## TRANSISTORIZED INVERTER

FR-A500<br>$\mathrm{F}_{500}$<br>E500

FR-A500/F500 E500 ssties

## COMMUNICATION OPTION REFERENCE MANUAL

## INTRODUCTION

Along with strong wiring-saving needs on the market, there are increasing needs for remote operation and monitoring by linking a personal computer, PLCs and inverters.
We have been responding to market needs with the MELSECNET/MINI-S3-compatible option units which are the lowerlevel link of our PLCs.
However, various field networks (lower-level link) have been made open mainly in Europe and U.S.A., and recent trends toward open field networks are rapidly making a deep penetration in the Factory Automation field.
In response to such trends toward open field networks, inverters are also being made open in various ways in the corresponding areas. To meet such trends, options or special-purpose products developed for compatibility with the major networks in the world are available for our inverters.
This manual explains the settings, programming methods and other general information of these network-compatible inverters and options.

Network Comparison Table

| Item | RS-485 | CC-Link | DeviceNetrm | Profibus DP | Modbus Plus |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Developed by | EIA Standard | Mitsubishi Electric | Allen Bradley | Siemens, etc. | Modicon |
| Released | April, 1983 | October, 1996 | March, 1994 | 1994 |  |
| User group | - | None | ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association) | PNO (Profibus Netzer Organization) | None |
| Number of partners | - | 122 | 250 | 575 | - |
| Main supporters | - | SMC, CKD, Idec Izumi, Sunx, Rika Kogyo, Yamatake-Honeywell, Sumitomo Heavy Industries, M System Giken, NEC, Yokogawa Electric | ABB, Omron, Hitachi, AEG Modicon, Cutler Hammer, Square D, SST, NAMCO | Rockwell, ABB, Omron, Fesco, GE Fanuc, Allen Bradley, Fuji, AEG Modicon, Klockner Mueller | Groupe Schneider |
| Position | General | Device bus | Device bus | Device bus | Device bus |
| Industry application | General | General | Automobile | Automobile | General |
| Major area | General | Asia | North America | Europe | North America, Europe |
| Communication speed | 19.2Kbps maximum | 156 K to 10Mbps | 125 K to 500 Kbps | 9.6 K to 12Mbps | 38.4 Kbps maximum |
| Overall distance | 500m | $\begin{aligned} & 1200 \mathrm{~m}(156 \mathrm{Kbps}) \\ & 600 \mathrm{~m}(625 \mathrm{Kbps}) \\ & 200 \mathrm{~m}(2.5 \mathrm{Mbps}) \\ & 100 \mathrm{~m}(10 \mathrm{Mbps}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 500m (125Kbps) 250m (250Kbps) 100 m (500Kbps) | 1200m (9.6Kbps) 200m (1.5Mbps) 100m (12Mbps) | 450m (1Mbps) 450m extendible per installation of one repeater, max. 1800m |
| Communication system | Master/slave | Master/slave | Master/slave, $\mathrm{N}: \mathrm{N}$ | Master/slave | Master/slave |
| Maximum message size | 14 bytes | M $\rightarrow$ D: 150 bytes <br> $\mathrm{D} \rightarrow \mathrm{M}: 34$ bytes | 8 bytes | 32 bytes | No limit |
| Connection cable | Twisted pair | Twisted pair | 4-wire (single pair + power pair) | Twisted pair, fiber-optic (option) | Twisted pair |
| Max. number of nodes | 32 | 64 | 64 <br> (including master) | 32 (126 using repeaters) | 61 |
| Max. number of link points | - | $\begin{gathered} \hline 2048 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} \\ 512 \text { words } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2048 I/O | $\begin{gathered} 512 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} \\ \text { (I/O } 256 \text { each) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | No limit (master memory range) |
| Real scan time | Response time approximately 25 ms (9600bps) | 4 ms $(2048 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 10 \mathrm{Mbps})$ $7 \mathrm{~ms}(2048 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}+512$ registers 10Mbps) | 7 ms (63 devices) | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~ms} \\ (512 \mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O} 12 \mathrm{Mbps}) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Remarks | Global communication standard widely used throughout the world. The values given in the table are for inverters. | Setting of the standby master station enables data link to be continued if a fault occurs in the master station. <br> The temporary error disable station function allows the unit to be changed with the data retained online. | Omron and Hitachi are actively publicizing in Japan. <br> Unsuitable for communication of large volumes of transmission data because the data that may be transmitted in one package is a maximum 8 bytes. | As of April, 1997, about $80 \%$ of Profibus nodes shipped are DP. <br> The maximum communication speed of original 1.5 Mbps was increased to 12Mbps in 1995. PNO has set up offices in 15 countries, and Profibus International was established in 1995 to integrate global management. | Modicon's private network |
| Applicable inverters | (PU connector used for compatibility) <br> FR-A500 <br> FR-F500 <br> FR-E500 <br> (Plug-in option used for compatibility) <br> FR-A500 + FR-A5NR <br> FR-F500 + FR-A5NR | (Plug-in option used for compatibility) <br> FR-A500 + FR-A5NC <br> FR-F500 + FR-A5NC <br> FR-E540 + FR-E5NC <br> (Dedicated inverter used for compatibility) FR-E520-OOKN | (Plug-in option used for compatibility) <br> FR-A500 + FR-A5ND <br> FR-F500 + FR-A5ND | (Plug-in option used for compatibility) <br> FR-A500 + FR-A5NP <br> FR-F500 + FR-A5NP | (Plug-in option used for compatibility) <br> FR-A500 + FR-A5NM <br> FR-F500 + FR-A5NM |

## CONTENTS

## 1 COMPUTER LINK (RS-485)

1.1 Overview ..... 1
1.2 Specifications ..... 2
1.3 Structure ..... 4
1.3.1 Connection with PU connector (FR-A500, F500) ..... 4
1.3.2 Connection with PU connector (FR-E500). ..... 5
1.3.3 Connection of FR-A5NR ..... 6
1.4 Configuration and Wiring Method ..... 7
1.4.1 Connection with PU connector ..... 7
1.4.2 Connection of FR-A5NR ..... 9
1.5 Inverter Setting ..... 11
1.6 Operation Modes ..... 13
1.6.1 Connection with PU connector ..... 13
1.6.2 Connection of FR-A5NR ..... 13
1.7 Operational Functions ..... 16
1.8 Computer Programming ..... 18
1.9 Troubleshooting ..... 22
1.10Setting Items and Set Data. ..... 23
1.11 Error Code List ..... 25
2 CC-Link ..... 26
2.1 Overview ..... 26
2.2 Specifications ..... 28
2.3 Structure ..... 32
2.3.1 When FR-A5NC is connected ..... 32
2.3.2 FR-E520- $\square \mathrm{KN}$ ..... 34
2.3.3 When FR-E5NC is connected ..... 35
2.3.4 Master and local modules ..... 37
2.4 Configuration and Wiring Method ..... 39
2.5 Inverter Setting ..... 41
2.6 Operation Modes ..... 42
2.6.1 When FR-A5NC is connected ..... 42
2.6.2 FR-E520- $\square \mathrm{KN}$ ..... 45
2.6.3 When FR-E5NC is connected ..... 46
2.7 Operational Functions ..... 48
2.7.1 When FR-A5NC is connected ..... 48
2.7.2 FR-E520- $\square \mathrm{KN}$ ..... 51
2.7.3 When FR-E5NC is connected ..... 53
2.8 PLC Programming. ..... 55
2.9 How to Check for Error with the LED Lamps ..... 69
2.10Troubleshooting ..... 72
3 Device Netтm ..... 73
3.1 Overview ..... 73
3.2 Specifications ..... 74
3.3 Structure ..... 75
3.4 Configuration and Wiring Procedure ..... 77
3.5 Inverter Setting ..... 80
3.6 Operation Modes ..... 84
3.7 Operational Functions ..... 87
3.8 DeviceNet Programming ..... 89
3.9 Object Map ..... 97
3.9.1 Class $0 \times 01$ Identity object ..... 97
3.9.2 Class 0x03 DeviceNet object ..... 98
3.9.3 Class $0 \times 04$ Assembly object. ..... 98
3.9.4 Class 0x05 DeviceNet connection object ..... 100
3.9.5 Class 0x28 Motor data object ..... 103
3.9.6 Class 0x29 Control management object ..... 103
3.9.7 Class 0x2A AC drive object ..... 104
3.9.8 Class 0x66 A500 expansion object I ..... 106
3.9.9 Class 0x67 A500 expansion object II. ..... 110
3.10EDS File ..... 113
4 Profibus-DP ..... 114
4.1 Overview ..... 114
4.2 Specifications ..... 115
4.3 Structure ..... 116
4.4 Configuration and Wiring Procedure ..... 118
4.5 Inverter Setting ..... 121
4.6 Operation Modes ..... 122
4.7 Operational Functions ..... 125
4.8 Profibus Programming ..... 127
4.9 Parameter Definitions ..... 136
4.9.1 $\mathrm{IND}=0000 \mathrm{H}$ Real-time monitor area ..... 136
4.9.2 IND=01PPH System environment variable area ..... 137
4.9.3 IND=0200H Standard parameter area ..... 138
4.9.4 IND=0300H, Pr. 900 frequency calibration area ..... 142
4.9.5 IND=0400H, Pr. 900 \% calibration area ..... 143
4.9.6 IND=0800H Programmed operation time setting area. ..... 143
4.9.7 IND=0700H Programmed operation rotation direction setting area ..... 144
4.9.8 IND=0600H Programmed operation frequency setting area ..... 145
4.10Profibus Device Data (GSD File) ..... 146
5 APPENDICES ..... 147
5.1 Data code List ..... 147
5.1.1 FR-A500 series ..... 147
5.1.2 FR-F500 series ..... 153
5.1.3 FR-E500 series ..... 157

## 1 <br> COMPUTER LINK (RS-485)

1.1 Overview ..... 1
1.2 Specifications ..... 2
1.3 Structure ..... 4
1.4 Configuration and Wiring Method ..... 7
1.5 Inverter Setting ..... 11
1.6 Operation Modes ..... 13
1.7 Operational Functions ..... 16
1.8 Computer Programming ..... 18
1.9 Troubleshooting ..... 22
1.10 Setting Items and Set Data ..... 23
1.11 Error Code List ..... 25

### 1.1 Overview

Computer link allows inverters connected with a computer, such as a personal computer, by communication cables to be operated and monitored and their parameters to be changed, saved etc. by user programs.

## (1) Features of computer link-compatible inverters

1) Communication function is standard.

You can remove the operation panel (or cover etc.) and use RS-485 to perform communication operation via the PU connector.
Note: A commercially available converter is required when using a computer (personal computer) which only has RS-232C communication.
2) Plug-in option is also available.

The computer link plug-in option available for the FR-A500 and FR-F500 series inverters and enables RS-485 communication operation to be performed with the Parameter unit (operation panel) connected.
3) Setup Software

The Setup Software which offers an easy-to-use inverter environment is available to support you from inverter startup to maintenance.
(2) Types of computer link-compatible inverters

| Inverter Series | Method for Compatibility with Computer Link |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PU connector | Plug-in option |
| FR-A500 | Connected to PU connector | Connect FR-A5NR plug-in option. |
| FR-F500 | Connected to PU connector | Connect FR-A5NR plug-in option. |
| FR-E500 | Connected to PU connector | Incompatible |

### 1.2 Specifications

(1) Power supply
(2) Conforming standard
(3) Transmission form
(4) Communication cable
(5) Transmission distance
(6) Number of inverters connected
(7) Applicable computer

- Control power: Supplied by the inverter
- Communication power: 5VDC, maximum 60mA
- [EIA Standard] Shared between RS-422 and RS-485
- Multidrop link system
- Twisted pair cable
- Maximum 500m overall
- Up to 10 inverters for RS-422 computer interface
- Up to 32 inverters for RS-485 computer interface
- Computer with RS-422 or RS-485 interface function

By using a converter, a computer with RS-232C interface function is also applicable.
(8) Communication specifications

|  |  |  | Connection with PU Connector | Connection of FR-A5NR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conforming standard |  |  | RS-485 Standard |  |
| Number of inverters connected |  |  | 1: N (maximum 32 inverters) |  |
| Communication speed |  |  | Selectable between 19200, 9600 and 4800bps | Selectable between 19200, 9600, 4800, 2400, 1200, 600 and 300bps |
| Control procedure |  |  | Asynchronous system |  |
| Communication method |  |  | Half duplex system |  |
|  | Station number setting |  | 0 to 31 |  |
|  | Character system |  | ASCII (7 bits/8 bits) selectable |  |
|  | Stop bit length |  | $1 \mathrm{bit} / 2$ bits selectable |  |
|  | Terminator |  | CR/LF (yes/no selectable) |  |
|  | Check system | Parity check | Yes (even/odd)/no selectable |  |
|  |  | Sum check | Yes |  |
|  | Waiting time setting |  | Yes/no selectable |  |

(9) Response time

[Data transmission time formula]

*Communication specifications (Refer to the following table)

| Name | Number of Bits |
| :---: | :---: |
| Stop bit length | 1 bit |
|  | 2 bits |
| Data length | 7 bits |
|  | 8 bits |


| Name |  | Number of Bits |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Parity check | Yes | 1 bit |
|  | No | 0 |
| Start bit |  | 1 bit |

Note: 1 bit is always required for the start bit.
Minimum total number of bits: 9 bits, maximum total number of bits: 12 bits

- Example: Response time when forward (reverse) rotation command is given by communication

<Example 1>
Format $\mathrm{A}^{\prime}$

<Example 2>
Format G

<Calculation example 1>

1) Baudrate $=9600$ baud, number of data characters $=12$, stop bit length $=2$ bits, data length $=8$ bits, parity check $=$ yes (presence), CR, LF instructions = yes (presence) $\frac{1}{9600} \times 12 \times 12=0.015 \mathrm{~s}(15.0 \mathrm{~ms})$
2) Same conditions as above with the exception of baudrate $=19200$ baud
$\frac{1}{19200} \times 12 \times 12=0.0075 \mathrm{~s}(7.5 \mathrm{~ms})$
3) Same conditions as above with the exception of baudrate $=300$ baud

$$
\frac{1}{300} \times 12 \times 12=0.48 \mathrm{~s}(480 \mathrm{~ms})
$$

<Calculation example 2>

1) Baudrate $=9600$ baud, number of data characters $=5$, stop bit length $=2$ bits, data length $=8$ bits, parity check $=$ yes (presence), CR, LF instructions = yes (presence)

$$
\frac{1}{9600} \times 5 \times 12=0.00625 \mathrm{~s}(6.25 \mathrm{~ms})
$$

2) Same conditions as above with the exception of baudrate $=19200$ baud
$\frac{1}{19200} \times 5 \times 12=0.003125 \mathrm{~s}(3.125 \mathrm{~ms})$
3) Same conditions as above with the exception of baudrate $=300$ baud

$$
\frac{1}{300} \times 5 \times 12=0.2 \mathrm{~s}(200 \mathrm{~ms})
$$

"At-A-Glance" Guide to Response Time

| Number of <br> Data <br> Characters | Communication <br> Specifications <br> (Total number of bits) | $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 2 0 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10 | 166.7 ms | 83.3 ms | 41.7 ms | 20.8 ms | 10.4 ms | 5.2 ms | 2.6 ms |
| 5 | 12 | 200.0 ms | 100.0 ms | 50.0 ms | 25.0 ms | 12.5 ms | 6.3 ms | 3.1 ms |
| 10 | 10 | 333.3 ms | 166.7 ms | 83.3 ms | 41.7 ms | 20.8 ms | 10.4 ms | 5.2 ms |
| 10 | 12 | 400.0 ms | 200.0 ms | 100.0 ms | 50.0 ms | 25.0 ms | 12.5 ms | 6.3 ms |
| 12 | 10 | 400.0 ms | 200.0 ms | 100.0 ms | 50.0 ms | 25.0 ms | 12.5 ms | 6.3 ms |
| 12 | 12 | 480.0 ms | 240.0 ms | 120.0 ms | 60.0 ms | 30.0 ms | 15.0 ms | 7.5 ms |
| 14 | 10 | 466.7 ms | 233.3 ms | 116.7 ms | 58.3 ms | 29.2 ms | 14.6 ms | 7.3 ms |
| 14 | 12 | 560.0 ms | 280.0 ms | 140.0 ms | 70.0 ms | 35.0 ms | 17.5 ms | 8.8 ms |

### 1.3 Structure

### 1.3.1 Connection with PU connector (FR-A500, F500)

(1) Appearance

(2) PU connector pin-outs


Note 1. Do not make connection to the computer LAN board, FAX modem socket or telephone modular connector. Doing so may damage the product due to differences in electrical specifications.
Note 2. Pins 2 and 8 (P5S) are power supplies for the operation panel or parameter unit. Do not use them when performing RS-485 communication.
Note 3. Use a commercially available RS-485/RS-232C converter when the personal computer's communication board has the RS-232C specifications.
(3) Mounting method

1) Hold down the top button of the operation panel and pull the operation panel toward you to remove.

-Removal

2) Unplug the modular jack type junction connector. (Place the removed modular jack type junction connector into the modular jack type junction connector holder.)

3) Securely plug one end of the connection cable into the PU connector of the inverter and the other end into the personal computer (or converter etc.).

### 1.3.2 Connection with PU connector (FR-E500)

(1) Appearance

(2) PU connector pin-outs

8) to 1)
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 1) } \mathrm{SG} & \text { 5) } \mathrm{SDA} \\ \text { 2) } \mathrm{P} 5 \mathrm{~S} & \text { 6) RDB } \\ \text { 3) } R D A & \text { 7) } \mathrm{SG} \\ \text { 4) } \mathrm{SDB} & \text { 8) } \mathrm{P} 5 \mathrm{~S}\end{array}$

Note 1. Do not make connection to the computer LAN board, FAX modem socket or telephone modular connector. Doing so may damage the product due to differences in electrical specifications.
Note 2. Pins 2 and 8 (P5S) are power supplies for the operation panel or parameter unit. Do not use them when performing RS-485 communication.
Note 3. Use a commercially available RS-485/RS-232C converter when the personal computer's communication board has the RS-232C specifications.

## (3) Mounting method

1) Remove the operation panel. Hold down the portion indicated by arrow $A$ in Fig. A and remove the operation panel as shown in Fig. B. (If you remove it in any other way, force applied to the internal connector may damage the product.)


Fig. A


Fig. B


Fig. C
2) Securely plug one end of the connection cable into the PU connector of the inverter and the other end into the personal computer (or converter etc.).

### 1.3.3 Connection of FR-A5NR

(1) Appearance


Note: Never use the unused terminals as junction terminals since they are used in the option. Doing so may damage the option unit.

## (2) Installation procedure

1) Securely insert the connector of the option unit far into the connector of the inverter. At this time, also fit the option fixing holes correctly. For the slot positions, refer to the figure below.
2) Securely fix the option unit to the inverter on both sides with the accessory mounting screws. If the screw holes do not match, the connector may not have been plugged correctly. Check for loose connection.
3) Route the cables so that they do not take up a large space in the control circuit terminal block wiring area of the option unit.
During wiring, do not leave wire off-cuts in the inverter. They can cause a fault, failure or malfunction.
Use the left-hand side space for routing the cables.


Note 1. Only one option of the same model may be used. When two or more options are mounted, priority is in order of slots 1,2 and 3 , and the options having lower priority are inoperative. (Only one communication option may be used.)
Note 2. When the inverter cannot recognize that the option is mounted, it displays "E.OPT".
Note 3. When one FR-A5NR is used with the other communication option than the FR-A5NR, no error is displayed and the relay output of the FR-A5NR and the communication function of the other communication option are made valid.

| Mounting <br> Position | Error Display |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slot 1 | E.OP1 |
| Slot 2 | E.OP2 |
| Slot 3 | E.OP3 |

Note 4. When installing the inverter front cover, the cables to the inverter's control circuit terminals and option terminals should be routed properly in the wiring space to prevent them from being caught between the inverter and its cover.

### 1.4 Configuration and Wiring Method

### 1.4.1 Connection with PU connector

## (1) System configuration examples



Use the connectors and cables available on the market.
Note 1. Connector: RJ45 connector
Example: 5-554720-3, Japan AMP Co., Ltd.
Note 2. Cable: Cable conforming to EIA568 (e.g. 10BASE-T cable)
Example: SGLPEV $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{P}$, Mitsubishi Cable Industries, Ltd.
Note 3. Splitter
Example: BMJ-8 modular rosette, Hakko Electrical Mfg. Co., Ltd. $.03-3806-9171$


Use the connectors and cables available on the market.
Note 1. Connector: RJ45 connector
Example: 5-554720-3, Japan AMP Co., Ltd.
Note 2. Cable: Cable conforming to EIA568 (e.g. 10BASE-T cable)
Example: SGLPEV $0.5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4 \mathrm{P}$, Mitsubishi Cable Industries, Ltd.
Note 3. Commercially available converter examples:

1) Model: FA-T-RS40

## Converter

Nagoya Sales Office, Mitsubishi Electric Engineering Co., Ltd
2) Model: DAFXI-CABL series cable with built-in interface
$+$
DINV-485CAB connector conversion cable
Diatrend Co., Ltd $\qquad$ .06-6460-2100
Note 4. Splitter
Example: BMJ-8 modular rosette, Hakko Electrical Mfg. Co., Ltd. .03-3806-9171

## (2) Wiring method

1) Connection of one RS-485 computer and one inverter

2) Connection of one RS-485 computer and n inverters (multiple inverters)


Note 1. Depending on the transmission speed and/or transmission distance, the inverters may be affected by reflection. If so, provide a termination resistor. For connection using the PU connector, use a splitter because a termination connector cannot be fitted. The termination resistor should be connected to only the remotest inverter from the computer. (Termination resistor: $100 \Omega$ )
Note 2. Connect in accordance with the manual of the computer used. Note that the computer terminal numbers depend on the model used.

### 1.4.2 Connection of FR-A5NR

(1) System configuration examples

1) Inverters used with a computer having RS-485 or RS-422 interface

2) Inverters used with a computer having RS-232C interface


Note 1. Commercially available converter examples:

1) Model: FA-T-RS40

Converter
Nagoya Sales Office, Mitsubishi Electric Engineering Co., Ltd. 052-565-3435
2) Model: DAFXI-CABL series cable with built-in interface

DINV-485CAB connector conversion cable
Diatrend Co., Ltd. .06-6460-2100

## (2) Wiring method

1) Connection of one computer and one inverter

2) Connection of one computer and $n$ inverters (multiple inverters)


Note 1. The termination resistor jumper should be connected to only the remotest FR-A5NR from the computer. (Termination resistor: $100 \Omega$ )
Note 2. Connect in accordance with the manual of the computer used. Note that the computer terminal numbers depend on the model used.

### 1.5 Inverter Setting

COMPUTER LINK (RS-485)
(1) Parameters
<Connection with PU connector>

| Parameter Number | Name | Setting Range | Setting Increments | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 117 | Station number | 0 to 31 | 1 | 0 |
| 118 | Communication speed | $48,96,192$ | 1 | 192 |
| 119 | Stop bit length/data length | 0,1 (data length 8) <br> 10,11 (data length 7 ) | 1 | 1 |
| 120 | Parity check presence/absence | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 2 |
| 121 | Number of communication retries | 0 to 10,9999 | 1 | 1 |
| 122 | Communication check time interval | 0 to 999.8 sec., 9999 | 0.1 | 0 (Note) |
| 123 | Waiting time setting | 0 to $150 \mathrm{~ms}, 9999$ | 1 ms | 9999 |
| 124 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 1 |

Note: The factory setting of Pr. 122 for the NA, EC and CH version inverters is "9999".
<Connection of FR-A5NR>

| Parameter Number | Name | Setting Range | Setting Increments | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 331 | Inverter station number | 0 to 31 | 1 | 0 |
| 332 | Communication speed | $3,6,12,24,48,96$, | 1 | 96 |
| 333 | Stop bit length/data length | 0,1 (data length 8 ) <br> 10,11 (data length 7 ) |  | 1 |
| 334 | Parity check presence/absence | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 1 |
| 335 | Number of communication retries | 0 to 10,9999 | 1 | 2 |
| 336 | Communication check time interval | 0 to 999.8 sec., 9999 | 0.1 | 1 |
| 337 | Waiting time setting | 0 to $150 \mathrm{~ms}, 9999$ | 1 ms | 0 |
| 338 | Operation command write | 0,1 | 1 | 9999 |
| 339 | Speed command write | 0,1 | 1 | 0 |
| 340 | Link start mode selection | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 0 |
| 341 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 0 |
| 342 | E'ROM write yes/no | 0,1 | 1 | 1 |

(2) Station number setting (Pr. 117, Pr. 331 "inverter station number")

1) The station number may be set between 0 and 31 .

When the RS-422 interface is used, the station number may be set between 0 and 31 but the number of inverters connected must be within 10 .
2) Note that the same station number cannot be set for different inverters. (If such setting has been made, proper communication cannot be performed.)
3) Station numbers do not have to be sequential and may be skipped, e.g. as shown below:


Station number setting example
(3) Communication specifications

Refer to the following table and set the parameters:

| Parameter <br> Number | Description | Data Setting | Data Definition |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 118,332 | Communication speed | $3,6,12,24,48$, <br> $96,192($ Note 1) | $3: 300$ baud. 6: 600 baud. 12: 1200 baud. 24: 2400 baud. <br> $48: 4800$ baud. $96: 9600$ baud. $192: 19200$ baud (Note 1 ) |
| 119,333 | Stop bit length/data <br> length | $0,1,10,11$ | $0,10:$ Stop bit length $=1$ bit $1.11:$ Stop bit length $=2$ bits. <br> $0,1:$ Data length $=8$ bits. 10, 11: Data length $=7$ bits |
| 120,334 | Parity check <br> presence/absence | $0,1,2$ | 0: No parity check <br> $1:$ Odd parity <br> 2: Even parity |
| 124,341 | CR, LF instruction <br> presence/absence | $0,1,2$ | 0: Without CR and LF <br> $1:$ With CR only <br> 2: With CR and LF |

Note 1. The setting range of Pr. 118 is 48, 96 and 192.
Note 2. The inverter will not be faulty if the Pr. 333 "stop bit length/data length" setting differs from the actual data value.
(4) Number of data communication error retries

Set the permissible number of retries at occurrence of data receive error. If the number of consecutive errors exceeds the permissible value, the inverter will come to an alarm stop.

| Parameter Number | Name | Data Setting | Data Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 0 to 10 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Permissible number of retries at error occurrence } \\ {\left[\begin{array}{l} \text { If the number of retries exceeds the preset value, the inverter will } \\ \text { come to an alarm stop. (Factory-set to one) } \end{array}\right]} \end{array}$ |
| 121, 335 | Number of communication retries | $\begin{gathered} 9999 \\ (65535)(\text { Note 1) } \end{gathered}$ | If a communication error occurs, the inverter will not come to an alarm stop. At this time, the inverter can be coasted to a stop by MRS or RESET input. <br> During an error, the minor fault signal (LF) is given to the open collector output. Allocate the used terminal with any of Pr. 190 to Pr. 195 (output terminal function selection) for A500 series inverters. Allocate the used terminal with any of Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 for E500 series inverters. |

Note: The data to be entered from the parameter unit is 9999 and that from the computer is 65535 (FFFFH).
(5) Permissible communication time interval

Set the permissible communication time interval between the computer and inverter.
(If no-communication with the computer persists for more than the permissible time, the inverter will come to an alarm stop due to time-out error.)

| Parameter <br> Number | Name | Data Setting | Data Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 122,336 | Communication check time interval | 0 | Computer link operation disallowed |
|  |  | 0.1 to 999.8 | Permissible communication time interval (0.1 second increments) |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 9999(65535) \\ (\text { Note 1) } \end{gathered}$ | Communication check stop |

Note 1. The data to be entered from the parameter unit is 9999 and that from the computer is 65535 (FFFFH).
Note 2. At power-on (or reset), communication time interval check begins when the first communication is started.
Note 3. If the parameter setting is changed, check begins when the change is made.
Note 4. If communication is broken due to signal cable breakage, computer fault etc., the inverter does not detect such a fault. This should be fully noted.
(6) $\mathrm{E}^{2} \mathrm{ROM}$ write yes/no (connection of FR-A5NR)

When the FR-A5NR is connected, choose whether the parameters will be written to $E^{2} R O M$ or not.

| Parameter <br> Number | Name | Data Setting | Data Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 342 | $\mathrm{E}^{2} \mathrm{ROM}$ write |  |  |
|  | yes/no | 0 | Written to both $\mathrm{E}^{2}$ ROM and RAM. |

### 1.6 Operation Modes

### 1.6.1 Connection with PU connector

## (1) Operation Modes

1) External operation $\qquad$ Controls the inverter by switching on/off external signals connected to the control circuit terminals of the inverter.
2) Communication operation (PU connector).... Controls the inverter in accordance with the computer program via the PU connector.
Since the PU connector is used for operation, the PU operation mode is the communication operation (PU connector) mode.

## (2) Operation mode switching method

Change the operation mode as described below:

## Switched

by computer


| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | Communication operation (PU connector) <br> $\rightarrow$ external operation | By the user program of the computer (Note 1) |
| B | External operation $\rightarrow$ communication operation <br> (PU connector) | By the user program of the computer (Note 1) |

Note 1. Set " 0 " in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" to carry out the above switching.
When "1" is set in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection", the operation mode available is the communication operation (PU connector) only.
When "2" is set in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection", the operation mode available is the external operation only.

### 1.6.2 Connection of FR-A5NR

## (1) Operation modes

1) PU operation
. Controls the inverter from the keyboard of the operation panel/parameter unit (FR-DU04/FR-PU04) (referred to as the "PU") installed to the inverter.
2) External operation Controls the inverter by switching on/off external signals connected to the control circuit terminals of the inverter. (The inverter is factory-set to this mode.)
3) Computer link operation ........ Controls the inverter in accordance with the computer program via the computer link unit (FR-A5NR).
By setting parameters Pr. 338 "operation command write" and Pr. 339 "speed command write" as appropriate, the operation signal and running frequency can be entered from the control circuit terminals.
(2) Operation mode switching
4) Operation mode switching conditions

Before switching the operation mode, check that:

- The inverter is at a stop.
- Both the forward and reverse rotation signals are off; and
- The Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" setting is correct.
(Use the operation panel/parameter unit (FR-DU04/FR-PU04) of the inverter for setting.)

| Setting | Operation Mode Selection | Switching to Computer Link Operation Mode |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | PU or external operation | Disallowed when the PU mode is selected. Allowed when the external <br> mode is selected. |
| 1 | PU operation only | Disallowed |
| 2 | External operation only | Allowed |
| 3 | External/PU combined operation | Disallowed |
| 4 | External/PU combined operation | Disallowed |
| 5 | Programmed operation | Disallowed (Parameter values write-enabled in the external operation <br> mode may be changed) |
| 6 | Switch-over | Allowed |
| 7 | External operation (PU interlock signal) | Allowed only in the external operation mode when the PU interlock signal <br> (X12) is on. |
| 8 | PU or external (signal switching) | Allowed only in the external operation mode (X16 on). |

2) Operation mode switching method
Change the operation mode as described below:

Switched
by computer


Switched
by parameter

(E)
(F)
(Switching disallowed)

| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | PU operation $\rightarrow$ external operation | Operate the external operation key sheet on the PU. |
| B | External operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Operate the PU operation key sheet on the PU. |
| C | External operation $\rightarrow$ computer link <br> operation | By the user program of the computer. |
| D | Computer link operation $\rightarrow$ external <br> operation | By the user program of the computer. |
| E | PU operation $\rightarrow$ computer link <br> operation | Switching disallowed/allowed if external operation is selected in A and <br> computer link operation is then selected in C. (Note 2) |
| F | Computer link operation $\rightarrow$ PU <br> operation | Switching disallowed/allowed if external operation is selected in D and PU <br> operation is then selected in B. (Note 2) |

When "1 or 2" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection", the operation mode is computer link operation at power on or inverter reset.
Note 1. When setting "1 or 2 " in Pr. 340, the initial settings (station number setting, etc.) of the inverter must be made without fail.
Note 2. In the switch-over mode, switching in E and F is also allowed.
3) Operation mode display

The operation mode is displayed on the PU as indicated below:

- PU operation $\qquad$ PU
- External operation EXT
- Computer link operation NET

4) Operation mode at power on and instantaneous power failure

By setting the Pr. 340 "link start mode selection" value as appropriate, the operation mode at power on and at restoration from instantaneous power failure can be selected.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pr. } 340 \\ & \text { Setting } \end{aligned}$ | Pr. 79 | Operation Mode Name | Mode at Power On or at Restoration from Instantaneous Power Failure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | PU or external operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 1 | PU operation only | Inverter goes into the PU operation mode. |
|  | 2 | External operation only | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 3 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the PU operation mode and the start signal is set in the external operation mode. |
|  | 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the external operation mode and the start signal is set in the PU operation mode. |
|  | 5 | Programmed operation mode | Inverter is operated by the program. |
|  | 6 | Switch-over mode | Operation mode is switched while running. |
|  | 7 | External operation mode | Shift to the PU operation mode is controlled by ON/OFF of the X12 signal. |
|  | 8 | External/PU combined operation mode | Operation mode is switched by ON/OFF of the X16 signal. |
| 1 | Computer link operation |  | Inverter goes into the computer link operation mode. (Program need not be used for switching) |
| 2 | Computer link operation automatic restart after instantaneous power failure |  | When the computer link unit (FR-A5NR) is fitted and Pr. 57 setting is other than 9999 (setting of automatic restart after instantaneous power failure), automatic restart is made in the status prior to the occurrence of instantaneous power failure to continue computer link operation, if no communication signal is given from the computer. (Program need not be used for switching) |

Note 1. If an instantaneous power failure occurs during computer link operation, the programming of the computer stops and remains stopped if power is restored.
If an instantaneous power failure occurs with "2" set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection", the inverter continues operation in the status prior to the instantaneous power failure. (When Pr. $57 \neq 9999$ )

- The Pr. 340 value may be changed in any operation mode.
- To start computer link operation at power-on, set "1 or 2" in Pr. 340.


## (3) Control location selection

In the computer link operation mode, operation can be performed by signals from external terminals in accordance with the settings of Pr. 338 "operation command write" and Pr. 339 "speed command write".

| Control place selection |  |  | Operation command write (Pr. 338) | 0: Computer | 0: Computer | 1: External | 1: External | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Speed command write (Pr. 339) | 0: Computer | 1: External | 0: Computer | 1: External |  |
| Fixed functions (Functions equivalent to terminals) |  |  | Forward rotation command (STF) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Reverse rotation command (STR) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Start self-holding selection (STOP) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Output halt (MRS) | Both | Both | External | External | (Note 1) |
|  |  |  | Reset (RES) | Both | Both | Both | Both |  |
|  |  |  | Computer link operation frequency | Computer | - | Computer | - |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | Compensation | External | Compensation | External |  |
|  | Pr. 180 to Pr. 186 settings | 0 | Low-speed operation command (RL) | Computer | External | Computer | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 1 | Middle-speed operation command (RM) | Computer | External | Computer | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 2 | High-speed operation command (RH) | Computer | External | Computer | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 3 | Second function selection (RT) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 4 | Current input selection (AU) | - | Both | - | Both |  |
|  |  | 5 | Jog operation selection (JOG) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  | 6 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection (CS) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 7 | External thermal relay input (OH) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 8 | 15-speed selection (REX) | Computer | External | Computer | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 9 | Third function (X9) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 10 | FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable (X10) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 11 | FR-HC connection, instantaneous power failure detection (X11) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 12 | PU external interlock (X12) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 13 | External DC dynamic braking start (X13) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 14 | PID control valid terminal (X14) | Computer | External | Computer | External |  |
|  |  | 15 | Brake opening completion signal (BRI) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 16 | PU operation-external operation switching (X16) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 17 | Load pattern selectionforward/reverse rotation boost switching (X17) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 18 | Magnetic flux-V/F switching (X18) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 19 | Load torque high-speed frequency (X19) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 20 | S-pattern acceleration/deceleration C switch-over terminal | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 22 | Orientation command | Computer | Computer | External | External | (Note 2) |
|  |  | 23 | Pre-excitation | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
| RH, RM, RL, RT selection functions |  |  | Remote setting (RH, RM, RH) | Computer | External | Computer | External | Pr. $59=1,2$ |
|  |  |  | Programmed operation group selection (RH, RM, RL) | - | - | - | - | Pr. $79=5$ Computer link operation disallowed |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 0 (RL) | Computer | External | Computer | External | Pr. 270 = 1, 3 |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 1 (RT) | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |

[Explanation of table]

| External | : Control by signal from external terminal only is valid. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Computer | : Control from sequence program only is valid. |
| Both | : Control from both external terminal and computer is valid. |
| - | : Control from both external terminal and computer is invalid. |
| Compensation | : Control by signal from external terminal is only valid if Pr. 28 (multi-speed input <br> compensation) setting is 1. |

Note 1. If the FR-HC is connected, inverter operation enable signal (X10) is not assigned when the FR-HC is used (Pr. $30=2$ ) or if the PU operation interlock signal (X12) is not assigned when the PU operation interlock function is set ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=7$ ). This function is also used by the MRS signal and therefore the MRS signal is only valid for the external terminals, independently of the Pr. 338 and Pr. 339 settings.
Note 2. The orientation command needs the FR-A5AP and FR-A5AX options.

### 1.7 Operational Functions

(1) Operation mode-based functions

| Control location | Item | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PU operation | External operation | Computer link operation (when FR-A5NR is used) |
| Computer user program from PU connector | Operation command (start) | Allowed | Disallowed | Disallowed |
|  | Running frequency setting | Allowed | Allowed (combined mode) | Disallowed |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Parameter write | Allowed (Note 4) | Allowed (Note 4) | Allowed (Note 4) |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Stop command (Note 3) | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
| Computer user program from FR-A5NR | Operation command | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Running frequency setting | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Parameter write | Disallowed (Note 4) | Disallowed (Note 4) | Disallowed (Note 4) |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
|  | Stop command (Note 3) | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
| Control circuit terminal | Inverter reset | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Operation command | Disallowed | Allowed | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Frequency setting | Disallowed | Allowed | Allowed (Note 1) |

Note 1. Depends on the Pr. 338 "operation command write" and Pr. 399 "speed command write" settings.
Note 2. Cannot be reset from the computer when an RS-485 communication error occurs.
Note 3. Depends on the Pr. 75 "reset selection" setting.
Note 4. Depends on the Pr. 77 "parameter write inhibit selection" setting.
(2) Input from computer to inverter

1) Operation commands...... The following command can be given:
<Connection via PU connector> <Connection via FR-A5NR>

Bit 0 :
1: Forward rotation (STF)
2: Reverse rotation (STR)
3:
4: -
5: -
6: -
7: -

Bit 0: Current input selection (AU)*
1: Forward rotation (STF)
2: Reverse rotation (STR)
3: Low speed (RL)*
4: Middle speed (RM)*
5: High speed (RH)*
6: Second acceleration/deceleration (RT)*
7: Output halt (MRS)

The input signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 186 (input terminal function selection) for A500 and F500 series inverters.
2) Running frequency

The output frequency of the inverter can be set between 0 and 400 Hz (16-bit binary in 0.01 Hz increments)
3) Inverter reset

The inverter can be reset from the computer.
4) Parameter setting write

For the parameters indicated in Appendix "Data Code List", their settings can be written.
(3) Input from inverter to computer

1) Inverter status $\qquad$ The following operating status can be monitored.
Bit 0: Running (RUN)*
1: Forward running
2: Reverse running
3: Up to frequency (SU)*
4: Overload (OL)*
5: Instantaneous power failure (IPF)*
6: Frequency detection (FU)*
7: Alarm occurrence*
Note 1. For the FR-A500 and F500 series, the output signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 190 to Pr. 195 (output terminal function selection).
Note 2. The E500 series uses Pr. 190 to Pr. 192. Also, for the FR-E500 series, bit 5: Instantaneous power failure (IPF) is not available.
2) Inverter monitoring

- Output frequency ...... Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
- Output current........... Binary in 0.01A increments
- Output voltage .......... Binary in 0.1 V increments
- Alarm definition ........ Binary (up to eight alarms)

3) Parameter setting read

For the parameters indicated in Appendix "Data Code List", their settings can be read.
(4) Operation at alarm occurrence

| Alarm Location | Description |  | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | PU operation | External operation | Computer link operation (when FR-A5NR is used) |
| Inverter fault | Inverter operation |  | Stop | Stop | Stop |
|  | Data communication | PU connector | Continued | Continued | Continued |
|  |  | FR-A5NR | Continued | Continued | Continued |
| Communication error (communication from PU connector) | Inverter operation |  | Stop/continued (Note 1) | Continued | Continued |
|  | Data communication | PU connector | Stop | Stop | Stop |
|  |  | FR-A5NR | Continued | Continued | Continued |
| Communication error (plug-in option) | Inverter operation |  | Continued | Continued | Stop/continued (Note 2) |
|  | Data communication | PU connector | Continued | Continued | Continued |
|  |  | FR-A5NR | Stop | Stop | Stop |

Note 1. Can be selected by parameter setting (factory-set to continued).
Note 2. Can be selected by parameter setting (factory-set to stop).
(5) Communication error

| Error Location | Error Code |
| :--- | :---: |
| Communication error <br> (communication from PU connector) | E.PUE |
| Communication error (FR-A5NR) | E.OP1 to E.OP3 |

(6) Inverter reset

| Resetting Method | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PU operation | External operation | Computer link operation <br> (when FR-A5NR is used) |
| Computer user program | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed (Note) |
| Terminals RES-SD ON | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
| Inverter power OFF | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |

Note: When the inverter is reset in the computer link operation mode, it is put in the external operation mode. Accordingly, to resume computer link operation, switch the operation mode to computer link operation again.

