

## **MELSEC Q**

## **Programmable Logic Controllers**

User's Manual

# CC Link System Master/Local Module QJ61BT11

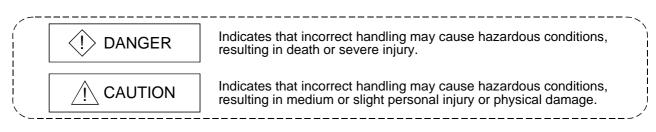


### • SAFETY PRECAUTIONS •

(Always read these instructions before using this equipment.)

Before using this product, please read this manual and the relevant manuals introduced in this manual carefully and pay full attention to safety to handle the product correctly.

The instructions given in this manual are concerned with this product. For the safety instructions of the programmable controller system, please read the user's manual of the CPU module to use. In this manual, the safety instructions are ranked as "DANGER" and "CAUTION".



Note that the  $\triangle$ CAUTION level may lead to a serious consequence according to the circumstances. Always follow the instructions of both levels because they are important to personal safety.

Please save this manual to make it accessible when required and always forward it to the end user.

### [DESIGN PRECAUTION]

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- See Chapter 5 of this manual for each station's operating status when there is a communication error in the data link.
- When performing the control of the PLC in operation (changing data) by connecting a personal computer, etc. to the intelligent function module or connecting peripheral devices to the CPU module, configure an interlock circuit in a sequence program so the safety of the overall system is always maintained.

Before performing other controls of the PLC in operation (changing program and operation status (status control)), read this manual carefully and confirm if the overall safety is maintained. Especially, when this control is performed to a remote PC from an external device, troubles that have occurred on the PLC side may not be able to immediately be handled if there is a data communication error.

Define a troubleshooting agreement between external devices and the PLC CPU for data communication error occurrences, as well as construct an interlock circuit in the sequence program.

### [DESIGN PRECAUTION]

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• Do not write data into the "system area" of the buffer memory of intelligent function modules. Also, do not output the "prohibited to use" signal as the output signal to an intelligent function module from the PLC CPU.

Writing data into the "system area" or outputting a signal for "prohibited to use" may cause system malfunction in the PLC.

• To specify the automatic refresh parameter, specify "Y" for the remote output RY refresh device. If a value other than "Y" (for example, M or L) is specified, the status of the device will remain as it was prior to the STOP operation when the CPU is stopped. See Section 4.4.10 for how to stop the data link.

### [DESIGN PRECAUTION]

## 

• Do not bunch the control wires or communication cables with the main circuit or power wires, or install them close to each other.

They should be installed 100mm(3.9inch) or more from each other.

Not doing so could result in noise that may cause malfunction.

### [INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS]

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• Use the PLC in an environment that meets the general specifications contained in the CPU user's manual to use.

Using this PLC in an environment outside the range of the general specifications may cause electric shock, fire, malfunction, and damage to or deterioration of the product.

- When installing the module, securely insert the module fixing tabs into the mounting holes of the base unit while pressing the installation lever located at the bottom of the module downward. Improper installation may result in malfunction, breakdown or dropping out of the module. Securely fix the module with screws if it is subject to vibration during use.
- Tighten the screws within the range of specified torque.
  If the screws are loose, it may cause fallout, short circuits, or malfunction.
  If the screws are tightened too much, it may cause damage to the screw and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits or malfunction.
- Switch all phases of the external power supply off when mounting or removing the module. Not doing so may cause damage to the module.
- Do not directly touch the conductive area or electronic components of the module. Doing so may cause malfunction or failure in the module.

### [WIRING PRECAUTIONS]

<ul> <li>When turning on the power and operating the module after installing is completed, always attach the terminal cover that comes with the product.</li> <li>There is a risk of malfunction if the terminal cover is not attached.</li> </ul>
Tighten the terminal screws within the range of specified torque.
If the terminal screws are loose, it may cause short circuits, or malfunction.
If the terminal screws are tightened too much, it may cause damage to the screw and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits or malfunction.
• Be careful not to let foreign matters such as sawdust or wire chips get inside the module.
These may cause fires, failure or malfunction.
<ul> <li>The top surface of the module is covered with protective film to prevent foreign objects such as cable offcuts from entering the module when wiring.</li> </ul>
Do not remove this film until the wiring is complete.
Before operating the system, be sure to remove the film to provide adequate heat ventilation. • Use a dedicated cable as specified by the manufacturer for the CC-Link system. If a cable other
than the one specified by the manufacturer is used, the performance of the CC-Link system cannot be guaranteed. Also, follow the specifications listed in Chapter 3 for the overall cable
distance and the station-to-station cable length. If wiring is done other than as specified, accurate transmission of data cannot be guaranteed.
Be sure to fix communication cables or power supply cables leading from the module by placing
them in the duct or clamping them.
Cables not placed in the duct or without clamping may hang or shift, allowing them to be
accidentally pulled, which may cause a module malfunction and cable damage.
When removing the communication cable or power supply cable from the module, do not pull the
cable. When removing the cable with a connector, hold the connector on the side that is
connected to the module.
When removing the cable connected to the terminal block, first loosen the screws on the part
that is connected to the terminal block.
Pulling the cable that is still connected to the module may cause malfunction or damage to the module or cable.

### [STARTING AND MAINTENANCE PRECAUTIONS]

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- Do not disassemble or modify each module. Doing so could cause failure, malfunction, injury or fire.
- Switch all phases of the external power supply off when mounting or removing the module. Not doing so may cause failure or malfunction of the module.
- Do not touch the connector while the power is on. Doing so may cause malfunction.
- Switch all phases of the external power supply off when cleaning or retightening terminal screws and module installation screws.

Not doing so may cause failure or malfunction of the module.

If the screws are loose, it may cause fallout, short circuits, or malfunction.

If the screws are tightened too much, it may cause damages to the screws and/or the module, resulting in fallout, short circuits or malfunction.

### [DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONS]

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• When disposing of this product, treat it as industrial waste.

#### REVISIONS

Print Date	* Manual Number	Revision
Dec., 1999	SH (NA)-080016-A	
Oct., 2000		Add the contents of the function version B. Change the name from MELSECNET/10H to MELSECNET/H.
		Added model type Section 2.2.3
		Addition Section 1.3, Section 2.2.4, Section 4.4.12, Appendix 5
		Correction About the Generic Terms and Abbreviations, Section 1.2, Section 2.2.1, Section 3.1, Section 4.1, 4.4.3, 4.4.8, Section 5.1, 5.3.1, Section 6.3.1, 6.3.3, Section 7.3, Section 8.4.1, 8.4.2, Section 9.2.1, 9.2.2, 9.3, Section 11.4, Section 13.1, 13.4, Appendix 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.6, Index
Jun., 2001	SH (NA)-080016-C	Standardize the name from software package (GPP function) to Product name (GX Developer).
		Addition Section 2.2.6, Section 4.2.5, 4.2.6, Section 6.1.3, 6.4, Appendix 2.7
		Correction SAFETY PRECAUTIONS, Conformation to the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Instruction, About the Generic Terms and Abbreviations, Product Components, Section 1.2, 1.3, Section 2.2.1, 2.2.3, 2.2.4, Section 3.2, Section 4.1, 4.4.3, 4.4.8, Section 5.3.1, 5.3.2, 5.3.3, Section 7.1, Section 8.4.1, 8.4.2, Section 10.3.3, Section 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, Appendix 2.1, 2.2, Appendix 3, Appendix 4

Japanese Manual Version SH-080017-E

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#### INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the MELSEC-Q series PLC. Before using the equipment, please read this manual carefully to develop full familiarity with the functions and performance of the Q series PLC you have purchased, so as to ensure correct use. Please forward a copy of this manual to the end user.

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#### Conformation to the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Instruction

For details on making Mitsubishi PLC conform to the EMC directive and low voltage instruction when installing it in your product, please see Chapter 3, "EMC Directive and Low Voltage Instruction" of the User's Manual (Hardware) of the CPU module to use.

The CE logo is printed on the rating plate on the main body of the PLC that conforms to the EMC directive and low voltage instruction.

To conform this product to the EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive, refer to the Section of "CC-Link Modules" in Chapter 3 "EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive" of the User's Manual (Hardware) of the CPU module used.

#### About the Generic Terms and Abbreviations

This manual uses the following generic terms and abbreviations to describe the QJ61BT11 Control & Communication Link System Master/Local Module, unless otherwise specified.

Generic Term/Abbreviation	Description
QJ61BT11	Abbreviation for QJ61BT11 Control & Communication Link System Master/Local Module
Cyclic transmission	Transmission method by which to periodically communicate the contents of remote I/O and remote registers.
Transient transmission	Transmission method with which the counterpart is specified and 1:1 communication is used at an arbitrary timing.
Master station	Station that controls the data link system. One master station is required for each system.
Local station	Station having a PLC CPU and the ability to communicate with the master and other local stations.
Remote I/O station	Remote station that handles bit unit data only. (Performs input and output with external devices.) (AJ65BTB1-16D, AJ65SBTB1-16D)
Remote device station	Remote station that handles bit unit and word unit data only. (Performs input and output with external devices, and analog data conversion.) (AJ65BT-64AD, AJ65BT-64DAV, AJ65BT-64DAI)
Remote station	Generic term for remote I/O station and remote device station. (Controlled by the master station)
Intelligent device station	Station that can perform transient transmission, such as the AJ65BT-R2 (including local stations).
Standby master station	Backup station for data link control when the link to the master station is disconnected due to a PLC CPU or power supply problem.
Master/local module	Generic term for QJ61BT11, AJ61BT11, A1SJ61BT11, AJ61QBT11, and A1SJ61QBT11
Master module	Generic term for QJ61BT11, AJ61BT11, A1SJ61BT11, AJ61QBT11, and A1SJ61QBT11 when they are used as master stations.
Local module	Generic term for QJ61BT11, AJ61BT11, A1SJ61BT11, AJ61QBT11, and A1SJ61QBT11 when they are used as local stations.
Remote module	Generic term for AJ65BTB1-16D, AJ65SBTB1-16D, AJ65BT-64AD, AJ65BT-64DAV, AJ65BT-64DAI, and A852GOT
Intelligent device module	Module that can perform transient transmission, such as the AJ65BT-R2 (including local module).
Remote I/O net mode	Dedicated mode for sending and receiving data to and from the remote I/O station at high speed.
Remote net mode	Mode that can communicate with all stations used for CC-Link (remote I/O station, remote device station, local station, intelligent device station, and standby master station)
SB	Link special relay (for CC-Link) Bit unit information that indicates the module operating status and data link status of the master station/local station. (Expressed as SB for convenience)
SW	Link special register (for CC-Link) 16-bit unit information that indicates the module operating status and data link status of the master station/local station. (Expressed as SW for convenience)
RX	Remote input (for CC-Link) Information entered in bit units from the remote station to the master station. (Expressed as RX for convenience)
RY	Remote output (for CC-Link) Information output in bit units from the master station to the remote station. (Expressed as RY for convenience)

Generic Term/Abbreviation	Description
	Remote register (Write area for CC-Link)
RWw	Information output in 16-bit units from the master station to the remote device station. (Expressed as RWw for convenience)
	Remote register (Read area for CC-Link)
RWr	Information entered in 16-bit units from the remote device station to the master
	station. (Expressed as RWr for convenience)
	Generic term for AOJ2HCPU, A1SCPU, A1SHCPU, A1SJCPU-S3, A1SJHCPU,
ACPU	A2SCPU, A2SHCPU, A2USCPU, A2USCPU-S1, A2USHCPU-S1, A1NCPU,
ACFU	A2NCPU, A2NCPU-S1, A3NCPU, A2ACPU, A2ACPU-S1, A3ACPU, A2UCPU,
	A2UCPU-S1, A3UCPU and A4UCPU
AnUCPU	Generic term for A2USCPU, A2USCPU-S1, A2USHCPU-S1, A2UCPU, A2UCPU-S1,
	A3UCPU and A4UCPU
QnACPU	Generic term for Q2ASCPU, Q2ASCPU-S1, Q2ASHCPU, Q2ASHCPU-S1, Q2ACPU,
	Q2ACPU-S1, Q3ACPU, Q4ACPU and Q4ARCPU
QCPU (Q mdoe)	Generic term for Q00JCPU, Q00CPU, Q01CPU, Q02CPU, Q02HCPU, Q06HCPU, Q12HCPU and Q25HCPU
QCPU (A mode)	Generic term for Q02CPU-A, Q02HCPU-A, Q06HCPU-A
	Generic product name of the product types SWnD5C-GPPW-E, SWnD5C-GPPW-EA,
GX Developer	SWnD5C-GPPW-EV and SWnD5C-GPPW-EVA. ("n" in the model name is 4 or
	greater)
Intelligent function module	Q series modules other than the CPU module, power supply module and I/O module
	that are mounted on the base unit.
Special function module	A series and QnA series modules that are mounted on the base unit, excluding the
	CPU module, power supply module and I/O module.

#### Product Components

The components of the QJ61BT11 are listed below.

Item name	Quantity
QJ61BT11 main unit	1
Terminal resistor 110 $\Omega$ , 1/2 W (brown-brown-brown) (used when wiring with the CC-Link dedicated cable or Version 1.10 compatible CC-Link dedicated cable)	2
Terminal resistor 130 $\Omega$ , 1/2 W (brown-orange-brown) (used when wiring with the CC-Link dedicated high performance cable)	2

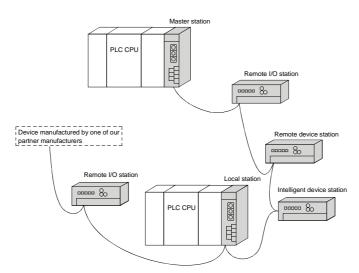
#### **1 OVERVIEW**

This manual describes the specifications, parts names and settings of the QJ61BT11 Control & Communication Link System Master/Local Module (hereinafter referred to as the QJ61BT11) which is used with the MELSEC-Q series PLC CPUs.

#### 1.1 Overview

CC-Link is the abbreviation of the Control & Communication Link in this manual. Throughout this manual, it will be referred to as CC-Link. The CC-Link system connects distributed modules such as an I/O module, an intelligent function module, and a special function module using dedicated cables so that these modules can be controlled by the PLC CPU.

- By distributing each module to an equipment device such as a conveyor line and a machine device, the wiring efficiency of the entire system can be accomplished.
- (2) On/off information of input/output and numeric data that are handled by modules can easily be sent and received at high-speed.
- (3) By connecting multiple PLC CPUs, a simple distributed system can be configured.
- (4) By connecting various devices made by Mitsubishi's partner manufacturers, the system can provide flexible solutions to meet a wide range of user needs.



Master station ......The station that controls the data link system.

Remote I/O station ......The remote station that handles bit unit data only.

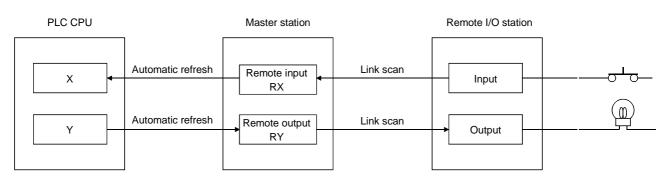
- Remote device station ....The remote station that handles bit unit and word unit data only.
- Local station ...... The station having a PLC CPU and the ability to communicate with the master and other local stations.

Intelligent device station "The station that can perform transient transmission.

#### 1.2 Features

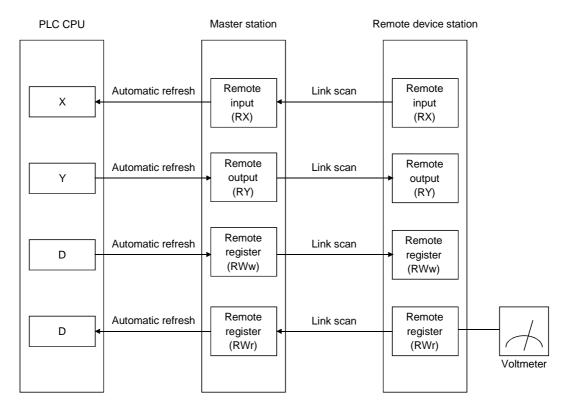
The features of the CC-Link are described below.

 Remote I/O station communication The ON/OFF status of a switch or indicator lamp is communicated using the remote input RX and remote output RY (see Section 4.2.1).



#### (2) Remote device station communication

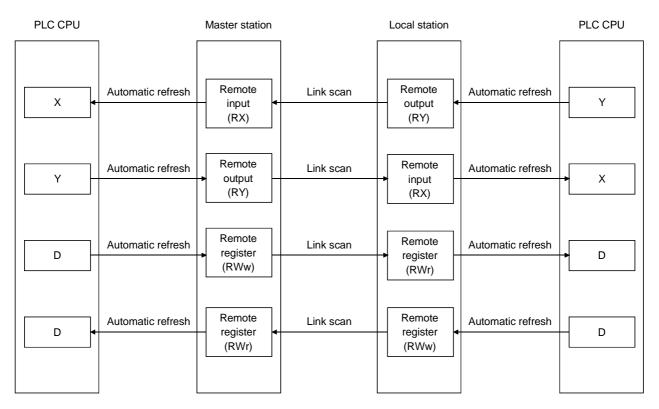
Signals for handshaking with the remote device station (initial request, error occurred flag, etc.) are communicated using the remote input RX and remote output RY. The setting data to the remote device station are communicated using remote registers RWw and RWr (see Section 4.2.2).



#### (3) Local station communication

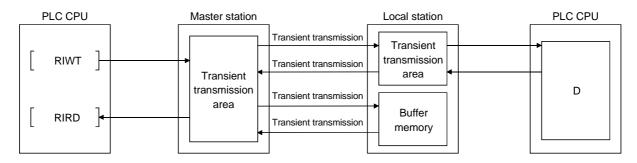
Communication between the master station and the local station uses two types of transmission methods: cyclic transmission and transient transmission (see Section 4.2.3).

(a) Cyclic transmission Data communication between the PLC CPUs can be performed in N:N mode using bit data (remote input RX and remote output RY) and word data (remote registers RWw and RWr).



(b) Transient transmission

Read (RIRD) or write (RIWT) operation of the local station buffer memory and CPU device can be performed at any timing.

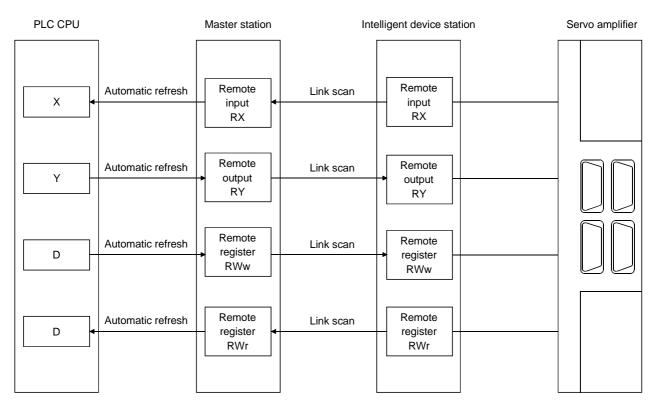


#### (4) Intelligent device station communication

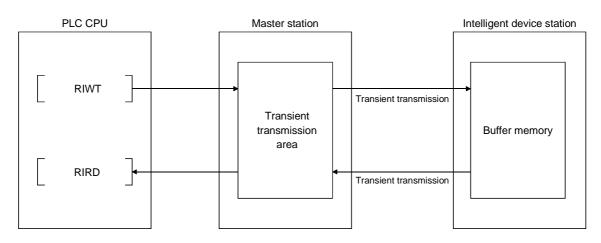
Communication between the master station and the intelligent device station uses two types of transmission methods: cyclic transmission and transient transmission (see Section 4.2.4).

(a) Cyclic transmission

Signals for handshaking with the intelligent device station (positioning start, positioning complete, etc.) are communicated using the remote input RX and remote output RY. Numeric data (positioning start number, present feed value, etc.) is communicated using remote registers RWw and RWr.



(b) Transient transmission Read (RIRD) or written (RIWT) operation of the intelligent device station buffer memory can be performed at any timing.



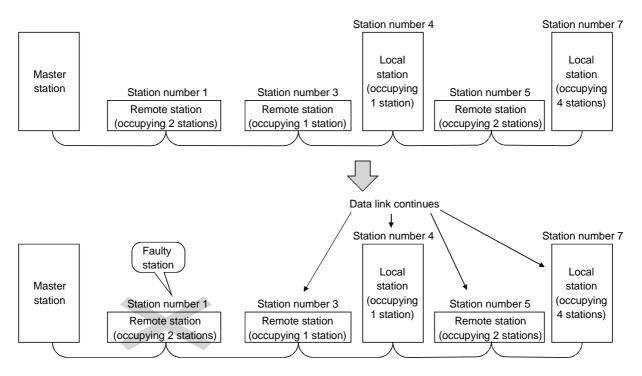
(5) Parameter setting by GX Developer or the dedicated instruction There are two parameter setting methods; the parameters can either be set by GX Developer or by using a dedicated instruction (see Sections 4.2.5 and 4.2.6). The following table lists the differences between the two setting methods.

	Program requirement for setting parameters	Automatic refresh	Number of CPUs that can be mounted	Changing the parameter settings while the PLC CPU is running
Parameter setting with GX Developer	Not required	0	4 modules	×
Parameter setting with dedicated instruction	Required	×	64 modules	0

(6) System down prevention (Slave station cut-off function)
 Because the system employs the bus connection method, even if a module

Because the system employs the bus connection method, even if a module system fails due to power off, it will not affect the communication with other normal modules.

Also, for a module using a 2-piece terminal block, the module can be replaced during data link. (Replace the module after turning off the module power). However, if the cable is disconnected, data link to all stations are disabled (see Section 4.3.1).



#### (7) Automatic return function

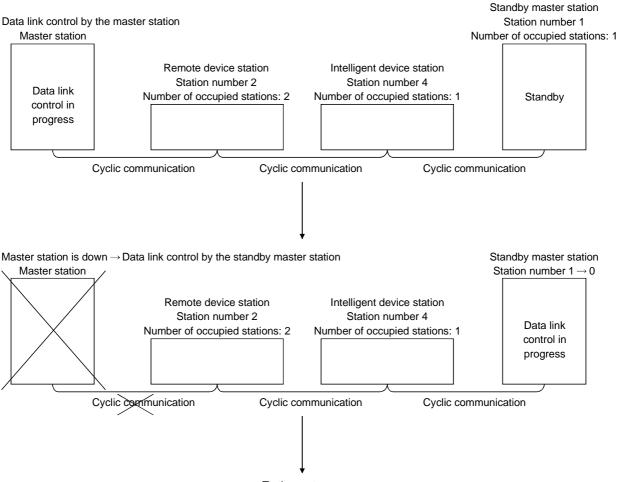
When a station that has been disconnected from the link due to power off recovers the normal status, it will join the data link automatically (see Section 4.3.2).

(8) Data link status setting when the master station PLC CPU has an error

The data-link status can be set to either "stop" or "continue" when an error causing the operation to stop such as "SP. UNIT ERROR" occurs in the PLC CPU at the master station. With errors enabling the operation to continue such as "BATTERY ERROR," the data link will continue regardless of the setting (see Section 4.3.3).

- (9) Setting the status of input data from a data link faulty station The data entered (received) from a data-link faulty station can be cleared or the previous status immediately before the error can be maintained (see Section 4.3.4).
- (10) Standby master function

This function enables the data link to continue working by switching to a standby master station (backup station for the master station) if a malfunction occurs in the master station due to a malfunction of the PLC CPU or power supply. The master station can return to online even during data link control by the standby master station, and prepares itself for standby master station system down (see Section 4.3.5).



Continued from the previous page Master station returns to normal and comes back online  $\rightarrow$ Master station prepares itself for standby master station system down Master station Standby master station Station number  $0 \rightarrow 1$ Station number 0 Remote device station Intelligent device station Station number 2 Station number 4 Data link Standby Number of occupied stations: 2 Number of occupied stations: 1 control in progress Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Problem occurrence in the standby master station  $\rightarrow$  Data link control by the master station Master station Standby master station Station number  $1 \rightarrow 0$ Remote device station Intelligent device station Station number 2 Station number 4 Data link Number of occupied stations: 2 Number of occupied stations: 1 control in progress Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Cyclic convenunication Standby master station returns to normal and comes back online  $\rightarrow$ Standby master station Standby master station prepares itself for master station system down Station number 1 Number of occupied stations: 1 Master station Remote device station Intelligent device station Station number 2 Station number 4 Data link Number of occupied stations: 2 Number of occupied stations: 1 Standby control in progress Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Cyclic communication

- (11) Remote device station initialization procedure registration function This function performs the initial setting for the remote device station using the GX Developer, without creating a sequence program (see Section 4.4.1).
- (12) Event issuance for the interrupt program This function issues an event when the conditions set by the GX Developer are established in order to make the PLC CPU execute the interrupt program (see Section 4.4.2).
- (13) Automatic CC-Link startup

By installing the QJ61BT11, the CC-Link is started up and all data are refreshed by simply turning on the power, without creating a sequence program. However, when the number of connected modules is less than 64, it is necessary to set the network parameters in order to optimize the link scan time (see Section 4.4.3.).

#### (14) Selecting a mode according to the system

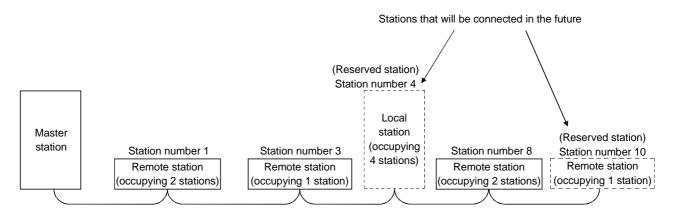
The CC-Link system has two types of modes: remote net mode and remote I/O net mode. (See sections 4.4.4 and 4.4.5.)

The differences between the two modes are listed in the table below.

	Remote net mode	Remote I/O net mode	
	Remote I/O station		
	Remote device station	Remote I/O station	
Connectable station	Intelligent device station		
	Local station		
	Standby master station		
Transmission rate	Max. 10 Mbps	Max. 10 Mbps	
Link scan time	_	Faster than the remote net mode	

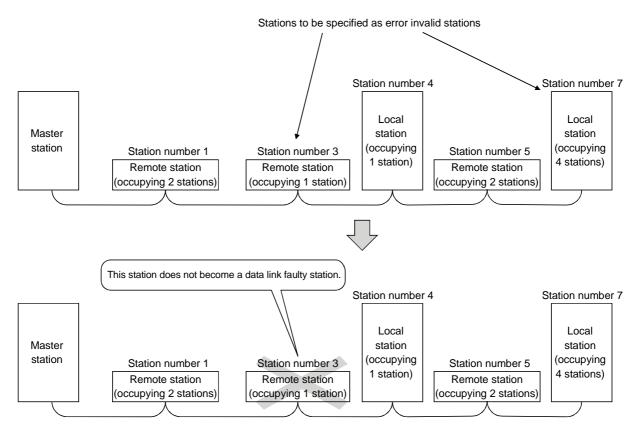
#### (15) Reserved station function

Stations that are not actually connected (stations to be connected in the future) will not be treated as faulty stations if they are specified as reserved stations (see Section 4.4.6).



#### (16) Error invalid station setting function

By setting the network parameters, the module that is powered off in the system configuration will not be treated as a "data link faulty station" by the master station and local station. However, caution is required since errors are no longer detected (see Section 4.4.7).



#### (17) Scan synchronous function

This function synchronizes the link scan to the sequence scan (see Section 4.4.8).

#### (18) Temporary error invalid station setting function

With this function, the module specified by the GX Developer will not be treated as a "data link faulty station" by the master or local station while in online. The module can be replaced without detecting an error in online (see Section 4.4.9).

#### (19) Data link stop/restart

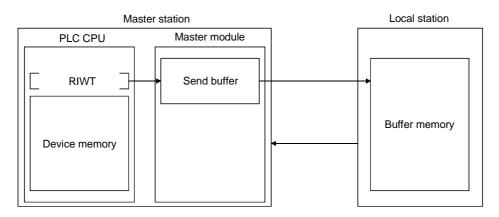
The data link can be stopped and restarted while it is being used (see Section 4.4.10).

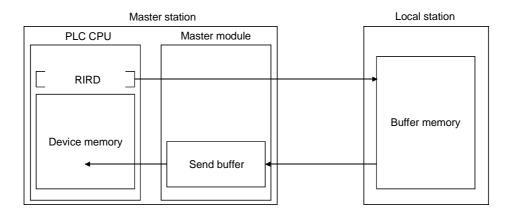
#### (20) Station number overlap checking function

This function checks the status of the connected stations to see if the number of occupied stations is overlapping or if there is more than one station with the station number setting of 0 in the system (see Section 4.4.11).

#### (21) Transient transmission

With this method of transmission, the counterpart is specified and 1:1 communication is performed at an arbitrary timing (see Section 4.5).





#### 1.3 About Added/Changed Functions in Function Version B

This section explains the functions that have been added to or changed in the QJ61BT11 of function version B.

POINT

Please refer to the relevant reference section in order to check the following item. How to check the function version and serial No. (see Section 2.2.4)

The following table lists the functions that have been added to or changed in the QJ61BT11 of function version B.

Function	Function version serial No.	Function summary	Reference section
Multiple PLC system support has been added	Function version B	Allows monitoring of and reading/writing programs from/to any CPU in a multiple PLC system mounted with the QJ61BT11 via AJ65BT-G4-S3 or other station CPUs.	Section 4.4.12
Options of specifying 2 or 3 stations have been added to the setting range of the number of occupied stations for a local station	Function version B	Allows setting a local station to any number of occupied stations from 1 to 4. (QJ61BT11 of function version B is required not only for local stations, but also for the master station.)	_
Addition of scan synchronization function at remote I/O net mode.	Function version B	Allows specification of scan synchronization at remote I/O net mode.	Section 4.4.8
Support for automatic CC-Link startup of remote device stations and intelligent device stations has been added	Function version B	Allows CC-Link startup and remote input/output as well as refreshing of remote registers, etc. without setting the parameters in a system configuration that includes not only remote I/O stations, but also remote device stations and intelligent device stations.	Section 4.4.3
Addition of a dedicated instruction for parameter setting	Function version B, product that first 5 digits of the serial No. are 03042 or later.	Allows setting the network parameters and starting the data link by using the RLPASET instruction. It is possible to mount five or more QJ61BT11 modules and change the parameters while the PLC CPU is running.	Section 4.2.6 Appendix 2.7

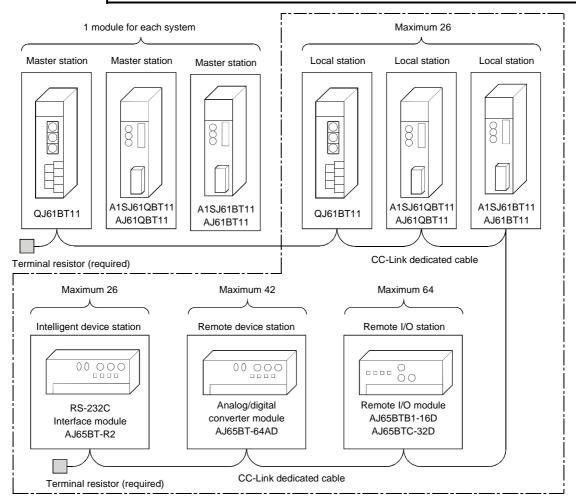
### **2 SYSTEM CONFIGURATION**

The system configuration for the CC-Link is described below.

#### 2.1 System Configuration

A total of 64 remote I/O stations, remote device stations, local stations, standby master stations, or intelligent device stations can be connected to a single master station. However, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- (1) {(1 × a) + (2 × b) + (3 × c) + (4 × d)} ≤ 64
  a: Number of modules occupying 1 station
  b: Number of modules occupying 2 stations
  c: Number of modules occupying 3 stations
  d: Number of modules occupying 4 stations
  (2) {(16 × A) + (54 × B) + (88 × C)} ≤ 2304
  - A: Number of remote I/O stations  $\leq 64$ 
    - B: Number of remote device stations  $\leq 42$
    - C: Number of local stations, standby master stations and intelligent device stations  $\leq 26$



Total 64

#### 2.2 Applicable System

Applicable PLC CPUs and notes on the system configuration are described below.

#### 2.2.1 Applicable modules and number of CPUs that can be mounted

- (1) Applicable modules and number of CPUs that can be mounted The CPU modules and network modules (for remote I/O station) to which the QJ61BT11 can be installed and number of modules that can be installed are listed in the table below.
  - (a) When performing the parameter setting with the GX Developer

Applicable module Number		Number of CPUs that can be mounted	Remark
CPU module	Q02CPU Q02HCPU Q06HCPU Q12HCPU Q25HCPU	Maximum 4	It can be mounted only with the Q mode. (* <sup>1</sup> )
	Q00JCPU Q00CPU Q01CPU	Maximum 2 (* <sup>2</sup> )	(* <sup>1</sup> )
	QJ72LP25-25 QJ72BR15 QJ72LP25G QJ71LP25GE	Maximum 4	_

(b) When performing the parameter setting with the dedicated instructions.

Applicable module		Number of CPUs that can be mounted ( $^{*3}$ )	Remark	
CPU module	Q02CPU Q02HCPU Q06HCPU Q12HCPU Q25HCPU	Maximum 64	It can be mounted only with the Q mode. (* <sup>1</sup> )	
	Q00JCPU Q00CPU Q01CPU	Maximum 2 ( * <sup>2</sup> )	(* <sup>1</sup> )	

\*1 See User's Manual (Function Explanation, Program Fundamentals) for the CPU module to use.

\*2 When using Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU, use the QJ61BT11 which function version is B or later.

\*3 When using the QJ61BT11 as the local station, perform the parameter setting with the GX Developer.

The Maximum number of CPU's that can be mounted is 4, when using the QJ61BT11 as the local station.

#### (2) Mountable base unit

QJ61BT11 can be mounted on any of the base unit's I/O slots (\*4). However, depending on combinations with other mounted modules and the number of mountings, there may be cases where the power capacity is insufficient. Be sure to consider the power capacity when mounting the module.

\*4 Must be inside the point number range of 1 CPU unit and network module (for remote I/O station).

#### (3) Applicable software package

The software package available for the QJ61BT11 is listed below:

Manual name	Model name	Remarks	
		Required MELSEC PLC	
GX Developer	SWnD5C-GPPW-E *5	programming software.	
GA Developel		"n" in the model name is 4 or	
		greater.	

\*5 When the function after the function version B is used and the QJ61BT11, n in the model name is 6 or greater.

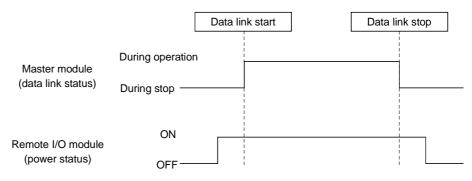
When the QJ61BT11 is installed to the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU, "n" should be 7 or greater.

#### 2.2.2 Notes on the system configuration

The system should be designed with the following considerations to prevent mis-input from the remote I/O modules:

#### (1) When powering on and off

Start the data link after turning on the power to the remote I/O modules. Turn off the power to the remote I/O modules after stopping the data link.

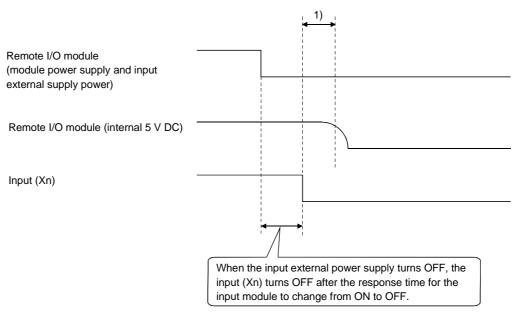


- (2) During momentary power failure of the remote I/O modules When a momentary power failure occurs in the power (24 V DC) being supplied to the remote I/O modules, mis-input may occur.
  - (a) Cause for mis-input due to a momentary power failure The remote I/O module hardware uses the power by internally converting the module power (24 V DC) to 5 V DC.
     When a momentary power failure occurs in a remote I/O module, the

following condition occurs: (Time for the 5 V DC power in the remote I/O module to turn off) >

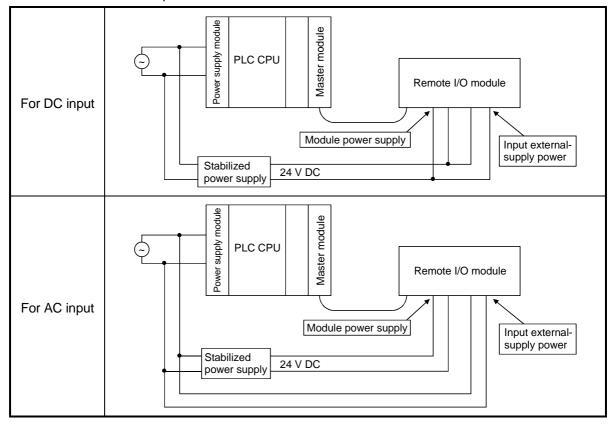
(Response time for input module on  $\rightarrow$  off)

Therefore, mis-input occurs when a refresh is performed within the time indicated by 1) in the figure below.



(b) Countermeasure for mis-input

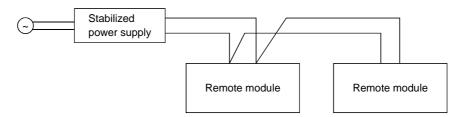
For the power supply module, the stabilized power supply and the input external supply power of AC input, wire the power cables from the same power source.



### REMARK

When supplying power from a single power source to multiple remote I/O modules, select the proper type of cable and perform the wiring in consideration of the voltage decline.

Connections can be established if the receiving port voltage at the remote I/O module is within the specified range of the remote I/O module to be used.



### 2.2.3 Equipment list

#### Table 2.1 lists the equipment that configures the CC-Link.

#### Table 2.1 Equipment list (1/4)

Product name	Model name	Description	Number of occupied stations	Station type
Master/local module	QJ61BT11	Master/local module for Q series		
	A1SJ61BT11	Master/local module for AnS series		
	AJ61BT11	Master/local module for A series	For a local station,	Master station or local station
	A1SJ61QBT11	Master/local module for Q2AS series	1 or 4 stations	
	AJ61QBT11	Master/local module for QnA series		
	AJ65BTB1-16D	<ul> <li>1-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared)</li> <li>24 V DC, 7 mA, 16 points/common</li> </ul>	1	
	AJ65BTB2-16D	2-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 16 points/common		
	AJ65BTC1-32D	1-line DC input 32-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 32 points/common		
	AJ65BTB1-16T	1-line transistor output 16-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ54BTB2-16T	2-line transistor output 16-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65BTC1-32T	1-line transistor output 32-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 2 A/common, 32 points/common		Remote I/O
	AJ65BTB2-16R	2-line contact output 16-point module 24 V DC/240 V AC, 2 A/point, 8 A/common, 8 points/common		
Remote I/O module	AJ65BTB1-16DT	I/O module Input: 1-line DC input 8 points (positive common) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 8 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 8 points (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 8 points/common		
	AJ65BTB2-16DT	I/O module Input: 2-line DC input 8 points (positive common) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 8 points/common Output: 2- line transistor output 8 points (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65BTB2-16DR	<ul> <li>I/O module</li> <li>Input: 2-line DC input 8 points (positive common/negative common shared)</li> <li>24 V DC, 7 mA, 8 points/common</li> <li>Output: 2-line contact output 8 points</li> <li>24 V DC/240 V AC, 2 A/point, 8 A/common, 8 points/common</li> </ul>	1 station	station
	AJ65SBTB1-8D	1-line DC input 8-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-16D	1-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-16D1	1-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 16 points/common, high-speed response type		
Compact type	AJ65SBTB1-32D	1-line DC input 32-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 32 points/common		
remote I/O module	AJ65SBTB1-32D1	1-line DC input 32-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 32 points/common, high-speed response type		
	AJ65SBTB2-8A	1-line AC input 8-point module 100 to 120 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 7 mA, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-16A	1-line AC input 16-point module 100 to 120 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 7 mA, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTC1-32D	1-line DC input 32-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 32 points/common		
	AJ65SBTC1-32D1	1-line DC input 32-point module (positive common/negative common shared)         24 V DC, 5 mA, 32 points/common, high-speed response type		

Table 2.1 Equipment list (2	2/4)
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Product name	Model name	Description	Number of occupied stations	Station type
	AJ65SBTCF1-32D	1-line DC input 32-point module (positive common/negative common shared) FCN connector type 24 V DC, 5 mA, 32 pints/common		
	AJ65SBTC4-16D	2, 3, 4-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTW4-16D	Waterproof, 4-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 16 points/common, waterproof type		
	AJ65SBTB3-8D	3-line DC input 8-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB3-16D	3-line DC input 16-point module (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2N-8A	2-line AC input 8-point module 100 to 120 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 7 mA, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2N-16A	2-line AC input 16-point module 100 to 120 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 7 mA, 16 points/common		Remote I/O station
	AJ65VBTCU3-8D1	3-line DC input 8-point module (positive common) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 8 pints/common one-touch connector type		
	AJ65VBTCU3-16D1	3-line DC input 16-point module (positive common) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 16 pints/common one-touch connector type	1 station	
	AJ65FBTA4-16D	2,3,4-line DC input 16-point module (positive common) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 16 points/common low profile waterproof type		
Compact type	AJ65FBTA4-16DE	2,3,4-line DC input 16-point module (negative common) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 16 points/common low profile waterproof type		
remote I/O module	AJ65SBTB1-8T	1-line transistor output 8-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 2.4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-8TE	1-line transistor output 8-point module (source) 12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-8R	8-line relay output 8-point module 24 V DC/240 V AC, 2A/point, 4A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-8S	8-line triac output 8-point module 100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 0.6 A/point, 2.4A/common, 8 point/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-16T	1-line transistor output 16-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 3.6 A/common, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-16T1	1-line transistor output 16-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5A/point, 3.6 A/common, 16 points/common, Power leakage at OFF Low-power type		
	AJ65SBTB1-16TE	1-line transistor output 16-point module (source) 12/24 V CD, 0.1 A/point, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-16R	1-line relay output 16-point module 24 V DC/240 V AC, 2 A/point, 4 A/common, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-16S	1-line triac output 16-point module 100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 0.6 A/point, 4.8 A/common, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-32T	1-line transistor output 32-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 4.8 A/common, 32 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-32T1	1-line transistor output 32-point module (sink) 12/24 VDC, 0.5 A/point, 4.8 A/common, 32 points/common, Power leakage at OFF Low power type		
	AJ65SBTC1-32T	1-line transistor output 32-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 32 points/common		
	AJ65SBTCF1-32T	1-line transistor output 32-point module (sink) FCN connector type 12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 32 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-8T	2-line transistor output 8-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 2.4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2-16T	2-line transistor output 16-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 3.6 A/common, 16 points/common		

Product name	Model name	Description	Number of occupied stations	Station type
	AJ65SBTB2N-8R	2-line relay output 8-point module 24 V DC/240 V AC, 2 A/point, 4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2N-16R	2-line relay output 16-point module 24 V DC/240 V AC, 2 A/point, 8 A/common, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2N-8S	2-line triac output 8-point module 100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 0.6 A/point, 2.4 A/common, 8 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB2N-16S	2-line triac output 16-point module		
	AJ65VBTCU2-8T	<ul> <li>100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 0.6 A/point, 4.8 A/common, 16 points/common</li> <li>2-line transistor output 8-point module (sink)</li> <li>12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 0.8 A/common, 8 points/common</li> <li>one-touch connector type</li> </ul>		
	AJ65VBTCU2-16T	2-line transistor output 16-point module (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 1.6 A/common, 16 points/common one-touch connector type		
	AJ65SBTB1-32DT	I/O module Input: 1-line DC input 16-point (positive common) 24 V DC, 7 mA, 32 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 16-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 32 points/common		Remote I/O station
	AJ65SBTC1-32DT	I/O module Input: 1-line DC input 16 points (positive common) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 32 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 16 points (sink) 24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 32 points/common	1 station	
Compact type	AJ65SBTC1-32DT1	I/O module, high-speed response type Input: 1-line DC input 16 points (positive common) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 32 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 16 points (sink) 24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 32 points/common		
remote I/O module	AJ65SBTCF1-32DT	I/O module FCN connector type Input: 1-line DC input 16-point (positive common/negative common shared) 24 V DC. 5 mA, 16 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 16-point (sink) 12/24 V DC, 0.1 A/point, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTC4-16DT	I/O module Input: 2, 3, 4-line DC input 8 points (positive common) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 16 points/common Output: 2, 3, 4-line transistor output 8 points (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTW4-16DT	I/O module, waterproof type Input: Waterproof, 4-line DC input 8-point (positive common) 24 V DC, 5 mA, 16 points/common Output: Waterproof, 4-line transistor output 8-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-16DT	I/O module Input: 1-line DC input 8-point (positive common) 24 V DC. 7 mA, 16 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 8-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-16DT1	I/O module Input: 1-line DC input 8-point (positive common) 24 V DC. 5 mA, 16 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 8-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 16 points/common		
	AJ65SBTB1-32DT1	I/O module Input: 1-line DC input 16-point (positive common) 24 V DC. 5 mA, 32 points/common Output: 1-line transistor output 16-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 32 points/common		

Table 2.1	Equipment list	(4/4)
		( '' ' <i>'</i>

Product name	Model name	Description	Number of occupied stations	Station type
Compact type	AJ65SBTB32-8DT	I/O module Input: 3-line DC input 4-point (positive common) 24 V DC. 7 mA, 8 points/common Output: 2-line transistor output 4-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 8 points/common		Remote I/O
remote I/O module	AJ65SBTB32-16DT	I/O module Input: 3-line DC input 8-point (positive common) 24 V DC. 7 mA, 16 points/common Output: 2-line transistor output 8-point (sink) 24 V DC, 0.5 A/point, 16 points/common	1 station	station
Compact type analog-digital converter module	AJ65SBT-64AD	4-channel input Analog input: –10 V to +10 V, 0 mA to 20 mA Digital output: –4000 to +4000, 0 to + 4000	1 station	
Compact type digital-analog converter module	AJ65SBT-62DA	2-channel output Digital input: –4000 to +4000, 0 to + 4000 Analog output: –10 V to +10 V, 0 mA to 20 mA		
Analog-digital converter module	AJ65BT-64AD	4-channel input Analog input: –10 V to +10 V, –20 mA to 20 mA Digital output: –2000 to +2000, 0 to + 4000		
Digital-analog	AJ65BT-64DAV	4-channel voltage output Digital input: -2000 to +2000 Analog output: -10 V to +10 V	2 stations	Remote device station
converter module	AJ65BT-64DAI	4-channel current output Digital input: 0 to +4000 Analog output: 4 mA to 20 mA		
	AJ65BT-D62	24 bit binary, 5/12/24 V DC input type 200 kpps, 2-channel	4 stations	
High-speed counter module	AJ65BT-D62D	24 bit binary, 5/12/24 V DC input type 400 kpps, 2-channel		
	AJ65BT-D62D-S1	24 bit binary, differential input type 400 kpps, 2-channel		
Thermocouple temperature input module	AJ65BT-68TD	For connecting thermocouple Temperature input 8 channels		
Platinum temperature	AJ65BT-64RD3	For connecting Pt 100 (3 wire type) Temperature input 4 channels		
measuring resistor Pt100 temperature input module	AJ65BT-64RD4	For connecting Pt 100 (4 wire type) Temperature input 4 channels	4 stations	
ID interface module	AJ65BT-D32ID2	Number of readers/writers that can be connected is 2		Remote device station
Graphic	A852GOT-LWD/LBD	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		Station
operation terminal	A852GOT-SWD/SBD	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	2 or 4 stations	
Communication module for CC- Link connection	A8GT-J61BT15	CC-Link I/F module for GOT (for remote device station)		
PC interface board	A80BD-J61BT13	CC-Link interface board for DOS/V PC (for PCI bus slot)	1 or 4 station (s)	Local station
RS-232C interface module	AJ65BT-R2	Computer link function RS-232C, 1-channel	1 station	
Positioning module	AJ65BT-D75P2-S3	For positioning control, pulse chain output 2 axes (independent, simultaneous dual axes, dual-axis linear interpolation, dual-axis arc interpolation)	4 stations	
Communication module for CC- Link connection	nodule for CC- A8GT-J61BT13 CC-Link I/F module for GO1 (for intelligent device station)		1 or 4 station (s)	station
Peripheral device connection module	AJ65BT-G4-S3	For peripheral device connection RS-422, 1 channel	1 station	

See the CC-Link Partner Association homepage http://www.cc-link.org/ for a list of products by partner manufacturers.

2.2.4 How to check the function version and serial No.

The following describes how to check the function version and serial No..

(1) How to check the function version and serial No. of the QJ61BT11
 (a) Checking the "SERIAL column of the rating plate" on the module side

CC-Link	MELSEC-Q	
MITSUBISHI	PASSED	
	000-В	<ul> <li>Serial No. (first 5 digits)</li> <li>Function version</li> </ul>

(b) See Section 13.4 for how to check the function version with GX Developer.

#### 2.2.5 About Version 1.10

Version 1.10 modules have a uniform station-to-station cable length of 20 cm or more by improving the restrictions on the conventional station-to-station cable length. In contrast, the conventional modules are defined as Version 1.00. See Section 3.1.2 for the maximum overall cable distance of Version 1.10. In order to make the station-to-station cable length uniformly 20 cm or more, the following conditions are required:

1) All the modules that make up the CC-Link system must be of Version 1.10.

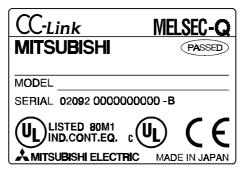
2) All the data link cables must be CC-Link dedicated cables conforming to Version 1.10.

#### POINT

The specifications for Version 1.00 should be used for the maximum cable overall distance and station-to-station cable length if a system contains modules and cables of both Version 1.00 and Version 1.10.

See Section 3.1.1 for the maximum overall cable distance and station-to-station cable length of Version 1.00.

 How to check if the module is of Version 1.10 Modules of Version 1.10 have the logo "CC-Link" on the "rating plate."



#### 2.2.6 About use of the QJ61BT11 with the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU

Here, use of the QJ61BT11 with the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU is explained.

- Number of QJ61BT11 that can be installed when the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU is used
   See item 2.2.1 concerning the number of QJ61BT11 that can be installed when the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU is used.
- (2) Limitations when using the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU
  - (a) Use the QJ61BT11 of function version B or later when using the Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU.
     The QJ61BT11 of function version A cannot be used.
  - (b) It is not possible to generate events for interrupt programs.
  - (c) The default parameters are set differently at automatic CC-Link startup. See Section 4.4.3 for details.

# **3 SPECIFICATIONS**

This section describes the specifications of the QJ61BT11. For the general specifications of the QJ61BT11, refer to the user's manual for the CPU module to be used.

#### 3.1 Performance Specifications

Table 3.1 lists the performance specifications of the CC-Link.

Item	Specification		
Transmission rate	Can select from 156 kbps/ 625 kbps/ 2.5 Mbps/ 5 Mbps/ 10 Mbps		
Maximum overall cable distance (Maximum transmission distance)	Varies according to the transmission rate (See Section 3.1.1)		
Maximum number of connected stations (master station)	64 However, the following conditions must be satisfied: $\{(1 \times a) + (2 \times b) + (3 \times c) + (4 \times d)\} \le 64$ a: Number of modules occupying 1 station b: Number of modules occupying 2 stations c: Number of modules occupying 3 stations d: Number of modules occupying 4 stations $\{(16 \times A) + (54 \times B) + (88 \times C)\} \le 2304$ A: Number of remote I/O stations $\le 64$ B: Number of remote device stations $\le 42$ C: Number of local stations, standby master stations, or intelligent device stations $\le 26$		
Number of occupied stations (local station)	1 to 4 stations The number of stations can be switched using the GX Developer parameter setting. * <sup>1</sup>		
Maximum number of link points per system	Remote I/O (RX, RY)       : 2048 points         Remote register (RWw)       : 256 points         Remote register (RWr)       : 256 points	(master station → remote device station/local station/ intelligent device station/standby master station) (remote device station/local station/ intelligent device station/standby master station → master station)	
Remote station/local station/intelligent device station/standby master station Number of link points per station	Remote I/O (RX, RY)       : 32 points       (local station is 30 points)         Remote register (RWw)       : 4 points       (master station → remote device station/local station/ intelligent device station/standby master station)         Remote register (RWr)       : 4 points       (remote device station/local station/ intelligent device station/standby		
Communication method Synchronous method	master station → master station)         Polling method         Flag synchronous method		
Encoding method	NRZI method		
Transmission path	Bus (RS-485)		
Transmission format		Conforms to HDLC	
Error control system	$CRC (X^{16} + X^{12} + X^5 + 1)$		
Connection cable	CC-Link dedicated cable/ CC-Link dedicated high performance cable *2		
RAS function	<ul> <li>Automatic return function</li> <li>Slave station cut-off function</li> <li>Error detection by the link special relay/register</li> </ul>		
Number of I/O occupied points	32 points (I/O assignment: Intelligent 32 points)		
5 V DC internal current consumption	0.46 A		
Weight	0.12 kg		

Table 3.1 Performance specifications

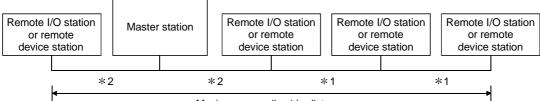
\*1 1 station or 4 stations for QJ61BT11 of the function version A.

\*2 The CC-Link dedicated cable and CC-Link dedicated high performance cable cannot be used together. Also, use the terminal resister that matches to the types of cables. (See Section 7.5)

### 3.1.1 Maximum overall cable distance (for Ver. 1.00)

The relationship between the transmission speed and the maximum overall cable distance is described below:

 For a system consisting of only remote I/O stations and remote device stations



Maximum overall cable distance

- \*1 Cable length between remote I/O stations or remote device stations.
- \*2 Cable length between the master station and the adjacent stations.

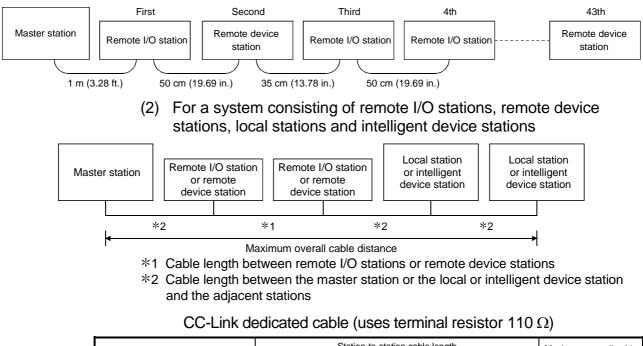
#### CC-Link dedicated cable (uses terminal resistor 110 $\Omega$ )

	Station-to-station cable length		Maximum overall cable
Transmission rate	* 1	* 2	distance
156 kbps			1200 m (3937.2 ft.)
625 kbps	30 cm (11.81 in.) or more		600 m (1968.6 ft.)
2.5 Mbps		1 m (3.28 ft.) or more	200 m (656.2 ft.)
4	30 cm (11.81 in.) to		110 m (360.9 ft.)
5 Mbps	59 cm (23.23 in.) * 60 cm (23.62 in.) or more		150 m (492.15 ft.)
	30 cm (11.81 in.) to 59 cm (23.23 in.) *		50 m (164.1 ft.)
10 Mbps	60 cm (23.62 in.) to 99 cm (38.98 in.) *		80 m (262.5 ft.)
	1 m (3.28 ft.) or more		100 m (328.1 ft.)

#### CC-Link dedicated high performance cable (uses terminal resistor 130 $\Omega$ )

		Station-to-station cable length		Maximum overall cable
Tra	ansmission rate	* 1	* 2	distance
	156 kbps			1200 m (3937.2 ft.)
	625 kbps			900 m (2952.9 ft.)
	2.5 Mbps	30 cm (11.81 in.) or more		400 m (1312.4 ft.)
	5 Mbps			160 m (524.96 ft.)
	Number of connected stations: 1 to 32			100 m (328.1 ft.)
	Number of connected	30 cm (11.81 in.) to 39 cm (15.35 in.) *	1 m (3.28 ft.) or more	80 m (262.5 ft.)
10 Mhaa	stations: 33 to 48	40 cm (15.75 in.) or more		100 m (328.1 ft.)
TO IVIDPS	10 Mbps Number of connected stations: 49 to 64	30 cm (11.81 in.) to 39 cm (15.35 in.) *		20 m (65.52 ft.)
		40 cm (15.75 in.) to 69 cm (27.17 in.) *		30 m (98.43 ft.)
		70 cm (27.56 in.) or more		100 m (328.1 ft.)

\* The cable length between remote I/O stations or remote device stations is within this range and if even one location is wired, the maximum overall cable distance will be as indicated above. (Example) When the transmission rate is 10 Mbps, and 43 remote I/O stations and remote device stations are connected using the CC-Link dedicated high performance cable, because the cable connecting the second and third stations is "35 cm (13.78 in.)", the maximum overall cable distance will be "80 cm (31.5 in.)".



