## $\therefore$ MITSUBISH

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## WX2N-2AD SPECIAL FUNCTIONBLOCK

 USER'S GUIDE JY992D74701DThis manual contains text, diagrams and explanations which will guide the reader in the correct installation and operation of the $\operatorname{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ special function block and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit.
in in the FX SERIES PROGRAMMING MANUAL(II), FX ONN $^{\prime} / \mathrm{FX}_{1 N} / F \mathrm{X}_{2}$ FX 2 NC SERIES HARDWARE MANUAL of each PLC

## 1. Introduction

The FX2N-2AD type analog input block (hereafter referred to as the FX2N-2AD) is used to convert the The FX2N-2AD type analog input block (hereafter referred to as the FX2N-2AD) is used to convert the
analog input of two points (voltage and current input) into a digital value of 12 bits, and to forward the analog input of two points (voltage and current input) into a digital va
FX2N2AD can connected to the FXON, FX1N, FX2N, and the FX2NC series Programmable Controllers.

1) The analog input is selected from the voltage or current input by the method of connecting wires.

At this time, assume the setting to be two channels common analog input (voltage or current input).
2) The analog to digital conversion characteristics can be adjusted.
3) The block occupies $8 \mathrm{l} / \mathrm{O}$ points which can be allocated from either inputs or outputs.
4) The data transfer with the PLC uses the FROM/TO instructions.

## 2. External Dimensions and Parts



Mass (Weight): :0.2kg (0.441bs)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Mascs Weight:):0.2kg (0.44nbs) } \\
& \text { Accessories: Special Function block number label }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 3. Wiring


*1 The $\mathrm{FX}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ cannot have 1 channel as an analog voltage input and one channel as current input because both channels use the same offset and gain values. For current input please short circuit VIN and $\operatorname{IN}$ as shown in the diagram
*2 Connect 0.1 to $0.47 \mu \mathrm{HF} 25 \mathrm{VCC}$ capacitor with the position of * 2 when there is voltage ripple in the voltage input or

## 4. Connection with Programmable controller

1) The $F X_{2 N}-2 A D$ and main unit are connected by a cable on the right of the main unit.
2) Up to 4 FX2n-2AD units can connect to the $\operatorname{FXon}$ series PLC, up to 5 for $F X_{1 N}$, up to 8 for $F X_{2 N}$ or, up to 4 for the FX2NC series PLC, all with powered extension units.
to 4 the
However the following limitation exists when the undermentioned special function blocks are connected. FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of 32 points I/O or less. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks $\leq 190 \mathrm{~mA}$
FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of I/O 48 points or more. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks $\leq 300 \mathrm{~mA}$
FX2NC: Up to 4 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O. FXoNin: Main unit and powered extension units. Up to 2 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O

|  | FX2N-2AD | FX2N-2DA | FXoN-3A |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption current of 24V DC for one unit | 50 mA | 85 mA | 90 mA |

he consumption current of the above units is to be subtracted from the service power supply of the host PLC
3) The blocks occupies 8 points. (The 8 points can be allocated from either inputs or outputs).
4) $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ consumes 5 V DC by 20 mA .

The total 5 V consumption of all specia function blocks connected to an $\mathrm{FX}_{2 \mathrm{~N}}$, FX 2NC main unit or FX2N extension unit must not exceed the 5 V source capacity of the system.

## 5. Specifications

5.1 Environmental specification

| Item | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dielectric withstand <br> voltage | 500 V AC 1 min(Between all terminals and case) |

Environmental specifications other than the above-mentioned are the same as the main unit of the
Programmable controller. (Refer to the Hardware manual of the Programmable controller)
5.2 Power supply specification and others

| Item | Content |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog circuits | $24 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{DC} \pm 10 \% 50 \mathrm{~mA}$ (Internal power supplied from the main unit) |
| Digital circuits | 5 V DC 20mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit) |
| Isolation | Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. <br> No isolation between analog channels. |
| Number of occupied <br> //O points | The blocks occupies either 8 input or output points <br> (can be either inputs or outputs) |