### 1.8 Computer Programming

## (1) Communication protocol

Data communication between the computer and inverter is performed using the following procedure:

*1. If a data error is detected and a retry must be made, execute retry operation with the user program. The inverter comes to an alarm stop if the number of consecutive retries exceeds the parameter setting.
*2. On receipt of a data error occurrence, the inverter returns retry data 3 to the computer again. The inverter comes to an alarm stop if the number of consecutive data errors reaches or exceeds the parameter setting.
(2) Communication operation presence/absence and data format types

Communication operation presence/absence and data format types are as follows:

| No. | Operation |  | Operation command | Running Frequency | Parameter Write | Inverter Reset | Monitoring | Parameter Read |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1) | Communication request is sent to the inverter in accordance with the user program. |  | A' |  |  | A | B | B |
| 2) | Inverter data processing time |  | Present | Present | Present | Absent | Present | Present |
| 3) | Reply data from the inverter (Data 1 is checked for error) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { No error } \\ \hline \text { Request } \\ \text { accepted } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | C | C | C | Absent | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{E}, \mathrm{E}^{\prime} \\ \left(\mathrm{E}^{\prime \prime}\right)(\text { Note }) \end{gathered}$ | E |
|  |  | With error Request rejected | D | D | D | Absent | F | F |
| 4) | Computer processing delay time |  | Absent | Absent | Absent | Absent | Absent | Absent |
| 5) | Answer from computer in response to reply data 3 (Data 3 is checked for error) | No error <br> No processing <br> Le | Absent | Absent | Absent | Absent | G | G |
|  |  | With error 3 is output | Absent | Absent | Absent | Absent | H | H |

Note: For the FR-E500 series, the data format is A" or E" when you set any of "0.01 to 9998" in Pr. 37 "output frequency setting" and "1" in the data code "HFF".
(3) Data format

Hexadecimal data is used.
Data is automatically transferred in ASCII between the computer and inverter.

- Data format types

1) Communication request data from computer to inverter


Note 1. The inverter station numbers may be set between H 00 and H 1 F (stations 0 and 31) in hexadecimal.
Note 2. *3 indicates the control code.
Note 3. *4 indicates the CR or LF code.
When data is transmitted from the computer to the inverter, code CR (carriage return) or LF (line feed) is automatically set at the end of a data group on some computers. In this case, setting must also be made from the inverter according to the computer.
Also, the presence and absence of the CR and LF codes can be selected using Pr. 124 (Pr. 341).
Note 4. *5: When Pr. 123 (Pr. 337) "waiting time setting" $\neq 9999$, create the communication request data with no "waiting time" in the data format. (The number of characters decreases by 1.)
2) Send data from computer to inverter during data write

3) Reply data from inverter to computer during data read
[No data error detected]

4) Replay data from computer to inverter during data read
[No data error detected]
[Data error detected]


(4) Data definitions

1) Control codes

| Signal Name | ASCII Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| STX | H02 | Start Of Text (Start of data) |
| ETX | H03 | End Of Text (End of data) |
| ENQ | H05 | Enquiry (Communication request) |
| ACK | H06 | Acknowledge (No data error detected) |
| LF | H0A | Line Feed |
| CR | H0D | Carriage Return |
| NAK | H15 | Negative Acknowledge (Data error detected) |

2) Inverter station number

Specify the station number of the inverter which communicates with the computer.
3) Instruction code

Specify the processing request (e.g. operation, monitoring) given by the computer to the inverter. Hence, the inverter can be run and monitored in various ways by specifying the instruction code as appropriate.
4) Data

Indicates the data such as frequency and parameters transferred to and from the inverter. The definitions and ranges of set data are determined in accordance with the instruction codes.
5) Waiting time

Specify the waiting time between the receipt of data at the inverter from the computer and the transmission of reply data. Set the waiting time in accordance with the response time of the computer between 0 and 150 ms in 10 ms increments (e.g. $1=10 \mathrm{~ms}, 2=20 \mathrm{~ms}$ ).

6) Sum check code

The sum check code is 2 -digit ASCII (hexadecimal) representing the lower 1 byte ( 8 bits) of the result (sum) derived from the checked ASCII data.

*When Pr. 123 (Pr. 337) "waiting time setting" $\neq 9999$, create the communication request data with no "waiting time" in the data format. (The number of characters decreases by 1.)

7) Error code

If any error is found in the data received by the inverter, its definition is sent back to the computer together with the NAK code.

Note 1. When the data from the computer has an error, the inverter will not accept that data.
Note 2. A request of any data communication, e.g. operation command, monitoring, is always given by the computer and the inverter will not return data to the computer. Hence, the program should be written to give a data read request as required from the computer at the time of monitoring, etc.
Note 3. Data for link parameter expansion setting differs as indicated below between access to Pr. 0-Pr. 99 values and access to Pr. 100 and later:

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \& Instruction Code \& Data <br>
\hline Link parameter expansion setting \& Read

Write \& 7FH \& | 00н: Pr. 0 to Pr. 99 values are accessible. |
| :--- |
| 01н: Pr. 100 to Pr. 159, Pr. 200 to Pr. 231 and Pr. 900 to Pr. 905 values are accessible. |
| 02н: Pr. 160 to Pr. 199 and Pr. 232 to Pr. 285 values are accessible. |
| 03н: Pr. 300 to Pr. 399 values are accessible. |
| 09н: Pr. 990 value is accessible (and other 900 parameters). | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

## (5) Programming instructions

1) The inverter does not accept data from the computer if it has an error. For this reason, a retry program for data error must be included in the user program.
2) A request of any data communication, e.g. operation command, monitoring, is always given by the computer and the inverter will not return data to the computer. Hence, the program should be written to give a data read request as required from the computer at the time of monitoring, etc.
(6) Program example (BASIC)

When the operation mode is switched to communication operation

|  | Initial setting of I/O file |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10 OPEN "COM1:9600,E,8,2,HD" AS\#1 | :Communication file opening |
| 20 COMST1,1,1:COMST1,2,1 | :Circuit control signal (RS, ER) ON/OFF setting |
| 30 ON COM(1)GOSUB*REC | :Interrupt definition at data receive |
| $40 \mathrm{COM}(1) \mathrm{ON}$ | :Interrupt enable |
| 50 D = "01FB10002" | Transmission data setting |
| $60 \mathrm{~S}=0$ |  |
| 70 FOR I=1 TO LEN(D\$) |  |
| 80 A\$=MID\$(D\$,I,1) |  |
| $90 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{A} \$)$ | Sum code calculation |
| 100 S=S+A |  |
| 110 NEXT I |  |
| 120 D\$=CHR\$(\&H5)+D\$+RIGHT\$(HEX\$(S),2) | :Addition of control and sum codes |
| 130 PRINT\#1,D\$ | Data transmission |
| 140 GOTO 50 |  |
| 1000 *REC | Interrupt data receive |
| 1010 IF LOC(1)=0 THEN RETURN | :Interrupt occurrence at data receive |
| 1020 PRINT "RECEIVE DATA" |  |
| 1030 PRINT INPUT\$(LOC(1),\#1) |  |
| 1040 RETURN |  |

General flowchart


Note 1. When the inverter's communication check time interval is not set, interlocks are provided to disable operation to prevent hazards. Always set the communication check time interval before starting operation.
Note 2. Data communication is not started automatically but is made only once when the computer provides a communication request. If communication is disabled during operation due to signal cable breakage etc., the inverter cannot be stopped. When the communication check time interval has elapsed, the inverter will come to an alarm stop. The inverter can be coasted to a stop by switching on its RES signal or by switching power off.
Note 3. If communication is broken due to signal cable breakage, computer failure etc., the inverter does not detect such a fault. This should be fully noted.

### 1.9 Troubleshooting

## (1) Data from computer unread by inverter

1) Computer conforming to RS-422 or RS-485 Standard?
2) Communication cables (and FR-A5NR) fitted properly? (Check for contact fault, open cable, wrong polarity, etc.)
3) Inverter initialization correct?
4) Station number setting (Pr. 117, Pr. 331) proper? (Check that setting and program matches and that the same station number is not used for different inverters.)
5) Communication check time interval (Pr. 112, Pr. 336) other than 0 ?
6) Proper communication request program executed in computer?
(2) Operation mode unswitched to computer link operation
7) When inverter is switched from external operation, are the signals to the external terminals STF or STR off?
8) Proper operation mode switching program executed?
(3) Inverter unstarted in computer link mode
9) Inverter starting program executed properly?
10) Control location select conditions set properly when FR-A5NR is connected?
11) Inverter output provided?
12) Permissible communication time interval set properly?
(4) Inverter brought to alarm stop during operation due to communication error
13) Communication cables (and FR-A5NR) fitted properly? (Check for contact fault, open cable, etc.)
14) Computer operating without fault?
15) Program written to give communication request from computer periodically?
16) Permissible communication time interval set properly?
17) Format of data transferred proper?
18) Termination resistor jumper connected?

### 1.10 Setting Items and Set Data

After completion of parameter setting, set the instruction codes and data as indicated below and start communication from the computer to allow various types of operation control and monitoring.


Note 1. Special monitoring is not available for the FR-E500 series.


### 1.11 Error Code List

The corresponding error code in the following list is displayed if an error is detected in any communication request data from the computer:

| Error Code | Item | Definition | Inverter Operation |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Он | Computer NAK error | The number of errors consecutively detected in communication request data from the computer is greater than the permissible number of retries. | Brought to an alarm stop if error occurs continuously more than the permissible number of retries. <br> (E.PUE, E.OP1 to OP3) |
| 1H | Parity error | The parity check result does not match the specified parity. |  |
| 2 H | Sum check error | Sum check code in the computer does not match that of the data received by the inverter. |  |
| 3н | Protocol error | Data received by the inverter is in wrong syntax, data receive is not completed within given time, or CR and LF are not as set in the parameter. |  |
| 4H | Framing error | The stop bit length differs from initial setting. |  |
| 5H | Overrun error | New data has been sent by the computer before the inverter completes receiving the preceding data. |  |
| 6 H | - | - - | - |
| 7H | Character error | The character received is invalid (other than 0 to 9 , $A$ to $F$, control code). | Does not accept receive data but is not brought to alarm stop. |
| 8H | - | - | - |
| 9 H | - | - | - |
| Ан | Mode error | Parameter write was attempted in other than the computer link operation mode or during inverter operation. | Does not accept receive data but does not result in alarm. |
| Вн | Instruction code error | The specified command does not exist. |  |
| Сн | Data range error | Invalid data has been specified for parameter, running frequency write, etc. |  |
| Dн | - | - | - |
| EH | - | - | - |
| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | - | - | - |

2.1 Overview ..... 26
2.2 Specifications ..... 28
2.3 Structure ..... 32
2.4 Configuration and Wiring Method ..... 39
2.5 Inverter Setting ..... 41
2.6 Operation Modes ..... 42
2.7 Operational Functions ..... 48
2.8 PLC Programming ..... 55
2.9 How to Check for Error with the LED Lamps ..... 69
2.10 Troubleshooting ..... 72

### 2.1 Overview

"CC-Link" is the abbreviation of Control \& Communication Link developed by Mitsubishi Electric Corporation as the nextgeneration Factory Automation field network.
A CC-Link system is designed to control from the PLC CPU the distributed I/O units, special function units (e.g. inverters) and other equipment connected by dedicated cables.
The CC-Link system has enabled wiring saving and fast data communication.
(1) Features of CC-Link-compatible inverters

1) High-speed communication

Cyclic transmission of not only bit data but also word data can be made to enable high-speed communication.

- Communication as fast as 10 Mbps
- The broadcast polling system is used to ensure 3.9 ms to 6.7 ms high speeds even at the maximum link scan.

2) Variable communication speed/distance system

Selection of the appropriate speed and distance provides a wide range of applications such as a system demanding high speed and a system requiring a long distance.
3) Prevention of system fault (station separating function)

Due to the bus connection system, the communications of normal remote and local stations are not affected by the occurrence of a faulty remote or local station due to power off, etc.
Use of the removable terminal block allows the unit to be changed during data link.
4) Functionality for Factory Automation

Factory Automation can be easily applied to the inverters that share the link system as CC-Link remote device stations and are controlled and monitored by PLC user programs.
Various set values, such as motor speed and acceleration/deceleration time, can be changed and checked from the PLC.

## (2) CC-Link stations

CC-Link consists of the following stations:

- Master station : Controls the whole CC-Link system.
- Local station
: Loaded to the base unit and can communicate with the master and other local stations.
- Remote I/O station : Controlled by the master station in the CC-Link system. Can transfer I/O signals from/to externally connected equipment.
- Remote device station
: Controlled by the master station in the CC-Link system.
(CC-Link-compatible inverter)
- Intelligent device station Can transfer externally connected equipment controlling I/O signals and digitalanalog conversion, temperature detection and other values.
: Controlled by the master station in the CC-Link system. Can transfer I/O signals and numerical and character data.
(3) How the master and remote device stations communicate

In the CC-Link system, the inverter is a remote device station.
How the master and remote device stations communicate will be described below:
Remote device station


1) The ON/OFF data of the remote device station (CC-Link-compatible inverter) is sent to the master station via the network and stored there.
2) The numerical data of the remote device station (CC-Link-compatible inverter) is sent to the master station via the network and stored there.
3) The PLC CPU reads the ON/OFF data stored in the master station.
4) The PLC CPU reads the numerical data stored in the master station.
5) The PLC CPU writes the ON/OFF data to the master station.
6) The PLC CPU writes the numerical data to the master station.
7) The ON/OFF data is sent from the master station to the remote device station (CC-Link-compatible inverter) via the network and stored there.
8) The numerical data is sent from the master station to the remote device station (CC-Link-compatible inverter) via the network and stored there.

The above sketch shows an image of general communication.
(4) Types of CC-Link-compatible inverters

| Inverter Series |  | Method for Compatibility with CC-Link |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FR-A500 |  | Connect FR-A5NC plug-in option. |
| FR-F500 |  |  |
| FR-E500 | 3-phase 200V class | Made compatible by FR-E520-OOKN CC-Link-dedicated <br> inverter. |
|  | 3-phase 400V class | Connect FR-E5NC plug-in option. |
|  | Single-phase 200V class <br> (FR-E520S-EC/CH) | Connect FR-E5NC plug-in option |
|  | Other than above | Incompatible |

### 2.2 Specifications

CC-Link
(1) Inverter side specifications

| Item |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Station type | Remote device station |
| Number of units connected | 42 inverters max. (1 station occupied by 1 inverter). May be used with other models. |
| Terminal block | Removable terminal block |

(2) PLC side specifications

|  |  | Item | Specifications |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Applicable CPU card |  |  | Q, QnA(H), QnAs(H), A1S, A1SH, AnUS(H), AnN, AnA, AnU(H) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication speed |  |  | 10M/5M/2.5M/625K/156Kbps |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication system |  |  | Broadcast polling system |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Synchronization system |  |  | Frame synchronization system |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transmission path form |  |  | Bus form (conforms to EIA RS-485) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transmission format |  |  | Conforms to HDLC. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Remote station number |  |  | Stations 1 to 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Communication speed |  | 156Kbps | 625Kbps | 2.5 Mbps | 5Mbps |  | 10Mbps |  |  |
|  | Overall extension distance |  | 1200m | 600m | 200m | 150m | 110m | 100m | 80m | 50m |
|  |  |  | 2 m or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Between remote I/O station/remote device station and remote I/O station/remote device station | 30 cm or more | 30 cm or more | 30 cm or more | 60 cm or more | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \text { to } \\ & 59 \mathrm{~cm} \end{aligned}$ | 1 m or more | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \text { to } \\ & 99 \mathrm{~cm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \text { to } \\ & 59 \mathrm{~cm} \end{aligned}$ |
| Error control system |  |  | CRC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication cable |  |  | Twisted pair cable (3-wire type) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For further details, refer to the "CC-Link System Master/Local Module User's Manual".

## (3) Twisted cable specifications

If the cables used are not the CC-Link-dedicated cables, we cannot guarantee the performance of the CC-Link system.
For the specifications and contact of the CC-Link-dedicated cables, refer to the CC-Link catalog L(NA)74108143.

## (4) Data link processing time

1) Link scan time

The link scan time of CC-Link is found by the following expression:

## <Link scan time (LS)>

$$
\mathrm{LS}=\mathrm{BT}\{29.4+(\mathrm{NI} \times 4.8)+(\mathrm{NW} \times 9.6)+(\mathrm{N} \times 32.4)+(\mathrm{ni} \times 4.8)+(\mathrm{nw} \times 9.6)\}+\mathrm{ST}
$$

$+\{\text { number of communication fault stations } \times 48 \times \mathrm{BT} \times \text { number of retries }\}^{*} \quad[\mu \mathrm{~s}]$
BT : Constant (transmission speed)

| Transmission <br> Speed | 156kbps | 625kbps | 2.5Mbps | 5Mbps | 10Mbps |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BT | 51.2 | 12.8 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 0.8 |

$\mathrm{NI} \quad$ : Last station number among $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c (including occupied stations but not including reserved stations)
NW : Last station number among $b$ and $c$ (including occupied stations but not including reserved stations)

| Last Station <br> Number | $\mathbf{1}$ to 8 | $\mathbf{9}$ to 16 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ to $\mathbf{2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 5}$ to $\mathbf{3 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 3}$ to $\mathbf{4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 1}$ to $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 9}$ to 56 | 57 to 64 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{NI}, \mathrm{NW}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 |

$\mathrm{N} \quad$ : Number of connected stations (excluding reserved stations)
ni $\quad: \mathrm{a}+\mathrm{b}+\mathrm{c}$ (excluding reserved stations)
nw : b+c (excluding reserved stations)
ST : Constant (The largest value among 1) to 3). Note that 2) should be ignored when $b=0$, and 3 ) ignored when $c=0$.)

1) $800+(a \times 15)$
2) $900+(b \times 50)$
3) When $\mathrm{c} \leqq 26: 1200+(\mathrm{c} \times 100)$

When c•26: $3700+\{(c-26) \times 25\}$
a : Total number of occupied remote I/O stations
b : Total number of occupied remote device stations (CC-Linkcompatible inverters)
c : Total number of occupied intelligent device stations (including local stations)

* : Only when communication fault stations (including error invalid stations and temporary error invalid stations) exist
Example: Transmission speed of 2.5 Mbps in the following system configuration example

*1: 1 station occupied *2: 2 stations occupied *3: 4 stations occupied

$$
\begin{aligned}
& B T=3.2 \quad S T=1700 \\
& \mathrm{NI}=13 \triangleleft 16 \text { 1) } 800+(4 \times 15)=860 \\
& N W=12 \Rightarrow 16 \text { 2) } 900+(4 \times 50)=1100 \\
& \mathrm{~N}=8 \quad \text { 3) } 1200+(5 \times 100)=1700 \\
& \mathrm{Ni}=13 \quad \mathrm{a}=4 \mathrm{~b}=4 \mathrm{c}=5 \\
& \text { nw }=9 \\
& \text { LS }=3.2\{29.4+(16 \times 4.8)+(16 \times 9.6)+(8 \times 32.4)+(13 \times 4.8) \\
& +(9 \times 9.6)\}+1700 \\
& =3836.96[\mu \mathrm{~s}] \\
& =3.84 \text { [ms] }
\end{aligned}
$$

2) Transmission delay times

Transmission delay times (times until data is transmitted) are indicated below.
(a) Output signal (Master module to inverter)
<Expression>
$S M+L S \times 3+$ inverter processing time $[\mathrm{ms}]$
SM : Scan time of master station sequence program
LS : Link scan time (refer to Section 1))
Inverter processing time: 10 to 20 ms

## <Data flow>


(b) Input signal (Inverter to master module)

## <Expression>

$S M+L S \times 2+$ inverter processing time [ms]
SM : Scan time of master station sequence program
LS : Link scan time (refer to Section 1))
Inverter processing time: 10 to 20 ms

## <Data flow>


(c) Remote register (Master module to inverter)

## <Expression>

SM + LS $\times 3$ + inverter processing time [ms]

SM : Scan time of master station sequence program
LS : Link scan time (refer to Section 1))
Inverter processing time: 10 to 20 ms
<Data flow>

(d) Remote register (Inverter to master module)
<Expression>

SM + LS $\times 2+$ inverter processing time [ms]

SM : Scan time of master station sequence program
LS : Link scan time (refer to Section 1))
Inverter processing time: 10 to 20 ms

## <Data flow>



### 2.3 Structure

### 2.3.1 When FR-A5NC is connected

(1) Appearance

(2) Names and functions

| Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Station number setting switches | Used to set the inverter station number between 1 and 64. For details, refer to page 41. <br> $\times 10$ <br> $\times 1$ |
| Transmission baudrate setting switch | Used to set the transmission speed. Refer to page 41 for details. |
| Operating status indicator LEDs | RUN $\qquad$ Lit to indicate normal data communication with the master station. <br> L.RUN $\qquad$ Lit to indicate normal receipt of refresh data. Extinguished to indicate a break for a given period. <br> SD $\qquad$ Extinguished when send data is " 0 ". <br> RD. $\qquad$ Lit on detection of receive data carrier <br> L.ERR. $\qquad$ Lit to indicate communication error of host station. |

(3) Wiring of terminal block


Note: The mounting screws do not come off.

## (4) Installation procedure

1) Remove the front cover of the inverter and mount the option unit to slot 3.
2) Securely insert the connector of the option unit far into the connector of slot 3 in the inverter. At this time, also fit the option fixing hole snugly. For the position of slot 3 , refer to the figure below.
3) Securely fix both sides of the option unit to the inverter with the accessory mounting screws. If the screw holes do not match, the connector may not have been plugged snugly. Check for loose plugging.
4) Remove the terminal block mounting/dismounting screws to dismount the terminal block.
5) Remove the DATA PORT from the inverter's front cover and reinstall the front cover. (To remove the DATA PORT cover, push it from the back of the front cover.)
6) Reinstall the terminal block securely.
7) Route the cables so that they do not take up a large space in the control circuit terminal block wiring area of the option unit. Before wiring, mount the CC-Link unit (FR-A5NC) and fit the inverter front cover. During wiring, do not leave wire off-cuts in the inverter. They may cause a fault, failure or malfunction.
 do not come off.

Note 1. Only one option of the same model may be used. When two or more options are mounted, priority is in order of slots 1, 2 and 3, and the options having lower priority are inoperative. (Only one communication option may be used.)
Note 2. When the inverter cannot recognize that the option is mounted or when two or more communication option units are connected, E.OPT error is displayed. The errors shown change with the mounting slots $1,2,3$.
Note 3. If the inverter front cover is installed with the terminal block mounted, the front cover may not be installed securely.

| Mounting | Error Display |
| :---: | :---: |
| Slot 1 | E.OP1 |
| Slot 2 | E.OP2 |
| Slot 3 | E.OP3 |

### 2.3.2 FR-E520-OOKN

(1) Appearance
<Front view>

<View without accessory cover and front cover>


Note: Use the PU connector for the FR-PU04 (option) and RS-485 communication.
(2) Names and functions

| Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Station number setting switches | Used to set the inverter station number between 1 and 64. For details, refer to page 41. <br> $\times 10$ <br> $\times 1$ |
| Transmission baudrate setting switch | Used to set the transmission speed. Refer to page 41 for details. |
| Operating status indicator LEDs | L.RUN $\qquad$ Lit to indicate normal receipt of refresh data. Extinguished to indicate a break for a given period. <br> SD $\qquad$ Extinguished when send data is " 0 ". <br> RD. $\qquad$ Lit on detection of receive data carrier $\qquad$ Lit to indicate communication error of host station. Flickers to indicate a change in setting of any switch or like while power is on. |

(3) Wiring of terminal block

The layout of the inverter's CC-Link communication signal terminals are as shown below.
Terminal screw size: M2.5

(4) Wiring method

Use a twisted cable after stripping its sheath and twisting the wires. Stripping too much may cause a short with the adjacent wires. Stripping too little may cause the wires to come off.


### 2.3.3 When FR-E5NC is connected

(1) Appearance

(2) Names and functions

| Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Station number setting switches | Used to set the inverter station number between 1 and 64 . For details, refer to page 41. <br> $\times 10$ <br> $\times 1$ |
| Transmission baudrate setting switch | Used to set the transmission speed. Refer to page 41 for details. |
| Operating status indicator LEDs | L.RUN $\qquad$ Lit to indicate normal receipt of refresh data. Extinguished to indicate a break for a given period. <br> SD $\qquad$ Extinguished when send data is " 0 ". <br> RD. $\qquad$ Lit on detection of receive data carrier $\qquad$ Lit to indicate communication error of host station. Flickers to indicate a change in setting of any switch or like while power is on. |

## (3) Wiring of terminal block


do not come off.

## (4) Mounting method

1) Remove the front cover and option wiring port cover.
2) Remove the sponge in the connector of the plug-in option, and match and insert the option unit's connector into the plug-in option connector of the inverter securely far enough.
3) Using the accessory mounting screws, fix the two portions at top and bottom of the option unit to the inverter. If the screw holes do not match, the connector may not have been plugged snugly. Check for loose plugging.
4) Reinstall the front cover to the inverter.


Note 1. While the plug-in option is loaded, keep the option wiring port cover carefully.
Note 2. When this option is loaded, the protective structure of the inverter is the open type (IP00).
Note 3. If the inverter cannot recognize the loading of the option, it displays the E.OPT error.

### 2.3.4 Master and local modules

Five models of QJ61BT11, AJ61BT11, A1SJ61BT11, AJ61QBT11 and A1SJ61QBT11 are available as the master and local modules.

| Master/Local Module Name | Applicable PLC Series |
| :--- | :--- |
| QJ61BT11 | Q series |
| AJ61BT11 | A series |
| A1SJ61BT11 | AnS series |
| AJ61QBT11 | QnA series |
| A1SJ61QBT11 | Q2AS series |

QJ61BT11



AJ61QBT11


A1SJ61QBT11


| Number | Name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 1$)$ | LED indicators |
| 2$)$ | Station number setting switches |
| 3$)$ | Mode setting switch |
| 4$)$ | Transmission speed setting switch |
| 5$)$ | Condition setting switches |
| 6$)$ | Terminal block |

### 2.4 Configuration and Wiring Method

(1) System configuration example


1) PLC side

Load the "QJ61BT11", "AJ61BT11", "A1SJ61BT11", "AJ61QBT11" or "A1SJ61QBT11" CC-Link system master/local module on the main or extension base unit of the PLC CPU used as the master station.
2) Inverter side

Install the CC-Link-compatible inverters. Load the optional CC-Link unit if required.
3) Connect the PLC CC-Link module master station and CC-Link-compatible inverters with the CC-Link-dedicated cables.
4) When the CPU has automatic refresh function (example: QnA series CPU)

Through communication with the corresponding devices using sequence ladders, data is automatically transferred to the refresh buffer of the master station at the execution of the END instruction to perform communication with the remote devices (CC-Link-compatible inverters).
5) When the CPU does not have automatic refresh function (example: AnA series CPU)

Data is transferred to the refresh buffer of the master station directly by sequence ladders to perform communication with the remote devices (CC-Link-compatible inverters).

## (2) Wiring method

1) Connection of one inverter

PLC CC-Link master module


Inverter


Note: During wiring, take care to prevent wire off-cuts from entering the inverter. They can cause a fault, failure or malfunction.
2) Connection of multiple inverters

*Use the termination resistors supplied for the PLC.
<Max. number of inverters connected to one master station>
42 units (when only inverters are connected)
When there are other modules, the number of stations occupied changes with the module and therefore the following conditions must be satisfied: $\{(1 \times a)+(2 \times b)+(3 \times c)+(4 \times d)\} \leq 64$
a: Number of units occupying 1 station c: Number of units occupying 3 stations
b: Number of units occupying 2 stations $d$ : Number of units occupying 4 stations $\{(16 \times \mathrm{A})+(54 \times \mathrm{B})+(88 \times \mathrm{C})\} \leq 2304$

A: Number of remote $\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ stations $\leq 64$
B: Number of remote device stations $\leq 42$
C: Number of local stations $\leq 26$

### 2.5 Inverter Setting

## (1) Inverter station number setting

Set the station numbers of the inverters before powering on the inverters and do not change the settings while power is on. Set the station numbers noting the following:

1) Station numbers may be set between 1 and 64 .

Fully note that if you change any station number during operation, data communication cannot be made with the new station number.
2) Setting method

- Place the arrows ( $\widehat{\mathbb{V}}$ ) of the corresponding switches to the positions of the

- For station 1: Set (介) of $\times 10$ to " 0 " and ( (介) of $\times 1$ to " 1 ". station number you want to set.
Example
- For station 26: Set ( $\widehat{\text { ) }}$ ) of $\times 10$ to " 2 " and ( $\widehat{\text { ) }}$ ) of $\times 1$ to " 6 ".
- Set the station numbers sequentially in order of connection. (Station numbers may be specified independently of the connection sequence.)
- Note that the same station number cannot be used more than once. (Doing so disables proper communications.)
- Securely set the station number switch in the numeral position. Setting it between numerals disables proper data communications.


3) Connection example


Number of units connected is 4.
Note: One inverter occupies one station. (One remote device station)
(2) Setting of transmission baudrate setting switch

Set the transmission speed.
(For details, refer to the CC-Link master module manual.)

| Setting Switch | Transmission Speed |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | 156 kbps |
| 1 | 625 kbps |
| 2 | 2.5 Mbps |
| 3 | 5 Mbps |
| 4 | 10 Mbps |
| Positions 5 and later are not used. <br> (If the switch is set to any of these positions, the L.ERR LED is lit to indicate a communication error.) |  |

### 2.6 Operation Modes

CC-Link

### 2.6.1 When FR-A5NC is connected

## (1) Operation modes

1) PU operation
: Controls the inverter from the keyboard of the operation panel (FR-DU04) or parameter unit (FR-PU04) installed to the inverter.
2) External operation: Controls the inverter by switching on/off external signals connected to the control circuit terminals of the inverter.
3) PLC link operation: Controls the inverter in accordance with the PLC program via the CC-Link unit (FR-A5NC).
(2) Operation mode switching
4) Operation mode switching conditions

Before switching the operation mode, check that:

- The inverter is at a stop;
- Both the forward and reverse rotation signals are off; and
- The Pr. 79 "operation mode" setting is correct.
(Use the parameter unit of the inverter for setting.)

| Pr. 79 Setting | Operation Mode Selection | Switching to CC-Link Operation Mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | PU or external operation | Disallowed when the PU mode is selected. Allowed when the external mode is selected. |
| 1 | PU operation mode | Disallowed |
| 2 | External operation mode | Allowed |
| 3,4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Disallowed |
| 5 | Programmed operation | Disallowed |
| 6 | Switch-over | Allowed |
| 7 | External operation (PU operation interlock) | Allowed only in the external operation mode when the PU interlock signal (X12) is on. |
| 8 | PU or external (signal switching) | Allowed only in the external operation mode (X16 on). |

2) Operation mode switching method

Switched Switched


| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | PU operation $\rightarrow$ external operation | Operate the external operation key on the PU. |
| B | External operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Operate the PU operation key on the PU. |
| C | External operation $\rightarrow$ CC-Link <br> operation | By the user program of the PLC. |
| D | CC-Link operation $\rightarrow$ external <br> operation | By the user program of the PLC. |
| E | PU operation $\rightarrow$ CC-Link operation | Switching disallowed. Allowed if external operation is selected in A and <br> CC-Link operation is then selected in C. (Note 2) |
| F | CC-Link operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Switching disallowed. Allowed if external operation is selected in D and <br> PU operation is then selected in B. (Note 2) |

When "1 or 2" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection", the operation mode is CC-Link operation at power on or inverter reset.

Note 1. When setting "1 or 2 " in Pr. 340, the initial settings (station number setting, etc.) of the inverter must be made without fail.
Note 2. In the switch-over mode ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=6$ ), switching in $E$ and $F$ is also allowed.
3) Link start mode

By setting the Pr. 340 value as appropriate, the operation mode at power on and at restoration from instantaneous power failure can be selected.

| Pr. 340 Setting | Pr. 79 | Operation Mode | Mode at Power On or at Restoration from Instantaneous Power Failure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | PU or external operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 1 | PU operation | Inverter goes into the PU operation mode. |
|  | 2 | External operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 3 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the PU operation mode and the start signal is set in the external operation mode. |
|  | 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the external operation mode and the start signal is set in the PU operation mode. |
|  | 5 | Programmed operation mode | Inverter is operated by the program. |
|  | 6 | Switch-over mode | Operation mode is switched while running. |
|  | 7 | External operation mode | Shift to the PU operation mode is controlled by ON/OFF of the X12 signal. |
|  | 8 | External/PU combined operation mode | Operation mode is switched by ON/OFF of the X16 signal. |
| 1 | CC-Link operation |  | Inverter goes into the CC-Link operation mode. (Program need not be used for switching) |
| 2 | CC-Link operation |  | Inverter goes into the CC-Link operation mode. (Program need not be used for switching) <br> For computer link operation. |

- The Pr. 340 value may be changed in any operation mode.
- When Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" = "0, 2 or 6 ", " 1 and 2 " in Pr. 340 are made valid.
- When starting CC-Link operation at power-on, set "1 or 2" in Pr. 340.


## (3) Control place selection

In the CC-Link operation mode, commands from the external terminals and sequence program are as listed below:

| Control place selection |  |  | Pr. 338 "operation command right" | 0: PLC | 0: PLC | 1: <br> External | 1: <br> External | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Pr. 339 "speed command right" | 0: PLC | 1: <br> External | 0: PLC | 1: <br> External |  |
| Fixed functions (Functions equivalent to terminals) |  |  | Forward rotation command (STF) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Reverse rotation command (STR) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Start self-holding selection (STOP) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Output halt (MRS) | Both | Both | External | External | (Note 1) |
|  |  |  | Reset (RES) | Both | Both | Both | Both |  |
|  |  |  | CC-Link operation frequency | PLC | - | PLC | - |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | Compens ation | External | Compens ation | External |  |
|  |  | 0 | Low-speed operation command (RL) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 1 | Middle-speed operation command (RM) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 2 | High-speed operation command (RH) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 3 | Second function selection (RT) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 4 | Current input selection (AU) | - | Both | - | Both |  |
|  |  | 5 | Jog operation selection (JOG) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  | 6 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection (CS) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 7 | External thermal relay input (OH) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 8 | 15-speed selection (REX) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 9 | Third function (X9) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 10 | FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable (X10) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 11 | FR-HC connection, instantaneous power failure detection (X11) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 12 | PU external interlock (X12) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 13 | External DC dynamic braking start (X13) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 14 | PID control valid terminal (X14) | PLC | External | PLC | External |  |
|  |  | 15 | Brake opening completion signal (BRI) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 16 | PU operation-external operation switching (X16) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 17 | Load pattern selection-forward/reverse rotation boost switching (X17) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 18 | Magnetic flux-V/F switching (X18) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 19 | Load torque high-speed frequency (X19) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 20 | S-pattern acceleration/deceleration C switch-over terminal | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
|  |  | 22 | Orientation command | PLC | PLC | External | External | (Note 2) |
|  |  | 23 | Pre-excitation | Computer | Computer | External | External |  |
| RH, RM, RL, RT selection functions |  |  | Remote setting (RH, RM, RH) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=1,2$ |
|  |  |  | Programmed operation group selection (RH, RM, RL) | - | - | - | - | $\text { Pr. } 79=5$ CC-Link operation disallowed |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 0 (RL) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $270=1,3$ |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 1 (RT) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |

[Explanation of table]
External : Control by signal from external terminal is only valid.
PLC : Control from sequence program is only valid.
Both : Control from both external terminal and PLC is valid.

- : Control from both external terminal and PLC is invalid.

Compensation : Control by signal from external terminal is only valid if Pr. 28 "multi-speed input compensation" setting is " 1 ".

Note 1. If the FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable signal (X10) is not assigned when the FR-HC is used (Pr. $30=2$ ) or if the PU operation interlock signal (X12) is not assigned when the PU operation interlock function is set ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=7$ ), this function is also used by the MRS signal and therefore the MRS signal is only valid for the external terminals, independently of the Pr. 338 and 339 settings.
Note 2. The orientation command needs the FR-A5AP and FR-A5AX options.

### 2.6.2 FR-E520-OOKN

## (1) Operation modes

1) PU operation : Controls the inverter from the keyboard of the operation panel or parameter unit (FR-PU04)
installed to the inverter.
2) CC-Link operation: Controls the inverter in accordance with the PLC program by CC-Link.
(2) Operation mode switching method

Change the operation mode as described below:


| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | PU operation $\rightarrow$ CC-Link operation | Can be switched from parameter unit (Note 1) |
| B | CC-Link operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Can be switched from parameter unit (Note 1) |

Note 1. Set " 0 " in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" to carry out the above switching.
When "1" is set in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection", the operation mode available is the PU operation only.
When "2" is set in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection", the operation mode available is the CC-Link operation only.
You cannot change the operation mode with the user program from the PLC.
(3) Control place selection

In the CC-Link operation mode, operation can be performed with the signals from the external terminals.

| Operation Mode |  |  | CC-Link Operation Mode |  | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed functions (Functions equivalent to terminals) |  |  | Reset (RES) | Both |  |
|  |  |  | CC-Link operation frequency | PLC |  |
|  |  | 0 | Low-speed operation command (RL) | Both |  |
|  |  | 1 | Middle-speed operation command (RM) | Both |  |
|  |  | 2 | High-speed operation command (RH) | Both |  |
|  |  | 3 | Second function selection (RT) | Both |  |
|  |  | 6 | Output halt terminal (MRS) | Both |  |
|  |  | 7 | External thermal relay input (OH) | External |  |
|  |  | 8 | 15 -speed selection (REX) | Both |  |
|  |  | 18 | Magnetic flux-V/F switching (X18) | Both |  |

[Explanation of table]
External : Control by signal from external terminal is only valid.
PLC : Control from sequence program is only valid.
Both : Control from both external terminal and PLC is valid.