Transmission rate	Station-to-station cable length * 1 * 2		Maximum overall cable
	* ·	÷ 2	distance
156 kbps			1200 m (3937.2 ft.)
625 kbps	30 cm (11.81 in.) or more		600 m (1968.6 ft.)
2.5 Mbps			200 m (656.2 ft.)
5 Mars	30 cm (11.81 in.) to		440 (000 0 # )
5 Mbps	59 cm (23.23 in.) *		110 m (360.9 ft.)
	60 cm (23.62 in.) or more	2 m (6.56 ft.) or more	150 m (492.15 ft.)
	30 cm (11.81 in.) to		50 m (404 4 ft)
10.1.1	59 cm (23.23 in.) *		50 m (164.1 ft.)
10 Mbps	60 cm (23.62 in.) to		00 (000 E (t))
	99 cm (38.98 in.) *		80 m (262.5 ft.)
	1 m (3.28 ft.) or more		100 m (328.1 ft.)

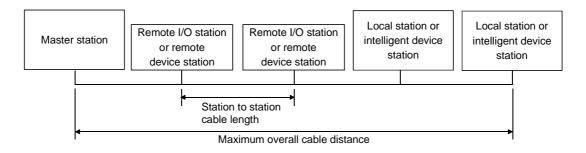
#### CC-Link dedicated high performance cable (uses terminal resistor 130 $\Omega$ )

	Station-to-statio	Station-to-station cable length	
Transmission rate	* 1	* 2	distance
156 kbps			1200 m (3937.2 ft.)
625 kbps	30 cm (11.81 in.) or more		600 m (1968.6 ft.)
2.5 Mbps			200 m (656.2 ft.)
5 Mbps	30 cm (11.81 in.) to 59 cm (23.23 in.) *	2 m (6.56 ft.) or more	110 m (360.9 ft.)
	60 cm (23.62 in.) or more		150 m (492.15 ft.)
10 Mbps	70 cm (27.56 in.) to 99 cm (38.98 in.) *		50 m (164.1 ft.)
	1 m (3.28 ft.) or more		80 m (262.5 ft.)

\* The cable length between remote I/O stations or remote device stations is within this range and if even one location is wired, the maximum overall cable distance will be as indicated above.

# 3.1.2 Maximum overall cable distance (for Ver. 1.10)

The relation of the transmission speed and maximum overall cable distance when configuring the entire system with Version 1.10 modules and cable is shown below.



# Version 1.10 compatible CC-Link dedicated cable (terminal resistor of $110\Omega$ used)

Transmission speed	Station to station cable length	Maximum overall cable distance
156kbps		1200m
625kbps		900m
2.5Mbps	20cm or longer	400m
5Mbps		160m
10Mbps		100m

# 3.2 CC-Link Dedicated Cable

Use the CC-Link dedicated cable for the CC-Link system. If a cable other than the CC-Link dedicated cable is used, the performance of the CC-Link system cannot be guaranteed.

If you have any questions regarding the CC-Link dedicated cable, or if you wish to see its specifications, see the CC-Link Partner Association homepage http://www.cc-link.org/.

# **4 FUNCTIONS**

This chapter explains the functions of QJ61BT11, dividing them into four sections: "Basic Functions", "Functions for Improving System Reliability", "Handy Functions" and "Transient Transmission Functions".

# 4.1 Function List

(1) Table 4.1 lists the "basic functions".

Item	Description	Reference section
Communication with remote I/O station	Performs on/off data communication with remote I/O station.	Section 4.2.1
Communication with remote device station	Performs on/off data and numeric data communication with remote device station.	Section 4.2.2
Communication with local station	Performs on/off data and numeric data communication with local station.	Section 4.2.3
Communication with intelligent device station	Performs communication with intelligent device station, cyclic transmission, and transient transmission.	Section 4.2.4
Parameter setting with GX Developer	Sets the network parameter, automatic refresh parameter with the GX Developer.	Section 4.2.5
Parameter setting with dedicated instruction	Sets the network parameter with the RLPASET instruction.	Section 4.2.6

Table 4.1 List of the "basic functions"

(2) Table 4.2 lists the "functions for improving system reliability".

# Table 4.2 List of the "functions for improving system reliability"

Item	Description	Reference section
Slave station cut-off function	Disconnects the module that cannot continue the data link because of power off, and continues the data link with only the normal modules.	Section 4.3.1
Automatic return function	When a module, which has been disconnected from the data link because of power off, returns to the normal status, it automatically joins the data link.	Section 4.3.2
Data link status setting when the master station PLC CPU has an error	Sets the data link status when an error that enables the operation to continue occurs at the master station PLC CPU.	Section 4.3.3
Setting the status of input data from a data link faulty station	Sets the status (clear/hold) of the input (receive) data from a station that became data link faulty because of power off.	Section 4.3.4
Standby master function	Continues the data link by switching to the standby master station when a problem occurs in the master station.	Section 4.3.5

(3) Table 4.3 lists the "handy functions".

# Table 4.3 List of the "handy functions"

Item		Description	Reference section
Remote device station initialization procedure registration function	Performs initial setting of remote device station using GX Developer.		Section 4.4.1
Event issuance for the interrupt program	Issues events when the conditions set by GX Developer are established and causes the PLC CPU to run an interrupt program.		Section 4.4.2
Automatic CC-Link startup	Starts the CC-Link au	utomatically by turning the power on.	Section 4.4.3
Remote net mode		ation with all stations (remote station, local vice station, and standby master station).	Section 4.4.4
Remote I/O net mode	Shortens the link sca master station and re	n time for a system consisting only of the emote I/O stations.	Section 4.4.5
Reserved station function	By assigning modules that will be connected in the future as reserved stations, they will not be treated as data link faulty stations. If any of the connected modules is specified, it cannot perform data link.		Section 4.4.6
Error invalid station setting function	Prevents modules that may be powered off in the system configuration from being treated as data link faulty stations by setting the network parameters.		Section 4.4.7
Scan synchronous function	Synchronous mode	Performs link scan by synchronizing with sequence scan.	Section 4.4.8
	Asynchronous mode	Perform link scan without synchronizing with sequence scan.	
Temporary error invalid station setting function	Prevents modules specified by GX Developer from being treated as data link faulty stations temporarily during online operation.		Section 4.4.9
Data link stop/restart	Stops or restarts the data link that is being executed.		Section 4.4.10
Station number overlap checking function	Checks for the overlapping of occupied stations and whether or not more than one module having a station number setting of 0 exists in the system.		Section 4.4.11
Multiple PLC system support	Allows monitoring and reading/writing programs from/to any CPU in a multiple PLC system mounted with the QJ61BT11 via AJ65BT-G4-S3 or other station CPUs.		Section 4.4.12

(4) Table 4.4 lists the "functions for transient transmission".

# Table 4.4 List of the "functions for transient transmission"

Item	Description	Reference section
Transient transmission	Specifies a counterpart and communicates at an arbitrary timing.	Section 4.5.1

# 4.2 Basic Functions

This section explains the basic functions of the QJ61BT11.

#### 4.2.1 Communication with the remote I/O stations

Two types of communication modes are available for the CC-Link system: remote net mode and remote I/O net mode.

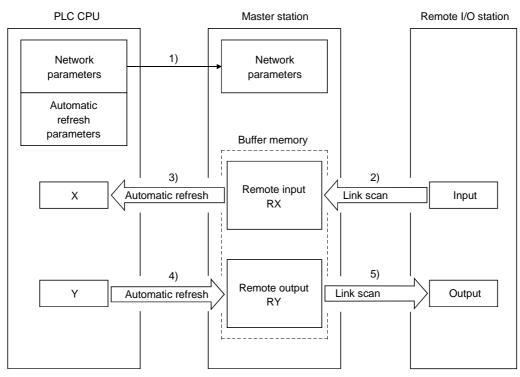
#### (1) Remote net mode

In this mode, it is possible to communicate with all stations (remote I/O station, remote device station, local station, intelligent device station, and standby master station). Thus, various systems can be configured according to their applications.

#### (2) Remote I/O net mode

In this mode, a high-speed cyclic transmission is performed for a system consisting only of the master station and remote I/O stations. Because of this, the link scan time can be shortened when compared to the remote net mode.

The following provides an overview of the communication between the master station and a remote I/O station using the remote I/O net mode. In the communication with the remote I/O station, the on/off data of the switches and indicator lamps are communicated through remote input RX and remote output RY.

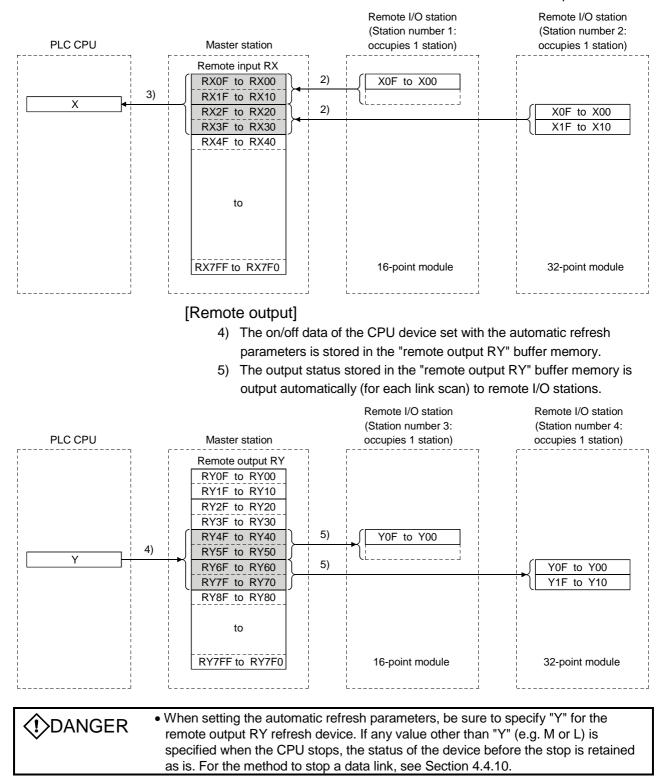


#### [Data link startup]

1) When the PLC system is powered on, the network parameters in the PLC CPU are transferred to the master station, and the CC-Link system automatically starts up.

#### [Remote input]

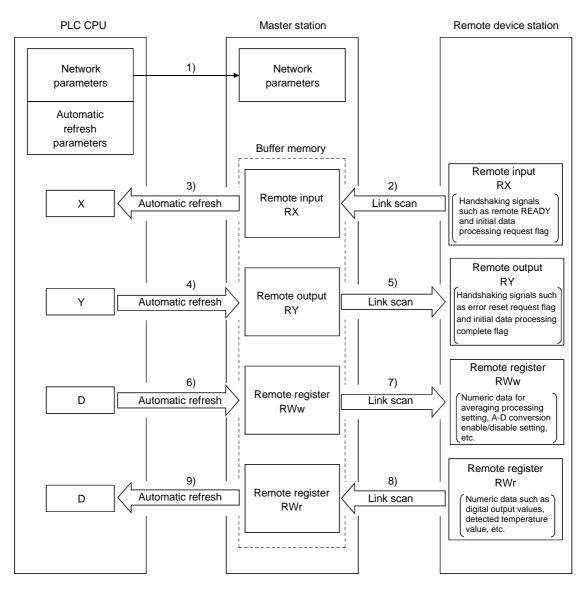
- 2) The input status of a remote I/O station is stored automatically (for each link scan) in the master station's "remote input RX" buffer memory.
- 3) The input status stored in the "remote input RX" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.



# 4.2.2 Communication with the remote device stations

This section explains an overview of the communication between the master and the remote device stations.

In the communication with remote device stations, the signals for handshaking with remote device stations (initial data request flag, error reset request flag, etc.) are communicated using remote input RX and remote output RX. Numeric data (averaging processing specification, digital output value, etc.) is communicated using remote register RWw and remote register RWr.

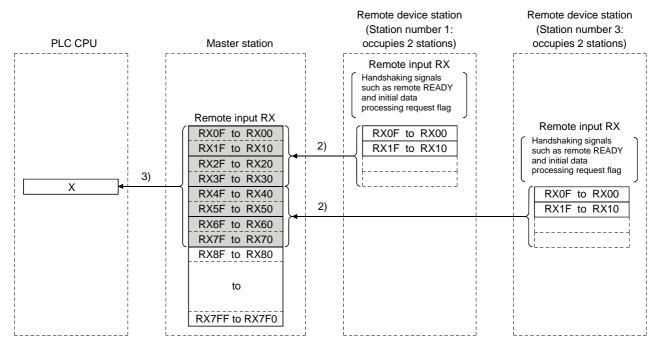


#### [Data link startup]

1) When the PLC system is powered on, the network parameters in the PLC CPU are transferred to the master station, and the CC-Link system automatically starts up.

#### [Remote input]

- The remote input RX of a remote device station is stored automatically (for each link scan) in the master station's "remote input RX" buffer memory.
- 3) The input status stored in the "remote input RX" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.

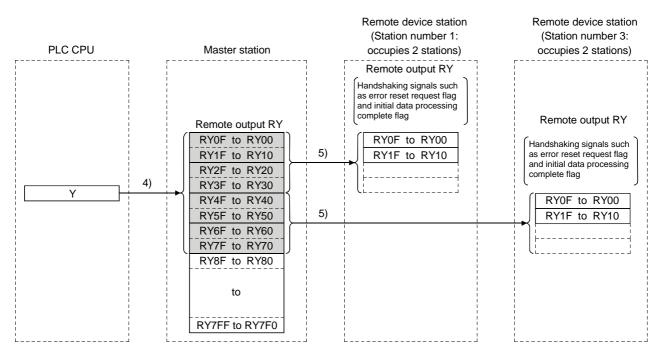


#### [Remote input RX when the AJ65BT-64AD is set to station number 1]

	Signal direction: AJ65BT-64AD $\rightarrow$ Master module		
Device No.	Signal name		
RX00	CH1 A-D conversion completed flag		
RX01	CH2 A-D conversion completed flag		
RX02	CH3 A-D conversion completed flag		
RX03	CH4 A-D conversion completed flag		
RX04			
to	Not used		
RX17			
RX18	Initial data processing request flag		
RX19	Initial data setting complete flag		
RX1A	Error status flag		
RX1B	Remote READY		
RX1C			
to	Not used		
RX1F			

# [Remote output]

- 4) The on/off data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory.
- Remote output RY is automatically set to on/off (for each link scan) according to the output status stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory.

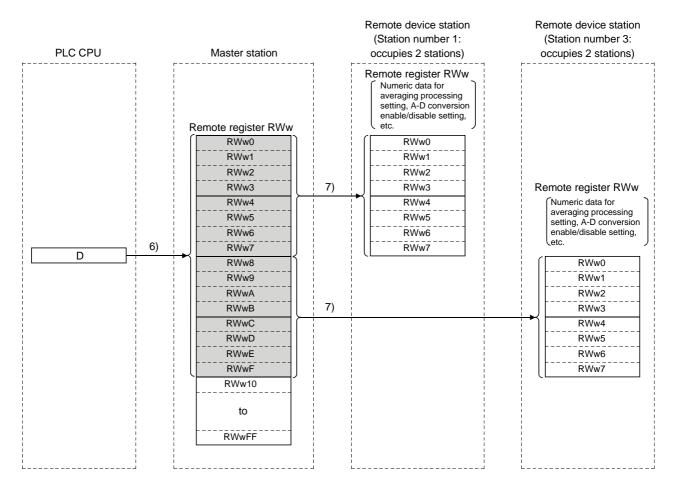


#### [Remote output RY when the AJ65BT-64AD is set to station number 1]

	Signal direction: Master module $\rightarrow$ AJ65BT-64AD	
Device No.	Signal name	
RY00	Selection of offset/gain values	
RY01	Selection of voltage/current	
RY02		
to	Not used	
RY17		
RY18	Initial data setting complete flag	
RY19	Initial data processing request flag	
RY1A	Error reset request flag	
RY1B		
to	Not used	
RY1F		

### [Writing to the remote register RWw]

- 6) The transmission data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory.
- 7) The data stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory is automatically sent to the remote register RWw of each remote device station.



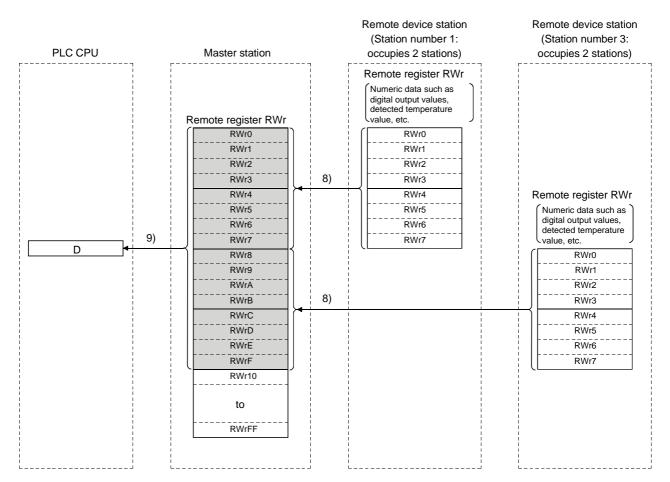
# [Remote register RWw when the AJ65BT-64AD is set to station number 1]

Signal direction: master module $\rightarrow$ AJ65BT-64AD				
Address	Description			
RWw0	Averaging process setting			
RWw1	CH1 average time, number of times			
RWw2	CH2 average time, number of times			
RWw3	CH3 average time, number of times			
RWw4	CH4 average time, number of times			
RWw5	Data format			
RWw6	A-D conversion enable/disable setting			
RWw7	Not used			

\* The data content to be written to the remote registers RWw0 to RWwn is predefined for each remote device station.

# [Reading from the remote register (RWr)]

- The remote register RWr data of a remote device station is automatically stored in the "remote register Rwr" buffer memory of the master station.
- 9) The remote register RWr data of a remote device station stored in the "remote register RWr" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.



# [Remote register RWr when the AJ65BT-64AD is set to station number 1]

Signal direction: AJ65BT-64AD $\rightarrow$ Master module					
Address	Description				
RWw0	CH1 digital output value				
RWw1	CH2 digital output value				
RWw2	CH3 digital output value				
RWw3	CH4 digital output value				
RWw4	Error code				
RWw5					
RWw6	Not used				
RWw7					

### 4.2.3 Communication with the local stations

This section explains an overview of the communication between the master and local stations.

(1) Communication between the master and local stations by cyclic transmission

Data communication between PLC CPUs can be performed in N:N mode using remote input RX and remote output RY (bit data used in local station systems) as well as remote register RWw and remote register RWr (word data for writing and reading used in local station systems).

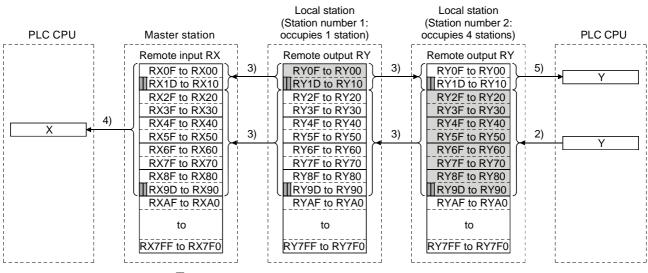
PLC CPU		Master station		Local station		Local station		PLC CPU
	ן ו		ן ר	(station number 1)	1 1	(station number 2)	ו ר	
Network parameters	1)	Network parameters				Network parameters	1)	Network parameters
Automatic refresh parameters								Automatic refresh parameters
		Buffer memory	1	Buffer memory		Buffer memory		
	4)	Remote input RX	3)	Remote output RY	3)	Remote output RY	5)	
Х	Automatic refresh	Receive area from local station No. 1	Link scan	Host station (station number 1) send area	Link scan	Receive area from local station No. 1	Automatic refresh	Y
x	Automatic refresh	Receive area from local station No. 2	Link scan	Receive area from local station No. 2	I 3) I Link scan	Host station (station number 2) send area	Automatic refresh	Y
		to		to		to		
	6)	Remote output RY	7)	Remote input RX	7)	Remote input RX	0)	
Y	Automatic refresh	Send area to local station No. 1	Link scan	Receive area from master station	Link scan	Receive area from master station	8) Automatic refresh	x
Y	6) Automatic refresh	Send area to local station No. 2	Link scan	from master station	Link scan	from master station	Automatic refresh	x
		to		to		to		
		Remote register		Remote register		Remote register		
	9)	RWw	10)	RWr	10)	RWr	11)	
D	Automatic refresh	Send area to local station No. 1	Link scan	Receive area from master station	Link scan	Receive area from master station	Automatic refresh	D
D	9) Automatic refresh	Send area to local station No. 2	Link scan	Receive area from master station	Link scan	Receive area from master station	Automatic refresh	D
		to		to		to		
	14)	Remote register RWr		Remote register RWw		Remote register RWw		
D	Automatic refresh	Receive area from local station No. 1	Link scan	Host station (station number 1) send area	Link scan	Receive area from local station No. 1	Automatic refresh	D
D	Automatic refresh	Receive area from local station No. 2	Link scan	Receive area from local station No. 2	Link scan	Host station (station number 2) send area	Automatic refresh	D
		to		to		to		
		J		¦L]¦  '		¦ <b>L</b>   		

[Data link startup]

1) When the PLC system is powered on, the network parameters in the PLC CPU are transferred to the master station and the CC-Link system starts up automatically.

[On/off data from a local station to the master station or other local stations]

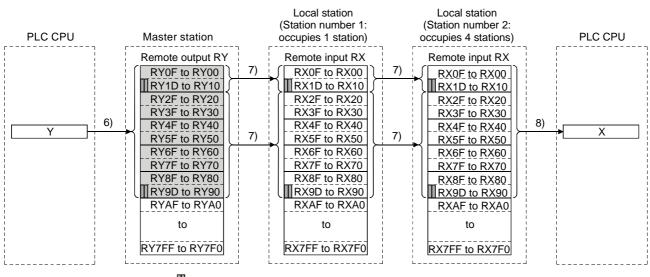
- 2) The on/off data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory of the local station. The remote output RY is used as output data in local station systems.
- 3) The data in the "remote output RY" buffer memory of the local station is automatically stored (for each link scan) in the "remote input RX" buffer memory of the master station and the "remote output RY" buffer memory of other local stations.
- The input status stored in the "remote input RX" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters. The remote input RX is used as input data in local station systems.
- 5) The input status stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.



The last two bits cannot be used in the communication between the master and local stations.

[On/off data from the master station to local stations]

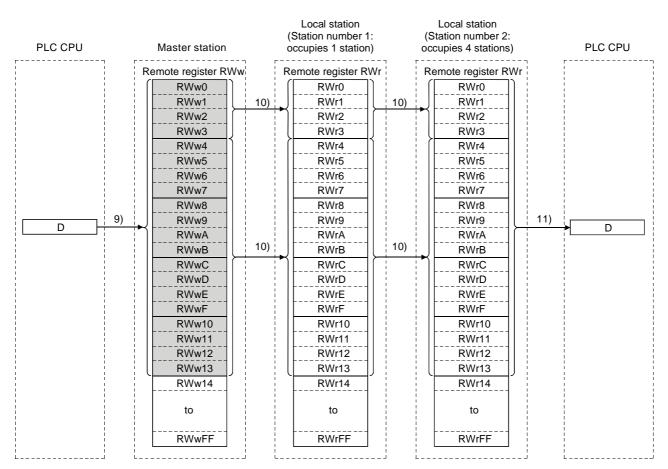
- 6) The on/off data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory of the master station.
- 7) The data in the "remote output RY" buffer memory is stored automatically (for each link scan) in the "remote input RX" buffer memory of the local station.
- 8) The input status stored in the buffer memory "remote input RX" is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.



The last two bits cannot be used in the communication between the master and local stations.

[Word data from the master station to all local stations]

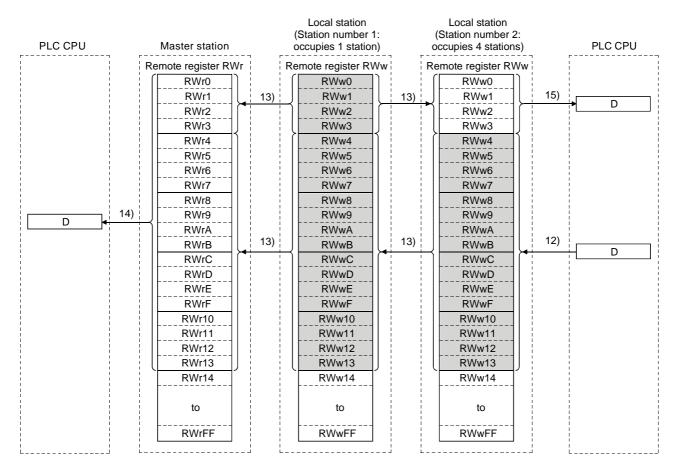
- 9) The word data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory of the master station. The remote register RWw is used as word data for writing in local station systems.
- 10) The data in the buffer memory "remote register RWw" is stored automatically (for each link scan) in the buffer memory "remote register RWr" of all local stations. The remote register RWr is used as word data for reading in local station systems.



11) The word data stored in the buffer memory "remote register RWr" is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.

# [Word data from a local station to the master and other local stations]

- 12) Word data set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory of the local station. However, the data is stored only in the area corresponding to its own station number.
- 13) The data in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory is stored automatically (for each link scan) in the "remote register RWr" of the master station and the "remote register RWw" of other local stations.
- 14) The word data stored in the "remote register RWr" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.
- 15) The word data stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.

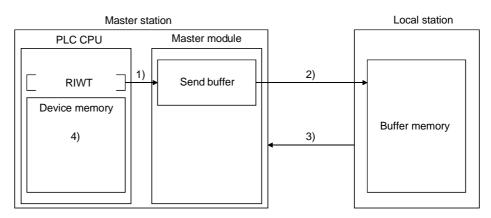


(2) Communication between the master and local stations by transient transmission

Transient transmission sends and receives data in 1 : 1 mode by specifying the opposite party at an arbitrary timing.

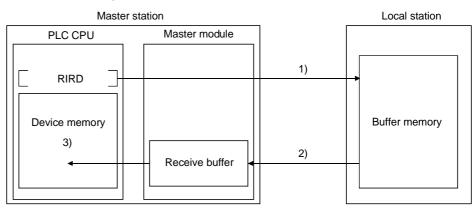
[Writing data to the buffer memory in a local station using the RIWT instruction]

- 1) Data to be written to the buffer memory in a local station is stored in the send buffer in the master module.
- 2) The data is written to the buffer memory in the local station.
- 3) The local station returns a writing complete response to the master station.
- 4) The devices specified with the RIWT instruction are turned on.



[Reading data from the buffer memory in a local station using the RIRD instruction]

- 1) The data in the buffer memory of the local station is accessed.
- 2) The data read is stored in the receive buffer of the master station.
- 3) The data is stored in the device memory of the PLC CPU and the devices specified with the RIRD instruction are turned on.



#### POINT

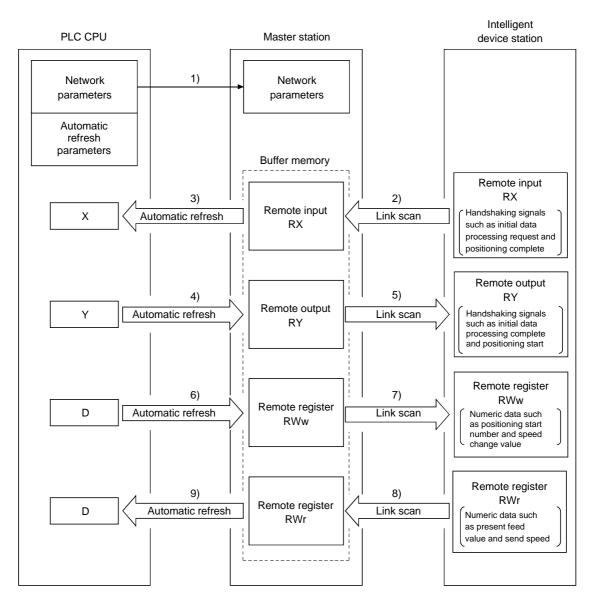
Before performing data communication using transient transmission, the sizes of the send and receive buffers must be set up in the buffer memory of the master station. For more details on setting the sizes of the send and receive buffers, see Section 6.2.

# 4.2.4 Communication with the intelligent device stations

This section explains an overview of the communication between the master and intelligent device stations.

(1) Communication between the master station and intelligent device stations by cyclic transmission

Handshaking signals with intelligent device stations (positioning complete, positioning start. etc.) are communicated using remote input RX and remote output RX. Numeric data (positioning start number, present feed value, etc.) is communicated using remote register RWw and remote register RWr.

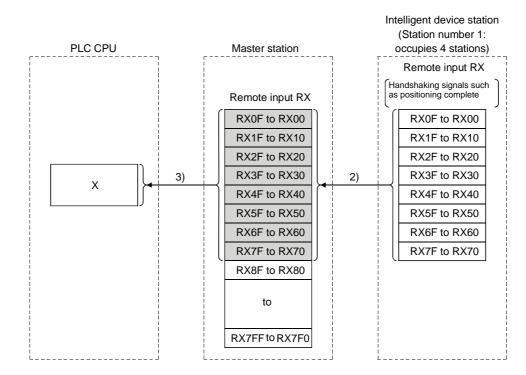


[Data link startup]

1) When the PLC system is powered on, the network parameters in the PLC CPU are transferred to the master station, and the CC-Link system automatically starts up.

#### [Remote input]

- The remote input RX of an intelligent device station is stored automatically (for each link scan) in the master station's "remote input RX" buffer memory.
- 3) The input status stored in the "remote input RX" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.

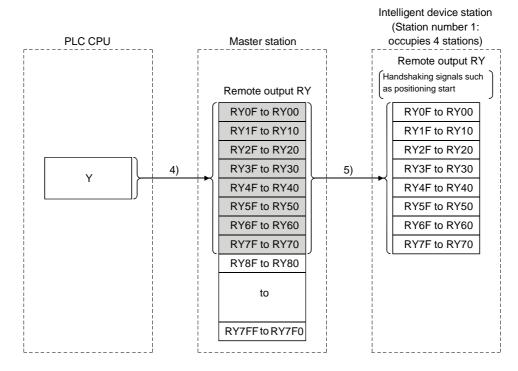


#### [Remote input RX when the AJ65BT-D75P2-S3 is set to station number 1]

Signal direction: AJ65BT-D75P2-S3 → Master module				
Device No.	Signal name			
RX00	D75P2 ready complete			
RX01	Single-axis start complete			
RX02	Dual-axis start complete			
RX03	Use prohibited			
RX04	Single-axis BUSY			
RX05	Dual-axis BUSY			
RX06	Use prohibited			
RX07	Single-axis positioning complete			
RX08	Dual-axis positioning complete			
to	to			

# [Remote output]

- 4) The on/off data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory.
- 5) Remote output RY of the intelligent device station is automatically set to on/off (for each link scan) according to the output status stored in the "remote output RY" buffer memory.

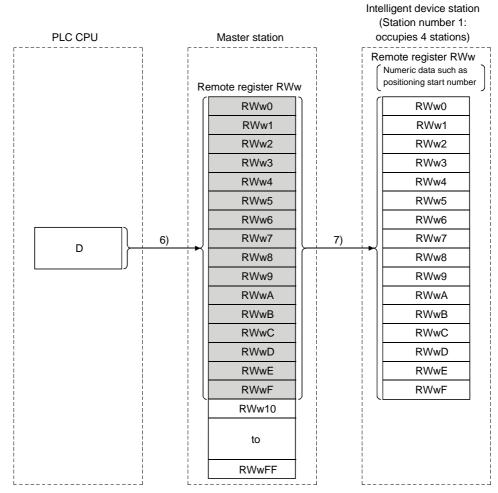


[Remote output RY when the AJ65BT- D75P2-S3 is set to station number 1]

Signal direction: AJ65BT-D75P2-S3 $\rightarrow$ Master module				
Address	Address Description			
RY01				
to	Use prohibited			
RY0F				
RY10	Single-axis positioning start			
RY11	Dual-axis positioning start			
RY12	Use prohibited			
RY13	Single-axis stop			
RY14	Dual-axis stop			
to	to			

#### [Writing to the remote register (RWw)]

- 6) The transmission data of the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters is stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory.
- 7) The data stored in the "remote register RWw" buffer memory is automatically sent to the remote register RWw of the intelligent device station.



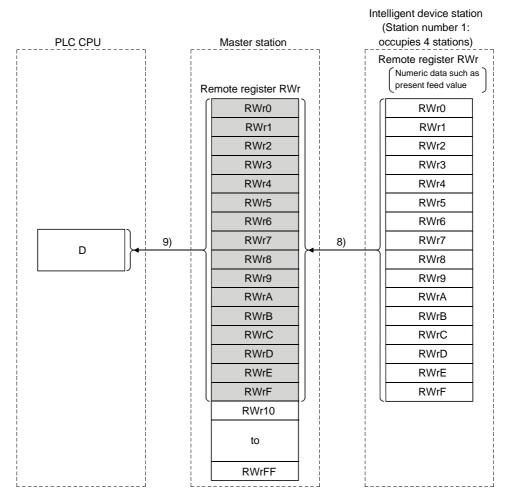
#### [Remote register RWw when the AJ65BT-D75P2-S3 is set to station number 1]

	Signal direction: Master module $ ightarrow$ AJ65BT-D75P2-S3			
Address	Description			
RWw0	Single-axis positioning start number			
RWw1	Single-axis override			
RWw2				
RWw3	Single-axis new present value			
RWw4				
RWw5	Single-axis new speed value			
RWw6				
RWw7	Single-axis JOG speed			
to	to			

\* The data content to be written to the remote registers RWw0 to RWwn is predefined for each intelligent device station.

#### [Reading from the remote register (RWr)]

- 8) The remote register RWr data of the intelligent device station is automatically stored in the "remote register Rwr" buffer memory of the master station.
- 9) The remote register RWr data of the intelligent device station stored in the "remote register RWr" buffer memory is stored in the CPU device set with the automatic refresh parameters.



# [Remote register RWw when the AJ65BT-D75P2-S3 is set to station number 1]

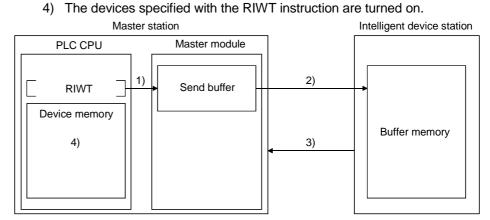
Signal direction: AJ65BT-D75P2-S3 $\rightarrow$ Master module				
Address	Description			
RWr0				
RWr1	Single-axis present feed value			
RWr2				
RWr3	Single-axis feed speed			
RWr4	Single-axis valid M code			
RWr5	Single-axis error number			
RWr6	Single-axis warning number			
RWr7	Single-axis operating status			
to	to			

(2) Communication between the master and intelligent device stations by transient transmission

Transient transmission sends and receives data in 1 : 1 mode by specifying the opposite party at an arbitrary timing.

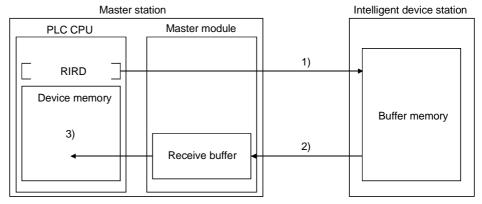
[Writing data to the buffer memory in the intelligent device station using the RIWT instruction]

- 1) Data to be written to the buffer memory in an intelligent device station is stored in the send buffer in the master module.
- 2) The data is written to the buffer memory in the intelligent device.
- 3) The intelligent device returns a writing complete response to the master station.



[Reading data from the buffer memory in the intelligent device station using the RIRD instruction]

- 1) The data in the buffer memory of an intelligent device station is accessed.
- 2) The data read is stored in the receive buffer of the master station.
- 3) The data is stored in the device memory of the PLC CPU and the devices specified with the RIRD instruction are turned on.



#### POINT

Before performing data communication using transient transmission, the sizes of the send and receive buffers must be set up in the buffer memory of the master station. For more details on setting the sizes of the send and receive buffers, see Section 6.2.

# 4.2.5 Parameter setting with GX Developer

Using GX Developer makes the setting of the network parameters and automatic refresh parameters easier.

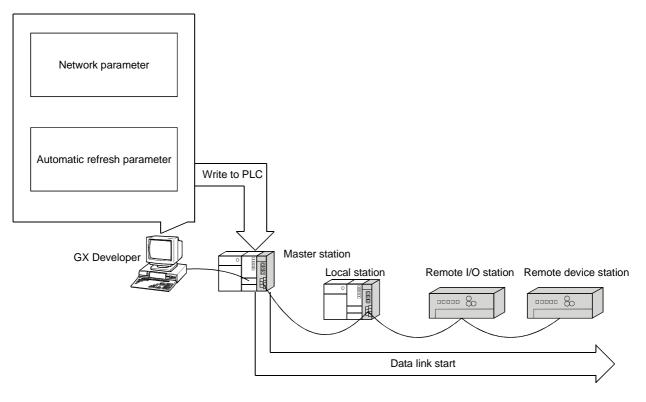
The data link is automatically started if GX Developer is used to set the parameters. Using GX Developer to set the parameters has the following advantages:

• It is not necessary to write a program for setting the parameters.

• It is possible to perform automatic refresh in the system.

#### POINT

In case a system includes both a module for which the network parameters are set by GX Developer and a module for which the network parameters are set by the dedicated instruction (RLPASET), the module for which the network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction should not be included in the "No. of boards in" setting of GX Developer.



[Setting method]

For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

### 4.2.6 Parameter setting with dedicated instruction

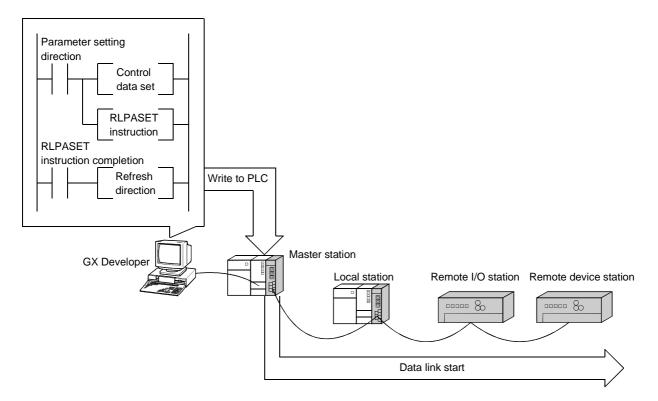
It is possible to use the RLPASET instruction to set the network parameters and start the data link.

Using the RLPASET instruction to set the parameters has the following advantages:

- It is possible to mount five or more QJ61BT11 modules (see Section 2.2.1 for details about the number of CPUs that can be mounted).
- It is possible to change the network parameter settings while the PLC CPU is running.

#### POINT

It is recommended to use GX Developer to set the parameters when the number of QJ61BT11 mounted is 4 or less.



(1) Setting method

For more details on the setting, see Section 6.4. For the RLPASET instruction, see Appendix 2.7.

- (2) Precautions when using the RLPASET instruction to set the network parameters
  - (a) The remote I/O net mode cannot be used. The module operates in remote net mode.
  - (b) If it is necessary to change the network parameters while the PLC CPU is running and the data link is being performed, the data link should be stopped once using SB0002 (data link stop).

- (c) It is necessary to set I/O assignments for modules whose network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction.
   In addition, do not use GX Developer to set the network parameters and automatic refresh parameters for modules whose network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction.
   If the RLPASET instruction is used to set network parameters for modules whose network parameters and automatic refresh parameters and automatic refresh parameters and automatic refresh parameters for modules whose network parameters and automatic refresh parameters have been set by GX Developer, the RLPASET instruction will complete with an error and the network parameter settings performed by the RLPASET instruction become invalid.
- (d) If the switch setting of an intelligent functional module for which an I/O assignment is set, has not been performed or is wrong, the RLPASET instruction completes with an error.
   However, the QJ61BT11 with the smallest head I/O number seen from the PLC CPU starts CC-Link automatically.
- (e) Do not use GX Developer for setting the network parameters, if the network parameters of all the modules are set by the RLPASET instruction. Change the "No. of boards in" setting to blank if the network parameters have been already set by GX Developer. Moreover, in case a system includes both a module for which the network parameters are set by GX Developer and a module for which the network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction, the module for which the network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction, the module for which the network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction should not be included in the "No. of boards in" setting of GX Developer.
- (f) Automatic refresh is not performed. The devices should be refreshed via the FROM/TO instruction or the G device.
- (g) It is not possible to set input status from a data link faulty station. Inputs from a data link faulty station are cleared.
- (h) The standby master function is not available.
- In order to change the parameter setting method, turn the power supply to the PLC system off and back on, or reset the PLC CPU.
   The following table shows how the PLC CPU operates when changing the parameter setting method without turning the power supply to the PLC system off and back on, or resetting the PLC CPU.

Parameter setting method (before change)	Parameter setting method (after change)	Error notification method	Continuity of data link
Parameter setting with GX Developer	Parameter setting with the RLPASET instruction	The RLPASET instruction completes with an error.	Data link continues.
Parameter setting with the RLPASET instruction	Parameter setting with GX Developer	LINK.PARA.ERR occurs in the PLC CPU.	Data link stops. *

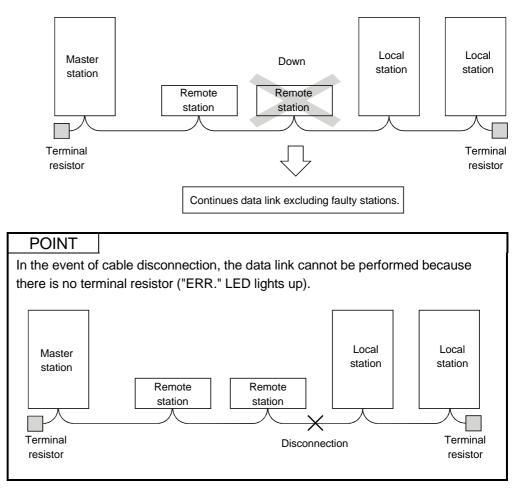
 Note that data link continues to be performed if the designation of operation at CPU down ((S1) + 5) of the RLPASET instruction is set to "Continue."

### 4.3 Functions for Improving System Reliability

This section explains the functions for improving the reliability of the CC-Link system.

4.3.1 Disconnecting data link faulty stations and continuing the data link with only normal stations (Slave station cut-off function)

This function disconnects remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and a standby master station that have become data link faulty due to power off, and continues the data link among normal remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and standby master station (no setting is required).



# 4.3.2 Automatically reconnecting a disconnected data link faulty station when it returns to normal (Automatic return function)

This function allows remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and a standby master station that have been disconnected from the data link due to power off to automatically reconnect to the data link when they return to the normal status.

[Setting method]

Set the "Automatic reconnection station count" value in the network parameters using the GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

# 4.3.3 Continuing the data link when an error occurs in the master station PLC CPU (Data link status setting when the master station PLC CPU has an error)

This function sets the data link status when the master station PLC CPU falls into an error that stop the operation. It is possible to continue the data link among the local stations.

#### POINT

- (1) The data link continues when the master station PLC CPU falls into an "error that enables to continue the operation".
- (2) If a standby master station is being set, the data link will not continue when the master station PLC CPU is down even when the data link status at CPU down is set to "Continue". The standby master function overrides and the data link control is transferred to the standby master station.

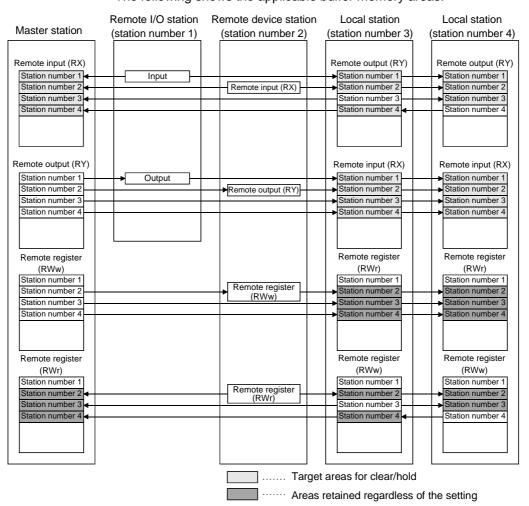
#### [Setting method]

Set the above data link status with the "PLC down select" value in the network parameters using GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

# 4.3.4 Retaining the device status of a data link faulty station (Setting the status of input data from a data link faulty station)

This function sets the input (receiving) data from a data link faulty station.

#### (1) Applicable input (receiving) data The following shows the applicable buffer memory areas.



The remote input RX in the master station and the remote input RX and remote output RY in local stations either clear or retain data from faulty stations according to the setting. The remote register RWr in the master station and the remote register RWw and remote register RWr in local stations retain data from faulty stations regardless of the setting.

#### POINT

When the data link faulty station is set as an error invalid station, input data (remote input RX) from that station is retained regardless of the setting.

#### (2) Setting method

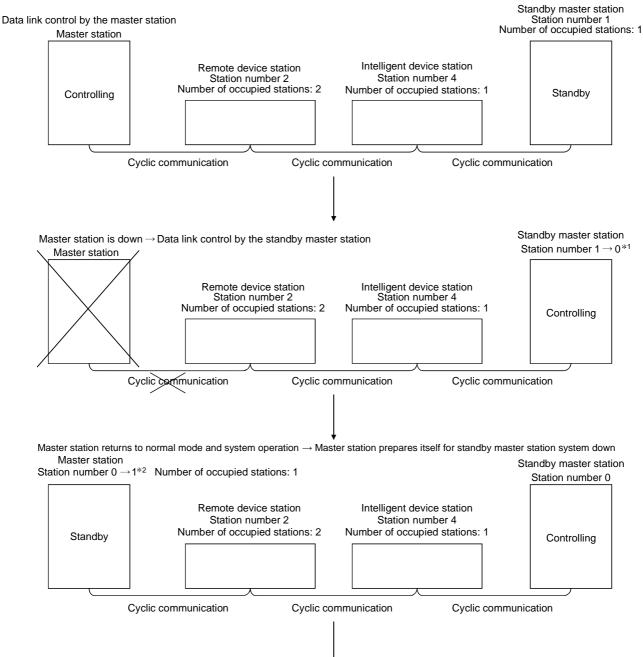
Set the "Operational settings" value in the network parameters using the GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

# 4.3.5 Continuing the data link even when the master station is faulty (Standby master function)

This function enables the data link to continue working by switching to a standby master station (meaning a backup station for the master station) if a system down occurs in the master station due to a malfunction in the PLC CPU or power supply. The master station can return to normal mode and to system operation as the standby master station, even during data-link control by the standby master station, thus preparing itself for a standby master station system down (master station duplex function).

Controlling: Controlling the data link of the CC-Link system

Standby: Standing by in case the station controlling the data link of the CC-Link system becomes faulty.



To the next page

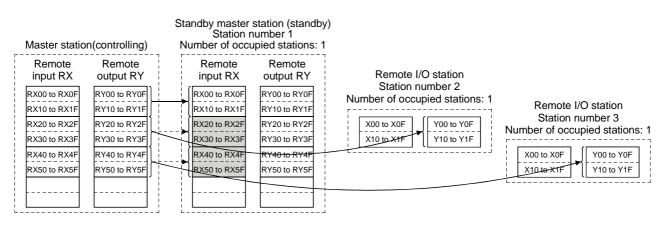
- \*1: When the master station becomes faulty and the data link control is transferred to the standby master station, the station number of the standby master station becomes "0".
- \*2: When the master station returns to system operation as a standby master station, the station number of the master station becomes the one specified in the "Standby master station number" in the network parameters.

Continued from the previous page Problem occurs in the standby master station  $\rightarrow$  Data link control by the master station Master station Station number  $1 \rightarrow 0$ Standby master station Remote device station Intelligent device station Station number 2 Station number 4 Number of occupied stations: 1 Number of occupied stations: 2 Controlling Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Standby master station returns to normal mode and system operation -> Standby master station prepares itself for master station system down Standby master station Station number 1 Master station Number of occupied stations: 1 Remote device station Intelligent device station Station number 4 Number of occupied stations: 1 Station number 2 Controlling Number of occupied stations: 2 Standby Cyclic communication Cyclic communication Cyclic communication

# (1) Overview of link data transmission when the standby master function is used

The following shows an overview of link data transmission when the standby master function is used.

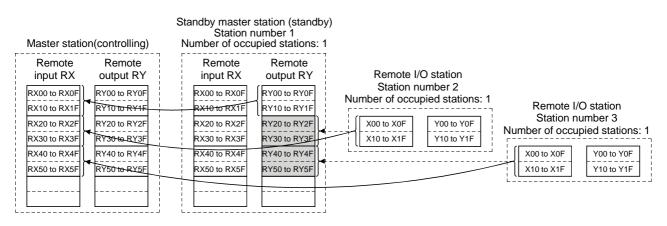
- (a) When the master station controls the data link
  - 1) Master station output



Data sent from the master station to the remote input RX and remote register RWr in the standby master station (shown by the shaded areas in the figure above) is used as output data when the master station becomes faulty; it should be saved in another device using the sequence program.

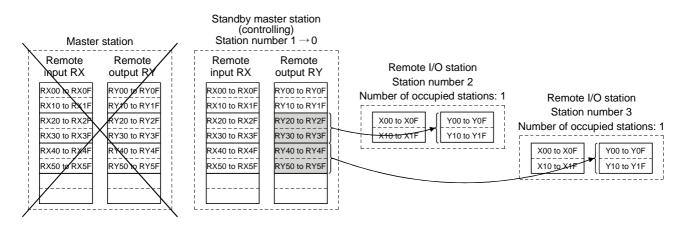
When the master station becomes faulty, the saved data is transferred to the remote output RY and remote register RWw in the standby master station using the sequence program.

2) Master station input



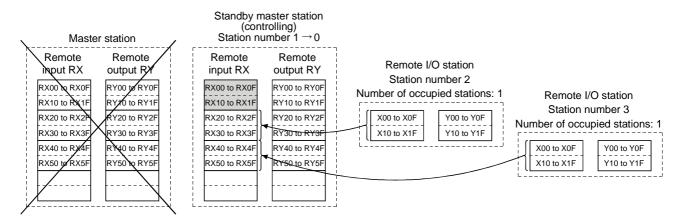
Data sent to the remote output RY and remote register RWw in the standby master station is used as input data by the standby master station when local stations are operating; thus, it does not need to be saved in another device.

- (b) When the master station is faulty and the standby master station is controlling the data link
  - 1) Standby master station output



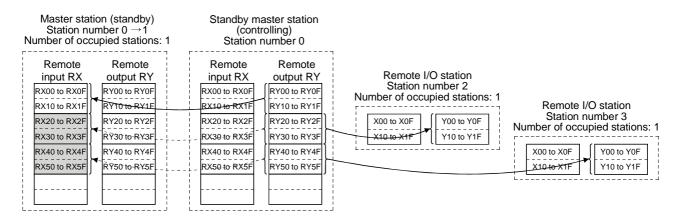
Data sent to the remote output RY and remote register RWw in the standby master station by the sequence program is sent to other stations as output data.

2) Standby master station input



Data in the shaded areas in the standby master station is either input or retained according to the "Data link faulty station setting" in the network parameters.

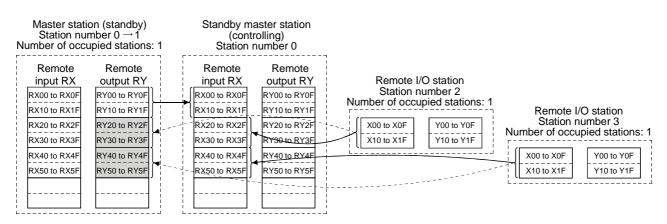
- (c) When the master station has returned to system operation and the standby master station is controlling the data link
  - 1) Standby master station output



Data sent from the standby master station to the remote input RX and remote register RWr in the standby master station (shown by the shaded areas in the figure above) is used as output data when the master station becomes faulty; it should be saved in another device using the sequence program.

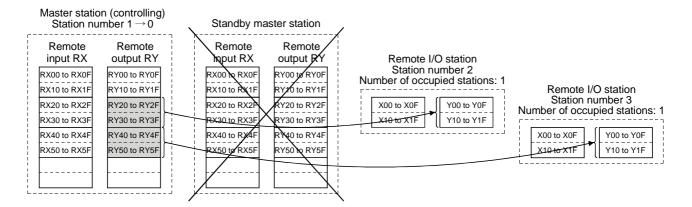
When the standby master station becomes faulty, the saved data is transferred to the remote output RY and remote register RWw in the master station using the sequence program.

#### 2) Standby master station input



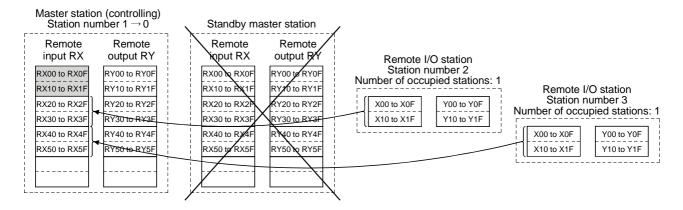
Data sent to the remote output RY and remote register RWw in the master station is being used as input data by the master station when local stations are operating; thus, it does not need to be saved in another device.

- (d) When the standby master station becomes faulty and the master station controls the data link
  - 1) Master station output



Data sent to the remote output RY and remote register RWw in the master station by the sequence program is sent to other stations as output data.

2) Master station input



Data in the shaded areas in the master station is either input or retained according to the "Operational settings" in the network parameters.

## (2) Setting method

Perform the setting using the GX Developer.

(a) Setting the master station

First, set "Type" in the network parameters.

Master station that was down returns to system operation: Master station (Duplex function)

Master station that was down does not return to system operation: Master station

Next, set the "Standby master station No." of the network parameter. Setting range: 1 to 64 (blank means no specification for standby master station)

	1	I
Start I/O No	0000	J
Operational settings	Operational settings	1
Туре	Master station(Duplex function) 💌	
Master station data link type	PLC parameter auto start 🛛 💌	
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) 📃 💌	
All connectcount		3
Remote input(RX)	×100	J
Remote output(RY)	Y100	ו
Remote register(RWr)	D100	J
Remote register(RWw)	D2000	J
Special relay(SB)	SB	ົງ
Special register(SW)	SWI	J
Retry count		3
Automatic reconnction station count		I
Wait master station No.		I
PLC down select	Stop 🗸	
Scan mode setting	Asynchronous 📃 💌	1
Delay infomation settings		ົງ
Station information settings	Station information	1
Remote device station initial	Initial settings	
Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings	1

Default : blank (no specification for standby master station)

#### (b) Setting the standby master station

Set "Type" in the network parameters to "Standby master station". Set the mode to "Online (Remote net mode)".

	1
Start I/O No	0000
Operational settings	Operational settings
Туре	Wait master station 📃 💌
Master station data link type	•
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) 📃 💌
All connectcount	
Remote input(RX)	×1000
Remote output(RY)	Y1000
Remote register(RWr)	D1000
Remote register(RWw)	D2000
Special relay(SB)	SBO
Special register(SW)	SWO
Retry count	
Automatic reconnction station count	
Wait master station No.	
PLC down select	<b>•</b>
Scan mode setting	•
Delay information settings	
Station information settings	
Remote device station initial	
Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings

- (3) Precautions on using the standby master function
  - (a) Only one standby master station exists in a single data link system.
  - (b) The total number of stations is 64, including the standby master station. The number of stations that can be occupied by the standby master station is one or four.
  - (c) If an error is detected at the master station in the initial status (before parameter communication starts), switching to the standby master station will not be executed.
  - (d) When the master station becomes faulty, the data link control will automatically be transferred to the standby master station, but the refresh instruction of the cyclic data will not be issued. Specify the cyclic data refresh using the sequence program. Once specified, the information prior to the error detection at the master station will be output to each station.
  - (e) When the data link is being controlled by the standby master station, the master station's parameters cannot be updated.
  - (f) An error occurs if the station number set for the standby master station and the station number set in the parameter that was received by the master station from the PLC CPU do not match.
  - (g) If the terminal block of the master station is removed and then replaced in its original position without turning the power off when the master station is controlling the data link, both the master and standby master stations operate as master stations. An error occurs since the data link control has been transferred to the standby master station ("ERR." LED lights up).
  - (h) When the master station becomes faulty and the data link control is transferred to the standby master station, the "ERR." LED of the standby master station flashes. (This is because the station number of the standby master station will change from the one set with a parameter to "0" and the standby station becomes nonexistent. Data link itself is performed normally.) To avoid this situation, set the standby master station to be an error invalid station.
  - (i) The number and range of devices that will be saved by the sequence program among the data sent from (the station operating as) the master station to (the station operating as) the standby station may differ according to the system used.

(4) Link special relays/registers (SB and SW) relating to the standby master function

The following explains the link special relays and registers relating to the standby master function. These are stored in the buffer memory.

