Xi Xi Xi CH1 input range: 2 ITO UI H40 K2 K1 CH2 input range: 2 ITO UI H40 K2 K1 CH3 input range: 2 ITO UI H40 K2 K1 CH3 input range: 2 ITO UI H40 K2 K1 CH4 input range: 2 ITO UI H40 K2 K1 CH4 input range: 2 ITO UI H46 K2 K1 CH4 control output cycle setting: 20s ITO UI H47 K20 K1 CH4 control output cycle setting: 20s ITO UI H46 K20 K1 CH4 control output cycle setting: 20s ITO UI H46 K1 K1 CH4 control output cycle setting: 20s ITO UI H26 K1 K1 K1 CH4 control output cycle setting: 20s ITO UI H26 K1 K1 K1 CH4 sinutaneous temperature rise group s | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Image: 2 Image: 2 Image: 2 Image: 2< | M1 | M2 | X10 | X13 | Y11 | | | | | | |
| Image: 2 Image: 2 Image: 2 Image: 2< | -111 | _// | | -11- | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H40 | K2 | K1 | CH2 Input range: 2 |
| Image: The second sec | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H60 | K2 | K1 | CH3 Input range: 2 |
| | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H80 | K2 | K1 | GH4 Input range: 2 |
| Image: Construct of the second sec | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H2F | K20 | K1 | CH1 Control output cycle setting: 20 |
| Image: Minimum | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H4F | K20 | K1 | CH2 Control output cycle setting: 20 |
| Mi X10 X13 Y11 To U1 H2DA K1 K1 K1 Fill Simultaneous temperature rise group setting: Group 1 Image: Interview of the setting of the sett | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H6F | K20 | K1 | CH3 Control output cycle setting: 20 |
| Image: Construction of the sector of the | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H8F | K20 | K1 | CH4 Control output cycle setting: 20 |
| Image: Construction of the setting | M1 - ↑ | M2 | | X13 | Y11 | -[то | U1 | H2DA | K1 | K1 | |
| Image: Construction of the construc | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H2EA | K1 | K1 | |
| L10 U1 H30A K2 K1 Fasting: Group 2 | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H2FA | K2 | K1 | CH3 Simultaneous temperature rise group setting: Group 2 |
| Image: An interview of the sector of th | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H30A | K2 | K1 | |
| Image: Construct rest of the construct of t | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H2DD | K1 | K1 | } mode selection: Simultaneous temperature |
| Image: CH3 Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection: ON M1 Y1B X1B [RST Y1B Setting change instruction: OFF Image: X10 X13 X13 X1B [TO U1 H22 K200 K1 CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C Image: X10 X13 X1B [TO U1 H42 K250 K1 CH2 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C Image: X10 TO U1 H62 K300 K1 | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H2ED | K1 | К1 | CH2 Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection: Simultaneous temperature |
| Image: Section of the section of th | | | | | | -Гто | U1 | H2FD | K1 | K1 | CH3 Simultaneous temperature rise AT |
| M1 Y1B X1B [SET Y1B 3 Setting change instruction: ON M1 Y1B X1B [RST Y1B 3 Setting change instruction: OFF [SET M2 3 Flag 2 for setting value write: ON M2 X10 X13 X1B [TO U1 H22 K200 K1 3 CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C [TO U1 H42 K250 K1 3 CH2 Set value (SV) setting: 250°C [TO U1 H42 K250 K1 3 CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO [RST M1 3 Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF | | | | | | | | | | | rise AT CH4 Simultaneous temperature rise AT |
| M1 Y1B X1B [RST Y1B 3 Setting change instruction: OFF [SET M2 3 Flag 2 for setting value write: ON M2 X10 X13 X1B [TO U1 H22 K200 K1 3 CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C [TO U1 H42 K250 K1 3 CH2 Set value (SV) setting: 250°C [TO U1 H42 K250 K1 3 CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C [TO U1 H62 K300 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1 3 CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C | | | | | | 210 | 01 | TIGOD | | | rise AT |
| M2 X10 X13 X18 [TO U1 H22 K200 K1 3 CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Setting: 200°C Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Setting: 200°C Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Set value SV) setting: 350°C Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Set value SV) setting: 350°C Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the setting value Set value SV) setting: 350°C Image: Comparison of the setting value Image: Comparison of the | M1 | | | | | | | | - | | |
| M2 X10 X13 X1B [TO U1 H22 K200 K1] CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C [TO U1 H42 K250 K1] CH2 Set value (SV) setting: 250°C [TO U1 H42 K250 K1] CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C [TO U1 H62 K300 K1] CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF | | | | | | | | | | | |
| [TO U1 H42 K250 K1] CH2 Set value (SV) setting: 250°C [TO U1 H62 K300 K1] CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [RST M1] Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF | M2 | X10 | X13 | X1B | | | | | | | |
| [TO U1 H62 K300 K1] CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°С [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°С [RST M1] Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF | | | <u>}/</u> | — // — | | | U1 | H22 | K200 | K1 | ∃ CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C |
| [TO U1 H82 K350 K1] CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C [RST M1] Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H42 | K250 | K1 |] CH2 Set value (SV) setting: 250°C |
| [RST M1] Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF | | | | | · | -[то | U1 | H62 | K300 | K1 | CH3 Set value (SV) setting: 300°C |
| | | | | | | -[то | U1 | H82 | K350 | K1 | CH4 Set value (SV) setting: 350°C |
| [RST M2] Flag 2 for setting value write: OFF | | | | | · | | | | -ERST | M1 | Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF |
| | | | | | | | | | [RST | M2 | Flag 2 for setting value write: OFF |

Initial setting program

- Program that executes the auto tuning and backs up the PID constants in the non-volatile memory This program is the same as that of when the peak current suppression function is used. (FFP Page 284, Section 10.2.3 (7) (b))
- Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory This program is the same as that of when the parameter of the intelligent function module is used.
 () F Page 282, Section 10.2.3 (6) (f))
- Program that reads an error code

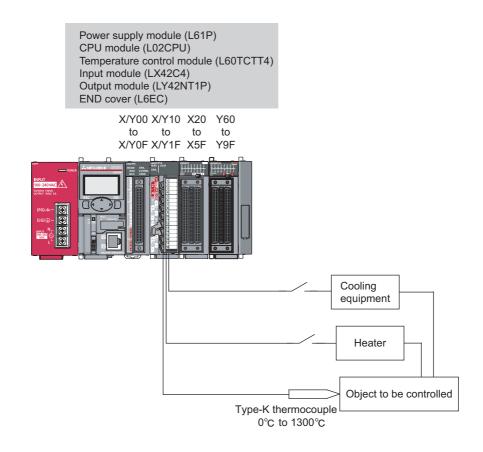
This program is the same as that of when the peak current suppression function is used. ([Page 284, Section 10.2.3 (7) (b))

10.2.4 When performing the heating-cooling control

This section describes the program example to perform the heating-cooling control.

(1) System configuration

The following figure shows the system configuration example to perform the heating-cooling control.



Point P

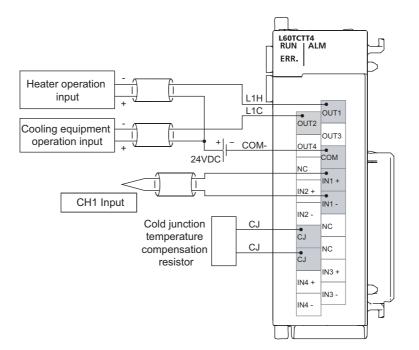
- When using the L26CPU-BT, set the I/O assignment of the built-in CC-Link of the L26CPU-BT to X/YFE0 to X/YFFF so that the I/O assignment be the same as that of the system configuration above.
- When the L60TCTT4BW or the L60TCRT4BW is used, the I/O assignment is the same as that of the system configuration shown above.
 - Slot 0: 16 intelligent points
 - Slot 1: 64 input points
 - · Slot 2: 64 output points

(2) Program conditions

This program is designed to perform the heating-cooling control by using the temperature input of CH1.

(3) Wiring example

The following figure shows a wiring example.



10.2 When Using the Module in a Standard System Configuration 10.2.4 When performing the heating-cooling control

10

(4) Switch Setting

Configure settings such as the input mode selection and the auto-setting at input range change as follows.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] [Switch Setting]

| itch Settin | 3 0010:L60TCTT4 | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| -Input Mode | Selection | | | | | | |
| C Tempe | ature Input Mode | | | | | | |
| • Tempe | ature Control Mode | | | | | | |
| | Control Mode Setting | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | ng at <u>C</u> PU Stop Error | _ | | | | | |
| CH | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | | | | | | |
| CH1 | 0:CLEAR | | | | | | |
| CH2 | 0:CLEAR | | | | | | |
| CH3 CH4 | CH3 0:CLEAR CH4 0:CLEAR | | | | | | |
| Control Mod | Selection | | | | | | |
| 3:Mix Co | ntrol (Normal Mode) | 7 | | | | | |
| 1 | ge Rate Limiter Setting | - | | | | | |
| | | - | | | | | |
| | ature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | - | | | | | |
| Control Out | ut Cycle Unit Selection Setting | _ | | | | | |
| 0:1s Cyc | e | • | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | : Input Range Change | - | | | | | |
| 0:Disable | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| ampling Cycl | Selection | | | | | | |
| 0:500ms | | - | | | | | |
| | | _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| , Caution) 'his dialog set | ing is linked to the Switch Setting of the PLC parameter. | | | | | | |
| , Caution) his dialog set lefault value | vill be shown in the dialog | | | | | | |
| , Caution) his dialog set efault value | | | | | | | |

| | ltem | | Setting value | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---------------|----------|----------|--|
| nem | | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | |
| Input Mode Selection | | Temperature Contro | ol Mode | | - | |
| Temperature Control Mode Setting | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | |
| | Control Mode Selection | 3: Mix Control (Normal Mode) | | | | |
| | Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting | 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | | | | |
| | Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | 0: 1s Cycle | | | | |
| Auto-setting at Input F | Range Change | 0: Disable | | | | |
| Sampling Cycle Selec | tion | 0: 500ms | | | | |

| ltem | Description | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| nem | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| Input range | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | |
| Unused channel setting | 0: Used | 0: Used | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | | |
| Heating control output cycle setting | 30 s | 0 s | 30 s | 30 s | | |
| Cooling method setting | 0: Air Cooled | 0: Air Cooled | 0: Air Cooled | 0: Air Cooled | | |
| Cooling control output cycle setting | 30 s | 0 s | 30 s | 30 s | | |
| Overlap/Dead band setting | -0.3 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | | |

(5) Contents of the initial setting

(6) When using the parameter of an intelligent function module

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Description | n |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|
| X10 | Module READY flag | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) |
| X24 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) |
| Y18 | Set value backup instruction | |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) |
| D50 | Error code | Devices where data is written |
| D51 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | by auto refresh |
| M20 to M23 | CH□ Read completion flag | • |
| M24 to M27 | CHD Write completion flag | |

(b) Parameter setting

Set the contents of initial settings in the parameter.

1. Open the "Parameter" window.

[™] Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇔ [L60TCTT4] ⇔ [Parameter]

- 2. Click <u>Clear Value for Gray Cells</u> to set items unnecessary for the mode set on Switch Setting to 0.
- 3. Set the parameter.

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Basic setting | Set the temperature conv | et the temperature conversion system. | | | | |
| Input range | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range(0 to 1300 C) | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200 C | 0C | 0 C | 00 | | |
| Unused channel setting | 0:Used | 0:Used | 1:Unused | 1:Unused | | |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | | |
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temp | erature adjustment contro | l automatically by merely s | etting the PID constants | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | 3.0 % | 0.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | | |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | | |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 0 s | 240 s | 240 s | | |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 0 s | 60 s | 60 s | | |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting. | 30 s | 0 s | 30 s | 30 s | | |
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | | |
| Stop Mode Setting | 1:Monitor | 0:Stop | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | | |
| PID continuation flag | 0:Stop | | | | | |
| Control detail parameter setting | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows y temperatures of the above | | measurement ranges which | n meet the operating | | |
| Forward/reverse action setting | 0:Forward Action | 0:Forward Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 1300 C | 0 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | | |

| ltem | Description | | Setting | g value | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| ntem | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
| Input range | Set the temperature sensor used for the L60TC4 and the measurement range. | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) |
| Set value (SV) setting | Set the target temperature value of PID control. | 200°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C |
| Unused channel setting | Configure this setting when the channels where the temperature control is not performed and the temperature sensor is not connected are set to be unused. | 0: Used | 0: Used | 1: Unused | 1: Unused |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting | Set the pulse cycle (ON/OFF cycle) of the transistor output. | 30 s | 0 s | 30 s | 30 s |
| Cooling method setting | Set the method for the cooling control in the heating-cooling control. | 0: Air Cooled | 0: Air Cooled | 0: Air Cooled | 0: Air Cooled |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | |
| Cooling control output cycle setting | Set the pulse cycle (ON/OFF cycle) of the transistor output. | 30 s | 0 s | 30 s | 30 s | |
| Overlap/dead band setting | Configure the overlap/dead band setting. | -0.3 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | |

(c) Auto refresh setting

Set the device to be automatically refreshed.

```
<sup>™</sup> Project window <sup>⇔</sup> [Intelligent Function Module] <sup>⇔</sup> [L60TCTT4] <sup>⇔</sup> [Auto_Refresh]
```

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|-----|
| Transfer to CPU | The data of the buffer men | nory is transmitted to the s | pecified device. | |
| Error code | D50 | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | D51 | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV) | | | | |
| Transistor output flag | | | | |
| Alert definition | | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) for another analog | | | | |
| module output | | | | |
| Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | |
| Set value (SV) monitor | | | | |
| AT Simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | | | | |
| Self-tuning flag | | | | |
| Temperature conversion completion flag | | | | |
| Process value (PV) scaling value | | | | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise status | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | | | | |
| Cooling-side transistor output flag | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) for another analog module output | | | | |
| data of the buffer memory is transmi | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|-----|---|---|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH4 | | | |
| Error code | An error code or alarm code is stored. | D50 | | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | The detected temperature value where sensor correction is performed is stored. | D51 | — | _ | _ | |

(d) Writing parameter of an intelligent function module

Write the set parameter to the CPU module. Then reset the CPU module or turn off and on the power supply of the programmable controller.

[™] [Online] [⇔] [Write to PLC...]



or Power OFF \rightarrow ON

(e) Performing auto tuning

Set the "Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants" to "ON" and perform the auto tuning.

[™] [Tool] <> [Intelligent Function Module Tool] <> [Temperature Control Module]

▷ [Auto Tuning...] ▷ "L60TCTT4" ▷ ______

|) Tuning | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| onitor Status Executes auto tuni Monitoring Start Monitor Target Module | ng. 0010:L60TCTT4 | | - Mode | etting Mode Change Mode |
| Stop Monitor | 0010.20010-111 | | Error | Code (HEX) |
| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
| PID control | PID control operation | i status | | |
| Process value (PV) | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |
| Set value (SV) | 200 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) | -5.0 % | 0.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | -5.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| PID constant | PID constant current | | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph) | | 0.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % |
| Cooling-side proportional band (Pc) setting | 3.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 0 s | 240 s | 240 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 0 s | 60 s | 60 s |
| Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 0 s | 0 s | 480 s | 480 s |
| Auto tuning execution | Executes auto tuning | b j | | |
| Auto tuning start | Start | Start | Start | Start |
| Auto tuning stop | Stop | | | |
| Status | Not executed | Not executed | Not executed | Not executed |
| Result of automatic backup of PID constant | | | | |

(f) Program example

· Program that changes the setting/operation mode

This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (\square Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

- Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory This program is used when the module is in the standard control (such as auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read). (Page 270, Section 10.2.2 (6) (f))
- · Program that reads an error code

This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. ([\bigcirc Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))

(7) Program example of when not using the parameter of an intelligent function module

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Descriptio | n |
|------------|--|-----------------------|
| X10 | Module READY flag | |
| X11 | Setting/operation mode status | |
| X12 | Error occurrence flag | |
| X13 | Hardware error flag | L60TCTT4 (X10 to X1F) |
| X14 | CH1 Auto tuning status | |
| X18 | Back-up of the set value completion flag | |
| X1B | Setting change completion flag | |
| X20 | Set value write instruction | |
| X21 | Auto tuning execute instruction | |
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction | |
| X24 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | |
| Y11 | Setting/operation mode instruction | |
| Y12 | Error reset instruction | |
| Y14 | CH1 Auto tuning instruction | L60TCTT4 (Y10 to Y1F) |
| Y18 | Set value backup instruction | |
| Y1B | Setting change instruction | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) |
| D50 | Error code | L |
| D51 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | |
| M0 | For writing set value 0 | |
| M1 | For writing set value 1 | |
| M2 | For writing set value 2 | |
| M10 | CH1 Auto tuning completion flag | |
| M20 to M23 | CH□ Read completion flag | |
| M24 to M27 | CH□ Write completion flag | |

(b) Program example

- Program that changes the setting/operation mode
 This program is the same as that of when it is used as a temperature input module. (FFP Page 259, Section 10.2.1 (6) (e))
- X20 -[pls Flag 0 for setting value write: ON MO MO -[SET M1 Flag 1 for setting value write: ON] X10 X13 -Гто U1 H3D К0 CH1 Unused channel setting: Used K1 -Гто U1 H7D K1 K1 CH3 Unused channel setting: Unused -[то U1 H9D K1 CH4 Unused channel setting: Unused K1 X10 Y11 M1 M2 X13 -Ето U1 H20 K2 K1 CH1 Input range: 2 CH1 Heating control output cycle -Ето U1 H2F K30 K1 setting: 30s CH1 Cooling control output cycle -Гто U1 H2D2 K30 K1 setting: 30s CH1 Overlap/dead band setting -Гто U1 H2D3 K-3 K1 : -0.3% Cooling method setting: Air cooling -Гто U1 H2CF K0 K1 (cooling capacity: low) -Set Y1B Setting change instruction: ON X10 Y1B X1B -[rst Y1B Setting change instruction: OFF -[set M2 Flag 2 for setting value write: ON X13 X1B -Ето U1 H22 K200 K1 CH1 Set value (SV) setting: 200°C Flag 1 for setting value write: OFF Erst M1 -[rst M2 Flag 2 for setting value write: OFF
- · Initial setting program

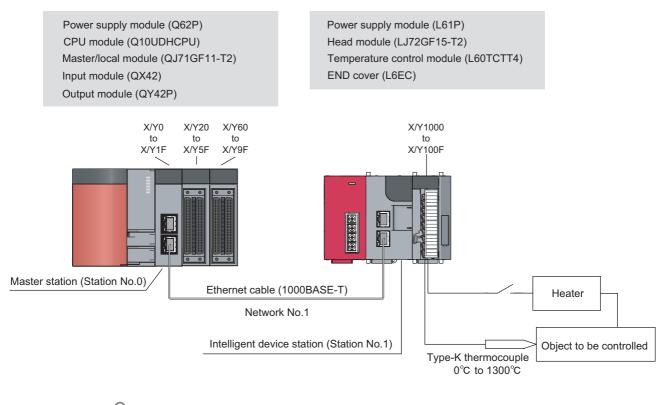
- Program that executes the auto tuning and backs up the PID constants in the non-volatile memory This program is used when the module is in the standard control (such as auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read). (Page 272, Section 10.2.2 (7) (b))
- Program that reads the PID constants from the non-volatile memory This program is used when the module is in the standard control (such as auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read). (Page 270, Section 10.2.2 (6) (f))
- X10 FROM U1 H0 D50 K1 Read an error code to D50. Output data read from an error code -Гмоv D50 K4Y60 to Y60 to Y6F. X22 -Set Y12 Error reset instruction: ON Y12 X12 Error reset instruction: OFF D50 но 7--[rst Y12 X11 Read CH1 Temperature process FROM UI Н9 D51 K1 value (PV) to D51. FEND
- Program that reads an error code

10.3 When the Module is Connected to the Head Module

This section describes the program example of when the module is connected to the head module.

(1) System configuration

The following figure shows the system configuration example of when the module is connected to the head module.



Point P

When the L60TCTT4BW or the L60TCRT4BW is used, the I/O assignment is the same as that of the system configuration shown above.

- Slot 0: 16 intelligent points
- Slot 1: 64 input points
- Slot 2: 64 output points

(2) Programming condition

This program is designed to read the temperatures measured by the thermocouple (K type, 0 to 1300°C) connected to CH1.

An error code can be read and reset.

(3) Wiring example

The wiring is the same as the that of when the module is in the standard control (such as auto tuning, self-tuning, and error code read). (Page 264, Section 10.2.2 (3))

(4) Switch Setting

Configure settings on the intelligent device station. (PP Page 302, Section 10.3 (7))

(5) Contents of the initial setting

| ltem | Description | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| | 2: ThermocoupleK | 2: ThermocoupleK | 2: ThermocoupleK | 2: ThermocoupleK | | |
| Input range | Measured | Measured | Measured | Measured | | |
| Input range | Temperature Range | Temperature Range | Temperature Range | Temperature Range | | |
| | (0 to 1300°C) | (0 to 1300°C) | (0 to 1300°C) | (0 to 1300°C) | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | |
| Unused channel setting | 0: Used | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 400°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | |
| Alert 1 mode setting | 1: Upper Limit Input Alert | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | | |
| Alert set value 1 | 500°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | |

(6) Setting on the master station

1. Create a project on GX Works2.

Select "QCPU (Q mode)" for "PLC Series:" and select the CPU module to be used for "PLC Type:".

🏷 [Project] ᅌ [New...]

| New Project | | × |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------|
| Project Type: Simple Project | • | OK Cancel |
| PLC Series: | | |
| QCPU (Q mode) | • | |
| PLC Type: Q10UDH | - | |
| Language: | | |
| Ladder | • | |

2. Display the network parameter setting window and configure the setting as follows.

[™] Project window ⇔ [Parameter] ⇔ [Network Parameter]

▷ [Ethernet/CC IE/MELSECNET]

| ANetwork Parameter - MELSECNET/C | C IE/Ethernet Module Configuration | | | |
|--|--|--|----------|----------|
| | | | | <u> </u> |
| | | | | |
| | Module 1 | Module 2 | Module 3 | Moc |
| Network Type | CC IE Field (Master Station) 🗸 🗸 | None 👻 | None 🗸 | None |
| Start I/O No. | 0000 | | | |
| Network No. | 1 | | | |
| Total Stations | 1 | | | |
| Group No. | | | | |
| Station No. | 0 | | | |
| Mode | Online (Normal Mode) 🗸 🗸 | | | |
| | Network Configuration Settings | | | |
| | Network Operation Settings | | | |
| | Refresh Parameters | | | |
| | Interrupt Settings | | | |
| | Specify Station No. by Parameter 👻 | | | I |
| | | | | I |
| | | | | I |
| | | | | I |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Necessary Setting(No | Setting / Already Set) Set if it is nee | ded(No Setting / Already Set) | | |
| Start I/O | No. : | Valid Module During Other Station Access | • | |
| Interlink Transmission Parameters Please inp | put 16-point unit(HEX) to start I/O No. in which | module is mounted. | | |
| Acknowledge XY | 1 | | | -1 |
| Acknowledge XY Routing Parameters A | ussignment Image Check | End Cancel | | |

3. Display the network range assignment setting window and configure the setting as follows.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Parameter] [⇒] [Network Parameter]

☆ [Ethernet/CC IE/MELSECNET] <> Network Configuration Settings

| 🖺 Network Para | meter - CC I | E Field - Network Con | fig | uration | Settin | gs - M | odule N | lo.: 1 | | | |
|---|--------------|---|-----|---------|-----------|--------|---------|----------|-------|----|---------|
| Set up Networ Assignment Meth O Points/Start O Start/End | The colu | mn contents for refresh dev sopen the window after com | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | RX, | /RY Setti | ng | RWw | /RWr Sel | ting: | | Refresh |
| Number of PLCs | Station No. | Station Type | | Points | Start | End | Points | Start | End | RX | RY |
| 1 | 1 | Intelligent Device Station | - | 256 | 0000 | 00FF | 256 | 0000 | 00FF | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

4. Display the refresh parameter setting window and configure the setting as follows.

| Ø | Project windo | w 🖒 [F | Parame | eter] 🗢 | ^{>} [Netv | vork I | Parame | eter] | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|---------|
| | IEthernet/ | | AFI SF | CNFT | ן ⇒ [| | Refi | resh Para | meters | |
| | | 0012/1 | | | | _ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 🔒 Network Parame | ter - CC IE | Field - Re | fresh Par | ameters - | Module | No.: 1 | | | |
| | Assignment Method | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Link S | iide | | | | PLC S | iide | |
| | | Dev. Name | Points | Start | End | | Dev. Name | Points | Start | End — |
| | Transfer SB | SB | 512 | 0000 | 01FF | + | SB 💌 | 512 | 0000 | 01FF |
| | Transfer SW | SW | 512 | 0000 | 01FF | + | sw 💌 | 512 | 0000 | 01FF |
| | Transfer 1 | RX 🔻 | 256 | 0000 | 00FF | + | X 🔻 | 256 | 1000 | 10FF |
| | Transfer 2 | RY 🔻 | 256 | 0000 | 00FF | + | γ 🗸 | 256 | 1000 | 10FF |
| | Transfer 3 | RWw 🔻 | 256 | 0000 | 00FF | + | w 🗸 | 256 | 000000 | 0000FF |
| | Transfer 4 | RWr 🔻 | 256 | 0000 | 00FF | + | w 🗸 | 256 | 001000 | 0010FF |
| | Transfer 5 | - | | | | + | - | | | |
| | Transfer 6 | - | | | | ++ | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

5. Write the set parameter to the CPU module on the master station. Then reset the CPU module or turn off and on the power supply of the programmable controller.

[™] [Online] <> [Write to PLC...]



or Power OFF \rightarrow ON

(7) Setting on the intelligent device station

1. Create a project on GX Works2.

Select "LCPU" for "PLC Series:" and select "LJ72GF15-T2" for "PLC Type:".