### 2.6.3 When FR-E5NC is connected

## (1) Operation modes

1) PU operation : Controls the inverter from the keyboard of the operation panel or parameter unit (FR-PU04) installed to the inverter.
2) External operation: Controls the inverter by switching on/off external signals connected to the control circuit terminals of the inverter.
3) CC-Link operation: Controls the inverter in accordance with the PLC program via the CC-Link unit (FR-E5NC).
(2) Operation mode switching
4) Operation mode switching conditions

Before switching the operation mode, check that:

- The inverter is at a stop;
- Both the forward and reverse rotation signals are off; and
- The Pr. 79 "operation mode" setting is correct.
(Use the operation panel of the inverter or the optional parameter unit for setting.)

| Pr. 79 Setting | Operation Mode Selection | Switching to CC-Link Operation Mode |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | PU or external operation | Disallowed when the PU mode is selected. Allowed when the external <br> mode is selected. |
| 1 | PU operation mode | Disallowed |
| 2 | External operation mode | Allowed |
| 3,4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Disallowed |
| 6 | Switch-over | Allowed |
| 7 | External operation (PU operation <br> interlock) | Allowed only in the external operation mode when the output halt <br> signal (MRS) is on. |
| 8 | PU or external (signal switching) | Allowed only in the external operation mode (X16 on). |

2) Operation mode switching method

Switched by


Switched from PU


(Switching disallowed)

| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | PU operation $\rightarrow$ external <br> operation | Operate the external operation key on the PU. |
| B | External operation $\rightarrow$ PU <br> operation | Operate the PU operation key on the PU. |
| C | External operation $\rightarrow$ CC-Link <br> operation | By the user program of the PLC. |
| D | CC-Link operation $\rightarrow$ external <br> operation | By the user program of the PLC. |
| E | PU operation $\rightarrow$ CC-Link <br> operation | Switching disallowed. Allowed if external operation is selected in A and <br> CC-Link operation is then selected in C. (Note 2) |
| F | CC-Link operation $\rightarrow$ PU <br> operation | Switching disallowed. Allowed if external operation is selected in D and PU <br> operation is then selected in B. (Note 2) |

When "1 or 2" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection", the operation mode is CC-Link operation at power on or inverter reset.
Note 1. When setting "1 or 2" in Pr. 340, the initial settings (station number setting, etc.) of the inverter must be made without fail.
Note 2. In the switch-over mode ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=6$ ), switching in $E$ and $F$ is also allowed.
(3) Link start mode

You can choose the operation mode at power-on or at power restoration after instantaneous power failure.
Set "1" in Pr. 340 value to choose the CC-Link operation mode.
After a link start, the program can be used to write parameters.
Note: Pr. 79 "operation mode" changes in function according to the inverter. For details, refer to the inverter instruction manual.

| Pr. 340 Setting | Pr. 79 | Operation Mode | Mode at Power On or at Restoration from Instantaneous Power Failure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Factory setting) | 0 | PU or external operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 1 | PU operation | Inverter goes into the PU operation mode. |
|  | 2 | External operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 3 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the PU operation mode and the start signal is set in the external operation mode. |
|  | 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the external operation mode and the start signal is set in the PU operation mode. |
|  | 6 | Switch-over mode | Operation mode is switched while running. |
|  | 7 | External operation mode | MRS signal ON .........Can be shifted to the PU operation mode. (Output stop during external operation) MRS signal OFF........Cannot be shifted to the PU operation mode. |
|  | 8 | External/PU combined operation mode | X16 signal ON...........Shifted to the external operation mode. X16 signal OFF .........Shifted to the PU operation mode. |
| 1 | CC-Link operation |  | Inverter goes into the CC-Link operation mode. (Program need not be used for switching) |

- The Pr. 340 value may be changed from the PU in any operation mode.
-When Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" = " 0,2 or 6 ", " 1 " in Pr. 340 is made valid.
- When starting CC-Link operation at power-on, set "1" in Pr. 340.
(3) Control place selection

In the CC-Link operation mode, commands from the external terminals and sequence program are as listed below. (Pr. 180 to Pr. 183 (input terminal function selection) change in functions according to the inverter. For details, refer to the inverter instruction manual.)

| Control place selection |  |  | Pr. 338 "operation command right" | 0: PLC | 0: PLC | 1: External | 1: External | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Pr. 339 "speed command right" | 0: PLC | 1: External | 0: PLC | 1: External |  |
| Fixed functions (Functions equivalent to terminals) |  |  | $\qquad$ | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Reverse rotation command (STR) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Reset (RES) | Both | Both | Both | Both |  |
|  |  |  | CC-Link operation frequency | PLC | - | PLC | - |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  | Pr. 180 to Pr. 183 settings | 0 | Low-speed operation command (RL) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 1 | Middle-speed operation command (RM) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 2 | High-speed operation command (RH) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 3 | Second function selection (RT) | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
|  |  | 4 | Current input selection (AU) | - | Both | - | Both |  |
|  |  | 5 | Start self-holding selection (STOP) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  | 6 | Output halt terminal (MRS) | Both | Both | External | External | (Note) |
|  |  | 7 | External thermal relay input (OH) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 8 | 15-speed selection (REX) | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 16 | PU operation-external operation switching (X16) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 18 | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Magnetic flux-V/F switching } \\ \text { (X18) } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | PLC | PLC | External | External |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RH, RM, RL, RT selection } \\ & \text { functions } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Remote setting } \\ & \text { (RH, RM, RH) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | PLC | External | PLC | External | Pr. 59 = 1, 2 |

[Explanation of table]

External : Control by signal from external terminal Both is only valid.
PLC : Control from sequence program is only valid.
: Control from both external terminal and PLC is valid.
: Control from both external terminal and PLC is invalid.

Note: When "7" (PU operation interlock function) is set in Pr. 79 "operation mode selection", this function is also used by the MRS signal and therefore the MRS signal is only valid for the external terminals, independently of the Pr. 338 and 339 settings.

### 2.7 Operational Functions

### 2.7.1 When FR-A5NC is connected

(1) Operation mode-based functions

| Control Location | Item | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PU operation | External operation | CC-Link operation |
|  | Operation command | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
|  | Running frequency setting | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Parameter write | Disallowed (Note 3) | Disallowed (Note 3) | Allowed (Note 3) |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Error reset at inverter alarm <br> (RY1A) | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Stop command (Note 2) | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
| Control <br> terminal | Inverter reset terminal | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Operation command | Disallowed | Allowed | Allowed (Note 4) |
|  | Frequency setting | Allowed | Allowed (Note 4) |  |

Note 1. At occurrence of a communication error, the inverter cannot be reset from the PLC.
Note 2. As set in Pr. 75.
Note 3. As set in Pr. 77.
Values can be written to Pr. 4 to 6, 22, 24 to 27, 52 to 56, 232 to 239 and 271 to 274 during operation.
Note 4. As set in Pr. 338 and Pr. 339.
Note 5. The inverter goes into the external operation mode if it is reset from the PLC in the CC-Link operation mode.
Note 6. In the programmed operation mode, parameters write-enabled in the external operation mode are writeenabled in CC-Link.
(2) Monitoring

The following items can be monitored by the PLC:

1) Output frequency......... Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
2) Output current ............. Binary in 0.01A increments
3) Output voltage............. Binary in 0.1 V increments
4) Alarm definition
5) Special monitoring....... Monitored data selected by instruction code HF3
6) Inverter status

- Forward running
- Reverse running
-Running (RUN)*
- Up to frequency (SU)*
- Overload (OL)*
- Instantaneous power failure (IPF)*
- Frequency detection (FU)*
- Alarm*

The output signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 190 to Pr. 195 (output terminal function selection).
Note: Items 1) to 4) are read from the buffer memory by setting the corresponding code numbers when needed. Item 6) can be read from the buffer memory any time.
(3) Operation commands

Any of the following commands can be output from the PLC to the inverter as an operation command any time:

- Forward rotation (STF)
- Reverse rotation (STR)
- Low speed (RL)*
- Middle speed (RM)*
- High speed (RH)*
- Second acceleration/deceleration (RT)*
- Inverter output halt (MRS)
- AU terminal*
- JOG terminal*
- CS terminal*

The input signals marked *1 can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 186 (input terminal function selection).

## (4) Running frequency

The running frequency is written from the PLC to the inverter when it is changed. $\qquad$ Binary in 0.01 Hz increments The running frequency may be written to either $E^{2} P R O M$ or RAM.
When changing the frequency continuously, always write the data to the inverter RAM.
(5) Parameter write

Functions can be written from the PLC. Note that write during inverter operation will result in a write mode error.
(6) Parameter read

Functions can be read to the PLC.
(7) Operation at alarm occurrence

| Alarm Location | Description |  | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | PU operation | External operation | CC-Link operation |
| Inverter alarm | Inverter operation |  | Stop (Inverter trip) | Stop (Inverter trip) | Stop (Inverter trip) |
|  | Data communication | FR-A5NC | Continued | Continued | Continued |
| Communication alarm (FR-A5NC) | Inverter operation |  | Continued | Continued | Stop (Inverter trip) |
|  | Data communication | FR-A5NC | Stop | Stop | Stop |

1) Inverter side alarm

Refer to the inverter manual and remove the cause of the alarm.
2) Communication alarm

Check the LED states of the FR-A5NC and remove the cause.
Check the CC-Link master station.
3) Communication error in CC-Link operation

When a communication error occurs, the error message "E.OP3" appears.
4) Inverter reset

| Resetting Method |  |  | Operation Mode |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PLC program | Inverter reset (Note 1) <br> (Instruction code) | PU operation | External operation | CC-Link operation

Note 1. The inverter may be reset any time.
Note 2. The inverter may be reset only when its protective function is activated.
Note 3. Reset cannot be made from the PLC when a communication error has occurred.
Note 4. The inverter is set to the external operation mode if it has been reset in the CC-Link operation mode. To resume the CC-Link operation, therefore, the inverter must be switched to the CC-Link operation again. (Switching is not needed when "1" or "2" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection".)

### 2.7.2 FR-E520-OOKN

(1) Operation mode-based functions

The following table lists the functions that may be performed from the PLC by the CC-Link system:

| Control Location | Item |  | Operation Mode |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PU operation | CC-Link operation |  |
| User program | Operation command | Disallowed | Allowed |  |
|  | Running frequency setting | Disallowed | Allowed |  |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed |  |
|  | Parameter write | Disallowed (Note 3) | Allowed (Note 3) |  |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed |  |
|  | Inverter reset | Disallowed | Allowed (Note 1) |  |
|  | Error reset at inverter alarm (RY1A) | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed (Note 1) |  |
|  | Stop command (Note 2) | Disallowed | Allowed |  |
| Control circuit terminal | Inverter reset terminal | Allowed | Allowed |  |

Note 1. At occurrence of a communication error, the inverter cannot be reset from the PLC.
Note 2. As set in Pr. 75.
Note 3. As set in Pr. 77.
Values can be written to Pr. 4 to 6, 22, 24 to 27, 52, 72 and 232 to 239 during operation.
(2) Monitoring

The following items can be monitored by the PLC:

1) Output frequency ........... Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
2) Output current ............... Binary in 0.01 A increments
3) Output voltage $\qquad$ Binary in 0.1 V increments
4) Alarm definition
5) Special monitoring ......... Monitored data selected by instruction code HF3
6) Inverter status

- Forward running - Overload (OL)
- Reverse running
- Frequency detection (FU)*
- Running (RUN)*
- Alarm*
- Up to frequency (SU)

The output signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 190 to Pr. 192 (output terminal (remote input) function selection).
Note: Items 1) to 4) are read from the buffer memory by setting the corresponding code numbers when needed. Item 6) can be read from the buffer memory any time.
(3) Operation commands

Any of the following commands can be output from the PLC to the inverter as an operation command any time:

- Forward rotation (STF) - Middle speed (RM)*
- Reverse rotation (STR)
- High speed (RH)*
- Low speed (RL)* - Inverter output halt (MRS)

The input signals marked ${ }^{*} 1$ can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 183 (input terminal function selection). Note that some signals do not accept the command from the PLC according to the setting.
(4) Running frequency

The running frequency is written from the PLC to the inverter when it is changed ..... Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
The running frequency may be written to either $E^{2} P R O M$ or RAM.
When changing the frequency continuously, always write the data to the inverter RAM.

## (5) Parameter write

Functions can be written from the PLC. Note that write during inverter operation will result in a write mode error.
(6) Parameter read

Functions can be read to the PLC.
(7) Operation at alarm occurrence

| Alarm Location | Description |  | Operation Mode |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | PU operation | CC-Link operation |
| Inverter alarm | Inverter operation |  | Stop (Inverter trip) | Stop (Inverter trip) |
|  | Data communication | CC-Link | Continued | Continued |
| Communication alarm (CC-Link) | Inverter operation |  | Continued | Stop (Inverter trip) |
|  | Data communication | CC-Link | Stop | Stop |

1) Inverter side alarm

Refer to the inverter manual and remove the cause of the alarm.
2) Communication alarm

Check the LED states of CC-Link operation and remove the cause.
Check the CC-Link master station.
3) Communication error in CC-Link operation

When a communication error occurs, the error message "E.OPT" appears.
4) Inverter reset

| Resetting Method |  | Operation Mode |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Inverter reset (Note 1) <br> (Instruction code) | PU operation | CC-Link operation |
| PLC program | Error reset at inverter <br> fault <br> (RY1A) (Note 2) | Allowed |  |
|  | Allowed | Allowed |  |
|  | Allowed | Allowed |  |

Note 1. The inverter may be reset any time.
Note 2. The inverter may be reset only when its protective function is activated.
Note 3. Reset cannot be made from the PLC when a communication error has occurred.

### 2.7.3 When FR-E5NC is connected

(1) Operation mode-based functions

The following table lists the functions that may be performed from the PLC by the CC-Link system:

| Control Location | Item | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | PU operation | External operation | CC-Link operation |
| User program | Operation command | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
|  | Running frequency setting | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Parameter write | Disallowed (Note 3) | Disallowed (Note 3) | Allowed (Note 3) |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Error reset at inverter alarm (RY1A) | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed (Note 1) |
|  | Stop command (Note 2) | Disallowed | Disallowed | Allowed |
| Control circuit terminal | Inverter reset terminal | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Operation command | Disallowed | Allowed | Allowed (Note 4) |
|  | Frequency setting | Disallowed | Allowed | Allowed (Note 4) |

Note 1. At occurrence of a communication error, the inverter cannot be reset from the PLC.
Note 2. As set in Pr. 75.
Note 3. As set in Pr. 77.
Values can be written to Pr. 4 to 6, 22, 24 to 27, 52, 72 and 232 to 239 during operation.
Note 4. As set in Pr. 338 and Pr. 339.
Note 5. The inverter goes into the external operation mode if it is reset from the PLC in the CC-Link operation mode.
The inverter goes into the CC-Link operation mode when "1" is set in Pr. 340.
(2) Monitoring functions

The following items can be monitored by the PLC:

1) Output frequency ........... Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
2) Output current $\qquad$ Binary in 0.01 A increments
3) Output voltage $\qquad$ Binary in 0.1 V increments
4) Alarm definition
5) Special monitoring ......... Monitored data selected by instruction code HF3
6) Inverter status

- Forward running
- Reverse running
- Running (RUN)*
- Up to frequency (SU)*

The output signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 190 to Pr. 195 (output terminal function selection).
Note: Items 1) to 4) are read from the buffer memory by setting the corresponding code numbers when needed. Item 6) can be read from the buffer memory any time.

## (3) Operation commands

Any of the following commands can be output from the PLC to the inverter as an operation command any time:

- Forward rotation (STF) - Middle speed (RM)*
- Reverse rotation (STR) - High speed (RH)*
- Low speed (RL)* - Inverter output halt (MRS)

The input signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 183 (input terminal function selection). Note that some signals do not accept the command from the PLC according to the setting.
(4) Running frequency

The running frequency is written from the PLC to the inverter when it is changed ..... Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
The running frequency may be written to either $E^{2} P R O M$ or RAM.
When changing the frequency continuously, always write the data to the inverter RAM.

## (5) Parameter write

Functions can be written from the PLC. Note that write during inverter operation will result in a write mode error.
(6) Parameter read

Functions can be read to the PLC.
(7) Operation at alarm occurrence

| Alarm Location | Description |  | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | PU operation | External operation | CC-Link operation |
| Inverter alarm | Inverter operation |  | Stop (Inverter trip) | Stop (Inverter trip) | Stop (Inverter trip) |
|  | Data communication | FR-E5NC | Continued | Continued | Continued |
| Communication alarm (FR-E5NC) | Inverter operation |  | Continued | Continued | Stop (Inverter trip) |
|  | Data communication | FR-E5NC | Stop | Stop | Stop |

1) Inverter side alarm

Refer to the inverter manual and remove the cause of the alarm.
2) Communication alarm

Check the LED states of the FR-E5NC and remove the cause.
Check the CC-Link master station.
3) Communication error in CC-Link operation

When a communication error occurs, the error message "E.OPT" appears.
4) Inverter reset

| Resetting Method |  |  | Operation Mode |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PU operation | External operation | CC-Link operation |  |
| PLC program | Inverter reset (Note 1) <br> (Instruction code) | Disallowed <br> Error reset at inverter fault <br> (RY1A) (Note 2) | Allowed | Allowed |

Note 1. The inverter may be reset any time.
Note 2. The inverter may be reset only when its protective function is activated.
Note 3. Reset cannot be made from the PLC when a communication error has occurred.
Note 4. The inverter is set to the external operation mode if it has been reset in the CC-Link operation mode. To resume the CC-Link operation, therefore, the inverter must be switched to the CC-Link operation again. (Switching is not needed when "1" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection".)

### 2.8 PLC Programming

## (1) $I / O$ signal lists

The following device numbers are those of station 1.
Different device numbers are used for station 2 and later. (Refer to page 60 for the device number correspondence table.)

1) Output signals (Master module to inverter)

The output signals from the master module are given below. (Input signals to the inverter)

| Device No. | Signal Name |  | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FR-A5NC | $\begin{gathered} \text { FR-E520OOKN } \\ \text { FR-E5NC } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| RYO | Forward rotation command |  | OFF: Stop command ON: Forward rotation start | Switching RY0 and RY1 on at the same time gives a stop command. |
| RY1 | Reserve rotation command |  | OFF: Stop command ON: Reserve rotation start |  |
| RY2 | RH terminal function(high speed) |  | Functions assigned to RH/RM/RL are selected. In the factory setting, multi-speed selection can be made by the combination of RH, RM and RL. | The input signal functions can be changed. (Note 1) |
| RY3 | RM terminal function(middle speed) |  |  |  |
| RY4 | RL terminal function (low speed) |  |  |  |
| RY5 | JOG terminal function | Unused (Note 2) | Function assigned to the JOG terminal is selected. |  |
| RY6 | RT terminal function |  | Function assigned to the RT terminal is selected. |  |
| RY7 | AU terminal function |  | Function assigned to the AU terminal is selected. |  |
| RY8 | CS terminal function |  | Function assigned to the CS terminal is selected. |  |
| RY9 | Output halt (MRS) |  | When the MRS signal switches on, the inverter output stops. |  |
| RYA | Unused (Note 2) |  | Reserved for the system. |  |
| RYB |  |  |  |  |
| RYC | Monitor command |  |  | When the monitor command (RYC) is switched on, the monitored value is set to remote register RWRO and monitoring (RXC) switches on. While the monitor command (RYC) is on, the monitored value is always updated. |  |
| RYD | Frequency setting command (RAM) |  | When the frequency setting command (RYD) is switched on, the set frequency (RWW1) is written to the inverter. (Note 3) On completion of write, frequency setting completion (RXD) switches on. | Do not switch on RYD, RYE and RYF at the same time. If they are switched on simultaneously, only one of them is executed. Hence, switch on RYD, RYE and RYF one by one. |
| RYE | Frequency setting command ( $E^{2}$ PROM) |  | When the frequency setting command (RYE) is switched on, the set frequency (RWw1) is written to the inverter. <br> On completion of write, frequency setting completion (RXE) switches on. |  |
| RYF | Instruction code execution request |  | When the instruction code execution request (RYC) is switched on, processing corresponding to the instruction code set to RWw2 is executed. After completion of instruction code execution, instruction code execution completion (RXC) switches on. When an instruction code execution error occurs, a value other than 0 is set to the reply code (RWR2). |  |
| RY10 | Unused (Note 2) |  | Reserved for the system. |  |
| RY11 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY12 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY13 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY15 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY16 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY17 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY18 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| RY1A | Error reset request flag |  | When the error reset request flag (RY1A) is switched on at the occurrence of an inverter fault, the inverter is reset and the error status flag (RX1A) switches off. |  |
| RY1B | Unused (Note 2) |  | Reserved for the system. |  |
| RY1C |  |  |  |  |
| RY1D |  |  |  |  |
| RY1E |  |  |  |  |
| RY1F |  |  |  |  |

Note 1. The assignable device numbers change with the inverter model.
When the FR-A5NC (FR-A500, F500 series) is used, RY2 to RY8 can be changed with Pr. 180 to Pr.
186.

When the FR-E520-OOKN or FR-E5NC is used, RY2 to RY4 and RY9 can be changed with Pr. 180 to Pr. 183.
Note 2. Turn off the unused input signals. (Enter 0)
Note 3. While the set frequency command (RYD) is on, the set frequency (RWw1) value is always reflected.
2) Input signals (Inverter to master module)

The input signals to the master module are given below. (Output signals from the inverter)

| Device No. | Signal Name |  | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FR- A5NC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FR-E520-OOKN } \\ & \text { FR-E5NC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| RX0 | Forward running |  | OFF: Other than forward running (during stop or reverse rotation) ON: Forward running |  |
| RX1 | Reverse running |  | OFF: Other than reverse running (during stop or forward rotation) ON: Reverse running |  |
| RX2 | Running (RUN) |  | On while the inverter is running. | Outputs can be changed. (Note 1) |
| RX3 | Up to frequency (SU) |  | Switched on when the output frequency reaches the set frequency $\pm$ Pr. 41. |  |
| RX4 | Overload (OL) |  | Switched on when stall prevention operation is performed, switched off when stall prevention is canceled. |  |
| RX5 | Instantane ous power failure (IPF) | Unused | Switched on when instantaneous power failure or undervoltage occurs. |  |
| RX6 | Frequency detection (FU) |  | Switched on when the output frequency reaches any set frequency. |  |
| RX7 | Alarm (ABC) |  | Switched on when the inverter's protective function is activated to stop the output. |  |
| RX8 | Unused |  | Reserved for the system. |  |
| RX9 |  |  |  |  |
| RXA |  |  |  |  |
| RXB |  |  |  |  |
| RXC | Monitoring |  |  | Switched on when the monitored value is set by the monitor command (RYC) switched on. Switched off when the monitor command (RYC) is switched off. |  |
| RXD | Frequency setting completion (RAM) |  |  | Switched on when the set frequency is written to the inverter by the frequency setting command (RYD) switched on. Switched off when the frequency setting command (RYD) is switched off. |  |
| RXE | Frequency setting completion ( $E^{2}$ PROM) |  |  | Switched on when the set frequency is written to the inverter by the frequency setting command (RYE) switched on. Switched off when the frequency setting command (RYE) is switched off. |  |
| RXF | Instruction code execution completion |  | Switched on on completion of the processing corresponding to the instruction code (RWw2) which is executed when the instruction code execution request (RYF) switches on. Switched off when the instruction code execution completion (RXF) is switched off. |  |
| RX10 | Unused |  | Reserved for the system. |  |
| RX11 |  |  |  |  |
| RX12 |  |  |  |  |
| RX13 |  |  |  |  |
| RX14 |  |  |  |  |
| RX15 |  |  |  |  |
| RX16 |  |  |  |  |
| RX17 |  |  |  |  |
| RX18 |  |  |  |  |
| RX19 |  |  |  |  |
| RX1A | Error status flag |  | Switched on when an inverter error occurs (protective function is activated). |  |
| RX1B | Remote station ready |  | Switched on when the inverter goes into the ready status on completion of initial setting after power-on or hardware reset. (Used as an interlock for read/write from/to the master station.) Switched off at inverter error occurrence (when protective function is activated). |  |
| RX1C | Unused |  | Reserved for the system. |  |
| RX1D |  |  |  |  |
| RX1E |  |  |  |  |
| RX1F |  |  |  |  |

Note 1. The assignable device numbers change with the inverter model.
When the FR-A5NC (FR-A500, F500 series) is used, RX2 to RX7 can be changed with Pr. 190 to Pr. 195.

When the FR-E520-OOKN or FR-E5NC is used, RX2, RX6 and RY7 can be changed with Pr. 190 to Pr. 192.
Note 2. When you set to ON the "data link fault station's input data status (SW4)" condition setting switch of the master module, the input data from the data link fault station is retained in the status at the time of alarm occurrence. Hence, note that if an inverter error occurs, the remote station ready and other signals remain ON.
3) Remote registers (Master module to inverter)

| Device <br> No. | Signal Name | Description | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RWwo | Monitor code | Set the monitor code (refer to page 57) to be referred to. By switching on the <br> RYC signal after setting, the specified monitored data is set to RWRo. |  |
| RWw1 | Set frequency | Specify the set frequency. At this time, whether it is written to RAM or E²PROM is <br> differentiated by the RYD and RYE signals. After setting the frequency to this <br> register, switch on the above RYD or RYE to write the frequency. On completion <br> of frequency write, RXD or RXE switches on in response to the input command. |  |
| RWw2 | Instruction <br> code | Set the instruction code (refer to page 59) for execution of operation mode <br> rewrite, Pr. read/write, error reference, error clear, etc. The corresponding <br> instruction is executed by switching on RYF after completion of register setting. <br> RXF switches on completion of instruction execution. |  |
| RWw3 | Write data | Set the data specified by the above instruction code. (When required) <br> Switch RYF on after setting the above instruction code and this register. <br> Set zero when the write code is not required. |  |

4) Remote registers (Inverter to master module)

| Device <br> No. | Signal Name | Description | Remarks |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RWW | Monitored <br> value | The monitored value specified by RWwo (monitor code) is set. |  |  |
| RWW1 | Output <br> frequency | The present output frequency is always set. | The reply code (refer to page 59) corresponding to RWW2 (instruction code) is <br> set. 0 is set for a normal reply and a value other than 0 is set for a data error. |  |
| RWR2 | Reply code | For a normal reply, the reply data to the instruction specified by the instruction <br> code is set. |  |  |
| RWR3 | Read data |  |  |  |

## (2) Code list

1) Monitor codes
<When FR-A5NC is connected>

| Code Number | Description | Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0000H | No monitoring (monitored value fixed to 0) | - |
| 0001H | Output frequency | 0.01 Hz |
| 0002н | Output current | 0.01 A |
| 0003н | Output voltage | 0.1 V |
| 0004н | No monitoring (monitored value fixed to 0) | - |
| 0005 | Frequency setting | 0.01 Hz |
| 0006 ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | Running speed | $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ |
| 0007H | Motor torque | 0.1\% |
| 0008H | Converter output voltage | 0.1 V |
| 0009н | Regenerative brake duty factor | 0.1\% |
| 000Ан | Electronic overcurrent protection load factor | 0.1\% |
| 000Вн | Output current peak value | 0.01A |
| 000CH | Converter output voltage peak value | 0.1 V |
| 000D | Input power | 0.01 kW |
| 000Eн | Output power | 0.01 kW |
| 000FH | Input terminal status | - |
| 0010H | Output terminal status | - |
| 0011H | Load meter | 0.1\% |
| 0012н | Motor exciting current | 0.01A |
| 0013 | Position pulse (Note 1) | 1 pulse |
| 0014 ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | Cumulative energization time | 1 hr |
| 0015H | No monitoring (monitored value fixed to 0) | - |
| 0016 ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | Orientation status (Note 1) | - |
| 0017H | Actual operation time | 1 hr |
| 0018н | Motor load factor | 0.1\% |
| 0019н | Cumulative power | 1 kWh |

Note 1. Valid only when the FR-A5AP and FR-A5AX options are mounted.

- Input terminal status monitoring details

- Output terminal status monitoring details


In the input and output terminal statuses, 0 indicates OFF and 1 ON .
<For FR-E520-OOKN or when FR-E5NC is connected>

| Code Number | Description | Increments |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0000 H | No monitoring (monitored value fixed to 0) | $\bullet$ |
| 0001 H | Output frequency (Note 1) | 0.01 Hz |
| 0002 H | Output current | 0.01 A |
| 0003 H | Output voltage | 0.1 V |

Note 1. The increments are 1 (integer data) when other than 0 is set in Pr. 37 "speed display" to choose the speed display.
2) Instruction codes

| Item |  | Code Number | Description | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operation mode read |  | 007Вн | 0000н: CC-Link operation <br> 0001н: External operation (Note 1) <br> 0002н: PU operation |  |
| Operation mode write |  | 00FBн | 0000н: CC-Link operation <br> 0001н: External operation (Note 1) |  |
| Error history No. 1, No. 2 read |  | 0074H | Reads the most recent No. 1 and 2 errors. |  |
| Error history No. 3, No. 4 read |  | 0075 | Reads the most recent No. 3 and 4 errors. |  |
| Error history No. 5, No. 6 read |  | 0076н | Reads the most recent No. 5 and 6 errors. |  |
| Error history No. 7, No. 8 read |  | 0077 ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | Reads the most recent No. 7 and 8 errors. |  |
| Set frequency (RAM) read |  | 006D | Reads the set frequency (RAM). | Setting can be made from the remote register. |
| Set frequency ( $E^{2}$ PROM) read |  | 006Ен | Reads the set frequency ( $\mathrm{E}^{2} \mathrm{PROM}$ ). |  |
| Set frequency (RAM) write |  | 00EDH | Writes the set frequency to RAM. |  |
| Set frequency (E²PROM) write |  | 00ЕЕн | Writes the set frequency to $\mathrm{E}^{2} \mathrm{PROM}$. |  |
| Parameter read |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline 0000 \mathrm{H} \text { to } \\ 006 \mathrm{CH} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Used with link parameter expansion setting to access Pr. 0 to Pr. 999. Refer to Appendices for the code numbers. <br> Note that some parameters are inaccessible. |  |
| Parameter write |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 0080н to } \\ 00 \mathrm{ECH} \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Batch alarm definition clear |  | 00F4H | 9696н: Batch-clears the alarm history. |  |
| All parameter clear |  | 00FCн | 9696н: Parameter clear (reset to factory settings with the exception of calibration values) <br> 9966н: All parameter clear <br> 9669н: Parameter user clear (FR-A5NC only) |  |
| Inverter reset |  | 00FDh | 9696н: Resets the inverter. |  |
| Link parameter expansion setting | Read | 007F | Changes the 0000 н to 006 C н and 0080 н to $00 \mathrm{ECн}$ parameter values. 0000н: Pr. 0 to Pr. 99 <br> 0001н: Pr. 100 to 159, Pr. 200 to 231, Pr. 900 to 905 |  |
|  | Write | 00FFH | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 0002н: Pr. } 160 \text { to 199, Pr. } 232 \text { to Pr. } 285 \\ & 0003 \text { н: Pr. } 300 \text { to } 399 \\ & \text { 0009н: Pr. } 922 \text {, Pr. } 923 \text {, Pr. } 990 \text {, Pr. } 991 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Second parameter changing | Read | 006CH | Pr. 201 to 230 <br> 0000н: Running frequency <br> 0001н: Time <br> 0002н: Rotation direction <br> Pr. 902 to 905 <br> 0000н: Offset/gain <br> 0001н: Analog <br> 0002н: Analog value of terminal |  |
|  | Write | 00ECH |  |  |

Note 1. Not available for the FR-E520-OOKN.
3) Reply codes

After performing frequency setting (RYD, RYE) or instruction code execution (RYF), check the reply code (RW $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ ) of the remote register.

| Data | Item | Alarm Definition |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0000_{\mathrm{H}}$ | Normal | Normal completion of instruction code execution |
| 0001 H | Write mode error | An attempt was made to write parameters other than during stop in the <br> CC-Link operation mode. |
| 0002 H | Parameter selection error | Code number not registered was set. |
| 0003 H | Setting range error | Set data is outside the permissible data range. |

## (3) Buffer memory

1) Output signals (Master module to inverter)

- Output states to remote device stations are stored.
- Outputs for 2 words are used per station.


2) Input signals (Inverter to master module)

- Input states from remote device stations are stored.
- Inputs for 2 words are used per station.


3) Remote registers (Master module to inverter)

- Data sent to remote registers (RWw) of remote device stations are stored.
- Outputs for 4 words are used per station.


4) Remote registers (Inverter to master module)

- Data sent from remote registers (RWR) of remote device stations are stored.
- Inputs for 4 words are used per station.

(4) Programming examples

This section gives the program examples used to control the inverter with the sequence programs.

|  | Item | Program Example | Refer To |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1$)$ | Inverter status read | Reads the inverter status from the master station buffer <br> memory. | 63 |
| 2$)$ | Operation mode setting | Sets the CC-Link operation mode. | 63 |
| 3$)$ | Operation command setting | Commands the forward rotation and mid-speed signals. | 64 |
| 4$)$ | Monitor function setting | Monitors the output frequency. | 64 |
| 5$)$ | Parameter read | Reads Pr. 7 "acceleration time". | 65 |
| 6$)$ | Parameter write | Sets "3.0 seconds" in Pr. 7 "acceleration time". | 65 |
| 7$)$ | Running frequency setting | Sets to 50.00 Hz. | 66 |
| 8$)$ | Alarm definition read | Reads the inverter alarm. | 67 |
| 9$)$ | Inverter reset | Make an inverter reset. | 68 |

System configuration of programming examples


1) Inverter status reading program example

Write a program as explained below to read the inverter status from the master station buffer memory.
The following program reads the inverter status of station 1 to M0-M7:

2) Operation mode setting program example

Write a program as explained below to write various data to the inverters.
The following program changes the operation mode of station 2 inverter to CC-Link operation.
Operation mode writing code number: 00FBн (hexadecimal) (Refer to page 59)
CC-Link operation set data: 0000н (hexadecimal) (Refer to page 59)
The reply code at the time of instruction code execution is set to D2. (Refer to page 59)

3) Operation command setting program example

Write a program as explained below to write the inverter operation commands to the master station buffer memory.
The inverter is operated in accordance with the operation commands written to the remote outputs (addresses 160 H to 1DFH).
The following program gives the commands of forward rotation and middle speed signals to the inverter of station 2:

4) Output frequency monitoring program example

Write a program as explained below to read the monitor function of the inverter.
The following program reads the output frequency of station 2 inverter to D1.
Output frequency reading code number: 0001 H (hexadecimal)
Example: The data indicated is $1770 \mathrm{H}(600)$ at the output frequency of 60 Hz .

5) Parameter reading program example

The following program reads the Pr. 7 "acceleration time" setting of station 2 inverter to D1.
Pr. 7 "acceleration time" reading code number: 07н (hexadecimal)
For the parameter code numbers, refer to Appendices.
The reply code at the time of instruction code execution is set to D2. (Refer to page 59)


Note: For the parameters of number 100 and later, change the link parameter expansion setting (to other than 0000н).
6) Parameter writing program example

The following program changes the Pr. 7 acceleration time setting of station 2 inverter to 3.0 seconds.
Acceleration time writing code number: 87 H (hexadecimal)
Acceleration time set data: K30 (decimal)
For the parameter code numbers, refer to Appendix.
The reply code at the time of instruction code execution is set to D2. (Refer to page 59)


Note 1. For the parameters of number 100 and later, change the link parameter expansion setting (to other than 0000h).
Note 2. For other functions, refer to the instruction codes (page 59).
7) Running frequency setting program example

The following program changes the running frequency of station 2 inverter to 50.00 Hz .
Set frequency
: K5000 (decimal)
The reply code at the time of instruction code execution is set to D2. (Refer to page 59)


- To continuously change the running frequency from PLC

When the frequency setting completion (example: RX2D) switches on, make sure that the reply code in the remote register is 0000 H and change the set data (example: RWw5) continuously.

- Program example for writing data to $E^{2} P R O M$

Modify the above program as follows:
Frequency setting command RX2D $\rightarrow$ RX2E.
Frequency setting completion RX2D $\rightarrow$ RX2E.
<Timing chart for write to RAM>
<Timing chart for write to E ${ }^{2}$ PROM>


Note 1. For $E^{2}$ PROM, write is made only once when RY2E is switched on.
Note 2. If the set data is changed with RY2E on, it is not reflected on the inverter.
8) Alarm definition reading program example

The following program reads the alarm definition of station 2 inverter to D1.
Alarm definition reading code number: 74 H (hexadecimal)
The reply code at the time of instruction code execution is set to D2. (Refer to page 59)


- Alarm definition display example

Example: Read data is 30 AOH
Previous alarm $\qquad$ THT
Current alarm $\qquad$ OPT


Previous alarm
(30н)
Current alarm
(АОН)

- Alarm data

For full information on alarm definitions, refer to the inverter manual.
The alarm definitions change with the inverter. For details, refer to the inverter manual.

| Data | Definition | Data | Definition | Data | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00н | No alarm | 60н | OLT | COH | CPU |
| 10 H | OC1 | 70 H | BE | C1H | CTE |
| 11H | OC2 | 80н | GF | С2н | P24 |
| 12н | OC3 | 81н | LF | D5 | MB1 |
| 20 H | OV1 | 90 H | OHT | D6н | MB2 |
| 21H | OV2 | AOH | OPT | D7H | MB3 |
| 22 H | OV3 | A1H | OP1 | D8H | MB4 |
| 30 H | THT | A2н | OP2 | D9н | MB5 |
| 31H | THM | АЗ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | OP3 | DAн | MB6 |
| 40 H | FIN | B0н | PE | DBн | MB7 |
| 50 H | IPF | B1н | PUE | F6H | E6 |
| 51н | UVT | В2н | RET | F7 ${ }_{\text {H }}$ | E7 |

9) Inverter error-time inverter resetting program example

The following program resets the inverter of station 2.
The reply code at the time of instruction code execution is set to D2. (Refer to page 59)
(Refer to page 63 for the program example)


Note 1. The above inverter reset using RY1A may be made only when an inverter error has occurred. The inverter may be reset in any operation mode.
Note 2. When using the instruction code execution request (RYF) with the instruction code (FDH) and data $(9696$ н ) to reset the inverter, make a reset and then change the operation mode to the CC-Link operation mode. (Refer to page 63 for the program example)
(5) Programming instructions

1) Since the buffer memory data of the master station is kept transferred (refreshed) to/from the inverters, the TO instruction need not be executed every scan in response to data write or read requests.
The execution of the TO instruction every scan does not pose any problem.
2) If the $\mathrm{FROM} / \mathrm{TO}$ instruction is executed frequently, data may not be written securely.

When transferring data between the inverter and sequence program via the buffer memory, perform the handshake to make sure that the data has been written securely.