When the standby master station is controlling the data link, its applicability is basically identical to that of the master station. When the standby master station is operating as a local station, its applicability is identical to that of the local station.

- (a) Link special relays (SB)
  - The link special relays (SB) relating to the standby master function are as follows : The figures in parentheses in the number column indicate buffer memory addresses and bit locations.
  - Example: When the buffer memory address is 5E0H and the bit location is 0: (5E0H, b0)

#### Table 4.5 List of link special relays relating to the standby master function (1/2)

Number	Name	Description	(): Applic	applicable)	
Number	Name	Description	Master station	Local station	Offline
SB0001 (5E0н, b1)	Refresh instruction at standby master switching	Gives refresh instruction for cyclic data after the data link control is transferred to the standby master station. 0: No instruction 1: Instructed	0	×	×
SB000C (5E0н, b12)	Forced master switching	Forcefully transfers the data link control from the standby master station that controls the data link to the master station that stands by in case the standby master station becomes faulty. 0: No request 1: Requested	0	×	×
SB0042 (5E4⊦, b2)	Refresh instruction acknowledgement status at standby master switching	Indicates whether the refresh instruction at standby master switching has been acknowledged or not. 0: Not acknowledged 1: Instruction acknowledged	×	0	×
SB0043 (5E4⊦, b3)	Refresh instruction complete status at standby master switching	Indicates whether the refresh instruction at standby master switching is complete or not. 0: Not complete 1: Switching complete	×	0	×
SB0005А (5Е5н, b10)	Master switching request acknowledgement	Indicates the acknowledgement status of the standby master station when it has received a master switching request from the line. OFF: Not acknowledged ON: Request acknowledged	0	0	×
SB0005B (5E5H, b11)	Master switching request complete	Indicates whether or not the switch from the standby master station to the master station is complete. OFF: Not complete ON: Complete	0	×	×
SB0005C (5E4н, b12)	Forced master switching request acknowledgement	Indicates whether a forced master switching request has been acknowledged or not. 0: Not acknowledged 1: Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×

Number	Name	Description	Applicability ( $\bigcirc$ : Applicable, $\times$ : Not applicab			
Number	Name	Description	Master station	Local station	Offline	
SB005D (5Е5н, b13)	Forced master switching request complete	Indicates whether a forced master switching request acknowledgement is complete or not. 0: Not complete 1: Switching complete	0	×	×	
SB0062 (5E6⊦, b2)	Host standby master station setting information	Indicates whether or not the standby master station setting exists for the host. 0: No setting 1: Setting exists	0	0	0	
SB0070 (5E7⊦, b0)	Master station information	Shows the data link status. 0: Data link control by the master station 1: Data link control by the standby master station	0	0	×	
SB0071 (5E7⊦, b1)	Standby master station information	Indicates whether or not there is a standby master station. 0: No standby master station 1: Standby master station exists	0	0	×	
SB0079 (5E7⊦, b9)	Master station return specification information	Indicates whether the "Type" setting in the network parameters is set to "Master station" or "Master station (Duplex function)." OFF: Master station ON: Master station (Duplex function)	0	×	×	
SB007B (5Е7н, b11)	Host master/standby master operation status	Indicates whether the host operates as the master or standby master station. OFF: Operates as a master station (controlling data link) ON: Operates as a standby master station (standby)	0	0	×	

Table 4.5 List of link special relays relating to the standby master function (2	2/2)
Table 1.6 List of mill openial relayer relating to the standby master function (2	

(b) Link special registers (SW)

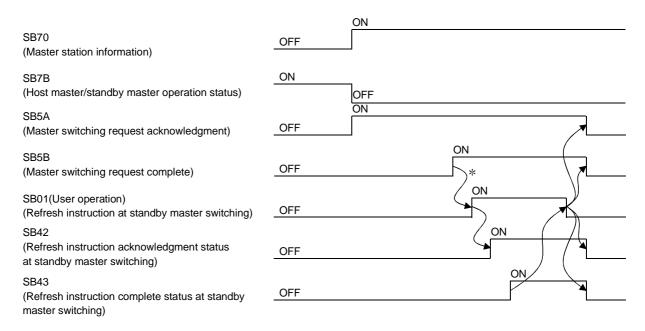
The following describes the link special registers (SW) relating to the standby master function. The figures in parentheses in the number column indicate buffer memory addresses.

## Table 4.6 List of link special registers relating to the standby master function

Northan	News	Description	Applicability $(\bigcirc: Applicable, \times: Not applicable)$				
Number	Name	Description	Master station	Local station	Offline		
SW0043 (643⊦)	Refresh instruction at standby master switching result	Indicates the execution result of refresh instruction at standby master switching. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW005D (65D⊦)	Forced master switching instruction result	Stores the execution result of the forced master switching instruction with SB000C. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW0073 (673⊦)	Standby master station number	Stores the station number of the standby master station. 1 to 64 (station)	0	0	×		

(5) On/off timings of link special relays (SB) relating to the standby master function

The following shows the on/off timings of the link special relays (SB) relating to the standby master function.



\* When SB5B is turned on, the program switches RX to RY and RWr to RWw. In addition, the program turns SB01 on. (6) Program example when the standby master function (master station duplex function) is used

A program example is created under the following conditions when the standby master function (master station duplex function) is used.

(a) System configuration

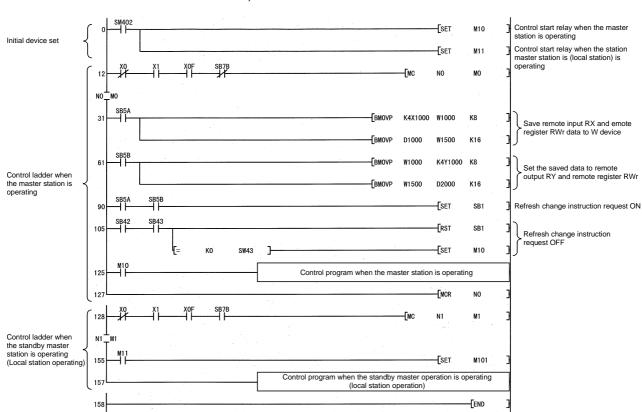
			Standby master station Station number 1
Master station			Number of occupied stations: 1
	Remote device station Station number 2 Number of occupied stations: 2	Intelligent device station Station number 4 Number of occupied stations: 1	
		·	·

#### (b) Parameter settings of the master station

	1
Start I/O No	0000
Operational settings	Operational settings
Туре	Master station(Duplex function) 💌
Master station data link type	PLC parameter auto start 📃 💌
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) 📃 💌
All connectcount	3
Remote input(RX)	×1000
Remote output(RY)	Y1000
Remote register(RWr)	D1000
Remote register(RWw)	D2000
Special relay(SB)	SBO
Special register(SW)	SW0
Retry count	3
Automatic reconnction station count	1
Wait master station No.	1
PLC down select	Stop 💌
Scan mode setting	Asynchronous 📃 💌
Delay infomation settings	0
Station information settings	Station information
Remote device station initial	Initial settings
Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings

(c) Parameter settings of the standby master station

	1
Start I/O No	0000
Operational settings	Operational settings
Туре	Wait master station 📃 💌
Master station data link type	<b>•</b>
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) 📃 💌
All connectcount	
Remote input(RX)	×1000
Remote output(RY)	Y1000
Remote register(RWr)	D1000
Remote register(RWw)	D2000
Special relay(SB)	SBO
Special register(SW)	SW0
Retry count	
Automatic reconnction station count	
Wait master station No.	
PLC down select	<b>•</b>
Scan mode setting	<b>•</b>
Delay infomation settings	
Station information settings	
Remote device station initial	
Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings



(d) Program example when standby master function (master station duplex function) is used

MELSEC-Q

#### 4.4 Handy Functions

This section explains some handy functions of the QJ61BT11.

4.4.1 Simplifying the initialization procedure registration of remote device stations (Remote device station initialization procedure registration function)

The initial settings of remote device stations, which in previous models were done using the sequence program, can now be performed using the GX Developer for registration to the PLC CPU. Settings such as "A-D conversion enable/disable" and "Averaging processing

specification" can be performed easily with the AJ65BT-64AD. For an example of an initialization procedure using the GX Developer, see Section 10.3.

(1) Initialization procedure setting method

The initial settings are performed using the "Remote device station initial" in the network parameters. A maximum of 16 stations can be set. When 17 or more remote device stations are connected, perform the initial settings for the 17th and subsequent stations using the sequence program.

(a) In "Target", set the station number of a module for which the initial settings are to be performed.

	3	No. of	De la constant	9	Target	No. of	De sistema e de se
2	5 5	1	Regist procedure Regist procedure	10			Regist procedure Regist procedure
3			Regist procedure	11			Regist procedure
t I			Regist procedure	12			Regist procedure
5			Regist procedure	13			Regist procedure
ò			Regist procedure	14			Regist procedure
7			Regist procedure	15			Regist procedure
3			Regist procedure	16			Regist procedure

Setting range: 1 to 64

- (b) Set the initialization procedure in "Regist procedure".
  - Input format Set the data input format for "Write data" in details of execution. Setting range: DEC.

HEX.

Default: DEC.

#### 2) Execute Flag

Set whether or not to execute the specified initialization procedure. Setting range: Execute

> Only set (use as a memo when the execution conditions are the same as when the execution flag is set as "Execute", but the content of execution is different.) Execute

Default: Exect

3) Operational condition

Specify whether new settings or the previous settings are used for the initialization conditions.

Setting range: Set new

Same as prev. set

Default: Set new

When "Same as prev. set" is selected, the processing is performed as follows:

Example)



- 4) Executional condition settings "Condition Device"
   Set the device to be used for the initialization condition.
   Setting range: RX
   SB
- 5) Executional condition settings "Device Number"
   Set the device number to be used for the initialization condition.
   Setting range: When RX is selected 0 to 7F (H)
   When SB is selected 0 to FF (H)
- Executional condition settings "Execute Condition" Set the conditions under which initialization is performed. Setting range: ON OFF
- 7) Details of execution "Write Device" Set the device to which the contents of the initial setting are written. Setting range: RY RWw
- 8) Details of execution "Device Number"
   Set the device number to which the contents of the initial settings are written.
   Setting range: When RY is selected 0 to 7F (H) When RWw is selected 0 to 0F (H)

9) Details of execution "Write Data"
 Set the contents of the initial settings.
 Setting range: When RY is selected
 When RWw is selected

ON/OFF 0 to 65535 (Decimal), 0 to FFFF (Hexadecimal)

	at DEC.		_										
Execute	Operational		Exec	ution	ial conditio	n			Details	s of	execution		
Flag	condition		Cond	ition	Device	Exec	ute:		Write	e	Device	Writ	е
			Dev	ice	Number	Cond	ition		Devid	e	Number	Data	а
Execute	Set new	•	RΧ	•	01	ON	•		RY	•	03	ON	•
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•	01	ON	•		RWw	•	02		15
Execute	Set new	•		•			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•			٠			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	-		•			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	-		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	-		•			•	1		•			
Execute	Set new	-		-			-	1		•			

#### POINT

Because one step is performed per link scan, as the number of settings increases the processing time will extend beyond that specified in the sequence program.

#### (2) Validate initial settings

I

Before creating a program for communication with remote device stations, create a program to validate the initial settings that use SB0D (remote device station initialization procedure registration instruction) and SB5F (completion status of remote device station initialization procedure). For more details, see Section 10.4.

(3) Preparation for communication with remote device stations

- 1) Register the network parameters and the created program in the PLC CPU.
- 2) Reset the PLC CPU or turn the power from off to on.
- 3) Instruct the master station to start the initial processing. (This instruction may not be necessary in some cases such as when the remote input RX is set as a startup condition.)

## 4.4.2 Performing high-speed processing (Event issuance for the interrupt program)

This function issues events (signals to execute an interrupt program) according to factors such as the on/off status of specified RX, RY and SB devices and the match/mismatch status of specified RWr and SW device data, in order to allow the PLC CPU to execute the interrupt program. Because the conditions for issuing the events are set using the GX Developer, the

number of program steps is reduced, thus shortening the scan time. Events can be issued for all stations.

A maximum of 16 event issuance conditions can be set.

- Event issuance conditions
   Events are issued under the following conditions:
   On/off status of specified RX, RY and SB devices
   Match/mismatch status of specified RWr and SW device data
   When the link scan is completed
- (2) Event issuance condition setting method
  - (a) First, set the "Interrupt settings" in the network parameters.
    - Input format Set the data input format for "Word device".
       Setting range: DEC. HEX.
       Default: DEX.
    - 2) Device code

Set the device to be used for the event issuance conditions.

Setting range: RX SB RY RWr SW

Scan completed

3) Device No.

Set the device number to be used for the event issuance conditions. Setting range: When RX or RY is selected 0 to 07FF (H)

When SB or SW is selected	0 to 01FF (H)
When RWr is selected	0 to 00FF (H)

4) Detection method

Set the detection method for the event issuance conditions.

Setting range: Edge detect (Issues event only at rise and fall.)

Level detect (Issues each link scan event when the event issuance conditions are established.)

5) Interrupt condition

Set the conditions under which events are issued. Setting range: When RX, SB or RY is selected ON/OFF When RWr or SW is selected Equal/Unequal

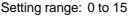
 Word device Set the conditions under which events are issued when RWw or SW is selected.

Setting range: 0 to 65535 (Decimal)

0 to FFFF (Hexadecimal)

7) Interrupt (SI) No.

Set the intelligent function module interrupt pointer number. (SI is an interrupt pointer for an intelligent function module and not a device used in an actual program.)



	Device code		Device No.	Detection method		Interrupt condition		Word device:	Board No.	Interrupt (SI) No.
	RX	•	0001	Edge detect	•	ON	•			0
2	RWr	4	0004	Level detect	•	Unequal	4	150		1
	Scan completed	•			•		•			2
		•			•		•			
i		•			•		•			
;		•			•		•			
		•			•		•			
<u> </u>		-			•		•			
1		• •			•		• •			
D 1		÷			÷		÷			
2		Ŧ			÷		÷			
3		÷			+		Ŧ			
, 1		-			-		-			
5		-			•		-			
6		-			•		-			

## POINT

Only one event issuance condition can be set for each interrupt program.

- (b) Set the "PLC parameter" -- "PLC system" -- "Intelligent function module setting" -- "Interrupt pointer settings".
  - "Interrupt pointer start No." on the PLC side. Set the interrupt pointer start number for the CPU. Setting range: 50 to 255
  - "Interrupt pointer No. of units" on the PLC side Set the number of event issuance conditions specified in the "Interrupt settings" of the Network parameters Setting range: 1 to 16
  - "Start I/O No." on the Intelli. unit side Set the start input/output number for the intelligent function module for which the interrupt setting was performed. Setting range: 0 to 0FF0 (H)

4) "Start SI No." on the intelli. unit side

Set the smallest number for intelligent function module interrupt pointers specified in "Interrupt (SI) No." of the "Interrupt settings" in the Network parameters.

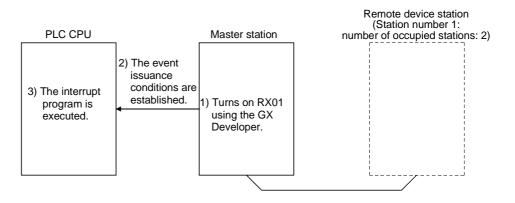
Setting range: 0 to 15

ntelligent funct	ion module int	errupt	pointer settin <u>c</u>	J		X
PLC side			Intelli, unit side			]
Interrupt pointer	Interrupt pointer					1
Start No.	No.of units		Start I/O No.	Start SI No.		
50	3	<b>₩</b>	0000		0	
		<b>+ + -</b>			_	1
		₩.			_	
		*****			_	
		1			_	
		Π			—	
		#			—	
L		И			—	
L		X			—	
<u> </u>		<b>H</b>			—	
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		¥.			—	
		¥.			—	
		*******			-	
L						-
[	heck	E a d		C		
<u> </u>	песк	Ends	setup	Cancel		

#### (3) Simulation of the interrupt program

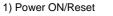
When the event issuance conditions are established in the master station using the GX Developer, the interrupt program is executed even when the corresponding modules are not connected, and then the interrupt program can be simulated.

(Example) A case where an event is issued when RX01 turns on, and then an interrupt program is executed.

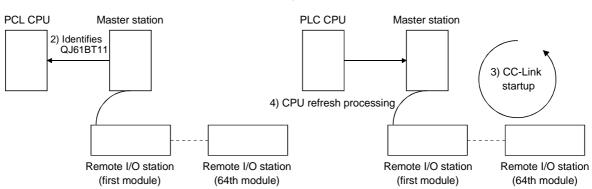


### 4.4.3 Enabling the data link simply by powering on (Automatic CC-Link startup)

By mounting the QJ61BT11 in the system configuration including the remote device station and intelligent device station as well as the remote I/O station, CC-Link startup and complete data refresh can be performed by just turning on the power, without creating a sequence program. For QJ61BT11 of the function version A, it can be used with a system configuration only of the master station and remote I/O stations. However, when the total number of connected stations is less than 64, it is necessary to set the network parameters in order to optimize the link scan time.



5) STOP  $\rightarrow$  RUN



(1) Contents of default parameter settings at automatic CC-Link startup The following lists the contents of the default automatic refresh parameter settings and network parameter settings when the automatic CC-Link starts up.

Q02/Q02H/Q06H/ Q12H/Q25HCPU side	Direction	Master station/ local station side	Q00J/Q00/Q01CPU side	Direction	Master station/ local station side			
X1000 to X17FF	$\leftarrow$	RX0000 to RX07FF	X400 to X7FF	←	RX000 to RX3FF			
Y1000 to Y17FF	$\rightarrow$	RY0000 to RY07FF	Y400 to Y7FF	$\rightarrow$	RY000 to RY3FF			
W1E00 to W1EFF	←	RWr00 to RWrFF	W600 to W6FF	←	RWr00 to RWrFF			
W1F00 to W1FFF	$\rightarrow$	RWw00 to RWwFF	W700 to W7FF	$\rightarrow$	RWw00 to RWwFF			
SB0600 to SB07FF	←	SB0000 to SB01FF	SB200 to SB3FF	$\leftarrow$	SB0000 to SB01FF			
SW0600 to SW07FF	←	SW0000 to SW01FF	SW200 to SW3FF	$\leftarrow$	SW0000 to SW01FF			

#### Content of default automatic refresh parameter settings

Content of default network parameter setting
--

Mode setting	Online (remote net mode)
Total number of connected stations	64 stations
Number of retries	3 times
Number of automatic return modules	1 module
Standby master station number	No standby master station specified.
CPU down specification	Data link stop when a master station CPU error occurs
Scan mode setting	Asynchronous
Delay time setting	Delay time is not specified.

Content of buffer memory	v size specification	for intelligent device station
	/	

Send buffer	64 words
Receive buffer	64 words
Automatic update buffer	128 words

#### POINT

- (1) If an automatic CC-Link startup is performed on a system that includes a local station, the local station will occupy one station during operation.
- (2) Make sure to perform line tests for all stations if an automatic CC-Link startup is performed and changes such as replacement of a module, etc. are made to the system during data link operation. Stations whose data link has already been established (only stations whose station numbers overlap) may also go down if stations with overlapping head station numbers return to the system.
  (3) If an automatic CC-Link startup was performed, a temporary error invalid station cannot be used.
- (4) In case of a multiple PLC system where each CPU controls several QJ61BT11 modules, the automatic CC-Link startup is performed on the QJ61BT11 that has the smallest head I/O number.

#### (2) Execution conditions

- (a) When the parameters are not set, the automatic CC-Link startup function is applicable only to one "QJ61BT11". Even when more than one QJ61BT11 is mounted on the base unit, the automatic CC-Link startup function is applicable only to the first one. It is applied to the QJ61BT11 that has the smallest start I/O number, as seen from the PLC CPU side.
- (b) When performing an automatic CC-Link startup without setting the parameters, up to three MELSECNET/10H modules can be used on the master station CPU.

## 4.4.4 Communicating with intelligent device stations (Remote net mode)

The remote net mode allows communication with all stations (remote I/O stations, remote device stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and standby master stations). Furthermore, it allows not only cyclic transfer, but also transient transmission, which transfers data at an arbitrary timing, to intelligent and local stations.

[Setting method]

Set the remote net mode in "Mode" of the network parameters using the GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

## 4.4.5 Speeding up the response from remote I/O stations (Remote I/O net mode)

The remote I/O net mode can be used for a system consisting of only the master station and remote I/O stations. The remote I/O net mode allows cyclic transmission at high speed, thus shortening the link scan time.

The table below lists the link scan times for both the remote I/O net mode and the remote net mode.

Number of stations	Remote I/O net mode	Remote net mode		
8	0.65 ms	1.2 ms		
16	1.0 ms	1.6 ms		
32	1.8 ms	2.3 ms		
64	3.3 ms	3.8 ms		

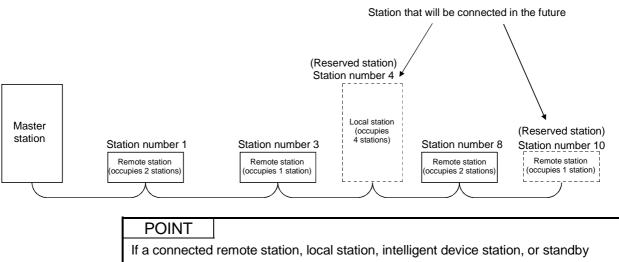
(Transmission rate: at 10 Mbps)

[Setting method]

Set the remote I/O net mode in "Mode" of the network parameters using GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

# 4.4.6 Creating a program that contains modules to be added in the future (Reserved station function)

This function prevents remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and a standby master station that are not actually connected (but to be connected in the future) from being treated as "data link faulty stations" by the master station and local stations.



master station is specified as a reserved station, data link with the specified station becomes disabled.

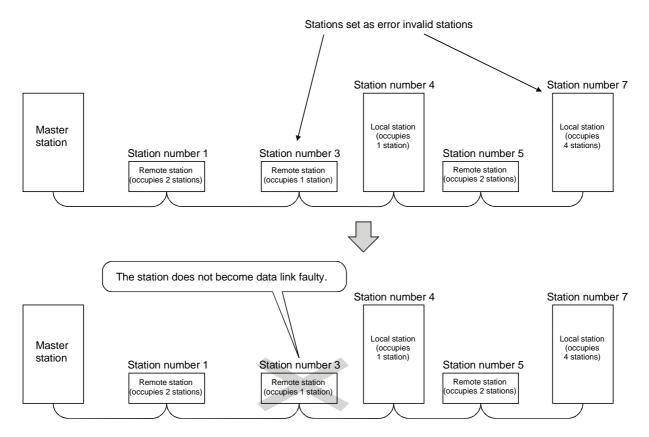
### [Setting method]

Set the reserved function in "Station information settings" of the network parameters using the GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

# 4.4.7 Powering off a station in operation without error detection (Error invalid station setting function)

This function prevents remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and a standby master station that are powered off in the system configuration from being treated as "data link faulty stations" by the master station and local stations, using the network parameter settings.

Note that if a station is set as an error invalid station, problems occurring in that station can no longer be detected. In addition, the error invalid station settings cannot be changed while online because they are set with the network parameters.



#### POINT

- (1) If a remote station, a local station, an intelligent device station or the standby master station that is set as an error invalid station is "specified as a reserved station," the reserved station function overrides the error invalid station setting function.
- (2) If errors are generated at all the stations when they are set as error-invalid stations, the "ERR." LED will light.

#### [Setting method]

Set the error invalid station setting function in "Station information settings" of the network parameters using the GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

## 4.4.8 Synchronizing the link scan with the sequence scan (Scan synchronous function)

This function selects whether or not the link scan should be synchronized with the sequence scan.

For QJ61BT11 of the function version A, it can be used only at the remote net mode.

#### (1) Synchronous mode

Performs data linking using the scan that is synchronized with the sequence program.

(The sequence scan and link scan start at the same time.)

In the synchronous mode, the link scan interval becomes longer when the sequence scan takes long because the link scan is synchronized with the sequence scan.

### IMPORTANT

While in the synchronous mode, the sequence scan time must not exceed the time specified for the corresponding transmission rate, as listed below. If the scan time exceeds the specified time, a time out error occurs at each station.

Transmission rate	Sequence scan time		
10 Mbps	50 ms		
5 Mbps	50 ms		
2.5 Mbps	100 ms		
625 Mbps	400 ms		
156 Mbps	800 ms		

#### POINT

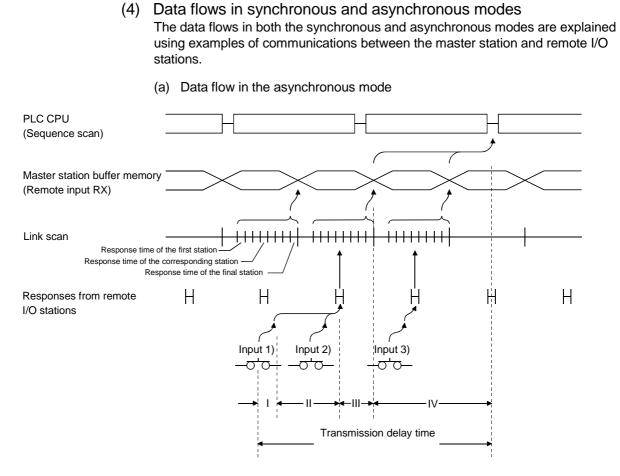
- (1) The asynchronous mode is recommended for a mixed system of local stations A(1S)J61BT11 and A(1S)J61QBT11 when the QJ61BT11 is used as the master station. When using the synchronous mode, make sure to observe the restrictions in (2) and (3) below.
- (2) When using a system consisting of the QJ61BT11 as the master station in the synchronous mode and both the A(1S)J61BT11 and A(1S)J61QBT11 as local stations, set the sequence scan time of the local station CPU to be shorter than ST. For more details on "ST," see Section 5.1.
- (3) When using a system consisting of the QJ61BT11 as the master station in the synchronous mode and both the A(1S)J61BT11 and A(1S)J61QBT11 as local stations, use XnC as an interlock of the FROM/TO instructions on the local station CPU side.
- (4) When operating in the synchronous mode, the "L RUN" LED may be lit dimly.

#### (2) Asynchronous mode

Performs data linking without synchronizing with the sequence program.

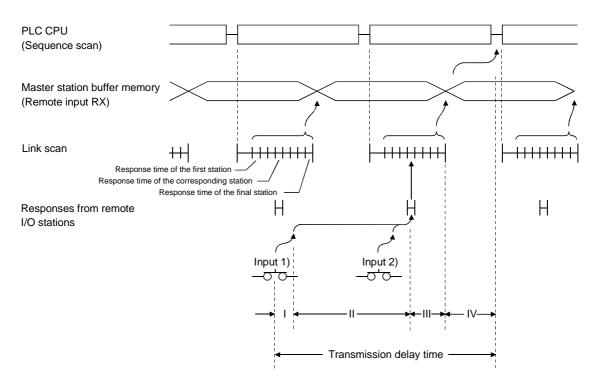
#### (3) Setting method

Set the scan synchronous function in "Scan mode setting" of the network parameters using the GX Developer. For more details on the setting, see Section 6.3.

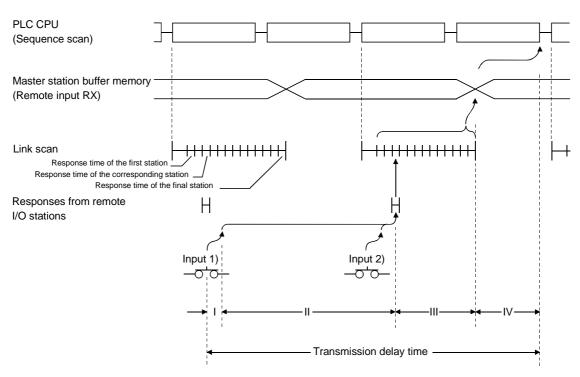


- I: Delay time due to response delay of remote I/O station
- II: Delay time of transmission from the remote I/O station to the master station
- III: Delay time from reception by the master station to storage in the buffer memory
- IV: Delay time until the master station's information is refreshed in the PLC CPU

- (b) Data flow in the synchronous mode
  - 1) Sequence scan  $\geq$  Link scan



- I: Delay time due to response delay of remote I/O station
- II: Delay time of transmission from the remote I/O station to the master station
- III: Delay time from reception by the master station to storage in the buffer memory
- IV: Delay time until the master station's information is refreshed in the PLC CPU



2) Sequence scan < Link scan

- I: Delay time due to response delay of remote I/O station
- II: Delay time of transmission from the remote I/O station to the master station
- III: Delay time from reception by the master station to storage in the buffer memory
- IV: Delay time until the master station's information is refreshed in the PLC CPU

# 4.4.9 Replacing modules without error detection (Temporary error invalid station setting function)

This function prevents remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and the standby master station that are specified with the GX Developer from being treated as "data link faulty stations" while online. It allows the replacement of modules while online without error detection.

- (1) Input/output status at temporary error invalid station setting All the cyclic transmission data of the stations set as temporary error-invalid stations is refreshed. However, when a station set as a temporary error-invalid station becomes faulty, the input is retained and the output switches off.
- (2) Setting method

Set the "Diagnostics" - "CC-Link diagnostics..." - "Monitoring other station ..." - "Invalid station if temporary error" using the GX Developer. Place the cursor at the station to be set as a temporary error invalid station and click "Setting/Cancel".

Station       Reserve       Error invalidity       Station type       Occupied number       Status       Transient error         1       Intelligent       1       Normal       Normal       Intelligent       Intelligent       Normal         2       I/O       1       Ignore an error for the present       Ignore an error for the present       Ignore an error for the present         Invalid station if temporary error         Setting / Cancel       For current cursor station       Monitor start       Monitor stop       Close	Line n	nonitor (Ot	her station	)				×
2     1/0     1     Ignore an error for the present		Station	Reserve	Error invalidity	Station type	Occupied number		Transient error
Invalid station if temporary error Setting / Cancel For current cursor station		1			Intelligent	1	Normal	
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station		2			1/0	1	Ignore an error for the present	
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
Setting / Cancel For current cursor station								
	[Inv	alıd station if	temporary e	nor				
	1	Setting / Can	cel For cu	urrent cursor statio	n			
						start Monitor	stop	Close

### 4.4.10 Checking operations for each local station (Data link stop/restart)

This function stops and restarts local data links. If the data link of the master station is stopped, the data link of the entire system stops.

#### [Setting method]

Set the "CC-Link diagnostics" in "Diagnostics" using the GX Developer.

(a) Specifying applicable module
 Specify the module whose data link is stopped or restarted in "Unit setting".
 Specification method: Unit No.
 I/O address

I/O address

(b) Execution of data link stop/restart

Perform these operations by setting "Data link start" or "Data link stop" in the network test.

CC-Link diagnos	lics		×
Line monitor(Ho:	st station)		Unit setting
Host station Data link status Action status Switching statu Using loop CH.0 Line statu	Normal S Master station CH.0	Link scan time Max 3 ms Minimum 2 ms Current 2 ms	Vetwork test  Data link start  Data link stop
CH.1 Line statu	·	Loop test	<u></u>
Loop type	Twist/Single/Bus	Monitoring other station	Monitor start
- Acquire the setti	ng information Result		Monitor stop
Test execute	1.1 SESSION		Close
	After acquiring setting information Test the acquired information can		

### 4.4.11 Station number overlap checking function

This function investigates the status of connected stations and checks for the overlapping numbers of occupied stations and whether or not more than one station whose station number setting is 0 exists in the system.

#### (1) Occupied station number overlap checking

Checks whether or not occupied station numbers duplicate.

(Example)

Local station (station number 1, number of occupied stations: 4)	Station number 1	Station number 2	Station number 3	Station number 4	
Remote device station				Duplicate	
(station number 4, number of oc	cupied sta	tions: 2)		Station number 4	Station number 5

However, if the starting station number overlaps, it is excluded from the overlap checking.

(Example)

Local station (station number 1, number of occupied stations: 4)	Station number 1	Station number 2	Station number 3	Station number 4
	Duplicate			
Remote device station (station number 1, number of occupied stations: 2)	Station number 1	Station number 2		

- 1) When there is an duplicate, the "ERR." LED flashes, and the duplicate status is stored in SW0098 to SW009B (Station number overlap status).
- 2) Even if an overlap exists, the data link continues with the remaining normally functioning stations.
- By correcting the switch setting to normal and restarting the data link, the "ERR." LED is turned off and the data in SW0098 to SW009B can be cleared.

#### (2) Station number 0 station overlap checking

Checks whether or not more than one station whose station number setting is 0 exists in the system.

- When duplicating, the "ERR." LED lights up, an error code is stored in SW006A (switch setting status), and SB006A (switch setting status) turns on.
- 2) By correcting the switch setting to normal and restarting the data link, the "ERR." LED is turned off and the data in SW006A can be cleared.

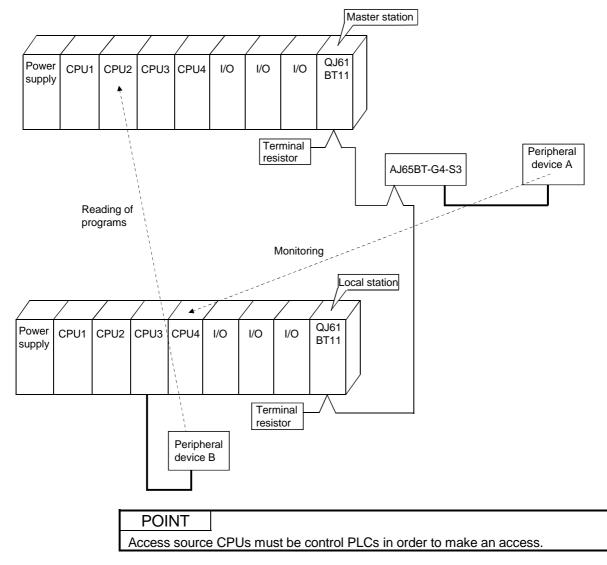
## 4.4.12 Multiple PLC System Support

This function allows monitoring and reading/writing programs from/to any CPU in a multiple PLC system mounted with the QJ61BT11 via AJ65BT-G4-S3 or other station CPUs.

This is illustrated by the following example.

It is possible to monitor CPU4 of the local station from peripheral device A connected to the AJ65BT-G4-S3 and read the programs of CPU2 of the master station from peripheral device B connected to CPU3 of the local station.

This function cannot be used with function version A.



## 4.5 Transient Transmission Functions

This section explains the transient transmission functions.

## 4.5.1 Performing transient transmission (Dedicated instructions)

The following dedicated instructions can be used for transient transmission.

Applicable station	Instruction	Description	Reference section		
Master station	RIRD	Reads data from the buffer memory of a specified station or a PLC CPU device of a specified station.	Appendix 2.1		
Local station	RIWT	Writes data to the buffer memory of a specified station or a PLC CPU device of a specified station.			
	RIRD	Reads data from the buffer memory of a specified station.	Appendix 2.1		
	RIWT	Writes data to the buffer memory of a specified station.	Appendix 2.2		
Intelligent device station	RIRCV	Automatically performs a handshake with the specified station and reads data from that station's buffer memory.	Appendix 2.3		
	RISEND	Automatically performs a handshake with the specified station and writes data to that station's buffer memory.	Appendix 2.4		
	RIFR	Reads data from the automatic update buffer of a specified station.	Appendix 2.5		
	RITO	Writes data to the automatic update buffer of a specified station.	Appendix 2.6		

## **5 DATA LINK PROCESSING TIME**

This chapter explains the data link processing time such as the link scan time and transmission delay time.

#### 5.1 Link Scan Time

This section explains the CC-Link scan time. The following describes the method for calculating the normal value and maximum value for the remote net mode or remote I/O net mode.

#### [Link scan time (LS)]

- (1) For remote net mode
  - LS = BT {27 + (NI  $\times$  4.8) + (NW  $\times$  9.6) + (N  $\times$  30) + (ni  $\times$  4.8) + (nw  $\times$  9.6)} +  $ST + F + TR (\mu s)$ 
    - BT: Constant (transmission rate)

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BT	51.2	12.8	3.2	1.6	0.8

- NI: The final station number in a, b and c
  - (It includes the number of dedicated stations but excludes the reserved stations, and must be a multiple of 8.)
    - a: Total number of stations occupied for remote I/O stations
    - b: Total number of stations occupied for remote device stations
    - c: Total number of stations occupied for local stations, standby master station and intelligent device stations
- NW: The final station number in b and c

(Includes the number of dedicated stations but excludes the reserved stations, and must be a multiple of 8.)

Final station number	1 to 8	9 to 16	17 to 24	25 to 32	33 to 40	41 to 48	49 to 56	57 to 64
NI, NW	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64

- N: Number of connected stations (excluding reserved stations)
- ni: a + b + c (excluding reserved stations)
- nw: b + c (excluding reserved stations)

ST: Constant

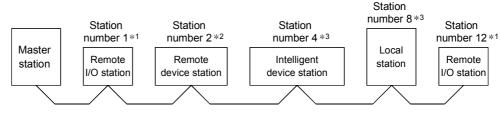
(The largest value found in 1) to 3) below. However, 2) is disregarded when b = 0 and 3) is disregarded when c = 0)

- 1) 800 + (a  $\times$  15)
- 2) 900 + (b × 50)
- 3) For C  $\leq$  26 : 1200 + (c  $\times$  100)

For C > 26 :  $3700 + \{(C - 26) \times 25\}$ 

F: Return processing time {only when there is a faulty station (including error invalid and temporary error invalid stations)}

- TR: Transient processing time (only when a transient request is made) • When there is a transient request from the master station  $180 \times BT$ 
  - When there is a transient request from the local station 40.8  $\times$  BT  $\times$  number of transient transmission stations
- (Example) Using the following system configuration when the transmission rate is 10 Mbps (assuming that there is no faulty station or transient transmission.)



\*1: (occupies 1 station) \*2: (occupies 2 stations) \*3: (occupies 4 stations)

 $\begin{array}{lll} BT = 0.8 & ST = 2000 \\ NI = 12 \rightarrow 16 & 1) & 800 + (2 \times 15) = 830 \\ NW = 11 \rightarrow 16 & 2) & 900 + (2 \times 50) = 1000 \\ N = 5 & 3) & 1200 + (8 \times 100) = 2000 \\ ni = 12 & a = 2, b = 2, c = 8 \\ nw = 10 \\ LS = 0.8 \left\{ 27 + (16 \times 4.8) + (16 \times 9.6) + (5 \times 30) + (12 \times 4.8) + (10 \times 9.6) \right\} + \\ & 2000 \\ & = 2448.8 \left[ \mu \, s \right] \\ & = 2.45 \, [ms] \end{array}$ 

#### (2) For remote I/O net mode

LS = BT {27 + (NI  $\times$  4.8) + (N  $\times$  30) + (ni  $\times$  4.8)} + ST + F [ $\mu$  s]

BT: Constant (transmission rate)

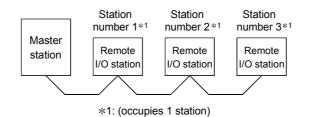
Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BT	51.2	12.8	3.2	1.6	0.8

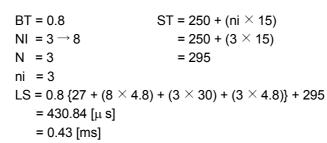
NI: NI: Final station number (must be a multiple of 8)

Final station number	1 to 8	9 to 16	17 to 24	25 to 32	33 to 40	41 to 48	49 to 56	57 to 64
NI	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64

N: Number of connected modules

- ni: Total number of occupied stations
- ST: Constant
  - 250 + (ni imes 15)
- F: Return processing time {only when there is a faulty station (including error invalid and temporary error invalid stations)} Number of faulty stations  $\times$  118  $\times$  BT  $\times$  (1 + number of retries)
- (Example) Using the following system configuration when the transmission rate is 10 Mbps (assuming that there is no faulty station)





# 5.2 Transmission Delay Time

This section explains the transmission delay time (the time until data is transmitted).

#### 5.2.1 Master station ↔ remote I/O station

(1) Master station (RX) ← remote I/O station (input) This indicates the time from the moment the signal is input to the remote I/O station until the CPU device turns ON (OFF).

## [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
  - = 20 + 3 × 1 + 1.5
  - = 24.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - $(SM \times n) \times 1$  + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM) value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number.
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.

(SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  1 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

= 21.5 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS × 2 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.

SM + LS × 2 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

= 27.5 [ms]

- (b) Synchronous mode
  - (SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  2 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

SM: Master station sequence program scan time

- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- n: (LS/SM) value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.

 $(SM \times n) \times 2$  + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

- $= (20 \times 1) \times 2 + 1.5$
- = 41.5 [ms]
- (2) Master station (RY)  $\rightarrow$  remote I/O station (output)

This indicates the time from the moment the CPU device turns ON (OFF) until the remote I/O station output turns ON (OFF).

[Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.

SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

- = 20 + 3 × 1 + 1.5
- = 24.5 [ms]

(b) Synchronous mode

SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

SM: Master station sequence program scan time

- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.

SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote I/O station response time [ms]

- = 20 × 1 + 3 + 1.5
- = 24.5 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
  - = 20 + 3 × 2 + 1.5
  - = 27.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link

scan time is 3 ms and the remote I/O station response time is 1.5 ms.

- SM imes n + LS + Remote I/O station response time [ms]
- = 20 × 1 + 3 + 1.5
- = 24.5 [ms]

#### 5.2.2 Master station $\leftrightarrow$ remote device station

 Master station (RX) ← remote device station (RX) This indicates the time from the moment the signal is input to the remote device station until the CPU device turns ON (OFF).

#### [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
  - = 20 + 3 × 1 + 1.5
  - = 24.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - (SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

 $(SM \times n) \times 1$  + Remote device station processing time [ms]

- = (20 × 1) × 1 + 1.5
- = 21.5 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

- SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station response time [ms]
- = 20 + 3 × 2 + 1.5
- = 27.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode

(SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]

- SM: Master station sequence program scan time
- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

 $(SM \times n) \times 2$  + Remote device station processing time [ms]

- = (20 × 1) × 2 + 1.5
- = 41.5 [ms]
- (2) Master station (RY)  $\rightarrow$  remote device station (RY)

This indicates the time from the moment the CPU device turns ON (OFF) until the remote device station output turns ON (OFF).

# [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]

= 20 + 3 × 1 + 1.5

= 24.5 [ms]

- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

- time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]
- = 20 × 1 + 3 + 1.5
- = 24.5 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
  - $= 20 + 3 \times 2 + 1.5$
  - = 27.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

- time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]
- $= 20 \times 1 + 3 + 1.5$
- = 24.5 [ms]

(3) Master station (RWr) ← remote device station (RWr)

This indicates the time from the moment the signal is input to the remote device station until the data for the CPU device is changed.

[Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]

- = 20 + 3 × 1 + 1.5
- = 24.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - $(SM \times n) \times 1$  + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

 $(SM \times n) \times 1$  + Remote device station processing time [ms]

- = (20 × 1) × 1 + 1.5
- = 21.5 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

- SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
- = 20 + 3 × 2 + 1.5
- = 27.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - (SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

 $(SM \times n) \times 2$  + Remote device station processing time [ms]

 $= (20 \times 1) \times 2 + 1.5$ 

= 41.5 [ms]

(4) Master station (RWw)  $\rightarrow$  remote device station (RWw) This indicates the time from the moment data is set to the CBU device

This indicates the time from the moment data is set to the CPU device until the data for the remote device station is changed.

## [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- (Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan
  - time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
    - SM + LS  $\times$  1 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
  - = 20 + 3 × 1 + 1.5
  - = 24.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.

SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]

- = 20 × 1 + 3 + 1.5
- = 24.5 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

- time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + Remote device station processing time [ms]
- = 20 + 3 × 2 + 1.5
- = 27.5 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the sequence scan time for the master station is 20 ms, the link scan

- time is 3 ms and the remote device station processing time is 1.5 ms.
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS + Remote device station processing time [ms]

= 24.5 [ms]

# 5.2.3 Master station $\leftrightarrow$ local station

(1) Master station (RX)  $\leftarrow$  local station (RY)

This indicates the time from the moment the local station CPU device turns ON (OFF) until the master station CPU device turns ON (OFF).

# [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS imes 2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan
  - time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
    - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]

= 20 + 3 × 2 + 10

- = 36 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - (SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

$$(SM \times n) \times 2 + SL [ms]$$

= 50 [ms]

[Maximum value]

(a) Asynchronous mode

SM + LS imes 3 + SL [ms]

- SM: Master station sequence program scan time
- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- SL: Local station sequence program scan time

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

SM + LS 
$$\times$$
 3 + SL [ms]

= 39 [ms]

(b) Synchronous mode

(SM  $\times$  n)  $\times$  3 + SL [ms]

SM: Master station sequence program scan time

- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
  - $(SM \times n) \times 3 + SL [ms]$
  - $=(20 \times 1) \times 3 + 10$
  - = 70 [ms]
- (2) Master station (RY)  $\rightarrow$  local station (RX)

This indicates the time from the moment the master station CPU device turns ON (OFF) until the local station CPU device turns ON (OFF).

# [Expression]

[Normal value]

(a) Asynchronous mode

SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]

- SM: Master station sequence program scan time
- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

SM + LS imes 2 + SL [ms]

- = 36 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode

 $\text{SM} \times \text{n} + \text{LS} \times \text{2} + \text{SL} \text{ [ms]}$ 

- SM: Master station sequence program scan time
- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

$$SM \times n + LS \times 2 + SL [ms]$$

= 20 
$$\times$$
 1 + 3  $\times$  2 + 10

= 36 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan
  - time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
    - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
  - = 20 + 3 × 2 + 10
  - = 36 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM imes n + LS imes 2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan

- time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms. SM  $\times$  n + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
- $= 20 \times 1 + 3 \times 2 + 10$ = 36 [ms]
- (3) Master station (RWr) ← local station (RWw)

This indicates the time from the moment data is set to the local station CPU device until the data is stored in the master station CPU device.

# [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

SM + LS 
$$\times$$
 2 + SL [ms]

= 36 [ms]

(b) Synchronous mode

 $(SM \times n) \times 2 + SL [ms]$ 

- SM: Master station sequence program scan time
- SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
  - $(SM \times n) \times 2 + SL [ms]$
  - $= (20 \times 1) \times 2 + 10$
  - = 50 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  3 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
  - SM + LS × 3 + SL [ms]
  - = 20 + 3 × 3 + 10
  - = 39 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - $(SM \times n) \times 3 + SL [ms]$ 
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

$$(SM \times n) \times 3 + SL [ms]$$
  
= (20 × 1) × 3 + 10

= 70 [ms]

# (4) Master station (RWw) $\rightarrow$ local station (RWr)

This indicates the time from the moment data is set to the master station CPU device until the data is stored in the local station CPU device.

# [Expression]

[Normal value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan

time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

- SM + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
- = 20 + 3 × 2 + 10
- = 36 [ms]
- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time
    - n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan

- time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
  - $SM \times n + LS \times 2 + SL [ms]$
- $= 20 \times 1 + 3 \times 2 + 10$
- = 36 [ms]

[Maximum value]

- (a) Asynchronous mode
  - SM + LS imes 2 + SL [ms]
    - SM: Master station sequence program scan time
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - SL: Local station sequence program scan time

(Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.

- = 20 + 3 × 2 + 10
- = 36 [ms]

- (b) Synchronous mode
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]

SM: Master station sequence program scan time

- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- SL: Local station sequence program scan time
- n: (LS/SM)value when fractions following the decimal point are rounded up to the next whole number
- (Example) When the master station sequence scan time is 20 ms, the link scan time is 3 ms and the local station sequence scan time is 10 ms.
  - SM  $\times$  n + LS  $\times$  2 + SL [ms]
  - $= 20 \times 1 + 3 \times 2 + 10$
  - = 36 [ms]
- 5.2.4 Master station ↔ intelligent device station

The transmission delay time between the master station and an intelligent device station varies by the type of intelligent device station used. See the User's Manual for the intelligent device module to be used.

# 5.3 Processing Time for Dedicated Instructions

This indicates the dedicated instruction processing time (the time from the moment an instruction is issued until a response is received).

#### 5.3.1 Master station $\leftrightarrow$ local station

(1) Master station  $\rightarrow$  local station

This indicates the time from the moment an instruction is issued by the master station until a response from the local station is received.

#### [Expression]

[Maximum value]

(a) RIRD instruction

- OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] + SL [ms]
  - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time QnCPU : 1 [ms]
    - QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
  - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)

BC Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

SL: Local station sequence program scan time

(0 when reading buffer memory in the CC-Link)

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is 10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the read points are 20 words (buffer memory in the CC-Link).

OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] [ms]

= 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {3 × 1.067}]

- = 76.505
- = 76.5 [ms]
- (b) RIWT instruction
  - OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(write points + 16)/72}  $*^1 \times$  1.13] + SL [ms]
    - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time QnCPU : 1 [ms]
      - QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - BC: Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	625 kbps 2.5 Mbps		10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

SL: Local station sequence program scan time

(0 when writing buffer memory in the CC-Link)

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is

10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the write points are 20 words (buffer memory in the CC-Link).

OT + LS × [BC + {(write points + 16)/72}  $*^1$  × 1.13] [ms] = 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {(20 + 16)/72}  $*^1$  × 1.13] = 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {1 × 1.13}]

- = 66.15
- = 66.2 [ms]
- (2) Local station  $\rightarrow$  master station

This indicates the time from the moment an instruction is issued by the local station until a response from the master station is received.

#### [Expression]

[Maximum value]

- (a) RIRD instruction
  - OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/72} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.13] + SM [ms]
    - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time QnCPU : 1 [ms]
      - QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - BC: Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

SM: Master station sequence program scan time

(0 when reading buffer memory in the CC-Link)

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is

10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the read points are 20 words (buffer memory in the CC-Link).

OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/72}  $*^1 \times$  1.13] [ms]

= 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {(20 + 16)/72} \*<sup>1</sup> × 1.13]

- $= 0.5 + 5 \times [12 + \{1 \times 1.13\}]$
- = 66.15
- = 66.2 [ms]
- (b) RIWT instruction
  - OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(write points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] + SM [ms]

OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time QnCPU : 1 [ms]

- QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
- LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
- BC: Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

SM: Master station sequence program scan time

(0 when writing buffer memory in the CC-Link)

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is 10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5ms and the write points are 20 words (buffer memory in the CC-Lnik). OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(write points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] [ms] = 0.5 + 5  $\times$  [12 + {(20 + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] = 0.5 + 5  $\times$  [12 + {3  $\times$  1.067}] = 76.505

= 76.5 [ms]

# 5.3.2 Local station $\leftrightarrow$ local station

(1) Local station  $\rightarrow$  local station

This indicates the time from the moment an instruction is executed by one local station until a response from another local station is received.

# [Expression]

[Maximum value]

- (a) RIRD instruction
  - OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/16}  $*^1 \times$  1.067] + SL [ms]
    - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time QnCPU : 1 [ms]
      - QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - BC: Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

SL: Target station sequence program scan time

- (0 when reading buffer memory in the CC-Link)
- \*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is 10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the read points are 20 words

- (buffer memory in the CC-Link).
  - OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] [ms]
- $= 0.5 + 5 \times [12 + {(20 + 16)/16} * {}^{1} \times 1.067]$
- = 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {3 × 1.067}]
- = 76.505
- = 76.5 [ms]
- (b) RIWT instruction
  - OT + LS × [BC + {(write points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup> × 1.067] + SL [ms]
    - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time QnCPU : 1 [ms]
      - QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)

#### BC: Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

SL: Target station sequence program scan time

(0 when writing buffer memory in the CC-Link)

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is

10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the write points are 20 words (buffer memory in the CC-Link).

OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(write points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] [ms]

- = 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {3 × 1.067}]
- = 76.505
- = 76.5 [ms]

# 5.3.3 Master station ↔ intelligent device station

(1) Master station  $\rightarrow$  intelligent device station

This indicates the time from the moment an instruction is issued by the master station and a response from an intelligent device station is received.

#### [Expression]

[Maximum value]

- (a) RIRD instruction
  - OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(read points + 16)/16} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.067] [ms]
    - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time
      - QnCPU : 1 [ms]
      - QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - BC: Constant

Transmission rate	e 156 kbps 625 kb		2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is

10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the read points are 20 words. OT + LS × [BC + {(read points + 16)/16}  $*^{1}$  × 1.067] [ms] = 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {(20 + 16)/16}  $*^{1}$  × 1.067]

- = 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {3 × 1.067}]
- = 76.505
- = 76.5 [ms]
- (b) RIWT instruction
  - OT + LS × [BC + {(write points + 16)/72} \*<sup>1</sup> × 1.13] [ms]
    - OT: QCPU (Q mode) dedicated instruction processing time
      - QnCPU : 1 [ms] QnHCPU : 0.5 [ms]
    - LS: Link scan time (see Section 5.1)
    - BC: Constant

Transmission rate	156 kbps	625 kbps	2.5 Mbps	5 Mbps	10 Mbps
BC	6	7	9	11	12

\*1: Round up below the decimal point

(Example) When the PLC CPU type is Q06HCPU, the transmission rate is

10 Mbps, the link scan time is 5 ms and the write points are 20 words. OT + LS  $\times$  [BC + {(write points + 16)/72} \*<sup>1</sup>  $\times$  1.13] [ms]

$$= 0.5 + 5 \times [12 + {(20 + 16)/72} * 1 \times 1.13]$$

= 0.5 + 5 × [12 + {1 × 1.13}]

- = 66.15
- = 66.2 [ms]

# 5.4 Station Status at Error Occurrence

This section explains the status of each station at error occurrence.

# 5.4.1 Status of the master station, standby master station (when the master station is operating) and remote I/O station at error occurrence

Table 5.1 lists the operation of the master station, standby master station (when the master station is operating) and remote I/O station upon the occurrence of an error.

# Table 5.1 The status of the master station, standby master station (when the master station is operating) and remote I/O station at error occurrence

_				er station, standt in the master stat	by master station tion is operating)		Remote I	/O station			
Da	ta link status		Remote input (RX)	Remote output (RY)	Remote register (RWw)	Remote register (RWr)	Input	Output			
When data link is stopped due to an error generated by the master station PLC CPU (data link continue)		Continue	Clear	Continue	Hold	Continue	Clear				
	pped due to an error ge <u>C CPU (data link conti</u>		<sub>*</sub> 1	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue			
When data link for the entire system is	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear	Clear	Undefined	Undefined	Hold	By external	All points OFF			
stopped	station is set (master station setting)	Hold	Hold	Undefined	Underinted	Tiola	signals				
When a communication error	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear	Clears the receive area from the remote I/O station having a communication error		ор	opera		operation of	operation of	By external	
occurs in a remote I/O station	ver off, etc.) station is set (master rrs in a remote station setting) station setting)	Conunde	areas other than the remote I/O station	areas other than the remote I/O station	signals	All points OFF					
When a communication error	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear	Clears the receive area from the remote device station with a communication error	Continue	Continue	Retains the receive area from the remote	Continue (Not affected by the	Continue (Not affected by the			
(power off, etc.) occurs in a remote device station	station is set (master station setting)	Hold	Retains the receive area from the remote device station with a communication error.	Continue	Continue	device station with a communication error	communication status of the remote device station)	communication status of the remote device station)			
When a communication error (power off, etc.)	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear	Clears the receive area from the local station with a communication error	Continue	Continue	Retains the receive area from the local	Continue (Not affected by the	Continue (Not affected by the			
occurs in a local station	station is set (master station setting)	Hold	Retains the receive area from the local station with a communication error	Continue	Continue	station with a communication error	communication status of the local station)	communication status of the local station)			

\*1: When the RY refresh device is set to "Y" for the local station that has stopped, only the receive area from the stopped local station is cleared; the receive area is retained when the RY refresh device is set to other than Y. Operation continues for the receive areas from other stations. 5.4.2 Status of the remote device station, local station, standby master station (when the local station is operating) and intelligent device station at error occurrence

Table 5.2 lists the status of the remote device station, local station, standby master station (when the local station is operating) and intelligent device station at error occurrence.