🏷 [Project] 🗢 [New...]

| New Project | | | X |
|---------------------|-------------|---|--------|
| Project Type: | | | OK |
| Simple Project | | - | Cancel |
| | 🔲 Use Label | | Cancer |
| PLC <u>S</u> eries: | | | |
| LCPU | | - | |
| PLC <u>T</u> ype: | | | |
| LJ72GF15-T2 | | - | |
| | | | |
| Language; | | | |
| Ladder | | 7 | |
| | | | |

2. Display the PLC parameter setting window and configure the setting as follows.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Parameter] [⇔] [PLC Parameter] [⇔] "Communication Head Setting"

| CC-Link IE Field Communication Head Parameter Setting |
|---|
| Communication Head Setting PLC Name PLC System PLC RAS Operation Setting I/O Assignment |
| |
| CC-Link IE Field Network Setting |
| Mode Online |
| Network No. 1 (1 to 239) |
| Station No. 1 (1 to 120) |
| * Operating with station No. setting of CC IE Field diagnostics in master station when network No. and station No. are blank in online setting. |
| Hold (Store in Flash ROM) PLC diagnostic error history and system error history by POWER-OFF/RESET. |

3. Add the L60TCTT4 to the project on GX Works2.

[™] Project window ⇔ [Intelligent Function Module] ⇔ Right-click ⇔ [New Module...]

| New Module |
|---|
| Module Selection |
| Module Type Temperature Control Module |
| Module Name L60TCTT4 |
| Mount Position Mounted Slot No. Image: Comparison of the state of the stat |
| Title Setting |
| Itle |
| OK Cancel |

4. Display the L60TCTT4 Switch Setting window and configure the setting as follows.

[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] [Switch Setting]

| ritch S | etting | 0000:L60TCTT4 | |
|-----------|------------------------|---|--|
| - Ioput | Mode Se | | |
| | | ure Input Mode | |
| | | cure Control Mode | |
| | | | |
| | | Control Mode Setting | |
| Outpu | t Setting | at <u>C</u> PU Stop Error | |
| | CH | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | |
| | CH1 | 0:CLEAR | |
| | CH2 | 0:CLEAR | |
| | CH3 CH4 | 0:CLEAR 0:CLEAR | |
| | CH4 | OICLEAR | |
| Contro | ol <u>M</u> ode S | Selection | |
| 0:5 | standard | Control 💌 | |
| Setting | g Change | e Rate Limiter Setting | |
| 0:1 | emperal | :ure Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting 📃 👤 | |
| Contro | ol Output | : Cycle Unit Selection Setting | |
| 0:1 | s Cycle | - | |
| | | | |
| uto col | ting at I | nput Range Change | |
| _ |)isable | | |
| loa | lisable | <u> </u> | |
| ampling |) Cycle S | election | |
| 0:5 | 500ms | | |
| Default • | og settin value wil | g is linked to the Switch Setting of the PLC parameter. be shown in the dialog ing of the PLC parameter contains an out-of-range value. | |

| ltem | | Setting value | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|----------|----------|--|--|
| nem | | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| Input Mode Selection | | Temperature Contro | Temperature Control Mode | | | | |
| | Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | 0: CLEAR | | |
| Temperature Control Se Setting | Control Mode Selection | 0: Standard Control | | | | | |
| | Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting | 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting | | | | | |
| | Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | t 0: 1s Cycle | | | | | |
| Auto-setting at Input F | Range Change | 0: Disable | | | | | |
| Sampling Cycle Selec | tion | 0: 500ms | | | | | |

5. Display the L60TCTT4 initial setting window, click <u>Clear Value for Gray Cells</u>, and configure the setting as follows.

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | СНЗ | CH4 |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Basic setting | Set the temperature conv | ersion system. | | |
| | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured | 2:ThermocoupleK Measured |
| Input range | | Temperature Range(0 to 1300 | | |
| | C) | C) | C) | C) |
| Set value (SV) setting | 200 C | 0 C | | 0 C |
| Unused channel setting | 0:Used | 1:Unused | | 1:Unused |
| | 0:Enable | 0:Enable | | 0:Enable |
| Control basic parameter setting | The Q64TC exercises temp | erature adjustment contro | l automatically by merely s | etting the PID constants |
| Proportional band (P) | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % |
| Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s |
| Control output cycle setting/Heating control output cycle setting. | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s | 30 s |
| Control response parameter | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow | 0:Slow |
| Stop Mode Setting | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor | 1:Monitor |
| PID continuation flag | 0:Stop | | | |
| Control detail parameter setting | The Q64TCTT(BW) allows y temperatures of the above | ou to set the temperature thermocouples. | measurement ranges which | n meet the operating |
| Forward/reverse action setting | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action | 1:Reverse Action |
| Upper limit setting limiter | 400 C | 1300 C | 1300 C | 1300 C |
| Lower limit setting limiter | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |

[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] [Parameter]

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| nem | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| Input range | Set the temperature sensor used for the L60TC4 and the measurement range. | 2: ThermocoupleK Measured Temperature Range (0 to 1300°C) | | |
| Set value (SV) setting | Set the target temperature value of PID control. | 200°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | |
| Unused channel setting | Configure this setting when the channels where the temperature control is not performed and the temperature sensor is not connected are set to be unused. | 0: Used | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | 1: Unused | | |
| Upper limit setting limiter | Set the upper limit of the set value (SV). | 400°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | 1300°C | | |
| Lower limit setting limiter | Set the lower limit of the set value (SV). | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | 0°C | | |
| Alert 1 mode setting | Set the alert mode. | 1: Upper Limit Input Alert | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | 0: Not Warning | | |
| Alert set value 1 | Set the temperature where CHI Alert 1 (b8 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on depending on the selected alert mode. | 500°C | _ | _ | _ | | |

6. Display the L60TCTT4 auto refresh setting window and configure the setting as follows.

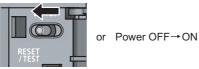
[™] Project window [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module] [⇔] [L60TCTT4] [⇔] Right-click [⇔] [Auto_Refresh]

| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-----|
| Transfer to CPU | The data of the buffer men | ory is transmitted to the s | pecified device. | |
| Error code | W1050 | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | W1051 | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV) | | | | |
| Transistor output flag | | | | |
| Alert definition | | | | |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated | | | | |
| value (MVh) for another analog | | | | |
| module output | | | | |
| Temperature rise judgment flag | | | | |
| Set value (SV) monitor | | | | |
| AT Simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag | | | | |
| Self-tuning flag | | | | |
| Temperature conversion completion flag | | | | |
| Process value (PV) scaling value | | | | |
| Simultaneous temperature rise status | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | | | | |
| Cooling-side transistor output flag | | | | |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) for another analog module output | | | | |
| e data of the buffer memory is transmi | | | | |

| ltem | Description | Setting value | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|-----|-----|-----|--|--|
| item | Description | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | | |
| Error code | An error code or alarm code is stored. | W1050 | | | | | |
| Temperature process value (PV) | The detected temperature value where sensor correction is performed is stored. | W1051 | _ | _ | _ | | |

7. Write the set parameter to the head module. Then reset the head module or turn off and on the power supply.

[™] [Online] <> [Write to PLC...]



8. Perform auto tuning.

Set the "Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants" to "ON" and perform the auto tuning.

[™] [Tool] [⇔] [Intelligent Function Module Tool] [⇔] [Temperature Control Module]

| Anitor Status Executes auto tun Monitoring Start Monitor Stop Monitor Ito Tuning Execution Auto Tuning Setting | 0000:L60TCTT4 | | 1 | etting Mode Change Mode Code (HEX) Detail Display Error ⊆lear |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| Item | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
| PID control | PID control operation | n status | | |
| Process value (PV) | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |
| Set value (SV) | 200 C | 0 C | 0 C | 0 C |
| Manipulated value (MV)/Heating-side manipulated value (MVh) | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % | -5.0 % |
| Cooling-side manipulated value (MVc) | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| PID constant | PID constant current | value | | |
| Proportional band (P) setting/Heating control proportional band setting (Ph |) 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % | 3.0 % |
| Cooling-side proportional band (Pc) setting | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % | 0.0 % |
| Integral time (I) setting | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s | 240 s |
| Derivative time (D) setting | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s | 60 s |
| Loop disconnection detection judgment time | 480 s | 480 s | 480 s | 480 s |
| Auto tuning execution | Executes auto tuning |). | | |
| Auto tuning start | Start | Start | Start | Start |
| Auto tuning stop | Stop | | | |
| Status | Not executed | Not executed | Not executed | Not executed |
| Result of automatic backup of PID constant | | | | |

(a) Devices used by a user

| Device | Description | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| X22 | Error code reset instruction | | | | | | |
| X23 | Operation mode setting instruction LX42C4 (X20 to X5F) | | | | | | |
| X24 | Memory of PID constants read instruction | | | | | | |
| X1000 | Module READY flag | L60TCTT4 (X1000 to X100F) | | | | | |
| X1002 | Error occurrence flag | | | | | | |
| Y60 to Y6F | Error code output | LY42NT1P (Y60 to Y9F) | | | | | |
| Y1001 | Setting/operation mode instruction | | | | | | |
| Y1002 | Error reset instruction L60TCTT4 (Y1000 to Y100F) Set value backup instruction L60TCTT4 (Y1000 to Y100F) | | | | | | |
| Y1008 | | | | | | | |
| Y100B | Setting change instruction | | | | | | |
| D9 | Write data storage device using Z(P).REMTO instruction (for non-volatile memory read of PID constants) | | | | | | |
| D10 | Read data storage device using Z(P).REMFR instruction (for non- | volatile memory read of PID constants) | | | | | |
| D11 | Write data storage device using Z(P).REMTO instruction (for non- | volatile memory read of PID constants) | | | | | |
| M0 | Master module status check device (for MC and MCR instructions) | | | | | | |
| M300 to M305 | CH1 Memory of PID constants read flag | | | | | | |
| M310, M311 | Z(P).REMTO instruction completion/result device | | | | | | |
| M312, M313 | Z(P).REMFR instruction completion/result device | Z(P).REMFR instruction completion/result device | | | | | |
| M314, M315 | Z(P).REMTO instruction completion/result device | Z(P).REMTO instruction completion/result device | | | | | |
| W1050 | Error code | Devices where data is written | | | | | |
| W1051 | CH1 Temperature process value (PV) | by auto refresh | | | | | |
| SB49 | Data link status (own station) | · · · | | | | | |
| SWB0.0 | Data link status (each station) (station number 1) | | | | | | |

(b) Program example

Write the program to the CPU module on the master station.

• Program that checks the data link status of the head module

| | SB49 | SWOBO.0 | | | | | | | | —[мс | NO | мо | Check the data link status of the head module ^{*1} . |
|------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-------|---------|------------|-----------|------------|----------|-------------|--------------|---|
| N0 _ | тмо Т | 1 Ac | ld the fo | ollowing | MCR | instruc | tion to th | ne end c | of the pro | ogram. | | | |
| l | | | | | | | | | | | -[MCR | NO | 3 |
| | | • P | rogran | n that c | hang | es the | setting | /operat | ion mo | de | | | |
| | X23 ──┤ | Y100B | | | | | | | | | | —(Y1001 | Change to the setting mode or the operation mode. |
| | | • P | rogran | n that re | eads | the PI | D const | tants fro | om the | non-vola | atile m | emory | |
| | | X1000 | Y100B | Y1008 | | | | | | [MOVP | K1 | D9 | CH1 Memory's PID constant read instruction: With instruction |
| | M200 | | | | | | | | | | -[set | M300 | E |
| | M300 | M311 | -[ZP.REM | то | ″J1″ | K1 | K1 | H0 | H3E | D9 | K1 | M310 | £ |
| | M310 M301 | M311 M302 | M303 | M304 | | | | | | | -[SET | M301 | 3 |
| | M302 | / F | | X I | | | | | | | [set | M302 |] Read Memory's PID constant read/write |
| | | | | -[Z.REMFF | ₹″J1″ | К2 | K1 | H0 | H1F | D10 | K1 | M312 | completion flag to D10. |
| | M312 | M313 | | | | | | | | | -[SET | M303 | J |
| | | _/ | | | | | | | | | -[RST | M302 | CH1 Memory's PID constant read |
| | | | D10.0 | | | | | | | | -[RST | M303 | instruction: Without instruction |
| | M304 | | | | | | | | | —Емоу | -ESET | M304 | -1 -1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | LWOA | K0 | D11 | |
| | M305 | | -[ZP.REM | το | ″J1″ | КЗ | K1 | H0 | H3E | D11 | –[SET K1 | M305 M314 | -1 |
| | " | | LEI .I \LIVI | | 01 | 110 | N1 | 10 | INC | 011 | IXI | 10014 | - |
| | | • P | rogran | n that re | eads | an erro | or code | | | | | | |

____[мол X1000 Output an error code to Y60 to Y6F. K4Y60 W1050 X22 Y1002 Error reset instruction: ON -[set Я Y1002 X1002 Error reset instruction: OFF W1050 H0 } -[rst Y1002 -[MCR N0 END 3

CHAPTER 11 TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter describes the causes and corrective actions to take when a problem occurs in the L60TC4.

11.1 Before Troubleshooting

Check whether any of the following LEDs are on.

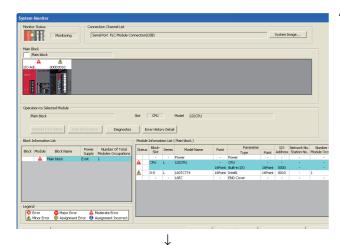
- The POWER LED on the power supply module
- The MODE LED on the CPU module or head module

If both are off, proceed with CPU module or head module troubleshooting.

- MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)
- MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

11.2 Troubleshooting Procedure

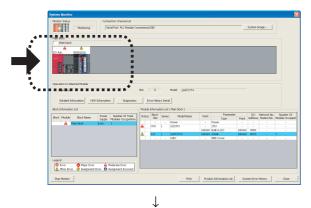
This section describes how to find problem causes and take corrective action. Use GX Works2 to find problem causes and take corrective action.



(1) Procedure

1. Connect GX Works2 to the CPU module to display the "System Monitor" window.

🏷 [Diagnostics] 🗇 [System Monitor...]



(To the next page)

2. After confirming that an error is displayed on the

L60TC4, select the L60TC4 and click Detailed Information

If an error LED is ON on a module other than the L60TC4, refer to the user's manual for the module and take corrective action.

(From the previous page)

 \downarrow

| Ionitor Status | | Module | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| | Monitoring | Model Name | | L60TCTT4 | |
| | | I/O Address | | 0010 | |
| | | Mount Position | | Main block 0th slot | |
| u jaine | \wedge | Product Inform | | 13041000000000-A | |
| | <u> </u> | Production Nur | nber | | |
| | | - Module Inform | ation | | |
| | | Module Access | | Possible | |
| | | Status of Exter | rnal Power Supply | | |
| | | Fuse Blown Sta | | | |
| 빈 🕌 및 | | Status of I/O A | | Agree | |
| | | I/O Clear / Hol | | | |
| | | Noise Filter Set | - | , | |
| | | Input Type | ang . | | |
| | | | ord Setting Status | | |
| | H/W Information | Remote Passw | ora secong status | | |
| rror Information | | L = Error and | Solution | | |
| Latest Error Code | Update Error History | | | | |
| 02B5 | Clear Error History | Contents: | | e upper/lower limit value output limiter or the setting limiter is invalid. | ^ |
| Error Clear | | | apportion | second motor to minance | |
| Error Glear | No. Error Code | | | | |
| Display Format | 1 02B5 2 0392 | | ļ | | × |
| • HEX | 3 0285 | Solution: | Set the value wh | ere the upper limit value is greater than the | ~ |
| - | | | lower limit value. | | |
| C <u>D</u> EC | | | | | |
| | sequentially displayed fr | om | | | ~ |
| an old error. The late | est error is displayed at | | 1 | | |
| the bottom line. | | | | | |

3. Click Detailed Information to open the "Module's Detailed Information" window.

Check the error description and the corrective action to take under "Error and Solution".

- **4.** When the error description cannot be confirmed after doing the operation above, proceed with the following troubleshooting.
 - Checks using LEDs (
 Page 310, Section 11.3)
 - Checks using input signals (Page 312, Section 11.4)

11.3 Checks Using LEDs

This section describes troubleshooting using LEDs.

11.3.1 When the RUN LED flashes or turns off

| Check Item | Action |
|--|--|
| Is the power supplied? | Check that the supply voltage of the power supply module is within the rated range. |
| Is the capacity of power supply module enough? | Calculate the current consumption of the installed CPU module, I/O module, and intelligent function module to check whether power supply capacity is sufficient. |
| Has a watchdog timer error occurred? | Reset the CPU module or turn on the power supply again.Replace the L60TC4. |
| Is the intelligent function module switch setting value outside the setting range? | Set the switch setting value of the intelligent function module to the value within the setting range. |

11.3.2 When the ERR. LED turns on or flashes

(1) When turning on

| Check Item | Action |
|--|--|
| Is the intelligent function module switch setting outside the setting range? | Set the switch setting value of the intelligent function module to the value within the setting range. |
| Is the cold junction temperature compensation resistor disconnected or loose? (The L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW only) | Properly connect the cold junction temperature compensation resistor. |
| Others | A hardware failure occurred in the L60TC4. Please consult your local Mitsubishi system service, service center, or representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem. |

(2) When flashing

| Check Item | Action |
|------------------------|--|
| Has an error occurred? | Check the error code list ($\Box \mathcal{F}$ Page 315, Section 11.6) and take actions described. |

11.3.3 When the ALM LED turns on or flashes

(1) When turning on

| Check Item | Action |
|---|--|
| | Check CH□ Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8) and take the appropriate |
| Is CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) on? | corrective action. (|

(2) When flashing

| Check Item | Action |
|---|--|
| Has the temperature process value (PV) exceeded the temperature measurement range set as the input range? | Change the setting of CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) to a setting in the temperature measurement range to be used. ([|
| Is there a channel where no temperature sensor is connected? | Set the channel where no temperature sensor is connected to unused in CHD Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157). |
| Has a loop disconnection been detected? | Check for a load disconnection, externally-operable device failure, and sensor disconnection. |

11.4 Checks Using Input Signals

This section describes troubleshooting using input signals.

11.4.1 When Module READY flag (Xn0) does not turn on

| Check Item | Action |
|---|---|
| Has a watchdog timer error occurred? | Reset the CPU module or turn on the power supply again.Replace the L60TC4. |
| Has an error occurred in the programmable controller? | Refer to the user's manual of the used CPU module and take corrective action. |

11.4.2 When Error occurrence flag (Xn2) is on

| Check Item | Action |
|------------------------|---|
| Has an error occurred? | Check the error code list (\square Page 315, Section 11.6) and take actions described. |

11.4.3 When Hardware error flag (Xn3) is on

| Check Item | Action |
|--|--|
| Is the cold junction temperature compensation resistor disconnected or loose? (The L60TCTT4 and L60TCTT4BW only) | Properly connect the cold junction temperature compensation resistor. |
| Others | A hardware failure occurred in the L60TC4. Please consult your local Mitsubishi system service, service center, or representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem. |

11.4.4 When the auto tuning does not start (CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) does not turn on)

| Check Item | Action |
|---|---|
| Have the auto tuning start conditions been met? | Refer to the "Auto tuning function" section (Page 141, Section 8.2.7) and confirm that all conditions have been met. |
| | Check the conditions that signify an abnormal end for auto tuning |
| Has auto tuning ended abnormally? | $\left(\begin{array}{c} \overbrace{} \end{array} \right)^{T}$ Page 150, Section 8.2.7 (7)) to see whether it has ended abnormally. If it has ended abnormally, remove the cause. Then execute auto tuning again. |

11.4.5 When the auto tuning does not complete (CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) stays on and does not turn off)

| Check Item | Action | |
|--|---|--|
| | Set CHD Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants | |
| Are b4 to b7 of Memory of PID constants read/write completion flag (Un\G31) set to 1 (ON)? | (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159) to Disable (0). (Page 378, Appendix 2 (37)) | |
| | To back up the setting, turn off and on Set value backup instruction (Yn8). | |
| Is CH□ Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, | Set CH□ Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, | |
| Un/G94, Un/G126, Un/G158) set to Requested (1)? | Un\G126, Un\G158) to Not requested (0). (Page 377, Appendix 2 (36)) | |
| Has the set value (SV) been set correctly? (Is the | | |
| manipulated value (MV) still 0% because the set value (SV) is small?) | Set the set value (SV) to the desired value. | |

11.4.6 When the self-tuning does not start (CHD Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) does not turn on)

| Check Item | Action |
|---|--|
| Have the self-tuning start conditions been met? | Refer to the "Self-tuning function" section ($\square P$ Page 175, Section 8.2.15) and confirm that all conditions have been met. |
| Has self-tuning ended abnormally? | Check the conditions that signify an abnormal end for self-tuning (F Page 183, Section 8.2.15 (8)) to see whether it has ended abnormally. If it has ended abnormally, remove the cause. If the buffer memory setting was changed during self-tuning, restore the value to the one prior to change. |

11.4.7 When Back-up of the set value fail flag (XnA) is on

| Check Item | Action |
|---|--|
| Has a backup to non-volatile memory failed? | Turn off and on Set value backup instruction (Yn8) and write the setting to the non-volatile memory.When writing fails again, a hardware is in failure. Please consult your local Mitsubishi system service, service center, or representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem. |

11.4.8 When CH Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) is on

| Check Item | Action |
|---|--|
| Has the temperature process value (PV) exceeded the alert | Check CH□ Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8) and take the appropriate |
| set value range? | corrective action. (|
| | Correct the alert set value. (Page 358, Appendix 2 (18)) |
| Line a disconnection been detected? | Check CH□ Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8) and take the appropriate |
| Has a disconnection been detected? | corrective action. (|

11.5 Troubleshooting by Symptom

This section describes troubleshooting using the wiring resistance values of thermocouples.

11.5.1 When the temperature process value (PV) is abnormal

| Check Item | Action | |
|---|---|--|
| Is the thermocouple wiring resistance value too high? | Check the thermocouple wiring resistance value and check whether a difference in the temperatures was caused by the wiring resistance. (To Page 36, Section 3.2.2 (1)) Use the sensor compensation function to correct the difference in the temperatures caused by the wiring resistance. (To Page 223, Section 8.3.2 (2)) | |

11.6 Error Code List

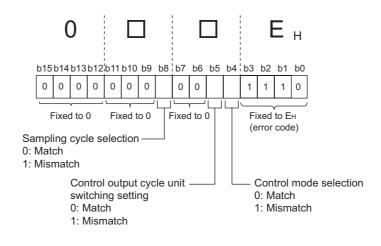
When the L60TC4 error occurs during data write to the CPU module or during data read from the CPU module, one of the following error codes is stored in Error code (Un\G0). In addition, the error occurred is notified to the CPU module.

| Error code (hexadecimal) | Cause | Operation at error occurrence | Action |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| 0001 _H | Hardware error | The operation varies depending on the symptom. | Check that the terminal block or the cold junction temperature compensation resistor is not disconnected or loose. Replace the L60TC4. Please consult your local Mitsubishi system service, service center, or representative, explaining a detailed description of the problem. |
| 0002 _H *1 | Data (other than 0) is being written to the system area ^{*2} . | The data written is retained. When data is written to multiple system areas, the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is stored.^{*5} | Return the value to 0 and turn off, on, and off Error reset instruction (Yn2). Delete the program that is writing data to the system area. |
| 0003 _H *1 | Data is being written in the operation mode ^{*4} to the area where data can be written only in the setting mode ^{*3} . | The data written is retained. When data is written to multiple system areas, the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is stored.^{*5} | Follow the instructions below for error reset. 1. Change the mode to the setting mode. 2. Set the correct value and turn off, on, and off Setting change instruction (YnB). 3. Turn off, on, and off Error reset instruction (Yn2). If switching from the operation mode to the setting mode, check that PID continuation flag (Un\G169) is set to Stop (0), and turn on and off Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1). |
| 0004 _H *1 | Data outside the settable range is being written. | The data written is retained. If temperature, time, or percentage settings exceed upper limit value/lower limit value, change the data within those values. When data is written to multiple system areas, the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is stored.^{*5} | Set data within the range. |
| 0005H ^{*1} | The setting of the upper/lower limit value output limiter or the upper/lower limit setting limiter is invalid. | The data written is retained. Change the setting to an allowable value for the upper/lower limit value. When data is written to multiple system areas, the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is stored.^{*5} | Set the value where the upper limit value is greater than the lower limit value. |

11.6 Error Code List

| Error code (hexadecimal) | Cause | Operation at error occurrence | Action | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| 0006 _H *1 | The setting value is being changed while Default setting registration instruction (Yn9) was on. | The data written is ignored. The setting cannot be changed until an error reset is performed. The content of Error code (Un\G0) does not change even if another write error occurs. | After turning off, on, and off Error reset instruction (Yn2), change the setting value. | |
| 0007 _H *1 | The sensor two-point correction setting is invalid. | The data written is retained. Use the data of before the setting. When data is written to multiple system areas, the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is stored.^{*5} When both the offset value and gain value are within the input range and the offset value is greater than or equal to the gain value, the gain value address is stored as the address where the error occurred. | Enter the temperature within the input range. Set the values so that the sensor two-point correction offset value (measured value) is smaller than the sensor two-point correction gain value (measured value) and the sensor two-point correction offset value (corrected value) is smaller than the sensor two-point corrected value). | |
| 0008 _H *1 | The setting is described by one of the following. The process alarm upper upper limit value is smaller than the upper lower limit value. The process alarm upper lower limit value. The process alarm upper limit value is smaller than the lower upper limit value. The process alarm lower upper limit value. The process alarm lower upper limit value is smaller than the lower lower lower limit value. | The data written is retained. the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is used as the address where the error occurred. Use the data of before the setting. When data is written to multiple system areas, the address with the smallest number of the buffer memory area where an error was detected is stored.^{*5} | Set the values that meet the following conditions. Process alarm upper upper limit value Upper lower limit value Process alarm upper lower limit value Lower upper limit value Process alarm lower upper limit value Lower limit value Lower limit value Lower limit value | |
| | An alarm has occurred. Refer to the alarm code list (| $\overline{\mathcal{F}}$ Page 318 Section 11 7) | | |
| 0□□E _H *6 | A set value discrepancy error occurred. The current set value is different from the set value backed up in non-volatile memory because one of the following settings on Switch Setting has been changed. • Control Mode Selection • Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting • Sampling Cycle Selection | The set value cannot be changed until the control mode is determined. When the setting under "Control Mode Selection" was changed: All parameters are overwritten with defaults. When the setting under "Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting" was changed: Settings are overwritten with defaults for "Control Output Cycle Setting", "Heating Control Output Cycle Setting", and "Cooling Control Output Cycle Setting"; other settings are overwritten with backed up values. When the setting under "Sampling Cycle Selection" was changed: All parameters are overwritten with defaults. | Turn off, on, and off Set value backup instruction (Yn8). | |
| 000F _H | Values set in the intelligent function module switch setting are those outside the setting range. | The RUN LED turns off, the ERR. LED turns on, and the module does not operate. | Set the correct values on the intelligent function module switch setting. | |

- *1 The address where the error occurred is stored in □□□_H.
 Buffer memory addresses are written in decimal (Intelligent function module device (Un\G□)) in this manual. Read the stored value in decimal and refer to the buffer memory list ([_______ Page 44, Section 3.5).
- *2 The buffer memory areas checked are Un\G0 to Un\G287. No error occurs for writes in the system area in or after Un\G288.
- *3 For the writable area in setting mode, refer to the buffer memory list (Page 44, Section 3.5).
- *4 "In the operation mode" refers to one of the following states.
 - When Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) or Setting/operation mode status (Xn1) is on.
 When Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) turns on and off and PID continuation flag (Un\G169) is set to Continue
 - (1).
- *5 **Ex.** When an error occurs in CH1 Alert 1 mode setting (Un\G192) and CH1 Alert 2 mode setting (Un\G193), 0C0_H (hex) in the buffer memory address with the smallest number "Un\G192" is stored in Error code (Un\G0).
- *6 The error code for a set value discrepancy error indicates the match/no match status with the set value on Switch Setting backed up to non-volatile memory as follows.