### 2.9 How to Check for Error with the LED Lamps

CC-Link

## (1) When one inverter is connected

The following example indicates the causes and corrective actions for faults which may be judged from the LED states of the CC-Link unit on the inverter under the condition that the SW, M/S and PRM LEDs of the master module are off (the master module setting is proper) in the system configuration where one inverter is connected:


| LED States |  |  |  | Cause |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L.RUN | SD | RD | L.ERR |  |
| - | (2) | © | © | Normal communication is made but CRC error has occurred due to noise. |
| - | (2) | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | Normal communication |
| $\bullet$ | () | $\bigcirc$ | ( | Hardware fault |
| - | () | O | $\bigcirc$ | Hardware fault |
| - | $\bigcirc$ | ( | © | Cannot answer due to CRC error of receive data. |
| $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | © | $\bigcirc$ | Data to be sent to the host station does not reach destination. |
| $\bullet$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | © | Hardware fault |
| $\bullet$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Hardware fault |
| $\bigcirc$ | () | ( | © | Polling response is made but refresh receive is in CRC error. |
| $\bigcirc$ | () | ( | $\bigcirc$ | Hardware fault |
| $\bigcirc$ | () | $\bigcirc$ | © | Hardware fault |
| $\bigcirc$ | © | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Hardware fault |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | ( | © | Data to be sent to the host station is in CRC error. |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bigcirc$ | There is no data to be sent to the host station, or data to be sent to the host station cannot be received due to noise. |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | © | Hardware fault |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | Cannot receive data due to open cable, etc. |
| $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | (0) | $\bullet$ | Invalid baud rate or station number setting |
| $\bullet$ | () | ( | © | Baud rate or station number changed during operation. |
| O | 0 | O | $\bullet$ | WDT error occurrence (hardware fault), power off, power supply failure |

- On O: Off ©: Flicker


## (2) When multiple inverters are connected

The following example indicates the causes and corrective actions for faults which may be judged from the LED states of the CC-Link units of the inverters under the condition that the SW, M/S and PRM LEDs of the master unit are off (the master module setting is proper) in the system configuration shown below:

: On, ○: Off, ©: Flicker, $*:$ Any of on, flicker and off
(3) When communication stops during operation

- Check that the CC-Link units and twisted pair cables are fitted properly. (Check for contact fault, open cable, etc.)
- Check that the PLC program is executed reliably and that the PLC CPU is running.
- Check that data communication is not stopped due to an instantaneous power failure, etc.

| LED States |  |  |  | Cause | Corrective Action |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Master module | Inverter (CC-Link) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Station 1 | Station 2 | Station 3 |  |  |
| TIME O <br> LINE ○ <br> or <br> TIME <br> LINE ○ | $\begin{array}{\|ll} \hline \text { L.RUN } & 0 \\ \text { SD } & * \\ \text { RD } & 0 \\ \text { L.ERR } & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { L.RUN } & \bullet \\ \text { SD } & \bullet \\ R D & \bullet \\ \text { L.ERR } & 0 \end{array}$ | L.RUN 0 <br> SD $*$ <br> RD $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR 0 | Since the L.RUN LEDs of stations 1 and 3 are off, the station numbers of the inverters set as stations 1 and 3 are the same. | After correcting the repeated station numbers of the inverters, switch power on again. |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { L.RUN } \\ \text { SD } \\ \text { RD } \\ \text { L.ERR } \end{array}$ | L.RUN 0 <br> $S D$ $O$ <br> $R D$ 0 <br> L.ERR 0 | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> SD $\bullet$ <br> $R D$ $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR 0 | Since the L.RUN and SD LEDs of station 2 are off, the transmission speed setting of station 2 is wrong within the setting range ( 0 to 4 ). | After correcting the transmission speed setting, power on the inverter again. |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { L.RUN } \\ \text { SD } \\ \text { RD } \\ \text { L.ERR } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { L.RUN } & \bullet \\ \text { SD } & \bullet \\ R D & \bullet \\ \text { L.ERR } & 0 \end{array}$ |  | Since the L.ERR LED of station 3 flickers, the setting switch of station 3 was moved during normal operation. | Return the setting switch of the inverter (CC-Link) to the original position and power on the inverter again. |
|  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { L.RUN } & 0 \\ \text { SD } & 0 \\ \text { RD } & 0 \\ \text { L.ERR } & \end{array}$ | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> $S D$ $\bullet$ <br> $R D$ $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR 0 | $\left\|\begin{array}{ll} \text { L.RUN } & \bullet \\ \text { SD } & 0 \\ R D & 0 \\ \text { L.ERR } & 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | Since the L.RUN and SD LEDs of station 1 are off and its L.ERR LED is on, the setting switch setting of station 1 is outside the range (transmission speed: 5 to 9 , station number: 65 or more). | After correcting the setting switch position of the inverter (CC-Link), switch power on again. |
|  | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> SD $\bullet$ <br> RD $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR 0 | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> $S D$ $\bullet$ <br> $R D$ $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR $\bullet$ | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> SD $\bullet$ <br> RD $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR 0 | Since the L.ERR LED of station 2 is on, station 2 itself is affected by noise. (L.RUN may go off.) | Securely connect FG of each inverter and master module to ground. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L.RUN } \\ & \text { SD } \\ & \text { RD } \\ & \text { L.ERR } \end{aligned}$ | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> $S D$ $\bullet$ <br> $R D$ $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR $\bullet$ | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> SD $\bullet$ <br> $R D$ $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR $\bullet$ | Since the L.ERR LEDs of station 2 and later are on, the transmission cable between the inverters of stations 2 and 3 is affected by noise. (L.RUN may go off.) | Check that the transmission cable is connected to SLD. Also run it as far away as possible from the power line. ( 100 mm or more) |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { L.RUN } \\ \text { SD } \\ \text { RD } \\ \text { L.ERR } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { L.RUN } & \bullet \\ \text { SD } & \bullet \\ R D & \bullet \\ \text { L.ERR } & 0 \end{array}$ | L.RUN $\bullet$ <br> $S D$ $\bullet$ <br> $R D$ $\bullet$ <br> L.ERR $\bullet$ | Termination resistors are left unconnected. (L.RUN may go off.)• | Check that the termination resistors are connected. |

- On, O: Off, ©: Flicker, *: Any of on, flicker and off


### 2.10 Troubleshooting

## (1) Operation mode unswitched to CC-Link

- Check that the twisted pair cables (and FR-A5NC or FR-E5NC) are fitted properly. (Check for contact fault, open cable, etc.)
- Check that the station number setting switches are set to the correct positions. (Check that the station number matches the program, the station numbers are not repeated, and the station number is not outside the range.)
- Check that the inverter is in the external operation mode.
- Check that the operation mode switching program is run.
- Check that the operation mode switching program has been written correctly.
(2) Inverter unstarted in CC-Link operation mode
- Check that the operation mode is set to the CC-Link operation mode.
- Check that the inverter starting program has been written correctly.
- Check that the inverter starting program is run.
- Check that the inverter is providing output.
(3) Operating and handling instructions
- During CC-Link operation, the inverter only accepts commands from the PLC and ignores any external operation command and any operation command from the parameter unit.
- If the same station number is set to different inverters, wrong data will be transferred and normal communication cannot be made.
- The inverter is brought to an alarm stop "E.OPT" or "E.OP3" if data communication stops, even instantaneously, due to a PLC fault, an open twisted pair cable or the like during CC-Link operation.
- If the PLC (master station) is reset or powered off during CC-Link operation, data communication stops and the inverter is brought to an alarm stop "E.OPT" or " E.OP3".
To reset the PLC (master station), switch the operation mode to the external operation once, then reset the PLC.
- When the FR-A5NC or FR-E5NC is used, any inverter whose main power is restored is reset to return to the external operation mode. To resume the CC-Link operation, therefore, set the operation mode to the CC-Link operation using the sequence program.
Note that setting "1" in Pr. 340 (link start mode) selects the CC-Link operation mode.


## 3

## Device Net тм

3.1 Overview ..... 73
3.2 Specifications ..... 74
3.3 Structure ..... 75
3.4 Configuration and Wiring Procedure ..... 77
3.5 Inverter Setting ..... 80
3.6 Operation Modes ..... 84
3.7 Operational Functions ..... 87
3.8 DeviceNet Programming ..... 89
3.9 Object Map ..... 97
3.10 EDS File ..... 113

### 3.1 Overview

Device Netтм was developed and released by Allen-Bradley Company, Inc. in 1994. ODVA (Open DeviceNet Vendor Association, Inc.) is now operating the business since it became independent from Allen-Bradley in 1995. As an open field network, Device Netтm can connect versatile devices of third parties and is compatible with not only inverters but also various field-level applications.
Use of the configuration software enables nodes (devices to communicate with) to be assigned on a network to establish the communication configuration of specific devices.

## (1) Features

Connection with the master module (personal computer/PLC) by communication cables allows inverters to be run and monitored and their parameter values to be read/written from a user program or configurator.

## (2) Types of Device Netтм-compatible inverters

| Inverter Series | Method for Compatibility with Device NetTM |
| :--- | :--- |
| FR-A500 | Connect the FR-A5ND plug-in option. |
| FR-F500 | Connect the FR-A5ND plug-in option. |

## (3) Instructions

$0 x$ given in the text indicates that the numeral that follows is a hexadecimal number.

### 3.2 Specifications

Device Nettm

| Item |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Power supply | Control power | Supplied by the inverter. |
|  | External power input | Input voltage: 11 to 28 V <br> Current consumption: Maximum 90mA |
|  | Conforms to ODVA DeviceNet Specification Release 2.0. <br> (independently tested by University of Michigan test lab, February, 1998) <br> Supports UCMM. |  |
| Network topology | DeviceNet (linear bus with drop lines) |  |
| Communication cable | DeviceNet standard thick or thin cable <br> (Use a "thin" cable as the drop cable.) |  |
| Maximum cable length | $500 \mathrm{~m}(125 \mathrm{kbps})$ <br>  | $250 \mathrm{~m}(250 \mathrm{kbps})$ <br> $100 \mathrm{~m}(500 \mathrm{kbps})$ |
| Communication speed | $125 \mathrm{kbps}, 250 \mathrm{kbps}, 500 \mathrm{kbps}$ |  |
| Number of inverters connectable | 64 inverters (including master) (Note) |  |
| Response time | Read request response time $=1 \mathrm{~ms}$ <br> Write request response time $=30 \mathrm{~ms}$ <br> Parameter clear, all parameter clear response time $=5$ seconds |  |

Note: When there is one master, the maximum number of inverters connected is 63 (64-1).

### 3.3 Structure

## (1) Appearance


(2) Part names

| Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Node address setting switches | SW2 <br> Used to set the node address of the inverter within the station range 0 to 63 . Set the tens digit of the node address to SW1 and the units digit to SW2. Any setting other than 0 to 63 is regarded as 63.The node address setting switches are valid when ADDR of Pr. 345 is 63. <br> When ADDR of Pr. 345 is not 63, the node address setting switches are invalid and the ADDR value of Pr .345 is the node address. |
| Status LED | The operating states are indicated by the two colors (red and green) of the LED. For details, refer to page 79, where the system states and corresponding LED states are explained in detail. |

## (3) Installation procedure

1) Remove the front cover of the inverter and insert this option unit into slot 3 of the inverter.
2) Securely insert the option unit connector into the inverter connector. At this time, also fit the option fixing hole snugly.
3) Then, securely fix the option unit to the inverter with the mounting screws (2 places). If the mounting holes of the option unit do not match the inverter mounting holes, recheck whether the connector is secured properly.
4) Remove the DATA PORT from the inverter front cover and reinstall the front cover.
(To remove the DATA PORT cover, push it from the back of the front cover.)


### 3.4 Configuration and Wiring Procedure

(1) System configuration example


Connection with DeviceNet network

## (2) Fabrication of DeviceNet drop cable

Use a DeviceNet drop cable to connect the inverter to the DeviceNet network. The drop cable consists of an ODVA approved "thin" cable and an ODVA approved 5-pin connector plugged to the connector of the inverter. To match the drop cable with the DeviceNet connector of the network trunk cable, use the one specified by the user/installer. The recommended parts are as follows:
DeviceNet "thin" drop cable: Belden make part number 3084A or equivalent
5-pin connector: Phoenix Contact make part number MSTB 2.5/5-ST-5.08-AU

Note: The maximum length of the drop cable should be 6.1 m ( 20 feet).


The DeviceNet connector pin-out connections are shown below. The function of each pin is listed below.


Connector pin-out connection diagram

| Pin-Outs/Functions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pin number | Signal | Color |
| 1 | V- | Black |
| 2 | CAN- | Blue |
| 3 | Shield wire | Silver |
| 4 | CAN + | White |
| 5 | V $_{+}$ | Red |

1) Strip the insulation sheath about 40 mm ( 1.5 inches) from the end of the drop cable to expose the four color signal wires and silver shield wire.
2) Strip the insulations of the signal wires to approximately 6 mm ( $1 / 4$ inches). Plate each lead wire with solder.
3) Tin the end of the shield wire to prevent it from fraying.
4) Plug the connector to the DeviceNet cable as described below:
(a) Insert a flat-blade screwdriver (maximum width 3.75 mm ) into the top hole of the connector plug to open the clamp in the lower hole to insert the wire.
(b) Connect the signal wires to the plug of Phoenix Contact make. Confirm that the wire colors match the pins as indicated above.
(c) After all signal wires are inserted properly, turn the tightening screws clockwise to fasten the signal wires securely. When tightened properly, the signal wires cannot be pulled off.

## (3) Wiring procedure

1) Power off the inverter and make sure that the working environment is safe. After ensuring safety, remove the inverter cover.
2) Set the node address of the inverter within the station range 0 to 63 .

Set the tens digit of the node address to SW1 and the units digit to SW2. Any setting other than 0 to 63 is regarded as 63.
The node address setting switches are valid when ADDR of Pr. 345 is 63 .
When ADDR of Pr. 345 is not 63, the node address setting switches are invalid and the ADDR value of Pr. 345 is the node address.
3) When the inverters have been installed properly and the node addresses set correctly, reinstall the inverter covers.
Make sure that the DeviceNet trunk cable is wired properly and the termination resistor is fitted to each termination of the trunk cable. These termination resistors should satisfy the following requirements:

1. $R=121 \Omega$
2. $1 \%$ metal coating
3. 0.25 W

Connect the drop cables to the network. (These are cables from the inverters to the DeviceNet network.)
If the trunk connector is a DeviceNet plug or shield connector which meets the standard, connection to the network can be made independently of whether the inverter is on or off. Completion of connection is recognized automatically by the inverter.
When free wires are used to make connection with the network, two or more signal wires may be shorted. As safety measures, also power off the network.
4) Make sure that connection is all completed and the cables irrelevant to DeviceNet are all connected to the inverter units as specified.
(4) Changing the node address

The node address status is checked only when the inverter is powered on. Therefore, changing the node address after power-on is invalid. The node address read at power-on is retained.
Change the node address setting switch positions in the following procedure (when ADDR of Pr. 345 is 63):

1) Power off the inverter.
2) Disconnect the drop cable from the option unit.
3) Remove the inverter cover.
4) Change the node address (node address setting switch positions).
5) Reinstall the inverter cover.
6) Reconnect the drop cable to the inverter unit.
7) Power on the inverter.

## (5) LED status indications

The LED status indications represent the inverter's operating states listed below. Indications include five states: off, green lamp flickering, green, red lamp flickering and red.
Check the LED status after connecting the drop cable to the truck cable on the active network. The status LED of the option unit provides an indication according to the module/network status specified in the DeviceNet communication standard.

LED status indications

| LED Indication | System Status | Remarks |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Off | Inverter power off, <br> network power on | Powering on the inverter causes the inverter to check for identical node <br> addresses on the network. |
| flickering lamp unconnected status | The inverter has been powered on and a check that there are no identical <br> node addresses is completed. However, the host has not yet established <br> a communication link. |  |
| Reen | Network and inverter power <br> on, host connection <br> completed | The inverter has been powered on and the master station on the network <br> recognizes this inverter unit. The LED holds this indication during <br> communication. |
| Red flickering | Connection time-out | The master station recognizes this inverter unit during communication (the <br> LED is green). However, no response is made within the time limit (Note) <br> preset to the expected packet rate. Check to see if the host station is <br> disconnected from the network. |
| Critical link error | Communication device fault <br> • Overlapping node address setting <br> - Network power off <br> - Network cable connection fault or no-connection <br> - Network failure <br> Power reset must be made to recover from the link error. |  |

Note: Time limit $=4 \times$ EPR (Expected Packet Rate)
Note that this EPR is set in the DeviceNet master. This does not apply to the EPR bit setting using Pr. 347.

### 3.5 Inverter Setting

This section is intended to facilitate inverter setting. This section assumes that the factory settings are used. If you want to change these values, change the settings in accordance with the data in 3.9 Object Map.
This section also assumes that the network cabling is complete and DevicveNet communication has been established. Make sure that the LED status of the inverter is the flickering green lamp as described in Section 3.4(5).

## (1) Overview

The inverter is regarded as a slave device in the DeviceNet communication standard. This means that the inverter cannot initiate messages on the network. The master device must establish communication with the inverter unit and send commands, requests for information, etc.
The inverter supports Group 3 Messaging as defined in the DeviceNet standard. This feature of the inverter means that it is possible for one master to control the inverter while the other master reads data from the same inverter. (This also means that the DeviceNet master must support the UCMM protocol for proper operation.) It is strongly recommended to configure the DeviceNet network using the software tool designed specifically for that purpose. The use of such a tool greatly simplifies the configuration, reduces confusion, and enhances reliability. One of such tools is DeviceNet Managertm supplied by Rockwell Automation. Tools are available from many other suppliers but the description contained in this section is based on use of DeviceNet Managertm.
To use the DeviceNet Managertm software, you need to acquire the DeviceNet Electronic Data Sheet (EDS) file. The EDS file is a standard DeviceNet file which defines the configurable parameters of a field device. Refer to the configuration software tool manual for more information on the installation and use of the EDS file.

## (2) Baud rate setting

The baud rate must be consistent throughout the network in order to establish communication and enable equipment communication via the network.
Therefore, this step is important for the inverter setting.

- At power-on, the inverter defaults to the communication speed of 125 kbps .
- You can set the baud rate using "Node Address", Attribute 1 of DeviceNet Class 0x03, Instance 1. Refer to Section 3.9.2 (1) for further information.
- You can also set the node address manually by changing the Pr. 346 value from the parameter unit. Refer to page 81 for more information.
(3) Node address setting

The node address assigned to the inverter is determined when the inverter is powered on. When an address conflict is found in network configuration, you can set the baud rate using "Baud Rate", Attribute 2 of DeviceNet Class 0x03, instance. Refer to Section 3.9.2 (1) for details.
You can also set the baud rate manually by changing the Pr. 345 value from the parameter unit. Refer to page 81 for more information.
(4) DeviceNet I/O assembly

Communication between the master device and a slave device on the network requires that the DeviceNet Class 0x04- "Assembly Object" in both devices be the same.

1) Default I/O assembly

When power is switched on, the inverter defaults to Class 0x04- Output Instance 21 and Class 0x04- Input Instance 71. Refer to Section 3.8 (2) for more information on DeviceNet Class 0x04 and I/O Instance.
2) Polling rate

Determination of the proper polling rate of the DeviceNet master device depends on the characteristics of the entire network. To minimize potential conflicts and maximize system reliability, a polling rate interval of 30 ms or longer is suggested. The user may adjust this rate within the network performance range.
3) Loss of communications

In the default polled communication mode, the inverter responds to loss of communication in accordance with the WDA bit setting of Pr. 345 defined on page 81. These bits default to 0 . Such loss of communication may occur due to disconnection of network cabling, network power off, failure within the master etc.
When the WDA bits of Pr. 345 are set to 0 , the inverter keeps executing the last command received until the communication time limit is exceeded. This time limit is four times the Expected Packet Rate (EPR) configured by the user (note that this EPR is set by the DeviceNet master. This differs from the EPR bit setting of Pr. 345). When the time limit of the inverter is exceeded and the WDA is activated, the E.OP3 error occurs in the inverter, coasting it to a stop.
When the WDA bits of Pr. 345 are set to 2, the inverter does not generate an error and keeps executing the last command received until the next instruction is given. The inverter automatically resets the connection when communication is restored.
(5) Parameters

| Parameter <br> Number | Function | Setting Range | Minimum Setting <br> Increments | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 338 (Note 1) | Operation command write | 0,1 | 1 | 0 |
| 339 (Note 1) | Speed command write | 0,1 | 1 | 0 |
| $340($ Note 1) | Link start mode selection | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 0 |
| $345($ Note 2) | DeviceNet address start data | 0 to 65535 | 1 | $41023(0 \times A 03 F)$ |
| 346 (Note 2) | DeviceNet baud rate start data | 0 to 65535 | 1 | $20612(0 \times 5084)$ |

Note 1. Refer to Section 3.6 Operation Modes (page 84) for details of Pr. 338 to 340.
Note 2. You cannot write the Pr. 345 and Pr. 346 values (Class $0 \times 67$ Instance 1 Attribute 45 and 46) from the network. They may only be read. In addition, these parameters may be set from the FR-PU04 only. Note that you cannot set them from the FR-DU04.

Pr. 345 is a bit map parameter and is defined as follows:

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address key |  |  |  | WDA |  |  | DN failure mode (Note) |  |  | Device node address |  |  |  |  |  |

Pr. 346 is a bit map parameter and is defined as follows:

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baud rate key |  |  | Input assembly |  |  |  |  |  | Output assembly |  |  |  |  | Baud rate |  |

Note: The DN failure mode is not supported. The inverter always recognizes it as 0 .

## <Definition of each registration>

| Item | Description | Definition | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Watch dog time-out operation (WDA) | Specifies the inverter operation when communication stops for a given period ( $4 \times$ EPR). <br> Note: You may also set this function using DeviceNet Connection Object Class 0x05, Instance 2, Attribute 12. <br> However, since it is not written to EEPROM in the inverter, resetting the inverter returns to the previous value set from the parameter unit. When the value is changed from the parameter unit, the EEPROM value is also changed. | (1) Setting of 0, 4 (shift to time-out status) <br> Inverter: E.OP3 occurs. <br> LED indication: Red flickering <br> Network: Connection continued. <br> (2) Setting of 1,5 (auto delete) <br> Inverter: E.OP3 occurs. <br> LED indication: Green lit <br> Network: Polled I/O connection cut off. <br> (3) Setting of 2, 6 (auto reset: time-out operation ignored) Inverter: No error <br> LED indication: Green lit Network: Connection continued. <br> (4) Setting of 3, 7 (WDA invalid) Inverter: No error LED indication: Green lit Network: Connection continued. | 0 |
| Input assembly (INP) (Note 1) | Choose the input instance of Assembly Object Class 0x04 used. <br> (You can set this function using Control Management Class 0x29, Instance 1, Attribute 40.) | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Input Instance } 70 \\ & 1=\text { Input Instance } 71 \\ & 6=\text { Input Instance } 76 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |
| Output assembly (OUTP) (Note 1) | Choose the output instance of Assembly Object Class 0x04 used. <br> (You can set this function using Control Management Class 0x29, Instance 1, Attribute 41.) | $\begin{aligned} & 0=\text { Output Instance } 20 \\ & 1=\text { Output Instance } 21 \\ & 6=\text { Output Instance } 26 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |
| Baud rate (BR) | Set the baud rate. <br> (You can set this function using <br> DeviceNet Object Class 0x03, Instance 1, <br> Attribute 2.) | $\begin{aligned} & 0,3=125 \mathrm{kbps} \\ & 1=250 \mathrm{kbps} \\ & 2=500 \mathrm{kbps} \end{aligned}$ | 0 |
| Device node address (ADDR) (Note 2) | Set the node address (MAC ID) of the device. <br> (You can set this function using <br> DeviceNet Object Class 0x03, Instance 1, <br> Attribute 1.) | 0 to 63 | 63 |
| Address key <br> (ADDRKEY) (Note 3) | Internal setting | Fixed to 10 (1010 in binary) | 10 |
| Baud rate key (BRKEY) (Note 3) | Internal setting | Fixed to 5 (0101 in binary) | 5 |

Note 1. The input assembly and output assembly must match. (For example, if the input assembly is 0 , the output assembly must also be 0 .) Any other value than 0,1 and 6 set to the input and output assemblies is regarded as 6 .
Note 2. The node address may also be set with the node address setting switches, which are made valid only when ADDR of Pr. 345 is 63 . (When ADDR of Pr. 345 is not 63, the node address setting switch value is ignored and the ADDR value of Pr. 345 is valid.)
Note 3. If the setting is other than the fixed value, the FR-A5ND recognizes it as a wrong value, and if the other parameter (WDA, INP, OUTP, BR, ADDR) values are different from the factory settings, it uses the factory settings as the values of these parameters.

## <Parameter setting method>

The Pr. 345 value is the sum of the values in all items which have been multiplied by the corresponding factors in the following table.

Pr. 345 setting method

| Item | Setting <br> Range | Factor | Example 1 <br> (Setting $\times$ Factor) | Example 2 <br> (Setting $\times$ Factor) | Example 3 <br> (Setting $\times$ Factor) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Address key | 10 | 4096 | $10 \times 4096$ | $10 \times 4096$ | $10 \times 4096$ |
| WDA | 0 to 3 | 512 | $0 \times 512$ | $1 \times 512$ | $2 \times 512$ |
| DN failure mode | 0 | 64 | $0 \times 64$ | $0 \times 64$ | $0 \times 64$ |
| Device node address | 0 to 63 | 1 | $63 \times 1$ | $4 \times 1$ | $10 \times 1$ |
| Total (Pr. 345) | - | - | 41023 | 41476 | 41994 |

If you do not have the DevceNet configuration tool, enter the total value to the inverter using the FR-PU04. The values in Example 1 in the above table are the same as the factory settings.

- Example 1

Address key = 10 only
Watch dog time-out operation WDA $=0$
DN failure mode $=0$ only
Device node address $=63$
Total $=(10 \times 4096)+(0 \times 512)+(0 \times 64)+(63 \times 1)=41023$

The Pr. 346 value is the sum of the values in all items which have been multiplied by the corresponding factors in the following table.

Pr. 346 setting method

| Item | Setting <br> Range | Factor | Example 1 <br> (Setting $\times$ Factor) | Example 2 <br> (Setting $\times$ Factor) | Example 3 <br> (Setting $\times$ Factor) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baud rate key | 5 | 4096 | $5 \times 4096$ | $5 \times 4096$ | $5 \times 4096$ |
| Input assembly | 0 to 6 | 128 | $1 \times 128$ | $0 \times 128$ | $6 \times 128$ |
| Output assembly | 0 to 6 | 4 | $1 \times 4$ | $0 \times 4$ | $6 \times 4$ |
| Baud rate | 0 to 2 | 1 | $0 \times 1$ | $1 \times 1$ | $2 \times 1$ |
| Total (Pr. 346) | - | - | 20612 | 20481 | 21274 |

If you do not have the DevceNet configuration tool, enter the total value to the inverter using the FR-PU04. The values in Example 1 in the above table are the same as the factory settings.

- Example 1

Baud rate key = 5 only
Input assembly = 1 (Input Instance 71)
Output assembly = 1 (Output Instance 21)
Baud rate $=0(125 \mathrm{kbps})$
Total $=(5 \times 4096)+(1 \times 128)+(1 \times 4)+(0 \times 1)=20612$

### 3.6 Operation Modes

## (1) Operation modes

1) PU operation
2) External operation :Controls the inverter by switching on/off external signals connected to the control circuit terminals of the inverter.
3) DeviceNet operation : Controls the inverter in accordance with the personal computer, PLC or other program via the DeviceNet unit (FR-A5ND).

## (2) Operation mode switching

1) Operation mode switching conditions

Before switching the operation mode, check that:

- The inverter is at a stop;
- Both the STF and STR signals are off; and
- The Pr. 79 "operation mode" setting is correct. (Use the parameter unit of the inverter for setting.)

| Pr. 79 Setting | Operation Mode Selection | Switching to DeviceNet Operation Mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | PU or external operation | Disallowed when the PU mode is selected. Allowed when the external mode is selected. |
| 1 | PU operation mode | Disallowed |
| 2 | External operation mode | Allowed |
| 3, 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Disallowed |
| 5 | Programmed operation | Disallowed |
| 6 | Switch-over | Allowed |
| 7 | External operation (PU operation interlock) | Allowed only in the external operation mode when the PU interlock signal (X12) is on. |
| 8 | PU or external (signal switching) | Allowed only in the external operation mode (X16 on). |

2) Operation mode switching method


| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| A | PU operation $\rightarrow$ external operation | Operate the external operation key on the PU. |
| B | External operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Operate the PU operation key on the PU. |
| C | PU operation $\rightarrow$ external operation | Switching disallowed. |
| D | External operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Switching disallowed. |
| E | External operation $\rightarrow$ DeviceNet <br> operation | By user program. |
| F | DeviceNet operation $\rightarrow$ external <br> operation | By user program. |
| G | PU operation $\rightarrow$ DeviceNet operation | Switching allowed by user program only when Pr. $79=6$. |
| H | DeviceNet operation $\rightarrow$ PU operation | Switching allowed by user program only when Pr. $79=6$. |

When "1 or 2" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection", the DeviceNet operation mode is selected at power-on or inverter reset.

Note 1. When setting "1 or 2" in Pr. 340, the initial settings (station number setting, etc.) of the inverter must be made without fail.
3) Link start mode

By setting the Pr. 340 value as appropriate, you can select the operation mode at power on or at restoration from instantaneous power failure.

| Pr. 340 Setting | Pr. 79 | Operation Mode | Mode at Power On or at Restoration from Instantaneous Power Failure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | PU or external operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 1 | PU operation | Inverter goes into the PU operation mode. |
|  | 2 | External operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 3 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the PU operation mode and the start signal is set in the external operation mode. |
|  | 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the external operation mode and the start signal is set in the PU operation mode. |
|  | 5 | Programmed operation mode | Inverter is operated by the program. |
|  | 6 | Switch-over mode | Operation mode is switched while running. |
|  | 7 | External operation mode | Shift to the PU operation mode is controlled by ON/OFF of the X12 signal. |
|  | 8 | External/PU combined operation mode | Operation mode is switched by ON/OFF of the X16 signal. |
| 1 | DeviceNet operation |  | Inverter goes into the DeviceNet operation mode. (Program need not be used for switching) |
| 2 | DeviceNet automatic restart after instantaneous power failure |  | Inverter goes into the DeviceNet operation mode. <br> When Pr. 57 setting is other than 9999 (automatic restart after instantaneous power failure), automatic restart is made in the status prior to occurrence of an instantaneous power failure to continue DeviceNet operation, if a communication signal is not given. <br> (Program need not be used for switching) |

- The Pr. 340 value may be changed in any operation mode.
- When Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" = "0, 2 or 6", "1 and 2" in Pr. 340 are made valid.
- When starting DeviceNet operation at power-on, set "1 or 2" in Pr. 340.


## (3) Control place selection

In the DeviceNet operation mode, commands from the external terminals and program are as listed below:

| Control place selection |  |  | Pr. 338 "operation command write" | 0: DN | 0: DN | 1: External | 1: External | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Pr. 339 "speed command write" | 0: DN | 1: External | 0: DN | 1: External |  |
| Fixed functions (Functions equivalent to terminals) |  |  | Forward rotation command (STF) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Reverse rotation command (STR) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Start self-holding selection (STOP) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Output halt (MRS) | External | External | External | External | (Note 1) |
|  |  |  | Reset (RES) | Both | Both | Both | External |  |
|  |  |  | DeviceNet operation frequency | DN | - | DN | - |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | Compensation | External | Compensation | External |  |
|  |  | 0 | Low-speed operation command (RL) | DN | External | DN | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 1 | Middle-speed operation command (RM) | DN | External | DN | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 2 | High-speed operation command (RH) | DN | External | DN | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 3 | Second function selection (RT) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 4 | Current input selection (AU) | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  | 5 | Jog operation selection (JOG) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  | 6 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection (CS) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 7 | External thermal relay input (OH) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 8 | 15-speed selection (REX) | DN | External | DN | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 9 | Third function (X9) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 10 | FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable (X10) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 11 | FR-HC connection, instantaneous power failure detection (X11) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 12 | PU external interlock (X12) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 13 | External DC dynamic braking start (X13) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 14 | PID control valid terminal (X14) | DN | External | DN | External |  |
|  |  | 15 | Brake opening completion signal (BRI) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 16 | PU operation-external operation switching (X16) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 17 | Load pattern selection-forward/reverse rotation boost switching (X17) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 18 | Magnetic flux-V/F switching (X18) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 19 | Load torque high-speed frequency (X19) | DN | DN | External | External |  |
|  |  | 22 | Orientation command | DN | DN | External | External | (Note 2) |
| RH, RM, RL, RT selection functions |  |  | Remote setting (RH, RM, RH) | DN | External | DN | External | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Pr. } 59= \\ & 1,2 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | Programmed operation group selection (RH, RM, RL) | - | - | - | - | Pr. $79=5$ DeviceNet operation disallowed |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 0 (RL) | DN | External | DN | External | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pr. } 270= \\ & 1,3 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 1 (RT) | DN | DN | External | External |  |

[Explanation of table]
External :Control by signal from external terminal is only valid.
DN :Control from DeviceNet sequence program is only valid.
Both :Control from both external terminal and PLC is valid.

- :Control from both external terminal and PLC is invalid.

Compensation :Control by signal from external terminal is only valid if Pr. 28 (multi-speed input compensation) setting is 1 .

Note 1. If the FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable signal (X10) is not assigned when the FR-HC is used ( $\operatorname{Pr} .30=2$ ) or if the PU operation interlock signal ( X 12 ) is not assigned when the PU operation interlock function is set ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=7$ ), this function is also used by the MRS signal and therefore the MRS signal is only valid for the external terminals, independently of the Pr. 338 and Pr. 339 settings.
Note 2. The orientation command needs the FR-A5AP and FR-A5AX options.

### 3.7 Operational Functions

(1) Operation mode-based functions

| Control Method | Item | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Net mode | External mode | PU mode |
| DeviceNet | Operation command | Allowed (Note 1) | Disallowed | Disallowed |
|  | Output frequency setting | Allowed (Note 1) | Disallowed | Disallowed |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Parameter write | Allowed (Note 3) | Disallowed (Note 3) | Disallowed (Note 3) |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Allowed (Note 2) | Disallowed | Disallowed |
| Control circuit <br> terminal | Operation command | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed | Disallowed |
|  | Output frequency setting | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed | Disallowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |

Note 1. As set in Pr. 338 and Pr. 339.
Note 2. The inverter cannot be reset at occurrence of a network error.
Note 3. As set in Pr. 77.
Note 4. The inverter goes into the external operation mode if it is reset from DeviceNet in the net operation mode.
(2) Monitoring

The following items can be monitored by Class 0x2A Attribute 141 to 193:

1) Output frequency. $\qquad$ Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
2) Output current $\qquad$ Binary in 0.01 A increments
3) Output voltage Binary in 0.1 V increments
4) Frequency setting . Binary in 0.01 Hz increments
5) Running speed Binary in $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ increments
6) Motor torque $\qquad$ Binary in $0.1 \%$ increments
7) Converter output voltage $\qquad$ . Binary in 0.1 V increments
8) Regenerative brake duty $\qquad$ Binary in $0.1 \%$ increments
9) Electronic overcurrent protection load factor $\qquad$ Binary in $0.1 \%$ increments
10) Output current peak value Binary in 0.01 A increments
11) Input power Binary in 0.01 kW increments
12) Output power $\qquad$ Binary in 0.01 kW increments
13) Input terminal states

| $15-12$ | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | CS | RES | STOP | MRS | JOG | RH | RM | RL | RT | AU | STR | STF |

14) Output terminal states

| $15-6$ | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ABC | FU | OL | IPF | SU | RUN |

15) Load meter $\qquad$ Binary in $0.1 \%$ increments
16) Motor exciting current. Binary in 0.01 A increments
17) Position pulse (*) $\qquad$ Binary in 1 pulse increments
18) Cumulative energization time . Binary in 1 hr increments
19) Orientation status (*)
20) Actual operation time . Binary in 1 hr increments
21) Motor load factor $\qquad$ Binary in $0.1 \%$ increments
22) Cumulative power....................... Binary in 1 kwh increments
23) Alarm definition
*Valid only when FR-A5AP is fitted
24) Inverter status

You can monitor the inverter status using Class 0x2A, Attribute 114, A500 Inverter Status. This is defined in the following bit map:

| bit | Definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Running (RUN) |
| 1 | Forward run (forward rotation) |
| 2 | Reverse run (reverse rotation) |
| 3 | Up to frequency (SU) |
| 4 | Overload alarm (OL) |
| 5 | Instantaneous power failure (IPF) |
| 6 | Frequency detection (FU) |
| 7 | Alarm output (ABC) |

## (3) Operation commands

To send the control input instruction, check Attribute 114 of Class 0x2A AC Drive Object supplied with the instruction data you want. For example, setting of numerical value $0 \times 0002$ means that the inverter is run in forward rotation at the frequency setting in RAM.

Follow the bit map table below:

| $15-11$ | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | MRS | $\mathrm{CS}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{AU}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RT}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{JOG}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RL}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RM}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RH}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | STR | STF | 0 |

The input signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 186 (input terminal function selection).

## (4) Running frequency

The running frequency can be set to a minimum of 0.01 Hz within the range 0 to 400 Hz .
The frequency setting in RAM can be made using Attribute 112 and 113 of Class 0x2A AC Drive Object.
(5) Parameter write

Functions can be written using DeviceNet. Note that write during inverter operation will result in a write mode error.
(6) Parameter read

Functions can be read using DeviceNet.

## (7) Operation at alarm occurrence

| Alarm Location | Operation Mode |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | DeviceNet mode |  |  |
| Exiption |  | PU mode |  |  |
| Inverter alarm | Inverter operation | Stop | Stop | Stop |
|  | Data communication | Continued | Continued | Continued |
| DeviceNet alarm | Inverter operation | Stop (Note 1) | Continued | Continued |
|  | Data communication | Continued (Note 2) | Continued (Note 2) | Continued (Note 2) |

Note 1. The motor coasts to a stop if the inverter outputs an error due to the FR-A5ND's connection object failure or watch dog time-out.
Note 2. Depends on the communication error type.

### 3.8 DeviceNet Programming

DeviceNet programs change with the master module. For programming details, refer to the master module instruction manual.

## (1) Object model

In DeviceNet, each node (device to communicate with) is modeled as a cluster of objects (abstracted specific product functions). In other words, each node allows the map of an object model to be drawn on the basis of the characteristics of each function. This is an object map.
The following four items are used to represent an object:

| Item | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Class | Cluster of all objects having the same type of function <br> Generalized object |
| Instance | Specific representation of object |
| Attribute | Representation of object characteristic |
| Service | Function supported by object or class |



Object model image diagram

Object model example

| Class | Instance | Attribute | Attribute Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Human | John | Sex | Male |
|  |  | Age | 20 |
|  | Mary | Sex | Female |
|  |  | Age | 42 |

In DeviceNet communication, changing this attribute value enables the inverter setting to be changed and reading the attribute value enables the inverter data (output current value, etc.) to be monitored.
Such reading and changing of the attribute value, sending of operation commands to the inverter, and others can be performed using the I/O instances. The I/O data examples given below use the I/O instances to run the inverter and change the parameter values.

Refer to Section 3.9 Object Map for information on each class, instance, attribute and service.

## (2) I/O specifications (Polled I/O connection)

1) Output signals (Master module to inverter)

The output signals from the master module can be provided using any of the following output instances:

- Class 0x04-Output instance 20

| Output instance$20(0 \times 14)$ | Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | Fault <br> Reset |  | Forward Rotation |
|  | 1 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | Speed setting (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | Speed setting (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Class 0x04-Output instance 21

| Output instance 21 (0x15) | Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 |  | NetRef | NetCtrl |  |  | Fault <br> Reset | Reverse Rotation | Forward Rotation |
|  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | Speed setting (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | Speed setting (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Class 0x04 - Output instance 26

| Output instance$26 \text { (0x1A) }$ | Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | Write Param | NetRef | NetCtrl |  |  | Fault <br> Reset | Reverse Rotation | Forward Rotation |
|  | 1 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | Speed setting or parameter write data (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | Speed setting or parameter write data (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | Parameter class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5 | Parameter attribute number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Output instance $26(0 \times 1 \mathrm{~A})$ is used to set write/read the parameter access control, parameter class, parameter attribute number and parameter write data.
Output instance 26 must be used with input instance 76 in the command which requires parameter access. Output instance 26 uses 6-byte data.

## <Definition of BYTE data>

Output instances 20, 21, 26 are executed under the following rules. (Some bits and data are not in output instances 20, 21. Refer to the above data table.)
BYTE 0: Bit 7 - If Write Param = 1, the parameter write data in BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 is written to the parameter indicated in BYTE 4 and BYTE 5 and the functions of the other bits are ignored.
If Write Param $=0$, the RPM speed setting (same value as in BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 of output instance 21) is set and the functions of the other bits are executed.
Bit 6 - If NetRef =1, the speed setting is adopted from BYTE 2 and BYTE 3. (Note 2)
Bit 5 - If NetCtrl = 1, Bits 2, 1, 0 are made valid.
If NetCtrl $=0$, the operation command entered from the external terminal (STF, STR terminal) is made valid. (Note 3)
Bit 4 - Unused
Bit 3 - Unused
Bit 2 - If Fault Reset is changed from 0 to 1, the inverter is reset.
Bit 1 - If Reverse Rotation $=1$ and Forward Rotation $=0$, reverse rotation is performed.
Bit 0 - If Forward Rotation $=1$ and Reverse Rotation = 0, forward rotation is performed.
Note 1. To make Bits 2, 1, 0 valid, NetCtrl must be 1.
Note 2. The speed command write (Pr. 339) changes.
Note 3. The operation command write (Pr. 338) changes.

## BYTE 1: Must be 00.

BYTE 2: Lower byte of speed setting (1r/min increments) or parameter write data
BYTE 3: Upper byte of speed setting ( $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ increments) or parameter write data
BYTE 4: Parameter class, e.g. $0 \times 2 A, 0 \times 66,0 \times 67$
BYTE 5: Parameter attribute No. (instance 1), e.g. 0x0A, $0 \times 65$
2) Input signals (Inverter to master module)

The input signals to the master module can be provided using any of the following input instances:

- Class 0x04 - Input instance 70

| Input instance$70 \text { (0x46) }$ | Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  | Forward <br> Rotation |  | Faulted |
|  | 1 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | Actual speed (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | Actual speed (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Class $0 \times 04$ - Input instance 71 (factory setting)

| Input instance$71 \text { (0x47) }$ | Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | At Ref Speed | Ref <br> From <br> Net | Ctrl <br> From <br> Net | Ready | Reverse <br> Rotation | Forward <br> Rotation |  | Faulted |
|  | 1 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | Actual speed (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | Actual speed (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Class 0x04 - Input instance 76

| Input instance$76 \text { (0x4C) }$ | Byte | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | At Ref Speed | Ref <br> From <br> Net | Ctrl <br> From <br> Net | Ready | Reverse <br> Rotation | Forward <br> Rotation |  | Faulted |
|  | 1 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 | Actual speed (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3 | Actual speed (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | Parameter read (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5 | Parameter read (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Input instance 76 ( $0 \times 4 \mathrm{C}$ ) offers 16-bit parameter data.
Input instance 76 must be used with output instance 26 in the command which requires parameter access. Input instance 76 uses 6-byte data.