Table 5.2 The status of the remote device station, local station, standby master station (when the local station is operating) and intelligent device station at error occurrence

				Remote der intelligent de				cal station, standby (when local station		on
Dat	Data link status		Remote input (RX)	Remote output (RY)	Remote register (RWw)	Remote register (RWr)	Remote input (RX)	Remote output (RY)	Remote register (RWw)	Remote register (RWr)
	oped due to an error ge PLC CPU (data link co		Continue	Clear	Continue	Continue	Clear	Continue	Continue	Continue
	pped due to an error ge <u>C CPU (data link conti</u>		Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	* 2	Continue	Continue
When data link for	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear		All points	11.1.6.1		Clear	Clears the receive areas from other stations	Retains the receive area	
the entire system is stopped	station is set (local station setting)	Hold	Undefined OFF Undefined Undefined Hold	Retains the receive areas from other stations	from other stations	Hold				
When a communication error	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear	Occitions	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Clears the receive area from a remote I/O station with a communication error	Continue	Continue
(power off, etc.) occurs in a remote	station is set (local station setting)	,	- Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Retains the receive area from a remote I/O station with a communication error	Continue	Continue
When a communication error (power off, etc.)	The GX Developer data link faulty	faulty	Undefined	ned Undefined	Undefined	efined Undefined	area devia a col	Clears the receive area from a remote device station with a communication error	e Retains the receive area from a remote e device e station with e a	Continue
occurs in a remote device station	station is set (local station setting)	Hold						Retains the receive area from a remote device station with a communication error		
When a communication error (power off, etc.)	The GX Developer data link faulty	Clear	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Clears the receive area from a local station with a communication error	Retains the receive area from a local	Continue
occurs in a local station	station is set (local station setting)	Hold		Continue	Continue	Continue	Continue	Retains the receive area from a local station with a communication error	station with a communica- tion error	Sondhue

\*2: When the RY refresh device is set to "Y" for the local station that has stopped, only the receive area from the stopped local station is cleared; the receive area is retained when the RY refresh device is set to other than Y. Operation continues for the receive areas from other stations.

# **6 PARAMETER SETTINGS**

This chapter explains the parameter settings that are required to perform data link with the CC-Link.

6.1 Procedure from Parameter Settings to Data Link Startup

The following explains the procedure from setting the parameters to starting the data link.

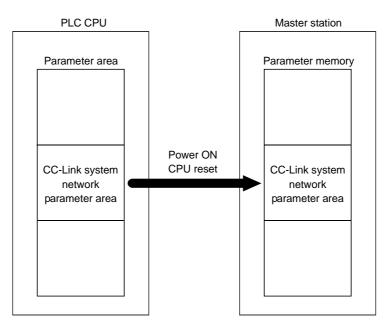
6.1.1 CPU parameter area and master module parameter memory

The following explains the relationship between the CPU parameter area and the master station's parameter memory.

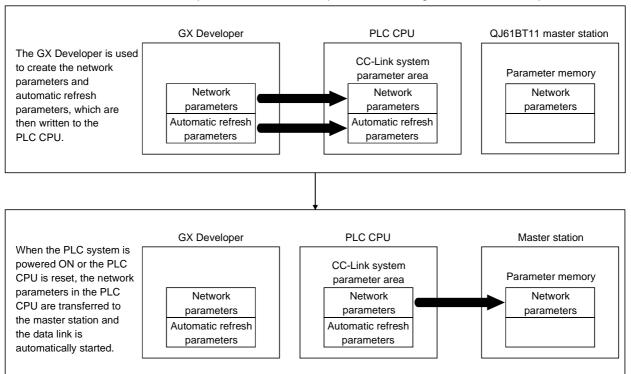
(1) CPU parameter area

This area is used to set the basic values for controlling the PLC system and the network parameters that control the CC-Link system.

(2) Master station parameter memory This area stores the network parameters for the CC-Link system. When the module is powered off or the PLC CPU is reset, the network parameters are erased.



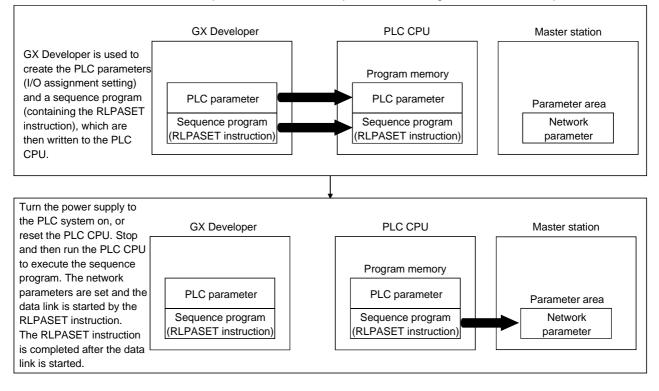
# 6.1.2 Procedure from parameter settings to data link startup with GX Developer



#### Follow the procedure below from parameter settings to data link startup:

# 6.1.3 Procedure from parameter settings to data link startup with dedicated instruction

#### Follow the procedure below from parameter settings to data link startup:



# 6.2 Parameter Setting Items

Table 6.1 lists the items to be stored in the master station parameter memory.

Setting item	Description	Reference section
Number of connected modules	Sets the total number of remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations and standby master station that are connected to the master station (including reserved stations). Default value : 64 (modules) Setting range: 1 to 64 (modules)	
Number of retries	Sets the number of retries when a communication error occurs. Default value : 3 (times) Setting range: 1 to 7 (times)	
Number of automatic return modules	Sets the total number of remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations and standby master station that can be returned to system operation by a single link scan. Default value : 1 (module) Setting range: 1 to 10 (modules)	Section 4.3.2
Standby master station specification	Specifies the station number of the standby master station. Default value : Blank (no standby master station specified) Setting range: Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified)	Section 4.3.5
Operation specification when CPU is down	Specifies the data link status when a master station PLC CPU error occurs. Default value : Stop Setting range : Stop : Continue	Section 4.3.3
Scan mode specification	Specifies either the synchronous or asynchronous mode for sequence scan. Default value : Asynchronous Setting range : Asynchronous : Synchronous	Section 4.4.8
Delay time setting	Sets the link scan interval. (Unit: 50 μ s) Default value : 0 (Not specified) Setting range : 0 to 100 (0: Not specified)	
Reserved station specification	Specifies the reserved station. Default value : Not specified Setting range : Not specified : Specified	Section 4.4.6
Error invalid station specification	Specifies the error invalid station. Default value : Not specified Setting range : Not specified : Specified	Section 4.4.7

Setting item		Description	Reference section
	Sets the type of the connected	remote station, local station, intelligent device	
	station and standby master sta	tion.	
	Default value	: Remote I/O station, occupies 1 station,	
		station number 1 to Remote I/O station,	
Station information		occupies 1 station, station number 64	
Station information	Setting range		
	Station type	: Remote I/O station, remote device station,	
		intelligent device station	
	Number of occupied stations	s : occupies 1 station to occupies 4 stations	
	Station number	: 1 to 64	
	Specifies the assignments of be	uffer memory sizes during transient transmission	
	to a local station, a standby ma	ster station and an intelligent device station.	
	Default values		
	Send buffer size	: 40н (64) (word)	
	Receive buffer size	: 40н (64) (word)	
Assignments of	Automatic update buffer size	e : 80н (128) (word)	
communication buffer	Setting range		
and automatic update	Communication buffer size	e : Он (0) (word) (Not specified), or 40н (64)	
buffer		(word) to 1000н (4096) (word)	
builei		However, the total communication buffer size	
		must be 1000н (4096) (word) or less.	
	<ul> <li>Automatic update buffer</li> </ul>	: 0н (0) (word) (Not specified), or 80н (128)	
		(word) to 1000н (4096) (word)	
		However, the total automatic buffer size must	
		be 1000н (4096) (word) or less.	

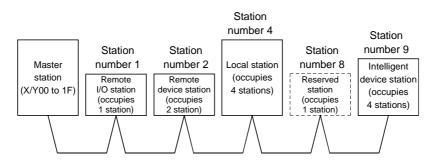
Table 6.1 Parameter setting items (2/2)

# POINT

- (1) For the communication buffer size, specify the size that is calculated by adding seven words to the data size to be sent or received.
   For the automatic update buffer size, specify the size required for each intelligent device station.
- (2) When performing the parameter setting with the dedicated instruction, "Standby master station specification" cannot be set.

## 6.3 Example of Parameter Settings with GX Developer

This section explains the parameter settings using the GX Developer. For more details on the GX Developer operation, refer to the GX Developer Operating Manual. The explanations in this section are based on the following example of the system configuration.



#### 6.3.1 Master station network parameter settings

(1) The following describes an example of the parameter settings. See (2) for actual settings.

		PPW\060301 - [Network param Diagnostics Tools Window He		list.]				- 8
DISIE SIN			101					
	am of 6							
Program 🗾								
<u>밝踪なะ응ら</u>	F9 sF9	★ X 11+ 1+ 11+ 11+ 1+ 5F9 5F10 5F7 5F8 5F7 3F8 a	↑ J 1x F5 caF5 caF0 F10 aF9					
Open contact	X Z P		1 @ 封田封 ■					
1 월등 화 원 표	¥+ ⊑	등 등 등 등 등 등 등	R B B B F	夏日	뾄럜덇냟귫큟			
□ - 3월 060301 Master station □ - 1월 Program - 1월 MAIN	No. of bo	ards in 1 💌 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards	Setb	y the sequence program.			
🗄 🐮 Device comment			1		2	3		4
🖻 🖃 Parameter		Start I/O No		0000				
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings					
Network para		Type	Master station	-	-		-	
B Device memory		Master station data link type	PLC parameter auto start	•	•		-	
- B Device init		Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	-	-		-	
		All connectcount		5				
		Remote input(RX)						
		Remote output(RY)						
		Remote register(RWr)						
		Remote register(RWw)						
		Special relay(SB)						
		Special register(SW)						
		Retry count		5				
		Automatic reconnction station count		2				
		Wait master station No.						
		PLC down select	Stop	•	•		-	
		Scan mode setting	Asynchronous	-	-		-	
		Delay information settings		10				
		Station information settings	Station information					
		Remote device station initial	Initial settings					
		Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings					
	Ir	ndispensable settings( No setting	/Akreadyset ) Setiřitis m	ieedei	d( Nosetting / Alreadyset	1		
۰ ۱	Setup item	ledge XY assignment Clear	Check	End se				

- (2) Set the network parameters using the following procedure.
  - (a) Set the "No. of boards in" for which the network parameters are to be set.
    - Default value: None
      - Setting range: 0 to 4 (modules)\*
      - \* Modules for the parameter setting with the RLPASET instruction should not be included in the setting for "No. of boards in".
    - Example) Set 1 (module).
  - (b) Set the "Start I/O No." for the master station. Default value: None Setting range: 0000 to 0FE0
    - Example) Set 0000.

(c) Set the Parameter name using "Operational settings." (Even if the Parameter name is not set, this will not affect the operation of the CC-Link system).

Default value: None

Setting range: 8 characters or less

Example) Set "CC-LinkM".

Operational settings module 1	×
Parameter name	Number of exclusive stations
CC-LinkM	Exclusive station 1 💌
Data link disorder station setting	
Hold input data	
ОК	Cancel

- (d) Set the input status for the data link error station using "Operational settings". Default value: Clear ("Hold input data" not checked)
  - Setting range: Hold ("Hold input data" checked)

Clear ("Hold input data" not checked)

Example) Set to Clear ("Hold input data" not checked).

Operational settings module 1	X
Parameter name	Number of exclusive stations
T Hold input data	
OK	Cancel

(e) Set the station type using "Type".
 Default value: Master station
 Setting range: Master station
 Master station (Duplex function)
 Local station
 Standby master station

Example) Set to Master station.

(f) Set the CC-Link mode using "Mode".

Default value : Online (Remote net mode) Setting range: Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline Example) Set to Online (Remote net mode). (g) Set the total number of connected stations in the CC-Link system including reserved stations using "All connect count".

Default value: 64 (modules)

Setting range: 1 to 64 (modules)

Example) Set to 5 (modules).

(h) Set the number of retries using "Retry count", when a communication error occurs.

Default value: 3 (times) Setting range: 1 to 7 (times) Example) Set to 5 (times).

(i) Set the number of modules that can return to system operation by a single link scan using "Automatic reconnection station count".

Default value: 1 (module) Setting range: 1 to 10 (modules) Example) Set to 2 (modules).

(j) Set the station number for the standby master station using "Standby master station No.".

Default value: Blank (No standby master station specified) Setting range: Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified)

Example) Set to blank (No standby master station specified).

(k) Set the data link status using "PLC down select", when a master station PLC CPU error occurs.

> Default value: Stop Setting range: Stop Continue

Example) Set to Stop.

(I) Set whether the link scan for the sequence scan is synchronous or asynchronous using "Scan mode setting".

Default value: Asynchronous

Setting range: Asynchronous Synchronous

Example) Set to Asynchronous.

(m) Set the link scan interval using "Delay information settings".
 Default value: 0 (Not specified)
 Setting range: 0 to 100 (Unit: 50 μ s)

Example) Set to 10 (500  $\mu$  s).

(n) Set the station data using "Station information settings". Default value: Remote I/O station, Exclusive station 1, or no setting for reserved stations/error invalid. Setting range: Station type - No setting Remote I/O station Remote device station Intelligent device station (including local station and standby master station) Exclusive station count -No setting Exclusive station 1 Exclusive station 2 Exclusive station 3 Exclusive station 4 Reserved/invalid station select -No setting Reserved station Invalid station (error invalid station) Intelligent buffer select (word) -No setting Send 0, 64 to 4096 Receive 0, 64 to 4096 Automatic 0, 128 to 4096

Example) Set the station data according to the system configuration specified in Section 6.3.

CC-Link st	ation information. Uni	it 1						X
			Exclusive station	Reserve/invalid	Intelligent	buffer sele	ect(word)	•
Station No.	Station type		count	station select	Send	Receive	Automatic	
1/1	Remotel/O station	Ŧ	Exclusive station 1 💌	No setting 📃 💌				
2/2	Remote device station	•	Exclusive station 2 💌	No setting 🔹 💌				
3/4	Intelligent device station	•	Exclusive station 4 💌	No setting 🛛 🔻	64	64	128	
4/8	Remotel/O station	•	Exclusive station 1 💌	Reserve station 💌				
5/9	Intelligent device station	•	Exclusive station 4 💌	No setting 🛛 🔻	64	64	128	-
								_
	Default	<u>c</u> L	eck End	setup C	ancel	1		
		ur	Enu Enu		ancei			

(3) The following shows the results of the communication buffer and automatic update buffer assignments.

1000н 103Fн	First module (station number 4) Intelligent device station Send buffer	2000н 207Fн	First module (station number 4) Intelligent device station Automatic update buffer
1040н 107Fн	First module(station number 4) Intelligent device station Receive buffer	2080н 20FFн	Second module (station number 9) Intelligent device station Automatic update buffer
1080н 10BFн	Second module (station number 9) Intelligent device station Send buffer		
10С0н 10FFн	Second module (station number 9) Intelligent device station Receive buffer		

# 6.3.2 Master station automatic refresh parameter settings

(1) The following shows an example of the parameter settings. See (2) for actual settings.

F8 F9 F0	x 2F9	
T - 9 - F0	ж.	
7. 7. 7.	,X ∉F9	
Fe Ja An	× eF9	
F8 JF9 JF0	x of9	
	3	4
-		*
-		•
-		*
		_
		_
-		-
-		*
		-
		-
	×	×

(2) Set the automatic refresh parameters using the following procedure.

(a) Set the remote input (RX) refresh device using "Remote input (RX)". Default value: None

Setting range: Device name - Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to X1000.

(b) Set the remote output (RY) refresh device using "Remote output (RX)". Default value: None

Setting range: Device name - Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to Y1000.

(c) Set the remote register (RWr) refresh device using "Remote register (RWr)". Default value: None

> Setting range: Device name - Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, or ZR. Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to D1000.

- (d) Set the remote register (RWw) refresh device using "Remote register (RWw)".
  - Default value: None
  - Setting range: Device name Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R, or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to D2000.

(e) Set the special relay (SB) refresh device using "Special relay (SB)".

Default value: None

Setting range: Device name - Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to SB0.

- (f) Set the special register (SW) refresh device using "Special register (SW)". Default value: None
  - Setting range: Device name Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to SW0.

# POINT

When setting the special relay (SB) and special register (SW) refresh devices to SB and SW, respectively, specify so they do not overlap with the device numbers used on the MELSECNET/H network.

#### 6.3.3 Local station network parameter settings

(1) The following describes an example of the parameter settings. See (2) for actual settings.

		PPW\060301 - [Network param		: list.]			_ 8 ×
		Diagnostics Tools Window He					_181 ×
<u>dee se</u>	B Q (	198 11 11 9 9 5					
Program 💌		IS 1% I 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1				
<u>;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;</u>	F9 sF9	★ X 11 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	↑ J TE TXE F5 @F5 @R0 F10 #F9				
5 5 2 2 2 9	<b>X</b> Z Z	43 HQ II PO	日 (1) 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日				
	물+ F5		F7 F8 F9 sF9 F9			and X	
060301 Local station     Program     MAIN	No. of boa	ards in 📘 🗾 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards	Set by	the sequence program.		
⊞ 🖑 Device comment	1		1		2	3	4
🖻 🛋 Parameter		Start I/O No		0000			
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings				
🔛 Network para		Туре	Local station	•	<b>•</b>	•	
国 Device memory 国 Device init		Master station data link type		*	-	-	
🔤 Device init		Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	•	<b>•</b>	•	
_		All connectcount					
		Remote input(RX)					
		Remote output(RY)					
		Remote register(RWr)					
		Remote register(R'w/w)					
		Special relay(SB)					
		Special register(SW)					
		Retry count					
		Automatic reconnction station count					
		Wait master station No.		_			
		PLC down select		-	-	-	
		Scan mode setting			•	•	
		Delay infomation settings			<u>.</u>	-	
		Station information settings		-			
		Remote device station initial		-			
		Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings	-			
		dispensable settings( No setting		needed(	No setting / Already set	]	
ч <b>э</b>	Setup item o	details:					
	Acknow	ledge XY assignment Clear	Check	End set	up Cancel		,

- (2) Set the network parameters using the following procedure.
  - (a) Set the "No. of boards in" for which the network parameters are to be set. Default value: None Setting range: 0 to 4 (modules)
     Example) Set 1 (module).
  - (b) Set the "Start I/O No." for the local station.
    - Default value: None Setting range: 0000 to 0FE0 Example) Set 0000.
  - (c) Set the Parameter name using "Operational settings". (Even if the Parameter name is not set, this will not affect the operation of the CC-Link system).

Default value: None Setting range: 8 characters or less Example) Set "CC-LinkL".

Operational settings module 1	X
Parameter name CC-LinkL Data link disorder station setting Hold input data	Number of exclusive stations
ОК	Cancel

(d) Set the input status for the data link error station using "Operational settings". Default value: Clear ("Hold input data" not checked)

Setting range: Hold ("Hold input data" checked)

Clear ("Hold input data" not checked)

Example) Set to Clear ("Hold input data" not checked).

Operational settings module 1	X
Parameter name	Number of exclusive stations
	Exclusive station 1
Data link disorder station setting	
F Hold input data	
OK	Cancel

(e) Set the number of occupied local stations using "Number of exclusive stations".

Default value : Exclusive station 1 Setting range: Exclusive station 1 Exclusive station 2 Exclusive station 3 Exclusive station 4

Operational settings module 1	×
Parameter name	Number of exclusive stations
	Exclusive station 4
Data link disorder station setting	
Hold input data	
OK	Cancel

- (f) Set the station type using "Type". Default value: Master station Setting range: Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station
   (g) Set the CC-Link mode using "Mode". Default value: Online (Remote net mode)
- Default value: Online (Remote net mode) Setting range: Online (Remote net mode) Offline Example) Set to Online (Remote net mode).

# 6.3.4 Local station automatic refresh parameter settings

(1) The following describes an example of the parameter settings. See (2) for actual settings.

		(ST) (T)  =  _  _		
□				
· 議論議論 後後間 □ □ ■ ● ● ■ 予聞 □ □ ■ ● ● ■ 予聞 □ □ ■ ● ■ ● ■ ■ ●				
	과 <b>최 파파파 미</b> 			
		04 05 aF5 aF7 aF8 aF9 a	a X P0 F9	
ofboards in 1 🛨 Boards	Blank: no setting O boards: Set by th			
	1	2	3	4
			-	
	Onine (Nemote net mode)			
	V1000			
	1			
		-	-	
		-		
	1			
Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings			
	Wait master station No. PLC down select Scan mode setting Delay information settings Station information settings Remote device station initial	Start I/O No.         0.000           Operational setting:         Local statum           Type         Local statum           Master address lange         Ordine (Fencel net mode)           All connectional setting:         Vinne (Fencel net mode)           Benote noutlish         Vinne (Fencel net mode)           Renote noutlish         Vinne (Fencel net mode)           Renote noutlish         Vinne (Fencel net mode)           Renote noutlish         Vinne (Fencel net mode)           Statistic learning         Vinne (Fencel net mode)           Renote noutlish         Statistic learning           Autorabit learning         Statistic learning           Scient networks         Statistic learning           Autorabit learning         Vinne           Scient node atting         Vinne           Scient node atting         Vinne           Betrate device station ninel         Vinne	1         2           Operating setting         0000           Operating setting         0000           Type         Local station         *           Matter station (add aris type         00 me (Renote not mode)         *           All connectional is the provide of mode)         *         *           Benote not/mode/FV1         00 me (Renote not mode)         *         *           Benote not/mode/FV1         1000         *         *           Benote not/mode/FV1         1000         *         *           Statistical resider/FV4         0.000         *         *           Advantation setting         \$         \$         *           Advantation setting         \$         \$         *           Station resident/FV4         \$         \$         *           Advantation setting         \$         *         *         *           Scion node setting         *         *         *         *           Betore residence setting         *         *         *         *	Start I/O No.         0         2         3           Operational setting:         Type         Local statum         *         *         *           Matter addrived as Inkige:         Local statum         *         *         *         *         *           Matter addrived as Inkige:         Ordre: Penole net mode)         *         *         *         *           All consectional statum         Vitroit         *         *         *         *         *           Benote not/LBID         Vitroit         Vitroit         * <t< td=""></t<>

(2) Set the automatic refresh parameters using the following procedure.

(a) Set the remote input (RX) refresh device using "Remote input (RX)". Default value: None

Setting range: Device name - Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to X1000.

(b) Set the remote output (RY) refresh device using "Remote output (RX)". Default value: None

Setting range: Device name - Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to Y1000.

(c) Set the remote register (RWr) refresh device using "Remote register (RWr)". Default value: None

> Setting range: Device name - Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, or ZR. Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to D1000.

- (d) Set the remote register (RWw) refresh device using "Remote register (RWw)".
  - Default value: None
  - Setting range: Device name Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R, or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to D2000.

(e) Set the special relay (SB) refresh device using "Special relay (SB)".

Default value: None

Setting range: Device name - Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

Example) Set to SB0.

- (f) Set the special register (SW) refresh device using "Special register (SW)". Default value: None
  - Setting range: Device name Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW or ZR.

Device number - Within the range of the device points that the CPU has.

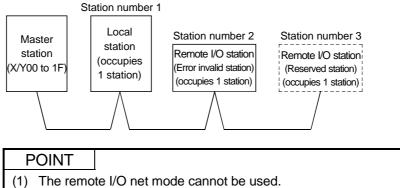
Example) Set to SW0.

# POINT

When setting the special relay (SB) and special register (SW) refresh devices to SB and SW respectively, specify so they do not overlap with the device numbers used in the MELSECNET/H network.

# 6.4 Example of Parameter Setting with Dedicated Instruction

This section explains the parameter setting with the RLPASET instruction. For more details on the GX Developer operation, refer to the GX Developer Operational Manual. The explanations in this section are based on the following example of the system configuration.



- The module operates in remote net mode.
- (2) It is not possible to set input status from a data link faulty station. Inputs from a data link faulty station are cleared.
- (3) The standby master function is not available.
- (4) Do not use GX Developer for setting the network parameters, if the network parameters of all the modules are set by the RLPASET instruction. Change the "No. of boards in" setting to blank if the network parameters have been already set by GX Developer. Moreover, in case a system includes both a module for which the network parameters are set by GX Developer and a module for which the network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction, the module for which the network parameters are set by the RLPASET instruction should not be included in the "No. of boards in" setting of GX Developer.
- (5) When switching the PLC CPU from RUN to STOP, output to the RY of the master station, remote station, local station, intelligent station, and standby station are held.

Start XY

(1) PLC parameter setting

	Assignment(*) Slot Type		-	Model name	Points		Start +		
n I	PLC	PLC	-	Model name	Fonts	-	Statt	Ē	Switch setting
	0(* 0)	Intelli	-	QJ61BT11	32points	÷	0000	-	
	1(%-1)	THC GR	-	40010111	or bound	÷	0000		Detailed setting
	21*-21		-			-			
	31*-31		-			-			
5	4[*-4]		*			•			
6	5(*-5)								
7	6[*-6]		-			-		*	
			corre	ctly, when there is a	em automatically. slot of the unsettir	ng o	n the way	y.	
	ndard set	ting(*)	_	ctly, when there is a	slot of the unsetting	- -		y.	- Pass mode-
	ndard set		_			- -	n the way Points -	y.	Base mode
Stan	ndard set	ting(*)	_	ctly, when there is a	slot of the unsetting	- -		y.	Auto
Stan M	ndard set	ting(*)	_	ctly, when there is a	slot of the unsetting	- -		y.	
Stan M Incre	Iain ease1 ease2	ting(*)	_	ctly, when there is a	slot of the unsetting	- -		y.	<ul><li>€ Auto</li><li>€ Detail</li></ul>
Stan M Incre	I ain ease1 ease2 ease3	ting(*)	_	ctly, when there is a	slot of the unsetting	- -	Points	y.	Auto
Stan M Incre Incre	Iain ease1 ease2	ting(*)	_	ctly, when there is a	slot of the unsetting	- -		y.	<ul><li>€ Auto</li><li>€ Detail</li></ul>

(a) I/O assignment setting screen Set the following for the slot in which the master module is mounted. The type setting is required; set other items as needed. : Select "intelli." Type

Model name	: Enter the module model name.
Points	: Select 32 points

- : Select 32 points
  - : Enter the start I/O number for the master module.

5 wi	tch setting	; for 1/0 an	d intelligent functior	nal module					
					Input	format	HEX.	•	
	Slot	Туре	Model name	Switch 1	Switch 2	Switch 3	Switch 4	Switch 5 🔺	
0	PLC	PLC							
1	0(*-0)	Intelli.	QJ61BT11				0100		
2	1(*-1)								
3	2(*-2)								
4	3(*-3)								
5	4(*·4)								
6	5(*-5)								
7	6(*•6)								
8	7(*.7)								
9	8(*-8)								
10	9(*-9)								
11	10(*-10)								
12	11(* <b>-1</b> 1)								
13	12[*-12]								
14	13(*-13)								
15	14(*-14)								
			End	Car	icel				

(b) Intelligent function module switch setting Click the Switch Setting button in the I/O assignment setting screen to display the screen shown to the left.

Set the input format to hexadecimal and enter 0100 for switch 4.

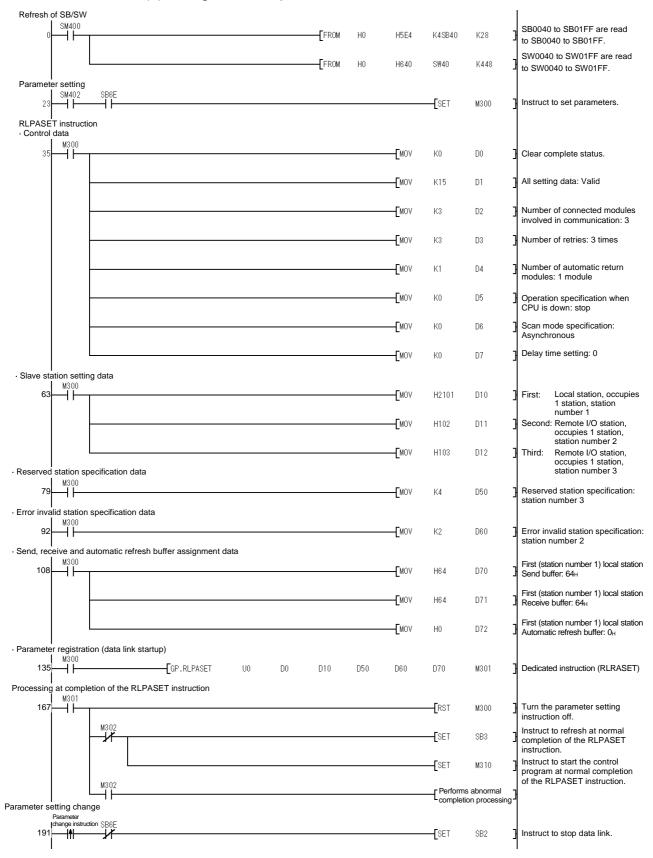
If switch 4 has not been set or a value other than 0100 is entered, the RLPASET instruction completes with an error. In this case, the QJ61BT11 with the smallest start I/O number seen from the PLC CPU starts CC-Link automatically. Do not make any settings other than for switch 4. Normal operation cannot be guaranteed if

settings other than for switch 4 are made.

# 6 PARAMETER SETTINGS

**MELSEC-Q** 

(2) Program example



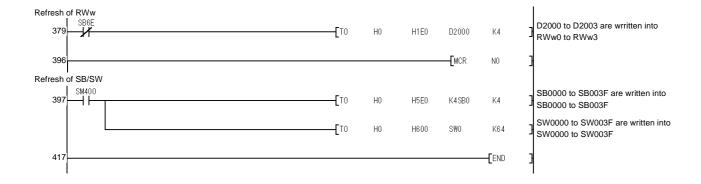
# 6 PARAMETER SETTINGS

206 SE	345		[RST	SB2	Turn the data link stop
			- [rst	SB3	instruction off.
SE	345		- <b>T</b> W21	303	
	₩ ₩		-[SET	M303	Instruct to change parameters.
<ul> <li>RLPASET ins</li> <li>Control data</li> </ul>					
212		-Ewon	KO	D100	Clear complete status.
		—Емоч	K9	D101	Slave station setting data/send, receive and automatic refresh buffer assignment data: Valid
		-Емом	K3	D102	Number of connected modules involved in communication: 3
		-Ewon	K3	D103	Number of retries: 3 times
		-Емол	K1	D104	Number of automatic return modules: 1 module
		-Емол	К0	D105	Operation specification when CPU is down: Stop
		Емоч	К0	D106	Scan mode specification: Asynchronous
		Емоч	К0	D107	] Delay time setting: 0
Slave station     240	n setting data	Емоч	H2101	D110	First: Local station, occupies 1 station, station
		-Емом	H102	D111	number 1 ] Second: Remote I/O station, occupies 1 station,
Sond rossi	a and automatic refreeb buffer assignment data	[моу	H103	D112	Station number 2 Third: Remote I/O station, occupies 1 station, station number 3
1	re and automatic refresh buffer assignment data	—Емоч	H64	D170	First (station number 1) local station Send buffer: $64_{H}$
		[моу	H64	D171	First (station number 1) local station Receive buffer: $64_{H}$
		Емоч	HO	D172	First (station number 1) local station Automatic refresh buffer: $0_{\rm H}$
M3	egistration (data link startup) 003 	D160*	D170	M304	
·	completion of the RLPASET instruction	D100	0170	M3U4	Dedicated instruction
M3			- <b>[</b> rst	M303	Turn the parameter setting instruction off.
	M305		- <b>[</b> set	SB3	Instruct to refresh at normal completion of the RLPASET
			-[SET	M310	Instruction. Instruct to start the control program at normal completion of the RLPASET instruction.
	M305			abnormal n processing	1
	ontrol program				
	F	[MC	N0	M320	J
N0 T M32	0				
Refresh of RX	< 86E ✔────────────────────────────────────	H0E0	K4X1000	K6	RX00 to RX5F are read to X1000 to X105F.
Refresh of R					
349	86Е <b>7</b> [ТО НО	H160	K4Y1000	K6	Y1000 to Y105F are written into RY00 to RY5F.
	Vr 86Е ┲[FROM НО	H2E0	D1000	K4	RWr0 to RWr3 are read to D1000 to D1003.
					1

\*D150 and D160 are dummy devices.

# 6 PARAMETER SETTINGS

# MELSEC-Q

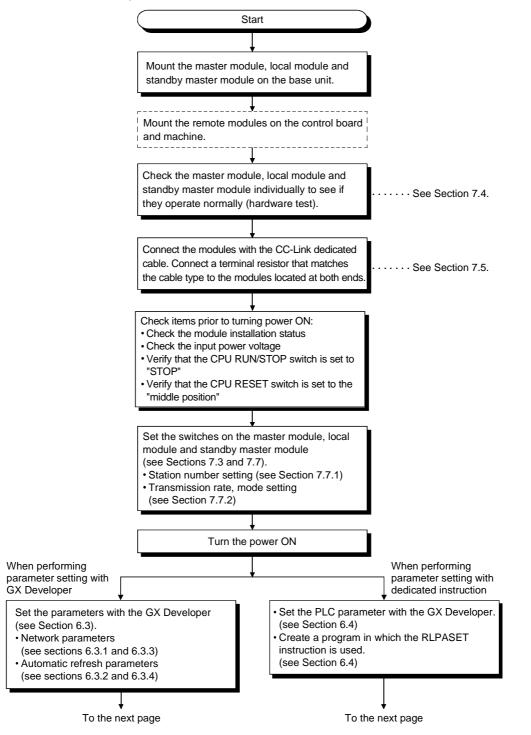


# 7 PROCEDURE BEFORE STARTING THE DATA LINK

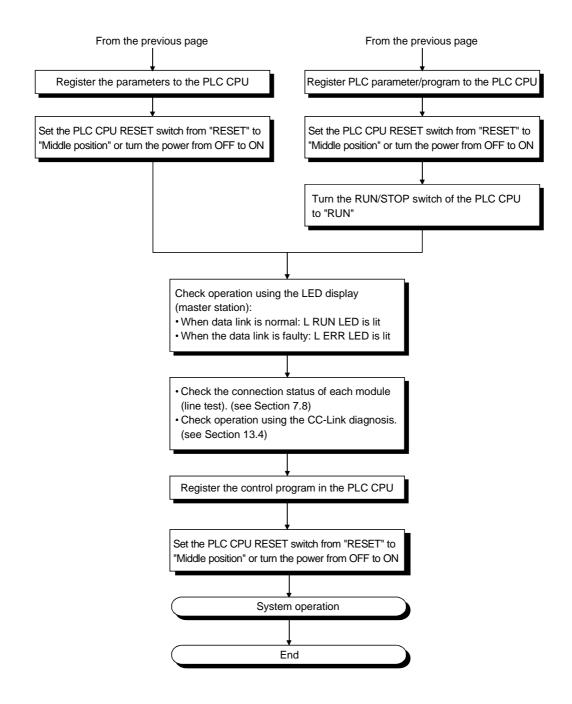
This chapter explains the procedure from the module installation to the data link startup.

#### 7.1 Procedure Before Starting the Data Link

The following describes the procedure from the module installation to the CC-Link data link startup.



MELSEC-Q



# 7.2 Installation

The following section explains the precautions when handling the master and local modules, from the time they are unpacked until they are installed. For more details on the module installation, see the user's manual for the PLC CPU used.

#### 7.2.1 Handling precautions

- (1) Do not drop the module case or subject it to heavy impact since it is made of resin.
- (2) Do not remove the PCB of each module from its case. This may cause a failure in the module.
- (3) Be careful not to let foreign objects such as wire burrs enter the module during wiring. In the event any foreign object enters, remove it immediately.
- (4) The top surface of the module is covered with a protective film to prevent foreign objects such as wire burrs from entering the module during wiring. Do not remove this film until the wiring is complete. Before operating the system, be sure to remove the film to provide adequate heat ventilation.
- (5) Solderless terminals with insulation sleeve cannot be used for the terminal block. It is recommended that the wiring connecting sections of the solderless terminals will be covered with a marking tube or an insulation tube.
- (6) Tighten the module mounting screws and terminal screws using torque within the following ranges.

Screw location	Tightening torque range
Module mounting screws (M3 screws)	36 to 48 N · cm
Terminal block screws (M3 screws)	42 to 58 N · cm
Terminal block mounting screws (M3.5 screws)	66 to 89 N · cm

#### POINT

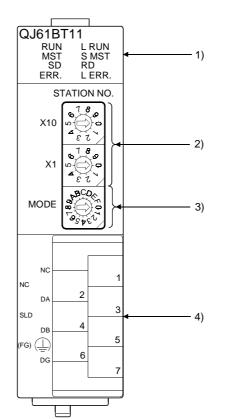
Be sure to turn off the power supply to the applicable station before installing or removing the terminal block.

If the terminal block is installed or removed without turning off the power supply to the applicable station, correct data transmission cannot be guaranteed.

## 7.2.2 Installation environment

For further details, see the user's manual for the PLC CPU used.

# 7.3 Part Identification Nomenclature and Settings



The following section describes the parts names of the master and local modules, and the contents of the LED display and switch settings.

Number	Name		Description				
1)	LED display	Verify the da	ata link status with the LED ON/OFF.				
		LED name	Description				
		RUN	On : When the module is operating normally				
		KUN	Off : When a watchdog timer error occurs				
			On: All stations have a communication error				
			<ul><li>Also lights up when the following errors occur.</li><li>Switch type setting is incorrect</li></ul>				
			<ul> <li>There are more than one master station on the same line</li> </ul>				
			There is an error in the parameter contents				
		ERR.	<ul> <li>The data link monitoring timer was activated</li> </ul>				
			The cable is disconnected				
	QJ61BT11		Or, the transmission path is affected by noise.				
	RUN L RUN MST S MST		To check the source of the error, see Section 13.4. Or, see Section 8.4.2 for details regarding SW0058 (detailed				
	SD RD ERR. L ERR.		LED display status)				
			Flashing: There is a communication error in a station				
		MST	On: Operating as a master station (during data link control)				
		S MST	On: Operating as a standby master station (during standby)				
		L RUN	On: Data link is being executed				
			On : Communication error (host)				
			Flashing at fixed intervals: The settings of switches 2) and 3)				
		L ERR.	were changed while the power is on. Flashing at inconsistent intervals: The terminal resistor is not				
		L ENN.	attached. The module and CC-				
			Link dedicated cable are				
			affected by noise.				
		SD	On: During data sending				
		RD	On: During data receiving				
2)	Station number setting switches	Set the mod	ule station number (setting at the time of shipment: 0)				
	OTATIONNO	<setting range=""></setting>					
			Master station : 0				
			Local station : 1 to 64				
		,	ster station : 1 to 64				
	x1 x1 x1 x1 x x	If a number	other than 0 to 64 is set, the "ERR." LED lights up.				

# "MST" and "S MST" LED indicator lamp status and station types

	Operation status					
Type of station set	Operating as a master station	Operating as a standby master				
	(controlling data link)	station (standing by)				
Master station	MST 🏹 🔿 S MST	MST O 🗡 S MST				
Standby master station	MST 🏹 🔿 S MST	MST O 🗡 S MST				
Local station						

 $\mathbf{M}$  : On,  $\mathbf{O}$  : Off

Number	Name	Description					
3)	Transmission rate/mode setting switch	Set the transmission rate and operating conditions for the module (settings at time of shipment: 0)					
		Number	Transmission rate settings	Mode			
		0	Transmission rate 156 kbps				
		1	Transmission rate 625 kbps				
		2	Transmission rate 2.5 Mbps	Online			
		3	Transmission rate 5 Mbps	(see Section 7.7.2)			
		4	Transmission rate 10 Mbps				
		5	Transmission rate 156 kbps	Line test (see Section 7.8)			
		6	Transmission rate 625 kbps	When the station number setting			
		7	Transmission rate 2.5 Mbps	switch is set to 0: Line test 1			
		8	Transmission rate 5 Mbps	When the station number setting			
		9	Transmission rate 10 Mbps	switch is set to 1 to 64: Line test 2			
		А	Transmission rate 156 kbps				
		В	Transmission rate 625 kbps				
		С	Transmission rate 2.5 Mbps	Hardware test			
		D	Transmission rate 5 Mbps	(see Section 7.4)			
		E	Transmission rate 10 Mbps				
		F	Setting not allowed				
4)	Terminal block	Connect	Connect the CC-Link dedicated cable for data linking.				
		For the c	connection method, see Section	7.5.			
	NC DA SLD (FG) DB DG DG	Since a 2 without c	Terminals SLD and FG are connected inside the module. Since a 2-piece type terminal block is used, the module can be replaced without disconnecting the signal line to the terminal block. (Replace the module after turning its power OFF.)				

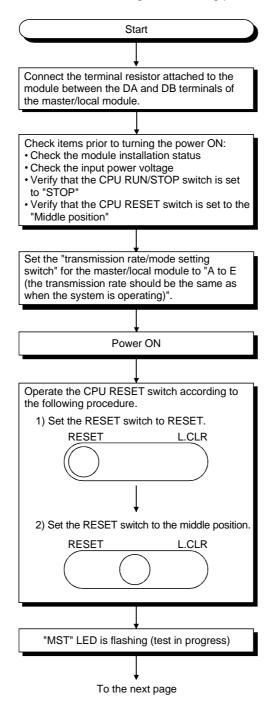
# POINT

The settings of the station number setting switch and the transmission rate/mode setting switch become valid when the module power is turned from OFF to ON or the PLC CPU is reset. Thus, if the settings were changed while the module power was ON, turn the module power from OFF to ON or reset the PLC CPU again.

## 7.4 Checking the Module Status (Hardware Test)

The hardware test checks whether or not each module works properly by itself. Always perform this hardware test before configuring the system and for each module by itself without connecting the cable. Otherwise, the hardware test will not be executed properly.

Execute the hardware test using the following procedure.



From the previous page The test result is displayed using the "LED" indicator lamps of the master/local module and the CPU module. [When normal] The CPU "ERR." LED flashes (to check the operation of the watchdog timer). [When abnormal] The "MST" LED lights up and the "ERR." LED flashes. Replace the module since there is a hardware malfunction. (Check once again to see that the terminal resistor that comes with the module is connected between terminals DA and DB.) End

# POINT

When the RUN/STOP switch of the PLC CPU is set to "RUN" and a hardware test is performed, the system status become SP. UNIT DOWN and the PLC CPU stops to check the operation of the watch dog timer function. Make sure that the RUN/STOP switch of the PLC CPU is set to "STOP" and then perform the hardware test.

# 7.5 Connecting the Modules Using the CC-Link Dedicated Cables

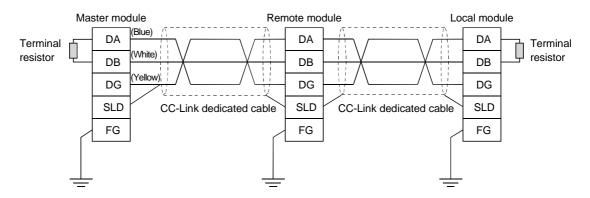
This section explains how to connect the master module, local modules, standby master module, remote modules and intelligent device modules with the CC-Link dedicated cables.

- (1) CC-Link cables can be connected from any station number.
- (2) Connect the supplied "terminal resistors" to each module at both ends of the CC-Link system.
   Connect the terminal resistors between "DA" and "DB".

(3) The terminal resistors to be connected vary depending on the types of cables used in the CC-Link system.

Cable type	Terminal resister
CC-Link dedicated cable	
Version 1.10 compatible CC-Link dedicated cable	110 $\Omega$ 1/2 W (brown - brown – brown)
CC-Link dedicated high-performance cable	130 $\Omega$ 1/2 W (brown - orange – brown)

- (4) The master module can be connected at points other than both ends.
- (5) Star connection is not allowed.
- (6) The connection method is shown below.



#### IMPORTANT

The CC-Link dedicated cable and CC-Link dedicated high performance cable cannot be used together. If they are used together, proper data transmission cannot be guaranteed.

#### POINT

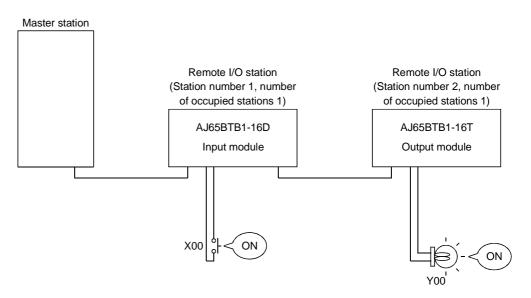
Connect the shielded wire of the CC-Link dedicated cable to "SLD" of each module, and ground both ends of the shielded wire using D type grounding via "FG". The SLD and FG are connected within the module.

## 7.5.1 Wiring check

The following explains how to check the wiring status between the remote I/O and external devices.

#### [Example of wiring check]

Specify the "Remote input (RX)" for the master station to "X1000" and the "Remote output (RY)" to "Y1000" with the GX Developer.



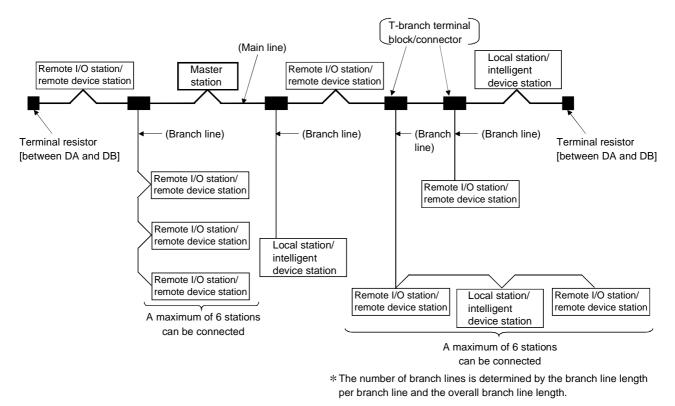
- (a) Checking the wiring between the input module and an external device
  - 1) Turn ON the switch corresponding to the external device "X0," which is connected to the input module of station number 1.
  - Using the GX Developer, set "X1000" in the "Device:" field by choosing "Online" - "Monitor" - "Device batch" and then click on "Start monitor".
  - 3) If X1000 is ON, the connection between the input module and external device has been properly performed.
- (b) Checking the wiring between the output module and an external device
  - Using the GX Developer, set "Y1000" in the "Device:" field for the "Bit device" by choosing "Online" - "Debug" - "Device test" and then click on "FORCE ON".
  - If the connection between the output module and external device is properly performed, the indicator lamp corresponding to the external device "Y00" is lit.

# 7.6 T-Branch Connection with the CC-Link Dedicated Cable

This section explains how to perform a T-branch connection using the CC-Link dedicated cable.

## 7.6.1 T-Branch system configuration

The following shows a system configuration using T-branch connection.



# 7.6.2 T-Branch communication specifications list

The following describes the communication specifications for T branch connection. For communication specifications not listed below, see Section 3.1.

Item	Speci	ication		Remarks			
Transmission rate	625 kbps	156 kbps	10 M/5 M/2.5 Mbps a	are not allowed.			
Maximum length of the main line	100 m (328.1 ft.)	500 m (1640.5 pt.)	Indicates the length of	of the cable between terminal of the T branch cable (branch line			
Maximum length of the branch line	8 m (2	6.25 ft.)	Indicates the overall	cable length per branch.			
Overall branch line length	50 m (164.05 ft.)	200 m (656.2 pt.)	Indicates the overall	length of the entire branch cable.			
Maximum number of connected stations on the branch line	6 stations	per branch	CC-Link specification	The total number of connected stations depends on the CC-Link specifications.			
Connection cable	CC-Link dedicated cable (Example: FANC-SB, CSFV-SI 100ZCLK-SB-20AWGX3C)	AB,	cannot be used (e • Cables of different	ated high performance cable xample: FANC-SBH). manufacturers cannot be used cable catalog for details on the			
Terminal resistor (connection method) Only when A(1S)J61BT11/A(1S)J61QBT11 is used as the master station. When the QJ61BT11 is used as the master station, connect the 110 Ω resistor that is supplied with the module. For the connection method, see Section		B and DG) both ends DA DB DB J DG SLD FG	110 Ω ± 5% and 1 • 110 Ω and 130 Ω	<ul> <li>Use a commercially available terminal resistor of 110 Ω ± 5% and 1/2 W resistance.</li> <li>110 Ω and 130 Ω resistors that are supplied with the master/local modules cannot be used.</li> </ul>			
T branch terminal block/connector	Terminal block: Off-the-shelf     Connector: Connector for the     (ICE947-5-2) comparable pre	FA sensor	•	s for the main line side, try not to ng as much as possible.			
Maximum length of main line, distance between T branches, and length of cable between stations	Transmission     Maximum le of main line       625 kbps     100 m (328)       156 kbps     500 m (1640)	gth     Distance between T branches     Length of Cable between the remote I/O stations or remote device stations * 1     master/lo intelligent the adjace       I ft.)     No limit     30 cm (11 8 in ) or longer     1 m (3.2		Length of cable between the master/local station or intelligent device station and the adjacent station(s) $*^2$ 1 m (3.28 ft.) or longer ( $*^3$ )/ 2 m (6.56 ft.) or longer ( $*^4$ )			
Terminal resistor	device stations.	.56 ft.) or longer is for a syste	m configuration that cont	tains local stations and remote tains local stations and intelligent Terminal resistor			
*1	Master station +2 R R L/I R	R Indicates a remote I/C	(Length of branch line: ) station or a remote de	R R R 8m (26.25 ft.) or shorter) vvice station.			
(Length of branch line	e: 8m (26.25 ft.) or shorter)	L/I Indicates a local station	on or an intelligent devi	ce station.			

# 7.7 Switch Settings

This section explains how to set the module switches.

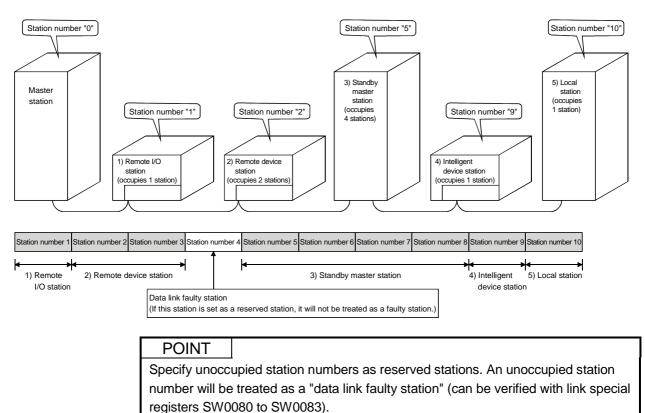
## 7.7.1 Station number setting

The following explains how to set the station numbers for the master station, local station, standby master station, remote station and intelligent device station. For details on the station number setting switches, see Section 7.3.

Specify the station numbers according to the following conditions.

- Specify sequential station numbers
   Station numbers can be specified regardless of the order in which the stations are connected.
   For a module occupying two or more stations, specify the first station number.
- (2) Specify unique station numbers
   If duplicate station numbers are specified, an installation error occurs. (Error codes are stored in SW0069)

[Setting example] When station numbers are specified by skipping one station number



## 7.7.2 Transmission rate and mode settings

Transmission rate and mode settings are specified with the "transmission rate/mode setting switch".

For details on the transmission rate/mode setting switch, see Section 7.3.

The transmission rate that can be set varies depending on the total distance. For more details, see Section 3.1.1.

#### POINT

Use the same transmission rate for the master station, remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations and the standby master station.

If the setting for even one of the stations is different, data link cannot be established properly.

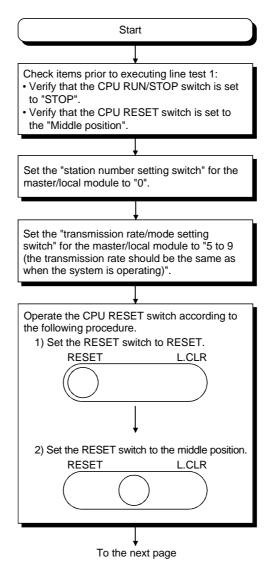
# 7.8 Checking the Connection Status (Line Test)

After connecting all of the modules with CC-Link dedicated cables, verify that they are correctly connected and that data linking can be performed with remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations and the standby master station. Line test 1 checks the status of communication with all modules that have been connected. Line test 2 checks the status of communication with specific modules. Neither line test 1 nor line test 2 requires parameter settings.

#### POINT

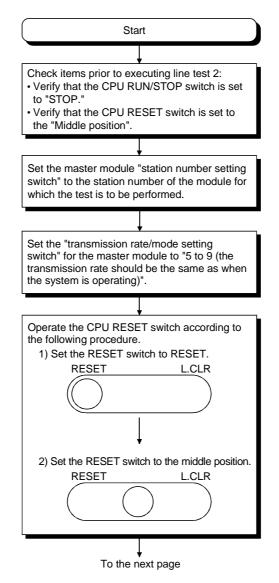
Line test 2 is performed when an error is generated by line test 1. Thus, if the result of line test 1 is normal, there is no need to conduct line test 2.

 Checking the connection status and the status of communication with remote stations/local stations/intelligent device stations/standby master station (line test 1) Perform the line test according to the following procedure.



From the previous page					
The test result is displayed using the "LED" indicator lamps of the master module. [When normal] The "L RUN" LED lights up.					
[When abnormal] The "MST" LED lights up and the "ERR." LED flashes.					
The test results are stored in SW00B4 to B7 (line test 1 result). However, since line test 1 is performed for 64 stations, disregard the bit (s) for any unconnected stations.					
End					

(2) Checking the status of communication with a specific remote station/local station/intelligent device station/standby master station (line test 2) Line test 2 checks whether data linking can be performed normally with a specific remote station, local station, intelligent device station or standby master station. Execute line test 2 according to the following procedure.



From the previous page
The test result is displayed using the "LED" indicator lamps of the master module. [When normal] The "L RUN" LED lights up.
[When abnormal] The "MST" LED lights up and the "ERR." LED flashes.
The test results are stored in SW00B8 (line test 2 result).
End

# 8 PROGRAMMING

This chapter explains common items relating to programming.

#### 8.1 Precautions on Programming

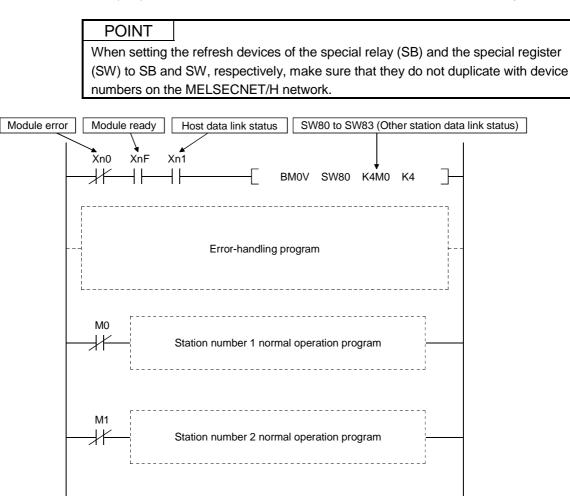
The following explains precautions on the creation of a program:

Create a program that allows the detection of data-link status and interlocking with the remote I/O stations, remote device stations, local stations, intelligent device stations, and standby master station.

In addition, create an error-handling program.

#### [Program example]

Set the "Special Relay (SB) Refresh Device" to "SB0" and the "Special Register (SW) Refresh Device" to "SW0" of the master station with GX Developer.



# 8.2 I/O Signals for the PLC CPU

This section explains the input/output signals for the PLC CPU of the master/local module.

#### 8.2.1 I/O Signal list

Table 8.1 shows a list of the I/O signals.

The "n" in the table indicates the master/local module's first I/O number, which is determined by both the installation position and the module installed before the master/local module.

<Example> When the master/local module's first I/O number is "X/Y30"

Xn0 to X (n + 1) F  $\rightarrow$  X30 to X4F

Yn0 to Y (n + 1) F  $\rightarrow$  Y30 to Y4F

S	ignal direction: PLC CPU ← Mas	ster/local module	9	Si	Signal direction: PLC CPU $ ightarrow$ Master/local module			
		Avail	ability			Availa	ability	
Input number	Signal name	Master station	Local station	Output number	Signal name	Master station	Local station	
Xn0	Module error	0	0	Yn0				
Xn1	Host data link status	0	0	Yn1				
Xn2	Use prohibited	_		Yn2				
Xn3	Other station data link status	0	0	Yn3				
Xn4				Yn4				
Xn5				Yn5				
Xn6				Yn6				
Xn7				Yn7				
Xn8				Yn8				
Xn9	Use prohibited	—	—	Yn9				
XnA				YnA				
XnB				YnB				
XnC				YnC				
XnD		YnD						
XnE				YnE		_	_	
XnF	Module ready	0	0	YnF	Use prohibited			
X (n+1) 0				Y (n+1) 0	Use prohibited			
X (n+1) 1				Y (n+1) 1				
X (n+1) 2				Y (n+1) 2				
X (n+1) 3				Y (n+1) 3				
X (n+1) 4				Y (n+1) 4				
X (n+1) 5				Y (n+1) 5				
X (n+1) 6				Y (n+1) 6				
X (n+1) 7	Use prohibited	L _	_	Y (n+1) 7				
X (n+1) 8	ose promoted			Y (n+1) 8				
X (n+1) 9				Y (n+1) 9				
X (n+1) A				Y (n+1) A				
X (n+1) B				Y (n+1) B				
X (n+1) C				Y (n+1) C				
X (n+1) D				Y (n+1) D				
X (n+1) E				Y (n+1) E				
X (n+1) F				Y (n+1) F				

#### Table 8.1 I/O signal list

8

# IMPORTANT

The use-prohibited output signals shown in Table 8.1 are accessed by the system and cannot be accessed by the user.

In the event these signals are used (turned on/off) by the user, normal operations cannot be guaranteed.