Remark

When a value outside the setting range is written in the following buffer memory areas while in setting mode, the error code 4_H is stored. Switching to operation mode without error reset changes the error code to 3_H. If this happens, take the corrective action for error code 3_H.

| Buffer memory area | Buffer memory address | | | Reference | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| Input range | Un\G32 | Un\G64 | Un\G96 | Un\G128 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) |
| Alert 1 mode setting | Un\G192 | Un\G208 | Un\G224 | Un\G240 | - Page 386, Appendix 2 (52) |
| Alert 2 mode setting | Un\G193 | Un\G209 | Un\G225 | Un\G241 | |
| Alert 3 mode setting | Un\G194 | Un\G210 | Un\G226 | Un\G242 | |
| Alert 4 mode setting | Un\G195 | Un\G211 | Un\G227 | Un\G243 | |

• Error code priorities are as described below.

Priority

 $1 \leftarrow \mathsf{F} \leftarrow \mathsf{E} \leftarrow 6 \leftarrow 3 \leftarrow 7 \leftarrow 5,8 \leftarrow 2,4$ Higher Lower When error codes are in the same priority level, the lower error addresses are prioritized.

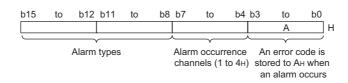
When a high-priority error occurs during a low-priority error, the error code of the high-priority error is written over the error occurrence address.

Only one error code, as dictated by error priority, is stored in Error code (Un\G0). For that reason, when multiple errors
occur at the same time, the next error code is stored, even when the error of the stored error code is corrected. Check for
errors other than the stored error code in the parameters of other channels.

11.7 Alarm Code List

The following table lists alarm codes.

The alarm code is stored in all bits of Error code (Un\G0).

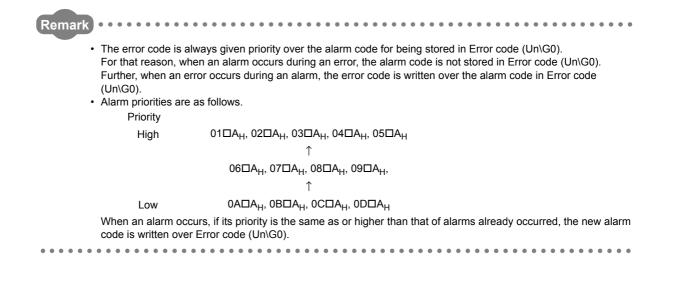


If the lower four bits are "0001" (1_H) to "1001" (9_H) or "1011" (B_H) to "1111" (F_H), an error occurs. When an error occurs, refer to the error code list ($\bigcirc \mathcal{P}$ Page 315, Section 11.6).

| Alarm code (hexadecimal) *1 | Cause | Operation at alarm occurrence | Action |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| 01⊡A _H | The temperature process value (PV) has exceeded the temperature measurement range that was set as the input range. | The ALM LED flashes. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Input range upper limit (b0 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | When Error reset instruction (Yn2) is turned OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF after the temperature process value (PV) has returned to the value within the temperature measurement range, Error code (Un\G0) is cleared to 0. |
| 02⊡A _H | The temperature process value (PV) is below the temperature measurement range that was set as the input range. | The ALM LED flashes. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Input range lower limit (b1 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | The following flags and buffer memory bits that turn on when an alarm occurs turn off automatically when the temperature process value (PV) has returned to the value within the temperature measurement range. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) The applicable bit ([Proceeding and the second s |
| 03□A _H | A loop disconnection has been detected. | The ALM LED flashes. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Loop disconnection detection (b13 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | When Error reset instruction (Yn2) is turned OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF after a current error due to a disconnection or output-off is restored, Error code (Un\G0) is cleared to 0. The following flags and buffer memory bits that turn on when an alarm occurs turn off automatically when the current error due to disconnection or output-off is restored. • CH \square Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) • The applicable bit ($\bigcap = P$ Page 336, Appendix |
| 04□A _H | A heater disconnection has been detected. | The HBA LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Heater disconnection detection (b12 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | |
| 05⊡A _H | A current error at an output off-time has been detected. | The HBA LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Output off-time current error (b14 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | 2 (3)) of CH□ Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8) |

| Alarm code (hexadecimal) *1 | Cause | Operation at alarm occurrence | Action | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| 06□A _H | Alert 1 has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Alert 1 (b8 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | When Error reset instruction (Yn2) is turned | |
| 07□A _H | Alert 2 has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Alert 2 (b9 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | $OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF$ after the temperature process value (PV) is restored from alert status, Error code (Un\G0) is cleared to 0. The following flags and buffer memory bits that turn on when an alarm occurs turn off | |
| 08□A _H | Alert 3 has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Alert 3 (b10 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | automatically when the temperature process value (PV) is restored from alert status. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) The applicable bit (□ Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)) of CH□ Alert definition (Un\G5 to | |
| 09⊡A _H | Alert 4 has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Alert 4 (b11 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | Un\G8) | |
| 0A□A _H | A process alarm upper limit alert has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Process alarm upper limit alert (b2 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | | |
| 0B□A _H | A process alarm lower limit alert has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Process alarm upper limit alert (b3 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | When Error reset instruction (Yn2) is turned OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF after the temperature process value (PV) is restored from alert status, Error code (Un\G0) is cleared to 0. The following flags and buffer memory bits that turn on when an alarm occurs turn off automatically when the temperature process | |
| 0C⊟A _H | A rate alarm upper limit alert has occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Rate alarm upper limit alert (b4 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | value (PV) is restored from alert status. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) The applicable bit (→ Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)) of CH□ Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8) | |
| 0D⊡A _H | A rate alarm lower limit alert has been occurred. | The ALM LED turns on. CH□ Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF) turns on. CH□ Process alarm upper limit alert (b5 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) turns on. | | |

*1 \Box represents the number of the channel (1_H to 4_H) where the alarm occurred.



11.8 Check the L60TC4 Status

The error code and hardware status can be checked by selecting "Module's Detailed Information" of the L60TC4 in the system monitor of the programming tool.

(1) Operating the programming tool

From [Diagnostics] => [System Monitor...] => "Main Block", select L60TC4 => Detailed Information

(2) Module's Detailed Information

(a) Checking the function version and product information

The Product Information field shows the L60TC4 function version and product information.

(b) Checking the error code

The Latest Error Code field shows the error code stored in Error code (Un\G0) in the L60TC4.

(Press Update Error History to display the content shown under Latest Error Code as No.1.)

| Module's Detailed Information | | | | |
|---|---|--|-------|-----------------------|
| Monitor Status Monitoring | Module Model Name I/O Address Mount Position Product Information Production Number | L60TCTT4 D010 Main block Oth slot 130410000000000 | | — Function version |
| | Module Information Module Access Status of External Power Supply | Possible | | — Product informatior |
| | Fuse Blown Status Status of I/O Address Verify I/O Clear / Hold Setting Noise Filter Setting | Agree | | |
| Error Information | Input Type Remote Password Setting Status | | | |
| Latest Error Code Update Error History 0285 Clear Error History | Contents: The setting of th upper/lower limit | e upper/lower limit value output limiter or the setting limiter is invalid. | | |
| Error ⊆lear No. Error Code Display Format 1 0.285 C HEX 3 0.285 C DEC 3 0.285 | Solution: Set the value wh | iere the upper limit value is greater than the | | |
| The error history is sequentially displayed from an old error. The latest error is displayed at the bottom line. | m | | | |
| Stop Monitor | | | Close | |

(3) Hardware information

On the "Module's Detailed Information" window, click H/W Information .

(a) H/W LED information

The following information is displayed.

| Item | Value | Condition for 0001 _H | | | |
|----------|---------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| RUN | | Operating normally (same as the RUN LED) | | | |
| DATA ERR | | A write data error has occurred | | | |
| CHI RUN | | PID control is being run | | | |
| CHD ALM1 | | Alert 1 is on | | | |
| CHI ALM2 | • 0000 _H : off | Alert 2 is on | | | |
| CHD ALM3 | • 0001 _H : on | Alert 3 is on | | | |
| CHD ALM4 | | Alert 4 is on | | | |
| CHD LBA | | A loop disconnection has been detected | | | |
| СНП НВА | | A heater disconnection has been detected (the L60TCTT4BW and L60TCRT4BW only) | | | |
| H/W ERR | | A hardware error has occurred | | | |

(b) H/W switch information

The setting status of the intelligent function module switch setting is displayed.

| Item | Intelligent function module switch setting | Value |
|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|
| HOLD/CLR | Switch 1: Output Setting at CPU Stop Error | |
| CTRL MODE | Switch 2: Control Mode Selection | |
| SW3 | Switch 3: • Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting • Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting • Output Setting at CPU Stop Error • Auto-setting at Input Range Change • Sampling Cycle Selection | ਿੱਤੋਂ Refer to Page 108, Section 7.2 |

| onitor Status | Monitoring | Module Model Na Display F | | | Product Information 130 | 41000000000-A | |
|---------------|------------|---------------------------------|-------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------|-------|
| I/W LED Infor | mation | | | H/W SW In | formation | | |
| Item | Value | Item | Value | Item | Value | Item | Value |
| RUN | 0001 | | | | | HOLD/CLR | 0000 |
| DATA ERR | 0001 | H/W ERR | 0000 | | | CTRL MODE | 0000 |
| H1 RUN | 0000 | CH3 RUN | 0000 | | | SW3 | 0000 |
| EH1 ALM1 | 0000 | CH3 ALM1 | 0000 | | | - | 0000 |
| EH1 ALM2 | 0000 | CH3 ALM2 | 0000 | | | - | 0000 |
| EH1 ALM3 | 0000 | CH3 ALM3 | 0000 | | | | |
| EH1 ALM4 | 0000 | CH3 ALM4 | 0000 | | | | |
| CH1 LBA | 0000 | CH3 LBA | 0000 | | | | |
| EH2 RUN | 0000 | CH4 RUN | 0000 | | | | |
| EH2 ALM1 | 0000 | CH4 ALM1 | 0000 | | | | |
| eh2 alm2 | 0000 | CH4 ALM2 | 0000 | | | | |
| EH2 ALM3 | 0000 | CH4 ALM3 | 0000 | | | | |
| eh2 alm4 | 0000 | CH4 ALM4 | 0000 | | | | |
| CH2 LBA | 0000 | CH4 LBA | 0000 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 Details of I/O Signals

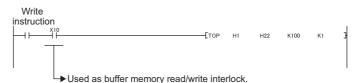
The following section describes the details of the L60TC4 I/O signals toward the CPU module. The I/O numbers (X/Y) described in Appendix 1 is for the case when the start I/O number of the L60TC4 is set to 0.

Appendix 1.1 Input signal

(1) Module READY flag (Xn0)

This flag turns on to indicate that the preparation for the L60TC4 is completed when the module is turned on from off or when the CPU module's reset is released.

Make sure that this flag is on when reading/writing data from/in the buffer memory of the L60TC4 from the CPU module. The following shows an example of a program. (In the following example, the start I/O number of the L60TC4 is set to 10.)

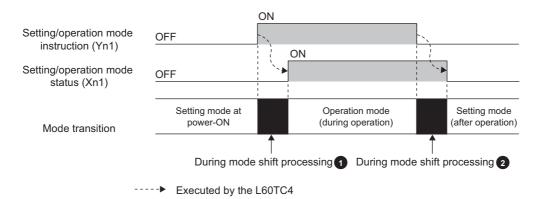


If the watchdog timer error is detected, this flag turns off. The L60TC4 stops controlling the temperature and the transistor output turns off. (The RUN LED turns off and ERR. LED turns on.)

Α

(2) Setting/operation mode status (Xn1)

This signal turns on at the operation mode, off at the setting mode.



(a) Precautions during the mode shifting

The mode shifting means the following timings.

+ From Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) OFF \rightarrow ON to Setting/operation mode status (Xn1) ON

(above figure 1)

+ From Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) ON \rightarrow OFF to Setting/operation mode status (Xn1) OFF

(above figure 2)

During the mode shifting, do not change the set values. If the set values are changed during the mode shifting, the module operation cannot be guaranteed. Use Setting/operation mode status (Xn1) as an interlock condition for Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) when changing the setting.

Point P

The conditions whether to perform the temperature judgment, PID control, and alert judgment by the L60TC4 differ among the following timings.

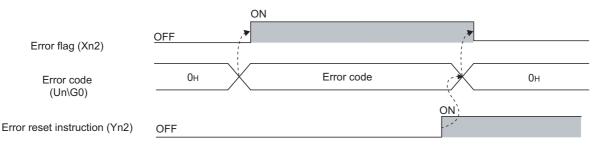
- Setting mode at power-ON
- Operation mode (in operation)
- Setting mode (after operation)
- For each detail on the temperature judgment, PID control, and alert judgment, refer to the following.
 - Temperature judgment: Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)
 - PID control: Page 134, Section 8.2.3 (6)
 - Alert judgment: Page 166, Section 8.2.11 (5)

(3) Error occurrence flag (Xn2)

This flag turns on when errors other than a hardware error occur.

After an error occurs and the error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0), this flag turns on. Errors occur under the following conditions.

- · When data is set in the buffer memory of the system area
- When the setting of the area which can be written only during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF) is changed during the operation mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): ON)
 (Page 324, Appendix 1.1 (2))
- · When the data which cannot be set is set
- When the setting of the buffer memory is changed during the default setting registration (Page 332, Appendix 1.2 (5))
- When the current set value and the set value backed up in the non-volatile memory are different due to the change on Switch Setting.



Executed by the L60TC4

(4) Hardware error flag (Xn3)

This flag turns on when hardware error occurs in the L60TC4.

Α

(5) CH^I Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7)

This signal turns on when auto tuning of each channel is set by the user or when the L60TC4 performs selftuning.

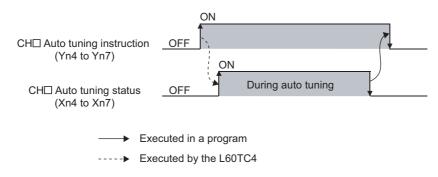
| | A | uto tuning statu | IS | |
|---------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Channel | Standard control | Heating- cooling control | Mix control | ON/OFF status |
| CH1 | Xn4 | Xn4 | Xn4 | ON: The auto tuning/self-tuning is being |
| CH2 | Xn5 | Xn5 | Xn5 ^{*2} | performed. |
| CH3 | Xn6 | Xn6 ^{*1} | Xn6 | OFF: The auto tuning/self-tuning is not being |
| CH4 | Xn7 | Xn7 ^{*1} | Xn7 | performed or is completed. |

*1 Available only under the heating-cooling control (expanded mode). For details on the expanded mode, refer to

*2 Available only under the mix control (expanded mode). For details on the expanded mode, refer to F Page 127, Section 8.2.1 (3).

(a) Performing auto tuning

To perform auto tuning, turn CH[□] Auto turning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) on from off. While auto tuning is in process, this signal is on, and turns off at the completion of the auto tuning.



For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

(b) Self-tuning

This signal turns on when self-tuning starts. This signal automatically turns off at the completion of the self-tuning.

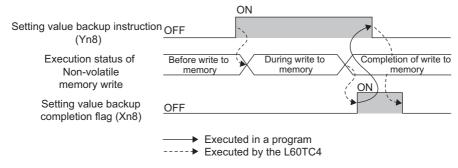
Set a self-tuning option in CH Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670). (FP Page 399, Appendix 2 (72)) Self-tuning can be executed only in the standard control.

For details on the self-tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 175, Section 8.2.15

(6) Back-up of the set value completion flag (Xn8)

Turning Set value backup instruction (Yn8) on from off starts the writing of the buffer memory data to the nonvolatile memory. After the data writing is completed, this flag turns on. Turning Set value backup instruction (Yn8) off from on also turns off this flag.

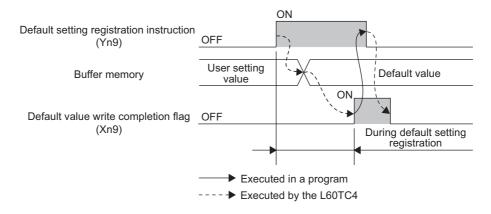


For details on the data writing to the non-volatile memory, refer to the following.

Page 235, Section 8.3.4

(7) Default value write completion flag (Xn9)

Turning Default setting registration instruction (Yn9) on from off starts the writing of the default value of the L60TC4 to the buffer memory. After the data writing is completed, this flag turns on. Turning Default setting registration instruction (Yn9) off from on also turns off this flag.



(a) Unused channel

For unused channels (which temperature sensors are not connected to), CHD Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) must be set to Unused (1) after the completion of the writing of the default value.

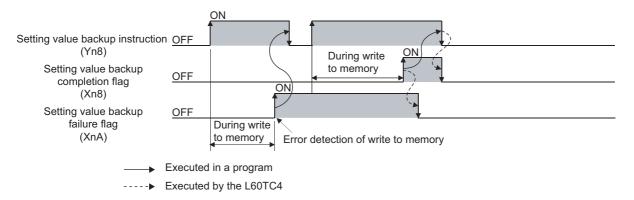
If not, ALM LED blinks.

For details on the unused channel setting, refer to the following.

Page 106, Section 6.6

(8) Back-up of the set value fail flag (XnA)

Turning Set value backup instruction (Yn8) on from off starts the writing of the buffer memory data to the nonvolatile memory. This flag turns on when the writing failed.



After the data writing is completed properly, this flag turns off.

For details on the data writing to the non-volatile memory, refer to the following.

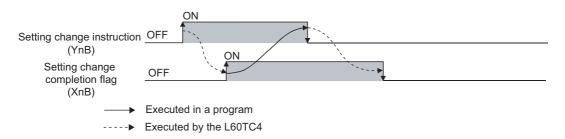
Page 235, Section 8.3.4

Point P

After Set value backup instruction (Yn8) is turned on from off, make sure that this flag is off. Then turn Set value backup instruction (Yn8) off from on . If Set value backup instruction (Yn8) is turned off from on while this flag is on, the L60TC4 operates with the default value since the data in the buffer memory is undefined. Likewise, if the power supply is turned on from off or the CPU module is released from the reset status while this flag is on, the L60TC4 operates with the default value since the data in the buffer memory.

(9) Setting change completion flag (XnB)

Turning Setting change instruction (YnB) on from off during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF) reflects the set contents of each buffer memory to the control. After the data is reflected, this flag turns on. Turning Setting change instruction (YnB) off from on also turns off this flag.



This flag can be used as an interlock condition for Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1).

(10)CH Alert occurrence flag (XnC to XnF)

When an alert occurs, the alert definition is stored in CHD Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8), and this flag turns on.

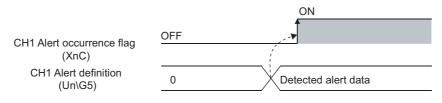
For conditions where this flag turns off, refer to the following.

Page 166, Section 8.2.11 (6)

Ex. Time chart for CH1

The following table lists the partucular flag and buffer memory addresses of alert definitions for each channel.

| Channel | Alert occurrence flag | ON/OFF status | CH□ Alert definition (buffer memory address)([→ Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)) |
|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| CH1 | XnC | | Un\G5 |
| CH2 | XnD | OFF: Alert does not | Un\G6 |
| CH3 | XnE | occur. ON: Alert occurs. | Un\G7 |
| CH4 | XnF | | Un\G8 |



----> Executed by the L60TC4

Α

(1) Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1)

Use this signal to select the setting mode or the operation mode.

- OFF: Setting mode
- ON: Operation mode

Some buffer memory areas can be set only in the setting mode.

(a) Buffer memory areas that can be set only in the setting mode

The following settings can be changed only when Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is off. If the settings are changed in the operation mode, a write data error (error code: $\Box \Box \Box \exists 3_{H}$) occurs.

| D. # | | Buffer me | Deferrere | | | |
|---|--------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference | |
| CHD Input range | Un\G32 | Un\G64 | Un\G96 | Un\G128 | Page 345, Appendix 2 (12) | |
| Resolution of the manipulated value for output with another analog module | Un\G181 | | Page 384, Appendix 2 (48) | | | |
| CH□ Alert 1 mode setting | Un\G192 | Un\G208 | Un\G224 | Un\G240 | | |
| CH□ Alert 2 mode setting | Un\G193 | Un\G209 | Un\G225 | Un\G241 | Dage 296 Appendix 2 (E2) | |
| CH□ Alert 3 mode setting | Un\G194 | Un\G210 | Un\G226 | Un\G242 | Page 386, Appendix 2 (52) | |
| CH□ Alert 4 mode setting | Un\G195 | Un\G211 | Un\G227 | Un\G243 | | |
| CHD Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting | Un\G196 | Un\G212 | Un\G228 | Un\G244 | Page 387, Appendix 2 (53) | |
| CHD Process alarm lower lower limit value | Un\G197 | Un\G213 | Un\G229 | Un\G245 | | |
| CHD Process alarm lower upper limit value | Un\G198 | Un\G214 | Un\G230 | Un\G246 | Dage 200 Appendix 2 (E4) | |
| CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | Un\G199 | Un\G215 | Un\G231 | Un\G247 | Page 388, Appendix 2 (54) | |
| CHD Process alarm upper upper limit value | Un\G200 | Un\G216 | Un\G232 | Un\G248 | | |
| CHD Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting | Un\G201 | Un\G217 | Un\G233 | Un\G249 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (55) | |
| CH□ Rate alarm alert detection cycle | Un\G202 | Un\G218 | Un\G234 | Un\G250 | Page 389, Appendix 2 (56) | |
| CHD Rate alarm upper limit value | Un\G203 | Un\G219 | Un\G235 | Un\G251 | Dage 200 Appendix 2 (EZ) | |
| CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value | Un\G204 | Un\G220 | Un\G236 | Un\G252 | Page 390, Appendix 2 (57 | |
| CTD CT selection | Un\G272 to U | n\G279 (set for | Page 392, Appendix 2 (60) | | | |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) | Un\G544 | Un\G576 | Un\G608 | Un\G640 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) | |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value) | Un\G545 | Un\G577 | Un\G609 | Un\G641 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) | |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) | Un\G546 | Un\G578 | Un\G610 | Un\G642 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) | |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value) | Un\G547 | Un\G579 | Un\G611 | Un\G643 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) | |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request | Un\G548 | Un\G580 | Un\G612 | Un\G644 | Page 396, Appendix 2 (67) | |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request | Un\G550 | Un\G582 | Un\G614 | Un\G646 | Page 397, Appendix 2 (69) | |
| Conversion enable/disable setting | Un\G693 | | Page 402, Appendix 2 (75) | | | |
| Cooling method setting | Un\G719 | | | | Page 404, Appendix 2 (77) | |
| CHD Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting | Un\G725 | Un\G741 | Un\G757 | Un\G773 | Page 405, Appendix 2 (80) | |

| Buffer memory area name | | Buffer mem | Reference | | |
|---|---------|------------|---------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Builer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelefelice |
| CH□ Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value | Un\G726 | Un\G742 | Un\G758 | Un\G774 | Page 406, Appendix 2 (81) |
| CH□ Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value | Un\G727 | Un\G743 | Un\G759 | Un\G775 | |
| CH□ Derivative action selection | Un\G729 | Un\G745 | Un\G761 | Un\G777 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (83) |
| CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise group setting | Un\G730 | Un\G746 | Un\G762 | Un\G778 | Page 407, Appendix 2 (84) |
| CH□ Setting change rate limiter unit time setting | Un\G735 | Un\G751 | Un\G767 | Un\G783 | Page 411, Appendix 2 (89) |
| Peak current suppression control group setting | Un\G784 | | | | Page 412, Appendix 2 (90) |
| Sensor compensation function selection | Un\G785 | | Page 413, Appendix 2 (91) | | |

(2) Error reset instruction (Yn2)

Use this signal to turn off Error occurrence flag (Xn2) and to reset Error code (Un\G0). For the method to reset an error, refer to Error occurrence flag (Xn2). (Page 325, Appendix 1.1 (3))

(3) CH^I Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7)

Use this signal to start auto tuning. Turning this signal on from off starts auto tuning and turns on CH Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7). After auto tuning is completed, CH Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) turns off. Keep this instruction ON during auto tuning and turn it off from on at the completion of the auto tuning. If this instruction is turned off from on during auto tuning, the auto tuning stops. If the auto tuning stops, PID constants in the buffer memory do not change.

Point P

- If proportional band (P)/heating proportional band (Ph) is set to 0, auto tuning cannot be performed. (Page 355, Appendix 2 (15))
- If Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned off from on and the operation status shifts to the setting mode during auto tuning, the auto tuning stops. After that, even if Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) is turned on from off and the the operation status shifts back to the operation mode, the auto tuning does not resume. To resume the auto tuning, turn Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) off from on, and turn it on from off again.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

(4) Set value backup instruction (Yn8)

Use this signal to write the buffer memory data to the non-volatile memory. Turning this instruction on from off starts the data writing to the non-volatile memory.