## <Definition of BYTE data>

Input instances 70, 71, 76 are executed under the following rules. (Some bits and data are not in input instances 70, 71. Refer to the above data table.)
BYTE 0: Bit 7 - When At Ref Speed $=1$, operation is being performed at the speed setting.
Bit 6 - When Ref From Net = 1, the speed setting from the DeviceNet master is used.
Bit 5 - When Ctrl From Net = 1, error reset, forward rotation or reverse rotation is given from the DeviceNet master.
Bit 4 - Ready
Bit 3 - Reverse rotation
Bit 2 - Forward rotation
Bit 1 - Unused
Bit $0-$ When Faulted $=1$, the inverter is in error.
BYTE 1: Must be 00.
BYTE 2: Lower byte of actual speed ( $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ increments) (Note 1)
BYTE 3: Upper byte of actual speed ( $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ increments) (Note 1)
BYTE 4: Parameter read data (lower byte) set in output instance 26 (Bytes 4, 5) (Note 2)
BYTE 5: Parameter read data (upper byte) set in output instance 26 (Bytes 4, 5) (Note 2)
Note 1. Not the actual speed of the motor.
Note 2. When a value is written to a certain parameter and the same parameter value is then read right after that, it may remain unchanged since it will be read before the data is reflected on Bytes 4 and 5 because of processing time. Read the same parameter value more than 1 second after writing it.
(3) Programming examples (Data examples for Polled I/O connection)

Programming changes with the device used as the master station. Refer to the master station programming manual. Data examples for programming are given below.

|  | Item | Data Example | Refer To Page |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1$)$ | Operation mode setting | Set to the DeviceNet operation mode. | 92 |
| 2$)$ | Inverter speed reading | Read the inverter data. | 92 |
| 3$)$ | Running speed setting | Set the running speed to $900 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$. | 93 |
| 4$)$ | Operation command designation | Command the forward rotation and mid-speed signals. | 93 |
| 5$)$ | Inverter status reading | Read the inverter status. | 94 |
| 6$)$ | Parameter reading | Read Pr. 0 "torque boost". | 95 |
| 7$)$ | Parameter writing | Set "2.0\%" in Pr. 0 "torque boost". | 96 |

1) Operation mode setting data example

When sending the DeviceNet operation mode command to the inverter, use Class 0x2A, Attribute No. 120 to write the following data to output instance 26 :
<Write data example: DeviceNet operation mode>

| Output | ance 26 |  |  |  |  | rip |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BYTE 0 | 0x80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 1 | $0 \times 00$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 2 | $0 \times 14$ $0 \times 00$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r}\text { (Lower-byte data) } \\ \text { (Upper-byte data) }\end{array}\right\} \longrightarrow$Data 0x0014 (DeviceNet operation mode) of parameter class 0x2A, <br> parameter attribute No. 120 (0x78) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 4 | 0x2A | Parameter class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 5 | 0x78 | Parameter attribute No. | Instance 1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

2) Inverter speed reading data example

To know the inverter speed, read the value of input instance 71.
<Read data example: 60 Hz forward running>

| Input Instance 71 |  | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BYTE 0 | 0xF4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 1 | 0x00 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 2 <br> BYTE 3 | $0 \times 08$ $0 \times 07$ | $\left.\begin{array}{l} \text { (Lower-byte data) } \\ \text { (Upper-byte data) } \end{array}\right\} \longrightarrow \text { Actual speed } 0 \times 0708 \Rightarrow 1800(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

3) Running speed setting data example

When running the inverter at $900 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}(30 \mathrm{~Hz})$ in forward rotation, write the following data to output instance 21 : <Write data example: 30 Hz forward rotation operation>

| Output Instance 21 |  | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 |  |
|  |  |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| BYTE 0 | $0 \times 61$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 1 | $0 \times 00$ | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 2 | 0x84 | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { (Lower-byte data) } \\ \text { (Upper-byte data) }\end{array}\right\} \longrightarrow$ Speed setting 0x0384 $\Rightarrow 900(\mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min})$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BYTE 3 | $0 \times 03$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4) Operation command setting data example

When sending the forward rotation and mid-speed commands to the inverter, use Class 0x2A, Attribute No. 114 to write the following data to output instance 26:
<Write data example: Forward rotation, mid-speed operation>

5) Inverter status reading data example

When reading the inverter status, use Class 0x2A, Attribute No. 114 to read data.
<Write data example: Perform write to request the Class 0x2A, Attribute No. 114 data>

<Read data example: Read the Class 0x2A, Attribute No. 114 data>

6) Parameter reading data example

When reading the setting of inverter's Pr. 0 "torque boost", use Class 0x66, Attribute No. 10 to read data.
<Write data example: Perform write to request the Class 0x66, Attribute No. 10 data>

<Read data example: Read the Class 0x66, Attribute No. 10 data>

7) Parameter writing data example

When setting $2.0 \%$ in Pr. 0 "torque boost" of the inverter, use Class $0 \times 66$, Attribute No. 10 to write the following data to output instance 26:
$<$ Write data example: Pr. $0=2.0 \%>$


## (3) Programming instructions

1) When designing software, use either of the following techniques:

- Use of handshake technique

After sending a request to the FR-A5ND option unit, wait for a reply from the option unit, and after receiving the reply, send the next request.

- Considering the response time (refer to page 74) of the FR-A5ND, set the waiting time for the next request. For example, send the next request more than 30 ms after sending a write request.

2) When the master station connected is of OMRON (Model C200HW-DRM21-V1, Model CVM1-DRM21-V1), use it after making either of the following master station settings:

- Use it in the scan list disable mode.
- When using it in the scan list enable mode, increase the master station's communication intervals more than 200 ms .
(Use OMRON's configurator to set the master station's communication intervals.)


### 3.9 Object Map

Device Nettm

This section describes the object definitions for use of FR-A5ND DeviceNet. For details of the definitions, refer to ODVA's DeviceNet documentation.

| Class | Object Name |
| :--- | :--- |
| $0 \times 01$ | Identity object |
| $0 \times 03$ | DeviceNet object |
| $0 \times 04$ | Assembly object |
| $0 \times 05$ | DeviceNet connection object |
| $0 \times 28$ | Motor data object |
| $0 \times 29$ | Control management object |
| $0 \times 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | AC drive object |
| $0 \times 66$ | A500 expansion object I |
| $0 \times 67$ | A500 expansion object II |

In the following tables, Get means read from the inverter and Set means write to the inverter.

### 3.9.1 Class $0 \times 01$ Identity object

(1) Class 0x01 Instance 0 attributes

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Type | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Version of Class 0x01 object | Word | 1 |
| 2 | Get | Maximum instance count of Class $0 \times 01$ | Word | 1 |
| 6 | Get | Maximum attribute count of Class $0 \times 01$ | Word | 7 |
| 7 | Get | Maximum instance attribute count of Class $0 \times 01$ | Word | 7 |

(2) Class $0 \times 01$ Instance 0 service

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |

(3) Class $0 \times 01$ Instance 1 attributes

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Type | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Vendor ID (Mitsubishi Electric) | Word | 82 |
| 2 | Get | Product type (AC drive) | Word | 02 |
| 3 | Get | Product code | Word | 500 |
| 4 | Get | Version | Word | $1 . Y Y Y$ (Note 1) |
| 5 | Get | Status | Word | 0000 |
| 6 | Get | Serial number | Word | XXXXXXXX <br> $($ Note 2) |
| 7 | Get | Product name (FR-A500) | Word | A500 (Note 3) |

Note 1. The upper byte of the read hexadecimal word data indicates the integer part and its lower byte indicates the fraction part. For example, the read data of 0x010A means version 1.010.
Note 2. The value changes with the product.
Note 3. The actual data stored are $0 \times 04,0 \times 41,0 \times 35,0 \times 30$ and $0 \times 30$. The first $0 \times 04$ indicates the 4 -byte data and the others indicate "A500" in ASCII.
(4) Class $0 \times 01$ Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service | Definition |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $0 \times 05$ | Reset or all parameter clear | 0: Reset <br> $1:$ All parameter clear |
| $0 \times 0 E$ | Read the attribute value. | - |

### 3.9.2 Class 0x03 DeviceNet object

(1) Class 0x03 Instance 1 attributes

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Get/Set | Node address setting (Note 1) | 0 to 63 | 0 |
| 2 | Get/Set | Baud rate setting (Note 1) <br> $0: 125 \mathrm{kbps}$ <br> 1: 250 kbps <br> 2: 500 kbps | 0, 1, 2 | 0 |
| 3 | Get/Set | Bus off interrupt <br> 0 : On detection of bus off, the CAN chip is held in the reset status. <br> 1: On detection of bus off, the CAN chip is reset and communication is continued. | 0,1 | 0 |
| 4 | Get/Set | Bus off counter (Counts the number of times when the CAN chip is set to bus-off.) | 0 to 255 | 0 |
| 5 | Get | Allocation information | 0 to 0xFFFF | 0x0103 |
| 8 | Get | Actual value of node address | 0 to 63 | 0 |
| 9 | Get | Actual value of baud rate | 0, 1, 2 | 0 |

Note 1. May also be read using Class 0x67 Instance 1 Attributes 45 and 46.
Note 2. For detailed definitions, refer to the DeviceNet specifications Vol. I 5-5.
(2) Class $0 \times 03$ Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 \times 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | Allocate |
| $0 \times 4 \mathrm{C}$ | Release |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.9.3 Class 0x04 Assembly object

(1) Class 0x04 Output instance 20

| Byte | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | Fault |  |  |
|  |  |  | Forward |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rotation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(2) Class 0x04 Output instance 21

| Byte | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| 0 | - | NetRef | NetCtrl | - | - | Fault Reset | Reverse <br> Rotation | Forward Rotation |
| 1 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Speed setting (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Speed setting (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(3) Class 0x04 Output instance 26

| Byte | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| 0 | Write Param | NetRef | NetCtrl | - | - | Fault Reset | Reverse Rotation | Forward <br> Rotation |
| 1 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Speed setting or parameter write data (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Speed setting or parameter write data (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Parameter class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Parameter attribute number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1. Before directing the inverter via the network, always turn on the bits of "NetCtrl" and "NetRef". If they are off, the inverter will not accept the directives even in the network operation mode.
Note 2. When issuing a command, always hold the forward/reverse rotation flag in the present running status. Transmitting a wrong status will change the running status.
(Example: The inverter will stop the output if bit 0 is turned off during the inverter forward rotation command.)
Note 3. Always set " 0 " in Byte 1 of output instance 26. The inverter will not recognize any other value as normal data.
(4) Class $0 \times 04$ Input instance 70

| Byte | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
|  | - | - | - | - | - | Forward <br> Rotation | - | Faulted |
|  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Actual speed (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Actual speed (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(5) Class 0x04 Input instance 71

| Byte | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| 0 | At Ref Speed | Ref <br> From <br> Net | Ctrl <br> From <br> Net | Ready | Reverse <br> Rotation | Forward <br> Rotation | - | Faulted |
| 1 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Actual speed (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Actual speed (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(6) Class $0 \times 04$ Input instance 76

| Byte | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bit 7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3 | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0 |
| 0 | At Ref Speed | Ref <br> From <br> Net | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ctrl } \\ \text { From } \\ \text { Net } \end{gathered}$ | Ready | Reverse Rotation | Forward <br> Rotation | - | Faulted |
| 1 | 00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Actual speed (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Actual speed (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Parameter read (lower byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Parameter read (upper byte) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 3.9.4 Class 0x05 DeviceNet connection object

The FR-A5ND supports only Polled I/O and Explicit Messaging. It does not support Bit-Strobed I/O. Also, Instances 4 to 6 are the instances of Explicit Messaging.
(1) Class 0x05 Instance 1 attributes (Explicit Messaging)

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Connection status <br> 0 : Non-existent <br> 1: Configuring <br> 2: Waiting for connection ID <br> 3: Established <br> 4: Timed Out <br> 5: Deferred Delete | 0 to 5 | - |
| 2 | Get | Connection instance type <br> 0 : Explicit Messaging connection <br> 1: Polled I/O connection | 0,1 | 0 |
| 3 | Get | Transport Trigger Class 0x83: Server Transport Class 3 | 0 to 0xFF | 0x83 |
| 4 | Get | Produced Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFFF | - |
| 5 | Get | Consumed Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFFF | - |
| 6 | Get | Initial Communication Characteristics <br> (Defines the sending and receiving message groups) <br> $0 \times 22$ : Group 2 message in both sending and receiving | 0 to 0xFF | 0x22 |
| 7 | Get | Produced Connection Size <br> (Maximum number of bytes of the message body that may be sent) | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 8 | Get | Consumed Connection Size <br> (Max. number of bytes of the message body that may be received) | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 9 | Get/Set | Expected Packet Rate(EPR) | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 12 | Get | Watch dog operation <br> 0 : Transition to timed out <br> 1: Auto Delete <br> 2: Auto reset <br> 3: Deferred Delete | 0 to 3 | 1 |
| 13 | Get | Produced Connection Path Length | 0 to 0xFFFFF | 0 |
|  |  |  | 0 to 0xFF | 0x04 |
| 14 | Get | Produced Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0x03 |
| 15 | Get | Consumed Connection Path Length | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | Get | Consumed Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0 |

Note: For detailed definitions, refer to the DeviceNet specifications Vol. I 5-4.
(2) Class $0 \times 05$ Instance 2 attributes (Polled I/O)

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Connection status <br> 0 : Non-existent <br> 1: Configuring <br> 2: Waiting for connection ID <br> 3: Established <br> 4: Timed Out <br> 5: Deferred Delete | 0 to 5 | - |
| 2 | Get | Connection instance type <br> 0 : Explicit Messaging connection <br> 1: Polled I/O connection | 0,1 | 0 |
| 3 | Get | Transport Trigger Class 0x82: Server Transport Class 2 | 0 to 0xFF | 0x82 |
| 4 | Get | Produced Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFFF | - |
| 5 | Get | Consumed Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFFF | - |
| 6 | Get | Initial Communication Characteristics <br> (Defines the sending and receiving message groups) <br> 0x01: Sending Group 1 message, <br> Receiving Group 2 message | 0 to 0xFF | 0x01 |
| 7 | Get | Produced Connection Size (Note 1) <br> (Maximum amount of I/O data that may be sent) | 0 to 0xFFFFF | 4 |
| 8 | Get | Consumed Connection Size (Note 1) (Max. amount of I/O data that may be received) | 0 to 0xFFFFF | 4 |
| 9 | Get/Set | Expected Packet Rate(EPR) | 0 to 0xFFFFF | 0 |
| 12 | Get | Watch dog operation <br> 0 : Transition to timed out <br> 1: Auto Delete <br> 2: Auto reset <br> 3: Deferred Delete | 0 to 3 | 0 |
| 13 | Get | Produced Connection Path Length | 0 to 0xFFFFF | 3 |
| 14 | Get | Produced Connection Path (Note 2) | 0 to 0xFF | 0x62 |
|  |  |  | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 34$ |
|  |  |  | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 37$ |
| 15 | Get | Consumed Connection Path Length | 0 to 0xFFFFF | 3 |
| 16 | Get | Consumed Connection Path (Note 2) | 0 to 0xFF | 0x62 |
|  |  |  | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 31$ |
|  |  |  | 0 to 0xFF | 0x35 |

Note 1. Depends on the communication data used. 4 for use of output instances 20, 21 and input instances 70, 71 or 6 for use of output instance 26 and input instance 76.
Note 2. As the Produced Connection Path and Consumed Connection Path, specify the application objects of the data to be transferred. Their structures are as follows.

0x62 0xMM 0xNN
$0 \times 62$ (=logical address)
OxMM 0xNN: Application object data. The I/O instance numbers (hexadecimal) represented in ASCII.
Example: When output instance 21 and input instance 71 are used as communication data
(a) Produced Connection Path (send data)

Input instance $71=0 \times 47$
ASCII code: $4=0 \times 34,7=0 \times 37$
Hence, Produced Connection Path $=0 \times 620 \times 340 \times 37$
(b) Consumed Connection Path (receive data)

Output instance $21=0 \times 15$
ASCII code: $1=0 \times 31,5=0 \times 35$
Hence, Consumed Connection Path $=0 \times 620 \times 310 \times 35$
Note 3. For detailed definitions, refer to the DeviceNet specifications Vol. I 5-4.
(3) Class $0 \times 05$ Instance 4 attributes (Explicit Messaging)

| Atribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Connection status | 0 to 5 | - |
| 2 | Get | Connection instance type | 0,1 | 0 |
| 3 | Get | Transport Trigger Class | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 83$ |
| 4 | Get | Produced Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 5 | Get | Consumed Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 6 | Get | Initial Communication Characteristics | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 22$ |
| 7 | Get | Produced Connection Size | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 8 | Get | Consumed Connection Size | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 9 | Get/Set | Expected Packet Rate(EPR) | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 09 \mathrm{c} 4$ |
| 12 | Get | Watch dog operation | 0 to 3 | 1 |
| 13 | Get | Produced Connection Path Length | 0 to 0xFFFF | 0 |
| 15 | Get | Produced Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0 |
| 16 | Get | Consumed Connection Path Length | 0 | 0 |

(4) Class $0 \times 05$ Instance 5 attributes (Explicit Messaging)

| Atribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Connection status | 0 to 5 | - |
| 2 | Get | Connection instance type | 0,1 | 0 |
| 3 | Get | Transport Trigger Class | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 83$ |
| 4 | Get | Produced Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 5 | Get | Consumed Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 6 | Get | Initial Communication Characteristics | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 22$ |
| 7 | Get | Produced Connection Size | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 8 | Get | Consumed Connection Size | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 9 | Get/Set | Expected Packet Rate(EPR) | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 09 \mathrm{c} 4$ |
| 12 | Get | Watch dog operation | 0 to 3 | 1 |
| 13 | Get | Produced Connection Path Length | 0 to 0xFFFF | 0 |
| 14 | Get | Produced Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0 |
| 15 | Get | Consumed Connection Path Length | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | Get | Consumed Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0 |

(5) Class $0 \times 05$ Instance 6 attributes (Explicit Messaging)

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Connection status | 0 to 5 | - |
| 2 | Get | Connection instance type | 0,1 | 0 |
| 3 | Get | Transport Trigger Class | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 83$ |
| 4 | Get | Produced Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 5 | Get | Consumed Connection ID | 0 to 0xFFFF | - |
| 6 | Get | Initial Communication Characteristics | 0 to 0xFF | $0 \times 22$ |
| 7 | Get | Produced Connection Size | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 8 | Get | Consumed Connection Size | 0 to 0xFFFF | 7 |
| 9 | Get/Set | Expected Packet Rate(EPR) | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 09 \mathrm{c} 4$ |
| 12 | Get | Watch dog operation | 0 to 3 | 1 |
| 13 | Get | Produced Connection Path Length | 0 to 0xFFFF | 0 |
| 14 | Get | Produced Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0 |
| 15 | Get | Consumed Connection Path Length | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | Get | Consumed Connection Path | 0 to 0xFF | 0 |

(6) Class $0 \times 05$ Instance 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.9.5 Class $0 \times 28$ Motor data object

(1) Class 0x28 Instance 1 attributes

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Get/Set | Motor type <br> $7: ~ S q u i r r e l-c a g e ~ i n d u c t i o n ~ m o t o r ~$ (Plectronic thermal O/L relay") | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 00 F F$ |
| 6 | Get/Set | Rated motor current (Pr. 9 "Ela | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 07 D 0$ |
| 7 | Get/Set | Rated motor voltage (Pr. 83) | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times F F F F$ |
| 8 | Get/Set | Motor capacity (Pr. 80) | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 1770$ |
| 9 | Get/Set | Rated motor frequency (Pr. 84) | 0 to 0xFFFF | 4 |
| 12 | Get/Set | Number of motor poles (Pr. 81) | 0 to 0xFFFF | $0 \times 0708$ |
| 15 | Get/Set | Base frequency (Pr. 3) |  |  |

Note 1. Pr. 80 to Pr. 84 are not available for the FR-F500.
Note 2. For detailed definitions, refer to the DeviceNet specifications Vol. II 6-28.
(2) Class $0 \times 28$ Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.9.6 Class 0x29 Control management object

(1) Class 0x29 Instance 1 attributes

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Range | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | Get/Set | Forward rotation <br> 0: Stop <br> 1: Forward rotation | 0,1 | 0 |
| 4 | Get/Set | Reverse rotation <br> 0: Stop <br> 1: Reverse rotation | Operation command write (Pr. 338) (Note 1) <br> 0: Other than DeviceNet communication operation <br> 1: DeviceNet communication operation <br> (The actual operation command right status can be <br> monitored using Attribute No. 15.) | 0,1 |

Note 1. The logic is opposite to that of Pr. 338. (Attribute No. $5=1$ is equivalent to Pr. $338=0$.)
Note 2. After setting data to 1 and executing a reset, a reset cannot be executed again unless the data is set to 0 once to cancel a reset.
Note 3. This data is updated only after an inverter reset or operation cycle.
Note 4. For detailed definitions, refer to the DeviceNet specifications Vol. II 6-29.
(2) Class 0x29 Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.9.7 Class 0x2A AC drive object

(1) Class 0x2A Instance 1 attributes

AC Profile Compatibles

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | Get | Number of attributes supported | 1 |
| 3 | Get | Up to frequency <br> 1: Speed reaches the speed command value. |  |
| 4 | Get/Set | Speed command write (Pr. 339) (Note 1) <br> 0: Other than DeviceNet communication operation <br> 1: DeviceNet communication operation <br> (The actual speed command right status can be monitored using Attribute <br> No. 29.) | 0 |
| 6 | Get/Set | Operation mode | 1 |
| 7 | Get | Actual speed | 0 (fixed value) |
| 8 | Get/Set | Speed setting | 0 |
| 9 | Get | Actual current | 0 |
| 15 | Get | Actual power | 0 |
| 17 | Get | Output voltage | 0 |
| 19 | Get/Set | Acceleration time (Pr. 7) | 0 |
| 20 | Get/Set | Deceleration time (Pr. 8) | Minimum frequency (Pr. 2) |

Note 1. The logic is opposite to that of Pr. 339. (Attribute No. $4=1$ is equivalent to Pr. $339=0$.)
Note 2. This data is updated only after an inverter reset or operation cycle.
Note 3. For detailed definitions, refer to the DeviceNet specifications Vol. II 6-30.
The following variables and parameters are specific to the FR-A500 series.
System Environment Variables

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | Set | User clear setting | 0 |
| 101 | Set | Inverter reset | 0 |
| 102 | Set | Parameter clear | 0x965A |
| 103 | Set | All parameter clear | 0x99AA |
| 104 | Set | Parameter user clear | 0x5A55 |
| 105 | Set | Parameter clear (external communication parameters) | 0x5A96 |
| 106 | Set | All parameter clear (external communication parameters) | 0xAA99 |
| 107 | Set | Parameter user clear (external communication parameters) | 0x555A |
| 112 | Get/Set | Running frequency (RAM) (Note 1) | 30.00 Hz |
| 113 | Set | Running frequency (EEPROM) (Note 1) | 30.00 Hz |
| 114 | Get/Set | Inverter status/control input command (Note 2) | - |
| 115 | Get/Set | Jog operation frequency (setting) | 5.00 Hz |
| 120 | Get/Set | Operation mode read (Get) Operation mode write (Set) <br> 0: External operation 0x10: External operation <br> 1: PU operation 0x11: PU operation <br> 2: External jog 0x14: DeviceNet communication <br> 3: PU jog operation <br> 4: DeviceNet communication  <br> operation  <br> 5: PU-external combined  <br> operation  <br> 6: Programmed operation  <br> (The operation mode may be changed to the PU operation mode from  <br> communication only when Pr. $79=6$. .)  | - |

Note 1. Data of No. 112 and 113 can be read from No. 112.

Control input
command (Set)

| b15-b11 | b10 | b9 | b8 | b7 | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3 | b2 | b1 | b0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | MRS | CS(*) | $\mathrm{AU}^{(*)}$ | RT** | JOG(*) | RL* ${ }^{*}$ | RM** | RH(*) | STR | STF |  |

The input signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 186 (input terminal function selection).

Monitor items

| Attribute No. | Access | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 141 | Get/Set | Alarm history 1 (Note 1)/all alarm history clear (Note 2) | 0 |
| 142 | Get | Alarm history 2 (Note 1) | - |
| 143 | Get | Alarm history 3 (Note 1) | - |
| 144 | Get | Alarm history 4 (Note 1) | - |
| 145 | Get | Alarm history 5 (Note 1) | - |
| 146 | Get | Alarm history 6 (Note 1) | - |
| 147 | Get | Alarm history 7 (Note 1) | - |
| 148 | Get | Alarm history 8 (Note 1) | - |
| 170 | Get | Output frequency (minimum setting increments 0.01 Hz ) | - |
| 171 | Get | Output current (minimum setting increments 0.1A) | - |
| 172 | Get | Output voltage (minimum setting increments 0.1 V ) | - |
| 174 | Get | Frequency setting (minimum setting increments 0.01 Hz ) | - |
| 175 | Get | Running speed (minimum setting increments $1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ ) | - |
| 176 | Get | Motor torque (minimum setting increments $0.1 \%$ ) | - |
| 177 | Get | Converter voltage (minimum setting increments 0.1 V ) | - |
| 178 | Get | Brake duty (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) | - |
| 179 | Get | Electronic overcurrent protection load factor (minimum setting increments $0.1 \%$ ) | - |
| 180 | Get | Peak current (minimum setting increments 0.01A) | - |
| 182 | Get | Input power (minimum setting increments 0.01 kW ) | - |
| 183 | Get | Output power (minimum setting increments 0.01 kW ) | - |
| 184 | Get | Input terminal status (Note 3) | - |
| 185 | Get | Output terminal status (Note 3) | - |
| 186 | Get | Load meter (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) | - |
| 187 | Get | Motor exciting current (minimum setting increments 0.01A) | - |
| 188 | Get | Position pulse (minimum setting increments 1 pulse) (Note 4) | - |
| 189 | Get | Cumulative energization time (minimum setting increments 1 hr ) | - |
| 191 | Get | Orientation status (Note 4) | - |
| 192 | Get | Actual operation time (minimum setting increments 1 hr ) | - |
| 193 | Get | Motor load factor (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) | - |
| 194 | Get | Cumulative power (minimum setting increments 1kwh) | - |

Note 1. For the alarm history, refer to the following alarm code-alarm definition correspondence table.
Note 2. Writing any value clears the alarm history.
Note 3. For the terminal monitor bit map, refer to Section 3.7 (2) Monitoring (page 87).
Note 4. Valid only when the FR-A5AP is plugged in.
Alarm code list

| Code | Definition | Code | Definition | Code | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0 \times 10$ | OC1 | $0 \times 70$ | BE | $0 \times \mathrm{C} 1$ | CTE |
| $0 \times 11$ | OC2 | $0 \times 80$ | GF | $0 \times \mathrm{C} 2$ | P24 |
| $0 \times 12$ | OC3 | $0 \times 81$ | LF | $0 \times$ D5 | Mb1 |
| $0 \times 20$ | OV1 | $0 \times 90$ | OHT | $0 \times D 6$ | Mb2 |
| $0 \times 21$ | OV2 | $0 \times A 0$ | OPT | $0 \times D 7$ | Mb3 |
| $0 \times 22$ | OV3 | $0 \times A 1$ | OP1 | $0 \times$ D8 | Mb4 |
| $0 \times 30$ | THT | $0 \times A 2$ | OP2 | $0 \times D 9$ | Mb5 |
| $0 \times 31$ | THM | $0 \times A 3$ | OP3 | $0 \times$ DA | Mb6 |
| $0 \times 40$ | FIN | $0 \times B 0$ | PE | $0 \times D B$ | Mb7 |
| $0 \times 50$ | IPF | $0 \times B 1$ | PUE | $0 \times F 6$ | E6 |
| $0 \times 51$ | UVT | $0 \times B 2$ | RET | $0 \times F 7$ | E7 |
| $0 \times 60$ | OLT | $0 \times C 0$ | CPU |  |  |

(2) Class 0x2A Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.9.8 Class 0x66 A500 expansion object I

## (1) Class 0x66 Instance 1 attributes

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. <br> Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Get/Set | Pr. 0 | Torque boost (manual) | 6.0\% |
| 11 | Get/Set | Pr. 1 | Maximum frequency | 120.00 Hz |
| 12 | Get/Set | Pr. 2 | Minimum frequency | 0.00 Hz |
| 13 | Get/Set | Pr. 3 | Base frequency | 60.00 Hz |
| 14 | Get/Set | Pr. 4 | Multi-speed setting (high speed) | 60.00 Hz |
| 15 | Get/Set | Pr. 5 | Multi-speed setting (middle speed) | 30.00 Hz |
| 16 | Get/Set | Pr. 6 | Multi-speed setting (low speed) | 10.00 Hz |
| 17 | Get/Set | Pr. 7 | Acceleration time | 5.0s |
| 18 | Get/Set | Pr. 8 | Deceleration time | 5.0s |
| 19 | Get/Set | Pr. 9 | Electronic thermal O/L relay | Rated output current |
| 20 | Get/Set | Pr. 10 | DC injection brake operation frequency | 3.00 Hz |
| 21 | Get/Set | Pr. 11 | DC injection brake operation time | 0.5 s |
| 22 | Get/Set | Pr. 12 | DC injection brake voltage | 0 |
| 23 | Get/Set | Pr. 13 | Starting frequency | 0.5 Hz |
| 24 | Get/Set | Pr. 14 | Load pattern selection | 0 |
| 25 | Get/Set | Pr. 15 | Jog frequency | 5.00 Hz |
| 26 | Get/Set | Pr. 16 | Jog acceleration/deceleration time | 0.5 s |
| 27 | Get/Set | Pr. 17 | MRS input selection | 0 |
| 28 | Get/Set | Pr. 18 | High-speed maximum frequency (Note 1) | 120.00 Hz |
| 29 | Get/Set | Pr. 19 | Base frequency voltage | 6553.5 V |
| 30 | Get/Set | Pr. 20 | Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency | 60.00 Hz |
| 31 | Get/Set | Pr. 21 | Acceleration/deceleration time increments | 0 |
| 32 | Get/Set | Pr. 22 | Stall prevention operation level | 150.0\% |
| 33 | Get/Set | Pr. 23 | Stall prevention operation level at double speed | 655.35 Hz |
| 34 | Get/Set | Pr. 24 | Multi-speed setting (speed 4) | 655.35 Hz |
| 35 | Get/Set | Pr. 25 | Multi-speed setting (speed 5) | 655.35 Hz |
| 36 | Get/Set | Pr. 26 | Multi-speed setting (speed 6) | 655.35 Hz |
| 37 | Get/Set | Pr. 27 | Multi-speed setting (speed 7) | 655.35 Hz |
| 38 | Get/Set | Pr. 28 | Multi-speed input compensation | 0 |
| 39 | Get/Set | Pr. 29 | Acceleration/deceleration pattern | 0 |
| 40 | Get/Set | Pr. 30 | Regenerative function selection | 0 |
| 41 | Get/Set | Pr. 31 | Frequency jump 1A | 655.35 Hz |
| 42 | Get/Set | Pr. 32 | Frequency jump 1B | 655.35 Hz |
| 43 | Get/Set | Pr. 33 | Frequency jump 2A | 655.35 Hz |
| 44 | Get/Set | Pr. 34 | Frequency jump 2B | 655.35 Hz |
| 45 | Get/Set | Pr. 35 | Frequency jump 3A | 655.35 Hz |
| 46 | Get/Set | Pr. 36 | Frequency jump 3B | 655.35 Hz |
| 47 | Get/Set | Pr. 37 | Speed display | 0 |
| 51 | Get/Set | Pr. 41 | Up-to-frequency sensitivity | 10.0\% |
| 52 | Get/Set | Pr. 42 | Output frequency detection | 6.00 Hz |
| 53 | Get/Set | Pr. 43 | Output frequency detection for reverse rotation | 655.35 Hz |
| 54 | Get/Set | Pr. 44 | Second acceleration/deceleration time | 5.0s |
| 55 | Get/Set | Pr. 45 | Second deceleration time | 6553.5s |
| 56 | Get/Set | Pr. 46 | Second torque boost | 6553.5\% |
| 57 | Get/Set | Pr. 47 | Second V/F (base frequency) | 655.35 Hz |
| 58 | Get/Set | Pr. 48 | Second stall prevention operation current | 150.0\% |
| 59 | Get/Set | Pr. 49 | Second stall prevention operation frequency | 30.00 Hz |

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. <br> Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | Get/Set | Pr. 50 | Second output frequency detection | 0.01 Hz |
| 61 | Get/Set | Pr. 51 | Inverter LED display data selection | 1 |
| 62 | Get/Set | Pr. 52 | DU/PU main display data selection | 0 |
| 63 | Get/Set | Pr. 53 | PU level display data selection | - |
| 64 | Get/Set | Pr. 54 | FM terminal function selection | 1 |
| 65 | Get/Set | Pr. 55 | Frequency monitoring reference | 60.00 Hz |
| 66 | Get/Set | Pr. 56 | Current monitoring reference | Rated output current |
| 67 | Get/Set | Pr. 57 | Restart coasting time | 9999 |
| 68 | Get/Set | Pr. 58 | Restart cushion time | 1.0s |
| 69 | Get/Set | Pr. 59 | Remote setting function selection | 0 |
| 70 | Get/Set | Pr. 60 | Intelligent mode selection | 0 |
| 75 | Get/Set | Pr. 65 | Retry selection | 0 |
| 76 | Get/Set | Pr. 66 | Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency | 60.00 Hz |
| 77 | Get/Set | Pr. 67 | Number of retries at alarm occurrence | 0 |
| 78 | Get/Set | Pr. 68 | Retry waiting time | 1.0s |
| 79 | Get/Set | Pr. 69 | Retry count display erasure | 0 |
| 80 | Get/Set | Pr. 70 | Special regenerative brake duty (Note 1) | 0.0\% |
| 81 | Get/Set | Pr. 71 | Applied motor | 0 |
| 82 | Get/Set | Pr. 72 | PWM frequency selection | 2 kHz |
| 83 | Get/Set | Pr. 73 | 0-5V/0-10V selection | 1 |
| 84 | Get/Set | Pr. 74 | Filter time constant | 1 |
| 85 | Get/Set | Pr. 75 | Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection | 14 |
| 86 | Get/Set | Pr. 76 | Alarm code output selection | 0 |
| 87 | Get/Set | Pr. 77 | Parameter write disable | 0 |
| 88 | Get/Set | Pr. 78 | Reverse rotation prevention selection | 0 |
| 89 | Get/Set | Pr. 79 | Operation mode selection | 0 |
| 90 | Get/Set | Pr. 80 | Motor capacity (Note 1) | 655.35 kW |
| 91 | Get/Set | Pr. 81 | Number of motor poles (Note 1) | 65535 |
| 92 | Get/Set | Pr. 82 | Motor exciting current (Note 1) | 655.35A |
| 93 | Get/Set | Pr. 83 | Rated motor voltage (Note 1) | Rated voltage |
| 94 | Get/Set | Pr. 84 | Rated motor frequency (Note 1) | 60.00 Hz |
| 99 | Get/Set | Pr. 89 | Speed control gain (Note 1) | 100.0\% |
| 100 | Get/Set | Pr. 90 | Motor constant R1 (Note 1) | 65535 |
| 101 | Get/Set | Pr. 91 | Motor constant R2 (Note 1) | 65535 |
| 102 | Get/Set | Pr. 92 | Motor constant L1 (Note 1) | 65535 |
| 103 | Get/Set | Pr. 93 | Motor constant L2 (Note 1) | 65535 |
| 104 | Get/Set | Pr. 94 | Motor constant X (Note 1) | 65535 |
| 105 | Get/Set | Pr. 95 | Online auto tuning selection (Note 1) | 0 |
| 106 | Get/Set | Pr. 96 | Auto tuning setting/status (Note 1) | 0 |
| 110 | Get/Set | Pr. 100 | V/F1 (first frequency) | 655.35 Hz |
| 111 | Get/Set | Pr. 101 | V/F1 (first frequency voltage) | 0.0V |
| 112 | Get/Set | Pr. 102 | V/F2 (second frequency) | 655.35 Hz |
| 113 | Get/Set | Pr. 103 | V/F2 (second frequency voltage) | 0.0V |
| 114 | Get/Set | Pr. 104 | V/F3 (third frequency) | 655.35 Hz |
| 115 | Get/Set | Pr. 105 | V/F3 (third frequency voltage) | 0.0V |
| 116 | Get/Set | Pr. 106 | V/F4 (fourth frequency) | 655.35 Hz |
| 117 | Get/Set | Pr. 107 | V/F4 (fourth frequency voltage) | 0.0V |
| 118 | Get/Set | Pr. 108 | V/F5 (fifth frequency) | 655.35 Hz |
| 119 | Get/Set | Pr. 109 | V/F5 (fifth frequency voltage) | 0.0 V |
| 120 | Get/Set | Pr. 110 | Third acceleration/deceleration time (Note 1) | 6553.5 s |

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. <br> Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 121 | Get/Set | Pr. 111 | Third deceleration time (Note 1) | 6553.5s |
| 122 | Get/Set | Pr. 112 | Third torque boost (Note 1) | 6553.5\% |
| 123 | Get/Set | Pr. 113 | Third V/F (base frequency) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 124 | Get/Set | Pr. 114 | Third stall prevention operation current (Note 1) | 150.0\% |
| 125 | Get/Set | Pr. 115 | Third stall prevention operation frequency (Note 1) | 0.00\% |
| 126 | Get/Set | Pr. 116 | Third output frequency detection | 655.35 Hz |
| 127 | Get/Set | Pr. 117 | Station number | 0 |
| 128 | Get/Set | Pr. 118 | Communication speed | 192 |
| 129 | Get/Set | Pr. 119 | Stop bit length | 1 |
| 130 | Get/Set | Pr. 120 | Parity check presence/absence | 2 |
| 131 | Get/Set | Pr. 121 | Number of communication retries | 1 |
| 132 | Get/Set | Pr. 122 | Communication check time interval | 0.0s |
| 133 | Get/Set | Pr. 123 | Waiting time setting | 65535 ms |
| 134 | Get/Set | Pr. 124 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | 1 |
| 138 | Get/Set | Pr. 128 | PID action selection | 10 |
| 139 | Get/Set | Pr. 129 | PID proportional band | 10.0\% |
| 140 | Get/Set | Pr. 130 | PID integral time | 1.0s |
| 141 | Get/Set | Pr. 131 | PID upper limit | 6553.5\% |
| 142 | Get/Set | Pr. 132 | PID lower limit | 6553.5\% |
| 143 | Get/Set | Pr. 133 | PID action set point for PU operation | 0.00\% |
| 144 | Get/Set | Pr. 134 | PID differential time | 6553.5s |
| 145 | Get/Set | Pr. 135 | Commercial power supply-inverter switch-over sequence output terminal selection | 0 |
| 146 | Get/Set | Pr. 136 | MC switch-over interlock time | 1.0s |
| 147 | Get/Set | Pr. 137 | Start waiting time | 0.5 s |
| 148 | Get/Set | Pr. 138 | Commercial power supply-inverter switch-over selection at alarm occurrence | 0 |
| 149 | Get/Set | Pr. 139 | Automatic inverter-commercial power supply switch-over frequency | 9999 |
| 150 | Get/Set | Pr. 140 | Backlash acceleration stopping frequency | 1.00 Hz |
| 151 | Get/Set | Pr. 141 | Backlash acceleration stopping time | 0.5 s |
| 152 | Get/Set | Pr. 142 | Backlash deceleration stopping frequency | 1.00 Hz |
| 153 | Get/Set | Pr. 143 | Backlash deceleration stopping time | 0.5 s |
| 154 | Get/Set | Pr. 144 | Speed setting switch-over | 4 |
| 158 | Get/Set | Pr. 148 | Stall prevention level at 0V input | 0 |
| 159 | Get/Set | Pr. 149 | Stall prevention level at 10V input | 0 |
| 160 | Get/Set | Pr. 150 | Output current detection level (Note 1) | 150.0\% |
| 161 | Get/Set | Pr. 151 | Output current detection period (Note 1) | 0.0s |
| 162 | Get/Set | Pr. 152 | Zero current detection level | 5.0\% |
| 163 | Get/Set | Pr. 153 | Zero current detection period | 0.5s |
| 164 | Get/Set | Pr. 154 | Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation | 1 |
| 165 | Get/Set | Pr. 155 | RT activated condition | 0 |
| 166 | Get/Set | Pr. 156 | Stall prevention operation selection | 0 |
| 167 | Get/Set | Pr. 157 | OL signal waiting time | 0.0 |
| 168 | Get/Set | Pr. 158 | AM terminal function selection | 1 |
| 170 | Get/Set | Pr. 160 | User group read selection | 1 |
| 172 | Get/Set | Pr. 162 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection | 0 |
| 173 | Get/Set | Pr. 163 | First cushion time for restart | 0.0s |
| 174 | Get/Set | Pr. 164 | First cushion voltage for restart | 0.0\% |
| 175 | Get/Set | Pr. 165 | Restart stall prevention operation level | 150.0\% |
| 180 | Get/Set | Pr. 170 | Watt-hour meter clear | 0 |
| 181 | Get/Set | Pr. 171 | Actual operation hour meter clear | 0 |
| 183 | Get/Set | Pr. 173 | User group 1 registration | 0 |