## POINT

In the A/QnA series, data link startup was performed by setting the "Yn6 (Data Link Startup Request initiated by a buffer memory parameter)" and "Yn8 (Data link Startup Request initiated by an E<sup>2</sup>PROM parameter)".

Do not use "Yn6" and "Yn8" for the Q series because the data link startup is automatically performed.

#### 8.2.2 Details of the I/O signals

The following explains the on/off timings and conditions of the I/O signals shown in Table 8.1:

#### (1) Module error: Xn0

This signal indicates whether the module is normal or faulty.

OFF: Module normal

ON : Module error

Module error (Xn0)	
Module ready (XnF)	

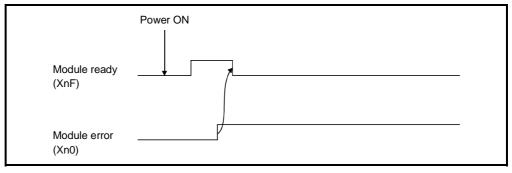
- (2) Host data link status: Xn1 This signal indicates the data link status of the host station. OFF: Data link is stopped
  - ON : Data linking in progress
- (3) Other station data link status: Xn3

This signal indicates the data link status of other stations (remote, local, intelligent device and standby master stations). The SB0080 signal has the same contents.

- OFF: All stations normal
- ON : There is a faulty station (the faulty station status is stored in SW0080 to SW0083)
- (4) Module ready: XnF

This signal indicates whether the module is ready to operate.

- (a) When the module reaches ready-to-operate status, this signal turns ON automatically.
- (b) This signal turns OFF when either of the following conditions occurs:
  - 1) When an error is detected in the switch setting status for the module
  - 2) When the module error signal (Xn0) turns ON



# 8.3 Buffer Memory

The buffer memory transfers data between the master/local module and the PLC CPU. The reading and writing of data are performed by parameter settings or with dedicated instructions using the GX Developer.

The contents of the buffer memory return to the default when the power is turned OFF or the PLC CPU is reset.

## 8.3.1 Buffer memory list

The buffer memory list is shown in Table 8.2.

Add	ress			Read/write	Availa	ability	Reference
Hexadecimal	Decimal	Item	Description	possibility	Master		section
0н to DFн	0 to 223	Use prohibited *			station	station	
	0 10 220		For the master station: Stores the input status				
E0⊦ to 15F⊦	224 to 351	to Remote input (RX)	from the remote/local /intelligent device/standby master stations.	Read only	0	_	
ТЭГн	351		For the local station : Stores the input status from the master station.		_	0	
			For the master station: Stores the output status to the remote/local /intelligent device/standby master stations.	Write only	0		Section 8.3.2 (1)
160⊦ to 1DF⊦	352 to 479	Remote output (RY)	For the local station : Stores the output status to the master station. Also, stores the receive data from the remote/other local/intelligent device/standby master stations.	Read/write enabled	_	0	
			For the master station: Stores the send data to the remote device/all local /intelligent device/standby master stations.	Write only	0	_	
1E0⊦ to 2DF⊦	480 to 735	Remote register (RWw) Master station: For sending Local station: For sending/receiving	For the local station : Stores the send data to the master/other local/intelligent device/standby master stations. Also, stores the receive data from the remote device/other local/intelligent device/standby master stations.	Read/write enabled	_	0	Section 8.3.2 (2)

## Table 8.2 Buffer memory list (1/2)

• Available, — : Not available \* Do not write to any area where use is prohibited. This may cause errors.

Addr	ress	-		Read/write	Availa	ability	Reference
Hexadecimal	Decimal	Item	Description	possibility	Master station	Local station	section
2E0⊦ to 3DF⊦	736 to 991	Remote register (RWr) Master station: For receiving Local station:	For the master station: Stores the receive data from the remote device/local/intelligent device/standby master stations.	Read only	0		Section 8.3.2 (2)
		For receiving	For the local station : Stores the receive data from the master station.		—	0	
3E0⊦ to 5DF⊦	992 to 1503	Use prohibited *	_	_	_	_	_
5E0⊦ to 5FF⊦	1504 to 1535	Link special relay (SB)	Stores the data link status.	Read/write enabled (write may	0	0	Section 8.3.2 (3)
600⊦ to 7FF⊦	1536 to 2047	Link special register (SW)	Stores the data link status.	be disabled depending on the device)	_	_	Section 8.3.2 (4)
800⊦ to 9FF⊦	2048 to 2559	Use prohibited *	_	_	_	_	
A00⊦ to FFF⊦	2560 to 4095	Random access buffer	The specified data is stored and used by transient transmission.	Read/write enabled	0	0	Section 8.3.2 (5)
1000⊦ to 1FFF⊦	4096 to 8191	Communication buffers	Stores the send and receive data and control data when performing transient transmission (communication using the communication buffers) with the local station, standby master station, and intelligent device station.	Read/write enabled	0	0	Section 8.3.2 (6)
2000⊦ to 2FFF⊦	8192 to 12287	Automatic update buffer	Stores the automatic update data when performing transient transmission with the AJ65BT-R2 (communication using the automatic update buffer).	Read/write enabled	0	0	Section 8.3.2 (7)
3000⊦ to 4FFF⊦	12288 to 20479	Use prohibited *	—	_	_		

O: Available, — : Not available

\* Do not write to any area where use is prohibited. This may cause errors.

#### 8.3.2 Buffer memory details

The following explains the details of items shown in Table 8.2, "Buffer Memory List" in Section 8.3.1.

- (1) Remote input (RX) and remote output (RY)
  - (a) Master station ← remote I/O station/remote device station/local station
    - 1) Master station
      - The input status from the remote I/O station, remote device station (RX) and local station (RY) is stored.
      - Two words are used per station.
    - 2) Local station
      - Data to be sent to the master station is stored in the remote output (RY) of the address corresponding to the host station number.
      - The input status from the remote I/O station, remote device station (RX) and other local station is stored.
      - Two words are used per station.
      - ... The last two bits cannot be used for communication between the master station and the local station.

		Remote I/O station Local station											
	Ma	ster station	(Stat	(Station number 1: occupies 1 station) (Station number 2: occupies 4 statio						4 stations)			
Address Remote input (RX)											Remote output (RY	) А	ddress
For station	Е0н	RX F to RX 0		5[	X0F	to	X00	]]		Ĵ	RY F to RY 0	160H	For station
number 1	Е1н	RX 1F to RX 10 ∫	i	$\left  \right\rangle$	X1F	to	X10	<b> </b> ∫	į	ી	RY 1F to RY 10	161н	number 1
For station	E2 <sub>н</sub>	RX 2F to RX 20								ſ	RY 2F to RY 20	162 <sub>⊦</sub>	For station
number 2	E3⊦	RX 3F to RX 30									RY 3F to RY 30	163⊦	number 2
For station	E4н	RX 4F to RX 40						1	į		RY 4F to RY 40	164 <sub>H</sub>	For station
number 3	Е5н	RX 5F to RX 50									RY 5F to RY 50	165⊦∫	number 3
For station J	<b>Е6</b> н	RX 6F to RX 60		1							RY 6F to RY 60	166 <sub>⊦</sub>	For station
number 4	Е7н	RX 7F to RX 70	i	i				i	į		RY 7F to RY 70	167 <sub>H</sub>	number 4
For station	E8⊦	RX 8F to RX 80									RY 8F to RY 80	168⊦	For station
number 5	. E9н	RX 9D to RX 90						1		l	RY 9D to RY 90	169⊦∫	number 5
	to	to									to	to	
For station	 15Сн	RX7CF to RX7C0	i	i				i	į		RY7CF to RY7C0	1DCH	For station
number 63	15Dн	RX7DF to RX7D0									RY7DF to RY7D0	1DDH	number 63
For station	15Ен	RX7EF to RX7E0		1				1	1		RY7EF to RY7E0	1DE <sub>H</sub>	For station
number 64	15F⊦	RX7FF to RX7F0	i					ļ	i		RY7FF to RY7F0	1DF⊦∫	number 64
									ļ				

(In the example below, RY9E and RY9F cannot be used.)

The following tables show the station numbers and corresponding buffer-memory addresses.

Table of station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses

Station	Buffer memory								
number	address								
1	E0н to E1н	14	FAH to FBH	27	114н to 115н	40	12Eн to 12Fн	53	148н to 149н
2	E2н to E3н	15	FCH to FDH	28	116н to 117н	41	130н to 131н	54	14Ан to 14Вн
3	E4H to E5H	16	FEH to FFH	29	118н to 119н	42	132н to 133н	55	14Cн to 14Dн
4	E6н to E7н	17	100н to 101н	30	11Ан to 11Вн	43	134н to 135н	56	14Eн to 14Fн
5	E8н to E9н	18	102н to 103н	31	11Cн to 11Dн	44	136н to 137н	57	150н to 151н
6	EAH to EBH	19	104н to 105н	32	11Eн to 11Fн	45	138н to 139н	58	152н to 153н
7	ECH to EDH	20	106н to 107н	33	120н to 121н	46	13Ан to 13Вн	59	154н to 155н
8	EEH to EFH	21	108н to 109н	34	122н to 123н	47	13Cн to 13Dн	60	156н to 157н
9	F0н to F1н	22	10Ан to 10Вн	35	124н to 125н	48	13Eн to 13Fн	61	158н to 159н
10	F2н to F3н	23	10Cн to 10Dн	36	126н to 127н	49	140н to 141н	62	15Ан to 15Вн
11	F4н to F5н	24	10Eн to10Fн	37	128н to 129н	50	142н to 143н	63	15Cн to 15Dн
12	F6н to F7н	25	110н to 111н	38	12Ан to 12Вн	51	144н to 145н	64	15Eн to 15Fн
13	F8н to F9н	26	112н to 113н	39	12Cн to 12Dн	52	146н to 147н	_	_

# [Local station]

Table of station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses

Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	,	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address
1	160н to 161н	14	17Ан to 17Вн	27	194н to 195н	40	1AEн to 1AFн	53	1C8н to 1C9н
2	162н to 163н	15	17Cн to 17Dн	28	196н to 197н	41	1B0н to 1B1н	54	1САн to 1СВн
3	164н to 165н	16	17Eн to 17Fн	29	198н to 199н	42	1B2н to 1B3н	55	1CCH to 1CDH
4	166н to 167н	17	180н to 181н	30	19Ан to 19Вн	43	1B4н to 1B5н	56	1CEH to 1CFH
5	168н to 169н	18	182н to 183н	31	19Cн to 19Dн	44	1B6н to 1B7н	57	1D0н to 1D1н
6	16Ан to 16Вн	19	184н to 185н	32	19Eн to 19Fн	45	1B8н to 1B9н	58	1D2н to 1D3н
7	16Cн to 16Dн	20	186н to 187н	33	1A0н to 1A1н	46	1BAн to 1BBн	59	1D4н to 1D5н
8	16Eн to 16Fн	21	188н to 189н	34	1А2н to 1А3н	47	1BCн to 1BDн	60	1D6н to 1D7н
9	170н to 171н	22	18Ан to 18Вн	35	1A4н to 1A5н	48	1BEн to 1BFн	61	1D8н to 1D9н
10	172н to 173н	23	18Cн to 18Dн	36	1А6н to 1А7н	49	1C0н to 1C1н	62	1DAн to 1DBн
11	174н to 175н	24	18Eн to 18Fн	37	1А8н to 1А9н	50	1C2н to 1C3н	63	1DCH to 1DDH
12	176н to 177н	25	190н to 191н	38	1ААн to 1АВн	51	1C4н to 1C5н	64	1DEH to 1DFH
13	178н to 179н	26	192н to 193н	39	1ACн to 1ADн	52	1C6н to 1C7н	_	_

- (b) Master station  $\rightarrow$  remote I/O station/remote device station/local station
  - 1) Master station
    - The output status to the remote I/O station, remote device station (RY) and all local stations (RX) is stored.
    - Two words are used per station.
  - 2) Local station
    - The data received from the remote I/O station, remote device station (RY) and master station (RY) is stored.
    - Two words are used per station.
    - ... The last two bits cannot be used for communication between the master station and the local station.
       (In the example below, RY9E and RY9F cannot be used.)

	Remote I/O station Local station				
Master station	(Station number 1: occupies 1 station)	(Station number 2: occupies 4 stations)			
Address Remote output (RY)		Remote input (RX) Address			
For station 160H RY F to RY 0 number 1 161H RY 1F to RY 10 For station 162H RY 2F to RY 20	Y0F         to         Y00           Y1F         to         Y10	RX F to RX 0 RX 1F to RX 10 RX 2F to RX 20 RX 2F to RX 2F to RX 20 RX 2F to RX 2F to			
number 2 163 <sub>H</sub> RY 3F to RY 30		$\begin{array}{c} \text{RX 3F to RX 30} \\ \text{E3}_{\text{H}} \end{array}$			
number 3 165H RY 5F to RY 50		$\begin{array}{c} \text{RX 5F to RX 50} \\ \text{E5H} \end{array}$			
For station         166 <sub>H</sub> RY 6F to RY 60           number 4         167 <sub>H</sub> RY 7F to RY 70		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
For station         168H         RY 8F to RY 80           number 5         169H         RY 9D to RY 90		$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
to to		to to			
For station 1DCH RY7CF to RY7C0 number 63 1DDH RY7DF to RY7D0		RX7CF to RX7C0 15CH For station RX7DF to RX7D0 15DH number 63			
For station 1DE <sub>H</sub> RY7EF to RY7E0 number 64 1DF <sub>H</sub> RY7FF to RY7F0		RX7EF to RX7E0 RX7FF to RX7F0 15F <sub>H</sub> ∫ number 64			
L	J L İ				

The following tables show the station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses.

Table of station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses

Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory
number	address	number	address	number	address	number	address	number	address
1	160н to 161н	14	17Ан to 17Вн	27	194н to 195н	40	1AEн to 1AFн	53	1C8н to 1C9н
2	162н to 163н	15	17Сн to 17Dн	28	196н to 197н	41	1B0н to 1B1н	54	1САн to 1СВн
3	164н to 165н	16	17Eн to 17Fн	29	198н to 199н	42	1B2н to 1B3н	55	1CCH to 1CDH
4	166н to 167н	17	180н to 181н	30	19Ан to 19Вн	43	1B4н to 1B5н	56	1CEн to 1CFн
5	168н to 169н	18	182н to 183н	31	19Cн to 19Dн	44	1B6н to 1B7н	57	1D0н to 1D1н
6	16Ан to 16Вн	19	184н to 185н	32	19Eн to 19Fн	45	1B8н to 1B9н	58	1D2н to 1D3н
7	16Cн to 16Dн	20	186н to 187н	33	1A0н to 1A1н	46	1BAH to 1BBH	59	1D4н to 1D5н
8	16Eн to 16Fн	21	188н to 189н	34	1А2н to 1А3н	47	1BCH to 1BDH	60	1D6н to 1D7н
9	170н to 171н	22	18Ан to 18Вн	35	1A4н to 1A5н	48	1BEH to 1BFH	61	1D8н to 1D9н
10	172н to 173н	23	18Cн to 18Dн	36	1А6н to 1А7н	49	1C0н to 1C1н	62	1DAH to 1DBH
11	174н to 175н	24	18Eн to 18Fн	37	1А8н to 1А9н	50	1C2н to 1C3н	63	1DCH to 1DDH
12	176н to 177н	25	190н to 191н	38	1AAн to 1ABн	51	1C4н to 1C5н	64	1DEH to 1DFH
13	178н to 179н	26	192н to 193н	39	1ACн to 1ADн	52	1C6н to 1C7н	-	_

# [Local station]

Table of station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses

Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address
1	E0н to E1н	14	FAH to FBH	27	114н to 115н	40	12Eн to 12Fн	53	148н to 149н
2	E2H to E3H	15	FCH to FDH	28	116н to 117н	41	130н to 131н	54	14Ан to 14Вн
3	E4H to E5H	16	FEH to FFH	29	118н to 119н	42	132н to 133н	55	14Cн to 14Dн
4	E6н to E7н	17	100н to 101н	30	11Ан to 11Вн	43	134н to 135н	56	14Eн to 14Fн
5	E8H to E9H	18	102н to 103н	31	11Cн to 11Dн	44	136н to 137н	57	150н to 151н
6	EAн to EBн	19	104н to 105н	32	11Eн to 11Fн	45	138н to 139н	58	152н to 153н
7	ECH to EDH	20	106н to 107н	33	120н to 121н	46	13Ан to 13Вн	59	154н to 155н
8	EEH to EFH	21	108н to 109н	34	122н to 123н	47	13Cн to 13Dн	60	156н to 157н
9	F0н to F1н	22	10Ан to 10Вн	35	124н to 125н	48	13Eн to 13Fн	61	158н to 159н
10	F2н to F3н	23	10Cн to 10Dн	36	126н to 127н	49	140н to 141н	62	15Ан to 15Вн
11	F4H to F5H	24	10Eн to10Fн	37	128н to 129н	50	142н to 143н	63	15Cн to 15Dн
12	F6н to F7н	25	110н to 111н	38	12Ан to 12Вн	51	144н to 145н	64	15Eн to 15Fн
13	F8н to F9н	26	112н to 113н	39	12Cн to 12Dн	52	146н to 147н	_	_

- (2) Remote registers (RWw) and (RWr)
  - (a) Master station (RWw)  $\rightarrow$  remote device station (RWw)/local station (RWr)
    - 1) Master station
      - The data to be sent to the remote register (RWw) of the remote device station and the remote registers (RWr) of all local stations are stored.
      - Four words are used per station.
    - 2) Local station
      - The data sent to the remote register (RWw) of the remote device station can also be received.
      - Four words are used per station.

r	Master station			Remote device station ation number 1: occupies 1 station)		Local stati (Station number 2: occu		stations)
Addre	ess	Remote register (RWw)		Remote register (RWw)		Remote register (RWr)	Addı	ess
	1E0н	RWw 0		RWw 0	ſ	RWr 0	2E0н	)
For station	1E1н	RWw 1		RWw 1		RWr 1	2E1⊦	For station
number 1	1E2⊦	RWw 2		RWw 2	*\	RWr 2	2E2⊦	number 1
	1E3⊦	RWw 3		RWw 3		RWr 3	2E3⊦	
	≻ 1E4н	RWw 4			ſ	RWr 4	2E4H	
For station	1E5⊦	RWw 5	i i	i i		RWr 5	2E5⊦	For station
number 2 ブ	1E6⊦	RWw 6				RWr 6	2E6⊦	number 2
	1E7⊦	RWw 7				RWr 7	2E7⊦	
For station	) 1E8⊦	RWw 8				RWr 8	2E8H	
	1E9⊦	RWw 9				RWr 9	2E9 <sub>H</sub>	For station
number 3 🏹	1EA <sub>H</sub>	RWw A				RWr A	2EA <sub>H</sub>	number 3
	1EB⊦	RWw B				RWr B	2EBн	
	1ECH	RWw C			*\	RWr C	2ECH	
For station	1ED <sub>H</sub>	RWw D				RWr D	2ED <sub>H</sub>	For station
number 4 🌱	1EEн	RWw E				RWr E	2EEн	number 4
   	1EFн	RWw F				RWr F	2EFн	
	≻ 1F0н	RWw 10				RWr 10	2F0н	Í
For station	1F1⊦	RWw 11				RWr 11	2F1⊦	For station
number 5 🌱	1F2⊦	RWw 12				RWr 12	2F2⊦	number 5
	1F3⊦	RWw 13				RWr 13	2F3н	
1     	to	to				to	to	
	2DCH	RWw FC				RWr FC	3DC <sub>H</sub>	)
For station	2DDн	RWw FD				RWr FD	3DDH	For station
number 64	2DEн	RWw FE				RWr FE	3DEн	number 64
	2DF <sub>H</sub>	RWw FF				RWr FF	3DF <sub>H</sub>	J
   	-		     _	     				

- (b) Master station (RWr) ← remote device station (RWr)/local station (RWw)
  - 1) Master station
    - The send data from the remote register (RWr) of the remote device station and the remote register (RWw) of the local station is stored.
    - Four words are used per station.
  - 2) Local station
    - Data is sent to the master station and other local stations by storing it in the address corresponding to the host station number.
    - Data in the remote register (RWr) of the remote device station can also be received.

	M	aster station	(Sta	Remote device station ation number 1: occupies 1 station)	Local station (Station number 2: occupies 4 stations)					
Addre	ess	Remote register (RWr)		Remote register (RWr)	Remote register (RWw) Address					
(	2E0н	RWr 0		(RWr 0	RWw 0	1E0н	)			
For station	2E1 <sub>н</sub>	RWr 1	1 1	RWr 1	RWw 1	1E1 <sub>н</sub>	For station			
number 1	2E2н	RWr 2	•	RWr 2	RWw 2	1E2н	number 1			
	2E3н	RWr 3		RWr 3	RWw 3	1E3⊦				
ĺ	> 2E4⊦	RWr 4			RWw 4	1E4 <sub>H</sub>	Í			
For station	2E5н	RWr 5			RWw 5	1E5⊦	For station			
number 2 🏹	2E6н	RWr 6			RWw 6	1E6⊦	number 2			
	2E7н	RWr 7			RWw 7	1E7н				
For station	≻ 2E8⊦	RWr 8		i i	RWw 8	1E8⊦	Í			
	2E9н	RWr 9			RWw 9	1E9 <sub>∺</sub>	For station			
	2EAн	RWr A			RWw A	1EAн	number 3			
	2EBн	RWr B			RWw B	1EBн				
ĺ	2ECH	RWr C	•		RWw C	1EC⊦	ĺ			
For station	2ED <sub>H</sub>	RWr D			RWw D	1ED <sub>H</sub>	For station			
number 4	2EEн	RWr E	i	i i	RWw E	1EEн	number 4			
	2EFн	RWr F			RWw F	1EFн				
ĺ	> 2F0⊦	RWr 10			RWw 10	1F0⊦	Í			
For station	2F1 <sub>н</sub>	RWr 11	ii	i i	RWw 11	$1F1_{\rm H}$	For station			
number 5	2F2⊦	RWr 12			RWw 12	1F2⊦	number 5			
l	2F3⊦	RWr 13			RWw 13	1F3н	J			
	to	to			to	to				
For station number 64	́ 3DC⊦	RWr FC			RWw FC	2DCH	)			
	3DDH	RWr FD	1 1		RWw FD	2DDн	For station			
	3DEн	RWr FE			RWw FE	2DEн	number 64			
	3DF <sub>H</sub>	RWr FF			RWw FF	2DFн				

The following tables show the station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses.

Table of station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses

Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	Station	Buffer memory	
number	address	number	address	number	address	number	address	number	address	
1	2E0н to 2E3н	14	314н to 317н	27	348н to 34Вн	40	37Cн to 37Fн	53	3B0н to 3B3н	
2	2E4н to 2E7н	15	318н to 31Вн	28	34Cн to 34Fн	41	380н to 383н	54	3B4н to 3B7н	
3	2E8H to 2EBH	16	31Cн to 31Fн	29	350н to 353н	42	384н to 387н	55	3B8н to 3BBн	
4	2ECн to 2EFн	17	320н to 323н	30	354н to 357н	43	388н to 38Bн	56	3BCн to 3BFн	
5	2F0н to 2F3н	18	324н to 327н	31	358н to 35Вн	44	38Cн to 38Fн	57	3C0н to 3C3н	
6	2F4н to 2F7н	19	328н to 32Вн	32	35Cн to 35Fн	45	390н to 393н	58	3C4н to 3C7н	
7	2F8н to 2FBн	20	32Cн to 32Fн	33	360н to 363н	46	394н to 397н	59	3C8н to 3CBн	
8	2FCн to 2FFн	21	330н to 333н	34	364н to 367н	47	398н to 39Вн	60	3CCн to 3CFн	
9	300н to 303н	22	334н to 337н	35	368н to 36Вн	48	39Cн to 39Fн	61	3D0н to 3D3н	
10	304н to 307н	23	338н to 33Вн	36	36Cн to 36Fн	49	3A0н to 3A3н	62	3D4н to 3D7н	
11	308н to 30Вн	24	33Cн to 33Fн	37	370н to 373н	50	3A4н to 3A7н	63	3D8н to 3DBн	
12	30Cн to 30Fн	25	340н to 343н	38	374н to 377н	51	ЗА8н to ЗАВн	64	3DCн to 3DFн	
13	310н to 313н	26	344н to 347н	39	378н to 37Вн	52	ЗАСн to ЗАFн	_	_	

# [Local station]

Table of station numbers and corresponding buffer memory addresses

Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	,	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address	Station number	Buffer memory address
1	1E0н to 1E3н	14	214н to 217н	27	248н to 24Вн	40	27Cн to 27Fн	53	2B0н to 2B3н
2	1E4н to 1E7н	15	218н to 21Вн	28	24Cн to 24Fн	41	280н to 283н	54	2B4н to 2B7н
3	1E8H to 1EBH	16	21Cн to 21Fн	29	250н to 253н	42	284н to 287н	55	2B8н to 2BBн
4	1ECH to 1EFH	17	220н to 223н	30	254н to 257н	43	288н to 28Вн	56	2BCн to 2BFн
5	1F0н to 1F3н	18	224н to 227н	31	258н to 25Вн	44	28Cн to 28Fн	57	2C0н to 2C3н
6	1F4н to 1F7н	19	228н to 22Вн	32	25Cн to 25Fн	45	290н to 293н	58	2C4н to 2C7н
7	1F8н to 1FBн	20	22Cн to 22Fн	33	260н to 263н	46	294н to 297н	59	2C8н to 2CBн
8	1FCH to 1FFH	21	230н to 233н	34	264н to 267н	47	298н to 29Вн	60	2CCн to 2CFн
9	200н to 203н	22	234н to 237н	35	268н to 26Вн	48	29Cн to 29Fн	61	2D0н to 2D3н
10	204н to 207н	23	238н to 23Вн	36	26Cн to 26Fн	49	2A0н to 2A3н	62	2D4н to 2D7н
11	208н to 20Вн	24	23Cн to 23Fн	37	270н to 273н	50	2A4н to 2A7н	63	2D8н to 2DBн
12	20Cн to 20Fн	25	240н to 243н	38	274н to 277н	51	2A8н to 2ABн	64	2DCн to 2DFн
13	210н to 213н	26	244н to 247н	39	278н to 27Вн	52	2ACн to 2AFн	_	_

# (3) Link special relays (SB)

The link special relays store the data link status using bit ON/OFF data. Buffer memory addresses 5E0H to 5FFH correspond to link special relays SB0000 to SB01FF.

For details on the link special relays (SB0000 to SB01FF), see Section 8.4.1. The following table shows the relationship between buffer memory addresses 5E0H to 5FFH and link special relays SB0000 to SB01FF.

Address	b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
5E0н	F	Е	D	С	В	А	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
5E1н	1F	1E	1D	1C	1B	1A	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10
5E2н	2F	2E	2D	2C	2B	2A	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20
5E3н	3F	3E	3D	3C	3B	ЗA	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30
5E4H	4F	4E	4D	4C	4B	4A	49	48	47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40
5E5н	5F	5E	5D	5C	5B	5A	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50
5E6н	6F	6E	6D	6C	6B	6A	69	68	67	66	65	64	63	62	61	60
5E7н	7F	7E	7D	7C	7B	7A	79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70
5E8H	8F	8E	8D	8C	8B	8A	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80
5E9н	9F	9E	9D	9C	9B	9A	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	91	90
5EAн	AF	AE	AD	AC	AB	AA	A9	A8	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0
5EBн	BF	BE	BD	BC	BB	BA	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
5ECн	CF	CE	CD	CC	СВ	CA	C9	C8	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	C0
5EDH	DF	DE	DD	DC	DB	DA	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
5EEн	EF	EE	ED	EC	EB	EA	E9	E8	E7	E6	E5	E4	E3	E2	E1	E0
5EFн	FF	FE	FD	FC	FB	FA	F9	F8	F7	F6	F5	F4	F3	F2	F1	F0
5F0н	10F	10E	10D	10C	10B	10A	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100
5F1н	11F	11E	11D	11C	11B	11A	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	112	111	110
5F2н	12F	12E	12D	12C	12B	12A	129	128	127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120
5F3н	13F	13E	13D	13C	13B	13A	139	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130
5F4н	14F	14E	14D	14C	14B	14A	149	148	147	146	145	144	143	142	141	140
5 <b>F</b> 5н	15F	15E	15D	15C	15B	15A	159	158	157	156	155	154	153	152	151	150
5 <b>F</b> 6н	16F	16E	16D	16C	16B	16A	169	168	167	166	165	164	163	162	161	160
5 <b>F7</b> н	17F	17E	17D	17C	17B	17A	179	178	177	176	175	174	173	172	171	170
5F8н	18F	18E	18D	18C	18B	18A	189	188	187	186	185	184	183	182	181	180
5 <b>F</b> 9н	19F	19E	19D	19C	19B	19A	199	198	197	196	195	194	193	192	191	190
5FAн	1AF	1AE	1AD	1AC	1AB	1AA	1A9	1A8	1A7	1A6	1A5	1A4	1A3	1A2	1A1	1A0
5FBн	1BF	1BE	1BD	1BC	1BB	1BA	1B9	1B8	1B7	1B6	1B5	1B4	1B3	1B2	1B1	1B0
5FCн	1CF	1CE	1CD	1CC	1CB	1CA	1C9	1C8	1C7	1C6	1C5	1C4	1C3	1C2	1C1	1C0
5FDH	1DF	1DE	1DD	1DC	1DB	1DA	1D9	1D8	1D7	1D6	1D5	1D4	1D3	1D2	1D1	1D0
5FEн	1EF	1EE	1ED	1EC	1EB	1EA	1E9	1E8	1E7	1E6	1E5	1E4	1E3	1E2	1E1	1E0
5FFн	1FF	1FE	1FD	1FC	1FB	1FA	1F9	1F8	1F7	1F6	1F5	1F4	1F3	1F2	1F1	1F0

#### (4) Link special registers (SW)

The link special registers store the data link status using word data. Buffer memory addresses 600H to 7FFH correspond to link special registers SW0000 to SW01FF.

For more details on the link special registers (SW0000 to SW01FF), see Section 8.4.2.

#### (5) Random access buffer

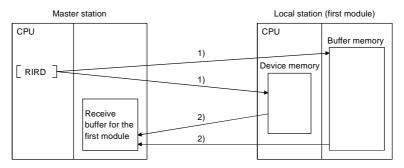
The random access buffer stores any data to be sent to other stations. The reading and writing of data are performed using transient transmission.

#### (6) Communication buffer

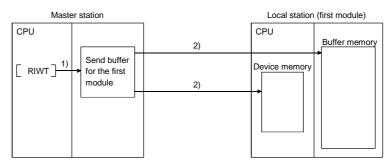
The communication buffers stores the send and receive data when performing transient transmission (communication using the communication buffers) between the local stations, standby master station, and intelligent device stations. The communication buffer sizes for the local station, standby master station, and intelligent device station are set with network parameters.

For more details on the communication buffer size settings, see Section 6.2.

#### [Example of communication using the communication buffers]



- Accesses the buffer memory of the local station or the device memory of the CPU.
- Stores the data specified by the control data in the receive buffer for the first module.



- 1) Stores the data to be written in the buffer memory of the local station or to the device memory of the CPU in the send buffer for the first module.
- 2) Accesses the buffer memory of the local station or the device memory of the CPU.

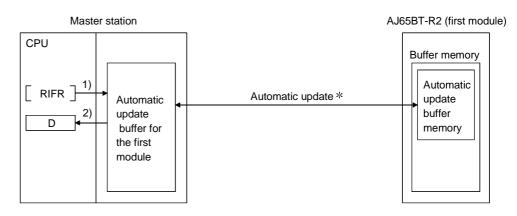
#### (7) Automatic update buffer

The automatic update buffer stores automatic update data when performing transient transmission (communication using the automatic update buffer) with the AJ65BT-R2.

The automatic update buffer size of the AJ65BT-R2 is specified by a network parameter.

For more details on the automatic update buffer size settings, see Section 6.2.

#### [Communication example using the automatic update buffer]



- 1) Accesses the automatic update buffer for the first module.
- 2) Stores the data specified by the control data in the CPU device.
- \* For details on the automatic update timing, see AJ65BT-R2 Type RS-232C Interface Module User's Manual.

#### 8.4 Link Special Relays and Registers (SB/SW)

The data link status can be checked with bit data (link special relays: SB) and word data (link special registers: SW).

The SB and SW represent the information in the buffer memory of the master/local module, which is used by reading to the device specified in an automatic refresh parameter.

- Link special relays (SB) : Buffer memory addresses 5E0H to 5FFH
- Link special registers (SW): Buffer memory addresses 600H to 7FFH

#### 8.4.1 Link special relays (SB)

Link special relays SB0000 to SB003F are turned ON/OFF by the sequence program, and SB0040 to SB01FF are automatically turned ON/OFF.

The values in parentheses in the number column indicate the buffer memory address. When the standby master station is controlling the data link, the availability of the link's special relays is basically identical to that of the master station.

When the standby master station is operating as a local station, the availability of the link's special relays is identical to that of a local station.

For the correspondence with the buffer memory, see Section 8.3.2 (3).

			Availability $(\bigcirc$ : Available, $\times$ : Not available)				
Number	Name Description		On	0.411			
			Master station	Offline			
SB0000 (5E0н, b0)	Data link restart	Restarts the data link that had been stopped by SB0002. OFF: Restart not instructed ON : Restart instructed	0	0	×		
SB0001 (5E0⊦, b1)	Refresh instruction at standby master switching	Instructs to perform cyclic data refresh after the data link control is transferred to the standby master station. OFF: Not instructed ON : Instructed	0	×	×		
SB0002 (5E0н, b2)	Data link stop	Stops the host data link. However, when the master station executes this, the entire system will stop. OFF: No stop instruction ON : Stop instructed	0	0	×		
SB0003 (5E0н, b3)	Refresh instruction when changing parameters by the dedicated instruction	Instructs to refresh cyclic data after changing parameters by the RLPASET instruction. OFF: Not instructed (stop refreshing) ON : Instructed (start/continue refreshing)	0	0	×		
SB0004 (5E0н, b4)	Temporary error invalid request	Establishes the stations specified by SW0003 to SW0007 as temporary error invalid stations. OFF: Not requested ON : Requested	0	×	×		
SB0005 (5E0⊦, b5)	Temporary error invalid canceling request	Cancels the temporary error invalid status of stations specified by SW0003 to SW0007. OFF: Not requested ON : Requested	0	×	×		
SB0008 (5E0н, b8)	Line test request	Executes line tests for the stations specified by SW0008. OFF: Not requested ON : Requested	0	×	×		
SB0009 (5E0н, b9)	Parameter information read request	Reads the parameter setting information for the actual system configuration. OFF: Normal ON : Abnormal	0	×	×		

Table 8.3 Link s	pecial rela	v list (	(1/5)
	peciai reio	iy not i	(1/0)

Table 8.3 Link special	relay list (2/5)
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Number		Description	Availability ( $\bigcirc$ : Available, $\times$ : Not available)				
Number	Name	Description	On	line	0.00		
			Master station	Local station	Offline		
SB000C (5E0н, b12)	Forced master switching	Forcefully transfers the data link control from the standby master station that is controlling the data link to the standby master station in case the standby master station becomes faulty. OFF: Not requested ON : Requested	0	×	×		
SB000D (5E0⊦, b13)	Remote device station initialization procedure registration instruction	Starts the initial processing using the information registered during the initialization procedure registration. OFF: Not instructed ON : Instructed	0*	×	×		
SB0020 (5E2н, b0)	Module status	Indicates the module access (module operation) status. OFF: Normal (Module is operating normally) ON : Abnormal (Module error has occurred)	0	0	0		
SB0040 (5E4н, b0)	Data link restart acceptance	Indicates the data link restart instruction acknowledgment status. OFF: Not acknowledged ON : Startup instruction acknowledged	0	0	×		
SB0041 (5E4⊦, b1)	Data link restart complete	Indicates the data link restart instruction acknowledgment completion status. OFF: Not complete ON : Startup complete	0	0	×		
SB0042 (5E4н, b2)	Refresh instruction acknowledgment status at standby master switching	Indicates whether or not the refresh instruction at standby master switching have been acknowledged. OFF: Not executed ON : Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×		
SB0043 (5E4⊦, b3)	Refresh instruction complete status at standby master switching	Indicates whether or not the refresh instruction at standby master switching is complete. OFF: Not executed ON : Switching complete	0	×	×		
SB0044 (5E4⊦, b4)	Data link stop acceptance	Indicates the data link stop instruction acknowledgment status. OFF: Not acknowledged ON : Stop instruction acknowledged	0	0	×		
SB0045 (5E4н, b5)	Data link stop complete	Indicates the data link stop instruction acknowledgment completion status. OFF: Not complete ON : Stop complete	0	0	×		
SB0048 (5E4 <sub>H</sub> , b8)	Temporary error invalid acceptance status	Indicates the acknowledgment status of remote station temporary error invalid instruction. OFF: Not executed ON : Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×		
SB0049 (5E4 <sub>H</sub> , b9)	Temporary error invalid complete status	Indicates the acknowledgment completion status of remote station temporary error invalid instruction. OFF: Not executed ON : Temporary error invalid station established/Specified station number is invalid	0	×	×		
SB004A (5E4⊦, b10)	Temporary error invalid canceling acknowledgment status	Indicates the acknowledgment status of remote station temporary error invalid cancel instruction. OFF: Not executed ON : Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×		
SB004B (5E4⊦, b11)	Temporary error invalid canceling complete status	Indicates the acknowledgment completion status of remote station temporary error invalid cancel instruction. OFF: Not executed ON : Temporary error invalid station cancellation complete	0	×	×		
SB004C (5E4 <sub>H</sub> , b12)	Line test acceptance status	Indicates the line test request acknowledgment status. OFF: Not executed ON : Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×		

\* Cannot be used for the standby master station that is controlling the data link.

Table 8.3 Link special	relay list (3/5)
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Number	Name	Description	Availability ( $\bigcirc$ : Available, $\times$ : Not available)				
Tumbor	- Turno		Onl Master station	line Local station	Offline		
SB004D (5E4⊦, b13)	Line test complete status	Indicates the line test completion status. OFF: Not executed ON : Test complete	0	×	×		
SB004E (5E4⊦, b14)	Parameter information read acknowledgment status	Indicates the parameter information read request acknowledgment status. OFF: Not executed ON : Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×		
SB004F (5E4⊦, b15)	Parameter information read completion status	Indicates the completion status of the parameter information read request. OFF: Not executed ON : Test complete	0	×	×		
SB0050 (5E5н, b0)	Offline test status	Indicates the offline test execution status. OFF: Not executed ON : In progress	×	×	0		
SB005A (5E5⊦, b10)	Master switching request acknowledgment	Indicates the acknowledgment status of the standby master station when it has received a master switching request from the line. OFF: Not acknowledged ON : Request acknowledged	0	×	×		
SB005B (5E5⊦, b11)	Master switching request complete	Indicates whether or not the switching from the standby master station to master station is complete. OFF: Not complete ON : Complete	0	×	×		
SB005C (5E5⊦, b12)	Forced master switching request acknowledgment	Indicates whether or not a forced master switching request has been acknowledged. OFF: Not acknowledged ON : Instruction acknowledged	0	×	×		
SB005D (5E5⊦, b13)	Forced master switching request complete	Indicates whether or not a forced master switching request is complete. OFF: Not complete ON : Complete	0	×	×		
SB005E (5E5н, b14)	Execution status of remote device station initialization procedure	Indicates the execution status of the initialization procedure. OFF: Not executed ON : Being executed	0*	×	×		
SB005F (5E5⊦, b15)	Completion status of remote device station initialization procedure	Indicates the completion status of the initialization procedure execution. OFF: Not complete ON : Complete	0*	×	×		
SB0060 (5E6⊦, b0)	Host mode	Indicates the mode setting status of the transmission rate/mode setting switch for the host. OFF: Online ON : Other than online	0	0	0		
SB0061 (5E6н, b1)	Host type	Indicates the station type of the host. OFF: Master station (station number 0) ON : Local station (station numbers 1 to 64)	0	0	×		
SB0062 (5E6н, b2)	Host standby master station setting status	Indicates whether or not the standby master station setting exists for the host. OFF: No setting ON : Setting exists	0	0	0		
SB0065 (5E6н, b5)	Input data status of host data link faulty station	Indicates the input status setting from a data link faulty station of the host. OFF: Clear ON : Retain	0	0	×		

 $\ast$  Cannot be used for the standby master station that is controlling the data link.

Number Name		De	escription	Availability (〇: Available, ㄨ: Not available) Online			
			·	On Master station	Local station	Offline	
		Indicates the setting status of he	ost occupied s	tations.			
SB0066 (5E6н, b6)		Number of occupied station	SB0066	SB0067			
	Number of host occupied stations	1 station	OFF	OFF	×	0	×
SB0067 * <sup>1</sup>		2 stations 3 stations	OFF ON	ON ON			
(5E6⊦, b7)		4 stations	ON	OFF			
SB006A (5E6н, b10)	Switch setting status	Indicates the switch setting statu OFF: Normal ON : Setting error exists (the		stored in SW006A)	0	0	0
SB006D (5E6н, b13)	Parameter setting status	Indicates the parameter setting OFF: Normal ON : Setting error exists (the	status.	· · · ·	0*	×	×
SB006E (5E6н, b14)	Host station operation status	Indicates the host data link oper OFF: Being executed ON : Not executed	ration status.		0	0	×
SB0070 (5E7⊦, b0)	Master station information	Indicates the data link status. OFF: Data link control by the r ON : Data link control by the s		er station	0	0	×
SB0071 (5Е7н, b1)	Standby master station information	Indicates whether or not a stand OFF: Not present ON : Present	· · ·	0	0	×	
SB0072 (5E7н, b2)	Scan mode setting information	Indicates the scan mode setting OFF: Asynchronous mode ON : Synchronous mode	information.	0	×	×	
SB0073 (5E7н, b3)	Operation specification when CPU is down status	Indicates the operation specifica the CPU is down. OFF: Stop ON : Continue	ation status us	0	×	×	
SB0074 (5E7н, b4)	Reserved station specified status	Indicates the reserved station s OFF: No specification ON : Specification exists (info SW0077)		0	0	×	
SB0075 (5E7н, b5)	Error invalid station specified status	Indicates the error invalid station parameter. OFF: No specification ON : Specification exists (info SW007B)		0	0	X	
SB0076 (5E7н, b6)	Temporary error invalid station setting information	Indicates whether there is a tem OFF: No setting ON : Setting exists (information		0	0	×	
SB0077 (5E7н, b7)	Parameter receive status	Indicates the parameter receive OFF: Reception complete ON : Reception not complete	status from th	×	0	×	
SB0078 (5E7⊦, b8)	Host station switch change detection	Detects changes to the host set OFF: No changes detected ON : Changes detected	tting switch du	ring data linking.	0	0	×
SB0079 (5E7н, b9)	Master station return specification information	Indicates whether the "Type" se to "Master station" or "Master st OFF: Master station ON : Master station (Duplex f	tation (Duplex	-	0	×	×

\* Cannot be used for the standby master station that is controlling the data link.

 $\pm$  1 For QJ61BT11 of the function version A, it is always OFF.

Table 8.3 Link	special relay list (5/5)
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			Availability ( $\bigcirc$ : Available, $\times$ : Not available)				
Number	Name	Description	On	0///:			
			Master station	Offline			
SB007B (5E7н, b11)	Host master/standby master operation status	Indicates whether the host operates as the master or standby master station. OFF: Operates as the master station (controlling data link) ON : Operates as the standby master station (standby)	0	0	×		
SB0080 (5E8⊦, b0)	Other station data link status	Indicates the communication status between remote/local/intelligent device/standby master stations. OFF: All stations normal ON : Faulty station exists (information is stored in SW0080 to SW0083)	0	0	×		
SB0081 (5E8⊦, b1)	Other station watchdog timer error status	Indicates the occurrence of a watchdog timer error in other stations. OFF: No error ON : Error occurrence.	0	0	×		
SB0082 (5E8⊦, b2)	Other station I/O error status	Indicates the status of I/O error occurrences (e.g., whether a fuse has blown, the short circuit protection function has been activated, etc.) of other stations. See the User's Manual for each remote I/O station for details of the protection function. OFF: No error ON : Error occurrence. (information is stored in SW0088 to SW008B)	0	0	×		
SB0083 (5E8н, b3)	Other station switch change status	Detects changes in setting switches of other stations during data linking. OFF: No change ON : Change detected.	0	0	×		
SB0090 (5E9⊦, b0)	Host line status	Indicates the line status of the host. OFF: Normal ON : Abnormal (line disconnection)	×	0	×		
SB0094 (5E9⊦, b4)	Transient transmission status	Indicates whether there is a transient transmission error. OFF: No error ON : Error occurrence.	0	0	×		
SB0095 (5E9⊦, b5)	Master station transient transmission status	Indicates the transient transmission status of the master station. OFF: Normal ON : Abnormal	×	0	×		

### 8.4.2 Link special registers (SW)

Data is stored in the link special registers SW000 to SW003F by the sequence program, and data is automatically stored in SW0040 to SW01FF. The values in parentheses in the number column indicate the buffer memory addresses. When the standby master station is controlling the data link, availability is basically identical to that of the master station.

When the standby master station is operating as a local station, availability is identical to that of a local station.

Number	Name					Descri	otion					( <u>(</u> ): Av	Availability ailable, $\times$ : Not av	vailable)
Number	Indifie	Description								On	Offline			
												Master station	Local station	
SW0003 (603н)	Multiple temporary error invalid station specification	00	<ul> <li>elect whether multiple temporary error invalid stations are specified.</li> <li>00 : Specifies multiple stations indicated by SW0004 to SW0007.</li> <li>01 to 64: Specifies a single station from 1 to 64. (The specified number indicates the station number of a temporary error invalid station.)</li> </ul>									0	×	×
SW0004 (604 <sub>H</sub> ) SW0005	Specifies a temporary error invalid stati 0: Not specified as a temporary error 1: Specified as a temporary error inva						ror inva nvalid to	b3	b2	b1	b0			
(605н)	invalid station	SW0004	16	15	14	13	to	4	3	2	1	0	×	×
SW0006 (606н)	specification *1	SW0005 SW0006	32 48	31 47	30 46	29 45	to to	20 36	19 35	18 34	17 33			
SW0007 (607н)		SW0007	64 Numb	63 ers 1 to	62 64 in t	61 he abov	to ve table	52 indicat	51 e the st	50 ation ni	49 umbers.			
SW0008 (608н)	Line test station setting	0	01 to 64 : Specified station only								0	×	×	
SW0009 (609⊦)	Monitoring time setting	Default v Setting r The mor	Sets the monitoring time when a dedicated instruction is used. Default value: 10 (seconds) Setting range: 0 to 360 (seconds) The monitoring time of 360 seconds will be used if a value outside								0	0	×	
SW000A (60Ан)	CPU monitoring time setting	Sets the C with a ded Default v Setting r The mor	of the above setting range is specified. tets the CPU response monitoring time when the CPU is accessed <i>i</i> th a dedicated instruction. Default value: 90 (seconds) Setting range: 0 to 3600 (seconds) The monitoring time of 3600 seconds will be used if a value outside of the above setting range is specified.								0	0	×	
SW0020 (620н)	Module status	0	Indicates the module status.								0	0	0	
SW0041 (641н)	Data link restart result	Stores the SB0000. 0	tores the execution result of the data link restart instruction with B0000.								0	0	×	
SW0043 (643 <sub>H</sub> )	Refresh instruction at standby master switching result	Indicates t switching. 0 Other th	he exe : N	ecution Iormal	i result	of refr	esh ins	tructio	n at sta	andby	master	0	×	×

#### Table 8.4 Link special register list (1/7)

\*1: Only the bit for the first station number is turned on.

Table 8.4 Link special register list	(2/7)
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Number	Nama	Description	Availability (O: Available, X: Not available)				
Number	Name	Description		line	Offline		
			Master station	Local station			
SW0045 (645 <sub>H</sub> )	Data link stop result	Stores the execution result of the data-link stop instruction with         SB0002.         0       : Normal         Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	0	×		
SW0049 (649⊦)	Temporary error invalid station specification result	Indicates the execution result of temporary error invalid station specification. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW004B (64Bн)	Temporary error invalid station specification cancel result	Indicates the execution result of the temporary error invalid station specification cancellation. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW004D (64Dн)	Line test result	Indicates the execution result of the line test. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW004F (64Fн)	Parameter setting test result	Indicates the execution result of the parameter setting test. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW0052 * (652н)	Automatic CC-Link startup execution result	Stores the system configuration check result when a new station is added to a system using an automatic CC-Link startup. 0: Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3.)	0	×	×		
SW0058 (658⊦)	Detailed LED display status	Stores the details of the LED display status. 0: OFF 1: ON DISDIMUTED 0 DB BE b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 IINE(ERROR) : Cable is disconnected or the transmission path is affected by noise. TIME(ERROR): Responses cannot be received from any station due to the cable being disconnected or the transmission path being affected by noise. PRM(ERROR) : Invalid parameter value M/S(ERROR) : Duplicate master station on the same line SW(ERROR) : Error in switch settings LOCAL : Operating as the standby master station MST : Operating as the master station FRR. : Error occurrence RUN : The module is operating normally.	0	0	0		
SW0059 (659н)	Transmission rate setting	Stores the contents of the transmission rate setting. 0: Cancel 1: Set b15  b8  b7  b6  b5  b4  b3  b2  b1  b0 0  to 0  co	0	O	0		

\* The link special register added in QJ61Bt11 of the function version B.

Table 8.4 Link special register list (3	3/7)
---	------

Number	Name	Description	Availability (〇: Available, ×: Not available) Online				
Number	Name	Description			Offline		
			Master station	Local station			
SW005D (65Dн)	Forced master switching instruction result	Stores the execution result of the forced master switching instruction         with SB000C.         0       : Normal         Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW005F (65Fн)	Remote device station initialization procedure registration instruction result	Stores the execution result of the initialization procedure registration instruction with SB000B.       0       : Normal         0       : Normal       Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	O * <sup>2</sup>	×	×		
SW060 (660⊦)	Mode setting status	Stores the mode setting status. 0: Online (with automatic return) 2: Offline 3: Line test 1 4: Line test 2 6: Hardware test	0	0	0		
SW0061 (661म)	Host station number	Stores the station number of the host that is currently in operation. 0 : Master station 1 to 64: Local station	0	0	0		
SW0062 (662н)	Module operating status	Stores the operation setting status of the module. b15 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 0 to 0 0 0 0 Station type 0: Master station/local station 1: Standby master station Input status from the data Input status from the data Inik faulty station 0: Clear 1: Hold Number of occupied stations 0: 1 station 1: 4 stations	0	0	0		
SW0064 (664 <sub>H</sub> )	No. of retries information	Indicates the retry count setting information when there is an error response. 1 to 7 (times)	0	×	×		
SW0065 (665н)	No. of automatic return stations	Indicates the setting information for the number of automatic return stations during one link scan. 1 to 10 (stations)	0	×	×		
SW0066 (666⊦)	Delay timer information	Indicates the setting information for the scan interval delay time. 0 to 100 (50 $\mu\text{s})$	0	×	×		
SW0067 (667⊦)	Parameter information	<ul> <li>Stores the parameter information area to be used.</li> <li>0H: CPU built-in parameters</li> <li>3H: Dedicated instruction (parameter setting with the RLPASET instruction and data link startup.)</li> <li>DH: Default parameters (automatically starts CC-Link)</li> </ul>	0	×	0		
SW0068 (668н)	Host parameter status	Stores the parameter setting status. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	×	×		
SW0069 (669н)	Loading status * <sup>3</sup>	Stores the duplicate station number status and parameter matching of each station. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3). Details are stored in SW0098 to 9B and SW009C to 9F.	0	×	×		

\*2: Cannot be used for the standby master station that is controlling the data link.

 $\ast 3:$  This register checks and stores the status only at link startup.

			(O: Ava	Availability ailable, $\times$ : Not av	ailable)	
Number	Name	Description		line	Offline	
			Master station	Local station	Online	
SW006A (66Ан)	Switch setting status	Stores the switch setting status. 0 : Normal Other than 0: Stores the error code (see Section 13.3).	0	0	0	
SW006D (66Dн)	Max. link scan time	Stores the maximum value of the link scan time (in 1 ms units).	0	0	×	
SW006E (66Eн)	Current link scan time	Stores the current value of the link scan time (in 1 ms units).	0	0	×	
SW006F (66Fн)	Min. link scan time	Stores the minimum value of the link scan time (in 1 ms units).	0	0	×	
SW0070 (670н)	Total number of stations	Stores the final station number set in the parameter. 1 to 64 (stations)	0	×	×	
SW0071 (671⊦)	Max. communication station number	Stores the maximum station number (setting of the station number setting switch) that is performing data link. 1 to 64 (stations)	0	×	×	
SW0072 (672н)	Number of connected modules	Stores the number of modules that are performing data link.	0	×	×	
SW0073 (673н)	Standby master station number	Stores the station number of the standby master station. 1 to 64 (stations)	0	0	×	
SW0074 (674н) SW0075 (675н) SW0076 (676н) SW0077 (677н)	Reserved station specified status * <sup>1</sup>	Stores the reserved station setting status.         0: Not reserved station         1: Reserved station         SW0074       16       15       14       13       to       4       3       2       1         SW0074       16       15       14       13       to       4       3       2       1         SW0075       32       31       30       29       to       20       19       18       17         SW0076       48       47       46       45       to       36       35       34       33         SW0077       64       63       62       61       to       52       51       50       49         Numbers 1 to 64 in the above table indicate the station numbers.	0	0	×	
SW0078 (678н) SW0079 (679н) SW007A (67Ан) SW007B (67Вн)	Error invalid station specified status * <sup>1</sup>	Stores the error invalid station setting status.           0: Other than error invalid station           1: Error invalid station           SW0078           16         15           14         13           13         10           4         3           SW0079         32           31         30           29         to           36         35           34         33           SW007A         48           47         46           45         to           36         35           34         33           SW007B         64           63         62           61         to           50         51           50         49	0	0	×	

\*1: Only the bit for the first station number is turned on.

		Description							(O: Ava	Availability ailable, $\times$ : Not av	vailable)			
Number	Name		Description							On	Offline			
											Master station	Local station	Oninte	
SW007C (67Cн) SW007D (67Dн) SW007E (67Eн) SW007F (67Fн)	Temporary error invalid status * <sup>1</sup>	0: Norm	SW007D         32         31         30         29         to         20         19         18         17           SW007E         48         47         46         45         to         36         35         34         33								0	0	X	
SW0080 (680+) SW0081 (681+) SW0082 (682+) SW0083 (683+)	Other station data link status * <sup>4</sup>	0: Norm	SW0081         32         31         30         29         to         20         19         18         17           SW0082         48         47         46         45         to         36         35         34         33									0	0	×
SW0084 (684+) SW0085 (685+) SW0086 (686+) SW0087 (687+)	Other station watchdog timer error occurrence status	0: No wa	SW0085         32         31         30         29         to         20         19         18         17           SW0086         48         47         46         45         to         36         35         34         33								1 17 33 49	0	0	×

Table 8.4 Link special register list (5/7)

\*1: Only the bit for the first station number is turned on.

\*4: Bits for the number of occupied stations are turned on.

Number	Name	Description								Onl	-	available) Offline		
SW0088 (688+) SW0089 (689+) SW008A (68A+) SW008B (68B+)	Other station I/O error status * <sup>4</sup>	blown, the each static See the U protection 0: Norm 1: I/O er SW0088 SW0089 SW008A	SW0089 32 31 30 29 to 20 19 18 17								Master station	Local station	×	
SW008C (68Сн) SW008D (68Dн) SW008E (68Eн) SW008F (68Fн)	Other station switch change status * <sup>1</sup>	Indicates t link. 0: No ch 1: Chan SW008C SW008D SW008E SW008F	ange ge occ b15 16 32 48 64	urred b14 15 31 47 63	b13 14 30 46 62	b12 13 29 45 61	to to to to	b3 4 20 36 52	b2 3 19 35 51	b1 2 18 34 50	b0 1 17 33 49 umbers.	0	0	×
SW0090 (690 <sub>H</sub> )	Line status	Stores the 0: Norm 1: Data	al		e perfo	rmed (	discon	nected	l)			×	0	×
SW0094 (694н) SW0095 (695н) SW0096 (696н) SW0097 (697н)	Transient transmission status * <sup>1</sup>	0: No tra	SW0095         32         31         30         29         to         20         19         18         17           SW0096         48         47         46         45         to         36         35         34         33								0	0	×	

Table 8.4 Link special register list (6/7)

\*1: Only the bit for the first station number is turned on.

\*4: Bits for the number of occupied stations are turned on.