5.3 Defining gain and offset
5.3 Defining gain
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Item }\end{aligned}$

| Item | Voltage input | Current input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Range of analog input | At shipping, the unit is adjusted to a digital range of 0 to 4000 for an analog voltage input of 0 to 10 V DC. When using an $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10 VDC , it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain. |  |
|  | 0 to 10 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC (input resistance $200 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input voltage in excess of $-0.5 \mathrm{~V},+15 \mathrm{~V}$ DC | 4 to 20 mA (input resistance $250 \Omega$ ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input current in excess of $-2 \mathrm{~mA},+60 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Digital output | 12bit |  |
| Resolution | $2.5 \mathrm{mV}: 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4000$ (At shipment) Change depending on the input characteristic. | $4 \mu \mathrm{~A}:(20-4) \mathrm{A} / 4000$ Change depending on the input characteristic. |
| Integrated accuracy | $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\pm 0.16 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Processing time | $2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / 1$ channel ( synchronized to the sequence program) |  |
| Input characteristics | Analog value :0 to 10 V Aigita value : 0 to 4000 (At shipment) | Analog value :0 to 20 mA Digital value :0 to 4000 |

## 6. Allocation of buffer memory (BFM)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { BFM } \\ \text { number } \end{gathered}$ | b15 to b8 | b7 to b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#0 | Reserved | Current value of input data (lower 8bit data) |  |  |  |  |
| \#1 | Reserved $\quad$ Current value of input data (higher 4bit data) |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#2 to 16 | Reserved |  |  |  |  |  |
| \#17 | Reserved |  |  |  | Analog to digital conversion beginning | Analog to digital conversion channel |
| $\begin{aligned} & \# 18 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | Reserved |  |  |  |  |  |

BFM\#0 :The current value of the input data for the channel specified with BFM\#17 (lower 8bit data) is The current value of the input data for the channe
stored. The current value data is stored by binary
BFM\#1:The current value of the input data (higher 4bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary.
BFM\#17:b0...Channel ( $\mathrm{CH} 1, \mathrm{CH} 2$ ) which does the analog to digital conversion is specified. $\mathrm{b} 0=0 \ldots \mathrm{CH} 1$
$\mathrm{~b} 0=1 \ldots \mathrm{CH} 2$
b1 $\ldots 0 \rightarrow 1$ The $A / D$ conversion process is started

Write/read data to the above-mentioned buffer memory according to the programming example of

## 7. Adjustment of offset and gain

### 7.1 Change in input characteristic

At shipment, 0 to 4000 range is selected for 0 to 10 V DC input.
Current differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10 VC , it is necessary to
The module does not allow different input characteristics for two channels
Set analog values within the range specified in the table below when changing the input characteristic Range of input characteristic

|  | Voltage input | Current input |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Analog value when digital value is 0 | 0 to 1 V | 0 to 4 mA |
| Analog value when digital value is 4000 | 5 to 10 V | 20 mA |

Resolution changes depending on the set value when the input characteristic changes accordingly.
Example: Resolution becomes ( $5-\mathrm{OV}$ ) $4000=1.25 \mathrm{mV}$ at voltage input 0 to $5 \mathrm{~V} / 0$ to 4000
Integrated accuracy does not change. (Voltage input: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$, Current input: $\pm 0.16 \mathrm{~mA}$ )

The adjustment of the offset and gain values sets a digital equivalent to the analogue data.
(The "POT" requires 18 revolutions to move between MIN and MAX setting.)

*1 The digital value increases if the volume is turned clockwise.
(FX2N-4DA and FX2N-2DA can be used instead of the voltage and current generator)
7.1.1 Adjustment of gai

However, using the maximum 12bit resolution provides the user with a digital range of 0 to 4000 ,


### 7.1.2 Adjustment of offset

The offset value can be set to an arbitrary digital value. However, it is advisable to set the analog value when the digital value is set as following.