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. <br> Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 184 | Get/Set | Pr. 174 | User group 1 deletion | 0 |
| 185 | Get/Set | Pr. 175 | User group 2 registration | 0 |
| 186 | Get/Set | Pr. 176 | User group 2 deletion | 0 |
| 190 | Get/Set | Pr. 180 | RL terminal function selection | 0 |
| 191 | Get/Set | Pr. 181 | RM terminal function selection | 1 |
| 192 | Get/Set | Pr. 182 | RH terminal function selection | 2 |
| 193 | Get/Set | Pr. 183 | RT terminal function selection | 3 |
| 194 | Get/Set | Pr. 184 | AU terminal function selection | 4 |
| 195 | Get/Set | Pr. 185 | JOG terminal function selection | 5 |
| 196 | Get/Set | Pr. 186 | CS terminal function selection | 6 |
| 200 | Get/Set | Pr. 190 | RUN terminal function selection | 0 |
| 201 | Get/Set | Pr. 191 | SU terminal function selection | 1 |
| 202 | Get/Set | Pr. 192 | IPF terminal function selection | 2 |
| 203 | Get/Set | Pr. 193 | OL terminal function selection | 3 |
| 204 | Get/Set | Pr. 194 | FU terminal function selection | 4 |
| 205 | Get/Set | Pr. 195 | ABC terminal function selection | 99 |
| 209 | Get/Set | Pr. 199 | User's initial value setting | 0 |
| 212 | Get/Set | Pr. 232 | Multi-speed setting (speed 8) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 213 | Get/Set | Pr. 233 | Multi-speed setting (speed 9) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 214 | Get/Set | Pr. 234 | Multi-speed setting (speed 10) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 215 | Get/Set | Pr. 235 | Multi-speed setting (speed 11) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 216 | Get/Set | Pr. 236 | Multi-speed setting (speed 12) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 217 | Get/Set | Pr. 237 | Multi-speed setting (speed 13) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 218 | Get/Set | Pr. 238 | Multi-speed setting (speed 14) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 219 | Get/Set | Pr. 239 | Multi-speed setting (speed 15) (Note 1) | 655.35 Hz |
| 241 | Get/Set | Pr. 261 | Power failure stop function (Note 1) | 0 |
| 242 | Get/Set | Pr. 262 | Subtracted frequency at deceleration start (Note 1) | 3.00 Hz |
| 243 | Get/Set | Pr. 263 | Subtraction starting frequency (Note 1) | 60.00 Hz |
| 244 | Get/Set | Pr. 264 | Power-failure deceleration time 1 (Note 1) | 5.0s |
| 245 | Get/Set | Pr. 265 | Power-failure deceleration time 2 (Note 1) | 6553.5 s |
| 246 | Get/Set | Pr. 266 | Power-failure deceleration time switch-over frequency (Note 1) | 60.00 Hz |

Note 1. Parameters designed for the FR-A500 only. Not supported by the FR-F500.
Note 2. Values $65535,6553.5$ and 655.35 indicate that the functions are invalid and have the same meaning as 9999 displayed on the DU/PU.
Note 3. For details, refer to the FR-A500 or FR-F500 instruction manual.
Note 4. A change in the No. 31 value changes the setting increments of the inverter but is not reflected on DeviceNet.
(2) Class $0 \times 66$ Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.9.9 Class 0x67 A500 expansion object II

## (1) Class 0x67 Instance 1 attributes

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. <br> Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | Get/Set | Pr. 270 | Stop-on-contact/load torque high-speed frequency control selection | 0 |
| 11 | Get/Set | Pr. 271 | High-speed setting maximum current | 50.0\% |
| 12 | Get/Set | Pr. 272 | Mid-speed setting minimum current | 100.0\% |
| 13 | Get/Set | Pr. 273 | Current averaging range | 655.35 Hz |
| 14 | Get/Set | Pr. 274 | Current averaging filter constant | 16 |
| 15 | Get/Set | Pr. 275 | Stop-on-contact exciting current low-speed multiplying factor | 6553.5\% |
| 16 | Get/Set | Pr. 276 | Stop-on-contact PWM carrier frequency | 65535 |
| 18 | Get/Set | Pr. 278 | Brake opening frequency | 3.00 Hz |
| 19 | Get/Set | Pr. 279 | Brake opening current | 130.0\% |
| 20 | Get/Set | Pr. 280 | Brake opening current detection time | 0.3s |
| 21 | Get/Set | Pr. 281 | Brake operation time at start | 0.3 s |
| 22 | Get/Set | Pr. 282 | Brake closing frequency | 6.00 Hz |
| 23 | Get/Set | Pr. 283 | Brake operation time at stop | 0.3s |
| 24 | Get/Set | Pr. 284 | Deceleration detection function selection | 0 |
| 25 | Get/Set | Pr. 285 | Overspeed detection frequency | 655.35 Hz |
| 38 | Get/Set | Pr. 338 | Operation command right | 0 |
| 39 | Get/Set | Pr. 339 | Speed command right | 0 |
| 40 | Get/Set | Pr. 340 | Link start mode selection | 0 |
| 42 | Get/Set | Pr. 342 | EEPROM write setting by PC link/computer link | 0 |
| 45 | Get | Pr. 345 | DeviceNet address start data | 41023 |
| 46 | Get | Pr. 346 | DeviceNet baud rate start data | 20612 |
| 67 | Get/Set | Pr. 367 | Speed feedback range | 0 |
| 68 | Get/Set | Pr. 368 | Feedback gain | 0 |
| 100 | Get/Set | Pr. 200 | Programmed operation minute/second selection | 0 |
| 101 | Get/Set | Pr. 201 | Program setting 1 time | 0.00 time |
| 102 | Get/Set | Pr. 201 | Program setting 1 direction | 0 |
| 103 | Get/Set | Pr. 201 | Program setting 1 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 104 | Get/Set | Pr. 202 | Program setting 2 time | 0.00 time |
| 105 | Get/Set | Pr. 202 | Program setting 2 direction | 0 |
| 106 | Get/Set | Pr. 202 | Program setting 2 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 107 | Get/Set | Pr. 203 | Program setting 3 time | 0.00 time |
| 108 | Get/Set | Pr. 203 | Program setting 3 direction | 0 |
| 109 | Get/Set | Pr. 203 | Program setting 3 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 110 | Get/Set | Pr. 204 | Program setting 4 time | 0.00 time |
| 111 | Get/Set | Pr. 204 | Program setting 4 direction | 0 |
| 112 | Get/Set | Pr. 204 | Program setting 4 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 113 | Get/Set | Pr. 205 | Program setting 5 time | 0.00 time |
| 114 | Get/Set | Pr. 205 | Program setting 5 direction | 0 |
| 115 | Get/Set | Pr. 205 | Program setting 5 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 116 | Get/Set | Pr. 206 | Program setting 6 time | 0.00 time |
| 117 | Get/Set | Pr. 206 | Program setting 6 direction | 0 |
| 118 | Get/Set | Pr. 206 | Program setting 6 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 119 | Get/Set | Pr. 207 | Program setting 7 time | 0.00 time |
| 120 | Get/Set | Pr. 207 | Program setting 7 direction | 0 |
| 121 | Get/Set | Pr. 207 | Program setting 7 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 122 | Get/Set | Pr. 208 | Program setting 8 time | 0.00 time |
| 123 | Get/Set | Pr. 208 | Program setting 8 direction | 0 |
| 124 | Get/Set | Pr. 208 | Program setting 8 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 125 | Get/Set | Pr. 209 | Program setting 9 time | 0.00 time |
| 126 | Get/Set | Pr. 209 | Program setting 9 direction | 0 |

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 127 | Get/Set | Pr. 209 | Program setting 9 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 128 | Get/Set | Pr. 210 | Program setting 10 time | 0.00 time |
| 129 | Get/Set | Pr. 210 | Program setting 10 direction | 0 |
| 130 | Get/Set | Pr. 210 | Program setting 10 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 131 | Get/Set | Pr. 211 | Program setting 11 time | 0.00 time |
| 132 | Get/Set | Pr. 211 | Program setting 11 direction | 0 |
| 133 | Get/Set | Pr. 211 | Program setting 11 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 134 | Get/Set | Pr. 212 | Program setting 12 time | 0.00 time |
| 135 | Get/Set | Pr. 212 | Program setting 12 direction | 0 |
| 136 | Get/Set | Pr. 212 | Program setting 12 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 137 | Get/Set | Pr. 213 | Program setting 13 time | 0.00 time |
| 138 | Get/Set | Pr. 213 | Program setting 13 direction | 0 |
| 139 | Get/Set | Pr. 213 | Program setting 13 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 140 | Get/Set | Pr. 214 | Program setting 14 time | 0.00 time |
| 141 | Get/Set | Pr. 214 | Program setting 14 direction | 0 |
| 142 | Get/Set | Pr. 214 | Program setting 14 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 143 | Get/Set | Pr. 215 | Program setting 15 time | 0.00 time |
| 144 | Get/Set | Pr. 215 | Program setting 15 direction | 0 |
| 145 | Get/Set | Pr. 215 | Program setting 15 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 146 | Get/Set | Pr. 216 | Program setting 16 time | 0.00 time |
| 147 | Get/Set | Pr. 216 | Program setting 16 direction | 0 |
| 148 | Get/Set | Pr. 216 | Program setting 16 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 149 | Get/Set | Pr. 217 | Program setting 17 time | 0.00 time |
| 150 | Get/Set | Pr. 217 | Program setting 17 direction | 0 |
| 151 | Get/Set | Pr. 217 | Program setting 17 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 152 | Get/Set | Pr. 218 | Program setting 18 time | 0.00 time |
| 153 | Get/Set | Pr. 218 | Program setting 18 direction | 0 |
| 154 | Get/Set | Pr. 218 | Program setting 18 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 155 | Get/Set | Pr. 219 | Program setting 19 time | 0.00 time |
| 156 | Get/Set | Pr. 219 | Program setting 19 direction | 0 |
| 157 | Get/Set | Pr. 219 | Program setting 19 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 158 | Get/Set | Pr. 220 | Program setting 20 time | 0.00 time |
| 159 | Get/Set | Pr. 220 | Program setting 20 direction | 0 |
| 160 | Get/Set | Pr. 220 | Program setting 20 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 161 | Get/Set | Pr. 221 | Program setting 21 time | 0.00 time |
| 162 | Get/Set | Pr. 221 | Program setting 21 direction | 0 |
| 163 | Get/Set | Pr. 221 | Program setting 21 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 164 | Get/Set | Pr. 222 | Program setting 22 time | 0.00 time |
| 165 | Get/Set | Pr. 222 | Program setting 22 direction | 0 |
| 166 | Get/Set | Pr. 222 | Program setting 22 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 167 | Get/Set | Pr. 223 | Program setting 23 time | 0.00 time |
| 168 | Get/Set | Pr. 223 | Program setting 23 direction | 0 |
| 169 | Get/Set | Pr. 223 | Program setting 23 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 170 | Get/Set | Pr. 224 | Program setting 24 time | 0.00 time |
| 171 | Get/Set | Pr. 224 | Program setting 24 direction | 0 |
| 172 | Get/Set | Pr. 224 | Program setting 24 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 173 | Get/Set | Pr. 225 | Program setting 25 time | 0.00 time |
| 174 | Get/Set | Pr. 225 | Program setting 25 direction | 0 |
| 175 | Get/Set | Pr. 225 | Program setting 25 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 176 | Get/Set | Pr. 226 | Program setting 26 time | 0.00 time |
| 177 | Get/Set | Pr. 226 | Program setting 26 direction | 0 |

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 178 | Get/Set | Pr. 226 | Program setting 26 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 179 | Get/Set | Pr. 227 | Program setting 27 time | 0.00 time |
| 180 | Get/Set | Pr. 227 | Program setting 27 direction | 0 |
| 181 | Get/Set | Pr. 227 | Program setting 27 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 182 | Get/Set | Pr. 228 | Program setting 28 time | 0.00 time |
| 183 | Get/Set | Pr. 228 | Program setting 28 direction | 0 |
| 184 | Get/Set | Pr. 228 | Program setting 28 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 185 | Get/Set | Pr. 229 | Program setting 29 time | 0.00 time |
| 186 | Get/Set | Pr. 229 | Program setting 29 direction | 0 |
| 187 | Get/Set | Pr. 229 | Program setting 29 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 188 | Get/Set | Pr. 230 | Program setting 30 time | 0.00 time |
| 189 | Get/Set | Pr. 230 | Program setting 30 direction | 0 |
| 190 | Get/Set | Pr. 230 | Program setting 30 frequency | 6553.5 Hz |
| 191 | Get/Set | Pr. 231 | Timer setting | 0 |

The relationships between PU reading and DeviceNet reading are as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{rlrl}
\mathrm{PU}=\mathrm{hh}: \mathrm{mm} \rightarrow & \text { DeviceNet }=\mathrm{tt}=256 \times \mathrm{mm}+\mathrm{hh} & & \text { Example: } 4 \text { hours } 45 \text { minutes } \\
\text { DeviceNet }=\mathrm{tt} \rightarrow \mathrm{PU}=\mathrm{mm}=\text { Quotient of }(\mathrm{tt} / 256) & \mathrm{PU}=4: 45, \text { Devicenet }=\mathrm{tt}=256 \times 45+4=11524 \\
& \mathrm{hh}=\mathrm{tt}-256 \times \mathrm{mm} & & \text { DeviceNet }=\mathrm{tt}=11524, \mathrm{PU}=\mathrm{mm}=11524 / 256=45
\end{array}
$$

$$
h h=11524-(256 \times 45)=4
$$

Parameters

| Attribute No. | Access | A500 Pr. Number | Description | Value |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 200 | Get/Set | Pr. 900 | FM terminal calibration | 1359 |
| 201 | Get/Set | Pr. 901 | AM terminal calibration | 3522 |
| 202 | Get/Set | Pr. 902 | Frequency setting voltage bias - frequency | 0.00 Hz |
| 203 | Get/Set | Pr. 902 | Frequency setting voltage bias - percentage | $0.0 \%$ |
| 204 | Get/Set | Pr. 903 | Frequency setting voltage gain - frequency | 60.00 Hz |
| 205 | Get/Set | Pr. 903 | Frequency setting voltage gain - percentage | $97.0 \%$ |
| 206 | Get/Set | Pr. 904 | Frequency setting current bias - frequency | 0.00 Hz |
| 207 | Get/Set | Pr. 904 | Frequency setting current bias - percentage | $18.8 \%$ |
| 208 | Get/Set | Pr. 905 | Frequency setting current gain - frequency | 60.00 Hz |
| 209 | Get/Set | Pr. 905 | Frequency setting current gain - percentage | $92.7 \%$ |

Note 1. No. 10 to 25, 67, 68 and 100 to 191 are designed for the FR-A500 only. Not supported by the FR-F500.
Note 2. Values $65535,6553.5$ and 655.35 indicate that the functions are invalid and have the same meaning as 9999 displayed on the DU/PU.
Note 3. For details, refer to the FR-A500 or FR-F500 instruction manual.
(2) Class $0 \times 67$ Instance 1 services

| Service Code | Service |
| :---: | :--- |
| $0 \times 0 \mathrm{E}$ | Read the attribute value. |
| $0 \times 10$ | Write the attribute value. |

### 3.10 EDS File

## (1) Outline of EDS file

When using the configuration software, the EDS file is required to connect the inverter and configurator.
The EDS file is designed to offer information on the settings (including the parameter object addresses) between configurator and inverter.
(2) Acquiring method

You can get the FR-A500 series EDS file in the following method:

- Download it from the Internet.

It can be downloaded free on the Web site of Open DeviceNet Vendor Association:
http://www.odva.org

## (3) Using method

The A500.EDS file is created for the ODVA standard and assumes that the DeviceNet Managertm product of Rockwell Automation is used.
For the appropriate installation method of the EDS file, refer to the DeviceNet configuration software manual.

Note 1. DeviceNet Managertm is a registered trademark of Allen-Bradley Company, Inc.
Note 2. The above EDS file applies to the FR-A500 series only. Consult us separately when using the FR-F500 series.

## 4

## Profibus-DP

4.1 Overview ..... 114
4.2 Specifications ..... 115
4.3 Structure ..... 116
4.4 Configuration and Wiring Procedure. ..... 118
4.5 Inverter Setting. ..... 121
4.6 Operation Modes ..... 122
4.7 Operational Functions ..... 125
4.8 Profibus Programming ..... 127
4.9 Parameter Definitions. ..... 136
4.10 Profibus Device Data (GSD File) ..... 146

### 4.1 Overview

Profibus-DP was released in 1994. PNO (Profibus Netzer Organization) set up offices in 15 countries, and Profibus International for integration of global management was established in 1995 for business operations. As an open field network, Profibus-DP allows a wide variety of devices of third parties to be connected, and is applicable to not only inverters but also various field-level applications.

## (1) Features

Connection with the master module (personal computer/PLC) by communication cables allows inverters to be run and monitored and their parameter values to be read/written from a user program.
(2) Types of Profibus-DP-compatible inverters

| Inverter Series | Method for Compatibility with Profibus-DP |
| :--- | :--- |
| FR-A500 | Connect the FR-A5NP plug-in option. |
| FR-F500 | Connect the FR-A5NP plug-in option. |

### 4.2 Specifications

Profibus-DP

| Item | Specifications |
| :---: | :---: |
| Current consumption | Supplied to Profibus network: $100 \mathrm{~mA}(5 \mathrm{VDC})$ |
| Dielectric withstand voltage | Minimum 500VDC |
| Communication rate |  |
| Operating temperature | -10 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | -20 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Ambient humidity | 90\% maximum at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

### 4.3 Structure

Profibus-DP

## (1) Appearance


(2) Part names

| Name | Function |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Node address setting switches |  | Used to set the node address of the inverter within the range 00 to 7Ен. <br> Do not set the node address to 7FH-FFH. If it is set to any of such addresses, the option unit will not operate properly. In addition, do not set the same node address to two or more options. <br> SW1 is used to set the minimum digit. For example, when setting the node address to 7BH (123 in decimal system), set SW2 to 7 and SW1 to B. |
| Status LED | When the status is normal, the green LED is lit. |  |

## (3) Installation procedure

1) Remove the front cover of the inverter and insert this option unit into slot 3 of the inverter.
2) Securely insert the option unit connector into the inverter connector. At this time, also align the option fixing hole correctly.
3) Then, securely fix the option unit to the inverter with the mounting screws (2 places). If the mounting holes of the option unit do not match the inverter mounting holes, recheck whether the connector is secured properly.
4) Remove the DATA PORT from the inverter front cover and reinstall the front cover.
(To remove the DATA PORT cover, push it from the back of the front cover.)


### 4.4 Configuration and Wiring Procedure

## (1) System configuration example



## (2) Fabrication of cable

1) Plug one end of the cable to the connector linked to the network, and the other end to the DB9 type male connector. Make sure that the cable supports 12.0 Mbps communication (specified in the EEIA-RS-485 Standard). For the connection of this cable, refer to the PROFIBUS connector terminal specifications given below.
+5 VDC (permissible current 100 mA ) is supplied from the option unit pin numbers 6 and 5 . You can select whether pins 6 and 5 are used or not. Pin number 4 may not be required depending on the master used and this can also be selected. (For more information, refer to the ProfibusDP master manual.)


Profibus connector (DB-9 male) terminal specifications


Perspective view of PROFIBUS standard junction connector

The DB9 connector pin layout is listed below. This layout is defined in Profibus Standard DIN-19-245, Part 1.

| DB-9 Pin <br> Number | FR-A5NP Signal Name | Profibus-DP Signal Name | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1 | NC | NC | Not connected |
| 2 | NC | RP | Reserved for module power supply |
| 3 | RxD/TxD+ | RxD/TxD+ | Transferred data (+) |
| 4 | CNTR + | CNTR + | Control signal (request to send) |
| 5 | Isolated GND | DGND(V-) | Data ground |
| 6 | Isolated $+5 V$ output | V+ | $+5 V$ voltage |
| 7 | NC | NC | Not connected |
| 8 | RxD/TxD- | RCD/TxD- | Transferred data (-) |
| 9 | $R P$ | Reserved for module power supply |  |

NC: No connection
2) When the option unit is used to connect the network, connect the PROFIBUS connector which contains a termination resistor.


Profibus connector (DB-9 male) termination resistor connection specifications (all resistors 0.25W)


Appearance of PROFIBUS connector with built-in termination resistor


Perspective view of PROFIBUS connector with built-in termination resistor

## (3) Wiring procedure

1) Power off the inverter and make sure that the working environment is safe.

After ensuring safety, remove the inverter cover.
2) Set the node address using the two node address setting switches of the option unit. Valid addresses are 00 H to 7Ен ( 0 to 126 in decimal system). However, since addresses 00н, 01н, 02н, 7Сн, 7Dн and 7Ен (0, 1, 2, 124, 125, 126 in decimal system) may be used for the master station and repeater depending on the master used, it is recommended to use 03 н to 7 Вн ( 3 to 123 in decimal system) which may be used for any master. Set the node address to the value at which communication will be established by the Profibus master. Communication will not be established unless the master recognizes the node address assigned to the FR-5ANP. Refer to the master manual for more information on the master.
Do not set the node address to 7FH-FFH. If it is set to any of such addresses, the option unit will not operate properly. In addition, do not set the same node address to two or more options.
SW1 is used to set the minimum digit. For example, when setting the node address to 7BH (123 in decimal system), set SW2 to 7 and SW1 to B.
3) When the inverters have been installed properly and the node addresses set correctly, reinstall the inverter covers. Then, insert the DB-9 male connector of the Profibus cable into the DB-9 female connector (Profibus connector) of the option unit to connect the Profibus cable.
4) Power on the inverters after making sure that connection is all completed and the inverters' external cables and Profibus network cable are run properly.
(4) LED status indications

After connecting the option unit to the active network, check the status of the operating status indicator LED. After power-on or reset, the LED indication is normally either of the following:

| LED (Green) | System Status |
| :--- | :--- |
| Light off | The module is not powered on. The module is being subjected to a start test. The module is in <br> the data exchange mode. Alternatively, network connection has timed out. |
| Light on | The module is operating properly. The data exchange mode is ready. |

### 4.5 Inverter Setting

(1) Baud rate setting

Set the baud rate on the master module. The inverter recognizes the baud rate automatically and starts communication.

## (2) Node address setting

The node address assigned to the inverter is determined when the inverter is powered on. Do not change the setting while power is on. Refer to Section 4.3 (2) for the way to set the node address.
(3) Parameters

| Parameter <br> Number | Function | Setting Range | Minimum <br> Setting <br> Increments | Factory Setting |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 338 (Note 1) | Operation command write | 0,1 | 1 | 0 |
| 339 (Note 1) | Speed command write | 0,1 | 1 | 0 |
| 340 (Note 1) | Link start mode selection | $0,1,2$ | 1 | 0 |

Note 1. Refer to Section 4.6 Operation Modes (page 122) for details of Pr. 338 to 340.

### 4.6 Operation Modes

## (1) Operation modes

1) PU operation
: Controls the inverter from the keyboard of the operation panel (FR-DU04) or parameter unit (FR-PU04) installed to the inverter.
2) External operation
: Controls the inverter by switching on/off external signals connected to the control circuit terminals of the inverter.
3) Profibus operation : Controls the inverter in accordance with the program via the Profibus-DP unit (FR-A5NP).

## (2) Operation mode switching

1) Operation mode switching conditions

Before switching the operation mode, check that:

- The inverter is at a stop;
- Both the STF and STR signals are off; and
- The Pr. 79 "operation mode" setting is correct.
(Use the parameter unit of the inverter for setting.)

| Pr. 79 Setting | Operation Mode Selection | Switching to Profibus Operation Mode |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | PU or external operation | Disallowed when the PU mode is selected. Allowed when the external mode is selected. |
| 1 | PU operation mode | Disallowed |
| 2 | External operation mode | Allowed |
| 3, 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Disallowed |
| 5 | Programmed operation | Disallowed |
| 6 | Switch-over | Allowed |
| 7 | External operation (PU operation interlock) | Allowed only in the external operation mode when the PU interlock signal (X12) is on. |
| 8 | PU or external (signal switching) | Allowed only in the external operation mode (X16 on). |

2) Operation mode switching method

Switched by program


Switched by PU operation

(F) (Switching disallowed)

| Symbol | Switching Type | Switching Method |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A | PU operation $\rightarrow$ external operation | Operate the external operation key on the PU. |
| B | External operation $\rightarrow$ PU <br> operation | Operate the PU operation key on the PU. |
| C | External operation $\rightarrow$ Profibus <br> operation | By user program. <br> The master writes 0014H to PNU00BH (IND $=0100)$. |
| D | Profibus operation $\rightarrow$ external <br> operation | By user program. <br> The master writes 0010H to PNU00BH (IND = 0100). |
| E | PU operation $\rightarrow$ Profibus <br> operation | Switching disallowed. Allowed if external operation is selected in A and <br> Profibus operation is then selected in C. (Note 2) |
| F | Profibus operation $\rightarrow$ PU <br> operation | Switching disallowed. Allowed if external operation is selected in D and PU <br> operation is then selected in B. (Note 2) |

When "1 or 2" is set in Pr. 340 "link start mode selection", the Profibus operation mode is selected at power-on or inverter reset.
Once the network operation mode has started, Profibus communication is made at least once during 5 seconds. If the option unit does not respond to Profibus communication for longer than 5 seconds, an option module alarm stop occurs. In that case, reset the inverter to clear the error.
Note 1. When setting "1 or 2 " in Pr. 340, the initial settings (station number setting, etc.) of the inverter must be made without fail.
Note 2. In the switch-over operation mode ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=6$ ), switching in $E$ and $F$ is also allowed.
3) Link start mode

By setting the Pr. 340 value as appropriate, you can select the operation mode at power on or at restoration from instantaneous power failure.

| Pr. 340 Setting | Pr. 79 | Operation Mode | Mode at Power On or at Restoration from Instantaneous Power Failure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | PU or external operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 1 | PU operation | Inverter goes into the PU operation mode. |
|  | 2 | External operation | Inverter goes into the external operation mode. |
|  | 3 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the PU operation mode and the start signal is set in the external operation mode. |
|  | 4 | External/PU combined operation mode | Running frequency is set in the external operation mode and the start signal is set in the PU operation mode. |
|  | 5 | Programmed operation mode | Inverter is operated by the program. |
|  | 6 | Switch-over mode | Operation mode is switched while running. |
|  | 7 | External operation mode | Shift to the PU operation mode is controlled by ON/OFF of the X12 signal. |
|  | 8 | External/PU combined operation mode | Operation mode is switched by ON/OFF of the X16 signal. |
| 1 | Profibus operation |  | Inverter goes into the Profibus operation mode. (Program need not be used for switching) |
| 2 | Profibus automatic restart after instantaneous power failure |  | Inverter goes into the Profibus operation mode. When Pr. 57 setting is other than 9999 (automatic restart after instantaneous power failure), automatic restart is made in the status prior to occurrence of an instantaneous power failure to continue Profibus operation, if a communication signal is not given. <br> (Program need not be used for switching) |

- The Pr. 340 value may be changed in any operation mode.
- When Pr. 79 "operation mode selection" $=$ " 0,2 or 6", "1 and 2" in Pr. 340 are made valid.
- When starting Profibus operation at power-on, set "1 or 2" in Pr. 340.


## (3) Control place selection

In the Profibus operation mode, commands from the external terminals and sequence program are as listed below:

| Control place selection |  |  | Pr. 338 "operation command write" | 0 : Profibus | 0: Profibus | 1: External | 1: External | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Pr. 339 "speed command write" | 0: Profibus | 1: External | 0: Profibus | 1: External |  |
| Fixed functions (Functions equivalent to terminals) |  |  | Forward rotation command (STF) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Reverse rotation command (STR) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Start self-holding selection (STOP) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  |  | Output halt (MRS) | External | External | External | External | (Note 1) |
|  |  |  | Reset (RES) | Both | Both | Both | External |  |
|  |  |  | Profibus operation frequency | Profibus | - | Profibus | - |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 4 | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  |  | 1 | Compensation | External | Compensation | External |  |
|  |  | 0 | Low-speed operation command (RL) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 1 | Middle-speed operation command (RM) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 2 | High-speed operation command (RH) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 3 | Second function selection (RT) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 4 | Current input selection (AU) | - | External | - | External |  |
|  |  | 5 | Jog operation selection (JOG) | - | - | External | External |  |
|  |  | 6 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection (CS) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 7 | External thermal relay input (OH) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 8 | 15-speed selection (REX) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External | Pr. $59=0$ |
|  |  | 9 | Third function (X9) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 10 | FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable (X10) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 11 | FR-HC connection, instantaneous power failure detection (X11) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 12 | PU external interlock (X12) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 13 | External DC dynamic braking start (X13) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 14 | PID control valid terminal (X14) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External |  |
|  |  | 15 | Brake opening completion signal (BRI) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 16 | PU operation-external operation switching (X16) | External | External | External | External |  |
|  |  | 17 | Load pattern selectionforward/reverse rotation boost switching (X17) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 18 | Magnetic flux-V/F switching (X18) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 19 | Load torque high-speed frequency (X19) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |
|  |  | 22 | Orientation command | Profibus | Profibus | External | External | (Note 2) |
| RH, RM, RL, RT selection functions |  |  | Remote setting (RH, RM, RH) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External | Pr. $59=1,2$ |
|  |  |  | Programmed operation group selection (RH, RM, RL) | - | - | - | - | $\text { Pr. } 79=5$ <br> Profibus operation disallowed |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 0 (RL) | Profibus | External | Profibus | External | Pr. $270=1,3$ |
|  |  |  | Stop-on-contact selection 1 (RT) | Profibus | Profibus | External | External |  |

[Explanation of table]

| External | : Control by signal from external terminal is only valid. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Profibus | : Control from program is only valid. |
| Both | : Control from both external terminal and Profibus is valid. |
| - | : Control from both external terminal and Profibus is invalid. |
| Compensation | : Control by signal from external terminal is only valid if Pr. 28 (multi-speed input <br> compensation) setting is 1. |

Note 1. If the FR-HC connection, inverter operation enable signal (X10) is not assigned when the FR-HC is used ( $\mathrm{Pr} .30=2$ ) or if the PU operation interlock signal (X12) is not assigned when the PU operation interlock function is set ( $\operatorname{Pr} .79=7$ ), this function is also used by the MRS signal and therefore the MRS signal is only valid for the external terminals, independently of the Pr. 338 and Pr. 339 settings.
Note 2. The orientation command needs the FR-A5AP and FR-A5AX options.

### 4.7 Operational Functions

(1) Operation mode-based functions

| Control Method | Item | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Net mode | External mode | PU mode |
| Profibus | Operation command | Allowed (Note 1) | Disallowed | Disallowed |
|  | Output frequency setting | Allowed (Note 1) | Disallowed | Disallowed |
|  | Monitoring | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Parameter write | Allowed (Note 3) | Disallowed (Note 3) | Disallowed (Note 3) |
|  | Parameter read | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Allowed (Note 2) | Disallowed | Disallowed |
| Control circuit <br> terminal | Operation command | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed | Disallowed |
|  | Output frequency setting | Allowed (Note 1) | Allowed | Disallowed |
|  | Inverter reset | Allowed | Allowed | Allowed |

Note 1. As set in Pr. 338 and Pr. 339.
Note 2. The inverter cannot be reset during occurrence of a network error.
Note 3. As set in Pr. 77.
Note 4. The inverter goes into the external operation mode if it is reset from Profibus during net mode operation.

## (2) Monitoring

1) Output frequency ............................................. 0.01 Hz minimum setting increments
2) Output current 0.01 A minimum setting increments
3) Output voltage
0.1 V minimum setting increments
4) Frequency setting
0.01 Hz minimum setting increments
5) Speed $.1 \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{min}$ minimum setting increments
6) Motor torque $0.1 \%$ minimum setting increments
7) Converter output voltage 0.1 V minimum setting increments
8) Regenerative brake duty ................................. $0.1 \%$ minimum setting increments
9) Electronic overcurrent protection load factor .... $0.1 \%$ minimum setting increments
10) Output current peak value .0.01A minimum setting increments
11) Converter output voltage peak value
.0.1V minimum setting
12) Input power
0.01 kW minimum setting increments
13) utput power
0.01 kW minimum setting increments
14) Input terminal states

| $15-12$ | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | CS | RES | STOP | MRS | JOG | RH | RM | RL | RT | AU | STR | STF |

15) Output terminal states

| $15-6$ | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ABC | FU | OL | IPF | SU | RUN |

Note: $\quad$ The bit format data here reflects Pr. 190 to Pr. 195. When the terminal layout is changed, this bit map is also changed.
16) Load meter
. $0.1 \%$ minimum setting increments
17) Motor exciting current
0.01A minimum setting increments
18) Position pulse
19) Cumulative energization time
1 hr minimum setting increments
20) Orientation status
21) Actual operation time $\qquad$ .1 hr minimum setting increments
22) Motor load factor ............................................. $0.1 \%$ minimum setting increments
23) Cumulative power............................................ 1kwh minimum setting increments
24) Alarm definition
25) Inverter status
(3) Operation commands

You can use $\mathrm{PNU}=00 \mathrm{~A}$ н in the "SEV_I, Block I" area to give commands to the inverter.

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | MRS | $\mathrm{CS}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{AU}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RT}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{JOG}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RL}\left({ }^{( }\right)$ | $\mathrm{RM}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | $\mathrm{RH}\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | STR | STF | 0 |

The input signals marked * can be changed using Pr. 180 to Pr. 186 (input terminal function selection).
(4) Running frequency

The running frequency can be set to a minimum of 0.01 Hz within the range 0 to 400 Hz .
Use PNU=00Dн, 00Ен in the "SEV_I, Block I" area.

## (5) Parameter write

Functions can be written using Profibus. Note that write during inverter operation will result in a write mode error.
(6) Parameter read

Functions can be read using Profibus.

## (7) Operation at alarm occurrence

| Alarm Location | Description | Operation Mode |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Profibus mode | External mode | PU mode |
| Inverter alarm |  | Stop | Stop | Stop |
|  | Data communication | Continued | Continued | Continued |
| Profibus alarm | Inverter operation | Stop | Continued | Continued |
|  | Data communication | Continued (*) | Continued (*) | Continued (*) |

[^0]
### 4.8 Profibus Programming

Profibus-DP programs change with the master module used. For programming details, refer to the master module instruction manual.
This option unit operates as the slave of Profibus DP relative to the controller equivalent to Profibus DP master class 1 on the PLC or RS-485 network.
It means that the option unit:

- Receives a recognizable message; and
- Sends a message at the request of the network master.

The option unit also operates as the slave of Profibus DP relative to Profibus DP master class 2 which can read the inverter I/O.
The option unit itself cannot send a message and does not have the bus access right. In addition, the option unit cannot operate simultaneously as the slave of the network master and as the master relative to the inverter (slave).

## (1) I/O specifications

To access the inverter operation data, this option unit uses special Profibus profile (data buffer). This profile consists of the following 6 words ( 12 bytes):


Note: The message from the master to the slave is called a command request.
The message from the slave to the master is called a command response.

Communication between the network master and slaves (option units) is defined by these 6 words through the Profibus DP protocol. Which data word in the inverter was accessed and what access it was are indicated through this definition.