Number	Nama		Description								(O: Av	Availability (〇: Available, ㄨ: Not available)			
Number	Name				Descri	JUON					On	line	Offline		
											Master station	Local station	Chinito		
SW0098 (698н) SW0099 (699н) SW009A (69Ан) SW009B (69Вн)	Station number overlap status * <sup>5</sup>	Stores the over module is not 0: Normal 1: Overlap s 5W0098 16 SW0099 32 SW009A 48 SW009B 64 Nut	overlapp           ation nu           5         b14           15           31           47	ed. mber ( b13 14 30 46 62	first sta b12 13 29 45 61	tion nu to to to to to	umber b3 4 20 36 52	only) b2 3 19 35 51	b1 2 18 34 50	b0 1 17 33 49	0	×	×		
SW009C (69Сн) SW009D (69Dн) SW009E (69Eн) SW009F (69Fн)	Loading/parameter consistency status * <sup>5</sup>	b1: SW009C 16 SW009D 32 SW009E 48 SW009F 64	ings. error Install ote dev gent de 5 b14 15 31 47	ation ice sta vice st b13 14 30 46 62	ation ation b12 13 29 45 61	Re Re to to to to	Para mote mote di b3 4 20 36 52	amete //O sta //O sta evice s b2 3 19 35 51	r ttion ttion b1 2 18 34 50	b0 1 17 33 49	0	×	×		
SW00B4 (6B4н) SW00B5 (6B5н) SW00B6 (6B6н) SW00B7 (6B7н)	Line test 1 result * <sup>4</sup>	Stores the line 0: Normal 1: Abnormal 5W00B4 16 5W00B5 32 5W00B5 48 5W00B7 64 Nur	5 b14 15 31 47	b13 14 30 46 62	b12 13 29 45 61 he abov	to to to to ve table	b3 4 20 36 52 indicat	b2 3 19 35 51 e the st	b1 2 18 34 50 ation n	b0 1 17 33 49 umbers.	0	×	0		
SW00B8 (6B8 <sub>H</sub> )	Line test 2 result * <sup>4</sup>	Stores the line 0 Other than 0	Normal		or code	e (see	Sectio	n 13. <u>3</u> )			×	×	0		

Table 8.4 Link special register list (7/7)

\*4: Bits for the number of occupied stations are turned on.

\*5: Only the bit for the first station number is turned on. In addition, these registers check and store the status at link startup.

The timing when the data in a link special register (SW) is updated differs depending on the link register number.

Table 8.5 lists the update timings of link special registers.

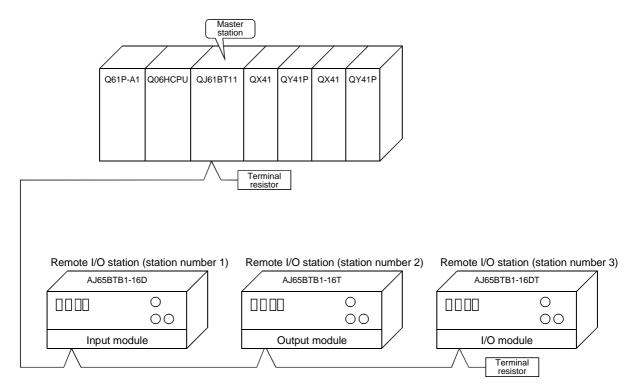
Link special register	Data update timing	Link special register	Data update timing
SW0041	Updated independently regardless	SW0071	Updated independently regardless of SB
SW0045	of SB	SW0072	
SW0060	When SB0060 changes	SW0074 to SW0077	When SB0074 changes
SW0061	When SB0061 changes	SW0078 to SW007B	When SB0075 changes
SW0062		SW0080 to SW0083	When SB0080 changes
SW0067		SW0088 to SW008B	Updated independently regardless of SB
SW0068		SW0090	When SB0090 changes
SW0069	Updated independently regardless	SW0098 to SW009B	
SW006A	of SB	SW009C to SW009F	
SW006D	1	SW00B4 to SW00B7	Updated independently regardless
SW006E		SW00B8	of SB
SW006F		SW00B9	
SW0070			

# 9 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND REMOTE I/O STATIONS

This chapter explains the procedures from module settings to parameter settings, programming, and finally operation check using a system configuration example.

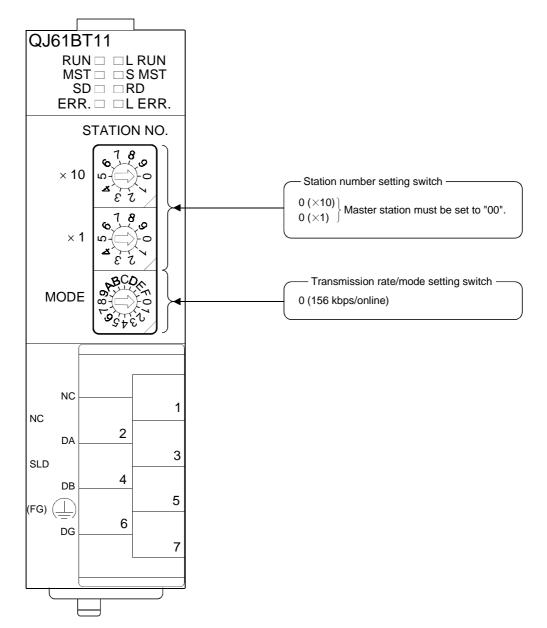
#### 9.1 Configuring a System

As shown below, a system with three connected remote I/O stations is used as an example.



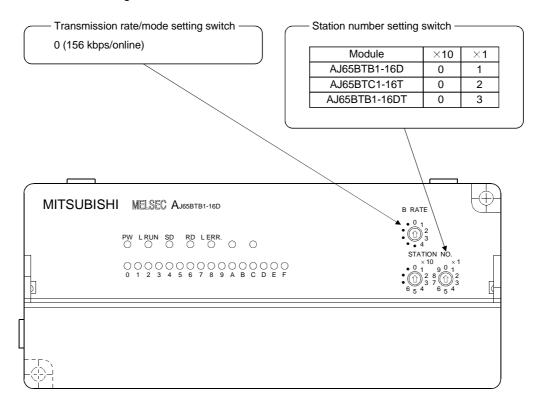
9.1.1 Setting the master station

Settings of the master station switches are shown below:



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9.1.2 Setting the remote I/O stations



Settings of the remote I/O station switches are shown below:

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#### 9.2 Setting the Master Station Parameters

This section explains the settings of the network parameters and the automatic refresh parameters of the master station.

#### 9.2.1 Setting the network parameters of the master station

#### Setting the network parameters Set the network parameters as follows using the attached parameter setting checklist.

Item	Setting range	Setting value
Start I/O No.	0000 to 0FE0	0000
Operational settings	Input data hold/clear Default: Clear	Hold/ clear
Туре	Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station Default: Master station	Mater station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline Default: Online (Remote net mode)	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline
All connect count	1 to 64 Default: 64	3 modules
Remote input (RX)	Device name: Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote output (RY)	Device name: Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWr)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWw)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Special relay (SB)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB or ZR	
Special register (SW)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW or ZR	
Retry count * <sup>1</sup>	1 to 7 Default: 3	times
Automatic reconnection station count * <sup>1</sup>	1 to 10 Default: 1	modules
Standby master station No.  * <sup>1</sup>	Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified) Default: Blank	
PLC down select	Stop/continue Default: Stop	Stop /continue
Scan mode setting * <sup>2</sup>	Asynchronous/synchronous Default: Asynchronous	Asynchronous/synchronous
Delay information settings * <sup>1</sup>	0 to 100 (0: Not specified) Default: 0	

\*1 Setting cannot be performed in the remote I/O net mode.

\*2 Setting cannot be performed in the function version A at the remote I/O net mode.

## (2) Example of network parameter settings

An example of network parameter settings is shown below:

GX Developer C:\MELSEC\GPP	w/\qj61bt11 - [Network parameters S	etting the CC-Link list.1								
V	ne <u>D</u> iagnostics <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		_ 문 ×							
		7 F8 F9 sF9 of o2 o3								
	f boards in module 1 💌 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards: Set by	the sequence program.							
E B Device comment		1	2							
	Start I/O No	0000								
PLC parameter	Operational setting	Operational settings	<u> </u>							
Network param	Type	Master station								
🖉 Remote pass	Master station data link type	PLC parameter auto start 🔹								
Device memory     Device init	Mode	Online (Remote I/O net mode) 🔻								
	All connect count	3								
	Remote input(RX)		í — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —							
	Remote output(RY)		ř <del></del>							
	Remote register(RWr)									
	Remote register(RWw)									
	Special relay(SB)									
	Special register(SW)									
	Retry count									
	Automatic reconnection station count									
	Stand by master station No.									
	PLC down select	Stop 💌	<b>•</b>							
	Scan mode setting	Asynchronous 🔹								
	Delay infomation setting									
	Station information setting									
	Remote device station initial setting									
	Interrupt setting	Interrupt settings	<u> </u>							
	Indispensable settingsí No setting / Already set ) Set if it is neededí No setting / Already set ) 🗾									
<b>+</b>			F							
Ready	Q25H Host station		Ovrwrte NUI							

9.2.2 Setting the automatic refresh parameters of the master station

- Setting the automatic refresh parameters
   Set the automatic refresh parameters according to the procedure below.
  - (a) Set the refresh device for remote input (RX) to X1000.
  - (b) Set the refresh device for remote output (RY) to Y1000.
  - (c) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWr) to D1000.
  - (d) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWw) to D2000.
  - (e) Set the refresh device for special relay (SB) to SB0.
  - (f) Set the refresh device for special register (SW) to SW0.

#### POINT

When setting the refresh devices for special relay (SB) and special register (SW) to SB and SW, respectively, make sure that they do not overlap with device numbers used in the MELSECNET/10H network.

#### (2) Setting example

A setting example is shown below.

🕼 GX Developer C:\MELSEC	C\GPP\W\q	j61bt11 - [Network parameters S	etting the CC-Link list.]	
<u>Project</u> Edit Convert View	w <u>O</u> nline	<u>D</u> iagnostics <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		<u>_리카</u> ×
	2 ta 🔍	<u></u>	Ð.	
Program 💌				
1 F 4 F 4/ 4/ 4/ -0 - 1 } F5 sF5 F6 sF6 F7 F8			↓ <del>//</del> T= TX= caF5 caF10 F10 aF9	
	R 17. F		@ 封封封 =	
				3 [ <u>57]</u> [ <u>K</u> ]
☐ - 🔀 qj61bt11	No. of boa	rds in module 📘 💌 Boards I	Blank: no setting 0 boards: Set by	the sequence program.
⊕ ⊡ I Parameter	ſ		1	2
	1	Start I/O No	0000	
PLC parameter	-	Operational setting	Operational settings	
Network param	ł	Type	Master station	
📲 Remote pass	ł	Master station data link type	PLC parameter auto start 🔹	
Device memory	ł	Master station data link type	Online (Remote I/O net mode) 🔻	
🖳 🖳 Device init	-	All connect count	3	
	-		×1000	
	ł	Remote input(RX) X1000 Remote output(RY) Y1000		
	ł	Remote register(RWr)	D1000	
	ŀ	Remote register(RWw)	D 1000	
	-	Special relay(SB)	SBO	
	-	Special register(SW)		
	-	Retry count	5₩0	╬─────┼──│
	ŀ	Automatic reconnection station count		
	-	Stand by master station No.		<u>                                     </u>
	-	PLC down select	Stop 💌	<b></b>
	-	Scan mode setting	Asynchronous 🗸	
		Delay information setting	Asynchronous	<u> </u>
	ŀ	Station information setting		
	ŀ	Remote device station initial setting		
	-	Interrupt setting	Interrupt settings	┟─────┼──
	[			
	lr ▲	ndispensable settings( No setting /	Already set ) Set if it is needed(	Nosetting / Alreadyset ) 💌
Ready		Q25H Host station		Ovrwrte NUI

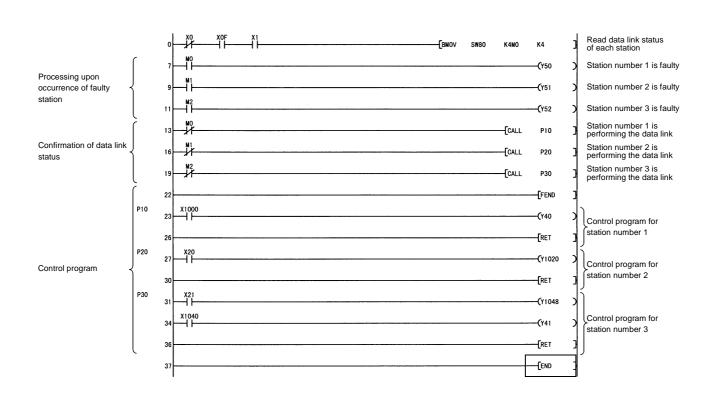
## 9.3 Creating a Program

This section shows the program used to control the remote I/O stations. The following diagram shows the relationship between the devices of the PLC CPU and the inputs/outputs of remote I/O stations.

The shaded areas indicate the devices that are actually used.

Г     	PLC	CPU		Remo	te I/O statior AJ65B	n (station nu TB1-16D	ımber 1)
Station number 1	X100F to X101F to	o X1010	]•		X0F t	o X00	
Station number 2	X102F to X103F to						
Station number 3	X104F to X1048 X105F te	X1047 to X1040 o X1050		Remo	te I/O statior AJ65B <sup>-</sup>	n (station nu TB1-16T	ımber 2)
					Y0F t	o Y00	
Station number 1	Y100F to Y101F to	o Y1010		Remo	te I/O statior		ımber 3)
Station number 2	Y102F to			r	AJ65BT	B1-16DT	·
	Y103F to Y104F to Y1048	Y1030 Y1047 to Y1040		VOE	to Y08	X07 to	
Station number 3	Y105F te						<u>, 100</u>

## 9 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND REMOTE I/O STATIONS



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#### 9.4 Performing the Data Link

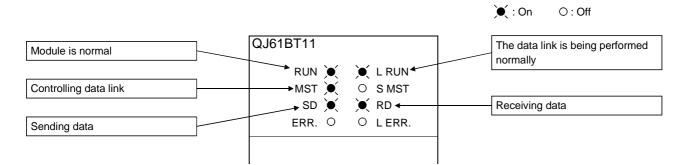
Turn on the power to the remote I/O stations first, and then turn on the power to the master station to start the data link.

#### 9.4.1 Confirming the operation with the LED display

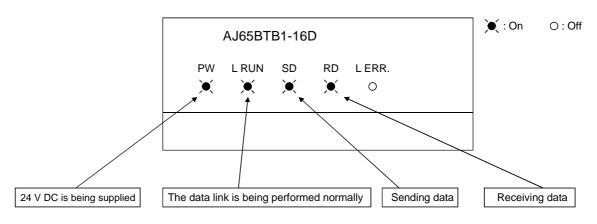
The following diagram shows the LED display status of the master station and the remote I/O station when the data link is being performed normally.

### (1) LED display of the master station

Make sure that the LED display shows the following status:



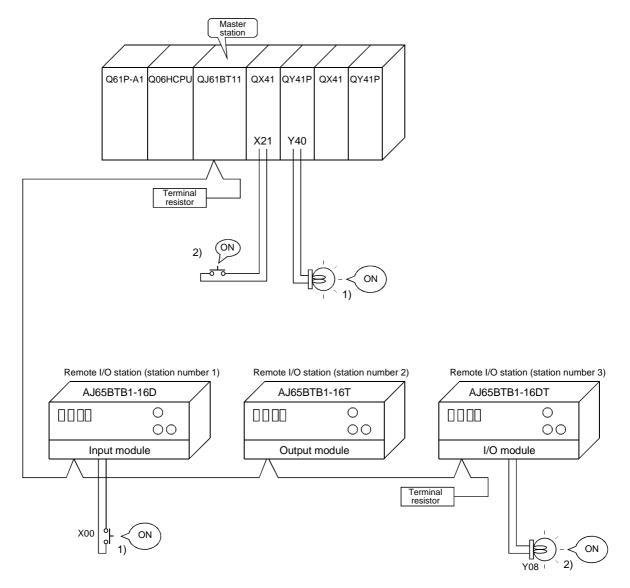
(2) LED display of the remote I/O stationMake sure that the LED display shows the following status:



#### 9.4.2 Confirming the operation with the sequence program

Using the sequence program, confirm that the data link is being performed normally.

- 1) For example, when X00 of the remote I/O station AJ65BTB1-16D (station number 1) is turned on, Y40 (QY41P) of the master station turns on.
- When X21 (QX41) of the master station is turned on, Y08 of the remote I/O station AJ65BTB1-16DT (station Number 3) turns on.

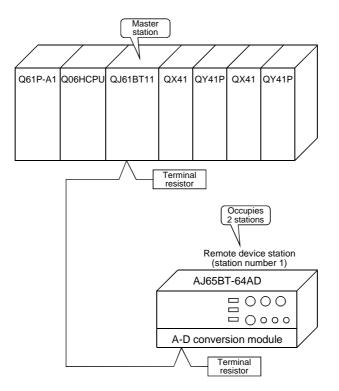


# 10 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND REMOTE DEVICE STATIONS

This chapter explains the procedures from module settings to parameter settings, programming, and finally operation check using a system configuration example. For more detailed information on remote device stations, see the Remote Device Station User's Manual.

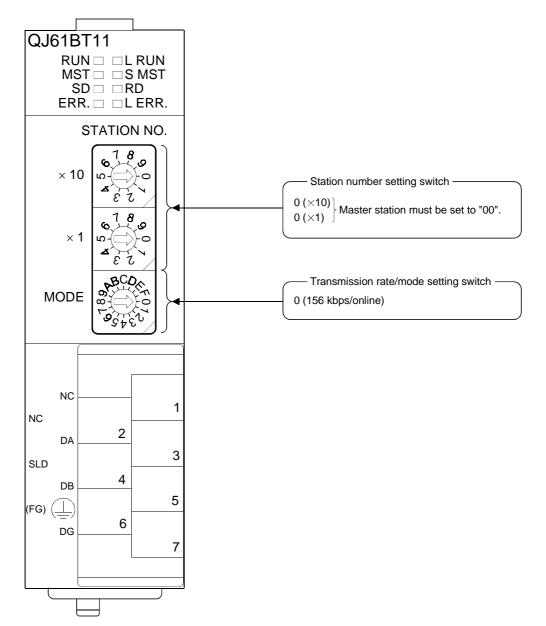
#### 10.1 Configuring a System

As shown below, a system with one connected remote I/O station is used as an example.



#### 10.1.1 Setting the master station

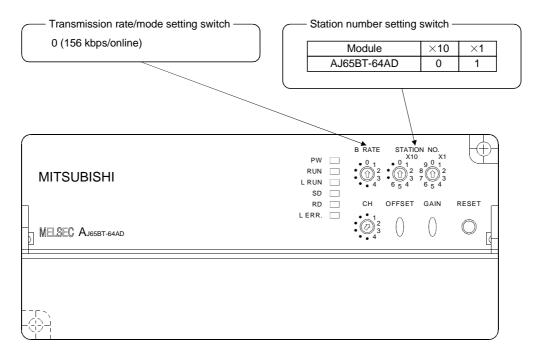
Settings of the master station switches are shown below:



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## 10.1.2 Setting the remote device station

Settings of the remote device station switches are shown below: For more detailed information about the contents of the settings, see the Remote Device Station User's Manual.



#### 10.2 Setting the Master Station Parameters

This section explains the settings of the network parameters and the automatic refresh parameters of the master station.

#### 10.2.1 Setting the network parameters of the master station

(1) Setting the network parameters

Set the network parameters as follows using the attached parameter setting checklist and station information setting checklist.

Item	Setting range	Setting value
Start I/O No.	0000 to 0FE0	0000
Operational settings	Input data hold/clear Default: Clear	Hold/clear
Туре	Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station Default: Master station	Mater station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station
Mode	Online (remote net mode) Online (remote I/O net mode) Offline Default: Online (remote net mode)	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline
All connect count	1 to 64 Default: 64	1 module
Remote input (RX)	Device name: Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote output (RY)	Device name: Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWr)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWw)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Special relay (SB)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB or ZR	
Special register (SW)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW or ZR	
Retry count	1 to 7 Default: 3	3 times
Automatic reconnection station count	1 to 10 Default: 1	1 module
Standby master station No.	Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified) Default: Blank	
PLC down select	Stop/continue Default: Stop	Stop /continue
Scan mode settings	Asynchronous/synchronous Default: Asynchronous	Asynchronous/synchronous
Delay information setting	0 to 100 (0: Not specified) Default: 0	0

## 10 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND REMOTE DEVICE STATIONS

Station No.	Station type	Exclusive station	Reserve/invalid station select	Intelligent buffer select (word)				
		count	Station Select	Send	Receive	Automatic		
1	Remote device station	Exclusive station 2	No setting					

#### (2) Example of network parameter settings An example of network parameter settings is shown below:

MELSEC series GPP C:V	MELSEC\G	PP\%\060301 - [Network param	eters Setting the CC-Link	list.]			_ 8 ×
Project Edit Convert V	(iew <u>O</u> nline	Diagnostics Tools Window Hel	lp				_18  ×
	<b>R</b> 10 (		10.				
Program 💌		<u> </u>					
+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	-   F9 sF9	→ X +11+ +11+ 411+ 411+ 41 oF9 oF10 sF7 sF8 aF7 aF8 a	↑ ↓ → 〒 tx: F5 caF5 caP0 F10 aF9				
			四日 一日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日				
			F7 F8 F9 sF9 of s		SEI [SI] [R]   ] ] ] . 3 o4 o5 aF5 aF7 aF8 aF9	aF10 cF9	
B - 600301 Master station 다 1월 Program MAIN	No. of bo	ards in 🚺 🗾 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards:	Set b	y the sequence program.	, ,	
			1		2	3	4
Parameter		Start I/O No	0	0000			
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings				
		Туре	Master station	•	•		•
		Master station data link type	PLC parameter auto start	•	•		•
🔄 🖫 Device init		Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	-	•		•
		All connectcount		1			
		Remote input(RX)					
		Remote output(RY)					
		Remote register(RWr)					
		Remote register(RWw)					
		Special relay(SB)					
		Special register(SW)					
		Retry count		3			
		Automatic reconnction station count		1			
		Wait master station No.					
		PLC down select	Stop	-	•		•
		Scan mode setting	Asynchronous	-	-		•
		Delay infomation settings		0			
		Station information settings	Station information	-			
		Remote device station initial	Initial settings				_
		Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings				
× >	Setup item	ndispensable settings{ No setting ↓ details: ledge XY assignment Clear		eder nd se		)	
	1					1	
Ready			Q06H	F	fost station	Ovrwrte	

#### 10.2.2 Setting the automatic refresh parameters of the master station

- Setting the automatic refresh parameters
   Set the automatic refresh parameters according to the procedure below.
  - (a) Set the refresh device for remote input (RX) to X1000.
  - (b) Set the refresh device for remote output (RY) to Y1000.
  - (c) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWr) to D1000.
  - (d) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWw) to D2000.
  - (e) Set the refresh device for special relay (SB) to SB0.
  - (f) Set the refresh device for special register (SW) to SW0.

#### POINT

When setting the refresh devices for special relay (SB) and special register (SW) to SB and SW, respectively, make sure that they do not overlap with device numbers used in the MELSECNET/H network.

(2) Setting example

A setting example is shown below.

MELSEC series GPP C:\	MELSEC\G	PPW\060301 - [Network param	eters Setting the CC-Link	list.]				
Project Edit Convert V	iew <u>O</u> nline	Diagnostics Tools Window He	lp					_ 8 ×
	<b>B</b> [1] (		101					
Program 💌			1					
1 + 4 + 1/+ 4/+ -O+ -[]+ F5 sF5 F6 sF6 F7 F8	 	→ X 11+ 11+ 11+ 11+ cF9 cF10 sF7 sF8 aF7 aF8 a	↑ ↓ 1x- F5 caF5 caF0 F10 aF9					
		45 BQ II D	월 화 표 환 🔳					
🖺 🖼 👬 Sit 🔠 🖽	計 F5		F7 F8 F9 sF9 51 5	6] 2	E SI RI I J AF	J X F9 aF10 cF9		
060301 Master station	No. of boa	ards in 🚺 💌 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards: 9	Set by	) the sequence program.			
🗄 📳 Device comment			1		2		3	4
Parameter		Start I/O No		000				
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings					
Network para		Туре	Master station	-		•	-	
E Device memory			PLC parameter auto start	-		·	•	
🖳 🖫 Device init		Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	-		-	-	
		All connectcount		1				
		Remote input(RX)						
		Remote output(RY)		000				
		Remote register(RWr)		000				
		Remote register(RW/w) Special relay(SB)		SBO				
		Special register(SW)		WO				
		Retry count		3		-		
		Automatic reconnction station count		1				
		Wait master station No.		-1				
			Stop	-		-	-	
		Scan mode setting	Asynchronous	-		-	-	
		Delay information settings		0				
		Station information settings	Station information					
		Remote device station initial	Initial settings					
		Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings					
× >	Setup item o	ndispensable settings{ No setting , details: ledge XY assignment ⊂ Clear		eded		t.)		
	·I					1		Þ
Ready			Q06H	H	ost station		Ovrwrte	

#### 10.3 Initial Setting of the Remote Device Station

This section explains the initial setting of the remote device station.

#### 10.3.1 Setting the target station number

Set the target station for which the initial setting is performed.

 Setting the target station number Set the target to "1".

_	Target	No. of			Target	No. of	
_ļ	1	0	Regist procedure				Regist procedure
			Regist procedure				Regist procedure
			Regist procedure	11			Regist procedure
			Regist procedure	12			Regist procedure
5			Regist procedure	13			Regist procedure
5			Regist procedure	14			Regist procedure
,			Regist procedure	15			Regist procedure
1			Regist procedure	16			Regist procedure

(2) Selecting the Regist procedure Click the "Regist procedure" of the target station number "1".

#### 10.3.2 Setting the regist procedure registration

Set the conditions and details of the remote device station settings. In this section, AJ65BT-64AD is used as an example for the Regist procedure registration.

The details to be set are as follows:

- Select Current from Voltage/Current (the first condition).
- Select the Factory setting of the Offset/gain value (the second condition).
- Set Average number of times for channel 2 to 50 times (the third condition).
- Set Average time for channel 3 to 100 ms (the fourth condition).
- Specify Average processing setting for channels 2 and 3, Number of times for channel 2 and Time for channel 3 (the fifth condition).
- Set the data format from -2000 to 2000 (the sixth condition).
- Set channels 1 to 3 to A-D conversion enable (the seventh condition).
- Turn the Initial data processing completed flag to ON (the eighth condition).
- Turn the Initial data setting request flag to ON (the ninth condition).
- Turn the Initial data processing completed flag to OFF (the tenth condition).
- Turn the Initial data setting request flag to OFF (the eleventh condition).

For more detailed information about the settings, see the Remote Device Station User's Manual.

- (1) Setting the first condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Set new".

- (c) Executional condition settings Set the "Condition Device" to "RX", the "Device Number" to "18", and the "Execute Condition" to "ON".
- (d) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RY", the "Device Number" to "01", and the "Write Data" to "ON".
- (2) Setting the second condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RY", the "Device Number" to "00", and "Write Data" to "ON".
- (3) Setting the third condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RWw" ,the "Device Number" to "02", and the "Write Data" to "50".
- (4) Setting the fourth condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RWw", the "Device Number" to "03", and the "Write Data" to "1000".
- (5) Setting the fifth condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RWw", the "Device Number" to "00", and the "Write Data" to "1540 (604H)".

- (6) Setting the sixth condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set "Write Device" to "RWw", the "Device Number" to "05", and the "Write Data" to "15 (0Fн)".
- (7) Setting the seventh condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RWw", the "Device Number" to "06", and the "Write Data" to "7 (07H)".
- (8) Setting the eighth condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RY", the "Device Number" to "18", and the "Write Data" to "ON".
- (9) Setting the ninth condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Same as prev. set".
  - (c) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RY", the "Device Number" to "19", and the "Write Data" to "ON".
- (10) Setting the tenth condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Set new".

- (c) Executional condition settings Set the "Condition Device" to "RX", the "Device Number" to "18", and the "Execute Condition" to "OFF".
- (d) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RY", the "Device Number" to "18", and the "Write Data" to "OFF".
- (11) Setting the eleventh condition
  - (a) Execute Flag setting Set the "Execute Flag" to "Execute".
  - (b) Operational condition setting Set the "Operational condition" to "Set new".
  - (c) Executional condition settings Set the "Condition Device" to "RX", the "Device Number" to "19", and the " "Execute Condition" to "ON".
  - (d) Details of execution setting Set the "Write Device" to "RY", the "Device Number" to "19", and the "Write Data" to "OFF".
- (12) Setting results

The results of settings (1) to (11) are shown below.

Execute	Operational				al conditio						execution		
Flag	condition		Cond			Execute		Write Device		Device	Wri		
			Device		Number		Condition			Number Data			
Execute	Set new	•	RX	•		ON	•		RY	•	01		•
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•	18	ON	•		RY	•		ON	•
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•		ON	•		RWw	_	02		-50
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•		ON	•		RWw	_	03		000
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•		ON	•		RWw	_	00	1	540
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•	18	ON	•		RWw	•	05		15
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•	18	ON	•		RWw	•	06		
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•	18	ON	•		RY	•	18	ON	•
Execute	Same as prev.set	•	RX	•	18	ON	•		RY	•	19	ON	•
Execute	Set new	•	RX	•	18	OFF	•		RY	•	18	OFF	Ŧ
Execute	Set new	•	RX	4	19	ON	٠		RY	•	19	OFF	Ŧ
Execute	Set new	•		٠			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•			•			
Execute	Set new	•		•			•	1		•			

#### 10.3.3 Validating the remote device station initial settings

This section explains the link special relays (SB) relating to the initial settings of remote device stations.

Numeric values in parentheses in the Number column indicate addresses and bit positions of the buffer memory.

Example: For buffer memory address 5E0H and bit 13: (5E0H, b13)

#### Table 10.1 List of link special relays related to remote device station initial settings

			Availability (O: Available, $\times$ : Not available				
Number	Name	Description	On				
			Master station	Local station	Offline		
SB000D (5E0н, b13)	Remote device station initialization procedure registration instruction	Starts initial processing using the information registered during the initialization procedure registration. OFF: No instruction ON: Instructed	0*	×	×		
SB005E (5E5н, b14)	Execution status of remote device station initialization procedure	Indicates the execution status of the initialization procedure. OFF: Not executed ON: Being executed	0*	×	×		
SB005F (5E0н, b15)	Complete status of remote device station initialization procedure	Indicates completion status of the execution of the initialization procedure execution. OFF: Not complete ON: Complete	0*	×	×		
SW005F (65F⊦)	Remote device station initialization procedure instruction result	Stores the execution result of initialization procedure registration instruction with SB000B. 0: Normal Other than 0: Store the error code (see Section 13.3).	0*	×	×		

\* Cannot be used for the standby master station that is controlling the data link.

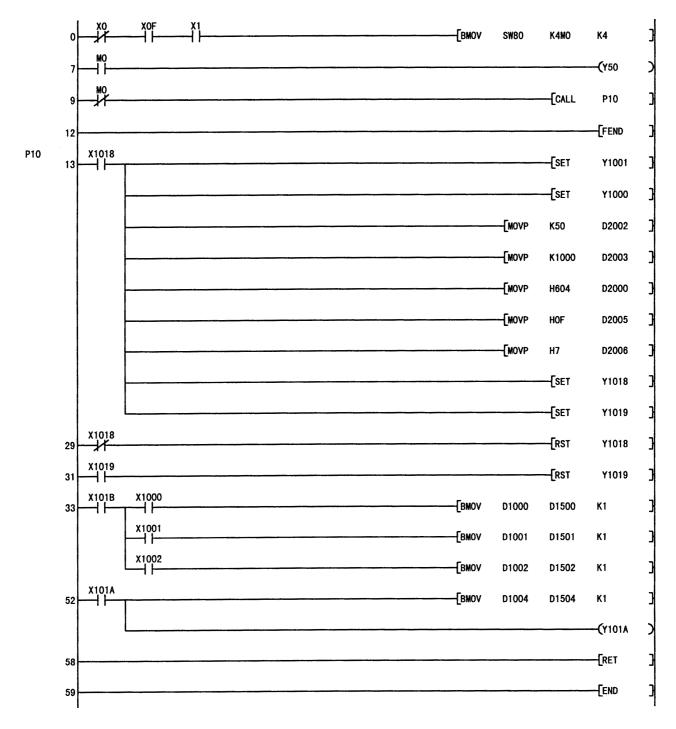
For details on how to create a program, see Section 10.4.

#### POINT

When remote device station initialization procedure registration instruction (SB0000) is turned off after the initial processing completion, all of the RY signals that has been turned on in the initial procedure registration is turned off. Therefore, about signals that are required to turn always on, such as conversion valid signal, they should be turned on in the sequence program.

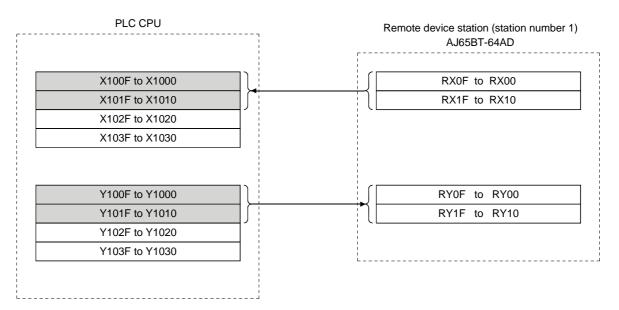
#### 10.3.4 Setting with the sequence program (Reference)

For reference, an example setting performed with the sequence program is shown below.



### 10.4 Creating a Program

This section shows a program used to control remote device stations. The following diagrams show the relationships of the remote input/output and remote registers between the PLC CPU devices and the remote device station. The shaded areas indicate the devices that are actually used. For detailed information about each remote device station, see the User's Manual (Details) for each module.



#### [Remote input (RX) and remote output (RY)]

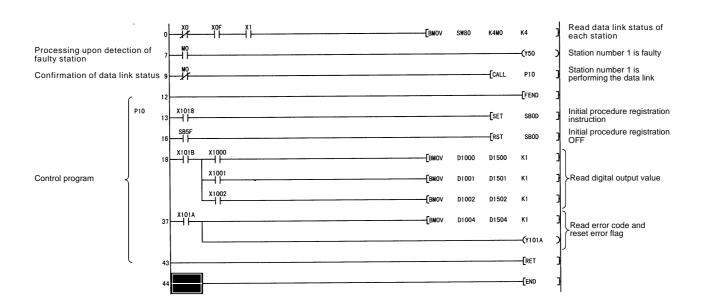
## 10 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND REMOTE DEVICE STATIONS

PLC CPU Remote device station (station number 1) AJ65BT-64AD For write D2000 RWw0 (Averaging process setting) D2001 RWw1 (CH1 Average time/number of times) D2002 RWw2 (CH2 Average time/number of times) D2003 RWw3 (CH3 Average time/number of times) RWw4 (CH4 Average time/number of times) D2004 D2005 RWw5 (Data format) D2006 RWw6 (A-D conversion enable/disable setting) D2007 RWw7 (Use prohibited) For read D1000 RWr0 (CH1 Digital output value) D1001 RWr1 (CH2 Digital output value) D1002 RWr2 (CH3 Digital output value) RWr3 (CH4 Digital output value) D1003 D1004 RWr4 (Error code) D1005 RWr5 (Use prohibited) RWr6 (Use prohibited) D1006 D1007 RWr7 (Use prohibited)

#### [Remote registers (RWw and RWr)]

MELSEC-Q

#### 10 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND REMOTE DEVICE STATIONS MELSEC-Q



MELSEC-Q

#### 10.5 Performing the Data Link

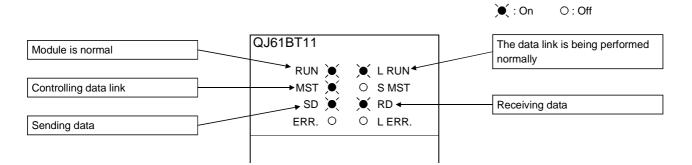
Turn on the power to the remote device station first, and then turn on the power to the master station to start the data link.

#### 10.5.1 Confirming the operation with the LED display

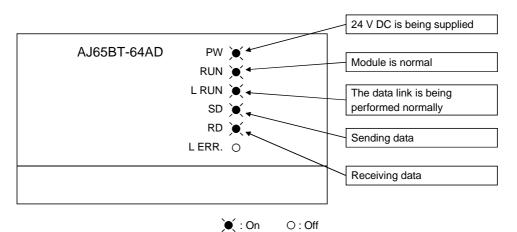
The following diagram shows the LED display status of the master station and the remote device station when the data link is being performed normally.

#### (1) LED display of the master station

Make sure that the LED display shows the following status:



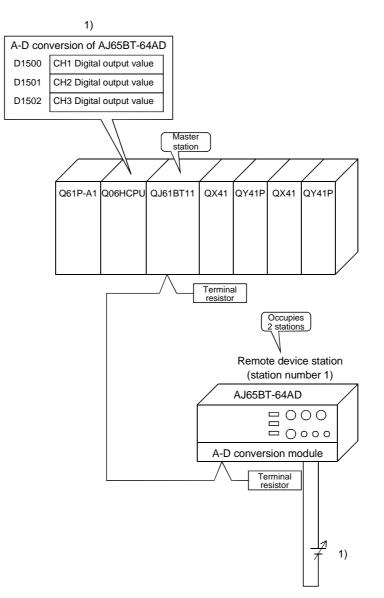
(2) LED display of the remote device station Make sure that the LED display shows the following status:



#### 10.5.2 Confirming the operation with the sequence program

Using the sequence program, confirm that the data link is being performed normally.

1) Change the voltage input to the AJ65BT-64AD and confirm that the A-D converted digital value also changes.

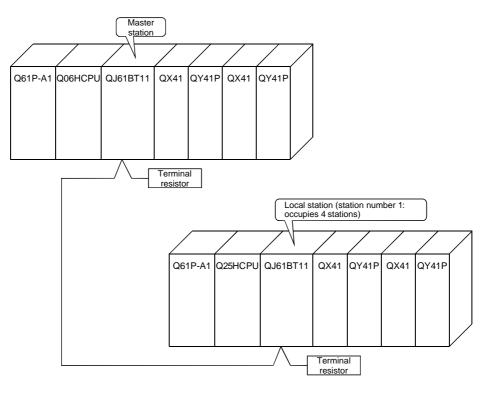


# 11 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND LOCAL STATIONS

This chapter explains the procedures from module settings to parameter settings, programming, and finally operation check using a system configuration example.

## 11.1 Configuring a System

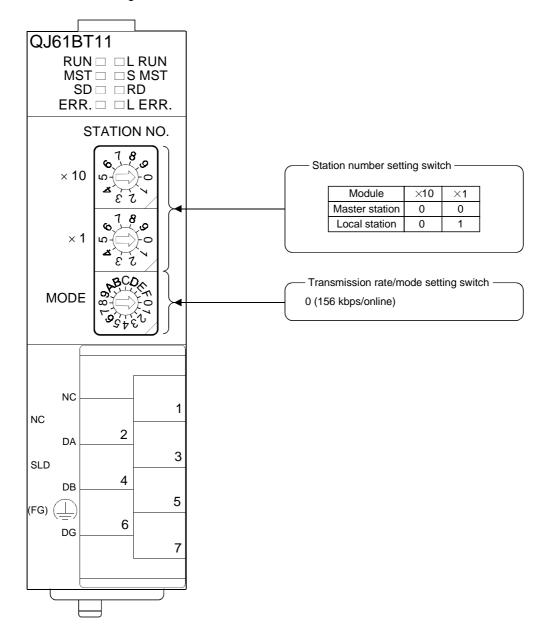
As shown below, a system with one connected local station is used as an example.



MELSEC-Q

11.1.1 Setting the master and local stations

Settings of the master station switches are shown below:



#### 11.2 Setting the Master Station Parameters

This section explains the settings of the network parameters and the automatic refresh parameters of the master station.

#### 11.2.1 Setting the network parameters of the master station

(1) Setting the network parameters

Set the network parameters as follows using the attached parameter setting checklist and station information setting checklist.

Item	Setting range	Setting value
Start I/O No.	0000 to 0FE0	0000
Operational settings	Input data hold/clear Default: Clear	Hold/ clear
Туре	Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station Default: Master station	Mater station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline Default: Online (Remote net mode)	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline
All connect count	1 to 64 Default: 64	1 module
Remote input (RX)	Device name: Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote output (RY)	Device name: Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWr)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWw)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Special relay (SB)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB or ZR	
Special register (SW)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW or ZR	
Retry count	1 to 7 Default: 3	3 times
Automatic reconnection station count	1 to 10 Default: 1	1 module
Standby master station No.	Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified) Default: Blank	
PLC down select	Stop/continue Default: Stop	Stop /continue
Scan mode setting	Asynchronous/synchronous Default: Asynchronous	Asynchronous/synchronous
Delay information settings	0 to 100 (0: Not specified) Default: 0	0

## 11 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND LOCAL STATIONS

Station No.	Station type	Exclusive station	Reserve/invalid station select			ent buffer select (word)	
		count	Station Scient	Send Receive Autom			
1	Intelligent device station	Exclusive station 4	No setting	64	64	128	

#### (2) Example of network parameter settings An example of network parameter settings is shown below:

LOR SKER OOR SERVICE S	MELSEC series GPP C:\	MELSEC\G	iPP'\/060301 - [Network param	eters Setting the CC-Link	list.			-81
Program       Image: Program         Image: Program       Image: Program <td><u>Project</u> Edit Convert <u>V</u></td> <td>(iew <u>O</u>nline</td> <td>Diagnostics Tools Window He</td> <td>lp</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_ 8 :</td>	<u>Project</u> Edit Convert <u>V</u>	(iew <u>O</u> nline	Diagnostics Tools Window He	lp				_ 8 :
Image: Second section in the second section section in the second section second section section section section section section se		<b>e</b> 11 (		20				
Image: State and the set of the set	Program 💌		- <u>Pr</u> - 7 <u>B</u>	1				
Image: State and the set of the set	-1	F9 sF9	→ X -11+ -1↓+ 411+ 4↓+ oF9 oF10 sF7 sF8 aF7 aF8 a	↑ ↓ → 〒 1×				
Image: Status       Image: Status<		<b>X Z</b>		위 @ 화태화 💷				
No. of boards in     1     2     3       Image: Static No     1     2     3       Image: Static No     0000     0000     0000       Image: Static No     00000     0000     0000       Image: Static No     0000     0000     0000       Image: Static No     0000     0000     0000       Image: Static No     0000     0000     0000       Image: Static No     1     0000     0000       Image: Static No     0     0000     0000       Image: Static No     0     0000     0000       Image: Station Information settings     0     0000       Image: Station Information No     0     0000       Image: Station Information settings     0     0000       Image: Station Information settings     0     00000 <t< td=""><td></td><td>╂↓ F5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SE] [ST] [R]   </td><td>aF10 K9</td><td></td></t<>		╂↓ F5				SE] [ST] [R]   	aF10 K9	
Image: Stat L/D No       0000       0000         Image: Stat Imag		No. of bo	ards in 🚺 💌 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards:	Set b	y the sequence program.		
Parameter       Stati 1/20 No       0000         Image: Device memory       Device memory       Matter station <ul> <li>Matter station</li> <li>Matter station station court</li> <li>Matter station station court</li> <li>Matter station No.</li> <li>PLC down select</li> <li>Station information settings</li> <li>Genetal settings</li> <li>Matter station nitid</li> <li>India settings</li> <li>Matter station nitid</li> <li>India settings</li> <li>Matter station nitid</li> <li>India setlings</li> </ul>				1		2	3	4
Image: CLC parameter       Operational settings          Image: CLC parameter       Type       Matter station           Image: CLC parameter       PLC parameter auto start            Image: CLC parameter auto start              Mater station data link type       PLC parameter auto start	Parameter		Start I/O No		0000			
Itemposite para       Device memory       Master station data link type       Master station data station data station       Master station nit			Operational settings	Operational settings				
Image: Severe memory     Master stain data link type     PLC parameter auto stait			Type	Master station	•	<b>•</b>	•	
All connectount         1           Remote insultRX1            Remote insultRX1            Remote registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Automatic recornation station count         1           Vati master station No.            PLC down select         Stop           Special registering            Station information settings         0           Station information settings	Device memory		Master station data link type		•	•	-	
All connectount         1           Remote insultRX1            Remote insultRX1            Remote registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Special registelRWn            Automatic recornation station count         1           Vati master station No.            PLC down select         Stop           Special registering            Station information settings         0           Station information settings	Device init		Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	-	-	-	
Remote output(RY)            Remote register(RWw)            Special register(RWw)            Special register(RWw)            Special register(RWw)            Automatic recornation station count         1           Wati master station No.            PLC down select         Stop           Scan mode setting         Ayurcharous           Station information settings         0           Station information settings         Initial settings			All connectcount		1			
Benote register(RWr)			Remote input(RX)					
Remote register(RV/w)			Remote output(RY)					
Special relay(58)            Special relay(58)            Retry court         3           Automatic recornation station count         1           Wait matter station No.            PLc down select         Stop           Scan mode stelling         Asynchronous           Oblay infomation settings         0           Station information settings         0           Station information intellings         Initial settings			Remote register(RW/r)					
Special register(SW)            Retry count         3           Automatic recornction station count         1           Wait master station No.            PLC down select         Stop           Scar mode setting         Asynchronous           Velowing settings            Delay information settings         0           Station information stations            Remote device station initial         Initial settings			Remote register(RW/w)					
Special register(SW)            Retry count         3           Automatic recornction station count         1           Wait master station No.            PLC down select         Stop           Scar mode setting         Asynchronous           Velowing settings            Delay information settings         0           Station information stations            Remote device station initial         Initial settings								
Retry count     3       Automatic restation No.     1       Valt matter station No.     •       PLC down select     Stop       Scan mode setting     Asynchronous       Question information settings     0       Station information settings     0       Station information settings     Initial settings								
Automatic reconnction station count     1       Wait matter station No.					3			
Wait master station No.        PLC down select     Stop       Scan mode setting     Asynchronous       Used with the setting     V       Delay information settings     0       Station information settings     Station information       Remote device station initial     Initial settings					1			
PLC down select     Stop     Image: Comparison of the selection of the se								
Scan mode setting     Asynchronous     Image: Comparison of the settings       Delay information settings     0       Station information     0       Remote device station initial     Initial settings				Stop	-	•	-	
Delay information settings         0           Station information settings         Station information           Remote device station initial         Initial settings					_			
Station information settings         Station information           Remote device station initial         Initial settings								
Remote device station initial Initial settings				Station information	-			1
					_			
					_			
Indispensable settings ( No setting / Already set ) Set if it is needed ( No setting / Already set ) Setup item details: Acknowledge XY assignment Clear Check End setup Cancel	<u>د ک</u>	Setup item	details:				)	
		•			-			
Ready Q06H Host station Ovrwrite NUM	Ready	_		Q06H	ŀ	lost station	Ovrwrte	NUM

#### 11.2.2 Setting the automatic refresh parameters of the master station

- Setting the automatic refresh parameters
   Set the automatic refresh parameters according to the procedure below.
  - (a) Set the refresh device for remote input (RX) to X1000.
  - (b) Set the refresh device for remote output (RY) to Y1000.
  - (c) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWr) to D1000.
  - (d) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWw) to D2000.
  - (e) Set the refresh device for special relay (SB) to SB0.
  - (f) Set the refresh device for special register (SW) to SW0.

#### POINT

When setting the refresh devices for special relay (SB) and special register (SW) to SB and SW, respectively, make sure that they do not overlap with device numbers used in the MELSECNET/H network.

(2) Setting example

A setting example is shown below.

🙀 MELSEC series GPP C:\MELSEC\GPPW\060301 - [Network parameters Setting the CC-Link list.]							
Project Edit Convert View Online Diagnostics Iools Window Help							
	<b>R</b> (1)		101				
Program 💌		- <u>Pre</u> 7 🖽 7	1				
1 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 6 + 7 + 1 F5 sF5 F6 sF6 F7 F8	-   F9 sF9	★ X -11+ -11+ 41+ 41+ 41+     GF9 0F10 _SF7 _SF8 _aF7 _aF8 _a	↑ ↓ 1x= F5 caF5 caP0 F10 aF9				
	X Z	45 BQ II D	월 화 태 태 태 🗖	1			
🖀 📾 🔛 📰 🖽	₽↓ F5		F7 F8 F9 sF9 51		EI III II II II II 3 o4 o5 aF5 aF7 aF8 aF9	aFI0 cF9	
060301 Master station	No. of boa	ards in 1 🗾 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards	:Setb			
			1		2	3	4
Parameter		Start I/O No		0000			
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings	_			
Network para		Type	Master station PLC parameter auto start	• •	• •	* *	
B Device memory		Master station data link type Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	Ŧ			
🖳 🖳 Device init		All connectcount	Unline (Nelliote net lilote)	1	<b>·</b>	•	
		Remote input(RX)		(1000			
		Remote output(RY)		1000			
		Remote register(RW/r)		1000			
		Remote register(RW/w)		2000			
		Special relay(SB)		SBO			
		Special register(SW)		SW0			
		Retry count		3			
		Automatic reconnction station count		1			
		Wait master station No.					
		PLC down select	Stop	-	•	+	
		Scan mode setting	Asynchronous	-	<b>•</b>	<b>•</b>	
		Delay information settings		0			
		Station information settings	Station information				
		Remote device station initial	Initial settings				
	Interrupt settings						
Indispensable settings( No setting / Already set ) Set if it is needed( No setting / Already set ) Setup item details: Acknowledge XY assignment Clear Check End setup Cancel							
			Check	end se		1	
Ready			Q06H	F	lost station	Ovrwrte	NUM

#### 11.3 Setting the Local Station Parameters

This section explains the settings of the network parameters and the automatic refresh parameters of the local station.

#### 11.3.1 Setting the network parameters of the local station

#### (1) Setting the network parameters

Set the network parameters as follows using the attached parameter setting checklist.

Item	Setting range		Setting value		
Start I/O No.	0000 to 0FE0		0000		
	Data link disorder station setting	Input data hold/clear Default: Clear	Hold / Clear		
Operational setting	Number of occupied stations	Occupied 1 to 4 stations Default: Occupied 1 station	Occupied 4 stations		
Туре	Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station		Master station (Duplex function) Local station		Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station
Mode	Online (Remote net Online (Remote I/O Offline Default: Online (Re	net mode)	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline		
All connect count	1 to 64 Default: 64		module		
Remote input (RX)	Device name: Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR				
Remote output (RY)	Device name: Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR				
Remote register (RWr)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR				
Remote register (RWw)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR				
Special relay (SB)	Device name: Selectory or ZF	ct from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB २			
Special register (SW)	Device name: Selectory or ZF	ct from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW R			
Retry count	1 to 7 Default: 3		times		
Automatic reconnection station count	1 to 10 Default: 1		module		
Standby master station No.	Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified) Default: Blank				
PLC down select	Stop/continue Default: Stop		Stop/continue		
Scan mode settings	Asynchronous/sync Default: Asynchron		Asynchronous/synchronous		
Delay information setting	0 to 100 (0: Not spe Default: 0	ecified)			

## (2) Example of network parameter settings

An example of network parameter settings is shown below:

The MELSEC series GPP C-V	MELSECIG	PPW\060301 - [Network param	eters Setting the CC-I in	list			_ 7 ×
U.		Diagnostics Tools Window He		( nac.)			_ 8 ×
	E 10 0		-				
Program 🔻			1				
	1 1 1						
1 F 4 P -1/- 4/P -0- { } F5 sF5 F6 sF6 F7 F8	-   F9 sF9	→ X -11+ -11+ 41+ 41+ -F9 -F10	T → → T TX F5 caF5 caF10 F10 aF9				
			🛛 🕲 封 封 封 💷				
별 📽 👬 Sit 문 🖽	₩+ F5			[ <u>\$</u> 0] [ o2 (	語 [第3] [形]   コ コ 」 3 o4 o5 aF5 aF7 aF8 aF9	aFI0 X cF9	
□ - 솅 060301 Local station □ - 땐 Program 때 MAIN	No. of boa	ards in 🚺 🗾 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards	Setb	y the sequence program.		
E Toevice comment			1		2	3	4
🖃 🖪 Parameter		Start I/O No		0000			
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings				
🖓 Network para		Туре	Local station	•	<b>•</b>	-	
- 国)Device memory 国)Device init		Master station data link type		•	•	-	
		Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	•	<b>-</b>	•	
		All connectcount		_			
		Remote input(RX)					
		Remote output(RY)					
		Remote register(RWr)					
		Remote register(RWw)					
		Special relay(SB)					
		Special register(SW)					
		Retry count					
		Automatic reconnction station count					
	.	Wait master station No.					
		PLC down select		-	<b>•</b>	-	
		Scan mode setting		•	-	-	
		Delay information settings					
		Station information settings					
		Remote device station initial					
		Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings				
<u>×                                    </u>	Setup item o	dispensable settings( No setting , letails: ledge XY assignment Clear		heeder End se			
	•						Þ
Ready			Q06H	F	ost station	Ovrwrte	

- Setting the automatic refresh parameters
   Set the automatic refresh parameters according to the procedure below.
  - (a) Set the refresh device for remote input (RX) to X1000.
  - (b) Set the refresh device for remote output (RY) to Y1000.
  - (c) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWr) to D1000.
  - (d) Set the refresh device for remote register (RWw) to D2000.
  - (e) Set the refresh device for special relay (SB) to SB0.
  - (f) Set the refresh device for special register (SW) to SW0.

#### POINT

When setting the refresh devices for special relay (SB) and special register (SW) to SB and SW, respectively, make sure that they do not overlap with device numbers used in the MELSECNET/H network.

(2) Setting example

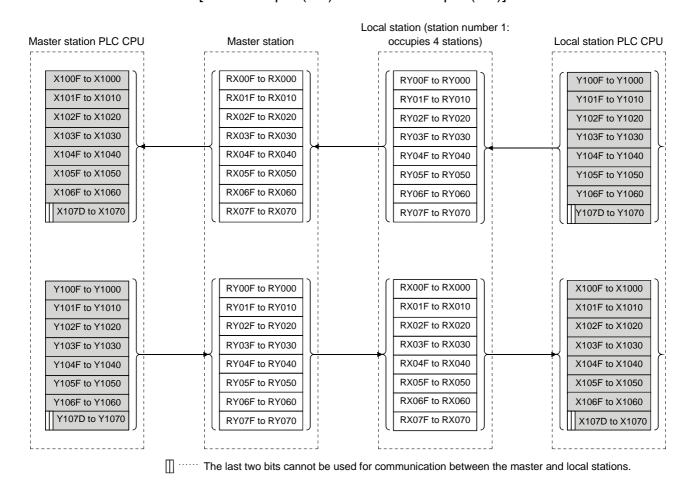
A setting example is shown below.