For the buffer memory areas whose data is to be backed up, refer to the following.

Page 44, Section 3.5

(a) When data writing to the non-volatile memory has completed normally

Back-up of the set value completion flag (Xn8) turns on.

(b) When data writing to the non-volatile memory has not completed normally

Back-up of the set value fail flag (XnA) turns on. When Back-up of the set value fail flag (XnA) turns on, turn Set value backup instruction (Yn8) on from off to write the data to the non-volatile memory again.

(c) Timings when this instruction cannot be received

In the following timings, this instruction cannot be received.

- 1: While PID constants are written after auto tuning
- · 2: While PID constants are read from the non-volatile memory
- 3: While a setting error is occurring
- 4: While a setting is being changed by Setting change instruction (YnB)

For 1 to 3 above, turn this instruction on from off after each condition is resolved. For 4, the data writing to the non-volatile memory automatically starts after the condition is resolved.

For details on the data writing to the non-volatile memory, refer to the following.

Page 235, Section 8.3.4

(5) Default setting registration instruction (Yn9)

Use this signal to set data in the buffer memory or the non-volatile memory back to the default value. Turning this instruction on from off starts the writing of the default value of the L60TC4 to the buffer memory. After the data writing is completed, Default value write completion flag (Xn9) turns on.

(a) When Setting/operation mode status (Xn1) is on (in operation mode)

Turning this instruction on from off does not set data back to the default value. Turn on this instruction when Setting/operation mode status (Xn1) is off (in the setting mode).

(6) Setting change instruction (YnB)

Use this instruction to confirm the set value of the buffer memory (the buffer memory areas that can be set only in the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF). (Page 330, Appendix 1.2 (1))

(a) Reflection of set value

Even though the set values are written into the buffer memory, they cannot be reflected to the L60TC4's operation immediately. To confirm the set values, turn this instruction OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF after the set values are written into the buffer memory. Doing so lets the L60TC4 operate according to the setting in each buffer memory area.

(7) CH PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF)

Use this signal to temporarily stop PID control forcibly.

(a) Mode when PID control stops

The mode depends on the setting of CH□ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129). For details on CH□ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129), refer to the following.

Α

Appendix 2 Details of the Buffer Memory

This chapter describes details on the buffer memory of the L60TC4.

Point P

For buffer memory areas indicated with the icons **Standard** and **Heating-cooling**, or with **Common**, the following terms are used, unless otherwise specified.

- Proportional band (P): includes heating proportional band (Ph) and cooling proportional band (Pc)
- Manipulated value (MV): includes manipulated value for heating (MVh) and manipulated value for cooling (MVc).
 - Transistor output: includes heating transistor output and cooling transistor output
 - Control output cycle: includes heating control output cycle and cooling control output cycle

(1) Error code (Un\G0) Common

An error code or alarm code is stored in this buffer memory area. For error codes and alarm codes, refer to the following.

F Page 315, Section 11.6, Page 318, Section 11.7

(2) CH Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4) Common

According to the setting of CHD Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128), the decimal point position applicable in the following buffer memory areas is stored in this buffer memory area.

| Duffer memory and name | | Buffer me | Deference | | |
|---|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CH□ Temperature process value (PV) | Un\G9 | Un\G10 | Un\G11 | Un\G12 | Page 338, Appendix 2 (4) |
| CH□ Set value (SV) setting | Un\G34 | Un\G66 | Un\G98 | Un\G130 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| CH□ Alert set value 1 | Un\G38 | Un\G70 | Un\G102 | Un\G134 | |
| CH□ Alert set value 2 | Un\G39 | Un\G71 | Un\G103 | Un\G135 | Page 358, Appendix 2 |
| CH□ Alert set value 3 | Un\G40 | Un\G72 | Un\G104 | Un\G136 | (18) |
| CH□ Alert set value 4 | Un\G41 | Un\G73 | Un\G105 | Un\G137 | |
| CH□ AT bias setting | Un\G53 | Un\G85 | Un\G117 | Un\G149 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| CHD Upper limit setting limiter | Un\G55 | Un\G87 | Un\G119 | Un\G151 | Page 372, Appendix 2 |
| CHD Lower limit setting limiter | Un\G56 | Un\G88 | Un\G120 | Un\G152 | (31) |
| CHD Loop disconnection detection dead band | Un\G60 | Un\G92 | Un\G124 | Un\G156 | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value | Un\G197 | Un\G213 | Un\G229 | Un\G245 | |
| CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | Un\G198 | Un\G214 | Un\G230 | Un\G246 | Page 388, Appendix 2 |
| CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | Un\G199 | Un\G215 | Un\G231 | Un\G247 | (54) |
| CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | Un\G200 | Un\G216 | Un\G232 | Un\G248 | |
| CH□ Rate alarm upper limit value | Un\G203 | Un\G219 | Un\G235 | Un\G251 | Page 390, Appendix 2 |
| CH□ Rate alarm lower limit value | Un\G204 | Un\G220 | Un\G236 | Un\G252 | (57) |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) | Un\G544 | Un\G576 | Un\G608 | Un\G640 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value) | Un\G545 | Un\G577 | Un\G609 | Un\G641 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |

| Buffer memory area name | | Buffer mem | Reference | | | |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|--|
| Builer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelefelice | |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) | Un\G546 | Un\G578 | Un\G610 | Un\G642 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) | |
| CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value) | Un\G547 | Un\G579 | Un\G611 | Un\G643 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) | |
| CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | Un\G731 | Un\G747 | Un\G763 | Un\G779 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) | |

Stored values differ depending on the setting in CHI Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128).

| Setting of CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) ([͡͡͡] Page 345, Appendix 2 (12)) | Stored value | Setting contents | |
|---|--------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Resolution is 1. | 0 | Nothing after decimal point | |
| Resolution is 0.1. | 1 | First decimal place | |

A

(3) CH Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8)

Bits corresponding to alerts detected in each channel become 1.

| b15 l | o14 | b13 | b12 | b11 | b10 | b9 | b8 | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
|-----------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | | | | | | | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | |
| 2.11 0.00 | it data b15 are Bit data from b7 to b2 are fixed to 0. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Target bit number | Flag name | Alert definition | | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| b0 | CHD Input range upper limit | Temperature process value (PV) has exceeded the temperature | | | |
| | | measurement range ^{*1} of the set input range. | | | |
| b1 | CH□ Input range lower limit | Temperature process value (PV) has fallen below the temperature | | | |
| | | measurement range ^{*1} of the set input range. | | | |
| b2 | CHD Process alarm upper limit | Temperature process value (PV) has reached the process alarm upper | | | |
| | | upper limit value or more. | | | |
| b3 | CH□ Process alarm lower limit | Temperature process value (PV) has reached the process alarm lower lower limit value or lower. | | | |
| | | The variation of temperature process value (PV) has reached the rate | | | |
| b4 | CH□ Rate alarm upper limit | alarm upper limit value or more. | | | |
| b5 | CH□ Rate alarm lower limit | The variation of temperature process value (PV) has reached the rate | | | |
| | | alarm lower limit value or lower. | | | |
| b6 to b7 | — (fixed to 0) | — (Unused) | | | |
| b8 | CH□ Alert 1 | Alert 1 has occurred. (| | | |
| b9 | CH□ Alert 2 | Alert 2 has occurred. (| | | |
| b10 | CHD Alert 3 | Alert 3 has occurred. (| | | |
| b11 | CHD Alert 4 | Alert 4 has occurred. (| | | |
| b12 | CH□ Heater disconnection detection | Heater disconnection has been detected. (| | | |
| b13 | CH□ Loop disconnection detection | Loop disconnection has been detected. (| | | |
| b14 | CH□ Output off-time current error | Output off-time current error has been detected. (| | | |
| b15 | — (fixed to 0) | — (Unused) | | | |

*1 For the temperature measurement range, refer to Page 337, Appendix 2 (3) (a).

O: Executed ×: Not executed

(a) Temperature measurement range

The temperature measurement range is as follows.

Input range lower limit - 5% of full scale to Input range upper limit + 5% of full scale

Ex. A calculation example when CHD Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (temperature measurement range: -200.0 to 400.0°C)

- Input range lower limit 5% of full scale = -200 ((400.0 (-200.0)) × 0.05) = -230.0
- Input range upper limit + 5% of full scale = 400 + ((400.0 (-200.0)) × 0.05) = 430.0

Therefore, the temperature measurement range is -230.0 to 430.0°C.

The L60TC4 checks whether the input temperature is in temperature measurement range of the input range. When the input temperature is out of the temperature measurement range, CH \Box Input range upper limit (b0 of Un\G5 to Un\G8), or CH \Box Input range lower limit (b1 of Un\G5 to Un\G8) becomes 1 (ON). The conditions which the L60TC4 uses to judge whether the measured temperature is within the temperature measurement range differ depending on the following settings.

- Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) (
 Page 330, Appendix 1.2 (1))
- PID continuation flag (Un\G169) (Page 381, Appendix 2 (43))
- CH PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) (Page 333, Appendix 1.2 (7))
- CH Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) (Page 353, Appendix 2 (13))

Point P

The following table lists the conditions whether to perform the temperature judgment.

| Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) ^{*1} | PID continuation flag (Un\G169) | CH□ PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) | CH⊡ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) | Temperature judgment |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| | | | Stop (0) | × |
| Setting mode at power-ON | Stop (0)/Continue (1) | OFF/ON | Monitor (1) | 0 |
| ponor en | (') | | Alert (2) | 0 |
| | | OFF | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | 0 |
| Operation mode | Stop (0)/Continue (1) | | Stop (0) | × |
| (in operation) | | ON | Monitor (1) | 0 |
| | | | Alert (2) | 0 |
| | | | Stop (0) | × |
| | Stop (0) | OFF/ON | Monitor (1) | 0 |
| | | | Alert (2) | 0 |
| Setting mode (after operation) | | OFF | Stop (0)/Monitor (1)/Alert (2) | 0 |
| | Continuo (1) | | Stop (0) | × |
| | Continue (1) | ON | Monitor (1) | 0 |
| | | | Alert (2) | 0 |

*1 Refer to Page 324, Appendix 1.1 (2) for each timing.

If CHD Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Disable (1), temperature judgment is not executed even though the condition above is satisfied. (

(4) CH Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) Common

The detected temperature value where sensor correction is performed is stored in this buffer memory area. The value to be stored differs depending on the stored value in CH^{II} Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

(Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Stored as it is.
- One decimal place (1): Stored after a multiplication by 10.

Point *P*

When value measured by a temperature sensor exceeds the temperature measurement range, the following value is stored.

When measured value exceeds temperature measurement range: Input range upper limit + 5% of full scale
When measured value falls below temperature measurement range: Input range lower limit - 5% of full scale

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(5) CHD Manipulated value (MV) (Un\G13 to Un\G16) Standard

CHD Manipulated value for heating (MVh) (Un\G13 to Un\G16)

CHI Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) (Un\G704 to Un\G707)

The result of PID operation based on temperature process value (PV) is stored in these buffer memory areas. The area Un\G13 to Un\G16 are used for heating in the case of the heating-cooling control. The following table lists the range of values to be stored.

| Store description | Store range in control | Stored value when control stops | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Manipulated value (MV) | -50 to 1050 (-5% to 105.0%) | -50 (-5.0%) | | | |
| Manipulated value for heating (MVh) | 0 to 1050 (0.0% to 105.0%) | 50 (5 0%) | | | |
| Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | 0 10 1050 (0.0% 10 105.0%) | -50 (-5.0%) | | | |

However, values are output in the range of 0% to 100%. For 0% or less and 100% or more, refer to the following.

• For 0% or less: 0%

• For 100% or more: 100%

(a) Manipulated value (MV) and control output cycle

- Manipulated value (MV) indicates ON time of CH□ Control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143) in percentage. ([→ Page 364, Appendix 2 (23))
- Manipulated value for heating (MVh) indicates ON time of CH
 Heating control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143) in percentage. (
 F² Page 364, Appendix 2 (23))
- Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) indicates ON time of CHI Cooling control output cycle setting

(Un\G722, Un\G738, Un\G754, Un\G770) in percentage. (Page 364, Appendix 2 (23))

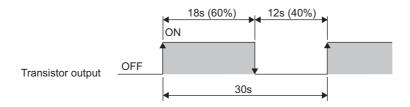
Ex. When 600 (60.0%) is stored in CH□ Manipulated value (MV) (Un\G13 to Un\G16) and the value of the buffer memory is set as shown in the following.

CH□ Control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143): 30s

ON time of transistor output = Control output cycle setting (s) × Manipulated value (MV) (%) = $30 \times 0.6 = 18$ (s)

ON time of transistor output is 18s.

Transistor output is pulse of ON for 18s, OFF for 12s.



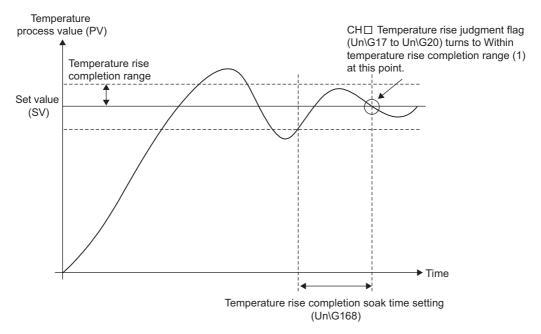
(6) CH Temperature rise judgment flag (Un\G17 to Un\G20) Standard Heating coolin

This flag is for checking whether the temperature process value (PV) is in the temperature rise completion range or not.

The following values are stored in this buffer memory area.

- 0: Out of temperature rise completion range
- 1: Within temperature rise completion range

When the temperature process value (PV) stays in the temperature rise completion range during the set temperature rise completion soak time, 1 is stored in this buffer memory area, which is within temperature rise completion range (1).



Set the temperature rise completion range and temperature rise completion soak time in the following buffer memory areas.

- Temperature rise completion range setting (Un\G167) (Page 380, Appendix 2 (41))
- Temperature rise completion soak time setting (Un\G168) (Page 381, Appendix 2 (42))

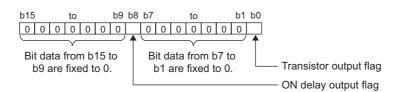
(7) CH Transistor output flag (Un\G21 to Un\G24) Standard

CHD Heating transistor output flag (Un\G21 to Un\G24)

CHD Cooling transistor output flag (Un\G712 to Un\G715)

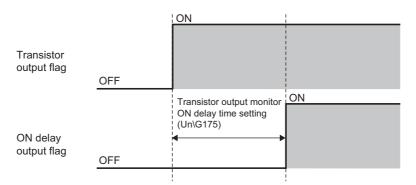
ON/OFF status of transistor output and ON delay output are stored in these flags. In the heating-cooling control, ON/OFF status of transistor output/ON delay output for heating are stored in Un\G21 to Un\G24.

- OFF: 0
- ON: 1



(a) Relationship with ON delay output flag

Relationship between Transistor output flag and ON delay output flag is shown in the following.



Transistor output monitor ON delay time setting (Un\G175) enables setting considering delay time

(response/scan time delay) of actual transistor output. (Page 382, Appendix 2 (45)) By monitoring the ON delay output flag and external output on the program, disconnection of external output can be judged. For details on the ON delay output function, refer to the following.

Fage 174, Section 8.2.14

(8) CH Set value (SV) monitor (Un\G25 to Un\G28) Standard Heating coolin

Set value (SV) of each time unit set in CH□ Setting change rate limiter time unit setting (Un\G735, Un\G751, Un\G767, Un\G783) is stored in this buffer memory area. ([→ Page 411, Appendix 2 (89)) The set value (SV) can be monitored in real time.

(9) Cold junction temperature process value (Un\G29) Common

The measured temperature of cold junction temperature compensation resistor is stored in this buffer memory area.

Values to be stored are within 0 to 55°C.

(a) Usable modules

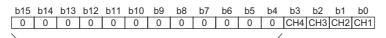
- L60TCTT4
- L60TCTT4BW

(10)MAN mode shift completion flag (Un\G30) Standard Heating-cooling

This flag is for checking completion of the mode shift when shifting AUTO (auto) mode to MAN (manual) mode. The following values are stored in this buffer memory area.

- O: MAN mode shift uncompleted
- 1: MAN mode shift completed

The following figure shows bits of the buffer memory area that correspond to each channel.



Bit data from b15 to b4 are fixed to 0.

When shift to MAN mode is completed, bits corresponding to appropriate channel become MAN mode shift completed (1).

(a) How to shift the mode

Shift the mode in the following buffer memory area.

• CHI AUTO/MAN mode shift (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146) ([] Page 367, Appendix 2 (26))

(b) Setting manipulated value (MV) in MAN mode

Set the manipulated value (MV) in the following buffer memory area.

• CHI MAN output setting (Un\G51, Un\G83, Un\G115, Un\G147) (FFPage 368, Appendix 2 (27)) Set the manipulated value (MV) after confirming MAN mode shift completion flag (Un\G30) has become MAN mode shift completed (1).

(11) Memory of PID constants read/write completion flag (Un\G31) Standard Heatingcool

This flag is for showing whether the settings of the following buffer memory areas are completed or not.

- CH□ Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158)(Page 377, Appendix 2 (36))
- CH□ Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159)([→ Page 378, Appendix 2 (37))

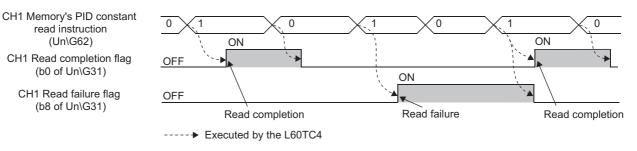
(a) Correspondence between each bit and flag

The following table lists flags correspond to bits of this buffer memory area.

| Bit number | Flag description | Bit number | Flag description |
|------------|---------------------------|------------|------------------------|
| b0 | CH1 Read completion flag | b8 | CH1 Read failure flag |
| b1 | CH2 Read completion flag | b9 | CH2 Read failure flag |
| b2 | CH3 Read completion flag | b10 | CH3 Read failure flag |
| b3 | CH4 Read completion flag | b11 | CH4 Read failure flag |
| b4 | CH1 Write completion flag | b12 | CH1 Write failure flag |
| b5 | CH2 Write completion flag | b13 | CH2 Write failure flag |
| b6 | CH3 Write completion flag | b14 | CH3 Write failure flag |
| b7 | CH4 Write completion flag | b15 | CH4 Write failure flag |

(b) ON/OFF timing for CH□ Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158) ([______Page 377, Appendix 2 (36))

The following figure shows the ON/OFF timing of this flag for CH Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158). (For CH1)



When the data reading from the non-volatile memory is completed normally, CH Read completion flag (b0 to b3 of Un\G31) of the corresponding channel turns on.

CHI Read completion flag (b0 to b3 of Un\G31) turns off when CHI Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G158) is turned off from on.

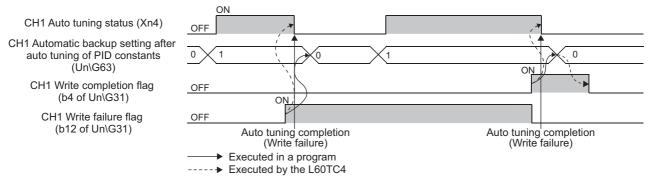
When the data reading from the non-volatile memory fails, CH Read failure flag (b8 to b11 of Un\G31) of the corresponding channel turns on and the L60TC4 operates with PID constants before the data reading. (The LED status remains.)

CH Read failure flag (b8 to b11 of Un\G31) turns off when the data reading of the corresponding channel is completed normally.

When the data reading fails, try again by turning CH \Box Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126, Un\G126) ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON.

(c) ON/OFF timing for CH□ Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159) ([Page 378, Appendix 2 (37))

The following figure shows ON/OFF timing of this flag for CH^{II} Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159). (For CH1)



When the data writing to the non-volatile memory is completed normally, CHD Write completion flag (b4 to b7 of Un\G31) turns on.

CH□ Write completion flag (b4 to b7 of Un\G31) turns off when CH□ Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159) is set to Disable (0) from Enable (1).

When the data writing to the non-volatile memory fails, CH Write failure flag (b12 to b15 of Un\G31) of the corresponding channel turns on and the L60TC4 operates with PID constants calculated in the previous auto tuning. (The LED status remains.)

CH Write failure flag (b12 to b15 of Un\G31) turns off when the data writing of the corresponding channel is completed normally.

When the data writing fails, perform auto tuning again by turning CH \Box Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON. If the data writing fails even after executing auto tuning again, a hardware error can be the reason. Consult a local representative or branch about the problem.

Point P

- By referring to this flag at the completion of auto tuning, whether the automatic data backup is completed normally or not can be checked.
- After confirming that the following flags are on, set CH□ Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63, Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159) to Disable (0).

CH□ Write completion flag (b4 to b7 of Un\G31) (when automatic data backup is completed normally)
CH□ Write failure flag (b12 to b15 of Un\G31) (when automatic data backup fails)

If auto tuning is executed under Enable (1), although PID constants are stored after auto tuning is complete, CH Auto tuning status (Xn4 to Xn7) does not turn off.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Frage 141, Section 8.2.7

(12)CHI Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128)

Select the set value according to temperature sensor, temperature measurement range^{*1}, output temperature unit

(Celsius (°C)/Fahrenheit (°F)/digit) and resolution (1/0.1) which are used with the L60TC4.

*1 In the case of input from other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module) also, set these values.

Ex. When the L60TCTT4 or L60TCTT4BW is used and the following thermocouple is selected

- Thermocouple type: R
- Temperature measurement range: 0 to 1700°C
- Resolution: 1

Set 1 in CHD Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128).

When using the L60TCTT4 or L60TCTT4BW, refer to Page 346, Appendix 2 (12) (a). When using the L60TCRT4 or L60TCRT4BW, refer to Page 350, Appendix 2 (12) (b).

Α

(a) Setting range of the L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW

The following table lists setting values of CH Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) and the corresponding thermocouple types.

The relationship between temperature unit and setting values is as follows.

| Setting of CH⊟ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) | Item | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| 1 to 99 | Thermocouple is used. (No input from | Output temperature unit is Celsius (°C). | | | |
| 100 to 199 | other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module)) (1 to 199) | Output temperature unit is Fahrenheit (°F). | | | |
| 200 to 299 | Other analog modules (such as an A/D converter module) are used. (200 to 299) | Unit is digit. | | | |

| | | | | | Automatic setting when changing the input range ^{*1} | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|--|--|--|--|
| Thermocouple type | Temperature measurement range | Celsius (°C)/ Fahrenheit (°⊢)/digit | Resolution | CH⊡ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) | CH□ Upper limit setting limiter, CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value, CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | CH□ Lower limit setting limiter, CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value, CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | |
| R | 0 to 1700 | °C | 1 | 1 | 1700 | 0 | |
| ĸ | 0 to 3000 | °F | 1 | 105 | 3000 | 0 | |
| | -200.0 to 400.0 | °C | 0.1 | 38 | 4000 | -2000 | |
| | 0.0 to 400.0 | °C | 0.1 | 36 | 4000 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 1300 | °C | 1 | 2 (Default value) | 1300 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 500 | °C | 1 | 11 | 500 | 0 | |
| | 0.0 to 500.0 | °C | 0.1 | 40 | 5000 | 0 | |
| к | 0 to 800 | °C | 1 | 12 | 800 | 0 | |
| | 0.0 to 800.0 | °C | 0.1 | 41 | 8000 | 0 | |
| | -200.0 to 1300.0 | °C | 0.1 | 49 | 13000 | -2000 | |
| | 0 to 1000 | ۴ | 1 | 100 | 1000 | 0 | |
| | 0.0 to 1000.0 | ۴ | 0.1 | 130 | 10000 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 2400 | ۴ | 1 | 101 | 2400 | 0 | |

| | | | | | Automatic setting | |
|--|------------------|------------|------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | | the inpu | t range ^{*1} |
| | | | | | CHD Upper limit | CHD Lower limit |
| | Temperature | Celsius | | CHD Input range | setting limiter, | setting limiter, |
| Thermocouple | measurement | (°C)/ | Resolution | (Un\G32, | CHD Process | CHD Process |
| type | | Fahrenheit | Resolution | Un\G64, Un\G96, | alarm upper | alarm lower |
| | range | (°⊢)/digit | | Un\G128) | lower limit value, | lower limit value, |
| | | | | | CHD Process | CHD Process |
| | | | | | alarm upper | alarm lower |
| | | | | | upper limit value | upper limit value |
| | 0.0 to 400.0 | °C | 0.1 | 37 | 4000 | 0 |
| | 0 to 500 | °C | 1 | 13 | 500 | 0 |
| | 0.0 to 500.0 | °C | 0.1 | 42 | 5000 | 0 |
| | 0 to 800 | °C | 1 | 14 | 800 | 0 |
| | 0.0 to 800.0 | °C | 0.1 | 43 | 8000 | 0 |
| J | -200.0 to 1000.0 | °C | 0.1 | 50 | 10000 | -2000 |
| J. J | 0 to 1200 | °C | 1 | 3 | 1200 | 0 |
| | 0 to 1000 | °F | 1 | 102 | 1000 | 0 |
| | 0.0 to 1000.0 | ۴ | 0.1 | 131 | 10000 | 0 |
| | 0 to 1600 | ۴ | 1 | 103 | 1600 | 0 |
| | 0 to 2100 | ۴ | 1 | 104 | 2100 | 0 |
| | -200 to 400 | °C | 1 | 4 | 400 | -200 |
| | -200 to 200 | °C | 1 | 21 | 200 | -200 |
| | -200.0 to 400.0 | °C | 0.1 | 39 | 4000 | -2000 |
| | 0 to 200 | °C | 1 | 19 | 200 | 0 |
| Т | 0 to 400 | °C | 1 | 20 | 400 | 0 |
| | 0.0 to 400.0 | °C | 0.1 | 45 | 4000 | 0 |
| | -300 to 400 | ۴ | 1 | 110 | 400 | -300 |
| | 0 to 700 | ۴ | 1 | 109 | 700 | 0 |
| | 0.0 to 700.0 | ۴ | 0.1 | 132 | 7000 | 0 |
| S | 0 to 1700 | °C | 1 | 15 | 1700 | 0 |
| 5 | 0 to 3000 | ۴ | 1 | 106 | 3000 | 0 |
| В | 0 to 1800 | °C | 1 | 16 | 1800 | 0 |
| В | 0 to 3000 | °F | 1 | 107 | 3000 | 0 |
| | 0 to 400 | °C | 1 | 17 | 400 | 0 |
| | 0.0 to 700.0 | °C | 0.1 | 44 | 7000 | 0 |
| E | 0 to 1000 | °C | 1 | 18 | 1000 | 0 |
| | -200.0 to 1000.0 | °C | 0.1 | 51 | 10000 | -2000 |
| | 0 to 1800 | °F | 1 | 108 | 1800 | 0 |
| | 0 to 1300 | °C | 1 | 22 | 1300 | 0 |
| Ν | 0.0 to 1000.0 | °C | 0.1 | 52 | 10000 | 0 |
| | 0 to 2300 | ۴ | 1 | 111 | 2300 | 0 |