1) Word 1 (PKE)

| Bits | Id | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-10 | PNU | Parameter number (PNU) <br> PNU and IND (Profibus profile of Word \#2) are used together to define which data word was accessed. Section 4.9 (see page 136) lists all accessible parameters. |
| 11 |  | Set to 0 as it is not used. |
| 12-15 | AK | Task or response Id value <br> AK assumes the following value as the task signal (i.e. Cdm_Req) sent from the network master to the slave: <br> $\mathrm{OH}=$ Without task <br> $1 \mathrm{H}=$ Parameter value is requested: Read <br> $2 \mathrm{H}=$ Parameter value (Word) is changed: Write <br> Зн to FH = Not supported <br> AK assumes the following value as the task signal (i.e. Cdm_Req) sent from the slave to the network master: <br> $0 \mathrm{H}=$ Without response <br> $1 \mathrm{H}=$ Parameter value (Word) is transferred <br> 2 H to $6 \mathrm{H}=$ Not supported <br> $7 \mathrm{H}=$ Task is not executed (error number stored in PWE which is Word \#2 of Profibus Profile) <br> $8 \mathrm{H}=$ Without operation change right <br> 9H to FH = Not supported |

2) Word 2 (IND)

| Bits | Id | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-7 | PP | Page index <br> Some special parameters require the page index. <br> Set to 0 if it is not needed. <br> If IND $=01$, the following cases specify different blocks of sev's in system environment variables: $\begin{aligned} & 0 \mathrm{H}=\text { sev_i, block i } \\ & 1 \mathrm{H}=\text { sev_ii, block ii, alarm history } \\ & 2 \mathrm{H}=\text { sev_iii, block iii } \end{aligned}$ |
| 8-15 | IND | Parameter index <br> Shows the area where the specific parameter number (PNU) is accessed (refer to Section 4.9 on page 136): <br> $\mathrm{OH}=$ Real-time monitor area <br> $1 \mathrm{H}=$ System environment variable area (3 blocks) <br> $2 \mathrm{H}=$ Standard parameter area <br> $4 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{Pr} .900$ \% calibration parameter area <br> $6 \mathrm{H}=$ Program setting (frequency) <br> $7 \mathrm{H}=$ Program setting (direction) <br> $8 \mathrm{H}=$ Program setting (time) |

3) Word 3 (PWE1)

| Bits | Id |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $0-15$ | PWE1 | Reserved and should be set to 0. |

4) Word 4 (PWE2)

| Bits | Id | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-15 | PWE | Parameter value <br> The actual data is transferred to the signal. <br> If a task could not be executed (AK response Id = 7), PWE indicates the type of the detected error: $\begin{aligned} & 0 \mathrm{H}=\text { Without error } \\ & 1 \mathrm{H}=\text { Unsupported task } \\ & 2 \mathrm{H}=\text { Invalid index (IND) } \\ & 3 \mathrm{H}=\text { Invalid parameter number (PNU) } \\ & 4 \mathrm{H}=\text { Dual-port read error } \\ & 5 \mathrm{H}=\text { Dual-port write error } \\ & 6 \mathrm{H}=\text { Invalid page } \\ & 41 \mathrm{H}=\text { Mode error } \\ & 42 \mathrm{H}=\text { Instruction code error } \\ & 43 \mathrm{H}=\text { Data area error } \end{aligned}$ |

5) Word 5 (ZSW1)

Messages from the slave to the master. Word \#5 of Profibus Profile is used to pass the inverter status word.

| Bits | Id | Definition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ZSW1 | 1 = Running (RUN) |
| 1 |  | 1 = Forward rotation operation (FWD) |
| 2 |  | 1 = Reverse rotation operation (REV) |
| 3 |  | 1 = Up to frequency (SU) |
| 4 |  | 1 = Overload (OL) |
| 5 |  | 1 = Instantaneous power failure (IPF) |
| 6 |  | 1 = Frequency detection (FU) |
| 7 |  | 1 = Alarm (ABC) |
| 8-14 | Command count | The command count is an optional function defined by the Profibus master and has areas 00 H to 7 FH . The option unit copies the command count from the received command to the same offset in the sent response. The master uses it to synchronize the commands and responses. |
| 15 |  | Reserved and should be set to 0 . |

For messages from the slave to the master, Bits 0-7 are not used and should therefore be set to 0 .
The bit format data here do not reflect Pr. 190-195.
6) Word 6 (HIW)

| Bits | Id |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $0-15$ | HIW | Reserved and should be set to 0. |

(2) Data examples

| Item | Data Example | Refer To <br> Page |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 1$)$ | Operation mode setting | Set to the Profibus operation mode. | 130 |
| 2$)$ | Operation command setting, <br> inverter status reading | Command the forward rotation and mid-speed signals and read <br> the inverter status. | 131 |
| 3$)$ | Monitor function setting | Monitor the output frequency. | 132 |
| 4$)$ | Parameter reading | Read Pr. 7 "acceleration time". | 133 |
| 5$)$ | Parameter writing | Set " 3.0 seconds" in Pr. 7 "acceleration time". | 133 |
| 6$)$ | Running frequency setting | Set to 50.00 Hz. | 134 |
| 7$)$ | Alarm definition reading | Read the inverter alarm. | 134 |
| 8$)$ | Inverter resetting | Reset the inverter. | 135 |

1) Operation mode setting

Change the operation mode to the Profibus operation mode. Specifically, write 0014 H to the operation mode parameter (PNU=00Вн) of the "SEV_I" area (IND=0100н).
<Write data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 | 200 BH | AK $=2$ (Parameter write) <br> SPM $=0$ <br> PNU $=00 \mathrm{BH}$ (Operation mode parameter number) |
| Word 2 | 0100 H | IND $=01 \mathrm{H}$ (System environment variable area) <br> PP $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (SEV_I, block I) |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 0014 H | PWE2 $=0014 \mathrm{H}$ (NET mode) |
| Word 5 | 0000 H | Command count $=00 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}(00 \mathrm{H}$ because it is not used for write) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

2) Operation command setting, inverter status reading

Command the forward rotation and mid-speed signals, then read the inverter status.
Set the inverter's control input using the inverter control input parameter ( $\mathrm{PNU}=00 \mathrm{~A}$ ) of the "SEV_I" area (IND=0100H).
<Write data example>

<Read data example>

3) Monitor function setting

Monitor the output frequency. For monitoring, use the output frequency parameter ( $\mathrm{PNU}=00 \mathrm{OH}$ ) of the "real-time monitor" area (IND=0000н).
<Write data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 | 1000 H | AK $=1$ (Parameter read) <br> $\mathrm{SPM}=0$ <br> $\mathrm{PNU}=000 \mathrm{H}$ (Output frequency) |
| Word 2 | 0000 H | $\mathrm{IND}=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Real-time monitor area) <br> $\mathrm{PP}=00 \mathrm{H}$ |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 0000 H | PWE2 $=0000 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 5 | 0100 H | Command count $=01 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

<Read data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Word 1 | 1000H | AK = 1 (Parameter value is transferred)$\begin{aligned} & \text { SPM }=0 \\ & \text { PNU }=000 \mathrm{H} \text { (Output frequency) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 2 | 0000H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IND }=00 \mathrm{H} \text { (Real-time monitor area) } \\ & \mathrm{PP}=00 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 3 | 0000H | Unused |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 4 | 0BB8H | PWE2 $=0 \mathrm{BB} 8 \mathrm{H} \rightarrow 3000$ (Represents 30.00 Hz because of 0.01 Hz increments) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 5 | 014Bн | Command count $=01 \mathrm{H}$ZSW1 = 4Bнb7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 <br> 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 <br> ABC FU IPF OL SU Reverse Forrard <br> rotation <br> rotation $R U N$  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 6 | 0000H | Unused |  |  |  |  |  |  |

4) Parameter reading

Read Pr. 7 "acceleration time". For parameter reading, use the acceleration time parameter (PNU=007н) of the "standard parameter" area (IND=200н).
<Write data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 | 1007 H | AK $=1$ (Parameter read) <br> SPM $=0$ <br> PNU $=007 \mathrm{H}$ (Acceleration time) |
| Word 2 | 0200 H | IND $=02 \mathrm{H}$ (Standard parameter area) <br> $\mathrm{PP}=00 \mathrm{H}$ |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 0000 H | PWE2 $=0000 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 5 | 0200 H | Command count $=02 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

<Read data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Word 1 | 1007H | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AK}=1 \text { (Parameter value is transferred) } \\ & \mathrm{SPM}=0 \\ & \mathrm{PNU}=007 \mathrm{H} \text { (Acceleration time) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 2 | 0200H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IND }=02 \mathrm{H} \text { (Standard parameter area) } \\ & \text { PP }=00 \mathrm{H} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 4 | 0032 | PWE2 $=0032 \mathrm{H} \rightarrow 50$ (Represents 5.0 seconds because of 0.1 second increments) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 5 | 0200H |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |  |  |  |  |  |  |

5) Parameter writing

Set " 3.0 seconds" in Pr. 7 "acceleration time". For parameter writing, write 001Eн to the acceleration time parameter ( $\mathrm{PNU}=007 \mathrm{H}$ ) of the "standard parameter" area (IND=200н).
<Write data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 | 2007 H | AK $=2$ (Parameter write) <br> SPM $=0$ <br> $\mathrm{PNU}=007 \mathrm{H}$ |
| Word 2 | 0200 H | IND $=02 \mathrm{H}$ (Standard parameter area) <br> $\mathrm{PP}=00 \mathrm{H}$ |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 001 EH | PWE2 $=001 \mathrm{EH} \rightarrow 30$ (Represents 3.0 seconds because of 0.1 second increments) |
| Word 5 | 0000 H | Command count $=00 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

6) Running frequency setting

Set the running frequency to " 50.00 Hz ". To change the running frequency (RAM), write 1388 H to the frequency setting (RAM) parameter ( $\mathrm{PNU}=00 \mathrm{D}$ ) of the "SEV_I" area (IND=0100н).
<Write data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 | 200 DH | AK $=2$ (Parameter write) <br> SPM $=0$ <br> PNU $=00 \mathrm{DH}$ (Frequency setting (RAM)) |
| Word 2 | 0100 H | IND $=01 \mathrm{H}$ (System environment variable area) <br> PP $=00 \mathrm{H}($ SEV_I, block I) |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 1388 H | PWE2 $=1388 \mathrm{H} \rightarrow 5000$ (Represents 50.00 Hz because of 0.01 Hz increments) |
| Word 5 | 0000 H | Command count $=00 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

7) Alarm definition reading

Read the inverter alarm. For alarm history reading, use the alarm 1 ( $\mathrm{PNU}=000 \mathrm{H}$ ) of the "SEV_II" area
(IND=0101H).
<Write data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 1000 H | AK $=1$ (Parameter read) <br> SPM $=0$ <br> PNU $=000 \mathrm{H}$ (Alarm 1) |  |
| Word 2 | 0101 H | IND $=01 \mathrm{H}$ (System environment variable area) <br> PP $=01 \mathrm{H}$ (SEV_II, block II) |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 0000 H | PWE2 $=0000 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 5 | 0500 H | Command count = 05H <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

<Read data example>

| Data Example |  | Description |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Word 1 | 1000H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AK }=1 \text { (Parameter value is transferred) } \\ & \text { SPM }=0 \\ & \text { PNU }=000 \mathrm{H}(\text { Alarm 1) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 2 | 0101H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { IND }=01 \mathrm{H}(\text { System environment variable area }) \\ & \text { PP }=01 \mathrm{H}(\text { SEV_II, block II) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 3 | 0000H | Unused |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 4 | ООАЗн | PWE2 $=00 \mathrm{~A} 3 \mathrm{H} \rightarrow$ E.OP3 (from alarm code) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 5 | 0500H | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Command count }=05 \mathrm{H} \\ & \text { ZSW1 }=00 \mathrm{H} \\ & \text { b7 } \\ & \text { b6 } 6 \end{aligned} \text { b5 } \quad \text { b4 } \quad \text { b3 } \quad \text { b2 } \quad \text { b1 } \quad \text { b0 } 0$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Word 6 | 0000H | Unused |  |  |  |  |  |  |

8) Inverter resetting

Reset the inverter. For inverter resetting, write 0 to the inverter reset ( $\mathrm{PNU}=001 \mathrm{H}$ ) of the "SEV_I" area (IND=0100н).

| Data Example |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Word 1 | 2001 H | AK $=2$ (Parameter write) <br> SPM $=0$ <br> PNU $=001 \mathrm{H}$ (Inverter reset) |
| Word 2 | 0100 H | IND $=01 \mathrm{H}$ ( System environment variable area) <br> PP $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (SEV_I, block I) |
| Word 3 | 0000 H | Unused |
| Word 4 | 0000 H | PWE2 $=0000 \mathrm{H}$ |
| Word 5 | 0000 H | Command count $=00 \mathrm{H}$ <br> ZSW1 $=00 \mathrm{H}$ (Unused) |
| Word 6 | 0000 H | Unused |

### 4.9 Parameter Definitions

Profibus-DP

### 4.9.1 IND $=0000$ н Real-time monitor area

| PNU (Decimal) | Definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Output frequency (minimum setting increments 0.01 Hz ) |
| 1 | Output current (minimum setting increments 0.01 A ) |
| 2 | Output voltage (minimum setting increments 0.1 V ) |
| 4 | Frequency setting (minimum setting increments 0.01 Hz ) |
| 5 | Speed (minimum setting increments 1r/min) |
| 6 | Motor torque (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) |
| 7 | Converter output voltage (minimum setting increments 0.1V) |
| 8 | Regenerative brake duty (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) |
| 9 | Electronic overcurrent protection load factor (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) |
| 10 | Peak current peak value (minimum setting increments 0.01A) |
| 11 | Converter output voltage peak value (minimum setting increments 0.1V) |
| 12 | Input power (minimum setting increments 0.01kW) |
| 13 | Output power (minimum setting increments 0.01kW) |
| 14 | Input terminal status |
| 15 | Output terminal status |
| 16 | Load meter (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) |
| 17 | Motor exciting current (minimum setting increments 0.01A) |
| 18 | Position pulse |
| 19 | Cumulative energization time (minimum setting increments 1 hr) |
| 21 | Orientation status (Note 1) |
| 22 | Actual operation time (minimum setting increments 1 hr) |
| 23 | Motor load factor (minimum setting increments 0.1\%) |
| 24 | Cumulative power (minimum setting increments 1kWh) |

Note 1: When using FR-A5AP option.

Input terminal status monitor ( $\mathrm{PNU}=14$ ) bit map

| $15-12$ | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | CS | RES | STOP | MRS | JOG | RH | RM | RL | RT | AU | STR | STF |

Output terminal status monitor (PNU=15) bit map

| $15-6$ | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | ABC | FU | OL | IPF | SU | RUN |

Note: The bit format data here reflects Pr. 190 to Pr. 195. Changing the terminal assignment also changes this bit map.

### 4.9.2 $\mathrm{IND}=01 \mathrm{pph}$ System environment variable area

(1) IND=0100 н, pp=00, SEV_I, Block I

| PNU (Decimal) | Definition |
| :---: | :---: |
| 0 | User clear value setting |
| 1 | WO: Inverter reset Write value $=0000 \mathrm{H}$ |
| 2 | WO: Parameter clear Write value = 965Aн |
| 3 | WO: All parameter clear Write value = 99AAH |
| 4 | WO: Parameter user clear Write value = 5A55 |
| 5 | WO: Parameter clear (ExComPr) Write value = 5A96н |
| 6 | WO: All parameter clear (ExComPr) $\quad$ Write value = AA99H |
| 7 | WO: Parameter user clear (ExComPr) Write value = 555Aн |
| 10 | Inverter status/control input command <br> Write value $=\mathbf{X X X X}$ Н Inverter status word: See below. <br> Bit 0: $1=$ RUN <br> Bit 1: $1=$ FWD <br> Bit 2: $1=$ REV <br> Bit 3: $1=$ SU <br> Bit 4: $1=\mathrm{OL}$ <br> Bit 5: $1=\mathrm{IPF}$ <br> Bit 6: $1=$ FU <br> Bit 7: $1=\mathrm{ABC}$ <br> Bit 8-15: 0 to 7FH = command count <br> Control input command word: See below. <br> Bit 0: Reserved and should be set to 0 . <br> Bit 1: $1=$ STF <br> Bit 2: $1=$ STR <br> Bit 3: $1=\mathrm{RH}$ (Note 1) <br> Bit 4: $1=\mathrm{RM}$ (Note 1) <br> Bit 5: $1=\mathrm{RL}$ (Note 1) <br> Bit 6: $1=\mathrm{JOG}$ (Note 1) <br> Bit 7: $1=\mathrm{RT}$ (Note 1) <br> Bit 8: $1=\mathrm{AU}$ (Note 1) <br> Bit 9: 1 = CS(Note 1) <br> Bit 10: 1 = MRS <br> Bit 11-15: Not used and always set to 0 . |
| 11 | Operation mode $\text { Write value }=1 \mathrm{XH}$ <br> 10н: External mode <br> 11н: PU operation mode <br> 14н: Profibus communication operation mode |
| 13 | Frequency setting (RAM) (Note 2) |
| 14 | WO: Frequency setting (EEPROM) (Note 2) |

WO : Write only, read disabled
Note 1. Bits 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 correspond to Pr. 182, 181, 180, 185, 183, 184 and 186, respectively.
Note 2. The data written to PNU13 or PNU14 can be read from PNU13.
(2) IND=0101H, $\mathrm{pp}=01$, SEV_II, Block II, alarm history

| PNU (Decimal) | Definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 0 | Alarm 1 (Note 1) |
| 1 | Alarm 2 |
| 2 | Alarm 3 |
| 3 | Alarm 4 |
| 4 | Alarm 5 |
| 5 | Alarm 6 |
| 6 | Alarm 7 |
| 7 | Alarm 8 |

Note 1. Writing a value 0000 H to this parameter resets the alarm history buffer of all alarms. The other parameters are for read only.

Alarm code list

| Code | Description | Code | Description | Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 H | OC1 | 70 H | BE | C1H | CTE |
| 11 H | OC2 | 80 H | GF | C2H | P24 |
| 12 H | OC3 | 81 H | LF | D5H | Mb1 |
| 20 H | OV1 | 90 H | OHT | D6H | Mb2 |
| 21 H | OV2 | A0H | OPT | D7H | Mb3 |
| 22 H | OV3 | A1H | OP1 | D8H | Mb4 |
| 30 H | THT | A2H | OP2 | D9H | Mb5 |
| 31 H | THM | A3H | OP3 | DAH | Mb6 |
| 40 H | FIN | B0H | PE | DBH | Mb7 |
| 50 H | IPF | B1H | PUE | F6H | E6 |
| 51 H | UVT | B2H | RET | F7H | E7 |
| 60 H | OLT | C0H | CPU |  |  |

### 4.9.3 IND=0200H Standard parameter area

| PNU <br> (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting <br> Increments |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | Torque boost (manual) | $0-30$ | $0-12 \mathrm{C}$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| 1 | Maximum frequency | $0-120$ | $0-2 \mathrm{EE} 0$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 2 | Minimum frequency | $0-120$ | $0-2 \mathrm{EE} 0$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 3 | Base frequency | $0-400$ | $0-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 4 | Multi-speed setting (high speed) | $0-400$ | $0-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 5 | Multi-speed setting (middle speed) | $0-400$ | $0-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 6 | Multi-speed setting (low speed) | $0-400$ | $0-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 7 | Acceleration time | $0-3600$ | $0-8 \mathrm{CAO}$ | 0.1 s |
| 8 | Deceleration time | $0-3600 / 0-360$ | $0-8 \mathrm{CAO}$ | $0.1 \mathrm{~s} / 0.01 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 9 | Electronic thermal O/L relay | $0-500$ | $0-\mathrm{C} 350$ | 0.01 A |
| 10 | DC injection brake operation <br> frequency | $0-120$ | $0-2 \mathrm{EE} 0$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 11 | DC injection brake operation time | $0-10$ | $0-64$ | 0.1 s |
| 12 | DC injection brake voltage | $0-30$ | $0-12 \mathrm{C}$ | $0.1 \%$ |
| 13 | Starting frequency | $0-60$ | $0-1770$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 14 | Load pattern selection | $0-5$ | $0-5$ | 1 |
| 15 | Jog frequency | $0-400$ | $0-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 16 | Jog acceleration/deceleration time | $0-3600 / 0-360$ | $0-8 \mathrm{CAO}$ | $0.1 \mathrm{~s} / 0.01 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| 17 | MRS input selection | $0-3$ | $0-3$ | 1 |
| 18 | High-speed maximum frequency | $120-400$ | $2 E E 0-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |


| PNU (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | Base frequency voltage | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 20 | Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 21 | Acceleration/deceleration time increments | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 22 | Stall prevention operation level | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 23 | Stall prevention operation level at double speed | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 24 | Multi-speed setting (speed 4) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 25 | Multi-speed setting (speed 5) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 26 | Multi-speed setting (speed 6) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 27 | Multi-speed setting (speed 7) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 28 | Multi-speed input compensation | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 29 | Acceleration/deceleration pattern | 0-3 | 0-3 | 1 |
| 30 | Regenerative brake duty | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 31 | Frequency jump 1A | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 32 | Frequency jump 1B | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 33 | Frequency jump 2A | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 34 | Frequency jump 2B | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 35 | Frequency jump 3A | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 36 | Frequency jump 3B | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 37 | Speed display | 2-9998 | 2-270E | 1 |
| 41 | Up-to-frequency sensitivity | 0-1000 | 0-3E8 | 0.1\% |
| 42 | Output frequency detection | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 43 | Output frequency detection for reverse rotation | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 44 | Second acceleration/deceleration time | 0-3600/0-360 | 0-8CA0 | 0.1s/0.01s |
| 45 | Second deceleration time | 0-3600/0-360 | 0-8CA0 | 0.1s/0.01s |
| 46 | Second torque boost | 0-30 | 0-12C | 0.1\% |
| 47 | Second V/F (base frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 48 | Second stall prevention operation current | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 49 | Second stall prevention operation frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 50 | Second output frequency detection | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 51 | Inverter display data selection | 0-18 | 0-12 | 1 |
| 52 | PU main display data selection | 0-20 | 0-18 | 1 |
| 53 | PU level display data selection | 0-18 | 0-12 | 1 |
| 54 | FM terminal function selection | 1-121 | 1-79 | 1 |
| 55 | Frequency monitoring reference | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 56 | Current monitoring reference | 0-500 | 0-C350 | 0.01 Hz |
| 57 | Restart coasting time | 0-5 | 0-32 | 0.1 s |
| 58 | Restart cushion time | 0-5 | 0-32 | 0.1 s |
| 59 | Remote setting function selection | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 60 | Intelligent mode selection | 0-6 | 0-6 | 1 |
| 65 | Retry selection | 0-5 | 0-5 | 1 |
| 66 | Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 67 | Number of retries at alarm occurrence | 0-10 | 0-A | 1 |
| 68 | Retry waiting time | 0-10 | 0-64 | 0.1 s |
| 69 | Retry count display erasure | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 70 | Special regenerative brake duty | 0-30 | 0-12C | 0.1\% |
| 71 | Applied motor | 0-20 | 0-14 | 1 |
| 72 | PWM frequency selection | 0-15 | 0-F | 1 |
| 73 | 0-5V/0-10V selection | 0-15 | 0-F | 1 |
| 74 | Filter time constant | 0-8 | 0-8 | 1 |
| 75 | Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection | 0-3 | 0-3 | 1 |
| 76 | Alarm code output selection | 0-3 | 0-3 | 1 |
| 77 | Parameter write disable selection | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |


| PNU <br> (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 78 | Reverse rotation prevention selection | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 79 | Operation mode selection | 0-8 | 0-8 | 1 |
| 80 | Motor capacity | 0.4-55 | 28-157C | 0.01 kW |
| 81 | Number of motor poles | 2-16 | 2-10 | 1 |
| 82 | Motor exciting current | 0-9999 | 0-270F | 0.01A |
| 83 | Rated motor voltage | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 84 | Rated motor frequency | 50-120 | 1388-2EE0 | 0.01 Hz |
| 89 | Speed control gain | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1\% |
| 90 | Motor constant (R1) | 0-9999 | 0-270F | 0.01 |
| 91 | Motor constant (R2) | 0-9999 | 0-270F | 0.01 |
| 92 | Motor constant (L1) | 0-9999 | 0-270F | 0.01 |
| 93 | Motor constant (L2) | 0-9999 | 0-270F | 0.01 |
| 94 | Motor constant (X) | 0-9999 | 0-270F | 0.01 |
| 95 | Online auto tuning selection | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 96 | Auto tuning setting/status | 0-101 | 0-65 | 1 |
| 100 | V/F1 (first frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 101 | V/F1 (first frequency voltage) | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 102 | V/F2 (second frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 103 | V/F2 (second frequency voltage) | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 104 | V/F3 (third frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 105 | V/F3 (third frequency voltage) | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 106 | V/F4 (fourth frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 107 | V/F4 (fourth frequency voltage) | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 108 | V/F5 (fifth frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 109 | V/F5 (fifth frequency voltage) | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1 V |
| 110 | Third acceleration/deceleration time | 0-3600 | 0-8CA0 | 0.1 s |
| 111 | Third deceleration time | 0-3600 | 0-8CA0 | 0.1 s |
| 112 | Third torque boost | 0-30 | 0-12C | 0.1\% |
| 113 | Third V/F (base frequency) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 114 | Third stall prevention operation current | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 115 | Third stall prevention operation frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 116 | Third output frequency detection | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 117 | Station number | 0-31 | 0-1F | 1 |
| 118 | Communication speed | 48-192 | 30-C0 | 1 |
| 119 | Stop bit length | 0-11 | 0-B | 1 |
| 120 | Parity check presence/absence | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 121 | Number of communication retries | 0-10 | 0-A | 1 |
| 122 | Communication check time interval | 0-999.8 | 0-270E | 0.1 s |
| 123 | Waiting time setting | 0-150 | 0-96 | 1 ms |
| 124 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 128 | PID action selection | 10-21 | A-15 | 1 |
| 129 | PID proportional band | 0-1000 | 0-2710 | 0.1\% |
| 130 | PID integral time | 0.1-3600 | 1-8CA0 | 0.1s |
| 131 | Upper limit | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1\% |
| 132 | Lower limit | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1\% |
| 133 | PID action set point for PU operation | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1\% |
| 134 | PID differential time | 0.01-10 | 1-3E8 | 0.01s |
| 135 | Commercial power supply-inverter switchover sequence output terminal selection | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 136 | MC switch-over interlock time | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1s |
| 137 | Start waiting time | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1 s |
| 138 | Commercial power supply-inverter switch-over selection at alarm occurrence | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 139 | Automatic inverter-commercial power supply switch-over frequency | 0-60 | 0-1770 | 0.01 Hz |
| 140 | Backlash acceleration stopping frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |


| PNU (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 141 | Backlash acceleration stopping time | 0-360 | 0-E10 | 0.1 s |
| 142 | Backlash deceleration stopping frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 143 | Backlash deceleration stopping time | 0-360 | 0-E10 | 0.1s |
| 144 | Speed setting switch-over | 0-110 | 0-6E | 1 |
| 145 | PU language switch-over | 0-7 | 0-7 | 1 |
| 148 | Stall prevention level at 0V input | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 149 | Stall prevention level at 10V input | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 150 | Output current detection level | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 151 | Output current detection period | 0-10 | 0-64 | 0.1s |
| 152 | Zero current detection level | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 153 | Zero current detection period | 0-1 | 0-64 | 0.01s |
| 154 | Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 155 | RT activated condition | 0-10 | 0-A | 1 |
| 156 | Stall prevention operation selection | 0-100 | 0-64 | 1 |
| 157 | OL signal waiting time | 0-25 | 0-FA | 0.1s |
| 158 | AM terminal function selection | 1-21 | 1-15 | 1 |
| 160 | User group read selection | 0-11 | 0-B | 1 |
| 162 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 163 | First cushion time for restart | 0-20 | 0-C8 | 0.1s |
| 164 | First cushion voltage for restart | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1 s |
| 165 | Restart stall prevention operation level | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1 s |
| 170 | Watt-hour meter clear | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 171 | Actual operation hour meter clear | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 173 | User group 1 registration | 0-999 | 0-3E7 | 1 |
| 174 | User group 1 deletion | 0-999 | 0-3E7 | 1 |
| 175 | User group 2 registration | 0-999 | 0-3E7 | 1 |
| 176 | User group 2 deletion | 0-999 | 0-3E7 | 1 |
| 180 | RL terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 181 | RM terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 182 | RH terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 183 | RT terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 184 | AU terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 185 | JOG terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 186 | CS terminal function selection | 0-99 | 0-63 | 1 |
| 190 | RUN terminal function selection | 0-199 | 0-C7 | 1 |
| 191 | SU terminal function selection | 0-199 | 0-C7 | 1 |
| 192 | IPF terminal function selection | 0-199 | 0-C7 | 1 |
| 193 | OL terminal function selection | 0-199 | 0-C7 | 1 |
| 194 | FU terminal function selection | 0-199 | 0-C7 | 1 |
| 195 | ABC terminal function selection | 0-199 | 0-C7 | 1 |
| 199 | User's initial value setting | 0-999 | 0-3E7 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 232 | Multi-speed setting (speed 8) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 233 | Multi-speed setting (speed 9) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 234 | Multi-speed setting (speed 10) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 235 | Multi-speed setting (speed 11) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 236 | Multi-speed setting (speed 12) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 237 | Multi-speed setting (speed 13) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 238 | Multi-speed setting (speed 14) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 239 | Multi-speed setting (speed 15) | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 240 | Soft-PWM setting | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 244 | Cooling fan operation selection | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |


| PNU (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250 | Stop selection | 0-100 | 0-3E8 | 0.1 s |
| 261 | Power failure stop function | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 262 | Subtracted frequency at deceleration start | 0-20 | 0-7D0 | 0.01 Hz |
| 263 | Subtraction starting frequency | 0-120 | 0-2EE0 | 0.01 Hz |
| 264 | Power-failure deceleration time 1 | 0-3600 | 0-8CA0 | 0.1 s |
| 265 | Power-failure deceleration time 2 | 0-3600 | 0-8CA0 | 0.1 s |
| 266 | Power-failure deceleration time switch-over frequency | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 270 | Stop-on-contact/load torque high-speed frequency control selection | 0-3 | 0-3 | 1 |
| 271 | High-speed setting maximum current | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 272 | Mid-speed setting minimum current | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 273 | Current averaging range | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 274 | Current averaging filter constant | 1-4000 | 1-FA0 | 1 |
| 275 | Stop-on-contact exciting current low-speed multiplying factor | 0-1000 | 0-3E8 | 1\% |
| 276 | Stop-on-contact PWM carrier frequency | 0-15 | 0-F | 1 |
| 278 | Brake opening frequency | 0-30 | 0-BB8 | 0.01 Hz |
| 279 | Brake opening current | 0-200 | 0-7D0 | 0.1\% |
| 280 | Brake opening current detection time | 0-2 | 0-14 | 0.1 s |
| 281 | Brake operation time at start | 0-5 | 0-32 | 0.1 s |
| 282 | Brake operation frequency | 0-30 | 0-BB8 | 0.01 Hz |
| 283 | Brake operation time at stop | 0-5 | 0-32 | 0.1 s |
| 284 | Deceleration detection function selection | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 285 | Overspeed detection frequency | 0-30 | 0-BB8 | 0.01 Hz |
| 286 | Droop gain | 0-100 | 0-2710 | 0.01\% |
| 287 | Droop filter time constant | 0-1 | 0-64 | 0.01s |
| 294 | Pr. 338 Operation command write | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 295 | Pr. 339 Speed command write | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 296 | Pr. 340 Link start mode selection | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 298 | Pr. 342 EEPROM write setting by link operation | 0-1 | 0-1 | 1 |
| 323 | Pr. 367 Speed feedback region | 0-400 | 0-9C40 | 0.01 Hz |
| 324 | Pr. 368 Feedback gain | 0-100 | 0-64 | 1 |

Note 1. Values 65535, 6553.5 and 655.35 simply indicate that the functions are invalid and have the same meaning as 9999 indicated on the PU and in the instruction manual.
Note 2. For details, refer to the FR-A500 instruction manual.

### 4.9.4 IND=0300h, Pr. 900 frequency calibration area

| PNU <br> (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting <br> Increments |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 327 | Pr. 900 FM terminal calibration |  |  |  |
| 328 | Pr. 901 AM terminal calibration |  |  |  |
| 329 | Pr. 902 Frequency setting voltage bias <br> (frequency) | $0-60$ | $0-1770$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 330 | Pr. 903 Frequency setting voltage gain <br> (frequency) | $1-400$ | $64-9 \mathrm{C} 40$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 331 | Pr. 904 Frequency setting current bias <br> (frequency) | $0-60$ | $0-1770$ | 0.01 Hz |
| 332 | Pr. 905 Frequency setting current gain <br> (frequency) | $1-400$ | 0.01 Hz |  |

### 4.9.5 IND=0400h, Pr. 900 \% calibration area

| PNU (Decimal) | Definition |
| :---: | :--- |
| 2 | Pr. 902 Frequency setting voltage bias <br> (percent) |
| 3 | Pr. 903 Frequency setting voltage gain <br> (percent) |
| 4 | Pr. 904 Frequency setting current bias <br> (percent) |
| 5 | Pr. 905 Frequency setting current gain <br> (percent) |

### 4.9.6 $\mathrm{IND}=0800 \mathrm{H}$ Programmed operation time setting area

| PNU (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 | Pr. 200 Program minute/second selection | 0-3 | 0-3 | 1 |
| 201 | Pr. 201 Program time setting 1 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 202 | Pr. 202 Program time setting 2 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 203 | Pr. 203 Program time setting 3 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 204 | Pr. 204 Program time setting 4 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 205 | Pr. 205 Program time setting 5 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 206 | Pr. 206 Program time setting 6 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 207 | Pr. 207 Program time setting 7 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 208 | Pr. 208 Program time setting 8 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 209 | Pr. 209 Program time setting 9 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 210 | Pr. 210 Program time setting 10 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 211 | Pr. 211 Program time setting 11 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 212 | Pr. 212 Program time setting 12 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 213 | Pr. 213 Program time setting 13 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 214 | Pr. 214 Program time setting 14 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 215 | Pr. 215 Program time setting 15 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 216 | Pr. 216 Program time setting 16 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 217 | Pr. 217 Program time setting 17 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 218 | Pr. 218 Program time setting 18 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 219 | Pr. 219 Program time setting 19 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 220 | Pr. 220 Program time setting 20 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 221 | Pr. 221 Program time setting 21 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 222 | Pr. 222 Program time setting 22 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 223 | Pr. 223 Program time setting 23 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 224 | Pr. 224 Program time setting 24 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 225 | Pr. 225 Program time setting 25 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 226 | Pr. 226 Program time setting 26 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 227 | Pr. 227 Program time setting 27 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 228 | Pr. 228 Program time setting 28 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 229 | Pr. 229 Program time setting 29 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 230 | Pr. 230 Program time setting 30 | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |
| 231 | Pr. 231 Timer setting | 0-9959 | 0-26E7 | 1 |

Note: Use minutes:seconds (or hours:minutes) to set the time. To set 2 minutes 30 seconds, for example, set 0230 (decimal) $=$ E6н.

### 4.9.7 IND=0700н Programmed operation rotation direction setting area

| PNU <br> (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Pr. 201 Program rotation direction setting 1 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 1 | Pr. 202 Program rotation direction setting 2 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 2 | Pr. 203 Program rotation direction setting 3 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 3 | Pr. 204 Program rotation direction setting 4 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 4 | Pr. 205 Program rotation direction setting 5 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 5 | Pr. 206 Program rotation direction setting 6 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 6 | Pr. 207 Program rotation direction setting 7 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 7 | Pr. 208 Program rotation direction setting 8 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 8 | Pr. 209 Program rotation direction setting 9 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 9 | Pr. 210 Program rotation direction setting 10 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 10 | Pr. 211 Program rotation direction setting 11 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 11 | Pr. 212 Program rotation direction setting 12 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 12 | Pr. 213 Program rotation direction setting 13 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 13 | Pr. 214 Program rotation direction setting 14 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 14 | Pr. 215 Program rotation direction setting 15 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 15 | Pr. 216 Program rotation direction setting 16 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 16 | Pr. 217 Program rotation direction setting 17 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 17 | Pr. 218 Program rotation direction setting 18 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 18 | Pr. 219 Program rotation direction setting 19 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 19 | Pr. 220 Program rotation direction setting 20 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 20 | Pr. 221 Program rotation direction setting 21 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 21 | Pr. 222 Program rotation direction setting 22 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 22 | Pr. 223 Program rotation direction setting 23 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 23 | Pr. 224 Program rotation direction setting 24 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 24 | Pr. 225 Program rotation direction setting 25 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 25 | Pr. 226 Program rotation direction setting 26 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 26 | Pr. 227 Program rotation direction setting 27 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 27 | Pr. 228 Program rotation direction setting 28 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 28 | Pr. 229 Program rotation direction setting 29 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |
| 29 | Pr. 230 Program rotation direction setting 30 | 0-2 | 0-2 | 1 |

Note: The setting of 0 indicates a stop, 1 forward rotation, and 2 reverse rotation.

### 4.9.8 IND $=0600$ H Programmed operation frequency setting area

| PNU <br> (Decimal) | Definition | Setting Range | Hexadecimal | Minimum Setting Increments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | Pr. 201 Program frequency setting 1 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 1 | Pr. 202 Program frequency setting 2 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 2 | Pr. 203 Program frequency setting 3 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 3 | Pr. 204 Program frequency setting 4 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 4 | Pr. 205 Program frequency setting 5 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 5 | Pr. 206 Program frequency setting 6 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 6 | Pr. 207 Program frequency setting 7 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 7 | Pr. 208 Program frequency setting 8 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 8 | Pr. 209 Program frequency setting 9 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 9 | Pr. 210 Program frequency setting 10 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 10 | Pr. 211 Program frequency setting 11 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 11 | Pr. 212 Program frequency setting 12 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 12 | Pr. 213 Program frequency setting 13 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 13 | Pr. 214 Program frequency setting 14 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 14 | Pr. 215 Program frequency setting 15 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 15 | Pr. 216 Program frequency setting 16 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 16 | Pr. 217 Program frequency setting 17 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 17 | Pr. 218 Program frequency setting 18 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 18 | Pr. 219 Program frequency setting 19 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 19 | Pr. 220 Program frequency setting 20 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 20 | Pr. 221 Program frequency setting 21 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 21 | Pr. 222 Program frequency setting 22 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 22 | Pr. 223 Program frequency setting 23 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 23 | Pr. 224 Program frequency setting 24 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 24 | Pr. 225 Program frequency setting 25 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 25 | Pr. 226 Program frequency setting 26 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 26 | Pr. 227 Program frequency setting 27 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 27 | Pr. 228 Program frequency setting 28 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 28 | Pr. 229 Program frequency setting 29 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |
| 29 | Pr. 230 Program frequency setting 30 | 0-400, 9999 | 0-FA0, FFFF | 0.1 Hz |

### 4.10 Profibus Device Data (GSD File)

The configuration software of the network master uses the device data file to recognize the features and functions of the Profibus DP device. This file is an ASCII file and is available from the Internet (http://www.profibus.com) or Mitsubishi (name: MEAU0865.GSD) or can be created directly. Note that Remarks are not included in the ASCII file itself.

| Parameter | Value | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \#Profibus_DP |  | File header |
| Vendor_Name | "Mitsubishi Electric Automation,Inc." | (Note 1) |
| Model_Name | "FR-A5NP" |  |
| Ident_Number | 0865 | = 2149 (decimal system) |
| Revision | "Revision \#.\#\#" |  |
| Protocol_Ident | 0 | Profibus DP |
| Station_Type | 0 |  |
| FMS_Supp | 0 |  |
| Hardware_Release | "Series **" |  |
| Software_Release | "Revision \#.\#\#" |  |
| 9.6_supp | 1 | 9600bps support |
| 19.2_supp | 1 | 19.2Kbps support |
| 93.75_supp | 1 | 93.75 Kbps support |
| 187.5_supp | 1 | 187.5 Kbps support |
| 500_supp | 1 | 500 Kbps support |
| 1.5M_supp | 1 | 1.5Mbps support |
| 3.0M_supp | 1 | 3.0Mbps support |
| 6.0M_supp | 1 | 6.0Mbps support |
| 12.0M_supp | 1 | 12.0Mbps support |
| MaxTadr_9.6 | 60 | 60bit times |
| MaxTadr_19.2 | 60 | 60bit times |
| MaxTadr_93.75 | 60 | 60bit times |
| MaxTadr_187.5 | 60 | 60bit times |
| MaxTadr_500 | 100 | 100bit times |
| MaxTadr_1.5M | 150 | 150bit times |
| MaxTadr_3.0M | 300 | 300bit times |
| MaxTadr_6.0M | 450 | 450bit times |
| MaxTadr_12.0M | 800 | 800bit times |
| Redundancy | 0 | Without remainder |
| Repcater_Ctrl_Sig | 2 | Ctrl-P is TTL-level. |
| 24V_Pins | 0 | Net24VDC cannot be connected. |
| Freeze_Mode_supp | 1 | Freeze support |
| Sync_Mode_supp | 1 | Sync mode support |
| Auto_Baud_supp | 1 | Auto Baud detection support |
| Set_Slave_Add_supp | 0 | Slave Address setting not made |
| User_Prm_Data_Len | 0 | Without user parameter data |
| Min_Slave_Interval | 1 |  |
| Modular_Station | 1 | Without module unit (Note 2) |
| Max_Module | 1 | 1ID Byte |
| Max_Input_Len | 12 | 12 input bytes |
| Max_Output_Len | 12 | 12 output bytes |
| Max_Data_Len | 24 | $12+12=24$ |
| Module | "6 Word Input/6 Word Output" 75H | Code $=117=75 \mathrm{H}$ for 6W I/O's (Note 3) |
| EndModule |  |  |

Note 1. In some master devices, the Vendor_Name is up to 10 characters. In this case, use "Mitsubishi".
Note 2. In some PLCs, Modular_Station=1\&/Min_Slave_Interval=20
Note 3. Since I/O's=6W, the $75 \mathrm{H}=117$ code is automatically created by COMET200.

## 5 APPENDICES

### 5.1 Data Code Lists

APPENDICES

The following data code lists are used to read and write the parameter values in the RS-485 operation mode or CC-Link operation mode.