Image: MeLSEC series GPP C.\MELSEC\GPPW\060301 - [Network parameters Setting the CC-Link list.]							
		Diagnostics Tools Window He	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				<u>_ 18 ×</u>
	<b>B</b> (1)						
Program 💌							
-1 F 4 F -1/F 4/F -0	F9 sF9	→ X -11+ -1↓+ 411+ 4↓+ _F9 _0F10	↑ ↓ → 〒 125 F5 caF5 caP0 F10 aF9				
	X Z P		四國 封封封 🔲				
		F6 F6 F8 F7 SF5 F5 F6	F7 F8 F9 sF9 of o2		I III III III IIIIII o4 o5 aF5 aF7 aF8 aF9	aF10 X	
日間 060301 Local station 日間 Program 岡 MAIN	No. of bo	ards in 🚺 💌 Boards	Blank: no setting 0 boards: S	iet by	the sequence program.		
🗄 🐨 Device comment			1		2	3	4
🗐 🗷 Parameter		Start I/O No		000			
PLC paramete		Operational settings	Operational settings	$\rightarrow$			
Network para		Type	Local station	-	* *	• •	
Device memory		Master station data link type Mode	Online (Remote net mode)	÷			
🖳 🖳 Device init		All connectcount	Unine (Nelliote net lilote)	-	<b>·</b>		
		Remote input(RX)	×10	100			
		Remote output(RY)	Y10				
		Remote register(RWr)	D10				
		Remote register(RWw)	D20				
		Special relay(SB)		BO			
		Special register(SW)		wo			
		Betry count					
		Automatic reconnction station count		-			
		Wait master station No.					
		PLC down select		-	•	•	
		Scan mode setting		•	•	•	
		Delay information settings					
		Station information settings					
		Remote device station initial					
		Interrupt settings	Interrupt settings				
× >	Setup item	ndispensable settings( No setting , details: ledge XY assignment Clear		eded( nd seti			
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Ready			QO6H	Ho	ost station	Ovrwrte	

MELSEC-Q

#### 11.4 Creating a Program

This section shows the program to be used for communication between the master and local stations. The following diagram shows the relationship between the devices of the master station PLC CPU and the devices of the local station PLC CPU. The shaded areas indicate the devices that are actually used. [Remote input (RX) and remote output (RY)]



MELSEC-Q

## 11 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND LOCAL STATIONS

MELSEC-Q

station PLC CPU	Master station	Local station	Local station PLC
D1000	( RWr00 )	(RWw00)	D2000
D1001	RWr01	RWw01	D2001
D1002	RWr02	RWw02	D2002
D1003	RWr03	RWw03	D2003
D1004	RWr04	RWw04	D2004
D1005	RWr05	RWw05	D2005
D1006	RWr06	RWw06	D2006
D1007	RWr07	RWw07	D2007
D1008	RWr08	RWw08	D2008
D1009	RWr09	RWw09	D2009
D1010	RWr0A	RWw0A	D2010
D1011	RWr0B	RWw0B	D2011
D1012	RWr0C	RWw0C	D2012
D1013	RWr0D	RWw0D	D2013
D1014	RWr0E	RWw0E	D2014
D1015	RWr0F	RWw0F	D2015
D2000	RWw00	RWr00	D1000
D2001	RWw01	RWr01	D1001
D2002	RWw02	RWr02	D1002
D2003	RWw03	RWr03	D1003
D2004	RWw04	RWr04	D1004
D2005	RWw05	RWr05	D1005
D2006	RWw06	RWr06	D1006
D2007	RWw07	RWr07	D1007
D2008	RWw08	RWr08	D1008
			D1009
D2009	RWw09	RWr09	2.000
D2009 D2010	RWw09 RWw0A	RWr09 RWr0A	D1010
i	i	i	i
D2010	RWw0A	RWr0A	D1010
D2010 D2011	RWw0A RWw0B	RWr0A RWr0B	D1010 D1011
D2010 D2011 D2012	RWw0A RWw0B RWw0C	RWr0A RWr0B RWr0C	D1010 D1011 D1012

### [Remote registers (RWw and RWr)]

## 11 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND LOCAL STATIONS

(1) Master station program 0 X0 -X1 Read data link status of each station -FBMOV S₩80 K4MO K4 Processing upon occurrence of faulty station **-(**Y50 ) Station number 1 is faulty Confirmation of data link status MO Station number 1 is performing the data link -[CALL P10 12 -[FEND (P10 X1000 Control program using data received from a local station 13 **(**Y40 X20 Program to generate transmission data to a local station 16 **-(**Y1000 Control program 18 -[RET 19 -FEND (2) Local station program ~ Confirmation of data link status Local station is performing data link XQ X1 -[CALL P10 FEND Control program using data received from the master station P10 X1000 -(Y41 Program to generate send data to the master station -(Y1000 Control program

11

12

MELSEC-Q

-[RET

-[END

#### 11.5 Performing the Data Link

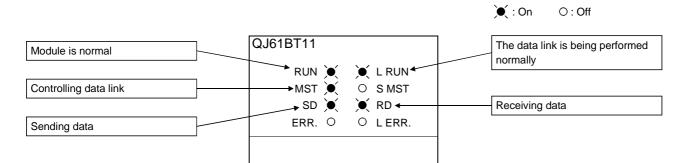
Turn on the power to the local station first, and then turn on the power to the master station to start the data link.

#### 11.5.1 Confirming the operation with the LED display

The following diagram shows the LED display status of the master station and the local station when the data link is being performed normally.

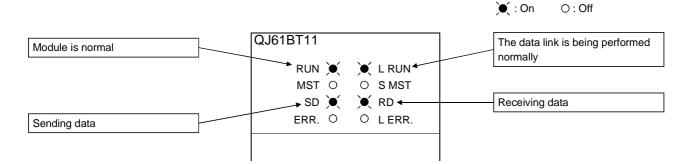
#### (1) LED display of the master station

Make sure that the LED display shows the following status:



(2) LED display of the local station

Make sure that the LED display shows the following status:

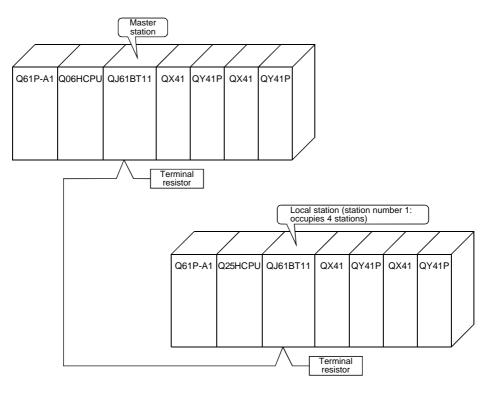


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#### 11.5.2 Confirming the operation with the sequence program

Using the sequence program, confirm that the data link is being performed normally.

- 1) When X20 of the master station is turned on, Y41 of the local station turns on.
- 2) When X21 of the local station is turned on, Y40 of the master station turns on.



## 12 COMMUNICATION BETWEEN THE MASTER STATION AND INTELLIGENT DEVICE STATIONS

The communication method between the master station and intelligent device stations is different for each intelligent device station.

For more details on the communication between the master station and intelligent device stations, see the manual for each intelligent device station.

## MEMO


This chapter describes the details of the problems that may occur in the CC-Link System, and lists the check items and procedures for each of the possible problems.

#### 13.1 Verification upon Problem Occurrence

The following lists the details of the check items and procedures for each problem occurrence.

Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
	Are there any disconnected cables?	<ul> <li>Check the cable connection visually or with a line test.</li> <li>Check the line status (SW0090).</li> </ul>
	Are terminal resistors connected to the terminal stations located at each end of the CC-Link system?	Connect the supplied terminal resistors to the terminal stations located at each end of the CC-Link system.
	Are correct terminal resistors connected?	Connect the appropriate terminal resistors that match the cable type used for the terminal stations located at each end of the CC-Link system. (See Section 7.5.)
	Has an error occurred at the master station's PLC CPU?	Check the error code of the PLC CPU and take corrective action.
Unable to perform data link for the entire system.	Are the CC-Link parameters set in the PLC CPU of the master station?	Check the contents of the parameters for the PLC CPU of the master station.
	Does the sequence scan time exceed the tolerance for each transmission rate when using the synchronous mode? 10 Mbps : 50 ms 5 Mbps : 50 ms 2.5 Mbps : 100 ms 625 kbps : 400 ms 156 kbps : 800 ms	Switch to the asynchronous mode, or reduce the transmission rate.
	Has an error occurred at the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the host parameter status (SW0068).</li> <li>Check the switch setting status (SW006A).</li> <li>Check the Loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check to see if the "ERR." LED on the master station is flashing. (See Section 13.2.)</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding remote I/O station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding remote I/O station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data read from the correct address of remote input RX (buffer memory)?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
Unable to receive input from a remote I/O station.	Is the correct master station parameter information area being used (CPU built-in parameters, default parameters)?	Check parameter information (SW0067).
	Is the corresponding remote I/O station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>

Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
Unable to receive input from a remote I/O station.	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Are the refresh set with the automatic refresh parameters and the refresh executed with the FROM/TO instructions performed simultaneously?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Is the corresponding remote I/O station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding remote I/O station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data written to the correct address of remote output RY (buffer memory)?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Is the master station parameter information area being used (CPU built-in internal parameters, default parameters) correct?	Check parameter information (SW0067).
	Is the corresponding remote I/O station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
Unable to output data from a remote I/O station.	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Are the refresh set with the automatic refresh parameters and the refresh executed with the FROM/TO instructions performed simultaneously?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
Unable to receive remote input (RX) of a remote device station.	Is the corresponding remote device station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding remote device station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>

Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
	Is data read from the correct address of remote	Check the sequence program.
	input RX (buffer memory)?	Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.
	Is the correct master station parameter information area being used (CPU built-in parameters, default parameters)?	Check parameter information (SW0067).
	Is the corresponding remote device station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
Unable to receive remote input (RX) of a remote device station.	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Are the refresh set with the automatic refresh parameters and the refresh executed with the FROM/TO instructions performed simultaneously?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Is the corresponding remote device station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding remote device station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data read from the correct address of remote output RY (buffer memory)?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
	Is the correct master station parameter information area being used (CPU built-in parameters, default parameters)?	Check parameter information (SW0067).
Unable to turn on/off remote output (RY) of a remote device station.	Is the corresponding remote device station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>

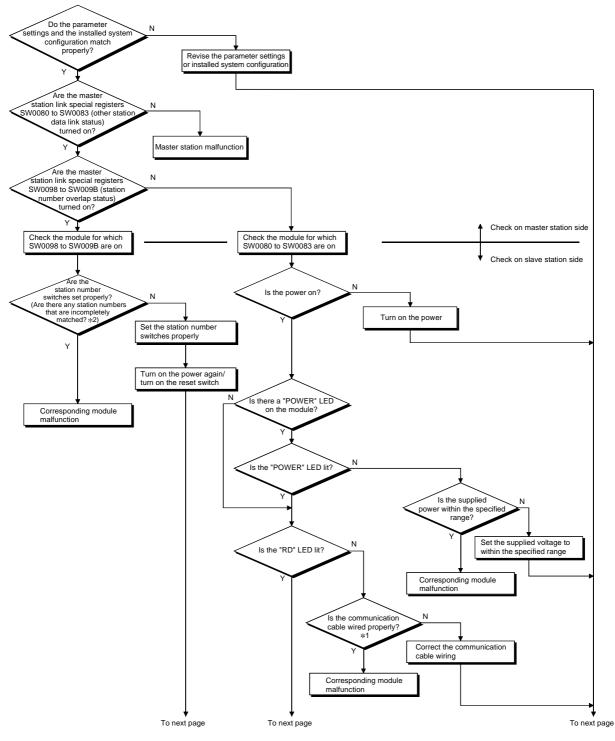
Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
Unable to turn on/off remote output (RY) of a remote device station.	Are the refresh set with the automatic refresh parameters and the refresh executed with the FROM/TO instructions performed simultaneously?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Is the corresponding remote device station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding remote device station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data read from the correct address of remote	Check the sequence program.
	register RWr (buffer memory)? Is the correct master station parameter information area being used (CPU built-in parameters, default parameters)?	Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.     Check parameter information (SW0067).
Unable to receive data to the remote register RWr in	Is the corresponding remote device station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
a remote device station.	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Are the refresh set with the automatic refresh parameters and the refresh executed with the FROM/TO instructions performed simultaneously?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Is the corresponding remote device station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding remote device station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data written from the correct address of remote register RWw (buffer memory)?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
Unable to write data to the remote register RWw in	Is the correct master station parameter information area being used (CPU built-in parameters, default parameters)?	Check parameter information (SW0067).
a remote device station.	Is the corresponding remote device station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>

Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
Unable to write data to the remote register RWw in the remote device station.	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Are the refresh set with the automatic refresh parameters and the refresh executed with the FROM/TO instructions performed simultaneously?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Is the corresponding local station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding local station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data written to the correct address of remote output RY (buffer memory) of the master station?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
	Is data read from the correct address of remote input RX (buffer memory) of the local station?	Check the sequence program.     Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.     Check the parameters
Unable to communicate from the master station (remote output RY) to a local station (remote input	Is the corresponding local station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
RX).	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding local station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding local station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data written to the correct address of remote	Check the sequence program.
Unable to communicate from a local station (remote	output RY (buffer memory) of the local station? Is data read from the correct address of remote	<ul> <li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li> <li>Check the sequence program.</li> </ul>
output RY) to the master station (remote input RX).	input RX (buffer memory) of the master station?	Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.
	Is the corresponding local station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>

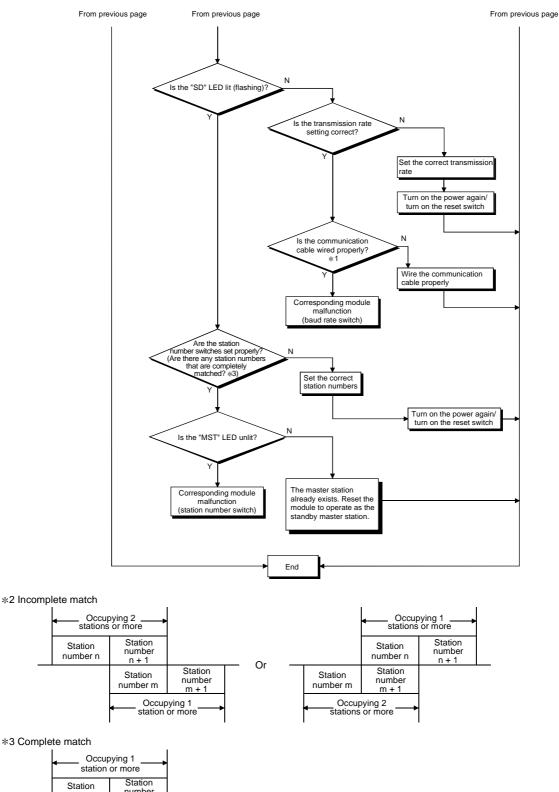
Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul><li>Check the parameters.</li><li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li></ul>
Unable to communicate from a local station (remote output RY) to the master station (remote input RX).	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding local station performing data link?	Check the LED display on the corresponding local
	Do the occupied station number settings for a local station match to the station information for a master station?	<ul> <li>station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data written to the correct address of remote register RWw (buffer memory) of the master station?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
	Is data read from the correct address of remote register RWr (buffer memory) of the local station?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
Unable to communicate from the master station (remote register RWw) to a local station (remote register RWr).	Is the corresponding local station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
	Is the corresponding local station performing data link?	<ul> <li>Check the LED display on the corresponding local station.</li> <li>Check the other station data link status of the master station. (SW0080 to SW0083)</li> </ul>
	Is data written to the correct address of remote register RWw (buffer memory) of the local station?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
Unable to communicate from a local station (remote	Is data read from the correct address of remote	Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.     Check the sequence program.
register RWw) to the master station (remote register RWr).	register RWr (buffer memory) of the master station?	Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.
· ·	Is the corresponding local station number recognized by the master station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the total number of stations (SW0070).</li> <li>Check the max. communication station number (SW0071).</li> <li>Check the number of connected modules (SW0072).</li> </ul>

Description of problem	Check item	Check procedure
	Is the corresponding station set as a reserved station?	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the reserved station specified status (SW0074 to SW0077).</li> </ul>
Unable to communicate from a local station (remote register RWw) to the master station (remote register RWr).	Are there any overlap station numbers?	<ul> <li>Check the station number setting.</li> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> </ul>
	Do the settings match?	<ul> <li>Check the loading status (SW0069).</li> <li>Check the station number overlap status (SW0098 to SW009B).</li> <li>Check the loading/parameter consistency status (SW009C to SW009F).</li> </ul>
A local station does not operate at the specified number of occupied stations.	Is QJ61BT11 of function version A set to occupy 2 or 3 stations?	Set it to occupy 1 or 4 stations.
Unable to stop data link.	Is the data link stop (SB0002) turned on?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter settings.</li></ul>
	Has an error occurred?	Check the data link stop result (SW0045).
	Is the data link restart (SB0000) turned on?	<ul><li>Check the sequence program.</li><li>Check the automatic refresh parameter setting.</li></ul>
	Has an error occurred?	Check the data link restart result (SW0041).
Unable to restart data link.	Is the corresponding station disconnected?	<ul> <li>Check the cable connection visually or with a line test.</li> <li>Check the parameters (for local station).</li> <li>Check the operation status of the PLC CPU in the corresponding station.</li> </ul>
The remote station/local station/intelligent device station/standby master station does not start up.	Do the parameters for the number of modules and station information match the settings of the modules that do not start up?	Check the parameters.
	Are there any overlap station numbers?	Check the station number setting.
Faulty stations cannot be detected.	Is the station set as an error invalid station?	Check the parameters.
	Is the station number overlapped elsewhere?	Check the station number setting.
Faulty stations are generated depending on transmission rate.	Can the faulty station be identified using the other station data link status (SW0080 to SW0083)? If the transmission rate is reduced to a lower level such as 156 kbps, can communication be performed without producing an error?	<ul> <li>Check the switch settings for the faulty station.</li> <li>Check that the cable is properly wired.</li> <li>Check that the shield of the cable is grounded.</li> <li>Connect the terminal resistor that matches the cable type used to the terminal stations located at each end of the CC-Link system.</li> </ul>
When a dedicated instruction is executed, the abnormal completion bit turns on.	Has an error occurred?	<ul> <li>Check the error code for the PLC CPU.</li> <li>Check the error code for the master station.</li> <li>Check the operation status of the PLC CPUs for both the master station and the corresponding local station.</li> </ul>
The remote device station is not operating normally.	Are there any errors in the initial settings of the remote device station?	<ul><li>Check the parameters.</li><li>Check the sequence program.</li></ul>
When multiple remote stations are powered off at 156 kbps, the "L RUN" LED goes off temporarily.	What is the setting for the retry count?	<ul> <li>Increase the transmission rate.</li> <li>Reduce the retry count.</li> </ul>
CC-Link cannot be started automatically.	Has a value been set for the intelligent function module switch setting?	Disable the intelligent function module switch setting of GX Developer.
	Is the switch 4 setting of the intelligent function module switch settings correct?	Set switch 4 of the intelligent function module switch settings of GX Developer to 0100 <sub>H</sub> .
The abnormal completion bit turns on when the dedicated instruction (RLPASET) is executed.	Are the various settings specified by the RLPASET instruction correct?	<ul> <li>Check the error code for the PLC CPU.</li> <li>Check the error code for the master station.</li> <li>Check the operation status of the PLC CPU for the master station.</li> </ul>
	Has the parameter setting method been changed without turning the power supply to the PLC system off and back on, or resetting the PLC CPU?	Turn the power supply to the PLC system off and back on, or reset the PLC CPU.

13.2 Troubleshooting Procedures When the "ERR." LED of the Master Station is Flashing or When Normal Data cannot be Sent/Received During Data Link



\*1: Check for short-circuits, reversed connection, disconnection, terminal resistors, FG connection, overall distance, and distance between stations.



 
 Station number n
 Station number n + 1

 Station number m
 Station number m + 1

 Occupying 1 station or more

#### 13.3 Error Codes

Table 13.1 lists the error codes that are stored in the link special registers (SW). When the standby master station is operating as the master station, the detectability is identical to that of the master station.

When the standby master is operating as a local station, the detectability is identical to that of the local station.

Error code	Error details	Cause of error occurrence (details)	Corrective action	Detect	
(hexadecimal)				Master station	Local station
B110	Transient data can not be received.	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B111	Transient data receiving order error	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B112	Transient data length error	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B113	Transient data ID error	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B114	Link error	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B115	Link error	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B116	Packet error	A line error has occurred.	Check the line.	0	0
B120	Forced termination of the remote device station initialize procedure registration function	In the remote device station initialize procedure registration function, the specification of the remote device station initialize procedure registration was turned off before all procedures were completed.	Do not turn the specification of the remote device station initialize procedure registration off until all procedures are completed.	0	×
B124	Error at a station on which the remote device station initialize procedure registration function was executed	The specification of the remote device station initialize procedure registration function was turned on at a station other than the master station.	Turn on the specification of the remote device station initialize procedure registration at the master station.	×	0
B125	Parameter not set error of the remote device station initialize procedure registration function	The specification of the remote device station initialize procedure registration function was turned on without setting the remote device station initialize procedure registration.	Turn on the specification of the remote device station initialize procedure registration function after setting the remote device station initialize procedure registration.	0	×
B201	Corresponding station error during sending	A data link error occurred at the corresponding station during transient transmission.	Check the communication status of other stations, whether or not a temporary error invalid station is specified, or if the corresponding station is stopped.	0	0
B301	Processing request error during link stop	Line test request was issued while the link was stopped.	Perform a line test while the link is being established	0	0
B302	Specified station number setting error	The specified station number exceeded the highest communication station number during temporary error invalid request/temporary error invalid cancel request.	Specify a station number that is no greater than the highest communication station number.	0	×
B303	Specified station number not set error	The station number was not specified during temporary error invalid request/temporary error invalid cancel request.	Set a specified station number. (SW0003, SW0004 to SW0007)	0	×
B304	Line test error station detected	An error was detected in a remote station, intelligent device station or standby master station when a line test was performed.	Check that the remote station, intelligent device station or standby master station is operational and that the cable is not disconnected.	0	×
B306	Specified station number setting error	A station number other than the head station number was specified during temporary error invalid request/temporary error invalid cancel request.	Specify a head station when temporary error invalid request/temporary error invalid cancel request is requested.	0	0
B307	All stations data link error	All stations were in data link error status when one of the following requests was made: • SB0000 (data link restart) • SB0002 (data link stop)	Request again after the data link becomes normal.	0	0
B308	Station number setting error (installation status)	The station number of the slave station is outside of the range between "1 and 64".	Set the station number of the slave station within the range between "1 and 64".	0	×
B309	Station number overlap error	The station number of the connected module was duplicated (including occupied stations). However, this excludes the duplicate head station number.	Check the module station number.	0	×

Table 13.1 Error code list (1/5)

Error code (hexadecimal)	Error details	Cause of error	occurrence (details)	Corrective action	Detec Master station	tability Local station
(nonaucumal)		The station types different from para Example)	of the module are ameter settings.		WASLEY STATION	
	1	Connected module	Parameter setting			
B30A	Loading/parameter compatibility error	Remote device	Remote I/O	Set the correct parameters.	0	×
		Intelligent device	Remote I/O Remote device			
B30B	Loading/parameter compatibility error		e installation status meters do not match.	Set the contents of the installation status and network parameters to match.	0	×
B30C	Standby master station specification error	to a station other master station.	-	Specify the station number that corresponds to the standby master station.	0	0
B30D	Initial status	Temporary error i specification and issued before star	ine test requests were	Issue the requests after the data link is started.	0	×
B30F	Temporary error invalid station specification error	specified while the	invalid station was e data link is being utomatic CC-Link	Specify a temporary error invalid station while the data link is performed with parameters set using GX Developer or the dedicated instruction.	0	×
B317	Network startup setting mode error	for a module who: been set by GX D The parameter se without turning the PLC system off at the PLC CPU.	tting was changed a power supply to the nd back on, or resetting	<ul> <li>Use the RLPASET instruction according to the procedure below.</li> <li>1. Clear the settings of the network parameters and refresh parameters and refresh parameters of the target module using GX Developer.</li> <li>2. Set the type of I/O assignment setting in GX Developer to "intelli."</li> <li>3. Set switch 4 of the intelligent function module switch setting in GX Developer to 0100 H.</li> <li>4. Turn the power supply to the PLC system off and back on, or reset the PLC CPU.</li> </ul>	0	×
B381	Station number switch setting error	the setting range.	er switch was outside of ting was outside of the	Set the station number switch within the setting range. Set the baud rate setting within	0	0
B383 B384	Baud rate setting error Station number setting error (parameter)	setting range. The station numb number of occupio	er (including the ed stations) of the n parameters was set to	the setting range. Set within the range of " $1_{H}$ to $40_{H}$ ".	0	×
B385	Total number of stations error (parameter)	The total number	of occupied stations set formation parameter	Set a parameter value of 64 or less.	0	×
B386	Number of occupied stations setting error (parameter)	The number of all occupied stations in the station information parameter was set		Set the occupied station number to a value between "1 and 4".	0	×
B387	Use prohibited area write error	Write operation was performed to a use prohibited area (not used) in the buffer		Do not write to any of the use prohibited areas (not used) in the buffer memory.	0	0
B388	Station type setting error (parameter)	parameter was se	n the station information t to "other than 0 to 2".	Set to a value between "0 and 2".	0	×
B389	Use prohibited area write error	Write operation was performed to a use prohibited area (not used) in the buffer memory.		Do not write to any of the use prohibited areas (not used) in the buffer memory.	0	0
B38B	Remote device station setting error (parameter)		mote device stations tions or more" with the parameter.	Set the remote device station to "42 stations or less" with the station information parameter.	0	×

Table 13.1 Error code list (2/5)	

Error code	Error details	Cause of error occurrence (details)	Corrective action	Detec	
hexadecimal)		. ,		Master station	Local statio
B38C	Intelligent device station setting error (parameter)	The number of intelligent device stations (including local stations) was set to "27 stations or more" with the station information parameter.	Set the intelligent device station to "26 stations or less" with the station information parameter.	0	×
B38D	Invalid station specified error (parameter)	"Other than module head station number" or "station number not specified in the parameter" was set with the invalid station specification parameter. <example head="" of="" other="" station<br="" than="">number&gt; A bit other than that for station number 5 was ON for a module occupying 4 stations (station numbers 5 to 8).</example>	Set the "Head station number of the module". Do not specify any of the stations not specified with the parameter.	0	×
B38E	Communication buffer assignment error	The total size of the communication buffers in the station information parameter exceeded 4 k words.	Set the total size of the communication buffers to 4 k words or less.	0	0
B38F	Automatic update buffer assignment error	The total size of the automatic update buffer in the station information parameter exceeded 4 k words.	Set the total size of the automatic update buffer to 4 k words or less.	0	0
B390	Standby master station specification error (parameter)	The standby master station parameter was set to a value other than "1 to 64".	Specify the standby master station to a value within the range from "1 to 64".	0	0
B391	Retry count setting error (parameter)	The retry count parameter was set to a value other than "1 to 7".	Set a value within the range from "1 to 7".	0	×
B392	Operation when CPU is down specified error (parameter)	The operation when the CPU is down specification parameter was set to a value other than "0 or 1".	Set "0 or 1".	0	×
B393	Scan mode specification error (parameter)	The scan mode parameter was set to a value other than "0 or 1".	Set "0 or 1".	0	0
B394	Number of automatic return stations setting error (parameter)	The number of automatic return stations parameter was set to a value other than "1 to 10".	Set a value within the range from "1 to 10".	0	×
B396	Station number overlap error (parameter)	A duplicate station number was specified with the station information parameter.	Set so that station numbers are not duplicated.	0	×
B397	Station information setting error (parameter)	ameter) A: Number of remote I/O stations meets the condition sn B: Number of remote device stations left. C: Number of intelligent device stations		0	×
B398	Number of occupied stations setting error (parameter)	(including local stations) The number of occupied stations in the station information parameter was set to a value other than "1 to 4".	Set a value within the range from "1 to 4".	0	×
B399	Number of connected modules setting error (parameter)	The number of connected modules parameter was set to a value other than "1 to 64".	Set a value within the range from "1 to 64".	0	×
B39A	Standby master station specification error (loading status)	A station other than the station specified with the "standby master station No." parameter of the master station has been set as the "standby master station" in the "Type" setting.		×	0
B39B	Reserved station setting error	All stations were set as reserved stations.	Check the reserved station settings.	0	×
B39C	Standby master station setting error	The station number designated for the standby master station is specified to a station other than an intelligent device station.	Specify the standby master station as an intelligent device station.	0	×
B401	Parameter change error	Parameter change was executed during transient request.	Change the parameter after all transient requests are completed or before any are requested.	0	0
B404	Response error	A response from the requested station was not returned within the watchdog time period.	Set a longer watchdog time. If an error persists, check the requested module and cables.	0	0
B405	Transient applicable station error	A transient request was made to a remote I/O station or a remote device station.	Set the corresponding station to a local station or an intelligent device station.	0	0

Table 13.1 Error code list (3/5)

Error code	Error details	Cause of error occurrence (details)	Corrective action	Detectability		
(hexadecimal)				Master station	Local station	
B415	Execution station type error	The RLPASET instruction was executed on a station other than the master station.	Check that the self-station type has been set to the master station.	×	0	
B601	Request type error	An unsupported request was received.	Check the contents of the request, as well as the target station number.	0	0	
B602	Transient request overload error	There are too many transient requests to the corresponding station.	Wait a while and then send the requests (transient overload status).	0	0	
B603	Transient request overload error	There are too many transient requests to the corresponding station.	Wait a while and then send the requests (transient overload status).	0	0	
B604	Line test in processing	Transient transmission was sent when a line test was in progress.	Wait a while and then retransmit.	0	×	
B605	Transient storage buffer could not be obtained	Transient storage buffer could not be obtained.	Wait a while and then retransmit.	0	0	
B607	Target station CPU error	There is an error in the target station's CPU.	Check the target CPU.	0	0	
B771	Transient request overload error	There are too many transient requests to the corresponding station.	Wait a while and then retransmit (transient overloaded status).	0	0	
B774	Transient request error	The target station was not an intelligent device station.	Check if the target station is an intelligent device station.	0	0	
B778	Response time out	A response was not received from the requested station.	Check the requested module and cables.	0	0	
B780	Module mode setting error	A transient transmission was executed even though the target station was set to the I/O mode.	Set to the remote net mode.	0	0	
B782	Station number specification error	The transmission destination and source stations were the same when other station connection was specified.	Check the transmission destination station number, or change to host connection.	0	0	
B783	Transient storage buffer error	An error occurred in the transient storage buffer when a transient transmission of greater than 1 k was being performed.	Wait a while and then retransmit.	0	0	
B801	Instruction type setting error	A instruction type that does not exist was set.	Set the correct instruction type.	0	0	
B802	Access code error	An access code that does not exist was used.	Use the correct access code.	0	0	
B803	Data points error	The number of data points were out of range.	Set the number of data points to within 1 to 960 bytes.	0	0	
B804	Attribute definition error Transient transmission unsupported station specification error	The attribute definition was invalid. Alternatively, transient transmission was performed even though the target station does not support transient transmission.	Review the attribute definition. Check the designation of the target station number, as well as the function version and software version of the target local station.	0	0	
B805	Data points error	The number of data was out of range.	Set the range to within 1 to 100 when writing, and 1 to 160 when reading.	0	0	
B807	Address definition error	The address was not a multiple of 16 when the bit device was accessed.	Set the address to a multiple of 16 when accessing the bit device.	0	0	
B80D	Setting range error	The specified combination (addresses and points) exceeded the valid processing range.	Set so that the number of processing points does not exceed the device range.	0	0	
B814	File register capacity setting error	The file register capacity was not specified.	Specify the file register capacity.	0	0	
B815	Module mode setting error	A transient transmission was executed when the target station was set to the I/O mode.	Set to the remote net mode.	0	0	

Table 13.1 Error code list (4/5)

Error code	Error details		Corrective estion	Detectability	
(hexadecimal)		Cause of error occurrence (details)	Corrective action	Master station	Local station
B823	Remote control mode error	The mode setting of the remote control was incorrect.	Check the mode specification.	0	0
B903	Transient request error	A transient request was issued to a station that has not secured a communication buffer area.	Secure a communication buffer area with a parameter.	0	0
B904	Communication buffer size setting error	The communication buffer size of the corresponding station was out of range when a dedicated instruction was executed.	Set the communication buffer size of the corresponding station within the range.	0	0
BA19	Corresponding station error	The corresponding station that is being tested stopped communication during line test 1.	Check the cable and the corresponding station.	0	×
BA1B	All stations error	All stations stopped communications during line test 1.	Check the cables.	0	×
BD85	BD85 Hardware error detection A hardware error was detected.		There is most likely a hardware error in either the QJ61BT11, the CPU module, the base unit or other modules. Contact your nearest Mitsubishi representative.	0	0
BFFB	Transient request overload There are too many transient requests error the corresponding station.	There are too many transient requests to the corresponding station.	Wait for a while before transmitting again (transient overload status).	0	0
BFFE	CPU monitoring timer time out	The CPU monitoring timer timed out.	Check the operation of the target station.	0	0

Table 13.1 Error code list (5/5)
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#### 13.4 CC-Link Diagnostics Using the GX Developer

Check the status of each module after all the modules have been connected using CC-Link dedicated cables, and verify that data link can be performed normally. It is also possible when QJ61BT11 is mounted in the remote I/O station.

(1) Host monitoring

This function monitors the items such as the data link status of the host (the station to which peripheral devices are connected).

(a) Operating procedure

Click "Diagnostics" and then "CC-Link diagnostics." Set the host monitor applicable module with "Unit No." or "I/O address" under the "Unit setting" and click "Monitor start."

C	C-Link diagnostic	s			×
	-Line monitor(Host : Host station Data link status Action status	station) Master station Data linking Normal Master station CH.0 Normal	Link scar Max Minimum Current Lo	2 2 2 op test.	 Unit setting Unit No. 1 INO Network test Data link start Data link stop Monitor start
	Test execute	information Result Ifter acquiring setting information, est the acquired information can			

- (b) Monitoring items
  - Host station
     Indicates whether the station that is being monitored is the master station, a local station or the standby master station.

     For a local station, the station number is also displayed.
  - 2) Data link status
  - Displays the data link status of the host.
  - 3) Action status
  - Displays the operating status of the host.
  - Switching status
     Displays whether the data link is controlled by the master station or standby master station.
  - 5) Using loop
    - Displays the line in use.
  - 6) Line statusDisplays the line status.
  - 7) Loop type Displays the line type.

### (2) Other station monitoring

This function monitors the items such as the data link status of other stations (stations other than the one to which peripheral devices are connected).

#### (a) Operating procedure

Click "Diagnostics" and then select " Monitoring other station " under "CC-Link diagnostics".

Li	ne monita	or (Oth	ner station	)				×
	St	ation	Reserve	Error invalidity	Station type	Occupied number	Status	Transient error
	1						Normal	
	2				1/0	1	Ignore an error for the present	
	- Invalid st	ation if I	temporary e	101				
	Setting	/ Cano	el Forcu	irrent cursor static				
					Monitor	start Monitor	stop	Close

- (b) Monitoring items
  - 1) Station

Displays the head station number of each station.

2) Reserve

Displays whether or not a reserved station is set.

- "\*": Reserved station is set.
- " ": Reserved station is not set.
- 3) Error invalidity

Displays whether or not an error invalid station is set.

- "\*": Error invalid station is set.
- " ": Error invalid station is not set.
- 4) Station type
  - Displays the station type.

"Intelligent": Local station, intelligent device station and standby master station

- "I/O" : Remote I/O station
- "Device" : Remote device station
- 5) Occupied number
  - Displays the number of occupied stations.
- 6) Status

Displays the link status of the module.

7) Transient error

Displays whether or not an error occurred during transient transmission. "\*": Error occurred.

" ": Error did not occur.

### (3) Line test

Checks the operating status of the connected remote stations, local stations, intelligent device stations and standby master station.

Stations that are operating normally are displayed in "blue", and faulty stations are displayed in "red".

(a) Operating procedure

Click "Diagnostics" and select "Loop test" under "CC-Link diagnostics".

Loop test	×
All station monitor	: Normal 📕 : Illegal
	est execute

- When checking the communication status of all stations Select "All Stations" 1 : station No., and click "Test execute". Since the test is performed on all 64 stations, the stations that are not connected will be displayed as faulty stations.
- When checking the communication status of specific modules Select "Selected station" in 1 : station No., specify the station number, and click "Test execute".

(4) H/W Information (when QJ61BT11 of function version B or later and SW6D5C-GPPW-E or later are combined)

This function displays the operation and setting statuses of the master module, local modules, and standby master module when QJ61BT11 of function version B or later and SW6D5C-GPPW-E or later are combined

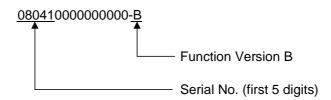
(a) Setting procedure

Select a module by clicking "Diagnostics" - "System monitor...," and then click "Module's Detailed Information..." - "H/W Information."

Module Name 🛛 🖓	J61BT11	Product information 02041	000000000 - B
I/O Address 0			
Implementation Position M	lain Base OSlot		
dodule Information			
Module access	Possible	1/0 Clear / Hold Settings	
Status of External Power S	iupply	Noise Filter Setting	
Fuse Status		Input Type	
Status of I/O Address Veri	fy Agreement	Remote password setting	
Error Display			
No. Brror		lo Error	Display format-
			HEX
	Error History		C DEC
		quence turn of the error history ne error of the latest is displayed	

(b) Product information

The function version and serial No. are displayed as follows.



Module						Display for	mat
Module Name	QJ61BT11	Pro	oduct informal	ion 02041000000	0000 · B	• HEX	C DEC
H/W LED Infor		H/W SW Inform	H/W SW Information				
Item	Value	Item	Value	Item	Value	Item	Value
RUN	0001	156K	0000	STNo.x10	0000	STNo.	0001
ERR.	0000	625K	0000	STNo.x1	0000	S_STNo.	0000
MST	0000	2.5M	0000	MODE	0000	B RATE	0000
S MST	0000	5M	0000			MODE	0000
LOCAL	0001	10M	0000			CONFIG	
							_
SU	0000						
M/S	0000	TEST	0000				
PRM	0000	S0	0000				
TIME	0000	S1	0000				
LINE	0000	\$2	0000				
				Start monitor	Stop mor	aitor Í	Close

## (c) H/W LED Information

The H/W LED Information displays the following data link information.

ltem	Value
RUN	1: When the module is operating normally
RUN	0: At watchdog timer error
ERR.	1: All stations are faulty
	Switching between 0 and 1: There is a faulty station
MST	1: Set to the master station
S MST	1: Set to the standby master station
LOCAL	1: Set to a local station
SW	1: Error in switch setting
M/S	1: A master station already exists on the same line
PRM	1: There is an error in the parameter contents
TIME	1: The data link monitoring timer was activated
LINE	1: The cable is broken or the transmission path is affected by noise, etc.
156K	1: A transmission speed of 156 kbps is selected
625K	1: A transmission speed of 625 kbps is selected
2.5M	1: A transmission speed of 2.5 Mbps is selected
5M	1: A transmission speed of 5 Mbps is selected
10M	1: A transmission speed of 10 Mbps is selected
TEST	1: An offline test is being executed
S0	Not used
S1	Not used
S2	Not used

### (d) H/W SW Information

The H/W SW Information displays the following information.

ltem	Value
STNo.x10	Setting value of station number setting switch X10
STNo.x1	Setting value of station number setting switch X1
MODE	Setting values of transmission speed and mode setting switches
STNo.	Station number of relevant module when the power supply is turned on
S MSTNo.	Station number of the standby master station set by parameter (0: No standby master station specification)
B RATE	Setting of transmission speed
MODE	Mode setting status
CONFIG	SW62 (module operation status)

(5) H/W Information (when QJ61BT11 of function version A and SW5D5C-GPPW-E or earlier are combined)

This function displays the operation and setting statuses of the master module, local modules, and standby master module when QJ61BT11 of function version A and SW5D5C-GPPW-E or earlier are combined.

(a) Setting procedure

Select the module by clicking "Diagnostics" - "System monitor...", and then click "Module's Detailed Information ..." - "H/W Information ...".

H/W Information	
(b) H/W LED Information H/W SW Information	-(c)
No       No       Paramater         1       8800 (-1)       2       0020 (-3)         2       0020 (-3)       3       0002 (-6)         3       0002 (-6)       3       0002 (-9)         4       0000 (-10)       4       0000 (-10)         1       1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1       1       1       1         1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1         1	-(c)

(b) H/W LED Information

The following information will be displayed in the H/W LED information:

- 1) SW0058 (detailed LED display status)
- 2) SW0058 (detailed LED display status)
- 3) SW0059 (transmission rate setting)
- (c) H/W switch Information

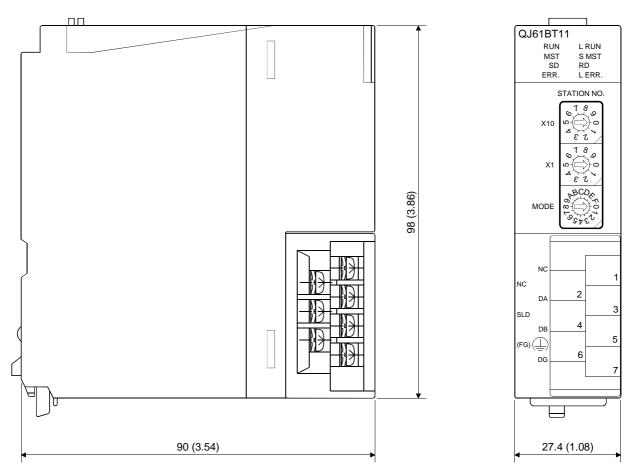
The following information will be displayed in the H/W switch information:

- 4) Set value for station number setting switch X10
- 5) Set value for station number setting switch X1
- 6) Set value for the transmission rate/mode setting switch
- 7) Station number for the corresponding module when the power is ON
- 8) Station number of the standby master station specified with a parameter. (0000: Standby master station is not specified.)
- 9) SW0059 (transmission rate setting)
- 10) SW0060 (mode setting status)

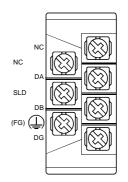
# APPENDIX

Appendix 1 External Dimensions Diagram

This section describes the external dimensions of the QJ61BT11.



[Terminal block diagram with the cover open]



Unit: mm (inch)

# Appendix 2 Dedicated Instruction List

Transient transmission can be performed for the local stations and intelligent device stations using dedicated instructions.

The following table lists the dedicated instructions that can be used for each of these stations:

Target station	Instruction	Description	Reference page
Master station	RIRD	Reads data from the buffer memory or the PLC CPU device of the specified station.	Appendix 2.1
Local station	RIWT	Writes data into the buffer memory or the PLC CPU device of the specified station.	Appendix 2.2
	RIRD	Reads data from the buffer memory of the specified station.	Appendix 2.1
	RIWT	Writes data into the buffer memory of the specified station.	Appendix 2.2
Intelligent	RIRCV	Automatically performs handshaking with the specified station and reads data from the buffer memory of that station.	Appendix 2.3
device station	RISEND	Automatically performs handshaking with the specified station and writes data into the buffer memory of that station.	Appendix 2.4
	RIFR	Reads data in the automatic update buffer of the specified station.	Appendix 2.5
	RITO	Writes data into the automatic update buffer of the specified station.	Appendix 2.6
Master station	RLPASET	Sets the network parameters for the master station and starts up the data link.	Appendix 2.7

#### POINT

Execute the dedicated instructions while the data link is being performed. If any of the dedicated instructions is executed offline, no error will occur, but the execution of the dedicated instruction will not be completed.

# Appendix 2.1 RIRD instruction

The RIRD instruction reads the data for the specified points from the buffer memory or
the PLC CPU device of the specified station.

					Usable	devices	-			
Set data	Internal device (System, user)		File			Special function	Index register	Constant		Other
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word module U⊡\G□	Z	K, H	S	Other	
(S)		(	)		_	_		_	_	_
(D1)		(	)		_	_		_	_	_
(D2)		0			—				_	_
[Instruction symbol] RIRD	-	ecution idition]	Commar	nd	G.RII	RD Un	(S)	(D1)	(D2)	]
RIRD		_	Commar	nd	GP.RI		(S)	(D1)	(D2)	]
Davias			Decerie				Catting		_	

Device	Description	Setting range	Data type
Un	Start I/O number of the module	0 to FEн	Binary 16 bits
(S)	Start number of the device in which control data is stored.	Within the range of the specified device	
(D1)	Start number of the device to which read data is to be stored.	Within the range of the specified device	Device name
(D2)	Device that is turned ON for one scan upon completion of reading. (D2) + 1 also turns ON at an abnormal completion.	Within the range of the specified device	Bit

\* The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

### Control data

Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(S) + 0	Completion status	Stores the status when the instruction is complete. 0 : No error (normal completion) Other than 0: Error code	_	System
(S) + 1	Station number	Specify the station numbers of the local station and intelligent device station.	0 to 64	User
(S) + 2	Access code Attribute code	b15 b8 b7 b0 Access code Attribute code	See (1) and (2).	User
(S) + 3	Buffer memory address or device number	Specify the buffer memory start address or device start number.	<u>*</u> 1	User
(S) + 4	Number of points to read	Specify the read data count (in word units).	1 to 480 <sup>* 2</sup> 1 to 32 <sup>* 3</sup>	User

- \*1: See the manual for the local station or the intelligent device station from which data will be read. When the random access buffer is specified, specify the addresses by setting the start address of the random access buffer memory as 0.
- \*2: Indicates the maximum number of data items that can be read.
   Specify the buffer memory size of the local station or the intelligent device station.
   Also, specify the receive buffer area setting range to be set with a parameter.
- \*3: When the counterpart PLC CPU is other than QCPU (Q mode)/QCPU (A mode)/ QnACPU/AnUCPU and reads the PLC CPU device, the setting range will be 1 to 32 words.

(1)	Buffer memory in the CC-Link
-----	------------------------------

Buffer Me	Access code	Attribute code	
Buffer in the int	00н		
	Random access buffer	20н	
	Remote input	21н	
Buffers in master station and local	Remote output	22H	04н
station	Remote register	24н	
	Link special relay	63н	
	Link special register	64н	

#### (2) Device memory in the PLC CPU

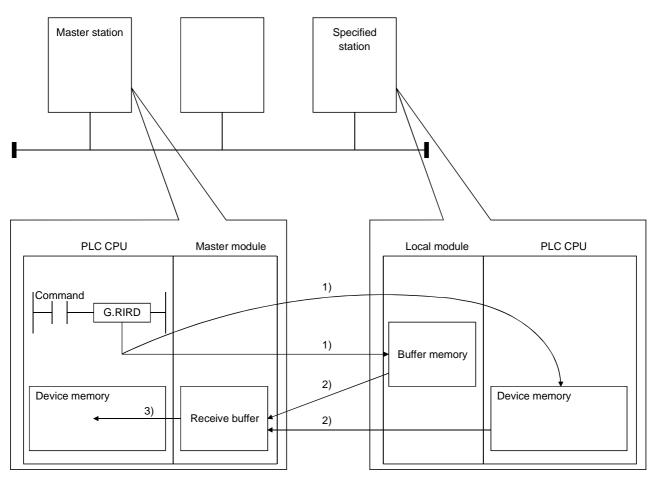
Device contents	Name		e type	Unit	Access code	Attribute code	
		Bit	Word				
Input relay	Х	0		Hexadecimal	01н	_	
Output relay	Y	0		Hexadecimal	02н		
Internal relay	М	0		Decimal	03н		
Latch relay	L	0		Decimal	83н		
Link relay	В	0		Hexadecimal	23н		
Timer (contact)	т	0		Decimal	09н		
Timer (coil)	т	0		Decimal	0Ан		
Timer (present value)	т		0	Decimal	0Сн		
Retentive timer (contact)	ST	0		Decimal	89н		
Retentive timer (coil)	ST	0		Decimal	8Ан		
Retentive timer (present value)	ST		0	Decimal	8Cн	05н	
Counter (contact)	С	0		Decimal	11н		
Counter (coil)	С	0		Decimal	12н		
Counter (present value)	С		0	Decimal	14н		
Data register	D		0	Decimal	04н		
Link register	W		0	Hexadecimal	24н		
File register	R		0	Decimal	84н		
Special link relay	SB	0		Hexadecimal	63н		
Special link register	SW		0	Hexadecimal	64н		
Special relay	SM	0		Decimal	43н		
Special register	SD		0	Decimal	44 <sub>H</sub>		

\* Devices other than shown above cannot be accessed.

When accessing a bit device, specify it with 0 or a multiple of 16.

## (3) Functions

(a) Operation chart for the RIRD instruction



- Accesses the buffer memory specified by (S)+2 and (S)+3 of the station specified by (S)+1, or the PLC CPU device.
- 2) Stores the data that has been read in the receive buffer of the master module.
- 3) Stores the data that has been read after the device specified in (D1), and the device specified by (D2) turns on.
- (b) The RIRD instruction can be executed to multiple local stations or intelligent device stations simultaneously.
   However, for the same local station or intelligent device station, this instruction cannot be executed simultaneously at more than one location.

- (c) There are two types of interlock signals for the RIRD instruction: the completion device (D2) and status display device at completion (D2) + 1.
  - Completion device Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RIRD instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.
  - Status display device at completion Turns ON and OFF depending on the completion status of the RIRD instruction.

Normal completion : Stays OFF and does not change. Abnormal completion: Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RIRD instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.

	END processing END processing	El	ND processing END proce	essing
Sequence program		Execution completion of the RIRD instruction		
RIRD instruction	OFF		ON	
Completion device	OFF		ON Abnormal completion	
Status display device	OFF		Normal completion	
at completion			1 scan	

(d) The basic number of steps of the RIRD instruction is 8 steps.

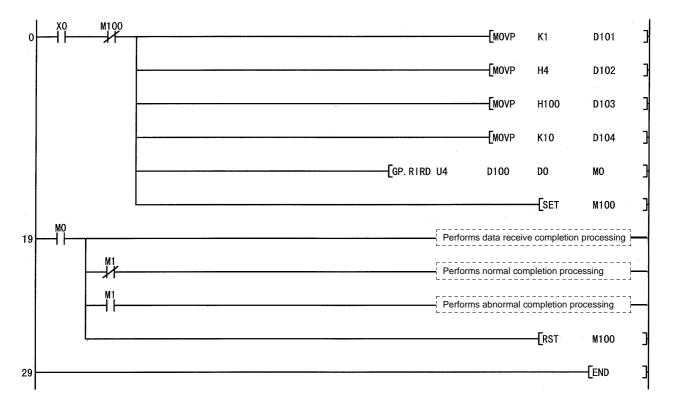
#### (4) Operation error

In the following cases, an operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

Error code	Description of operation error
0110	When the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.
2112	When the module specified by Un is not a special function module.
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction.
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.
4100	When the instruction contains the data that cannot be used.
	When the number of data set to be used exceeds the allowable range.
4101	Or, when the storage data or constants of the device specified with the instruction
	exceeds the allowable range.

# (5) Program example

When X0 is turned ON, this program stores 10-word data to D0 and succeeding addresses from buffer memory address 100H of the intelligent device station number 1, which is connected to the master module installed at I/O numbers from X/Y40 to X/Y5F.



# Appendix 2.2 RIWT instruction

The RIWT instruction writes the data for the specified points, to the buffer memory or
the PLC CPU device of the specified station.

	Usable devices									
Set data		l device n, user)	File	_		Special function	Index	Con	stant	Other
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word	module U⊡\G□	register Z□	К, Н	S	Other
(S)		_ 0			_	_			—	
(D1)		_ 0 _								
(D2)	0				_	_				
[Instruction [Execution symbol] condition] Command RIWT G.RIWT Un (S) (D1) (D2)							]{			
RIWT			Commai	nd	GP.RI	WT Un	(S)	(D1)	(D2)	
	Set data									

Device	Description	Setting range	Data type
Un	Start I/O number of the module	0 to FEн	Binary 16 bits
(S)	Start number of the device in which control data is stored.	Within the range of the specified device	
(D1)	Start number of the device to which write data is to be stored.	Within the range of the specified device	Device name
(D2)	Device that is turned ON for one scan upon completion of writing. (D) + 1 also turns ON at an abnormal completion.	Within the range of the specified device	Bit

\* The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

### Control data

Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(S) + 0	Completion status	Stores the status when the instruction is complete. 0 : No error (normal completion) Other than 0: Error code	_	System
(S) + 1	Station number	Specify the station numbers of the local station and intelligent device station.	0 to 64	User
(S) + 2	Access code Attribute code	b15 b8 b7 b0 Access code Attribute code	See (1) and (2).	User
(S) + 3	Buffer memory address or device number	Specify the buffer memory start address or device start number.	<u>*</u> 1	User
(S) + 4	Number of points to write	Specify the write data count (in word units).	1 to 480 <sup>* 2</sup> 1 to 10 <sup>* 3</sup>	User

- \*1: See the manual for the local station or the intelligent device station to which data will be written. When the random access buffer is specified, specify the addresses by setting the start address of the random access buffer memory as 0.
- \*2: Indicates the maximum number of data items that can be written. Specify the buffer memory capacity of the local station or the intelligent device station. Also, specify the send buffer area setting range to be set with a parameter.
- \*3: When the counterpart PLC CPU is other than QCPU (Q mode)/QCPU (A mode)/ QnACPU/AnUCPU and writes the PLC CPU device, the setting range will be 1 to 10 words.

#### (1) Buffer memory in the CC-Link

Buffer Me	Access code	Attribute code	
Buffer in the int	00н		
	Random access buffer	20н	
	Remote input	21н	
Buffers in master station and local	Remote output	22H	04н
station	Remote register	24н	
	Link special relay	63н	
	Link special register	64н	

	Device type						
Device contents	Name	Bit	Word	Unit	Access code	Attribute code	
Input relay	Х	0		Hexadecimal	01н		
Output relay	Y	0		Hexadecimal	02н		
Internal relay	М	0		Decimal	03н		
Latch relay	L	0		Decimal	83н		
Link relay	В	0		Hexadecimal	23н		
Timer (contact)	Т	0		Decimal	09н		
Timer (coil)	Т	0		Decimal	ОАн		
Timer (present value)	Т		0	Decimal	ОСн		
Retentive timer (contact)	ST	0		Decimal	89н		
Retentive timer (coil)	ST	0		Decimal	8Ан		
Retentive timer (present value)	ST		0	Decimal	8Сн	05н	
Counter (contact)	С	0		Decimal	<b>11</b> н		
Counter (coil)	С	0		Decimal	12н		
Counter (present value)	С		0	Decimal	<b>14</b> ⊦		
Data register	D		0	Decimal	04н		
Link register	W		0	Hexadecimal	24н		
File register	R		0	Decimal	84 <sub>H</sub>		
Special link relay	SB	0		Hexadecimal	63н		
Special link register	SW		0	Hexadecimal	64н		
Special relay	SM	0		Decimal	43н		
Special register	SD		0	Decimal	44 <sub>H</sub>		

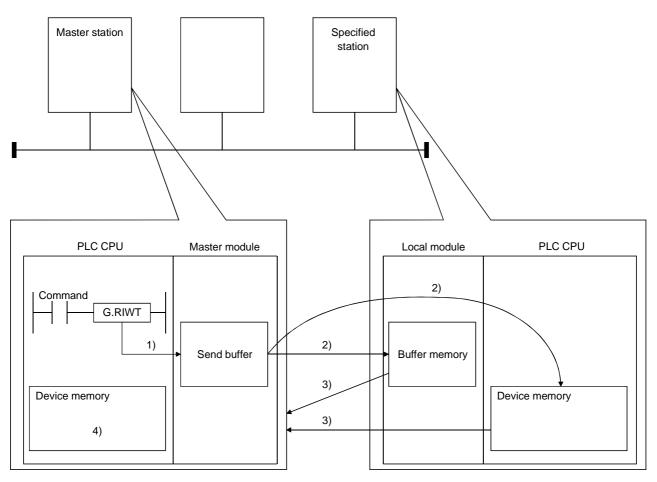
#### (2) Device memory in the PLC CPU

\* Devices other than shown above cannot be accessed.

When accessing a bit device, specify it with 0 or a multiple of 16.

### (3) Functions

(a) Operation chart for the RIWT instruction



- 1) Stores the data to be written to the specified station in the send buffer of the master module.
- Writes the data specified by (D1) to the buffer memory specified by (S)+2 and (S)+3 of the station specified by (S)+1 or to the PLC CPU device.
- 3) The specified station returns the write complete response to the master station.
- 4) The device specified by (D2) turns ON.
- (b) The RIWT instruction can be executed to multiple local stations or intelligent device stations simultaneously.
   However, for the same local station or intelligent device station, this instruction cannot be executed simultaneously at more than one location.

(c) There are two types of interlock signals for the RIWT instruction: the completion device (D) and the status display device at completion (D) + 1.

- Completion device Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RIWT instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.
- Status display device at completion Turns ON and OFF depending on the completion status of the RIWT instruction.

Normal completion : Stays OFF and does not change. Abnormal completion: Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RIWT instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.

Sequence program	END processing END processing		END proce		cessing E	ND processing
Sequence program		<b>├</b> ─┤	Execution completion of the RIWT instruction		-1	
RIWT instruction	OFF				ON	
Completion device	OFF			1	ON Abnorm completior	
Status display device	OFF				Normal comple	etion
at completion				-	1 scan	

(d) The basic number of steps of the RIWT instruction is 8 steps.

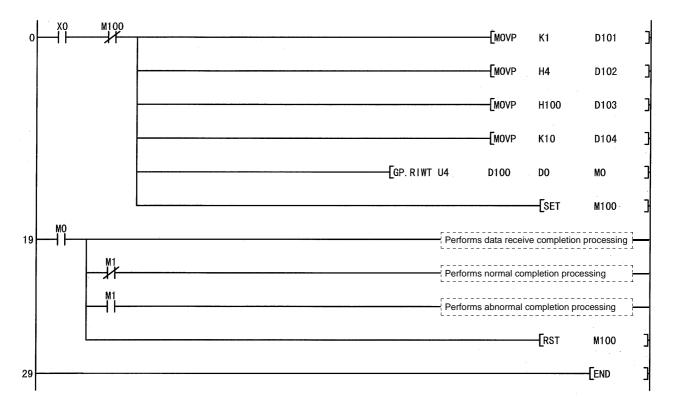
#### (4) Operation error

In the following cases, an operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

Error code	Description of operation error
0110	When the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.
2112	When the module specified by Un is not a special function module.
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction.
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.
4100	When the instruction contains the data that cannot be used.
	When the number of data set to be used exceeds the allowable range.
4101	Or, when the storage data or constants of the device specified with the instruction
	exceeds the allowable range.