Α

| | | | | | | ing when changing out range ^{*1} | |
|--|----------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Thermocouple type | measurement Resolution | | CH⊡ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) | CH□ Upper limit setting limiter, CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value, CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | CHD Lower limit setting limiter, CHD Process alarm lower lower limit value, CHD Process alarm lower upper limit value | | |
| | -200 to 200 | °C | 1 | 26 | 200 | -200 | |
| | 0 to 400 | °C | 1 | 25 | 400 | 0 | |
| U | 0.0 to 600.0 | °C | 0.1 | 46 | 6000 | 0 | |
| | -300 to 400 | ۴ | 1 | 115 | 400 | -300 | |
| | 0 to 700 | ۴ | 1 | 114 | 700 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 400 | °C | 1 | 27 | 400 | 0 | |
| | 0.0 to 400.0 | °C | 0.1 | 47 | 4000 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 900 | °C | 1 | 28 | 900 | 0 | |
| L | 0.0 to 900.0 | °C | 0.1 | 48 | 9000 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 800 | ۴F | 1 | 116 | 800 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 1600 | ۴ | 1 | 117 | 1600 | 0 | |
| PLII | 0 to 1200 | °C | 1 | 23 | 1200 | 0 | |
| PLII | 0 to 2300 | °F | 1 | 112 | 2300 | 0 | |
| | 0 to 2300 | °C | 1 | 24 | 2300 | 0 | |
| W5Re/W26Re | 0 to 3000 | ۴ | 1 | 113 | 3000 | 0 | |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 4000) ^{*2} | 0 to 4000 | digit | 1 | 201 | 4000 | 0 | |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 12000) ^{*2} | 0 to 12000 | digit | 1 | 202 | 12000 | 0 | |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 16000) ^{*2} | 0 to 16000 | digit | 1 | 203 | 16000 | 0 | |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 20000) ^{*2} | 0 to 20000 | digit | 1 | 204 | 20000 | 0 | |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 32000) ^{*2} | 0 to 32000 | digit | 1 | 205 | 32000 | 0 | |

When the input range is changed, the set values in some buffer memory areas are initialized automatically and return to the default value (0). *1

([Page 351, Appendix 2 (12) (d)) *2 Same as the L60TCRT4, L60TCRT4BW

Remark

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For the following mode and channel, CH \Box Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) cannot be set to 201 to 205. If these values are set, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box4_{H}$) occurs.

| | Mode | Corresponding channel | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| Temperature input mode | | CH1 to CH4 | | | |
| Temperature control mode | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | CH3, CH4 | | | |
| Temperature control mode | Mix control (normal mode) | CH2 | | | |
| | | | | | |

A

(b) Setting range of the L60TCRT4, L60TCRT4BW

The following table lists setting values of CH^I Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) and the corresponding platinum resistance thermometer types.

| Platinum | | Celsius | | CHD Input range | Automatic setting the inpu CHD Upper limit | t range ^{*1} CHD Lower limit |
|--|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|---|---|---|
| resistance thermometer type | Temperature measurement range | (°C)/ Fahrenheit (°⊱)/digit | Resolution | (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) | setting limiter, CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value, CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | setting limiter, CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value, CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value |
| | -200.0 to 600.0 | °C | 0.1 | 7 (Default value) | 6000 | -2000 |
| | -200.0 to 200.0 | °C | 0.1 | 8 | 2000 | -2000 |
| Pt100 | -200.0 to 850.0 | °C | 0.1 | 54 | 8500 | -2000 |
| | -300 to 1100 | ۴F | 1 | 141 | 1100 | -300 |
| | -300.0 to 300.0 | ۴ | 0.1 | 143 | 3000 | -3000 |
| | -200.0 to 500.0 | °C | 0.1 | 5 | 5000 | -2000 |
| | -200.0 to 200.0 | °C | 0.1 | 6 | 2000 | -2000 |
| JPt100 | -200.0 to 640.0 | °C | 0.1 | 53 | 6400 | -2000 |
| | -300 to 900 | °F | 1 | 140 | 900 | -300 |
| | -300.0 to 300.0 | °F | 0.1 | 142 | 3000 | -3000 |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 4000) ^{*2} | 0 to 4000 | digit | 1 | 201 | 4000 | 0 |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 12000) ^{*2} | 0 to 12000 | digit | 1 | 202 | 12000 | 0 |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 16000) ^{*2} | 0 to 16000 | digit | 1 | 203 | 16000 | 0 |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 20000) ^{*2} | 0 to 20000 | digit | 1 | 204 | 20000 | 0 |
| Input from other analog modules (0 to 32000) ^{*2} | 0 to 32000 | digit | 1 | 205 | 32000 | 0 |

*1 When the input range is changed, the set values in some buffer memory areas are initialized automatically and return to the default value (0).

(🗇 Page 351, Appendix 2 (12) (d))

*2 Same as the L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW

Remark

For the following mode and channel, CH \Box Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) cannot be set to 201 to 205. If these values are set, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box4_{H}$) occurs.

| | Mode | Corresponding channel |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Temperature input mode | | CH1 to CH4 |
| Tomporaturo control modo | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | CH3, CH4 |
| Temperature control mode | Mix control (normal mode) | CH2 |
| | | |

(c) Resolution

The resolution is applied to the stored values and the set values of particular buffer memory areas as described in the following table.

| Resolution | Stored value | Set value |
|------------|---|--|
| 1 | Value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit is stored. | Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit. |
| 0.1 | Value in 0.1°C ($^\circ\text{F}$) unit (tenfold value) is stored. | Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value). |

For applicable buffer memory areas, refer to the following.

Page 334, Appendix 2 (2)

(d) When "Auto-setting at Input Range Change" is set to "1: Enable" on Switch Setting (∑ Page 108, Section 7.2)

When the input range is changed, the following buffer memory areas are set automatically according to selected temperature sensor. Set the buffer memory areas again if necessary.

| Buffer memory area name | | Buffer mem | Reference | | | |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Buller memory area hame | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelefence | |
| CHD Upper limit setting limiter | Un\G55 | Un\G87 | Un\G119 | Un\G151 | Page 372, Appendix 2 (31) | |
| CHD Lower limit setting limiter | Un\G56 | Un\G88 | Un\G120 | Un\G152 | Page 372, Appendix 2 (31) | |
| CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value | Un\G197 | Un\G213 | Un\G229 | Un\G245 | | |
| CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | Un\G198 | Un\G214 | Un\G230 | Un\G246 | Dago 289 Appandix 2 (54) | |
| CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | Un\G199 | Un\G215 | Un\G231 | Un\G247 | Page 388, Appendix 2 (54 | |
| CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | Un\G200 | Un\G216 | Un\G232 | Un\G248 | | |

At the same time, the following buffer memory areas related to the input range is initialized to the default value (0) automatically. Set the buffer memory areas again if necessary.

| Duffer memory eres nome | | Buffer mem | Reference | | |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| Buffer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CH□ Set value (SV) setting | Un\G34 | Un\G66 | Un\G98 | Un\G130 | Page 354, Appendix 2 (14) |
| CH□ Alert set value 1 | Un\G38 | Un\G70 | Un\G102 | Un\G134 | |
| CH□ Alert set value 2 | Un\G39 | Un\G71 | Un\G103 | Un\G135 | Page 358, Appendix 2 (18) |
| CH□ Alert set value 3 | Un\G40 | Un\G72 | Un\G104 | Un\G136 | Page 556, Appendix 2 (16) |
| CH□ Alert set value 4 | Un\G41 | Un\G73 | Un\G105 | Un\G137 | Ī |
| CH□ AT bias setting | Un\G53 | Un\G85 | Un\G117 | Un\G149 | Page 370, Appendix 2 (29) |
| CH□ Loop disconnection detection dead band | Un\G60 | Un\G92 | Un\G124 | Un\G156 | Page 375, Appendix 2 (34) |
| CHI 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) | Un\G544 | Un\G576 | Un\G608 | Un\G640 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (63) |

Appendix 2 Details of the Buffer Memory

| Buffer memory area name | | Buffer mem | Reference | | |
|---|---------|------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------|
| Burlet memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CHI 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value) | Un\G545 | Un\G577 | Un\G609 | Un\G641 | Page 394, Appendix 2 (64) |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) | Un\G546 | Un\G578 | Un\G610 | Un\G642 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (65) |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value) | Un\G547 | Un\G579 | Un\G611 | Un\G643 | Page 395, Appendix 2 (66) |
| CHD Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data | Un\G731 | Un\G747 | Un\G763 | Un\G779 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (85) |
| CH□ Simultaneous temperature rise dead time | Un\G732 | Un\G748 | Un\G764 | Un\G780 | Page 408, Appendix 2 (86) |

These 19 buffer memory areas are set automatically when the input range is changed and Setting change instruction (YnB) is turned OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(e) When "Auto-setting at Input Range Change" is set to "0: Disable" on Switch Setting (CF Page 108, Section 7.2)

Set values in the buffer memory ([=] Page 351, Appendix 2 (12) (d)) can be out of the setting range. (When the setting range changes according to the change of the input range, the set value before the change can turn out of the range.) In this case, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box \Box 4_{H}$) occurs in the buffer memory area where the value turns out of the setting range. Change the input range after setting each buffer memory area with values within the setting range after the input range change.

(f) Enablement of set contents

Enable the set contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(g) Precautions

Soon after the input range is changed, input temperature may be unstable. Do not start the control until Temperature conversion completion flag (Un\G786) becomes First temperature conversion completed (1_H) .

(13)CH Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) Standard Heatingcooling

Set the mode activated at PID control stop.

(a) Setting range and action of L60TC4

The following table lists the relationship.

○: Executed ×: Not executed

| Mada which can be | Setuctus of CUE Step mode acting | Action | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Mode which can be set | Set value of CH⊡ Stop mode setting (Un\G33, Un\G65, Un\G97, Un\G129) | PID control | Temperature judgment ^{*1} | Alert judgment | | |
| Stop | 0 | × | × | × | | |
| Monitor | 1 | × | 0 | × | | |
| Alert | 2 | × | 0 | 0 | | |

*1 Means that the L60TC4 checks whether the input temperature is in the temperature measurement range set in the input range.

However, action of the L60TC4 differs depending on the following settings.

- CHI Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) ([Page 376, Appendix 2 (35))
- Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) (Page 330, Appendix 1.2 (1))
- PID continuation flag (Un\G169) (Plage 381, Appendix 2 (43))
- CH PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) (Page 333, Appendix 1.2 (7))
- "Output Setting at CPU Stop Error" (Switch Setting) (Page 108, Section 7.2)

For details, refer to the following.

- PID control: Page 150, Section 8.2.7 (7)
- Temperature judgment: Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)
- Alert judgment: Page 166, Section 8.2.11 (5)

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Monitor (1) in all channels.

Point

Default values are set to Monitor (1).

Therefore, channels which temperature sensors are not connected to detect sensor input disconnection and the ALM LED blinks.

When CH Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G127) is set to Unused (1), control of the corresponding channel is not performed. For channels which temperature sensors are not connected to, CH Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) must be set to Unused (1).

(14)CH Set value (SV) setting (Un\G34, Un\G66, Un\G98, Un\G130) Standard Heating cooling

Set the target temperature value of PID control.

(a) Setting range

The setting range is identical to the temperature measurement range of the set input range. ([Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

When a value which is out of the setting range is set, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box \Box 4_{H}$) and the following situations occur.

- Error occurrence flag (Xn2) turns on.
- The error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0).

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHI Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

(Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(15)CH□ Proportional band (P) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131) ^{Standard} CH□ Heating proportional band (Ph) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99,

Un\G131) Heating-cooling

CH□ Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting (Un\G720, Un\G736, Un\G752,

Un\G768) Heating-cooling

Set proportional band (P)/heating proportional band (Ph)/cooling proportional band (Pc) to perform PID control. (In the heating-cooling control, set heating proportional band (Ph) to Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131.)

(a) Setting range

Set the value within the following ranges for the full scale of the set input range. ([Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

- Proportional band (P) setting: 0 to 10000 (0.0% to 1000.0%)
- Heating proportional band (Ph) setting: 0 to 10000 (0.0% to 1000.0%)
- Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting: 1 to 10000 (0.1% to 1000.0%)

Ex. When the value of the buffer memory is set as follows

- CH
 Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (temperature measurement range: -200.0 to 400.0°C)
- CH Proportional band (P) setting (Un\G35, Un\G67, Un\G99, Un\G131): 100 (10.0%)

(Full scale) × (Proportional band (P) setting) = $(400.0^{\circ}C - (-200.0)) \times 0.1 = 60^{\circ}C$ Set the proportional band (P) to $60^{\circ}C$.

(b) Two-position control

Set the proportional band (P)/heating proportional band (Ph) to 0. (The auto tuning cannot be performed.) For details on Two-position control, refer to the following.

Fage 129, Section 8.2.3

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 30 (3.0%) in all channels.

Point P

If the proportional band (P)/heating proportional band (Ph) is set to 0 (0.0%), the auto tuning cannot be performed. To perform the auto tuning, set proportional band (P)/heating proportional band (Ph) to other than 0. For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

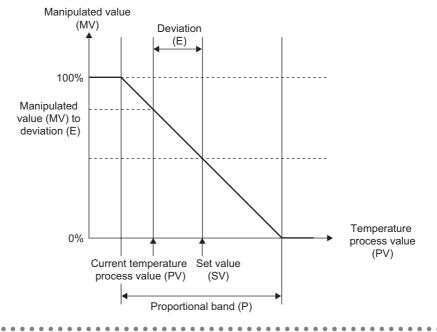
The proportional band (P) is the variation width of deviation (E) necessary for manipulated value (MV) to vary 0% to 100%. The following formula shows the relationship between deviation (E) and manipulated value (MV) in proportional action.

Kp is proportional gain. The following formula shows proportional band (P) in this case.

$$P = \frac{1}{Kp} \cdot 100$$

When the value of the proportional band (P) is increased, the proportional gain (Kp) decreases. Therefore, the manipulated value (MV) for variation of the deviation (E) becomes small.

When the value of proportional band (P) is decreased, the proportional gain (Kp) increases. Therefore, the manipulated value (MV) for variation of the deviation (E) becomes large. The following figure shows the proportional band (P) in reverse action.



(16)CHD Integral time (I) setting (Un\G36, Un\G68, Un\G100, Un\G132)

Set integral time (I) to perform PID control.

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 3600 (0 to 3600s).

(b) In the P control or PD control

Set this setting to 0. For details on control methods, refer to the following. F Page 129, Section 8.2.3

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 240 (240s) in all channels.

(17)CHD Derivative time (D) setting (Un\G37, Un\G69, Un\G101, Un\G133)

Set derivative time (D) to perform PID control.

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 3600 (0 to 3600s).

(b) In the P control or PI control

Set this setting to 0. For details on control methods, refer to the following. $\boxed{3}$ Page 129, Section 8.2.3

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 60 (60s) in all channels.

Α

| (18)CH Alert set value 1 (Un\G38, Un\G70, Un\G102, Un\G134) Standard Heating-cooling |
|--|
| CHD Alert set value 2 (Un\G39, Un\G71, Un\G103, Un\G135) |
| CH□ Alert set value 3 (Un\G40, Un\G72, Un\G104, Un\G136) Standard Heating-cooling |
| CHI Alert set value 4 (Un\G41, Un\G73, Un\G105, Un\G137) Standard Heating-cooling |

Set temperature values where CHD Alert 1 (Un\G5 to Un\G8 of b8) to CHD Alert 4 (Un\G5 to Un\G8 of b11) turn on according to selected alert mode of alert 1 to 4.

For CHD Alert definition (Un\G5 to Un\G8), refer to the following.

Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)

For details on the alert function, refer to the following.

Page 157, Section 8.2.11

(a) Alert mode

Set the alert mode of alert 1 to 4 in the following buffer memory areas. Alert mode of alert 1 to 4 respectively correspond to alert set value 1 to 4.

(b) Setting range

| Buffer memory area | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|
| name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CH□ Alert 1 mode setting | Un\G192 | Un\G208 | Un\G224 | Un\G240 | |
| CH□ Alert 2 mode setting | Un\G193 | Un\G209 | Un\G225 | Un\G241 | – Page 386, Appendix 2 (52) |
| CH□ Alert 3 mode setting | Un\G194 | Un\G210 | Un\G226 | Un\G242 | |
| CH□ Alert 4 mode setting | Un\G195 | Un\G211 | Un\G227 | Un\G243 | |

The setting range differs depending on the setting of the following buffer memory area. (each full scale differs)

• CHD Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128) (Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

Also, the setting range differs depending on alert mode to be set. ([] Page 358, Appendix 2 (18) (a))

| Alert mode | Setting range of alert set value | Remarks |
|--|--|--|
| No alert | | |
| Upper limit input alert, lower limit input alert | Temperature measurement range of the input range | Same as with standby |
| Upper limit deviation alert, lower limit deviation alert, upper limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)), lower limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) | -(full scale) to +(full scale) | Same as with standby and standby (second time) |
| Upper lower limit deviation alert, within-range alert, upper lower limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)), within- range alert (using the set value (SV)) | 0 to +(full scale) | Same as with standby and standby (second time) |

When a value which is out of the setting range is set, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box\Box4_{H}$) and the following situations occur.

- Error occurrence flag (Xn2) turns on.
- The error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0).

(c) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHD Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4). (

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(d) Write data error

In the following case, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box\Box4_{H}$) occurs as well as when the setting is out of the setting value. Error occurrence flag (Xn2) turns on and the error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0).

• When the set value is other than 0 when No alert (0) is set in the alert mode

(e) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

Α

(19)CHD Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) Standard

CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) Standard CH□ Heating upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106,

Un\G138) Heating-cooling

CHI Cooling upper limit output limiter (Un\G721, Un\G737, Un\G753, Un\G769)

Heating-cooling

In the standard control, set upper limit value/lower limit value for actual output of manipulated value (MV) calculated by the PID operation to an external device. In the heating-cooling control, set upper limit value of heating/cooling for actual output of manipulated value for heating (MVh)/manipulated value for cooling (MVc) calculated by the PID operation to an external device. Additionally, Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138 are used for heating in the heating-cooling control. During the auto tuning, setting of Heating upper limit output limiter and Cooling upper limit output limiter are disabled.

(a) Setting range

The following table lists setting range of each buffer memory.

| Buffer memory | Setting range | Remarks | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| CH□ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | | Set the values to lower limit output limiter value < upper limit output limiter value. | | |
| CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) | -50 to 1050 (-5.0% to 105.0%) | When lower limit output limiter value \geq upper limit output limiter value, write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box5_{H}$) occurs. In addition, if the setting is out of the setting value, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box4_{H}$) occurs. When the error occurs, the following situations occur. • Error occurrence flag (Xn2) turns on. • The error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0). | | |
| CH□ Heating upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | | If the setting is out of the setting value, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box4_{H}$) occurs. When the error | | |
| CH□ Cooling upper limit output limiter (Un\G721, Un\G737, Un\G753, Un\G769) | 0 to 1050 (0.0% to 105.0%) | occurs, the following situations occur. • Error occurrence flag (Xn2) turns on. • The error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0). | | |

Point P

In the standard control, CH
 Cooling upper limit output limiter (Un\G721, Un\G737, Un\G753, Un\G769) is invalid even it
 is set.

● In the heating-cooling control, lower limit value is not used. When CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) is set to other than 0, a write data error (error code: □□□2_H) occurs.

(b) Two-position control (Page 129, Section 8.2.3 (1))

The following table lists Enable/Disable of the setting.

| Buffer memory | Enable/Disable of the setting in the two- position control | |
|---|---|--|
| CH□ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | Disable | |
| CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) | Disable | |
| CH□ Heating upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | Enable | |
| CH□ Cooling upper limit output limiter (Un\G721, Un\G737, Un\G753, Un\G769) | | |

(c) Manual control (Page 139, Section 8.2.5)

The following table lists Enable/Disable of the setting.

| Buffer memory | Enable/Disable of the setting in the manual control | Remarks | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| CH□ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | Enable | When an output exceeds the upper limit output limiter value, the manipulated value (MV) of the manual control is fixed (clipped) to the upper limit output limiter value that is set. When an output | | |
| CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) | | falls below the lower limit output limiter value, the manipulated value (MV) of the manual control is fixed (clipped) to the lower limit output limiter value that is set. | | |
| CH□ Heating upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | Disable | | | |
| CH□ Cooling upper limit output limiter (Un\G721, Un\G737, Un\G753, Un\G769) | Disdule | | | |

(d) Default value

The following table lists the default value of each buffer memory area.

| Buffer memory | Default value |
|---|---------------|
| CH□ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | 1000 (100.0%) |
| CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) | 0 (0.0%) |
| CH□ Heating upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | 1000 (100 0%) |
| CH□ Cooling upper limit output limiter (Un\G721, Un\G737, Un\G753, Un\G769) | 1000 (100.0%) |

(20)CHD Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140)

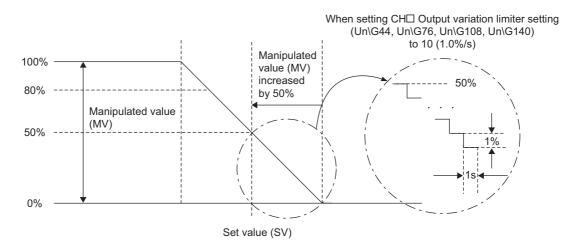


Set the limit of an output variation per 1s to regulate a rapid change of the manipulated value (MV).

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 or 1 to 1000 (0.1%/s to 100.0%/s). When 0 is set, an output variation is not regulated.

- Ex. When the value of the buffer memory is set as follows
 - CH□ Output variation limiter setting (Un\G44, Un\G76, Un\G108, Un\G140): 10(1.0%/s) If the manipulated value (MV) rapidly changes by 50%, the variation is regulated to 1%/s. Therefore, it takes 50s until the output actually changes by 50%.



- (b) Two-position control (Page 129, Section 8.2.3 (1)) The setting is invalid.
- (c) Manual control (Page 139, Section 8.2.5)

The setting is enabled.

(d) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(21)CH Sensor correction value setting (Un\G45, Un\G77, Un\G109, Un\G141)

Set the correction value when measured temperature and actual temperature are different. For details on the sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 223, Section 8.3.2

(a) Setting range

Set the value within the range -5000 to 5000 (-50.00% to 50.00%) of the full scale of the set input range. ([] Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

(b) Enablement of setting contents

When 1-point sensor compensation (standard) (0_H) is set in Sensor compensation function selection (Un\G785), the setting contents is enabled. ([] = Page 413, Appendix 2 (91))

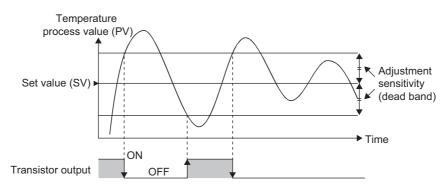
(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (0.00%) in all channels.

(22)CHD Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting (Un\G46, Un\G78, Un\G110,

Un\G142) Standard Heating-cooling

To prevent a chattering in the two-position control, set the adjustment sensitivity (dead band) for the set value (SV).



For details on the two-position control, refer to the following.

Page 129, Section 8.2.3

(a) Setting range

Set the value within the range 1 to 100 (0.1% to 10.0%) of the full scale of the set input range. (FFP Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

Ex. When the value of the buffer memory is set as follows

- CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (temperature measurement range: -200.0 to 400.0°C)
- CH□ Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting (Un\G46, Un\G78, Un\G110, Un\G142): 10 (1.0%) (Full scale) × (Adjustment sensitivity (dead band) setting) = (400.0°C (-200.0)) × 0.01 = 6.0°C The dead band is the set value (SV) ±6.0°C.

(b) Default value

The default values are set to 5 (0.5%) in all channels.

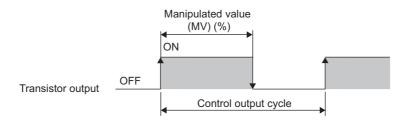
(23)CH^{II} Control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143) Standard CH^{II} Heating control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143)



CHI Cooling control output cycle setting (Un\G722, Un\G738, Un\G754,

Un\G770) Heating-cooling

Set the pulse cycle (ON/OFF cycle) of the transistor output. In the heating-cooling control, the output cycle of the heating control and cooling control can be set individually. Additionally, Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143 are used for heating in the heating-cooling control.



The ON time of the control output cycle is determined by multiplying the control output cycle by the manipulated value $(MV)^{*1}$ (%) calculated by PID operation. If the manipulated value $(MV)^{*1}$ is constant, a pulse of the same cycle is output repeatedly.

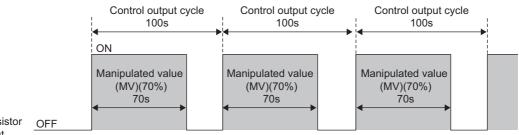
*1 For the heating control output cycle, the manipulated value for heating (MVh) is used. For the cooling control output cycle, manipulated value for cooling (MVc) is used.

Ex. When 700 (70%) is stored in CH□ Manipulated value (MV) (Un\G13 to Un\G16) and the value of the buffer memory is set as follows

• CH□ Control output cycle setting (Un\G47, Un\G79, Un\G111, Un\G143): 100 (100s) 100s × 0.7 (70%) = 70s

The ON time is 70s.

The transistor output turns on for 70s and off for 30s per 100s.