### 5.1.1 FR-A500 series

| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 0 | Torque boost (manual) | 00 | 80 | 0 |
|  | 1 | Maximum frequency | 01 | 81 | 0 |
|  | 2 | Minimum frequency | 02 | 82 | 0 |
|  | 3 | Base frequency | 03 | 83 | 0 |
|  | 4 | Multi-speed setting (high speed) | 04 | 84 | 0 |
|  | 5 | Multi-speed setting (middle speed) | 05 | 85 | 0 |
|  | 6 | Multi-speed setting (low speed) | 06 | 86 | 0 |
|  | 7 | Acceleration time | 07 | 87 | 0 |
|  | 8 | Deceleration time | 08 | 88 | 0 |
|  | 9 | Electronic thermal O/L relay | 09 | 89 | 0 |
|  | 10 | DC injection brake operation frequency | 0A | 8A | 0 |
|  | 11 | DC injection brake operation time | 0B | 8B | 0 |
|  | 12 | DC injection brake voltage | OC | 8C | 0 |
|  | 13 | Starting frequency | 0D | 8D | 0 |
|  | 14 | Load pattern selection | 0E | 8E | 0 |
|  | 15 | Jog frequency | OF | 8F | 0 |
|  | 16 | Jog acceleration/deceleration time | 10 | 90 | 0 |
|  | 17 | MRS input selection | 11 | 91 | 0 |
|  | 18 | High-speed maximum frequency | 12 | 92 | 0 |
|  | 19 | Base frequency voltage | 13 | 93 | 0 |
|  | 20 | Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency | 14 | 94 | 0 |
|  | 21 | Acceleration/deceleration time increments | 15 | 95 | 0 |
|  | 22 | Stall prevention operation level | 16 | 96 | 0 |
|  | 23 | Stall prevention operation level at double speed | 17 | 97 | 0 |
|  | 24 | Multi-speed setting (speed 4) | 18 | 98 | 0 |
|  | 25 | Multi-speed setting (speed 5) | 19 | 99 | 0 |
|  | 26 | Multi-speed setting (speed 6) | 1A | 9A | 0 |
|  | 27 | Multi-speed setting (speed 7) | 1B | 9B | 0 |
|  | 28 | Multi-speed input compensation | 1C | 9C | 0 |
|  | 29 | Acceleration/deceleration pattern | 1D | 9D | 0 |
|  | 30 | Regenerative function selection | 1E | 9E | 0 |
|  | 31 | Frequency jump 1A | 1F | 9F | 0 |
|  | 32 | Frequency jump 1B | 20 | A0 | 0 |
|  | 33 | Frequency jump 2A | 21 | A1 | 0 |
|  | 34 | Frequency jump 2B | 22 | A2 | 0 |
|  | 35 | Frequency jump 3A | 23 | A3 | 0 |
|  | 36 | Frequency jump 3B | 24 | A4 | 0 |
|  | 37 | Speed display | 25 | A5 | 0 |
|  | 41 | Up-to-frequency sensitivity | 29 | A9 | 0 |
|  | 42 | Output frequency detection | 2A | AA | 0 |
|  | 43 | Output frequency detection for reverse rotation | 2B | AB | 0 |
| 00000000000 | 44 | Second acceleration/deceleration time | 2C | AC | 0 |
|  | 45 | Second deceleration time | 2D | AD | 0 |
|  | 46 | Second torque boost | 2E | AE | 0 |
|  | 47 | Second V/F (base frequency) | 2 F | AF | 0 |
|  | 48 | Second stall prevention operation current | 30 | B0 | 0 |
|  | 49 | Second stall prevention operation frequency | 31 | B1 | 0 |
|  | 50 | Second output frequency detection | 32 | B2 | 0 |
|  | 52 | DU/PU main display data selection | 34 | B4 | 0 |
|  | 53 | PU level display data selection | 35 | B5 | 0 |
|  | 54 | FM terminal function selection | 36 | B6 | 0 |
|  | 55 | Frequency monitoring reference | 37 | B7 | 0 |
|  | 56 | Current monitoring reference | 38 | B8 | 0 |
|  | 57 | Restart coasting time | 39 | B9 | 0 |
|  | 58 | Restart cushion time | 3A | BA | 0 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 59 | Remote setting function selection | 3B | BB | 0 |
|  | 60 | Intelligent mode selection | 3C | BC | 0 |
|  | 61 | Reference current for intelligent mode | 3D | BD | 0 |
|  | 62 | Reference current for intelligent mode accel. | 3E | BE | 0 |
|  | 63 | Reference current for intelligent mode decel. | 3F | BF | 0 |
|  | 64 | Starting frequency for elevator mode | 40 | C0 | 0 |
|  | 65 | Retry selection | 41 | C1 | 0 |
|  | 66 | Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency | 42 | C2 | 0 |
|  | 67 | Number of retries at alarm occurrence | 43 | C3 | 0 |
|  | 68 | Retry waiting time | 44 | C4 | 0 |
|  | 69 | Retry count display erasure | 45 | C5 | 0 |
|  | 70 | Special regenerative brake duty | 46 | C6 | 0 |
|  | 71 | Applied motor | 47 | C7 | 0 |
|  | 72 | PWM frequency selection | 48 | C8 | 0 |
|  | 73 | 0-5V/0-10V selection | 49 | C9 | 0 |
|  | 74 | Filter time constant | 4A | CA | 0 |
|  | 75 | Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection | 4B | CB | 0 |
|  | 76 | Alarm code output selection | 4C | CC | 0 |
|  | 77 | Parameter write disable selection | 4D | --- | 0 |
|  | 78 | Reverse rotation prevention selection | 4E | CE | 0 |
|  | 79 | Operation mode selection | 4F | --- | 0 |
|  | 80 | Motor capacity | 50 | D0 | 0 |
|  | 81 | Number of motor poles | 51 | D1 | 0 |
|  | 82 | Motor exciting current | 52 | D2 | 0 |
|  | 83 | Rated motor voltage | 53 | D3 | 0 |
|  | 84 | Rated motor frequency | 54 | D4 | 0 |
|  | 89 | Speed control gain | 59 | D9 | 0 |
|  | 90 | Motor constant (R1) | 5A | DA | 0 |
|  | 91 | Motor constant (R2) | 5B | DB | 0 |
|  | 92 | Motor constant (L1) | 5C | DC | 0 |
|  | 93 | Motor constant (L2) | 5D | DD | 0 |
|  | 94 | Motor constant (X) | 5E | DE | 0 |
|  | 95 | Online auto tuning selection | 5F | DF | 0 |
|  | 96 | Auto tuning setting/status | 60 | E0 | 0 |
|  | 100 | V/F1 (first frequency) | 00 | 80 | 1 |
|  | 101 | V/F1 (first frequency voltage) | 01 | 81 | 1 |
|  | 102 | V/F2 (second frequency) | 02 | 82 | 1 |
|  | 103 | V/F2 (second frequency voltage) | 03 | 83 | 1 |
|  | 104 | V/F3 (third frequency) | 04 | 84 | 1 |
|  | 105 | V/F3 (third frequency voltage) | 05 | 85 | 1 |
|  | 106 | V/F4 (fourth frequency) | 06 | 86 | 1 |
|  | 107 | V/F4 (fourth frequency voltage) | 07 | 87 | 1 |
|  | 108 | V/F5 (fifth frequency) | 08 | 88 | 1 |
|  | 109 | V/F5 (fifth frequency voltage) | 09 | 89 | 1 |
|  | 110 | Third acceleration/deceleration time | 0A | 8A | 1 |
|  | 111 | Third deceleration time | 0B | 8B | 1 |
|  | 112 | Third torque boost | 0C | 8C | 1 |
|  | 113 | Third V/F (base frequency) | 0D | 8D | 1 |
|  | 114 | Third stall prevention operation current | 0E | 8E | 1 |
|  | 115 | Third stall prevention operation frequency | OF | 8F | 1 |
|  | 116 | Third output frequency detection | 10 | 90 | 1 |
|  | 117 | Station number | 11 | 91 | 1 |
|  | 118 | Communication speed | 12 | 92 | 1 |
|  | 119 | Stop bit length/data length | 13 | 93 | 1 |
|  | 120 | Parity check presence/absence | 14 | 94 | 1 |
|  | 121 | Number of communication retries | 15 | 95 | 1 |
|  | 122 | Communication check time interval | 16 | 96 | 1 |
|  | 123 | Waiting time setting | 17 | 97 | 1 |
|  | 124 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | 18 | 98 | 1 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
| 은0000 | 128 | PID action selection | 1C | 9C | 1 |
|  | 129 | PID proportional band | 1D | 9D | 1 |
|  | 130 | PID integral time | 1E | 9E | 1 |
|  | 131 | Upper limit | 1F | 9F | 1 |
|  | 132 | Lower limit | 20 | A0 | 1 |
|  | 133 | PID action set point for PU operation | 21 | A1 | 1 |
|  | 134 | PID differential time | 22 | A2 | 1 |
|  | 135 | Commercial power supply-inverter switchover sequence output terminal selection | 23 | A3 | 1 |
|  | 136 | MC switch-over interlock time | 24 | A4 | 1 |
|  | 137 | Start waiting time | 25 | A5 | 1 |
|  | 138 | Commercial power supply-inverter switchover selection at alarm occurrence | 26 | A6 | 1 |
|  | 139 | Automatic inverter-commercial power supply switch-over frequency | 27 | A7 | 1 |
|  | 140 | Backlash acceleration stopping frequency | 28 | A8 | 1 |
|  | 141 | Backlash acceleration stopping time | 29 | A9 | 1 |
|  | 142 | Backlash deceleration stopping frequency | 2 A | AA | 1 |
|  | 143 | Backlash deceleration stopping time | 2B | AB | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { I } \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \end{aligned}$ | 144 | Speed setting switch-over | 2 C | AC | 1 |
|  | 145 | Parameter unit language switch-over |  |  |  |
|  | 148 | Stall prevention level at OV input | 30 | B0 | 1 |
|  | 149 | Stall prevention level at 10 V input | 31 | B1 | 1 |
|  | 150 | Output current detection level | 32 | B2 | 1 |
|  | 151 | Output current detection period | 33 | B3 | 1 |
|  | 152 | Zero current detection level | 34 | B4 | 1 |
|  | 153 | Zero current detection period | 35 | B5 | 1 |
|  | 154 | Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation | 36 | B6 | 1 |
|  | 155 | RT activated condition | 37 | B7 | 1 |
|  | 156 | Stall prevention operation selection | 38 | B8 | 1 |
|  | 157 | OL signal waiting time | 39 | B9 | 1 |
|  | 158 | AM terminal function selection | 3A | BA | 1 |
|  | 160 | User group read selection | 00 | 80 | 2 |
|  | 162 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection | 02 | 82 | 2 |
|  | 163 | First cushion time for restart | 03 | 83 | 2 |
|  | 164 | First cushion voltage for restart | 04 | 84 | 2 |
|  | 165 | Restart stall prevention operation level | 05 | 85 | 2 |
|  | 170 | Watt-hour meter clear | OA | 8A | 2 |
|  | 171 | Actual operation hour meter clear | 0B | 8B | 2 |
|  | 173 | User group 1 registration | OD | 8D | 2 |
|  | 174 | User group 1 deletion | 0E | 8E | 2 |
|  | 175 | User group 2 registration | 0F | 8F | 2 |
|  | 176 | User group 2 deletion | 10 | 90 | 2 |
| Terminal assignment functions | 180 | RL terminal function selection | 14 | 94 | 2 |
|  | 181 | RM terminal function selection | 15 | 95 | 2 |
|  | 182 | RH terminal function selection | 16 | 96 | 2 |
|  | 183 | RT terminal function selection | 17 | 97 | 2 |
|  | 184 | AU terminal function selection | 18 | 98 | 2 |
|  | 185 | JOG terminal function selection | 19 | 99 | 2 |
|  | 186 | CS terminal function selection | 1A | 9A | 2 |
|  | 190 | RUN terminal function selection | 1E | 9E | 2 |
|  | 191 | SU terminal function selection | 1F | 9F | 2 |
|  | 192 | IPF terminal function selection | 20 | A0 | 2 |
|  | 193 | OL terminal function selection | 21 | A1 | 2 |
|  | 194 | FU terminal function selection | 22 | A2 | 2 |
|  | 195 | ABC terminal function selection | 23 | A3 | 2 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 199 | User's initial value setting | 27 | A7 | 2 |
|  | 200 | Programmed operation minute/second selection | 3C | BC | 1 |
|  | 201 | Program setting 1 | 3D | BD | 1 |
|  | 202 | Program setting 2 | 3E | BE | 1 |
|  | 203 | Program setting 3 | 3F | BF | 1 |
|  | 204 | Program setting 4 | 40 | C0 | 1 |
|  | 205 | Program setting 5 | 41 | C1 | 1 |
|  | 206 | Program setting 6 | 42 | C2 | 1 |
|  | 207 | Program setting 7 | 43 | C3 | 1 |
|  | 208 | Program setting 8 | 44 | C4 | 1 |
|  | 209 | Program setting 9 | 45 | C5 | 1 |
|  | 210 | Program setting 10 | 46 | C6 | 1 |
|  | 211 | Program setting 11 | 47 | C7 | 1 |
|  | 212 | Program setting 12 | 48 | C8 | 1 |
|  | 213 | Program setting 13 | 49 | C9 | 1 |
|  | 214 | Program setting 14 | 4A | CA | 1 |
|  | 215 | Program setting 15 | 4B | CB | 1 |
|  | 216 | Program setting 16 | 4C | CC | 1 |
|  | 217 | Program setting 17 | 4D | CD | 1 |
|  | 218 | Program setting 18 | 4E | CE | 1 |
|  | 219 | Program setting 19 | 4F | CF | 1 |
|  | 220 | Program setting 20 | 50 | D0 | 1 |
|  | 221 | Program setting 21 | 51 | D1 | 1 |
|  | 222 | Program setting 22 | 52 | D2 | 1 |
|  | 223 | Program setting 23 | 53 | D3 | 1 |
|  | 224 | Program setting 24 | 54 | D4 | 1 |
|  | 225 | Program setting 25 | 55 | D5 | 1 |
|  | 226 | Program setting 26 | 56 | D6 | 1 |
|  | 227 | Program setting 27 | 57 | D7 | 1 |
|  | 228 | Program setting 28 | 58 | D8 | 1 |
|  | 229 | Program setting 29 | 59 | D9 | 1 |
|  | 230 | Program setting 30 | 5A | DA | 1 |
|  | 231 | Timer setting | 5B | DB | 1 |
|  | 232 | Multi-speed setting (speed 8) | 28 | A8 | 2 |
|  | 233 | Multi-speed setting (speed 9) | 29 | A9 | 2 |
|  | 234 | Multi-speed setting (speed 10) | 2 A | AA | 2 |
|  | 235 | Multi-speed setting (speed 11) | 2B | AB | 2 |
|  | 236 | Multi-speed setting (speed 12) | 2C | AC | 2 |
|  | 237 | Multi-speed setting (speed 13) | 2D | AD | 2 |
|  | 238 | Multi-speed setting (speed 14) | 2E | AE | 2 |
|  | 239 | Multi-speed setting (speed 15) | 2F | AF | 2 |
|  | 240 | Soft-PWM setting | 30 | B0 | 2 |
|  | 244 | Cooling fan operation selection | 34 | B4 | 2 |
|  | 250 | Stop selection | 3A | BA | 2 |
|  | 261 | Power failure stop selection | 45 | C5 | 2 |
|  | 262 | Subtracted frequency at deceleration start | 46 | C6 | 2 |
|  | 263 | Subtraction starting frequency | 47 | C7 | 2 |
|  | 264 | Power-failure deceleration time 1 | 48 | C8 | 2 |
|  | 265 | Power-failure deceleration time 2 | 49 | C9 | 2 |
|  | 266 | Power-failure deceleration time switchover frequency | 4A | CA | 2 |
|  | 270 | Stop-on-contact/load torque f selection | 4E | CE | 2 |
|  | 271 | High-speed setting maximum current | 4F | CF | 2 |
|  | 272 | Mid-speed setting minimum current | 50 | D0 | 2 |
|  | 273 | Current averaging range | 51 | D1 | 2 |
|  | 274 | Current averaging filter constant | 52 | D2 | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ㄷ ㅎ } \\ & \text { O} \\ & \text { 율 } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | 275 | Stop-on-contact exciting current lowspeed multiplying factor | 53 | D3 | 2 |
|  | 276 | Stop-on-contact PWM carrier frequency | 54 | D4 | 2 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 278 | Brake opening frequency | 56 | D6 | 2 |
|  | 279 | Brake opening current | 57 | D7 | 2 |
|  | 280 | Brake opening current detection time | 58 | D8 | 2 |
|  | 281 | Brake operation time at start | 59 | D9 | 2 |
|  | 282 | Brake operation frequency | 5A | DA | 2 |
|  | 283 | Brake operation time at stop | 5B | DB | 2 |
|  | 284 | Deceleration detection function selection | 5C | DC | 2 |
|  | 285 | Overspeed detection frequency | 5D | DD | 2 |
|  | 286 | Droop gain | 5E | DE | 2 |
|  | 287 | Droop filter time constant | 5F | DF | 2 |
|  | 332 | Communication speed | 20 | A0 | 3 |
|  | 333 | Stop bit length | 21 | A1 | 3 |
|  | 334 | Parity check presence/absence | 22 | A2 | 3 |
|  | 335 | Number of communication retries | 23 | A3 | 3 |
|  | 336 | Communication check time interval | 24 | A4 | 3 |
|  | 341 | CR, LF presence/absence | 25 | A5 | 3 |
|  | 300 | BCD code input bias | 00 | 80 | 3 |
|  | 301 | BCD code input gain | 01 | 81 | 3 |
|  | 302 | Binary code input bias | 02 | 82 | 3 |
|  | 303 | Binary code input gain | 03 | 83 | 3 |
|  | 304 | Digital input and analog compensation input enable/disable selection | 04 | 84 | 3 |
|  | 305 | Data read timing signal operation selection | 05 | 85 | 3 |
|  | 306 | Analog output signal selection | 06 | 86 | 3 |
|  | 307 | Setting for zero analog output | 07 | 87 | 3 |
|  | 308 | Setting for maximum analog output | 08 | 88 | 3 |
|  | 309 | Analog output signal voltage/current changing | 09 | 89 | 3 |
|  | 310 | Analog meter voltage output selection | 0A | 8A | 3 |
|  | 311 | Setting for zero analog meter voltage output | 0B | 8B | 3 |
|  | 312 | Setting for maximum analog meter voltage output | 0C | 8C | 3 |
|  | 313 | Y0 output selection | 0D | 8D | 3 |
|  | 314 | Y1 output selection | 0E | 8E | 3 |
|  | 315 | Y2 output selection | OF | 8F | 3 |
|  | 316 | Y3 output selection | 10 | 90 | 3 |
|  | 317 | Y4 output selection | 11 | 91 | 3 |
|  | 318 | Y5 output selection | 12 | 92 | 3 |
|  | 319 | Y6 output selection | 13 | 93 | 3 |
|  | 320 | RA1 output selection | 14 | 94 | 3 |
|  | 321 | RA2 output selection | 15 | 95 | 3 |
|  | 322 | RA3 output selection | 16 | 96 | 3 |
|  | 330 | RA output selection | 1E | 9E | 3 |
|  | 331 | Inverter station number | 1F | 9F | 3 |
|  | 332 | Communication speed | 20 | A0 | 3 |
|  | 333 | Stop bit length | 21 | A1 | 3 |
|  | 334 | Parity check presence/absence | 22 | A2 | 3 |
|  | 335 | Number of communication retries | 23 | A3 | 3 |
|  | 336 | Communication check time interval | 24 | A4 | 3 |
|  | 337 | Waiting time setting | 25 | A5 | 3 |
|  | 338 | Operation command write | 26 | A6 | 3 |
|  | 339 | Speed command write | 27 | A7 | 3 |
|  | 340 | Link start mode selection | 28 | A8 | 3 |
|  | 341 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | 29 | A9 | 3 |
|  | 342 | $\mathrm{E}^{2} \mathrm{PROM}$ write presence/absence | 2A | AA | 3 |
|  | 900 | FM terminal calibration | 5C | DC | 1 |
|  | 901 | AM terminal calibration | 5D | DD | 1 |
|  | 902 | Frequency setting voltage bias | 5E | DE | 1 |
|  | 903 | Frequency setting voltage gain | 5F | DF | 1 |
|  | 904 | Frequency setting current bias | 60 | E0 | 1 |
|  | 905 | Frequency setting current gain | 61 | E1 | 1 |
|  | 990 | Buzzer control | 5A | DA | 9 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name |  | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | - | Second parameter switch-over |  | 6C | EC | - |
|  | - | Frequency setting | Running frequency (RAM) | 6D | ED | - |
|  | - |  | Running frequency ( $E^{2}$ PROM) | 6E | EE | - |
|  | - | Monitor | Frequency monitor | 6 F | - | - |
|  | - |  | Output current monitor | 70 | - | - |
|  | - |  | Output voltage monitor | 71 | - | - |
|  | - |  | Special monitor | 72 | - | - |
|  | - |  | Special monitor selection No. | 73 | F3 | - |
|  | - | Alarm display | Most recent No. 1, No. 2 /alarm display clear | 74 | F4 | - |
|  | - |  | Most recent No. 3, No. 4 | 75 | - | - |
|  | - |  | Most recent No. 5, No. 6 | 76 | - | - |
|  | - |  | Most recent No. 7, No. 8 | 77 | - | - |
|  | - | Inverter status monitor/operation command |  | 7A | FA | - |
|  | - | Operation mode acquisition |  | 7B | FB | - |
|  | - | All parameter clear |  | - | FC | - |
|  | - | Inverter reset |  | - | FD | - |
|  | - | Link parameter extension setting |  | 7F | FF | - |

### 5.1.2 FR-F500 series

| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
| n <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br>  <br>  <br> 0 <br> 0 | 0 | Torque boost (manual) | 00 | 80 | 0 |
|  | 1 | Maximum frequency | 01 | 81 | 0 |
|  | 2 | Minimum frequency | 02 | 82 | 0 |
|  | 3 | Base frequency | 03 | 83 | 0 |
|  | 4 | Multi-speed setting (high speed) | 04 | 84 | 0 |
|  | 5 | Multi-speed setting (middle speed) | 05 | 85 | 0 |
|  | 6 | Multi-speed setting (low speed) | 06 | 86 | 0 |
|  | 7 | Acceleration time | 07 | 87 | 0 |
|  | 8 | Deceleration time | 08 | 88 | 0 |
|  | 9 | Electronic thermal O/L relay | 09 | 89 | 0 |
|  | 10 | DC injection brake operation frequency | 0A | 8A | 0 |
|  | 11 | DC injection brake operation time | 0B | 8B | 0 |
|  | 12 | DC injection brake voltage | OC | 8C | 0 |
|  | 13 | Starting frequency | 0D | 8D | 0 |
|  | 14 | Load pattern selection | OE | 8E | 0 |
|  | 15 | Jog frequency | 0F | 8F | 0 |
|  | 16 | Jog acceleration/deceleration time | 10 | 90 | 0 |
|  | 17 | MRS input selection | 11 | 91 | 0 |
|  | 19 | Base frequency voltage | 13 | 93 | 0 |
|  | 20 | Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency | 14 | 94 | 0 |
|  | 21 | Acceleration/deceleration time increments | 15 | 95 | 0 |
|  | 22 | Stall prevention operation level | 16 | 96 | 0 |
|  | 23 | Stall prevention operation level at double speed | 17 | 97 | 0 |
|  | 24 | Multi-speed setting (speed 4) | 18 | 98 | 0 |
|  | 25 | Multi-speed setting (speed 5) | 19 | 99 | 0 |
|  | 26 | Multi-speed setting (speed 6) | 1A | 9A | 0 |
|  | 27 | Multi-speed setting (speed 7) | 1B | 9B | 0 |
|  | 28 | Multi-speed input compensation | 1C | 9C | 0 |
|  | 29 | Acceleration/deceleration pattern | 1D | 9D | 0 |
|  | 30 | Regenerative function selection | 1E | 9E | 0 |
|  | 31 | Frequency jump 1A | 1F | 9F | 0 |
|  | 32 | Frequency jump 1B | 20 | A0 | 0 |
|  | 33 | Frequency jump 2A | 21 | A1 | 0 |
|  | 34 | Frequency jump 2B | 22 | A2 | 0 |
|  | 35 | Frequency jump 3A | 23 | A3 | 0 |
|  | 36 | Frequency jump 3B | 24 | A4 | 0 |
|  | 37 | Speed display | 25 | A5 | 0 |
|  | 38 | Automatic torque boost | 26 | A6 | 0 |
|  | 39 | Automatic torque boost operation starting current | 27 | A7 | 0 |
|  | 41 | Up-to-frequency sensitivity | 29 | A9 | 0 |
|  | 42 | Output frequency detection | 2A | AA | 0 |
|  | 43 | Output frequency detection for reverse rotation | 2B | AB | 0 |
|  | 44 | Second acceleration/deceleration time | 2C | AC | 0 |
|  | 45 | Second deceleration time | 2D | AD | 0 |
|  | 46 | Second torque boost | 2E | AE | 0 |
|  | 47 | Second V/F (base frequency) | 2F | AF | 0 |
|  | 48 | Second stall prevention operation current | 30 | B0 | 0 |
|  | 49 | Second stall prevention operation frequency | 31 | B1 | 0 |
|  | 50 | Second output frequency detection | 32 | B2 | 0 |
|  | 52 | DU/PU main display data selection | 34 | B4 | 0 |
|  | 53 | PU level display data selection | 35 | B5 | 0 |
|  | 54 | FM terminal function selection | 36 | B6 | 0 |
|  | 55 | Frequency monitoring reference | 37 | B7 | 0 |
|  | 56 | Current monitoring reference | 38 | B8 | 0 |
|  | 57 | Restart coasting time | 39 | B9 | 0 |
|  | 58 | Restart cushion time | 3A | BA | 0 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 59 | Remote setting function selection | 3B | BB | 0 |
|  | 60 | Intelligent mode selection | 3C | BC | 0 |
|  | 61 | Reference current for intelligent mode | 3D | BD | 0 |
|  | 62 | Reference current for intelligent mode accel. | 3E | BE | 0 |
|  | 63 | Reference current for intelligent mode decel. | 3F | BF | 0 |
|  | 65 | Retry selection | 41 | C1 | 0 |
|  | 66 | Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency | 42 | C2 | 0 |
|  | 67 | Number of retries at alarm occurrence | 43 | C3 | 0 |
|  | 68 | Retry waiting time | 44 | C4 | 0 |
|  | 69 | Retry count display erasure | 45 | C5 | 0 |
|  | 71 | Applied motor | 47 | C7 | 0 |
|  | 72 | PWM frequency selection | 48 | C8 | 0 |
|  | 73 | 0-5V/0-10V selection | 49 | C9 | 0 |
|  | 74 | Filter time constant | 4A | CA | 0 |
|  | 75 | Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection | 4B | CB | 0 |
|  | 76 | Alarm code output selection | 4C | CC | 0 |
|  | 77 | Parameter write disable selection | 4D | --- | 0 |
|  | 78 | Reverse rotation prevention selection | 4E | CE | 0 |
|  | 79 | Operation mode selection | 4F | --- | 0 |
|  | 100 | V/F1 (first frequency) | 00 | 80 | 1 |
|  | 101 | V/F1 (first frequency voltage) | 01 | 81 | 1 |
|  | 102 | V/F2 (second frequency) | 02 | 82 | 1 |
|  | 103 | V/F2 (second frequency voltage) | 03 | 83 | 1 |
|  | 104 | V/F3 (third frequency) | 04 | 84 | 1 |
|  | 105 | V/F3 (third frequency voltage) | 05 | 85 | 1 |
|  | 106 | V/F4 (fourth frequency) | 06 | 86 | 1 |
|  | 107 | V/F4 (fourth frequency voltage) | 07 | 87 | 1 |
|  | 108 | V/F5 (fifth frequency) | 08 | 88 | 1 |
|  | 109 | V/F5 (fifth frequency voltage) | 09 | 89 | 1 |
|  | 117 | Station number | 11 | 91 | 1 |
|  | 118 | Communication speed | 12 | 92 | 1 |
|  | 119 | Stop bit length/data length | 13 | 93 | 1 |
|  | 120 | Parity check presence/absence | 14 | 94 | 1 |
|  | 121 | Number of communication retries | 15 | 95 | 1 |
|  | 122 | Communication check time interval | 16 | 96 | 1 |
|  | 123 | Waiting time setting | 17 | 97 | 1 |
|  | 124 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | 18 | 98 | 1 |
| 은 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | 128 | PID action selection | 1C | 9C | 1 |
|  | 129 | PID proportional band | 1D | 9D | 1 |
|  | 130 | PID integral time | 1E | 9E | 1 |
|  | 131 | Upper limit | 1F | 9F | 1 |
|  | 132 | Lower limit | 20 | A0 | 1 |
|  | 133 | PID action set point for PU operation | 21 | A1 | 1 |
|  | 134 | PID differential time | 22 | A2 | 1 |
|  | 135 | Commercial power supply-inverter switchover sequence output terminal selection | 23 | A3 | 1 |
|  | 136 | MC switch-over interlock time | 24 | A4 | 1 |
|  | 137 | Start waiting time | 25 | A5 | 1 |
|  | 138 | Commercial power supply-inverter switchover selection at alarm occurrence | 26 | A6 | 1 |
|  | 139 | Automatic inverter-commercial power supply switch-over frequency | 27 | A7 | 1 |
|  | 140 | Backlash acceleration stopping frequency | 28 | A8 | 1 |
|  | 141 | Backlash acceleration stopping time | 29 | A9 | 1 |
|  | 142 | Backlash deceleration stopping frequency | 2A | AA | 1 |
|  | 143 | Backlash deceleration stopping time | 2B | AB | 1 |
|  | 144 | Speed setting switch-over | 2 C | AC | 1 |
|  | 145 | Parameter unit language switch-over | 2D | AD |  |
|  | 148 | Stall prevention level at 0V input | 30 | B0 | 1 |
|  | 149 | Stall prevention level at 10V input | 31 | B1 | 1 |
|  | 152 | Zero current detection level | 34 | B4 | 1 |
|  | 153 | Zero current detection period | 35 | B5 | 1 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 154 | Voltage reduction selection during stall prevention operation | 36 | B6 | 1 |
|  | 155 | RT activated condition | 37 | B7 | 1 |
|  | 156 | Stall prevention operation selection | 38 | B8 | 1 |
|  | 157 | OL signal waiting time | 39 | B9 | 1 |
|  | 158 | AM terminal function selection | 3A | BA | 1 |
|  | 160 | User group read selection | 00 | 80 | 2 |
|  | 162 | Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection | 02 | 82 | 2 |
|  | 163 | First cushion time for restart | 03 | 83 | 2 |
|  | 164 | First cushion voltage for restart | 04 | 84 | 2 |
|  | 165 | Restart stall prevention operation level | 05 | 85 | 2 |
|  | 170 | Watt-hour meter clear | OA | 8A | 2 |
|  | 171 | Actual operation hour meter clear | OB | 8B | 2 |
|  | 173 | User group 1 registration | 0D | 8D | 2 |
|  | 174 | User group 1 deletion | 0E | 8E | 2 |
|  | 175 | User group 2 registration | 0F | 8F | 2 |
|  | 176 | User group 2 deletion | 10 | 90 | 2 |
|  | 180 | RL terminal function selection | 14 | 94 | 2 |
|  | 181 | RM terminal function selection | 15 | 95 | 2 |
|  | 182 | RH terminal function selection | 16 | 96 | 2 |
|  | 183 | RT terminal function selection | 17 | 97 | 2 |
|  | 184 | AU terminal function selection | 18 | 98 | 2 |
|  | 185 | JOG terminal function selection | 19 | 99 | 2 |
|  | 186 | CS terminal function selection | 1A | 9A | 2 |
|  | 190 | RUN terminal function selection | 1E | 9E | 2 |
|  | 191 | SU terminal function selection | 1F | 9F | 2 |
|  | 192 | IPF terminal function selection | 20 | A0 | 2 |
|  | 193 | OL terminal function selection | 21 | A1 | 2 |
|  | 194 | FU terminal function selection | 22 | A2 | 2 |
|  | 195 | ABC terminal function selection | 23 | A3 | 2 |
|  | 199 | User's initial value setting | 27 | A7 | 2 |
| O | 240 | Soft-PWM setting | 30 | B0 | 2 |
|  | 244 | Cooling fan operation selection | 34 | B4 | 2 |
|  | 251 | Output phase failure protection function | 3B | BB | 2 |
|  | 252 | Override bias | 3C | BC | 2 |
|  | 253 | Override gain | 3D | BD | 2 |
|  | 300 | BCD code input bias | 00 | 80 | 3 |
|  | 301 | BCD code input gain | 01 | 81 | 3 |
|  | 302 | Binary code input bias | 02 | 82 | 3 |
|  | 303 | Binary code input gain | 03 | 83 | 3 |
|  | 304 | Digital input and analog compensation input enable/disable selection | 04 | 84 | 3 |
|  | 305 | Data read timing signal operation selection | 05 | 85 | 3 |
| Analog output/digital output | 306 | Analog output signal selection | 06 | 86 | 3 |
|  | 307 | Setting for zero analog output | 07 | 87 | 3 |
|  | 308 | Setting for maximum analog output | 08 | 88 | 3 |
|  | 309 | Analog output signal voltage/current changing | 09 | 89 | 3 |
|  | 310 | Analog meter voltage output selection | 0A | 8A | 3 |
|  | 311 | Setting for zero analog meter voltage output | OB | 8B | 3 |
|  | 312 | Setting for maximum analog meter voltage output | OC | 8C | 3 |
|  | 313 | YO output selection | 0D | 8D | 3 |
|  | 314 | Y1 output selection | 0E | 8E | 3 |
|  | 315 | Y2 output selection | 0F | 8F | 3 |
|  | 316 | Y3 output selection | 10 | 90 | 3 |
|  | 317 | Y4 output selection | 11 | 91 | 3 |
|  | 318 | Y5 output selection | 12 | 92 | 3 |
|  | 319 | Y6 output selection | 13 | 93 | 3 |



### 5.1.3 FR-E500 series

| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 0 | Torque boost (manual) | 00 | 80 | 0 |
|  | 1 | Maximum frequency | 01 | 81 | 0 |
|  | 2 | Minimum frequency | 02 | 82 | 0 |
|  | 3 | Base frequency | 03 | 83 | 0 |
|  | 4 | Multi-speed setting (high speed) | 04 | 84 | 0 |
|  | 5 | Multi-speed setting (middle speed) | 05 | 85 | 0 |
|  | 6 | Multi-speed setting (low speed) | 06 | 86 | 0 |
|  | 7 | Acceleration time | 07 | 87 | 0 |
|  | 8 | Deceleration time | 08 | 88 | 0 |
|  | 9 | Electronic thermal O/L relay | 09 | 89 | 0 |
|  | 10 | DC injection brake operation frequency | 0A | 8A | 0 |
|  | 11 | DC injection brake operation time | 0B | 8B | 0 |
|  | 12 | DC injection brake voltage | OC | 8C | 0 |
|  | 13 | Starting frequency | 0D | 8D | 0 |
|  | 14 | Load pattern selection | 0E | 8E | 0 |
|  | 15 | Jog frequency | OF | 8F | 0 |
|  | 16 | Jog acceleration/deceleration time | 10 | 90 | 0 |
|  | 18 | High-speed maximum frequency | 12 | 92 | 0 |
|  | 19 | Base frequency voltage | 13 | 93 | 0 |
|  | 20 | Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency | 14 | 94 | 0 |
|  | 21 | Acceleration/deceleration time increments | 15 | 95 | 0 |
|  | 22 | Stall prevention operation level | 16 | 96 | 0 |
|  | 23 | Stall prevention operation level at double speed | 17 | 97 | 0 |
|  | 24 | Multi-speed setting (speed 4) | 18 | 98 | 0 |
|  | 25 | Multi-speed setting (speed 5) | 19 | 99 | 0 |
|  | 26 | Multi-speed setting (speed 6) | 1A | 9A | 0 |
|  | 27 | Multi-speed setting (speed 7) | 1B | 9B | 0 |
|  | 29 | Acceleration/deceleration pattern | 1D | 9D | 0 |
|  | 30 | Regenerative function selection | 1E | 9E | 0 |
|  | 31 | Frequency jump 1A | 1F | 9F | 0 |
|  | 32 | Frequency jump 1B | 20 | A0 | 0 |
|  | 33 | Frequency jump 2A | 21 | A1 | 0 |
|  | 34 | Frequency jump 2B | 22 | A2 | 0 |
|  | 35 | Frequency jump 3A | 23 | A3 | 0 |
|  | 36 | Frequency jump 3B | 24 | A4 | 0 |
|  | 37 | Speed display | 25 | A5 | 0 |
|  | 38 | Frequency at 5V (10V) input | 26 | A6 | 0 |
|  | 39 | Frequency at 20mA input | 27 | A7 | 0 |
|  | 41 | Up-to-frequency sensitivity | 29 | A9 | 0 |
|  | 42 | Output frequency detection | 2A | AA | 0 |
|  | 43 | Output frequency detection for reverse rotation | 2B | AB | 0 |
|  | 44 | Second acceleration/deceleration time | 2C | AC | 0 |
|  | 45 | Second deceleration time | 2D | AD | 0 |
|  | 46 | Second torque boost | 2E | AE | 0 |
|  | 47 | Second V/F (base frequency) | 2 F | AF | 0 |
|  | 48 | Second electronic overcurrent protection | 30 | B0 | 0 |
|  | 52 | Operation panel/PU main display data selection | 34 | B4 | 0 |
|  | 54 | FM terminal function selection | 36 | B6 | 0 |
|  | 55 | Frequency monitoring reference | 37 | B7 | 0 |
|  | 56 | Current monitoring reference | 38 | B8 | 0 |
|  | 57 | Restart coasting time | 39 | B9 | 0 |
|  | 58 | Restart cushion time | 3A | BA | 0 |
|  | 59 | Remote setting function selection | 3B | BB | 0 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 60 | Shortest acceleration/deceleration mode | 3C | BC | 0 |
|  | 61 | Reference current for intelligent mode | 3D | BD | 0 |
|  | 62 | Reference current for intelligent mode accel. | 3E | BE | 0 |
|  | 63 | Reference current for intelligent mode decel. | 3F | BF | 0 |
|  | 65 | Retry selection | 41 | C1 | 0 |
|  | 66 | Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency | 42 | C2 | 0 |
|  | 67 | Number of retries at alarm occurrence | 43 | C3 | 0 |
|  | 68 | Retry waiting time | 44 | C4 | 0 |
|  | 69 | Retry count display erasure | 45 | C5 | 0 |
|  | 70 | Special regenerative brake duty | 46 | C6 | 0 |
|  | 71 | Applied motor | 47 | C7 | 0 |
|  | 72 | PWM frequency selection | 48 | C8 | 0 |
|  | 73 | 0-5V/0-10V selection | 49 | C9 | 0 |
|  | 74 | Filter time constant | 4A | CA | 0 |
|  | 75 | Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection | 4B | CB | 0 |
|  | 77 | Parameter write disable selection | 4D | CD | 0 |
|  | 78 | Reverse rotation prevention selection | 4E | CE | 0 |
|  | 79 | Operation mode selection | 4F | CF | 0 |
|  | 80 | Motor capacity | 50 | D0 | 0 |
|  | 82 | Motor exciting current | 52 | D2 | 0 |
|  | 83 | Rated motor voltage | 53 | D3 | 0 |
|  | 84 | Rated motor frequency | 54 | D4 | 0 |
|  | 90 | Motor constant (R1) | 5A | DA | 0 |
|  | 96 | Auto tuning setting/status | 60 | E0 | 0 |
|  | 117 | Station number | 11 | 91 | 1 |
|  | 118 | Communication speed | 12 | 92 | 1 |
|  | 119 | Stop bit length | 13 | 93 | 1 |
|  | 120 | Parity check presence/absence | 14 | 94 | 1 |
|  | 121 | Number of communication retries | 15 | 95 | 1 |
|  | 122 | Communication check time interval | 16 | 96 | 1 |
|  | 123 | Waiting time setting | 17 | 97 | 1 |
|  | 124 | CR, LF presence/absence selection | 18 | 98 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 은 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 128 | PID action selection | 1 C | 9C | 1 |
|  | 129 | PID proportional band | 1D | 9D | 1 |
|  | 130 | PID integral time | 1E | 9E | 1 |
|  | 131 | Upper limit | 1F | 9F | 1 |
|  | 132 | Lower limit | 20 | A0 | 1 |
|  | 133 | PID action set point for PU operation | 21 | A1 | 1 |
|  | 134 | PID differential time | 22 | A2 | 1 |
|  | 145 | Parameter unit language switch-over | 2D | AD | 1 |
|  | 146 | Frequency setting command selection | 2E | AE | 1 |
|  | 150 | Output current detection level | 32 | B2 | 1 |
|  | 151 | Output current detection period | 33 | B3 |  |
|  | 152 | Zero current detection level | 34 | B4 | 1 |
|  | 153 | Zero current detection period | 35 | B5 | 1 |
| O. | 156 | Stall prevention operation selection | 38 | B8 | 1 |
|  | 160 | User group read selection | 00 | 80 | 2 |
|  | 171 | Actual operation hour meter clear | OB | 8B | 2 |
|  | 173 | User group 1 registration | 0D | 8D | 2 |
|  | 174 | User group 1 deletion | OE | 8E | 2 |
|  | 175 | User group 2 registration | 0F | 8F | 2 |
|  | 176 | User group 2 deletion | 10 | 90 | 2 |


| Function | Parameter Number | Name | Data Codes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Read | Write | Link parameter extension setting (Data code 7F/FF) |
|  | 180 | RL terminal function selection | 14 | 94 | 2 |
|  | 181 | RM terminal function selection | 15 | 95 | 2 |
|  | 182 | RH terminal function selection | 16 | 96 | 2 |
|  | 183 | MRS terminal function selection | 17 | 97 | 2 |
|  | 190 | RUN terminal function selection | 1E | 9E | 2 |
|  | 191 | FU terminal function selection | 1F | 9F | 2 |
|  | 192 | A, B, C terminal function selection | 20 | A0 | 2 |
|  | 232 | Multi-speed setting (speed 8) | 28 | A8 | 2 |
|  | 233 | Multi-speed setting (speed 9) | 29 | A9 | 2 |
|  | 234 | Multi-speed setting (speed 10) | 2A | AA | 2 |
|  | 235 | Multi-speed setting (speed 11) | 2B | AB | 2 |
|  | 236 | Multi-speed setting (speed 12) | 2C | AC | 2 |
|  | 237 | Multi-speed setting (speed 13) | 2D | AD | 2 |
|  | 238 | Multi-speed setting (speed 14) | 2E | AE | 2 |
|  | 239 | Multi-speed setting (speed 15) | 2F | AF | 2 |
|  | 240 | Soft-PWM setting | 30 | B0 | 2 |
|  | 244 | Cooling fan operation selection | 34 | B4 | 2 |
|  | 245 | Rated motor slip | 35 | B5 | 2 |
|  | 246 | Slip compensation response time | 36 | B6 | 2 |
|  | 247 | Constant output region slip compensation selection | 37 | B7 | 2 |
|  | 249 | Starting-time ground fault detection presence/absence | 39 | B9 | 2 |
|  | 250 | Stop selection | 3A | BA | 2 |
|  | 338 | Operation command write | 26 | A6 | 3 |
|  | 339 | Speed command write | 27 | A7 | 3 |
|  | 340 | Link start mode selection | 28 | A8 | 3 |
|  | 900 | FM terminal calibration | 5C | DC | 1 |
|  | 902 | Frequency setting voltage bias | 5E | DE | 1 |
|  | 903 | Frequency setting voltage gain | 5F | DF | 1 |
|  | 904 | Frequency setting current bias | 60 | E0 | 1 |
|  | 905 | Frequency setting current gain | 61 | E1 | 1 |
|  | 922 | Built-in frequency setting potentiometer bias | 16 | 96 | 9 |
|  | 923 | Built-in frequency setting potentiometer gain | 17 | 97 | 9 |
|  | 990 | Buzzer control | 5A | DA | 9 |
|  | 991 | LCD contrast | 5B | DB | 9 |


[^0]:    * Depends on the communication error type.

    You can reset the inverter by writing 0000 H to $\mathrm{PNU}=001 \mathrm{H}$ in the "SEV_I, Block I" area