For instance, when a digital range of 0 to 4000 is used with the analog range of 0 to 10 V , a digital value of 40 is equal to an analog input of 100 mV . $(40 \times 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4000$ digital points)

1) The offset and gain adjustments for CH 1 and CH 2 are accomplished at the same time. When the offset and gain values of one channel are adjusted, the other channel is automatically adjusted.
2) Repeat the offset and gain adjustment alternately until a stable value is reached.
3) Each channel is common to the analog input circuit. However, check each channel individually for maximum accuracy.
4) Adjust offset / gain by using subsection 8-3 "Example of programming making average value data" when a digital value is not steady.
5) Adjust the gain before the offset

## 8. Program example

The following program examples (8.1 and 8.3) are formula circuits
The device numbers that have been underlined can be assigned by the user during programming.
8.1 Example of programming analog input


Analog to digital conversion execution input of $\mathrm{CH} 1: \mathrm{X000}$
Analog to digital conversion execution input of CH2:XO
At the same time X 000 and X 001 can be turned ON .
A/D input data CH1 : D100 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M1 15. Assign these numbers only once)
A/D input data CH2
D101 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once Processing time: $2.5 \mathrm{~ms} / 1$ channel
data register man $\times 000$ and $\mathrm{X001}$ to storage of analog to digital conversion value in data register of main unit.)
*1 Change the circuit of "* 1 " as follows when using an FXon PLC

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - [FROM ко ко K4M100 K2 I. Reading of digital value }
\end{aligned}
$$

### 8.2 Connection to FX2N (V3.00 or later) or FX2NC (V3.00 or later) Series PLC

Please use FNC 176 (RD3A).
Refer to FX Series Programming Manual II

### 8.3 Example of programming making average value data

Add the undermentioned program after "8.1 Example of programming analog input" and use the average value data when you can not read a stable digital value.


A/D input data of CH1 :D100
A/D input data of CH2 :D102
Sampling frequency :D1
Agreement flag of sampling frequency and average frequency :M133
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Average value of CH1 } \\ & \text { Average value of CH2 }\end{aligned}: \begin{aligned} & \text { D111, D113, D112 }\end{aligned}$
*1 The above program example has an average sampling frequency of 20 . Make the average frequency within the range of 2 to 262143 .

## Notes in drive

1) Confirm whether the input wiring of $\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{~N}-2 \mathrm{AD}$ and the connection of the extension cable is correctly done.
Confirm whether the "4. Connection with programmable controller" condition is satisfied.
2) When shipped from the factory, the input characteristic is adjusted to 0 to 10 VDC

If a different input characteristic is desired, please adjust as required.
When the input characteristic is adjusted, the input characteristics of CH 1 and CH 2 are changed.
4) The coexistence use for the current and voltage input cannot be done with two channels.

## 10. Error check

Confirm the following items when it seems that the FX2N-2AD does not operate normally.

1) Confirm the state of POWER LED.

Turn off or blinks : The extension cable is correctly connected
Conirm the external wioner connection of the extension cable.
Confirm the external wiring per section " 3 . Wiring".
Confirm whether the load resistance of the connected equipment corresponds to the specification of
Confirm the Voltage and Current input values with a voltage and current generator. Confirm the analog to digital conversion from the input characteristic.
) Readjust the offset and gain by "7. Adjustment of offset and gain" when the analog to digital The input characteristic when shipput characteristic. The input characteristic when shipped from the factory is 0 to 10 V DC.

## Guidelines for the safety of the user and protection of the FX2n-2AD SPECIAL

 FUNCTION BLOCKThis manual has been written to be used by trained and competent personnel. This is defined by the European directives for machinery, low voltage and EMC
If in doubt at any stage during the installation of the FX2N-2AD always consult a professiona electrical engineer who is qualified and trained to the local and national standards. If in doubi about the operailon or use of ind FXN2AD please consut he nearest Misubishi Electic distributo
Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequentia Under no circumstances wiri Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any
All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.
Owing to the very great variety in possible application of this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your specific application.