Transistor output

(a) Setting range

- When the control output cycle unit selection setting on Switch Setting is set to the cycle of 1s: 1 to 100 (1s to 100s)
- When the control output cycle unit selection setting on Switch Setting is set to the cycle of 0.1s: 5 to 1000 (0.5s to 100.0s)

For details on the control output cycle unit selection setting function, refer to the following.

Page 140, Section 8.2.6

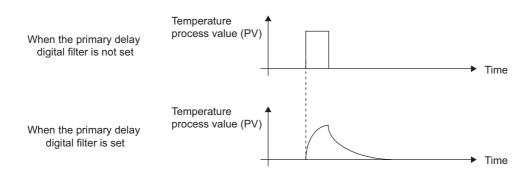
(b) Default value

Common

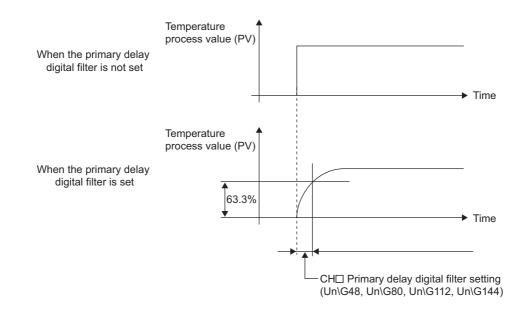
- When the control output cycle unit selection setting on Switch Setting is set to the cycle of 1s: 30 (30s)
- When the control output cycle unit selection setting on Switch Setting is set to the cycle of 0.1s: 300 (30.0s)

(24)CH Primary delay digital filter setting (Un\G48, Un\G80, Un\G112, Un\G144)

The temperature process values (PV) are smoothed and sudden changes are absorbed by using the primary delay digital filter.



The time for the temperature process value (PV) to change by 63.3% can be set by the primary delay digital filter setting (filter setting time).



(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 or 1 to 100 (1s to 100s). When 0 is set, the primary delay digital filter processing is not performed.

(b) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(25)CHI Control response parameter (Un\G49, Un\G81, Un\G113, Un\G145)

Standard Heating-cooling

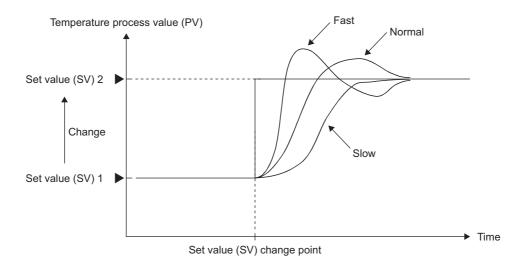
In the simple two-degree-of-freedom PID control, select the response speed to the change of the set value (SV) from the following three levels: Slow, Normal, and Fast.

For details on the simple two-degree-of-freedom, refer to the following.

Page 153, Section 8.2.8

(a) Setting range

| Set value | Setting contents | Description |
|-----------|------------------|---|
| 0 | Slow | Set Slow when reducing an overshoot and undershoot to the change of the set value (SV). However, the settling time is the longest of the three settings. |
| 1 | Normal | Normal has features between Slow and Fast. |
| 2 | Fast | Set Fast when speeding up the response to the change of the set value (SV). However, an overshoot and undershoot is the largest of the three settings. |



(b) Default value

The default values are set to Slow (0) in all channels.

(26)CHD AUTO/MAN mode shift (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146) Standard

Select whether to calculate the manipulated value (MV) by PID operation or to set it manually by the user.

(a) Setting range

| Set value | Setting contents | Description |
|-----------|---------------------|---|
| 0 | AUTO | Activates the AUTO mode. The manipulated value (MV) calculated by PID operation is used to calculate the ON time of the control cycle. |
| 1 | MAN | Activates the MAN mode. The manipulated value (MV) written in CH□ MAN output setting (Un\G51, Un\G83, Un\G115, Un\G147) is used to calculate the ON time of the control output cycle. |

(b) When AUTO mode is shifted to MAN mode

The following operation is performed.

- The manipulated value (MV) calculated by PID operation is transferred to CHD MAN output setting (Un\G51, Un\G83, Un\G115, Un\G147). (For preventing a rapid change of the manipulated value (MV))
- When the shift to the MAN mode is completed, bits of the corresponding channel of MAN mode shift completion flag (Un\G30) are set to MAN mode shift completed (1).

| AUTO/MAN mode | AUTO mode | MAN mode |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|
| CH⊟ AUTO/MAN mode switching (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146) | AUTO (0) | MAN (1) |
| Man mode shift completion flag (Un\G30) | MAN mode shift ` uncompleted (0) | MAN mode shift completed (1) MAN mode shift uncompleted (0) |

----> Executed by the L60TC4

Point P

Set the manipulated value (MV) in MAN mode after confirming completion of the mode shift.

(c) When performing auto tuning

Set to AUTO (0). If MAN (1) is set, the auto tuning is not performed.

(d) Default value

The default values are set to AUTO (0) in all channels.

(27)CH MAN output setting (Un\G51, Un\G83, Un\G115, Un\G147) Standard Heating cooling

This buffer memory area is used for setting the manipulated value (MV) in the MAN mode.

(a) How to shift the mode

Shift the mode by the following buffer memory area.

• CHI AUTO/MAN mode shift (Un\G50, Un\G82, Un\G114, Un\G146) ([] Page 367, Appendix 2 (26))

(b) Setting range

The setting range is different between the standard control and the heating-cooling control. (Page 126, Section 8.2.1)

- In standard control: -50 to 1050 (-5.0 to 105.0%)
- In heating-cooling control: -1050 to 1050 (-105.0 to 105.0%)

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Make sure the corresponding bits of MAN mode shift completion flag (Un\G30) has been set to 1 (ON) and write a value in the MAN output setting.

A value that is written when MAN mode shift completion flag is OFF will be replaced with the manipulated value (MV) calculated by PID operation by the system.

(d) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (0.0%) in all channels.

(28)CH Setting change rate limiter (Un\G52, Un\G84, Un\G116, Un\G148)

Standard Heating-cooling

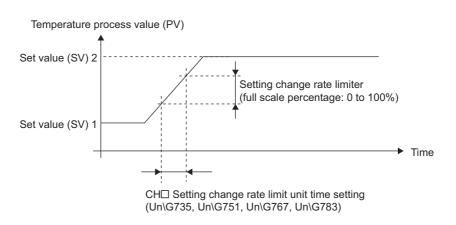
CHD Setting change rate limiter (temperature rise) (Un\G52, Un\G84, Un\G116,

Un\G148) Standard Heating-cooling

CH□ Setting change rate limiter (temperature drop) (Un\G564, Un\G596,

Un\G628, Un\G660) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the change rate of the set value (SV) per a set time unit when the set value (SV) is changed. This setting can regulate a rapid change of the manipulated value (MV). Set a time unit in CH Setting change rate limiter time unit setting (Un\G735, Un\G751, Un\G767, Un\G783). (



(a) Batch/individual setting of temperature rise and temperature drop

Setting change rate limiter for the temperature rise and the temperature drop can be set in a batch or individually. Select it on Switch Setting.

For details on the setting method, refer to the following.

Page 108, Section 7.2

When setting change rate limiter is set individually, Un\G52, Un\G84, Un\G116, Un\G148 is for the temperature rise. The following table lists the buffer memory areas to be referred to.

| Batch/Individual | Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | |
|------------------|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Batchiniuvidual | Buner memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
| Batch | CH□ Setting change rate limiter | Un\G52 | Un\G84 | Un\G116 | Un\G148 |
| | CH□ Setting change rate limiter (temperature rise) | Un\G52 | Un\G84 | Un\G116 | Un\G148 |
| Individual | CHD Setting change rate limiter (temperature drop) | Un\G564 | Un\G596 | Un\G628 | Un\G660 |

For details on the function, refer to the following.

Page 155, Section 8.2.10

(b) Setting range

Set 0 or the value within the range of 1 to 1000 (0.1% to 100.0%) toward the full scale of the set input range. When 0 is set, the setting is disabled.

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

Α

(29)CH AT bias setting (Un\G53, Un\G85, Un\G117, Un\G149) Standard Heating cooling

The point set as the set value (SV) in the auto tuning can be rearranged by using this buffer memory area. The auto tuning function determines each PID constant by performing the two-position control toward the set value (SV) and making a temperature process value (PV) hunting.

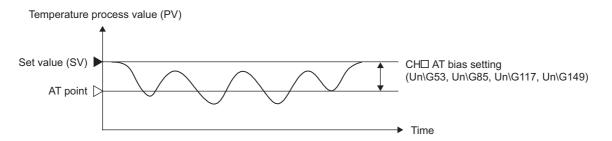
Set CHI AT bias setting (Un\G53, Un\G85, Un\G117, Un\G149) when an overshoot caused by the hunting is improper.

The auto tuning is performed with having the AT point (the point rearranged by the setting) as its center. When the auto tuning is completed, the L60TC4 performs a control toward the set value (SV) to which the value set in the AT bias is added, not the set value (SV) itself.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

Ex. When AT bias is set to minus value (reverse action)



(a) Setting range

Ex. When the value of the buffer memory is set as follows

• CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (temperature measurement range -200.0 to 400.0°C, resolution: 0.1)

The setting range is -6000 to 6000.

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHI Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(d) Precautions

For CH AT bias setting (Un\G53, Un\G85, Un\G117, Un\G149), set the range where PID operation fluctuates slightly and the control result get no effect.

Depending on the controlled object, accurate PID constants may not be obtained.

(30)CHD Forward/reverse action setting (Un\G54, Un\G86, Un\G118, Un\G150)



Select whether to use channels in the forward action or reverse action. Select the forward action for the cooling control. Select the reverse action for the heating control. For details on the forward action/reverse action selection function, refer to the following.

(a) Setting range

- 0: Forward action
- 1: Reverse action

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Reverse action (1) in all channels.

Α

(31)CHD Upper limit setting limiter (Un\G55, Un\G87, Un\G119, Un\G151)

Standard Heating-cooling

CHI Lower limit setting limiter (Un\G56, Un\G88, Un\G120, Un\G152)

Standard Heating-cooling

Upper/lower limit value of the set value (SV) can be set.

(a) Setting range

The setting range is identical to the temperature measurement range of the set input range. (PP Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

The setting should meet the following conditions.

- CHI Lower limit setting limiter (Un\G56, Un\G88, Un\G120, Un\G152)
 - < CHI Upper limit setting limiter (Un\G55, Un\G87, Un\G119, Un\G151)

If the above conditions are not met, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box5_{H}$) occurs.

| | it setting limiter Jn\G120, Un\G152) | | nit setting limiter Un\G119, Un\G151) |
|-------------------|---|--------------|--|
| Input lower limit | - | | Input upper limit |
| | Set value (SV) s | etting range | |

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CH \Box Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4). (\Box Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- (Page 354, Appendix 2 (2))
 - No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C ($^\circ \! F$ or digit) unit.
 - One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Default value

A default value differs depending on modules to be used.

| Buffer memory | Default value | | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Bullet memory | L60TCTT4/L60TCTT4BW | L60TCRT4/L60TCRT4BW | | |
| CH□ Upper limit setting limiter (Un\G55, Un\G87, Un\G119, Un\G151) | 1300 | 6000 | | |
| CH□ Lower limit setting limiter (Un\G56, Un\G88, Un\G120, Un\G152) | 0 | -2000 | | |

(32)CH Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154)

Standard Heating-cooling

Set the set value in heater disconnection detection and off-time current error detection in percentage of the reference heater current value.

For details on the heater disconnection detection function, refer to the following.

Page 215, Section 8.2.24

For details on the output off-time current error detection function, refer to the following.

Fage 220, Section 8.2.25

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- · L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 100 (%).

Ex. To generate Heater disconnection alert with the following conditions

- CT□ Reference heater current value (Un\G280 to Un\G287): 100 (10.0A)
- When CT□ Heater current process value (Un\G256 to Un\G263) is 80 (8.0A) or less, set CH□ Heater disconnection alert setting (Un\G58, Un\G90, Un\G122, Un\G154) to 80 (%).

Heater disconnection = 100 - alert setting $= 100 - \frac{100 - 80}{100} \times 100 = 80(\%)$

When 0 is set, heater disconnection detection and off-time current error detection are not performed.

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (%) in all channels.

(33)CHI Loop disconnection detection judgment time (Un\G59, Un\G91, Un\G123,

Un\G155) Standard

Errors such as disconnection of resistors, malfunction of an external controller, and errors of the control system due to troubles such as disconnection of the sensor can be detected by the loop disconnection detection function.

If temperature does not change by 2°C (°F) or more in the Loop disconnection detection judgment time, a loop disconnection is detected.

For details on the loop disconnection detection function, refer to the following.

Page 204, Section 8.2.19

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 7200 (s).

Set a value that exceeds the time in which temperature changes by 2°C (°F).

(b) When performing auto tuning

For this setting, the twice value of that of CH□ Integral time (I) setting (Un\G36, Un\G68, Un\G100, Un\G132) is automatically set. (Page 357, Appendix 2 (16)) However, when this setting is set to 0 (s) at the start of the auto tuning, Loop disconnection detection judgment time is not stored.

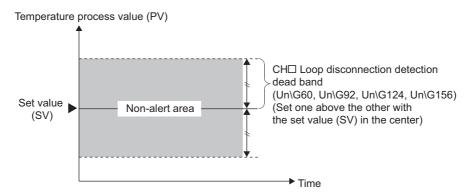
(c) Default value

The default values are set to 480 (s) in all channels.

(34)CHI Loop disconnection detection dead band (Un\G60, Un\G92, Un\G124,

Un\G156) Standard

To prevent an error alarm of Loop disconnection detection, set a non-alert band (temperature band in which the loop disconnection is not detected) where the set value (SV) is at the center.



For details on the loop disconnection detection function, refer to the following.

Page 204, Section 8.2.19

(a) Setting range

The setting range is identical to the temperature measurement range of the set input range. ([Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

Ex. When the value of the buffer memory is set as follows

- CHD Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 38 (resolution: 0.1)
- CH□ Loop disconnection detection dead band (Un\G60, Un\G92, Un\G124, Un\G156): 50 (Loop disconnection detection dead band set value) × (resolution) = 50 × 0.1 = 5.0°C

Within the range of the set value (SV) ±5.0°C, Loop disconnection is not detected.

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHD Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4). (

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(35)CH Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) Standard Heating cooling

Set this buffer memory area when treating channels that do not control temperature or are not connected with temperature sensors as "Unused". Setting them as unused channels stops detection of an alert. For details on the unused channel setting, refer to the following.

Page 106, Section 6.6

(a) Setting range

- 0: Use
- 1: Unused

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Use (0) in all channels.

(c) ON of Default setting registration instruction (Yn9) (Page 332, Appendix 1.2 (5))

When Default setting registration instruction (Yn9) is turn on from off, CH□ Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is reset to Use (0).

Channels that do not control temperature or are not connected to temperature sensors needs to be set as unused channels again after settings of other buffer memory areas and non-volatile memories return to the default values. Set CHI Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) to Unused (1) again.

(36)CH Memory of PID constants read instruction (Un\G62, Un\G94, Un\G126,

Un\G158) Standard Heating-cooling

PID constants are read from a non-volatile memory and stored in the buffer memory by using this instruction. Setting this buffer memory area to Requested (1) stores the value backed up in the non-volatile memory in the buffer memory.

(a) buffer memory areas to store set value of non-volatile memory

The following table lists the buffer memory areas whose set value is read.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Buner memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelelelice | |
| CHD Proportional band (P) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | | |
| CHD Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) | |
| CH□ Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | Un\G720 | Un\G736 | Un\G752 | Un\G768 | 1 | |
| CH□ Integral time (I) setting | Un\G36 | Un\G68 | Un\G100 | Un\G132 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) | |
| CH□ Derivative time (D) setting | Un\G37 | Un\G69 | Un\G101 | Un\G133 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) | |
| CHD Loop disconnection detection judgment time | Un\G59 | Un\G91 | Un\G123 | Un\G155 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) | |

(b) Setting range

- 0: Not requested
- 1: Requested

(c) Default value

The default values are set to Not requested (0) in all channels.

(d) Precautions

When Requested (1) is set, do not perform the following operations. An incorrect value may be stored in the non-volatile memory.

- Change of the set value of the buffer memory read from the non-volatile memory by this instruction (
- Memory back up (Page 235, Section 8.3.4)
- Default setting registration (Page 332, Appendix 1.2 (5))
- Auto tuning (Page 141, Section 8.2.7)

Point P

- When the initial setting by a programming tool is already configured, PID constants should be backed up to a non-volatile memory after the auto tuning. Turning on this instruction at the next start-up can omits the auto tuning.
- This instruction is enabled in the setting mode or operation mode. (Page 324, Appendix 1.1 (2)) However, it is disabled when CH□ Auto tuning instruction (Yn4 to Yn7) is ON. (Page 141, Section 8.2.7)

(37)CHD Automatic backup setting after auto tuning of PID constants (Un\G63,

Un\G95, Un\G127, Un\G159) Standard Heating-cooling

The set value to be stored in the buffer memory is automatically backed up to a non-volatile memory by using this function. By reading the set value that is backed up, when the power is turned on from off or the CPU module is released from the reset status, another auto tuning can be omitted.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

(a) buffer memory areas whose set value is backed up to a non-volatile memory

The following table lists the buffer memory areas whose setting is backed up.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|--|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------------------------|
| Burler memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CHD Proportional band (P) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | |
| CHD Heating proportional band (Ph) setting | Un\G35 | Un\G67 | Un\G99 | Un\G131 | Page 355, Appendix 2 (15) |
| CH□ Cooling proportional band (Pc) setting | Un\G720 | Un\G736 | Un\G752 | Un\G768 | |
| CH□ Integral time (I) setting | Un\G36 | Un\G68 | Un\G100 | Un\G132 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (16) |
| CH□ Derivative time (D) setting | Un\G37 | Un\G69 | Un\G101 | Un\G133 | Page 357, Appendix 2 (17) |
| CHD Loop disconnection detection judgment time | Un\G59 | Un\G91 | Un\G123 | Un\G155 | Page 374, Appendix 2 (33) |

(b) Setting range

- 0: Disable
- 1: Enable

(c) Default value

The default values are set to Disable (0) in all channels.

(d) Precautions

When Enable (1) is set, do not perform the following operations. An incorrect value may be stored in the non-volatile memory.

- · Changing the set value of the buffer memory
- Memory back up (
 Page 235, Section 8.3.4)
- Default setting registration (Page 332, Appendix 1.2 (5))
- Change to Disable (0) during the auto tuning

(38) Alert dead band setting (Un\G164) Standard Heating coolin

This setting is for using the alarm function.

For details on the alert function, refer to the following.

Page 157, Section 8.2.11

(a) Setting range

Set the value within the range 0 to 100 (0.0% to 10.0%) of the full scale of the set input range. (FFP Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

Ex. When the value of the buffer memory is set as follows

- · CH□ Input range (Un\G32, Un\G64, Un\G96, Un\G128): 2 (temperature measurement range 0 to 1300°C)
- Alert dead band setting (Un\G164): 5 (0.5%) (Full scale) × (Alert dead band) = (1300°C - 0°C) × 0.005 = 6.5°C The dead band is the alert set value (SV) ±6.5°C.

(b) Default value

The default value is set to 5 (0.5%).

(39) Number of alert delay (Un\G165) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the number of sampling for an alert judgment.

By setting number of sampling, when the temperature process value (PV) stays within the alert area until the number of sampling exceeds the number of alert delay, the alert status will be active.

For details on the alert function, refer to the following.

Page 157, Section 8.2.11

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 255 (times).

(b) Default value

The default value is set to 0 (times).

(40)Heater disconnection/output off-time current error detection delay count

(Un\G166) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the limit value for consecutive heater disconnection detections and output off-time current error detections so that the errors exceeding the limit value triggers an alert judgment.

For details on the heater disconnection detection function, refer to the following.

Page 215, Section 8.2.24

For details on the output off-time current error detection function, refer to the following.

Page 220, Section 8.2.25

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

The setting range is 3 to 255 (times).

(c) Default value

The default value is set to 3 (times).

(41) Temperature rise completion range setting (Un\G167) Standard Heating cooling

Set the vertical range of the temperature rise completion range.

When the temperature process value (PV) meets the following conditions, the temperature rise is completed.

 Set value (SV) - Temperature rise completion range ≤ Temperature process value (PV) ≤ Set value (SV) + Temperature rise completion range

| Temperature rise | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| completion range (+) | Setting value | 1 |
| Set value (SV) | | Temperature rise judgment range |
| Temperature rise completion range (-) | | |

When CH \Box Temperature process value (PV) (Un\G9 to Un\G12) enters the temperature rise judgment range, CH \Box Temperature rise judgment flag (Un\G17 to Un\G20) is set to Within temperature rise completion range (1). (Set the time from the temperature rise completion to Within temperature rise completion range (1) in Temperature rise completion soak time setting (Un\G168).)

(a) Setting range

- When the temperature unit of the input range is °C: 1 to 10 (°C)
- When the temperature unit of the Input range is °F: 1 to 10 (°F)
- Other than above: 1 to 10 (%) of the full scale

(b) Default value

The default value is set to 1.

(42) Temperature rise completion soak time setting (Un\G168) Standard Hating cooling

Set the delay time for CHD Temperature rise judgment flag (Un\G17 to Un\G20) (Page 340, Appendix 2 (6)) to be set to Within temperature rise completion range (1).

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 3600 (min).

(b) Default value

The default value is set to 0 (min).

(43)PID continuation flag (Un\G169) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the operation status at the time when the mode has shifted from the operation mode to the setting mode (Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) $ON \rightarrow OFF$).

For details on the relationship between this flag and the control status, refer to the following.

- PID control: 🕞 Page 134, Section 8.2.3 (6)
- Temperature judgment: Page 336, Appendix 2 (3)
- Alert judgment: Page 166, Section 8.2.11 (5)

(a) Setting range

- 0: Stop
- 1: Continue

(b) Default value

The default value is set to Stop (0).

(44)Heater disconnection correction function selection (Un\G170) Standard Heating coolin

Set whether to use the heater disconnection correction function or not.

For details on the heater disconnection correction function, refer to the following.

Page 217, Section 8.2.24 (3)

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- · L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

- 0: Not use the heater disconnection correction function
- 1: Use the heater disconnection correction function

(c) Default value

The default value is set to Not use the heater disconnection correction function (0).

(45) Transistor output monitor ON delay time setting (Un\G175) Standard Heating cooling

Set the delay time of the ON delay output flag.

Set this buffer memory area to perform the heater disconnection detection with an input module. For ON delay output flag, refer to the following.

Page 341, Appendix 2 (7)

For details on the ON delay output function, refer to the following.

Page 174, Section 8.2.14

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 or 1 to 50 (10 to 500ms). When 0 is set, ON delay output flag is not set to 1 (ON).

(b) Default value

The default value is set to 0.

(46)CT monitor method switching (Un\G176) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the method for performing the heater current measurement.

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

- 0: ON current/OFF current
- 1: ON current

When ON current/OFF current (0) is set, the present current value of the current sensor (CT) is measured. Selecting ON current (1) fixes the current value of the heater being OFF as the current value of the heater previously being ON.

(c) Default value

The default value is set to ON current/OFF current (0).

(47)CHD Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module (Un\G177

to Un\G180) Standard

CHD Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog

module (Un\G177 to Un\G180) Heating-cooling

CHD Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog

module (Un\G708 to Un\G711) Heating-cooling

The values stored in the following buffer memory areas are converted for other analog modules such as a D/A converter module and stored in these buffer memory areas.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|---|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------------------------|
| Builer memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Kelefence |
| CH□ Manipulated value (MV) | Un\G13 | Un\G14 | Un\G15 | Un\G16 | |
| CH□ Manipulated value for heating (MVh) | Un\G13 | Un\G14 | Un\G15 | Un\G16 | Page 339, Appendix 2 (5) |
| CH□ Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) | Un\G704 | Un\G705 | Un\G706 | Un\G707 | |

Un\G177 to Un\G180 are used for heating in the heating-cooling control.

The store range differs depending on the resolution set in the following buffer memory area. (0 to 4000/0 to 12000/0 to 16000/0 to 20000)

• Resolution of the manipulated value for output with another analog module (Un\G181) (Page 384, Appendix 2 (48))

For details, refer to the following.

Frage 173, Section 8.2.13 (2)

Point

When the device which performs heating or cooling can receive only the analog input, use other analog modules (such as D/A converter module) to convert the digital output to the analog input.

(48)Resolution of the manipulated value for output with another analog module

(Un\G181) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the resolution of the following buffer memory areas. (FP Page 339, Appendix 2 (5))

- CHD Manipulated value (MV) (Un\G13 to Un\G16)
- CHD Manipulated value for heating (MVh) (Un\G13 to Un\G16)
- CHI Manipulated value for cooling (MVc) (Un\G704 to Un\G707)

For details, refer to the following.

Page 173, Section 8.2.13 (2)

(a) Setting range

- 0: 0 to 4000
- 1: 0 to 12000
- 2:0 to 16000
- 3: 0 to 20000

The manipulated value (MV) reflecting the resolution is stored in the following buffer memory areas.

- (Page 383, Appendix 2 (47))
 - CHI Manipulated value (MV) for output with another analog module (Un\G177 to Un\G180)
 - CHI Manipulated value of heating (MVh) for output with another analog module (Un\G177 to Un\G180)
 - CHD Manipulated value of cooling (MVc) for output with another analog module (Un\G708 to Un\G711)

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default value is set to 0 to 4000 (0).

(49)Cold junction temperature compensation selection (Un\G182)

Select whether to perform the cold junction temperature compensation using a standard terminal block or not to perform the cold junction temperature compensation.

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4
- L60TCTT4BW

(b) Setting range

- 0:Use Standard Terminal Block
- 1: This setting cannot be used.
- 2: Not use cold junction temperature compensation

(c) Default value

The default value is set to Use Standard Terminal Block (0).

(50)Control switching monitor (Un\G183) Common

The setting contents of the mode selection set on Switch Setting are stored in this buffer memory area. The mode in operation can be confirmed.