# (5) Program example

When X0 is turned ON, this program stores 10-word data from D0 to buffer memory address 100H and succeeding addresses of the intelligent device station number 1, which is connected to the master module installed at I/O numbers from X/Y40 to X/Y5F.



# Appendix 2.3 RIRCV instruction

		station	h and read	s data from	n the buffe	r memo	ory of	f the spec	ified intellig	gent devic	e station.
					Usable	devices	5				
	Interna	nal device		MELSE	MELSECNET/H Specia		ial	Index	Con	stant	
Set data	(Syster	n, user)	File	Direct	JD/D	functi	on	register	Con	siani	Other
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word	modu U□\G		Z	К, Н	S	Other
(S1)	_	(	$\supset$		_	_					_
(D1)	_	(	)		-	_			_		—
(S2)	_	0	D		_	_					
(D2)		0				_			_	_	_
[Instruction symbol] RIRCV	[Execution condition] Command G.RIRCV Un (S1) (D1) (S2) (D2)										
RIRCV			Command		RIRCV U	Jn	(S1	) (D	1) (S:	2) (D2	2)
Device			Descrip	tion				Setting	range	Dat	a type
Un	Start I/O nu	umber of the						0 to F	-		y 16 bits
(S1)	Start number of the device in which control data is stored.										
(D1)	Start number of the device to which read data is to be stored. Within the range of the specified device							e name			
(S2)	Start number of the device in which the interlock signals are Stored.										
	Device that	t is turned C	ON for one s	can upon c	completion of	of	Withi	in the rang	e of the		Bit
(D2)		2)+1 also tu		•	-			ified device			
	, register a										

The RIRCV instruction automatically performs handshaking with an intelligent device station and reads data from the buffer memory of the specified intelligent device station.

#### \* The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(S1) + 0	Completion status	Stores the status when the instruction is complete. 0 : No error (normal completion) Other than 0: Error code	—	System
(S1) + 1	Station number	Specify the station number of the intelligent device station.	0 to 64	User
(S1) + 2	Access code Attribute code	Set "0004н".	0004н	User
(S1) + 3	Buffer memory address	Specify the buffer memory start address.	<sub>*</sub> 1	User
(S1) + 4	Number of points to read	Specify the read data count (in word units).	1 to 480 * <sup>2</sup>	User

#### Control data

- \*1: See the manual for the intelligent device station from which data will be read.
- \*2: Indicates the maximum number of data items that can be read.

Specify the buffer memory capacities of the intelligent device station and the receive buffer area setting range to be set with a parameter.

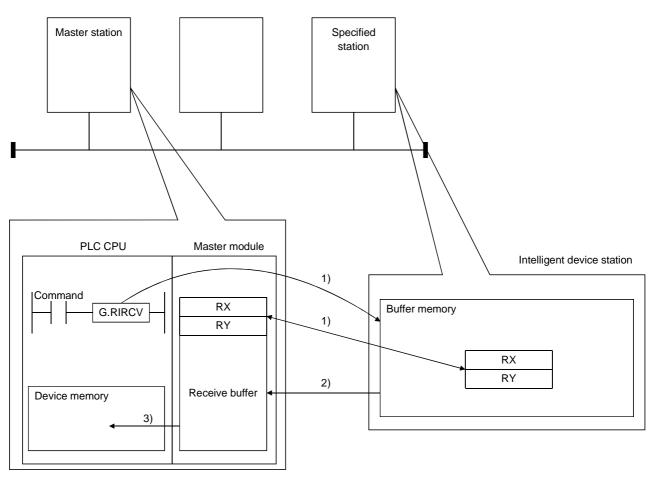
Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(00) + 0		RY: Request device	0 to 127	User
(S2) + 0	0 RY	Set the upper 8 bits to 0.	0	User
	b15 to b8 b7 to b0	RX : Completion device	0 to 127	User
(S2) + 1	RWr *1 RX	RWr : Error code storage device If none, set to FFн.	0 to 15 FFн	User
(S2) + 2		<ol> <li>Complete with the contents of 1 device (RXn).</li> <li>Complete with the contents of 2 devices (RXn and RXn+1).</li> <li>(RXn+1 turns ON at an abnormal completion.)</li> </ol>	0/1	User

# Interlock signal storage devices

\*1: The same error code as that for the control data completion status is stored in the error code storage device.

## (1) Functions

(a) Operation chart for the RIRCV instruction

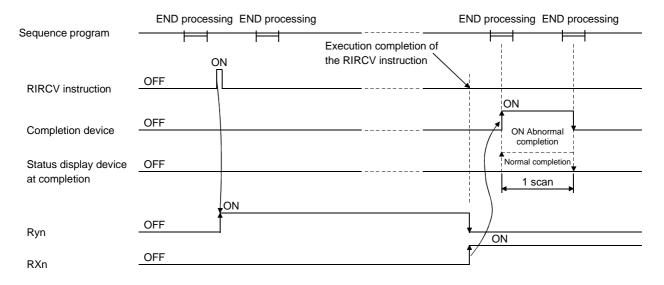


- Accesses the buffer memory specified by (S1)+2 and (S1)+3 of the station specified by (S1)+1. Handshaking will be performed using the interlock signal specified by (S2).
- 2) Stores the data that is read in the receive buffer of the master module.
- 3) Stores the data that is read after the device specified in (D1), and the device specified by (D2) turns ON.
- (b) The RIRCV instruction can be executed to multiple intelligent device stations simultaneously.

However, this instruction cannot be executed simultaneously at more than one location for the same intelligent device station.

- (c) There are two types of interlock signals for the RIRCV instruction: the completion device (D2) and the status display device at completion (D2)+1.
  - Completion device Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RIRCV instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.
  - Status display device at completion Turns ON and OFF depending on the completion status of the RIRCV instruction.

Normal completion: Stays OFF and does not change. Abnormal completion: Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RIRCV instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.



(d) The basic number of steps of the RIRCV instruction is 10 steps.

#### (2) Operation error

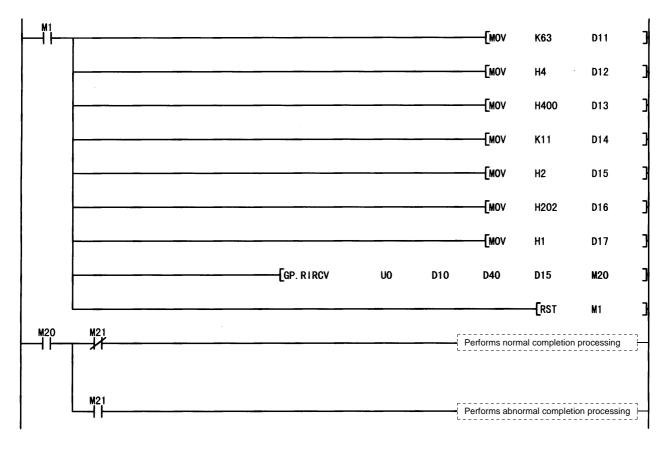
In the following cases, an operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

Error code	Description of operation error
0140	When the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.
2112	When the module specified by Un is not a special function module.
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction.
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.
4100	When the instruction contains the data that cannot be used.
	When the number of data set to be used exceeds the allowable range.
4101	Or, when the storage data or constants of the device specified with the instruction
	exceeds the allowable range.

## (3) Program example

When M1 is turned ON, this program reads 11-word data to D40 and succeeding addresses from buffer memory address 400H of the intelligent device station number 63, which is connected to the master module installed at I/O numbers from X/Y00 to X/Y1F.

The settings of the interlock signal storage device are as follows: request device RY2, completion device RX2, error code storage device RWr2, and completion mode 1.



# Appendix 2.4 RISEND instruction

_		station	n and write	s data to t	the buffer	memo	ry of	the specif	fied intellig	ent device	e station.
					Usable	device	S				
Set data	Internal device (System, user) File			MELSECNET/H Spe		ion		Con	stant	Other	
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word	modi U⊡∖0		register Z□	К, Н	S	Other
(S1)		(	0		-	_			_	_	_
(D1)	—	(	)		-				—	—	—
(S2)	—	(	DC		-	_				—	—
(D2)		0			-	_			_	_	
[Instruction symbol] RISEND RISEND	condition]     Command            G.RISEND     Un     (S1)     (D1)     (S2)     (D2)        Command										
Device			Descrip	tion				Setting	range	Da	ta type
Un	Start I/O nu	umber of the	e module					0 to F	-Ен	Binar	y 16 bits
(S1)	Start numb	er of the de	evice in whic	h control d	ata is store	d.		in the rang		Dovin	20.0000
(D1)	Start number of the device to which write data is to be stored. Within the range of the specified device										
(S2)	Start number of the device in which the interlock signals are Stored.							<b>D</b> ''			
(D2)			ON for one s ns ON at an	•	-			in the rang			Bit

The RISEND instruction automatically performs handshaking with an intelligent device

\* The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(S1) + 0	Completion status	Stores the status when the instruction is complete. 0 : No error (normal completion) Other than 0: Error code	_	System
(S1) + 1	Station number	Specify the station number of the intelligent device station.	0 to 64	User
(S1) + 2	Access code Attribute code	Set "0004н".	0004н	User
(S1) + 3	Buffer memory address	Specify the buffer memory start address.	* 1	User
(S1) + 4	Number of points write	Specify the write data count (in word units).	1 to 480 * <sup>2</sup>	User

#### Control data

-

- \*1: See the manual for the intelligent device station to which data will be written.
- \*2: Indicates the maximum number of data items that can be written.

Specify the buffer memory capacities of the intelligent device station and the receive buffer area setting range to be set with a parameter.

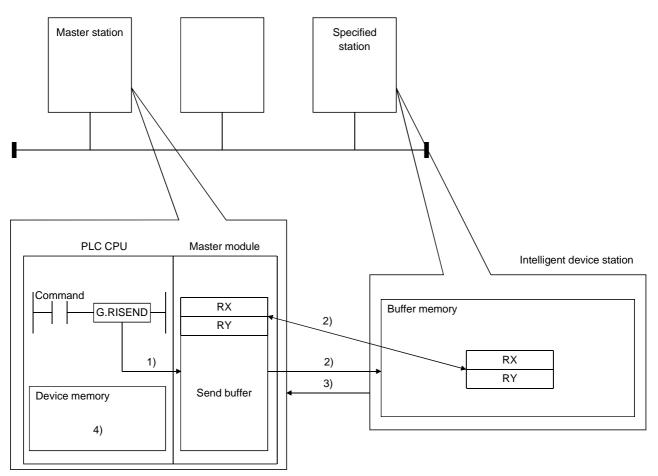
Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(00) + 0		RY: Request device	0 to 127	User
(S2) + 0	0 RY	Set the upper 8 bits to 0.	0	User
	b15 to b8 b7 to b0	RX : Completion device	0 to 127	User
(S2) + 1	RWr *1 RX	RWr : Error code storage device If none, set to FFн.	0 to 15 FFн	User
(S2) + 2	b15 to b0 Completion mode	<ol> <li>Complete with the contents of 1 device (RXn).</li> <li>Complete with the contents of 2 devices (RXn and RXn+1).</li> <li>(RXn+1 turns ON at an abnormal completion.)</li> </ol>	0/1	User

# Interlock signal storage devices

\*1: The same error code as that for the control data completion status is stored in the error code storage device.

## (1) Functions

(a) Operation chart for the RISEND instruction



- 1) Stores the data to be written to the specified station in the send buffer of the master module.
- Writes the data specified by (S1)+2 and (S1)+3 into the buffer memory specified by (S1)+1.
   At this time, handshaking will be performed by the interlock signal

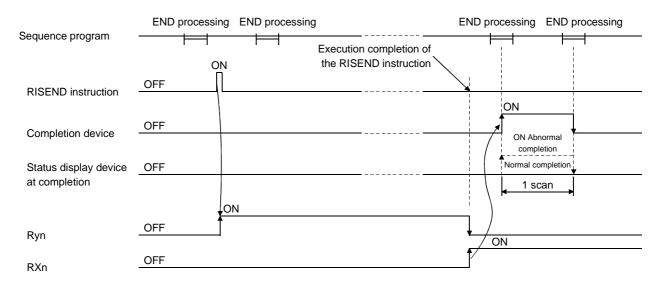
specified by (S2).

- 3) A write complete response is returned to the master station.
- 4) The device specified by (D2) turns ON.
- (b) The RISEND instruction can be executed to multiple intelligent device stations simultaneously.
   However, this instruction cannot be executed simultaneously at more than

one location for the same intelligent device station.

- (c) There are two types of interlock signals for the RISEND instruction: the completion device (D2) and the status display device at completion (D2)+1.
  - Completion device Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RISEND instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.
  - Status display device at completion Turns ON and OFF depending on the completion status of the RISEND instruction.

Normal completion : Stays OFF and does not change. Abnormal completion: Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RISEND instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.



(d) The basic number of steps of the RISEND instruction is 10 steps.

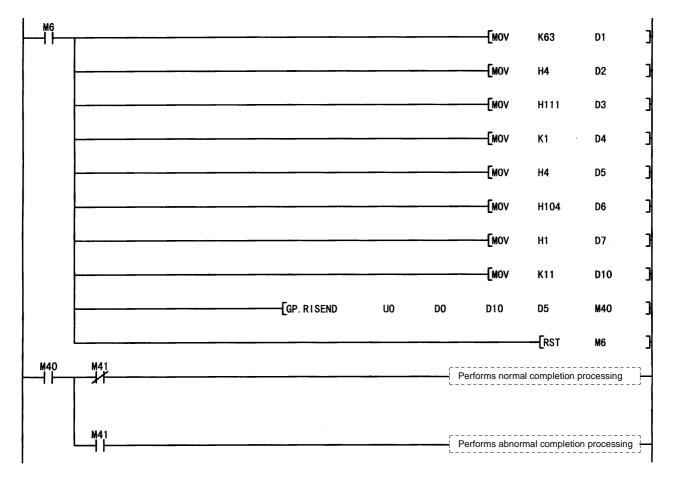
#### (2) Operation error

In the following cases, operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

Error code	Description of operation error
0110	When the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.
2112	When the module specified by Un is not a special function module.
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction.
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.
4100	When the instruction contains the data that cannot be used.
	When the number of data set to be used exceeds the allowable range.
4101	Or, when the storage data or constants of the device specified with the instruction
	exceeds the allowable range.

# (3) Program example

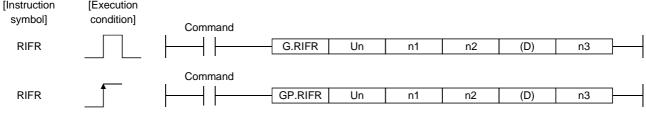
When M6 is turned ON, this program writes one-word data to D10 from buffer memory address  $111_{\text{H}}$  of the intelligent device station number 63, which is connected to the master module installed at I/O numbers from X/Y00 to X/Y1F. The settings of the interlock signal storage device are as follows: request device RY4, completion device RX4, error code storage device RWr1, and completion mode 1.



# Appendix 2.5 RIFR instruction

		Usable devices									
Set data	Internal device (System, user)		File	MELSECNET/H Direct J⊡∖⊡		Special function	Index	Constant			
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word	module U⊡∖G⊡	register Z□	К, Н	S	Other	
n1	0	(	0			_		0	_	_	
n2	0	(	$\mathbf{c}$		-			0	—	_	
(D)	_	(	C		-	_		_	_	_	
n3	0		)	_			0	_	_		
[Instruction	[Exect	ution									

The RIFR instruction reads the data from the automatic update buffer of the specified station.



#### Set data

Device	Description	Setting range	Data type
Un	Start I/O number of the module	0 to FEн	
	Intelligent device station number	1 to 64	
n1	Random access buffer specification	FFH	Dinen (10 hite
n2	The offset value of the automatic update buffer of the intelligent device station specified by the master station or the random access buffer.	Between 0 and parameter setting value * <sup>1</sup>	Binary 16 bits
(D)	Start number of the device to which read data is to be stored.	Within the range of the specified device	Device
n3	Number of points to read	0 to 4096 * <sup>2</sup>	Binary 16 bits

\*1: The value set in the station information settings of the network parameters of the GX Developer.

\*2: No processing will be performed when set to "0".

Master station Specified station PLC CPU Master module Intelligent device station Command Communication commences Buffer memory G.RIFR when conditions 1) are met Automatic update buffer memory Automatic Device memory update buffer 2)

## (1) Functions

(a) Operation chart for the RIFR instruction

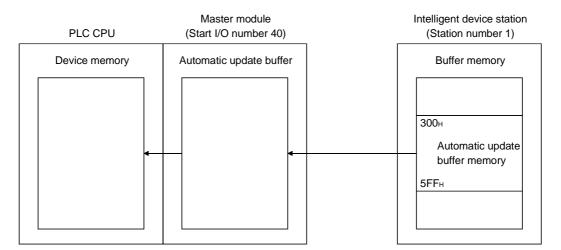
- Accesses the automatic update buffer specified by n1 and n2 of the master module specified by Un.
- 2) Stores the data read after the device specified by (D).
- (b) The RIFR instruction reads data when it is executed. However, this instruction cannot be executed simultaneously at more than one location for the same intelligent device station.
- (c) The maximum points that can be read by the RIFR instruction are 4096.
- (d) The basic number of steps of the RIFR instruction is 9 steps.
- (e) The automatic update buffer assignment is performed using the "station information settings" of the network parameters of the GX Developer. For more details, see Section 6.2.

## (2) Operation error

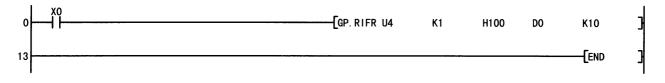
In the following cases, operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

Error code	Description of operation error						
0110	When the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.						
2112	When the module specified by Un is not a special function module.						
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction.						
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.						
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.						
4400	When the setting for number of points to read (n3) is outside of the setting range.						
4100	When the station number specified with n1 does not exist.						

## (3) Program example



When X0 is turned ON, the following example program reads 10-word data to D0 or succeeding addresses from the automatic update buffer offset value of 100 (400 $\mu$  of the intelligent device station) in the master module.



# Appendix 2.6 RITO instruction

	Usable devices									
Set data	Internal device (System, user)		File	MELSECNET/H Direct J⊡∖⊡		Special function	Index	Constant		
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word	module U⊡∖G⊡	register Z□	К, Н	S	Other
n1	0	0			_	_	0	_	_	
n2	0		$\mathbf{D}$		-		0	—	—	
(D)	_	(	0		_			_	—	—
n3	0		)		_		0		_	
	<u>_</u>	1						· · ·	1	1

#### The RITO instruction writes data to the automatic update buffer of the specified station.



#### Set data

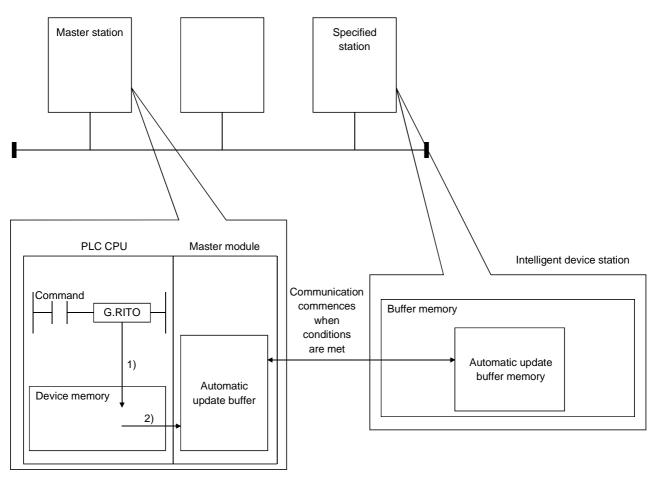
Device	Description	Setting range	Data type	
Un	Start I/O number of the module	0 to FEH		
- 1	Intelligent device station number	1 to 64	Binary 16 bits	
n1	Random access buffer specification	FFн		
n2	The offset value of the automatic update buffer of the intelligent device station specified by the master station or the random access buffer.	Between 0 and parameter setting value * <sup>1</sup>		
(D)	Start number of the device to which write data is to be stored.	Within the range of the specified device	Device	
n3	Number of points to write	0 to 4096 * <sup>2</sup>	Binary 16 bits	

\*1: The value set in the station information settings of the network parameters of the GX Developer.

\*2: No processing will be performed when set to "0".

## (1) Functions

(a) Operation chart for the RITO instruction



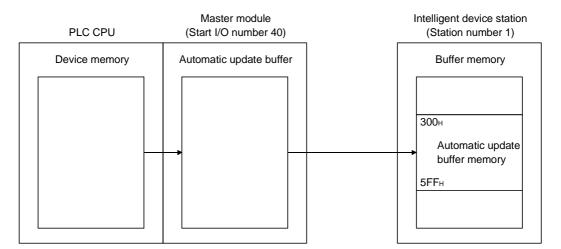
- 1) Accesses the device after the device specified by (D) of the master module specified by Un.
- 2) Writes to the automatic update buffer specified by n1 and n2.
- (b) The RITO instruction writes data when it is executed. However, this instruction cannot be executed simultaneously at more than one location for the same intelligent device station.
- (c) The maximum points that can be read by the RITO instruction are 4096.
- (d) The basic number of steps of the RITO instruction is 9 steps.
- (e) The automatic update buffer assignment is performed using the "station information settings" of the network parameters of the GX Developer. For more details, see Section 6.2.

## (2) Operation error

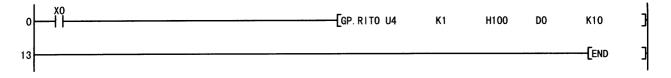
In the following cases, operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

Error code	Description of operation error
0110	When the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.
2112	When the module specified by Un is not a special function module.
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction.
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.
4400	When the setting for number of points to write (n3) is outside of the setting range.
4100	When the station number specified with n1 does not exist.

## (3) Program example



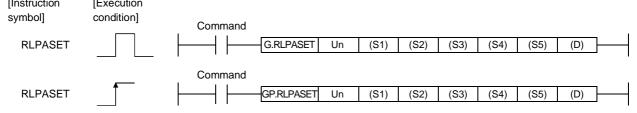
When X0 is turned ON, the following example program writes 10-word data from D0 to the automatic update buffer offset value starting from 100 (400H of the intelligent device station) in the master module.



# Appendix 2.7 RLPASET instruction

					Usable	devices				
Set data	Internal device (System, user)		File	MELSECNET/H Direct J□\□		Special function	Index	Constant		
	Bit	Word	register	Bit	Word	module U⊟∖G⊟	register Z□	К, Н	S	Other
(S1)	_	(	)		-			_	_	
(S2)	_	0			-	_	_	_	—	
(S3)	_	(	2		-	_	_	_	—	
(S4)	_	(	C	_				_	_	—
(S5)	_	(	0		_				_	—
(D)		0			_	_		_	_	
[Instructior	[Instruction [Execution									

Set the network parameter to the master station and start up the data link.



#### Set data

Device	Description	Setting range	Data type	
Un	Start I/O number of the module	0 to FEH	Binary 16 bits	
(S1) *	Start number of the device in which control data is stared.	Within the range of the specified device		
(S2) *	Start number of the device in which slave station setting data is stored.	Within the range of the specified device	Device name	
(S3) *	Start number of the device in which reserved station specification data is stored.	Within the range of the specified device		
(S4) *	Start number of the device in which error invalid station specification data is stored.	Within the range of the specified device		
(S5) *	Start number of the device in which send, receive and automatic refresh buffer assignment data is stored.	Within the range of the specified device		
(D)	Device that is turned ON for one scan upon completion of reading. (D)+1 also turns ON at an abnormal completion.	Within the range of the specified device	Bit	

• The file register of each of the local device and the program cannot be used as a device for setting data.

\* When the setting data for (S2) to (S5) are not to be set, specify a dummy device.

Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
(S1) + 0	Completion status	Stores the status when the instruction is complete. 0 : No error (normal completion) Other than 0: Error code	_	System
(S1) + 1	Setting flag	Specifies whether the individual setting data from (S2) to (S5) is valid or invalid. 0: Invalid * <sup>1</sup> 1: Valid b15 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0 0 to 0 Slave station setting data (S2) Reserved station specification data (S3) Error invalid station specification data (S4) Send, receive and automatic refresh buffer assignment data (S5)	_	
(S1) + 2	Number of connected modules involved in communication	Sets the number of connected slave stations.	1 to 64	
(S1) + 3	Number of retries	Sets the number of retries to a communication faulty station.	1 to 7	User
(S1) + 4	Number of automatic return modules	Sets the number of slave stations that can be returned per one link scan.	1 to 10	
(S1) + 5	Operation specification when CPU is down	Specifies the data link status when a master station PLC CPU error occurs. 0: Stop 1: Continue	0, 1	
(S1) + 6	Scan mode specification	Specifies either the synchronous or asynchronous mode for sequence scan. 0: Asynchronous 1: Synchronous	0, 1	
(S1) + 7	Delay time setting	Sets the link scan interval. (Unit: 50µs)	0 to 100	

# Control data

\*1 For the setting data specified invalid, default parameter will be applied.

Device	Item	Set data	Setting range	Set by
		The type of slave station, number of occupied slave station and station number are set as follows. b15 to b12 b11 to b8 b7 to b0 → Station number → Number of occupied slave station The default parameter settings are "0101 <sub>H</sub> to 0140 <sub>H</sub> " (stati number: 1 to 64, number of occupied slave stations: 1, typ of slave station: remote I/O station).	ins — on	User
(S2) + 0	Setting for 1 to 64 modules * <sup>2</sup>	Setting of the station number 1 to 64 (BIN setting) Setting of the number of occupied slave stations	 1 to 40н	
to (S2) + 63		Number of occupied         Setting           slave stations         Setting		
		Station 1 1H	1 to 4н	
		Station 2 2H		
		Station 3         Зн           Station 4         4н		
		Setting of the type of slave station		
		Type of slave station Setting		
		Remote I/O station         Он           Remote device station         1н	0 to 2н	
		Local station		
		Intelligent device station 2H		

#### Slave station setting data

\*2 Perform the settings for as many connected modules involved in communication as has been specified by the control data.

## Reserved station specification data

Device	Item	Set data									Setting range	Set by	
(S3) + 0 to (S3) + 3	Setting for 1 to 64 modules * <sup>3</sup>	Specify 0: Not 1: Spe (S3)+0 (S3)+1 (S3)+2 (S3)+3 The def	speci cified b15 16 32 48 64	fied b14 15 31 47 63	b13 14 30 46 62 1 to 6	b12 13 29 45 61 4 in the	to to to to to e table				b0 1 17 33 49 mbers.		User
		specifica	ation f	or all	statior	าร."							

\*3 Perform the settings for station numbers up to the largest station number set by the slave station setting data.

\*4 Specify only the head station number of a module in the case of a remote station, local station or intelligent device station that occupies 2 or more stations.

$ (S4) + 0 \\ to \\ Setting for 1 to 64 \\ (S4) + 1 \\ (S4$	Device	Item		Set data						Setting range	Set by			
$(S4) + 3 \qquad (S4) + 2 \qquad (S4) + 3 $	(S4) + 0 to		0: Not 1: Spe (S4)+0 (S4)+1 (S4)+2 (S4)+3 The def	speci cified b15 16 32 48 64 ault p	fied <u>b14</u> 15 31 47 63	b13 14 30 46 62 1 to 6 eter se	b12 13 29 45 61 4 in the	to to to to to to e table	4 20 36 52 indica	3 19 35 51 te stat	2 18 34 50 ion nu	1 17 33 49 mbers.		User

#### Error invalid station specification data

\*5 Perform the settings for station numbers up to the largest station number set by the slave station setting data.

\*6 Specify only the head station number of a module in the case of a remote station, local station or intelligent device station that occupies 2 or more stations.

The reserved station specification is given the higher priority if both error invalid station and reserved station specifications are made for the same station.

#### Send, receive and automatic refresh buffer assignment data

Device	ltem	Set	Setting range	Set by	
(S5) + 0 to (S5) + 77	Setting for 1 to 26 modules * <sup>7</sup>	 to	memory size at transient ind intelligent device stations.	Send/receive buffer $*^{\frac{8}{5}}$ : $0_{H}$ (no setting), $40_{H}$ to $1000_{H}$ 0 (word) (no setting) 64 to $4096(words)Automatic refreshbuffer *^{\frac{9}{5}}:$	User
		Automatic refresh buffer size Ilt parameter settings	Settings for the 26th module are "send buffer size: 40 <sub>H</sub> , natic refresh buffer size: 80 <sub>H</sub> ."	0 <sub>н</sub> (no setting), 80 <sub>н</sub> to 1000 <sub>н</sub> 0 (word) (no setting) 128 to 4096 (words)	

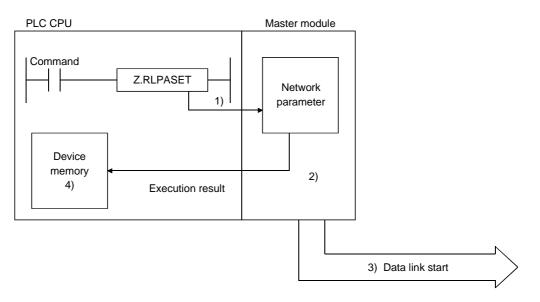
\*7 Perform the settings for stations specified as local stations or intelligent device stations in the slave station setting data, starting from the smallest station number.

\*8 Keep the total size of the send and receive buffer sizes at 1000<sub>H</sub> (4096 (words)) or less. Specify the size of data to be sent and received plus 7 words for the send and receive buffer sizes, respectively.

\*9 Keep the total size of the automatic refresh buffer sizes at 1000<sub>H</sub> (4096 (words)) or less. Specify the necessary automatic refresh buffer size for each intelligent device station.

#### (1) Functions

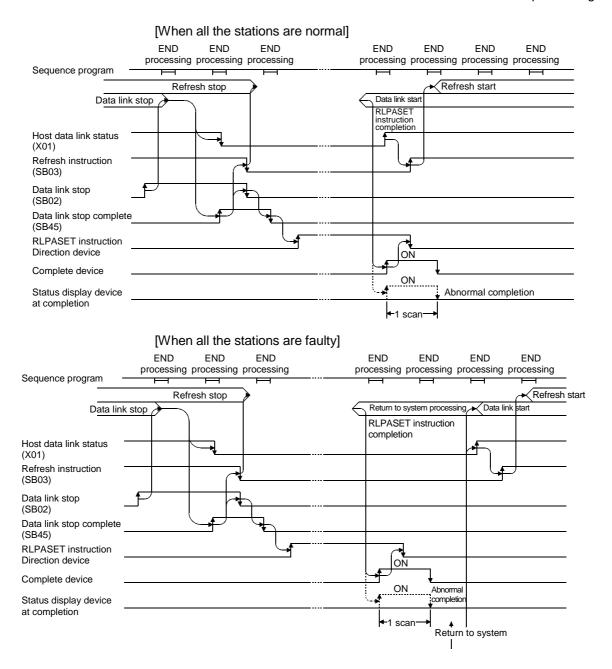
(a) Operation chart for the RLPASET instruction.



- 1) Pass the network parameters set in (S1) to (S5) to the master module specified by Un.
- 2) The master module analyzes the settings of the network parameters.
- 3) If the network parameter settings are correct, the data link is started.
- 4) The device specified by (D) turns on.
- (b) It is only possible to execute one RLPASET instruction at a time.

- (C) There are two types or interlock signals for the RLPASET instruction: the completion device (D) and status display device at completion (D) + 1.
  - Completion device Turns ON in the END Processing of the scan where the RLPASET instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.
  - Status display device at completion Turns On and OFF depending on the completion status of the RLPASET instruction. Normal completion : Stays OFF and does not change.

Abnormal completion : Turns ON in the END processing of the scan where the RLPASET instruction is completed, and turns OFF in the next END processing.



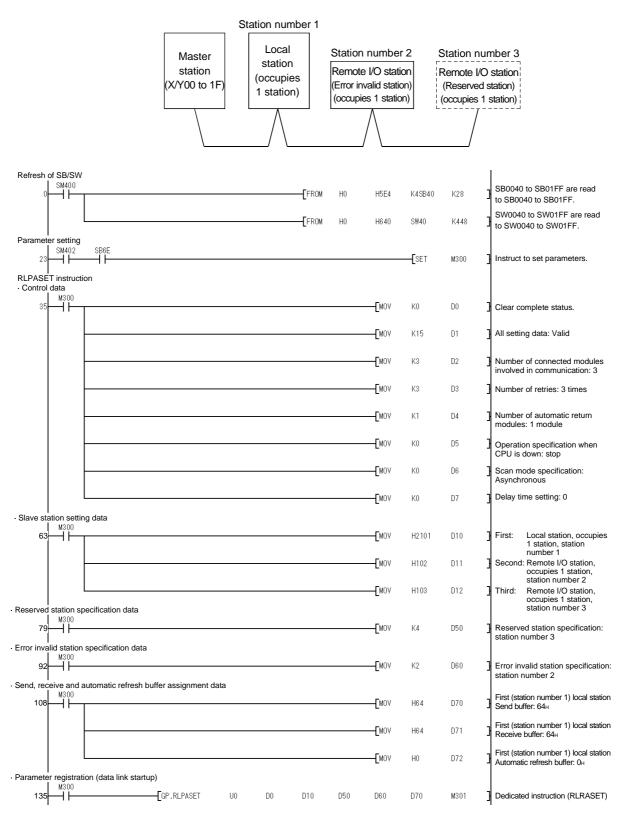
### (4) Operation error

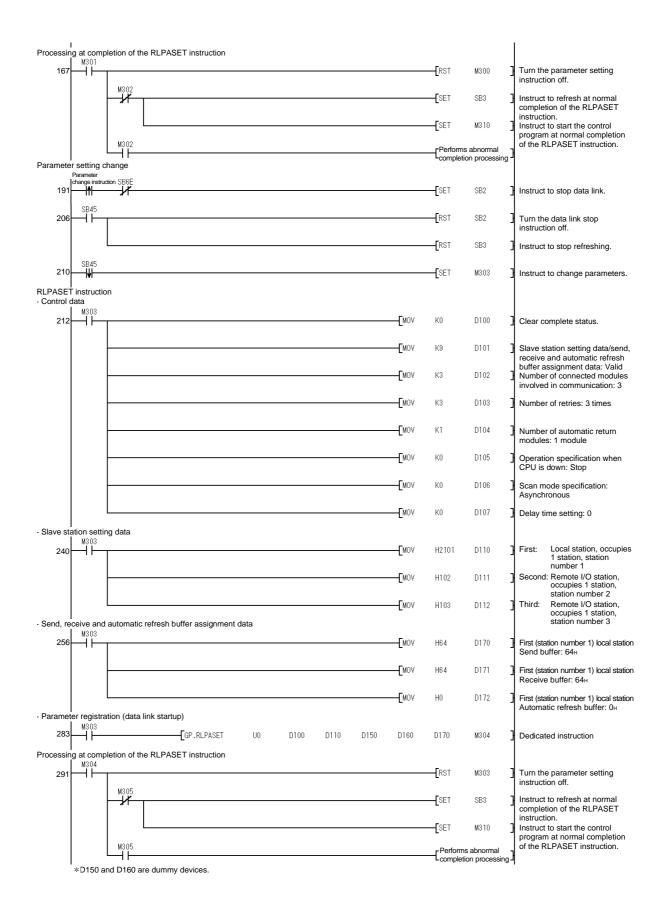
In the following cased, an operation error occurs; the error flag (SM0) turns ON and the error code is stored in SD0.

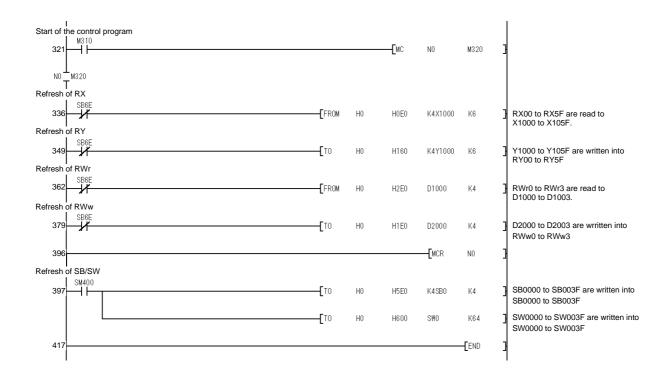
Error code	Description of operation error						
2112	Vhen the module specified by Un is not an intelligent function module.						
4002	When an attempt was made to execute an unsupported instruction	۱.					
4003	When the number of devices in the instruction is incorrect.						
4004	When the instruction specifies a device that cannot be used.						
4100	When the instruction contains the data cannot be used.						
	When the number of points for data used in the instruction exceeds the available						
	range, or storage data and constants of a device specified by the instruction						
	exceeds the available range (including dummy devices).						
	The number of points required for each data is shown below.						
	Control data	: 8 points					
	<ul> <li>Slave station setting data</li> </ul>	: 64 points					
4101	<ul> <li>Reserved station specification data</li> </ul>	: 4 points					
4101	<ul> <li>Error invalid station specification data</li> </ul>	: 4 points					
	<ul> <li>Send, receive and automatic refresh buffer assignment data</li> </ul>	: 78 points					
	Example: Assume that data link registers D0 to D12287 are availa	able for the					
	Q02CPU. If the device head number of the slave station	n setting data is					
	set to D12284 because there are only 4 slave stations, t	the PLC CPU					
	nonetheless checks the range from D12284 to D122347	7 (for 64 stations)					
	and an error indicating that the available range is excee	ded occurs.					

#### (5) Program example

This program sets the network parameters for the master module mounted at the I/O numbers X/Y00 to X/Y1F and starts the data link.







### Appendix 3 Differences Between the New and Previous Models

	QJ61BT11	A (1S) J61BT11	A (1S) J61QBT11
Startup procedure	Startup using the parameters of the master station CPU (Yn6 and Yn8 cannot be used)	Startup using Yn6, Yn8 and dedicated instructions	Startup using Yn6, Yn8, and master station CPU parameters
Remote device station initialization procedure registration function	Yes	No	No
Module reset function using the sequence program	No	Yes	Yes
Access to other stations via the CC-Link	Yes	No	No
Parameter settings using FROM/TO instruction	Not supported	Supported	Supported
Parameter settings using dedicated instruction	Supported	Supported	Not supported
Parameter settings using GX Developer	Supported	Not supported	Supported
Standby master function	The master station that is down can recover	The master station that is down cannot recover	The master station that is down cannot recover
Event issuance for the interrupt program	Supported	Not supported	Not supported
Parameter verification test	No	Yes	Yes
E <sup>2</sup> PROM	No (CPU parameters)	Yes	Yes

The following lists the differences between the QJ61BT11 and older models:

#### Appendix 4 Precautions when Changing from AJ61QBT11 to QJ61BT11

(1) The following dedicated instructions for AJ61QBT11 cannot be used in QJ61BT11.

Instruction	Description
CCL, CCLEND	Performs mail box registration for intelligent device and remote device
	instructions.
SPCCLR	Performs interrupt command to intelligent device instruction.
SPCBUSY	Reads remote station status.
SEND	Sends data (message) to designated transmission destination station
	(QnACPU).
RECV	Reads data (message) that has been sent by SEND instruction.
READ, SREAD	Designated station QnACPU word device data read by local station.
WRITE, SWRITE	Data from local station written to designated station QnACPU word device
	data.
REQ	Sends and executes transient (such as remote RUN/STOP) requests to
	other stations.

(2) The conditions setting switches for AJ61QBT11 shown below cannot be used on QJ61BT11.

Use the GX Developer and set the CC-Link network parameters.

Number	Setting Description
SW1	Station type
SW4	Input status of data link error station
SW5	Occupied stations

# Appendix 5 Precautions when Changing from QJ61BT11 of the Function Version A to QJ61BT11 of the Function Version B

There are no precautions for changing from QJ61BT11 of the function version A to Qj61Bt11 of the function version B.

### Appendix 6 Parameter Setting Checklist

This checklist may be used to set the parameters required to configure a CC-Link system. Please make a copy of this checklist and use it as needed. For setting details, see Section 6.3.

#### Appendix 6.1 Parameter setting checklist

Item	Setting range	Setting value
Start I/O No.	0000 to 0FF0	
Operational settings	Input data hold/clear Default: Clear	Hold/clear
Туре	Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station Default: Master station	Master station Master station (Duplex function) Local station Standby master station
Mode	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline Default: Online (Remote net mode)	Online (Remote net mode) Online (Remote I/O net mode) Offline
All connect count	1 to 64 Default: 64	modules
Remote input (RX)	Device name: Select from X, M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote output (RY)	Device name: Select from Y, M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWr)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R or ZR	
Remote register (RWw)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, T, C, ST, D, W, R or ZR	
Special relay (SB)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SB or ZR	
Special register (SW)	Device name: Select from M, L, B, D, W, R, SW or ZR	
Retry count	1 to 7 Default: 3	times
Automatic reconnection station count	1 to 10 Default: 1	modules
Standby master station No.	Blank, 1 to 64 (Blank: No standby master station specified) Default: Blank	
PLC down select	Stop/continue Default: Stop	Stop/continue
Scan mode setting	Asynchronous/synchronous Default: Asynchronous	Asynchronous/synchronous
Delay information settings	0 to 100 (0: Not specified) Default: 0	

#### Parameter setting checklist

### Appendix 6.2 Station information setting checklist

Station	information	setting	checklist
---------	-------------	---------	-----------

		Exclusive	Reserve/invalid	Intelligent buffer select (Word)			
Station No.	Station type	station count	station select	Send	Receive	Automatic	
1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
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35							
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37							

		Exclusive	Reserve/invalid	Intellig	Intelligent buffer select (Word)			
Station No.	Station type	station count	station select	Send	Receive	Automatic		
38								
39								
40								
41								
42								
43								
44								
45								
46								
47								
48								
49								
50								
51								
52								
53								
54								
55								
56								
57								
58								
59								
60								
61				1				
62				1				
63				1				
64								

#### Appendix 6.3 Device assignment checklist

RX420 to RX43F  $\rightarrow$ 

RX440 to RX45F  $\rightarrow$ 

RX460 to RX47F  $\rightarrow$ 

RX480 to RX49F

RX4A0 to RX4BF

RX4C0 to RX4DF

RX4E0 to RX4FF

RX500 to RX51F  $\rightarrow$ 

RX520 to RX53F  $\rightarrow$ 

RX540 to RX55F  $\rightarrow$ 

RX560 to RX57F  $\rightarrow$ 

34

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42

43

44

#### Device assignment checklist RY Station No RX RWw RWr RX00 to RX1F RY00 to RY1F RWw0 to RWw3 $\rightarrow$ RWr0 to RWr3 $\rightarrow$ 1 2 RX20 to RX3F RY20 to RY3F RWw4 to RWw7 RWr4 to RWr7 3 RX40 to RX5F RY40 to RY5F RWw8 to RWwB RWr8 to RWrB RX60 to RX7F $\rightarrow$ RY60 to RY7F $\rightarrow$ 4 RWwC to RWwF $\rightarrow$ RWrC to RWrF $\rightarrow$ 5 RX80 to RX9F RY80 to RY9F RWr10 to RWr13 $\rightarrow$ RWw10 to RWw13 $\rightarrow$ 6 RXA0 to RXBF RYA0 to RYBF $\rightarrow$ RWw14 to RWw17 RWr14 to RWr17 $\rightarrow$ 7 RXC0 to RXDF $\rightarrow$ RYC0 to RYDF $\rightarrow$ RWw18 to RWw1B $\rightarrow$ RWr18 to RWr1B $\rightarrow$ 8 RXE0 to RXFF $\rightarrow$ RYE0 to RYFF $\rightarrow$ RWw1C to RWw1F $\rightarrow$ RWr1C to RWr1F $\rightarrow$ 9 RX100 to RX11F $\rightarrow$ RY100 to RY11F $\rightarrow$ RWw20 to RWw23 $\rightarrow$ RWr20 to RWr23 $\rightarrow$ RY120 to RY13F $\rightarrow$ 10 RX120 to RX13F $\rightarrow$ RWw24 to RWw27 $\rightarrow$ RWr24 to RWr27 $\rightarrow$ RY140 to RY15F $\rightarrow$ RWr28 to RWr2B $\rightarrow$ RX140 to RX15F $\rightarrow$ RWw28 to RWw2B $\rightarrow$ 11 RX160 to RX17F $\rightarrow$ RY160 to RY17F $\rightarrow$ 12 RWw2C to RWw2F $\rightarrow$ RWr2C to RWr2F $\rightarrow$ 13 RX180 to RX19F RY180 to RY19F -RWw30 to RWw33 $\rightarrow$ RWr30 to RWr33 $\rightarrow$ 14 RX1A0 to RX1BF RY1A0 to RY1BF RWw34 to RWw37 RWr34 to RWr37 15 RX1C0 to RX1DF RY1C0 to RY1DF RWw38 to RWw3B RWr38 to RWr3B RX1E0 to RX1FF $\rightarrow$ RY1E0 to RY1FF $\rightarrow$ RWr3C to RWr3F $\rightarrow$ 16 RWw3C to RWw3F RX200 to RX21F $\rightarrow$ RY200 to RY21F 17 RWw40 to RWw43 RWr40 to RWr43 $\rightarrow$ 18 RX220 to RX23F $\rightarrow$ RY220 to RY23F $\rightarrow$ RWw44 to RWw47 $\rightarrow$ RWr44 to RWr47 $\rightarrow$ 19 RX240 to RX25F $\rightarrow$ RY240 to RY25F $\rightarrow$ RWw48 to RWw4B $\rightarrow$ RWr48 to RWr4B $\rightarrow$ RWw4C to RWw4F $\rightarrow$ 20 RX260 to RX27F $\rightarrow$ RY260 to RY27F $\rightarrow$ RWr4C to RWr4F $\rightarrow$ 21 RX280 to RX29F $\rightarrow$ RY280 to RY29F $\rightarrow$ RWw50 to RWw53 $\rightarrow$ RWr50 to RWr53 $\rightarrow$ 22 RX2A0 to RX2BF $\rightarrow$ RY2A0 to RY2BF $\rightarrow$ RWw54 to RWw57 $\rightarrow$ RWr54 to RWr57 $\rightarrow$ RWw58 to RWw5B $\rightarrow$ 23 RX2C0 to RX2DF $\rightarrow$ RY2C0 to RY2DF $\rightarrow$ RWr58 to RWr5B $\rightarrow$ RX2E0 to RX2FF $\rightarrow$ RY2E0 to RY2FF $\rightarrow$ RWw5C to RWw5F $\rightarrow$ RWr5C to RWr5F $\rightarrow$ 24 25 RX300 to RX31F RY300 to RY31F RWw60 to RWw63 $\rightarrow$ RWr60 to RWr63 $\rightarrow$ 26 RX320 to RX33F RY320 to RY33F RWw64 to RWw67 RWr64 to RWr67 27 RX340 to RX35F RY340 to RY35F RWw68 to RWw6B RWr68 to RWr6B RX360 to RX37F RY360 to RY37F RWr6C to RWr6F 28 RWw6C to RWw6F 29 RX380 to RX39F $\rightarrow$ RY380 to RY39F RWw70 to RWw73 $\rightarrow$ RWr70 to RWr73 $\rightarrow$ 30 RX3A0 to RX3BF $\rightarrow$ RWr74 to RWr77 $\rightarrow$ RY3A0 to RY3BF $\rightarrow$ RWw74 to RWw77 $\rightarrow$ 31 RX3C0 to RX3DF $\rightarrow$ RY3C0 to RY3DF $\rightarrow$ RWw78 to RWw7B $\rightarrow$ RWr78 to RWr7B $\rightarrow$ RY3E0 to RY3FF $\rightarrow$ 32 RX3E0 to RX3FF $\rightarrow$ RWw7C to RWw7F $\rightarrow$ RWr7C to RWr7F $\rightarrow$ 33 RX400 to RX41F $\rightarrow$ RY400 to RY41F $\rightarrow$ RWw80 to RWw83 $\rightarrow$ RWr80 to RWr83 $\rightarrow$

RY420 to RY43F

RY460 to RY47F

RY480 to RY49F

RY4A0 to RY4BF

RY4C0 to RY4DF

RY4E0 to RY4FF

RY500 to RY51F  $\rightarrow$ 

RY520 to RY53F  $\rightarrow$ 

RY540 to RY55F  $\rightarrow$ 

RY560 to RY57F  $\rightarrow$ 

RY440 to RY45F  $\rightarrow$ 

 $\rightarrow$ 

RWw84 to RWw87  $\rightarrow$ 

RWw88 to RWw8B  $\rightarrow$ 

RWw8C to RWw8F

RWw94 to RWw97

RWw98 to RWw9B

RWw9C to RWw9F

RWwA0 to RWwA3  $\rightarrow$ 

RWwA4 to RWwA7  $\rightarrow$ 

RWwA8 to RWwAB  $\rightarrow$ 

RWwAC to RWwAF  $\rightarrow$ 

RWw90 to RWw93  $\rightarrow$ 

RWr84 to RWr87  $\rightarrow$ 

RWr88 to RWr8B  $\rightarrow$ 

RWr8C to RWr8F  $\rightarrow$ 

RWr90 to RWr93 -

RWr94 to RWr97

RWr98 to RWr9B

RWr9C to RWr9F

RWrA0 to RWrA3  $\rightarrow$ 

RWrA4 to RWrA7  $\rightarrow$ 

RWrA8 to RWrAB  $\rightarrow$ 

RWrAC to RWrAF  $\rightarrow$ 

Station No.	RX	RY	RWw	RWr
45	RX580 to RX59F $\rightarrow$	RY580 to RY59F $\rightarrow$	RWwB0 to RWwB3 $\rightarrow$	RWrB0 to RWrB3 $\rightarrow$
46	RX5A0 to RX5BF $\rightarrow$	RY5A0 to RY5BF $\rightarrow$	RWwB4 to RWwB7 $\rightarrow$	RWrB4 to RWrB7 $\rightarrow$
47	RX5C0 to RX5DF $\rightarrow$	RY5C0 to RY5DF $\rightarrow$	RWwB8 to RWwBB $\rightarrow$	RWrB8 to RWrBB $\rightarrow$
48	RX5E0 to RX5FF $\rightarrow$	RY5E0 to RY5FF $\rightarrow$	RWwBC to RWwBF $\rightarrow$	RWrBC to RWrBF $\rightarrow$
49	RX600 to RX61F $\rightarrow$	RY600 to RY61F $\rightarrow$	RWwC0 to RWwC3 $\rightarrow$	RWrC0 to RWrC3 $\rightarrow$
50	RX620 to RX63F $\rightarrow$	RY620 to RY63F $\rightarrow$	RWwC4 to RWwC7 $\rightarrow$	RWrC4 to RWrC7 $\rightarrow$
51	RX640 to RX65F $\rightarrow$	RY640 to RY65F $\rightarrow$	RWwC8 to RWwCB $\rightarrow$	RWrC8 to RWrCB $\rightarrow$
52	RX660 to RX67F $\rightarrow$	RY660 to RY67F $\rightarrow$	RWwCC to RWwCF $\rightarrow$	RWrCC to RWrCF $\rightarrow$
53	RX680 to RX69F $\rightarrow$	RY680 to RY69F $\rightarrow$	RWwD0 to RWwD3 $\rightarrow$	RWrD0 to RWrD3 $\rightarrow$
54	RX6A0 to RX6BF $\rightarrow$	RY6A0 to RY6BF $\rightarrow$	RWwD4 to RWwD7 $\rightarrow$	RWrD4 to RWrD7 $\rightarrow$
55	RX6C0 to RX6DF $\rightarrow$	RY6C0 to RY6DF $\rightarrow$	RWwD8 to RWwDB $\rightarrow$	RWrD8 to RWrDB $\rightarrow$
56	RX6E0 to RX6FF $\rightarrow$	RY6E0 to RY6FF $\rightarrow$	RWwDC to RWwDF $\rightarrow$	RWrDC to RWrDF $\rightarrow$
57	RX700 to RX71F $\rightarrow$	RY700 to RY71F $\rightarrow$	RWwE0 to RWwE3 $\rightarrow$	RWrE0 to RWrE3 $\rightarrow$
58	RX720 to RX73F $\rightarrow$	RY720 to RY73F $\rightarrow$	RWwE4 to RWwE7 $\rightarrow$	RWrE4 to RWrE7 $\rightarrow$
59	RX740 to RX75F $\rightarrow$	RY740 to RY75F $\rightarrow$	RWwE8 to RWwEB $\rightarrow$	RWrE8 to RWrEB $\rightarrow$
60	RX760 to RX77F $\rightarrow$	RY760 to RY77F $\rightarrow$	RWwEC to RWwEF $\rightarrow$	RWrEC to RWrEF $\rightarrow$
61	RX780 to RX79F $\rightarrow$	RY780 to RY79F $\rightarrow$	RWwF0 to RWwF3 $\rightarrow$	RWrF0 to RWrF3 $\rightarrow$
62	RX7A0 to RX7BF $\rightarrow$	RY7A0 to RY7BF $\rightarrow$	RWwF4 to RWwF7 $\rightarrow$	RWrF4 to RWrF7 $\rightarrow$
63	RX7C0 to RX7DF $\rightarrow$	RY7C0 to RY7DF $\rightarrow$	RWwF8 to RWwFB $\rightarrow$	RWrF8 to RWrFB $\rightarrow$
64	RX7E0 to RX7FF $\rightarrow$	RY7E0 to RY7FF $\rightarrow$	RWwFC to RWwFF $\rightarrow$	RWrFC to RWrFF $\rightarrow$

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### WARRANTY

Please confirm the following product warranty details before starting use.

#### 1. Gratis Warranty Term and Gratis Warranty Range

If any faults or defects (hereinafter "Failure") found to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi occurs during use of the product within the gratis warranty term, the product shall be repaired at no cost via the dealer or Mitsubishi Service Company. Note that if repairs are required at a site overseas, on a detached island or remote place, expenses to dispatch an engineer shall be charged for.

#### [Gratis Warranty Term]

The gratis warranty term of the product shall be for one year after the date of purchase or delivery to a designated place.

Note that after manufacture and shipment from Mitsubishi, the maximum distribution period shall be six (6) months, and the longest gratis warranty term after manufacturing shall be eighteen (18) months. The gratis warranty term of repair parts shall not exceed the gratis warranty term before repairs.

#### [Gratis Warranty Range]

- (1) The range shall be limited to normal use within the usage state, usage methods and usage environment, etc., which follow the conditions and precautions, etc., given in the instruction manual, user's manual and caution labels on the product.
- (2) Even within the gratis warranty term, repairs shall be charged for in the following cases.
  - 1. Failure occurring from inappropriate storage or handling, carelessness or negligence by the user. Failure caused by the user's hardware or software design.
  - 2. Failure caused by unapproved modifications, etc., to the product by the user.
  - 3. When the Mitsubishi product is assembled into a user's device, Failure that could have been avoided if functions or structures, judged as necessary in the legal safety measures the user's device is subject to or as necessary by industry standards, had been provided.
  - 4. Failure that could have been avoided if consumable parts (battery, backlight, fuse, etc.) designated in the instruction manual had been correctly serviced or replaced.
  - 5. Failure caused by external irresistible forces such as fires or abnormal voltages, and Failure caused by force majeure such as earthquakes, lightning, wind and water damage.
  - 6. Failure caused by reasons unpredictable by scientific technology standards at time of shipment from Mitsubishi.
  - 7. Any other failure found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi or the user.

#### 2. Onerous repair term after discontinuation of production

- (1) Mitsubishi shall accept onerous product repairs for seven (7) years after production of the product is discontinued. Discontinuation of production shall be notified with Mitsubishi Technical Bulletins, etc.
- (2) Product supply (including repair parts) is not possible after production is discontinued.

#### 3. Overseas service

Overseas, repairs shall be accepted by Mitsubishi's local overseas FA Center. Note that the repair conditions at each FA Center may differ.

#### 4. Exclusion of chance loss and secondary loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi, chance losses, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products, damages and secondary damages caused from special reasons regardless of Mitsubishi's expectations, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products and other duties.

#### 5. Changes in product specifications

The specifications given in the catalogs, manuals or technical documents are subject to change without prior notice.

#### 6. Product application

- (1) In using the Mitsubishi MELSEC programmable logic controller, the usage conditions shall be that the application will not lead to a major accident even if any problem or fault should occur in the programmable logic controller device, and that backup and fail-safe functions are systematically provided outside of the device for any problem or fault.
- (2) The Mitsubishi general-purpose programmable logic controller has been designed and manufactured for applications in general industries, etc. Thus, applications in which the public could be affected such as in nuclear power plants and other power plants operated by respective power companies, and applications in which a special quality assurance system is required, such as for Railway companies or National Defense purposes shall be excluded from the programmable logic controller applications.

Note that even with these applications, if the user approves that the application is to be limited and a special quality is not required, application shall be possible.

When considering use in aircraft, medical applications, railways, incineration and fuel devices, manned transport devices, equipment for recreation and amusement, and safety devices, in which human life or assets could be greatly affected and for which a particularly high reliability is required in terms of safety and control system, please consult with Mitsubishi and discuss the required specifications.



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