The following table lists the stored value and the contents.

| Stored value | Mode | | | |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Stored value | | Control mode | | |
| 0 _H | | Standard control | | |
| 1 _H | Temperature control mode | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | | |
| 2 _H | | Heating-cooling control (expanded mode) | | |
| 3 _H | | Mix control (normal mode) | | |
| 4 _H | | Mix control (expanded mode) | | |
| 100 _H | Temperature input mode | • | | |

Select the mode on Switch Setting.

For details on the setting method, refer to the following.

Page 108, Section 7.2

For details on the modes, refer to the following.

Page 116, Section 8.1, Page 126, Section 8.2.1

(51)CH Auto tuning mode selection (Un\G184 to Un\G187) Standard Heating-cooling

Select the auto tuning mode from the following two modes according to the controlled object to be used.

| Auto tuning mode | Description |
|--------------------|---|
| Standard mode | The standard mode is appropriate for most controlled objects. This mode is especially suitable for controlled objects that have an extremely slow response speed or can be affected by noise or disturbance. However, PID constants of slow response (low gain) may be calculated from controlled objects whose ON time or OFF time in the auto tuning is only around 10s. In this case, PID constants of fast response can be calculated by selecting the high response mode and performing the auto tuning. |
| High response mode | This mode is suitable for controlled objects whose ON time or OFF time in the auto tuning is only around 10s. PID constants of fast response (high gain) can be calculated. However, the temperature process value (PV) may oscillates near the set value (SV) because of the too high gain of the PID constants calculated. In this case, select the normal mode and perform the auto tuning. |

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

(a) Setting range

- 0: Standard mode
- 1: High response mode

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Standard mode (0) in all channels.

| (52 | 2)CH Alert 1 mode setting (Un\G192, Un\G208, Un\G224, Un\G240) Standard Heating-cooling |
|-----|---|
| | CHD Alert 2 mode setting (Un\G193, Un\G209, Un\G225 Un\G241) Standard Heating-cooling |
| | CHD Alert 3 mode setting (Un\G194, Un\G210, Un\G226, Un\G242) Standard Halingcooling |
| | CH Alert 4 mode setting (Un\G195, Un\G211, Un\G227, Un\G243) Standard Heating-cooling |
| | Set the alert mode of alert 1 to 4. |
| | |

For details on the alert function, refer to the following.

Page 157, Section 8.2.11

(a) Alert mode and alert set value

Any alert set value can be set in each alert mode of alert 1 to 4 selected in this setting. Set the alert set value 1 to 4 in the following buffer memory areas. Alert set values 1 to 4 respectively correspond to alert modes of alert 1 to 4.

| Buffer memory area name | Buffer memory address | | | | Reference |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------|---------|---------|-----------------------------|
| Buller memory area name | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | Reference |
| CH□ Alert set value 1 | Un\G38 | Un\G70 | Un\G102 | Un\G134 | |
| CH□ Alert set value 2 | Un\G39 | Un\G71 | Un\G103 | Un\G135 | - Page 358, Appendix 2 (18) |
| CH□ Alert set value 3 | Un\G40 | Un\G72 | Un\G104 | Un\G136 | |
| CH□ Alert set value 4 | Un\G41 | Un\G73 | Un\G105 | Un\G137 | |

(b) Setting range

The following table lists set values and setting ranges which are available for alert set values set in each alert mode.

| Set | Alert mode | Setting range of alert set value | | |
|-------|--|---|--|--|
| value | Alert mode | Setting range of alert set value | | |
| 0 | - (no alert) | — | | |
| 1 | Upper limit input alert | Within the temperature measurement range of the set input range | | |
| 2 | Lower limit input alert | (🗇 Page 345, Appendix 2 (12)) | | |
| 3 | Upper limit deviation alert | | | |
| 4 | Lower limit deviation alert | -(full scale) to +(full scale) | | |
| 5 | Upper lower limit deviation alert | | | |
| 6 | Within-range alert | 0 to +(full scale) | | |
| 7 | Upper limit input alert with standby | Within the temperature measurement range of the set input range | | |
| 8 | Lower limit input alert with standby | (🗇 Page 345, Appendix 2 (12)) | | |
| 9 | Upper limit deviation alert with standby | -(full scale) to +(full scale) | | |
| 10 | Lower limit deviation alert with standby | | | |
| 11 | Upper lower limit deviation alert with standby | 0 to +(full scale) | | |
| 12 | Upper limit deviation alert with standby (second time) | -(full scale) to +(full scale) | | |
| 13 | Lower limit deviation alert with standby (second time) | | | |
| 14 | Upper lower limit deviation alert with standby (second time) | 0 to +(full scale) | | |
| 15 | Upper limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) | | | |
| 16 | Lower limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) | -(full scale) to +(full scale) | | |
| 17 | Upper lower limit deviation alert (using the set value (SV)) | | | |
| 18 | Within-range alert (using the set value (SV)) | 0 to +(full scale) | | |

| Set value | Alert mode | Setting range of alert set value |
|--------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 19 | Upper limit deviation alert with standby (using the set value (SV)) | -(full scale) to +(full scale) |
| 20 | Lower limit deviation alert with standby (using the set value (SV)) | |
| 21 | Upper lower limit deviation alert with standby (using the set value (SV)) | 0 to +(full scale) |
| 22 | Upper limit deviation alert with standby (second time) (using the set value (SV)) | -(full scale) to +(full scale) |
| 23 | Lower limit deviation alert with standby (second time) (using the set value (SV)) | |
| 24 | Upper lower limit deviation alert with standby (second time) (using the set value (SV)) | 0 to +(full scale) |

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

When the set value is out of the range, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box\Box_{H}$) occurs, and the L60TC4 operates with the previous set value. Turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF after the error occurrence and setting a value within the range operate the L60TC4 with the new set value.

(d) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(53)CH Process alarm alert output enable/disable setting (Un\G196, Un\G212,

Un\G228, Un\G244)

Set whether to enable or disable alert output of process alarm. For details on the process alarm, refer to the following.

Page 120, Section 8.1.3 (1)

(a) Setting range

- 0: Enable
- 1: Disable

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to Disable (1) in all channels.

(54)CH Process alarm lower lower limit value (Un\G197, Un\G213, Un\G229,

Un\G245) Temperature Input

CHD Process alarm lower upper limit value (Un\G198, Un\G214, Un\G230,

Un\G246) Temperature Input

CHD Process alarm upper lower limit value (Un\G199, Un\G215, Un\G231,

Un\G247) Temperature Input

CHD Process alarm upper upper limit value (Un\G200, Un\G216, Un\G232,

Un\G248) Temperature Input

Set the lower lower limit value, lower upper limit value, upper lower value, and upper upper limit of process alarm.

(a) Setting range

The setting range should meet the both of the following.

- Within the temperature measurement range of set input range (Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))
- Process alarm lower lower limit value ≤ Process alarm lower upper limit value ≤ Process alarm upper lower limit value ≤ Process alarm upper upper limit value (If the setting is out of the setting value, out of range error (error code: □□□8_H) occurs.)

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHD Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(d) Default value

| ltem | Default value | | | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| item | L60TCTT4/L60TCTT4BW | L60TCRT4/L60TCRT4BW | | |
| CH□ Process alarm lower lower limit value | 0 | -2000 | | |
| CH□ Process alarm lower upper limit value | 0 | -2000 | | |
| CH□ Process alarm upper lower limit value | 1300 | 6000 | | |
| CH□ Process alarm upper upper limit value | 1300 | 6000 | | |

(55)CH Rate alarm alert output enable/disable setting (Un\G201, Un\G217,

Un\G233, Un\G249)

Set whether to enable or disable alert output of rate alarm. For details on the rate alarm, refer to the following.

(a) Setting range

- 0: Enable
- 1: Disable

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to Enable (1) in all channels.

(56)CH Rate alarm alert detection cycle (Un\G202, Un\G218, Un\G234,

Un\G250) Temperature

Set the check cycle of the temperature process value (PV) for the rate alarm. Set the frequency of checks in the unit of sampling cycles.

The check cycle can be calculated from the following formula.

• Rate alarm alert detection cycle = Set value of Rate alarm alert detection cycle × Sampling cycle

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 1 to 6000 (times).

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to Every sampling cycle (1) in all channels.

(57)CH Rate alarm upper limit value (Un\G203, Un\G219, Un\G235, Un\G251)

CH Rate alarm lower limit value (Un\G204, Un\G220, Un\G236, Un\G252)

Set the rate alarm upper limit value and lower limit value.

(a) Setting range

The setting is -32768 to 32767.

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CH \Box Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4). ([\bigcirc Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(d) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(58)CT Heater current process value (Un\G256 to Un\G263) Standard Heating cooling

The heater current value which L60TCTT4BW or L60TCRT4BW detects is stored in this buffer memory area. The current values within the range of the current sensor selected in CTD CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) ([37] Page 392, Appendix 2 (60)) is stored.

(a) Supported module

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

Point &

To perform the measurement of the heater current, the following buffer memory areas need to be set.

- CT□ CT input channel assignment setting (Un\G264 to Un\G271) () Page 391, Appendix 2 (59))
- CT Reference heater current value (Un\G280 to Un\G287) (

If the both are set to 0, the heater current cannot be measured. If either of them is not set, the heater current cannot be measured precisely.

(59)CT CT input channel assignment setting (Un\G264 to Un\G271) Standard Hatingcool

Set the assignment of each current sensor (CT) input to the channels.

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(b) Correspondence between CT input terminal and buffer memory address

| CT input terminal | Buffer memory address |
|-------------------|-----------------------|
| CT1 | Un\G264 |
| CT2 | Un\G265 |
| CT3 | Un\G266 |
| CT4 | Un\G267 |
| CT5 | Un\G268 |
| CT6 | Un\G269 |
| CT7 | Un\G270 |
| CT8 | Un\G271 |

(c) Setting range

- 0: Unused
- 1: CH1
- 2: CH2
- 3: CH3
- 4: CH4

(d) Default value

The default values are set to Unused (0) for all terminals.

Point P

• If a three-phase heater is used, the same channel should be assigned to two current sensor (CT) inputs. For setting examples, refer to the following.

Page 105, Section 6.5

• In the heating-cooling control, CH3 and CH4 cannot be assigned to this setting. In the mix control, CH2 cannot be assigned to this setting. Α

(60)CT CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) Standard Heating cooling



Select the current sensor to be connected to each current sensor (CT) input.

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

- 0: When CTL-12-S36-8 is used (0.0 to 100.0A)
- 1: When CTL-6-P(-H) is used (0.00 to 20.00A)
- 2: When CT ratio setting is used (0.0A to 100.0A)

(c) Current sensor (CT) to be used and buffer memory setting

When using a current sensor (CT) other than CTL-12-S36-8 and CTL-6-P(-H), set the number of secondwinding (turns) of the current sensor (CT) to be connected in CTD CT ratio setting (Un\G288 to Un\G295). Set the buffer memory area as follows according to the specification of the current sensor (CT) to be used.

| Current sensor (CT) to be used | | CT⊡ CT Selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) | CT□ CT ratio setting (Un\G288 to Un\G295) ([͡͡͡] Page 393, Appendix 2 (62)) | Note |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|--|---|
| | CTL-12-S36-8 | When CTL-12-S36-8 is used (0.0A to 100.0A) (0) | Setting not necessary | The product is discontinued, though it |
| Products of U.R.D.Co., LTD. | CTL-6-P | When CTL-6-P(-H) is used (0.00A to 20.00A) (1) | Setting not necessary | can be used. |
| | CTL-6-P-H | When CTL-6-P(-H) is used (0.00A to 20.00A) (1) | Setting not necessary | _ |
| | CTL-12-S36-10 | When CT ration setting is used (0.0A to 100.0A) (2) | Set 1000, which is the number of second-winding (turns). | _ |
| | CTL-12-S56-10 | When CT ration setting is used (0.0A to 100.0A) (2) | Set 1000, which is the number of second-winding (turns). | _ |
| Other current sensors(CT) | | When CT ration setting is used (0.0A to 100.0A) (2) | Set the number of second-winding (turns) depending on the current sensor (CT) specification. | Current sensors (CT) whose number of second- wonding (turns) is 600 to 9999 can be used. |

For the URL of U.R.D.Co., LTD., refer to the following.

Fage 82, Section 5.2 (4)

(d) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(e) Occurrence of write data error

In the following case, a write data error (error code: $\Box\Box\Box \Box 4_{\rm H}$) occurs as when the setting is out of the setting value. Error occurrence flag (Xn2) turns on and the error code is stored in Error code (Un\G0).

• When the set value of CT CT ratio setting (Un\G288 to Un\G295) is out of the setting when Setting change instruction (YnB) is turned OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF

(f) Default value

The default values are set to When CTL-12-S36-8 is used (0.0 to 100.0A) (0) for all terminals.

Point P

When CT ratio setting is used (0.0 to 100.0A) (2) is selected, the setting of CT \Box CT ratio setting (Un\G288 to Un\G295) is enabled. In advance, set CT \Box CT ratio setting (Un\G288 to Un\G295) corresponding to the sensor to be connected. After that, select When CT ratio setting is used (0.0 to 100.0A) (2).

(61)CT Reference heater current value (Un\G280 to Un\G287) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the reference value of CT Heater current process value (Un\G256 to Un\G263) of when the heater is turned on (F Page 390, Appendix 2 (58)).

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

The setting range is within the heater current range of the current sensor selected in CT□ CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279). (Page 392, Appendix 2 (60))

| Setting range | Setting of CT□ CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| 0 to 1000 (0.0 to 100.0A) | When CTL-12-S36-8 is used (0.0 to 100.0A) (0) When CT ratio setting is used (0.0 to 100.0A) (2) | | |
| 0 to 2000 (0.00 to 20.00A) | When CTL-6-P(-H) is used (0.00 to 20.00A) (1) | | |

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (0.0A) for all terminals.

(62)CT CT ratio setting (Un\G288 to Un\G295) Standard Heating cooling

Set the number of second-winding (turning number) of the current sensor (CT) to be connected. This buffer memory area is available only when CT CT selection (Un\G272 to Un\G279) is set to When CT ratio setting is used (0.0 to 100.0A) (2). (Page 392, Appendix 2 (60))

(a) Supported modules

- L60TCTT4BW
- L60TCRT4BW

(b) Setting range

The setting range is 600 to 9999.

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 800 for all terminals.

(63)CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) (Un\G544,

Un\G576, Un\G608, Un\G640) Common

The measured value of temperature corresponding to the offset value of the 2-point sensor compensation is stored in this buffer memory area.

The value to be stored differs depending on the stored value in CHD Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): stored as it is.
- One decimal place (1): stored after a multiplication by 10.

For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(a) Enablement of the stored value

Turn Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF) to enable stored contents.

(64)CH¹ 2-point sensor compensation offset value (compensation value)

(Un\G545, Un\G577, Un\G609, Un\G641) Common

Set the temperature of the offset value of the 2-point sensor compensation.

For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(a) Setting range

The setting range is identical to the temperature measurement range of the set input range. (FP Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHI Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(d) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(65)CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) (Un\G546,

Un\G578, Un\G610, Un\G642) Common

The measured value of temperature corresponding to the gain value of the 2-point sensor compensation is stored in this buffer memory area.

The value to be stored differs depending on the stored value in CHI Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): stored as it is.
- One decimal place (1): stored after a multiplication by 10.

For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(a) Enablement of the stored value

Turn Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF) to enable stored contents.

(66)CHI 2-point sensor compensation gain value (compensation value) (Un\G547,

Un\G579, Un\G611, Un\G643) Common

Set temperature of gain value of the 2-point sensor compensation.

For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(a) Setting range

The setting range is identical to the temperature measurement range of the set input range. (FFP Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHD Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(d) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

(67)CHI 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request (Un\G548, Un\G580,

Un\G612, Un\G644) Common

This request is for storing temperature process value (PV) as 2-point sensor compensation offset value to the following buffer memory area.

• CH□ 2-point sensor compensation offset value (measured value) (Un\G544, Un\G576, Un\G608, Un\G640) ([________ Page 394, Appendix 2 (63))

For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(a) Setting range

0: No request

• 1: Latch request

(b) Default value

The default values are set to No request (0) in all channels.

(68)CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset latch completion (Un\G549, Un\G581,

Un\G613, Un\G645) Common

When 2-point sensor compensation offset value is stored, 1 is stored in this buffer memory area, which is Latch completed (1).

When CH^{II} 2-point sensor compensation offset latch request (Un\G548, Un\G580, Un\G612, Un\G644) is set to No request (0), 0 is stored in this buffer memory area, which is No request (0). (F^T Page 396, Appendix 2 (67)) For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(69)CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request (Un\G550, Un\G582,

Un\G614, Un\G646) Common

This is a request for storing temperature process value (PV) as 2-point sensor compensation gain value to the following buffer memory area.

 CH□ 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) (Un\G546, Un\G578, Un\G610, Un\G642) (Page 395, Appendix 2 (65))

For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(a) Setting range

- 0: No request
 - 1: Latch request

(b) Default value

The default values are set to No request (0) in all channels.

(70)CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain latch completion (Un\G551, Un\G583,

Un\G615, Un\G647) Common

When 2-point sensor compensation gain value is stored, 1 is stored in this buffer memory area, which is Latch completed (1).

When CH^{II} 2-point sensor compensation gain latch request (Un\G550, Un\G582, Un\G614, Un\G646) is set to No request (0), 0 is stored in this buffer memory area, which is No request (0). (Figure Page 397, Appendix 2 (69)) For details on the 2-point sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 227, Section 8.3.2 (2)

(71)CHD AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation flag (Un\G573,

Un\G605, Un\G637, Un\G669) Standard

The status when simultaneous temperature rise AT (auto tuning) calculates simultaneous temperature rise parameter is stored in this buffer memory area.

- 0: OFF
- 1: ON



Bit data from b15 to b3 are fixed to 0.

| Bit | Flag name | Description |
|-----------|---|---|
| b0 | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation completion | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when the simultaneous temperature rise parameter ^{*1} is calculated by simultaneous temperature rise AT. |
| b1 | AT simultaneous temperature rise parameter calculation error status | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when the simultaneous temperature rise parameter ^{*1} cannot be calculated by simultaneous temperature rise AT. |
| b2 | Simultaneous temperature rise AT disable status | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when the simultaneous temperature rise AT cannot be performed. |
| b3 to b15 | - (fixed to 0) | - (Unused) |

*1

Indicates the values of CHD Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data (Un\G731, Un\G747, Un\G763, Un\G779) and CHD Simultaneous temperature rise dead time (Un\G732, Un\G748, Un\G764, Un\G780).

Point P

This area is enabled only for the following channels (channels of the standard control).

- · CH1 to CH4 when the standard control is used
- · CH3 and CH4 when mix control (normal mode) or mix control (expanded mode) is used

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Page 190, Section 8.2.17

(72)CH Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) Standard

Perform operation setting of self-tuning with this buffer memory area.

For details on the self-tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 175, Section 8.2.15

(a) Setting range

- 0: Do Not Run the ST
- 1: Starting ST (PID Constants Only)
- 2: Starting ST (Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter Only^{*1})
- 3: Starting ST (PID constants and Simultaneous Temperature Rise Parameter^{*1})
- 4: Starting ST and vibration ST (PID Constants Only)
- *1 Indicates the values of CHI Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data (Un\G731, Un\G747, Un\G763, Un\G779) and CHI Simultaneous temperature rise dead time (Un\G732, Un\G748, Un\G764, Un\G780) to be used in the simultaneous temperature rise function.

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Page 190, Section 8.2.17

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Do Not Run the ST (0) in all channels.

Point /

This area is enabled only for the following channels (channels of the standard control).

- CH1 to CH4 when the standard control is used
- · CH3 and CH4 when mix control (normal mode) or mix control (expanded mode) is used

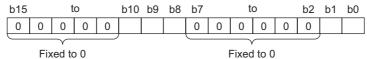
Α

(73)CHD Self-tuning flag (Un\G575, Un\G607, Un\G639, Un\G671) Standard

The execution status of self-tuning can be monitored in this buffer memory area.

For details on the self-tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 175, Section 8.2.15



Fixed to 0

The following contents are stored in each bit.

- 0: OFF
- 1: ON

| Bit | Flag name | Condition on which value turns to 1 (ON) | Condition on which value turns to 0 (OFF) |
|----------|--|---|---|
| b0 | PID auto-correction | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when PID | This flag is set to 0 (OFF) when either of the |
| b1 | Simultaneous temperature rise parameter correction status | Constants are corrected by the self-tuning. This flag is set to 1 (ON) when simultaneous temperature rise parameter ^{*1} is corrected by self-tuning. | following operation is performed. When the operation mode shifts to the setting mode by turning off from on Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) When CH□ Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Unused (1) When CH□ PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) is turned on from off When CH□ Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) is set to Do not run the ST (0) This flag is also set to 0 (OFF) in the following cases. When the self-tuning starts by changing the set value (SV) When the vibration ST starts by vibration caused by disturbance of the process value (PV) |
| b2 to b7 | - (fixed to 0) | - (Unused) | — |
| b8 | Self-tuning disable status | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when the self- tuning cannot be performed. | This flag is set to 0 (OFF) when either of the following operation is performed. When the operation mode shifts to the setting mode by turning off from on Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) When CH□ Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Unused (1) When CH□ PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) is turned on from off When CH□ Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) is set to Do not run the ST (0) This flag is also set to 0 (OFF) when all disable conditions are released. For disable conditions, refer to [Page 181, Section 8.2.15 (6). |

| Bit | Flag name | Condition on which value turns to 1 (ON) | Condition on which value turns to 0 (OFF) |
|------------|--|--|--|
| b9 | Simultaneous temperature rise parameter error status | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when simultaneous temperature rise parameter ^{*1} cannot be calculated by self-tuning. | |
| b10 | Self-tuning error | This flag is set to 1 (ON) when either of the following operation is performed during the self-tuning. PID constants change Setting change rate limiter change Output limiter change Control output cycle change Sensor correction change Primary delay digital filter change AUTO to MAN mode shift Forward/reverse action shift This flag is also set to 1 (ON) in the following cases When the temperature process value (PV) is out of the temperature measurement range When required measurement data is not obtained because the manipulated value (MV) does not reach the upper limit output limiter value or the lower limit output limiter value until the measurement is completed When the temperature process value (PV) decreases by 1°C (°F) or more though it should increase after the self-tuning is started as the starting ST When temperature process value (PV) increases by 1°C (°F) or more though it should decrease after the self-tuning is started as the starting ST | This flag is set to 0 (OFF) when either of the following operation is performed. When the operation mode shifts to the setting mode by turning off from on Setting/operation mode instruction (Yn1) When CH□ Unused channel setting (Un\G61, Un\G93, Un\G125, Un\G157) is set to Unused (1) When CH□ PID control forced stop instruction (YnC to YnF) is turned on from off When CH□ Self-tuning setting (Un\G574, Un\G606, Un\G638, Un\G670) is set to ST(0) This flag is also set to 0 (OFF) in the following cases. When the self-tuning starts by changing the set value (SV) When the vibration ST starts by vibration caused by disturbance of the process value (PV) |
| b11 to b15 | - (fixed to 0) | - (Unused) | |

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to 27 Page 190, Section 8.2.17.

Point P

This area is enabled only for the following channels (channels of the standard control).
CH1 to CH4 when the standard control is used
CH3 and CH4 when mix control (normal mode) or mix control (expanded mode) is used

Α

(74)CH Temperature process value (PV) for input with another analog module

(Un\G689 to Un\G692) Standard Heating-cooling

Digital input value of the current/voltage converted in another analog module (such as A/D conversion module) on system can be used as a temperature process value (PV).

Store digital input values of current/voltage converted by another analog module (such as A/D conversion module) in this area.

For details, refer to the following.

Page 172, Section 8.2.13 (1)

Point *P*

If a stored value is out of the set input range, the value to be used in control is fixed to the upper limit value or the lower limit value of the input range.

(75)Conversion enable/disable setting (Un\G693)

Set enable or disable temperature input. For details on the temperature input function, refer to the following.

Page 116, Section 8.1

| b15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | CH4 | СНЗ | CH2 | CH1 |

Bit data from b15 to b4 are fixed to 0.

(a) Setting range

- 0: Enable
- 1: Disable

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

All channels are set to Conversion disable $(000F_H)$.

(76)CHD Temperature conversion setting (Un\G695 to Un\G697)

In the heating-cooling control (normal mode) or the mix control (normal mode), only the temperature measurement can be performed using temperature input terminals of unused channels. The following table lists the settable buffer memory addresses for each control mode selection.

| | Control mode | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------------|--|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Channel | Standard control | Heating- cooling control (normal mode) | Heating- cooling control (expanded mode) | Mix control (normal mode) | Mix control (expanded mode) | | | | | | | |
| CH1 | — | — | — | _ | — | | | | | | | |
| CH2 | — | — | — | Un\G695 | — | | | | | | | |
| CH3 | — | Un\G696 | — | _ | — | | | | | | | |
| CH4 | | Un\G697 | _ | _ | | | | | | | | |

When the combination of the control mode and the buffer memory address is not the setting target in the above list, the combination is invalid even if it is set.

For details on the temperature conversion function (using unused channels), refer to the following.

Page 212, Section 8.2.23

(a) Setting range

- 0: Not use
- 1: Use

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Not use (0) in all channels.

Point P

- When this setting is set from Not use (0) to Use (1), after completion of the first temperature conversion, Temperature conversion completion flag (Un\G786) is set to First temperature conversion completed (1_H). Before referring to the temperature process value (PV) of each channel, check Temperature conversion completion flag (Un\G786) has been set to First temperature conversion completed (1_H).
- When the following control mode is selected, this setting is invalid.
 - Standard control
 - Heating-cooling control (expanded mode)
 - Mix control (expanded mode)

(77)Cooling method setting (Un\G719) Heating cooling

Set the method for the cooling control in the heating-cooling control. Select the suitable cooling method for cooling characteristics of devices.

The following figure shows the channel assignment of the buffer memory area.

| b15 | to | b12 | b11 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b4 | b3 | to | b0 | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|--|
| | CH4 | | | CH3 | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | | |

For details on the cooling method setting function, refer to the following.

Page 207, Section 8.2.21

(a) Setting range

- 0_H: Air cooling
- 1_H: Water cooling
- 2_H: Linear

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default value is set to Air cooling (0_H) .

(78)CHD Overlap/dead band function (Un\G723, Un\G739, Un\G755,

Un\G771) Heating-cooling

Configure the overlap/dead band setting.

For details on the overlap/dead band function, refer to the following.

Page 209, Section 8.2.22

(a) Setting range

Set the value within the following ranges for the full scale of the set input range. () Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

- -100 to -1 (-10.0% to -0.1%): Overlap
- 0(0.0%): None
- 1 to 100 (0.1% to 10.0%): Dead band

(b) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (0.0%) in all channels.

(79)CH Manual reset amount setting (Un\G724, Un\G740, Un\G756, Un\G772)

Standard Heating-cooling

Set the amount of the proportional band (P) to be moved. For details on the manual reset function, refer to the following.

Page 137, Section 8.2.4

(a) Setting range

Set the value within the range of -1000 to 1000 (-100.0% to 100.0%) for the full scale of the set input range. ([] Page 345, Appendix 2 (12))

The setting range is the same between the standard control and heating-cooling control.

(b) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (0.0%) in all channels. The default value is the same between the standard control and the heating-cooling control.

(80)CH Process value (PV) scaling function enable/disable setting (Un\G725,

Un\G741, Un\G757, Un\G773) Common

Set enable/disable of the temperature process value (PV) scaling function. For details on the temperature process value (PV) scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 221, Section 8.3.1

(a) Setting range

- 0: Disable
- 1: Enable

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to Disable (0) in all channels.

Α

(81)CH Process value (PV) scaling lower limit value (Un\G726, Un\G742,

Un\G758, Un\G774) Common

CHD Process value (PV) scaling upper limit value (Un\G727, Un\G743,

Un\G759, Un\G775) Common

Set the upper limit value/lower limit value of the temperature process value (PV) scaling function. For details on the temperature process value (PV) scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 221, Section 8.3.1

(a) Setting range

The setting range is -32000 to 32000.

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

Point P

The setting where the lower limit value is not less than the upper limit value does not cause an error. The temperature process value (PV) is scaled according to the formula of $\square Page 221$, Section 8.3.1 (1).

(82)CHD Process value (PV) scaling value (Un\G728, Un\G744, Un\G760,

Un\G776) Common

When the temperature process value (PV) scaling function is enabled, the scaled temperature process value (PV) is stored.

For details on the temperature process value (PV) scaling function, refer to the following.

Page 221, Section 8.3.1

(83)CHD Derivative action selection (Un\G729, Un\G745, Un\G761, Un\G777)

Standard Heating-cooling

Select the type of derivative action. Dynamic performance can be improved by selecting the suitable derivative action for the fixed value action and the ramp action. For details on the derivative action selection function, refer to the following.

Frage 154, Section 8.2.9

(a) Setting range

- 0: Measured value derivation
- 1: Deviation derivation

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

All channels are set to Measured value derivation (0).

(84)CH Simultaneous temperature rise group setting (Un\G730, Un\G746,

Un\G762, Un\G778) Standard

Set a group to perform the simultaneous temperature rise function for each channel. The simultaneous temperature rise function enables channels in the same group to complete the rise of temperature simultaneously. When the control mode is the heating-cooling control, this setting is invalid. For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Frage 190, Section 8.2.17

(a) Setting range of the standard control

- 0: No simultaneous temperature rise
- 1: Group 1 selection
- · 2: Group 2 selection

(b) Setting range of the mix control

- 0: No simultaneous temperature rise
- 1: Simultaneous temperature rise

The setting range in the mix control does not include group selection because the mix control has only two channels for the standard control.

(c) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(d) Default value

The default values are set to No simultaneous temperature rise (0) in all channels.

(85)CHD Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data (Un\G731, Un\G747,

Un\G763, Un\G779) Standard

Set Simultaneous temperature rise gradient data (temperature rising per minute).

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Page 190, Section 8.2.17

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to (the upper limit of the temperature measurement range of the set input range).

(b) Setting unit

The value to be set differs depending on the stored value in CHD Decimal point position (Un\G1 to Un\G4).

([Page 334, Appendix 2 (2))

- No decimal place (0): Set a value in 1°C (°F or digit) unit.
- One decimal place (1): Set a value in 0.1°C (°F) unit (tenfold value).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

Point P

This setting can not only be set manually but also be calculated automatically. Automatic calculation is performed when the simultaneous temperature rise AT (auto tuning) or self-tuning (when the automatic calculation of the temperature rise parameter is set) is normally completed.

(86)CH Simultaneous temperature rise dead time (Un\G732, Un\G748, Un\G764,

Un\G780) Standard

Set Simultaneous temperature rise dead time (time taken for the temperature to start rising after the output is turned on).

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Page 190, Section 8.2.17

(a) Setting range

The setting range is 0 to 3600 (s).

(b) Default value

The default values are set to 0 in all channels.

Point P

This setting can not only be set manually but also be calculated automatically. Automatic calculation is performed when the simultaneous temperature rise AT (auto tuning) or self-tuning (when the automatic calculation of the temperature rise parameter is set) is normally completed.

(87)CHD Simultaneous temperature rise AT mode selection (Un\G733, Un\G749,

Un\G765, Un\G781) Standard

Select mode of the auto tuning.

For details on the auto tuning function, refer to the following.

Page 141, Section 8.2.7

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Page 190, Section 8.2.17

(a) Setting range

- 0: Select normal auto tuning
- 1: Simultaneous temperature rise AT

(b) Default value

The default values are set to Select normal auto tuning (0) in all channels.

Point P

- This setting can be used with the setting of CH□ Auto tuning mode selection (Un\G184 to Un\G187). () Page 385, Appendix 2 (51))
- If this setting is changed during the auto tuning, it is enabled in the next auto tuning.

Α

(88)CH Simultaneous temperature rise status (Un\G734, Un\G750, Un\G766,

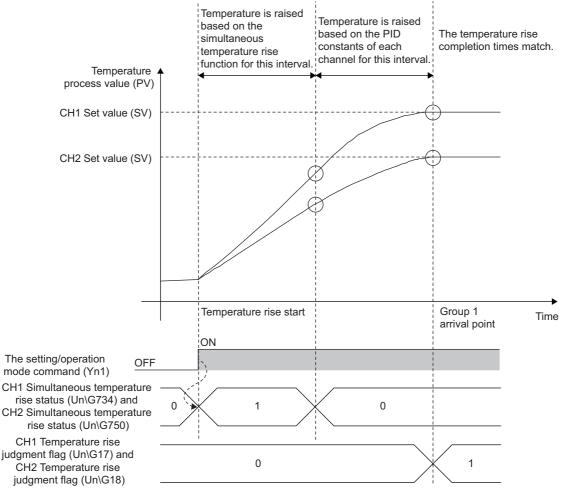
Un\G782) Standard

The execution state of the simultaneous temperature rise is monitored. The following values are stored in this buffer memory area.

- 0: Simultaneous temperature rise not in process
- 1: Simultaneous temperature rise in process

During control by the simultaneous temperature rise function, Simultaneous temperature rise in process (1) is stored in this buffer memory area.

The following figure shows the timing when the value is set to Simultaneous temperature rise not in process (0). (In the following, CH1 and CH2 are set to group 1. (Page 407, Appendix 2 (84))



----► Executed by the L60TC4

Completion of the temperature rise does not set CH Simultaneous temperature rise status (Un\G734, Un\G750, Un\G766, Un\G782) to Simultaneous temperature rise not in process (0). As in the figure above, the temperature rise is performed by the simultaneous temperature rise function to a certain point, and Simultaneous temperature rise in process (1) is set during the performance. After the point, the temperature rise is performed based on the PID constants of each channel, and Simultaneous temperature rise not in process (0) is set.

For details on the simultaneous temperature rise function, refer to the following.

Page 190, Section 8.2.17

.

(89)CH Setting change rate limiter time unit setting (Un\G735, Un\G751, Un\G767,

Un\G783) Standard Heating-cooling

Set the time unit of setting change rate limiter.

For details on the setting change rate limiter time unit setting function, refer to the following.

Page 155, Section 8.2.10

(a) Setting range

- 0 (Not use time unit setting)
- 1 to 3600 (1 to 3600s)

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default values are set to 0 (Not use time unit setting) in all channels.

Remark

........

When 0 is set, the L60TC4 operation is the same as the case when 60, a variation per minute, is set.

Α

(90)Peak current suppression control group setting (Un\G784) Standard

Set the target channels for the peak current suppression function and the gap of the control output cycle between channels.

| b15 | to | b12 | b11 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b4 | b3 | to | b0 | |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|--|
| | CH4 | | | CH3 | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | | |

For details on the peak current suppression function, refer to the following.

Page 185, Section 8.2.16

(a) Setting range

- 0_H: Not divide
- 1_H: Group 1
- 2_H: Group 2
- 3_H: Group 3
- 4_H: Group 4

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default value is set to Not divide (0_H) .

Point P

The upper limit output limiter value is automatically set since the division number depends on this setting. The following table lists the upper limit output limiter values which are set when this setting is enabled.

| Division Number | CH⊟ Upper limit output limiter (Un\G42, Un\G74, Un\G106, Un\G138) | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Division number | ([͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡͡ː Page 360, Appendix 2 (19)) | | | | | |
| 2 | 500 (50.0%) | | | | | |
| 3 | 333 (33.3%) | | | | | |
| 4 | 250 (25.0%) | | | | | |

CH□ Lower limit output limiter (Un\G43, Un\G75, Un\G107, Un\G139) is set to 0.

(91)Sensor compensation function selection (Un\G785)

Select the method of the sensor correction for each channel.

| b15 | to | b12 | b11 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b4 | b3 | to | b0 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|
| | CH4 | | | CH3 | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | |

For details on the sensor compensation function, refer to the following.

Page 223, Section 8.3.2

(a) Setting range

- 0_H: 1-point sensor compensation (standard)
- 1_H: 2-point sensor compensation

(b) Enablement of setting contents

Enable the setting contents by turning Setting change instruction (YnB) OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF during the setting mode (Setting/operation mode status (Xn1): OFF).

(c) Default value

The default value is set to 1-point sensor compensation (standard) (0_H).

(92) Temperature conversion completion flag (Un\G786) Common

This flag checks whether the temperature conversion has started properly for each channel. The following values are stored in this buffer memory area.

- + 0_H : During conversion or unused CH
- 1_H: First temperature conversion completed

This flag becomes During conversion or unused CH (0_H) during temperature conversion or for unused channels. When the first temperature conversion is completed and the temperature process value (PV) is stored in the buffer memory, First temperature conversion completed (1_H) is set.

The following figure shows the channel assignment of this area.

| b15 | to | b12 | b11 | to | b8 | b7 | to | b4 | b3 | to | b0 |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|
| | CH4 | | | CH3 | | | CH2 | | | CH1 | |

(93)Function extension bit monitor (Un\G787) Common

The following settings configured on Switch Setting are stored.

- "Auto-setting at Input Range Change"
- "Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting"
- "Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting"

For details on Switch Setting, refer to the following.

Page 108, Section 7.2

The following figure and table show how the setting is stored.

| b15 | | | | | | to | | | | | | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |

| Bit | Flag name (Function extension bit monitor) | Description |
|-----------|--|---|
| | | When the input range is changed, the related buffer memory data is automatically changed to prevent errors of the buffer memory areas that |
| b0 | Auto-setting at Input Range Change | are out of the setting range. (Page 351, Appendix 2 (12) (d)) 0: Disable 1: Enable |
| b1 | Setting Change Rate Limiter Setting | Select whether the setting change rate limiter to be set in a batch or individually. (FFP Page 155, Section 8.2.10) 0: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Batch Setting 1: Temperature Rise/Temperature Drop Individual Setting |
| b2 | Control Output Cycle Unit Selection Setting | Select 0.1s or 1s as a unit for the cycle of turning on/off the transistor output. ([Page 140, Section 8.2.6) 0: 1s Cycle 1: 0.1s Cycle |
| b3 to b15 | - (fixed to 0) | - (Unused) |

(Bit data from b15 to b3 are fixed to 0.)

(94)Sampling cycle monitor (Un\G788)

Current sampling cycle is stored.

- 0: 500ms/4 channels
- 1: 250ms/4 channels

Sampling cycle is set on Switch Setting. For details on Switch Setting, refer to the following.

Page 108, Section 7.2

(95)Latest address of error history (Un\G1279) Common

The latest address of error history is stored.

For details on the error history function, refer to the following.

Page 237, Section 8.3.5

(96)Error history 1 to 16 (Un\G1280 to Un\G1407) Common

Errors and alarms occurred in the module are recorded up to 16.

Ex. For the error history 1

| Buffer memory | , | | | | | |
|---------------|-----|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|----|--|
| address | b15 | to b8 | b7 | to | b0 | |
| Un\G1280 | | Error code ^{*1} | | | | |
| Un\G1281 | | First two digits of the year | | Last two digits of the year | | |
| Un\G1282 | | Month | | Day | | |
| Un\G1283 | | Hour | | Minute | | |
| Un\G1284 | | Second | | Day of the week *2 | | |
| Un\G1285 | | | | | | |
| to | | Syster | n area | l | | |
| Un\G1287 | | | | | | |

*1 For error codes and alarm codes, refer to the following.

F Page 315, Section 11.6, Page 318, Section 11.7

*2 The following table lists the stored value and corresponding each day of the week.

| Stored value | Day of the week |
|--------------|-----------------|
| 0 | Sunday |
| 1 | Monday |
| 2 | Tuesday |
| 3 | Wednesday |
| 4 | Thursday |
| 5 | Friday |
| 6 | Saturday |

For details on the error history function, refer to the following.

Fage 237, Section 8.3.5

Appendix 3 How to Check the Serial Number and Function Version

For details on how to check the serial number and function version, refer to the following.

- MELSEC-L CPU Module User's Manual (Hardware Design, Maintenance and Inspection)
- MELSEC-L CC-Link IE Field Network Head Module User's Manual

Appendix 4 Differences with MELSEC-Q series Modules

Appendix 4.1 Differences with temperature control modules

This section describes the differences in functions and programming methods between the MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules (Q64TCTTN, Q64TCTTBWN, Q64TCRTN, Q64TCRTBWN) and the L60TC4.

(1) Functional comparison

(a) Added functions

The following table lists the functions added in the L60TC4.

| Item | Description | Reference |
|--|---|--|
| Input range | The following input ranges are available in the L60TC4. (1) L60TCTT4, L60TCTT4BW • K: -200.0 to 1300.0°C • J: -200.0 to 1000.0°C • E: -200.0 to 1000.0°C • N: 0.0 to 1000.0°C (2) L60TCRT4, L60TCRT4BW • Pt100: -200.0 to 850.0°C • JPt100: -200.0 to 640.0°C | Page 36, Section 3.2.2 |
| Temperature input mode | The L60TC4 can be used as a temperature input module. It also enables application of the primary delay digital filter to temperature input, the alert output, and other functions. | Page 116, Section 8.1 |
| Switching the sampling cycle | The sampling cycle can be selected from 250ms/4 channels and 500ms/4 channels. (The cycle is fixed to 500ms in MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules.) | Page 38, Section 3.2.3 (1), Page 108, Section 7.2 |
| Switching the unit of control output cycle | The control output cycle can be selected by 0.1s (0.5s to 100.0s) with the L60TC4. The cycle can be also selected by 1s (1s to 100s) similar to MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules. | Page 38, Section 3.2.3 (2), Page 108, Section 7.2 |

(b) Function that cannot be used

Online module change is not available with the L60TC4.

Α

(2) Program compatibility

Programs used in the MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules (Q64TCTTN, Q64TCTTBWN, Q64TCRTN, Q64TCRTBWN) can be used with the L60TC4.

(a) I/O signal

Although some I/O numbers of the L60TC4 have different names from those of the MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules, they have the same function and are compatible with each other.

(b) Buffer memory

Although some buffer memory areas have been added to the L60TC4, the functions are the same and the program has compatibility.

(c) Sampling cycle

For the L60TC4, the sampling cycle can be selected from 250ms and 500ms. For the MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules, the cycle is fixed to 500ms. When using the program used in the MELSEC-Q series temperature control modules with the L60TC4, check that the sampling cycle for the L60TC4 is set to 500ms. When changing the cycle to 250ms, thoroughly verify that the control of the target system has no problem.

Appendix 5 When Using GX Developer

This section describes how to configure the setting of the L60TC4 using GX Developer.

Appendix 5.1 I/O assignment and intelligent function module switch setting

Configure the setting on the following windows when using GX Developer.

| Window name | Application |
|--|---|
| I/O assignment | Set the type of a module to be connected and the range of I/O signal. |
| Intelligent function module switch setting | Configure the Switch Setting of the intelligent function module. |

(1) I/O assignment

Configure the setting on "I/O assignment" in "PLC parameter".

🏷 Parameter 🗇 [PLC parameter] 🗇 [I/O assignment]

| C n | ame P | LC system PLC | file | PLC RAS(1) | PLC RAS(2) | | Device | Program | | Boot file SFC |
|------|--------------|-----------------------|------|------------------------|------------|---|---------|--------------------|------|------------------|
|) as | signment | | | Built-in Ethernet port | | | Built | -in I/O function s | etti | ng |
| /0 / | Assignment - | | | | | | | | | |
| | Slot | Туре | | Model name | Points | | StartXY | | • | |
| 0 | PLC | PLC | - | L02CPU | | - | | | | Switch setting |
| 1 | PLC | Built-in I/O function | - | | 16point | • | 0000 | | | |
| 2 | 0(*-0) | Intelli. | - | L60TCTT4 | 16point | ٠ | 0010 | | | Detailed setting |
| 3 | 1(*-1) | | - | | | ٠ | | | | |
| 4 | 2(*-2) | | - | | | - | | | | |
| 5 | 3(*-3) | | - | | | - | | | | |
| 6 | 4(*-4) | | - | | | - | | | | |
| 7 | 5(*-5) | | - | | | - | | | -1 | |

| ltem | Description |
|------------|--|
| Туре | Select "Intelli.". |
| Model name | Enter the model name of the module. |
| Points | Select 16point. |
| Start XY | Enter an arbitrary start I/O number of the L60TC4. |

Remark

Select 16point in Points when using the L60TCTT4BW or L60TCRT4BW.

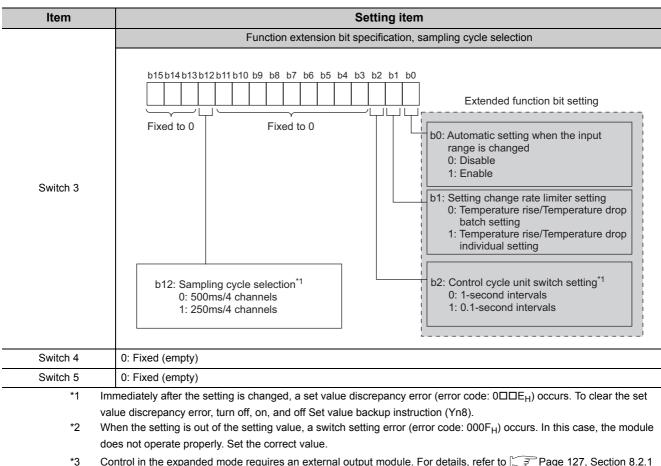
(2) Intelligent function module switch setting

Configure the setting on "Switch Setting" in "PLC parameter".

Parameter 🗢 [PLC parameter] 🗢 [I/O assignment] 🕁 Click Switch setting .

| Switc | h setting | for I/O and intell | igent function m | odule | | | | | × | J | |
|-------|-----------|-----------------------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|------------|---|---|---------------|
| | | | | Input | format | HEX. | • | | | | — Select "HEX |
| | Slot | Туре | Model name | Switch 1 | Switch 2 | Switch 3 | Switch 4 | Switch 5 🔺 | | | |
| 0 | PLC | PLC | L02CPU | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | PLC | Built-in I/O function | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 0(*-0) | Intelli. | L60TCTT4 | 0000 | 0001 | 0000 | 0000 | 0000 | | | |
| | 1(*-1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 2(*-2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3(*-3) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4(*-4) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 5(*-5) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 6(*-6) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 7(*-7) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 8(*-8) | | | | | | | | | | |
| |] 9(*-9) | | | | | | | - | | | |
| • | | | | | | | | • | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | | | End | Cancel | | | | | | | |

| Item | | Setting item | | | | | |
|----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Control output HOLD/CLEAR setting | | | | | |
| Switch 1 | ШШШн | Setting value | ting | | | | |
| Switch | CH4 CH3 CH2 CH1 | 0 | CLEAR | | | | |
| | | Other than 0 | HOLD | | | | |
| | Setting value ^{*2} | | Mode selection ^{*1} | | | | |
| | Setting value | | Control mode | Number of control loops | | | |
| | 0000 _H | | Standard control | Standard control 4 loops | | | |
| | 0001 _H | | Heating-cooling control (normal mode) | Heating-cooling control 2 loops | | | |
| Switch 2 | 0002 _H | Tomporatura | Heating-cooling control (expanded mode) ^{*3} | Heating-cooling control 4 loops | | | |
| Switch 2 | 0003 _H | Temperature control mode | Mix control (normal mode) | Heating-cooling control 1 loop | | | |
| | | | | Standard control 2 loops | | | |
| | 0004 _H | | Mix control (expanded mode) ^{*3} | Heating-cooling control 2 loops | | | |
| | | | | Standard control 2 loops | | | |
| | 0100 _H | Temperature input m | ode | — | | | |



*3 Control in the expanded mode requires an external output module. For details, refer to F Page 127, Section 8.2.1 (3).

Appendix 5.2 Initial setting and auto refresh setting

The initial setting and auto refresh setting cannot be configured when GX Developer is used. Use the program instead.

(1) Initial setting

Configure the initial setting using the program. (FPPage 250, CHAPTER 10)

(2) Auto refresh setting

To access the buffer memory using the program, perform one of the following methods.

(a) Access using FROM/TO instruction

Use FROM instruction to store the data read from the buffer memory in the L60TC4 into the specified device. Use TO instruction to write the data of the specified device to the buffer memory in the L60TC4. For details on FROM/TO instruction, refer to the following.

MELSEC-Q/L Programming Manual (Common Instructions)

(b) Access using Intelligent function module device

Use Intelligent function module device (Un\G□) to access the buffer memory in the L60TC4.

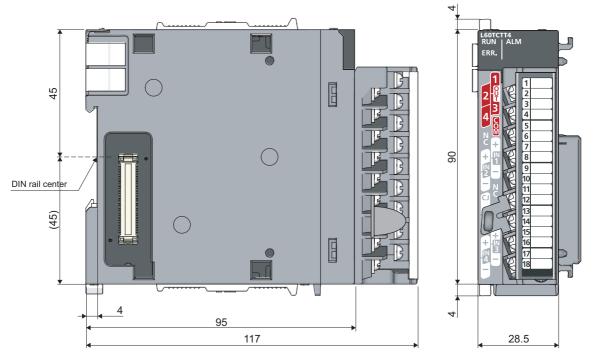
Ex. When Error code (Un\G0) is transferred to D0 in the CPU module.

| M | E | U1\ | DO | - |
|-----|------|-----|----|---|
| -11 | LWOA | GU | D0 | 1 |
| | | | | |

Appendix 6 External Dimensions

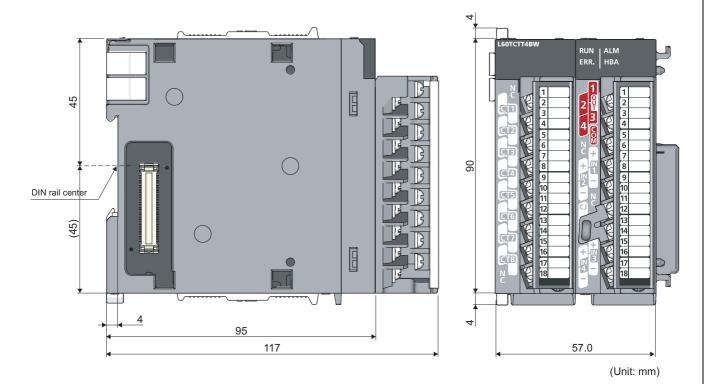
The following shows the external dimensions of the L60TC4.

(1) L60TCTT4



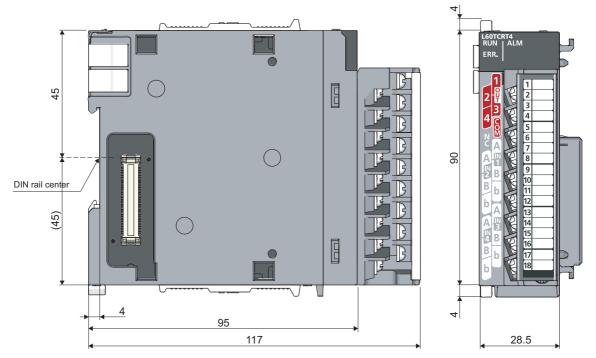
(Unit: mm)

(2) L60TCTT4BW



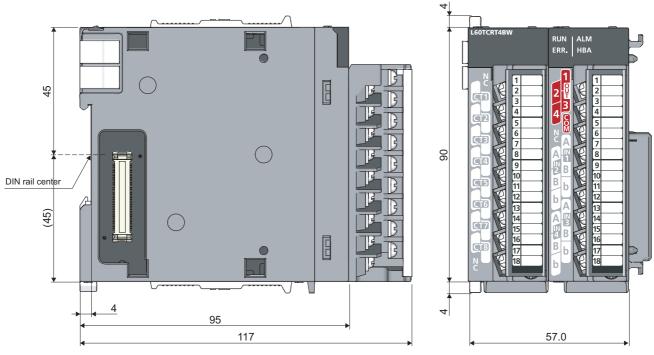
Α

(3) L60TCRT4



(Unit: mm)

(4) L60TCRT4BW



(Unit: mm)

Memo

Α

0 to 9

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| (compensation value) (Un\G547, Un\G579, Un\G611, |
| Un\G643) |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation gain value (measured value) (Un\G546, Un\G578, Un\G610, |
| Un/G642) |
| CHD 2-point sensor compensation offset latch |
| completion (Un\G549, Un\G581, Un\G613, Un\G645) |
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MELSEC-L Temperature Control Module User's Manual

MODEL L60TCTT4/RT4-U-E

13JZ64

MODEL CODE

SH(NA)-081000ENG-A(1107)MEE

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